| Tab 4 | SB 1 | 634 by S | targel; (I | dentical to H 01059) Parental F | Rights | |
|-------------------|-------|------------------------|------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------|
| 155924 | А | S | RS | ED, Stargel | Delete L.275: | 02/17 04:03 PM |
| 825222 | SA | S | RCS | ED, Stargel | Delete L.275: | 02/17 04:03 PM |
| Tab 3 | SB 14 | 498 by B | axley; (C | ompare to CS/H 07079) School | Turnaround | |
| 929338 | D | S | RCS | ED, Baxley | Delete everything after | 02/17 04:03 PM |
| 817710 | -AA | S | WD | ED, Baxley | btw L.23 - 24: | 02/17 04:03 PM |
| 438446 | AA | S | RCS | ED, Baxley | btw L.23 - 24: | 02/17 04:03 PM |
| 449518 | AA | S | RCS | ED, Baxley | Delete L.115 - 117: | 02/17 04:03 PM |
| 696274 | AA | S | RCS | ED, Baxley | Delete L.334: | 02/17 04:03 PM |
| 937382 | AA | S | RCS | ED, Baxley | Delete L.405 - 413: | 02/17 04:03 PM |
| 696648 | AA | S | RCS | ED, Berman | btw L.983 - 984: | 02/17 04:03 PM |
| Tab 2 | SB 14 | 412 by P | owell; (Ic | lentical to H 01101) Internship | Tax Credit Program | |
| | | | - | | | |
| Tab 5 | SB 1 | • | immons; | (Compare to CS/H 00081) Med | dicaid Provider Agreements for Charte | r and Private |

Tab 1SB 1322 by **Wright**; (Identical to H 06035) Postsecondary Fee Exemptions

The Florida Senate

COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA

EDUCATION Senator Diaz, Chair Senator Montford, Vice Chair

| | MEETING DATE: TIME: PLACE: | Monday, Fe 1:30—3:30 Pat Thomas | p.m. | 7, 2020 <i>ttee Room,</i> 412 Knott Building | |
|-----|--|---------------------------------------|---|---|-------------------------------|
| | MEMBERS: | Senator Dia and Stargel | z, Chair; | Senator Montford, Vice Chair; Senators Baxley, | Berman, Cruz, Perry, Simmons, |
| TAB | BILL NO. and INTR | ODUCER | | BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS | COMMITTEE ACTION |
| 1 | SB 1322 Wright (Identical H 6035) | | exemp enrolle | condary Fee Exemptions; Deleting an tion from specified tuition and fees for students d in approved apprenticeship programs at ed institutions, etc. | Temporarily Postponed |
| | | | ED AED AP | 02/17/2020 Temporarily Postponed | |
| 2 | SB 1412 Powell (Identical H 1101, Com 357, H 439, S 642) | npare H | Interns agains employ criteria | hip Tax Credit Program; Creating the "Florida hip Tax Credit Program"; providing a credit t the corporate income tax to a taxpayer ring a degree-seeking student intern if certain are met; specifying the amount of the credit; ring a limit on the credit claimed per taxable tc. | Favorable Yeas 5 Nays 0 |
| | | | ED FT AP | 02/17/2020 Favorable | |
| 3 | SB 1498 Baxley (Compare CS/H 7079) | | that are suppor to char implem schools plan ar of Educ school the req | Turnaround; Revising the criteria for schools e deemed to be in need of intervention and t; providing that a school district may request nee a turnaround option after the first year of nentation; providing new requirements for s that complete a district-managed turnaround nd do not improve; authorizing the State Board cation to revoke a turnaround plan when the district has failed to follow the terms or meet uirements of its approved plan, etc. | Fav/CS Yeas 5 Nays 0 |
| | | | ED AED AP | 02/17/2020 Fav/CS | |

COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA

Education

Monday, February 17, 2020, 1:30-3:30 p.m.

| ТАВ | BILL NO. and INTRODUCER | BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS | COMMITTEE ACTION |
|-----|--|--|----------------------------|
| 4 | SB 1634 Stargel (Identical H 1059) | Parental Rights; Designating the "Parents' Bill of Rights"; providing that the state, its political subdivisions, other governmental entities, or other institutions may not infringe on parental rights without demonstrating specified information; providing that a parent of a minor child has specified rights relating to his or her minor child; requiring each district school board in consultation with parents, teachers, and administrators, to develop and adopt a policy to promote parental involvement in the public school system; prohibiting certain health care practitioners from taking specified actions without a parent's written permission, etc. JU 02/04/2020 Favorable ED 02/17/2020 Fav/CS RC | Fav/CS Yeas 3 Nays 2 |
| 5 | SB 1650 Simmons (Compare CS/H 81, CS/S 190) | Medicaid Provider Agreements for Charter and Private Schools; Revising qualification requirements for health care practitioners engaged by charter and private schools to provide Medicaid school-based services, etc. HP 02/04/2020 Favorable ED 02/17/2020 Favorable AP | Favorable Yeas 5 Nays 0 |

Other Related Meeting Documents

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

| Prep | pared By: T | he Professional | Staff of the Commi | ttee on Judiciary | |
|-------------|--|---|---|--|---|
| SB 1634 | | | | | |
| Senator Sta | rgel | | | | |
| Parental Ri | ghts | | | | |
| February 18 | 8, 2020 | REVISED: | | | |
| YST | STAFF | DIRECTOR | REFERENCE | | ACTION |
| | Cibula | | JU | Favorable | |
| | Sikes | | ED | Fav/CS | |
| | | | RC | | |
| | SB 1634 Senator Sta Parental Ri February 18 | SB 1634 Senator Stargel Parental Rights February 18, 2020 YST STAFF Cibula | SB 1634 Senator Stargel Parental Rights February 18, 2020 REVISED: YST STAFF DIRECTOR Cibula | SB 1634 Senator Stargel Parental Rights February 18, 2020 REVISED: YST STAFF DIRECTOR REFERENCE Cibula JU Sikes ED | Senator Stargel Parental Rights February 18, 2020 REVISED: YST STAFF DIRECTOR REFERENCE Cibula JU Favorable Sikes ED Fav/CS |

I. Summary:

SB 1634 establishes the "Parents' Bill of Rights." The bill provides that the state, its political subdivisions, any other governmental entity, or other institution may not infringe upon the fundamental rights of a parent to direct the upbringing, education, health care, and mental health of a minor child. If those entities infringe upon a parent's fundamental right, they must demonstrate that the action is reasonable and necessary to achieve a compelling state interest, and the action must be narrowly tailored and not otherwise served by less restrictive means.

The bill enumerates a list of rights that a parent possesses in order to direct the education of his or her child and be informed about the child's educational programs. The bill also requires the school district to promote parental involvement in the public school system by providing access to the child's studies and instructional materials while also recognizing a parent's right to withdraw the child from objectionable portions of the school's curriculum.

The bill also requires a parent's permission before a health care practitioner may provide services, prescribe medicine to the child, or perform a medical procedure, unless otherwise provided by law. The bill provides a misdemeanor penalty for a health care practitioner or similar person who violates the health care provisions and subjects these persons to disciplinary actions.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2020.

II. Present Situation:

Constitutional Rights of Parents

Parental Guarantees in the United States Constitution

The Fourteenth Amendment to the U.S. Constitution provides that no State

[S]hall deprive any person of life, *liberty*, or property, without due process of law.

The U.S. Supreme Court has recognized that the Due Process clause includes an additional component that provides a heightened level of protection against any governmental interference where certain fundamental rights and liberty interests are involved. In *Troxel v. Granville*,¹ a case to terminate parental rights, the Court noted that the Fourteenth Amendment "liberty interest" at issue – the interest that parents had in the care, custody, and control over their children – was perhaps the oldest of any fundamental liberty interest that the Court had recognized.

The Court reflected that, in a 1923 decision,² it determined that the "liberty" interest protected by the Due Process Clause included the right of parents to "establish a home and bring up children" and "to control the education of their own."

The Court also noted as early as 1925^3 that a child was not simply the creature of the State and that the people who nurture the child and direct the child's destiny have the right, and the high duty, to recognize and prepare the child for additional obligations. In 1944, the Court confirmed the right of parents to direct the upbringing of their children when it stated:

It is cardinal with us that the custody, care and nurture of the child reside first in the parents, whose primary function and freedom include preparation for obligations the state can neither supply nor hinder.⁴

Finally, in recounting the history of parental authority in 1979, the Court stated, "We have recognized on numerous occasions that the relationship between parent and child is constitutionally protected."⁵

Parental Guarantees in the State Constitution

Similarly, the Florida Supreme Court has determined that the fundamental liberty interest in parenting one's child "is protected by the Florida and federal constitutions. In Florida, it is specifically protected by our privacy provision."⁶ The Court also stated that the state constitutional privacy provision contained in Article I, section 23 affords greater protection than that of the federal constitution.

The court wrote in *Winfield v. Division of Pari-Mutuel Wagering*⁷ that the standard of review that must be used to evaluate whether a state has intruded into a citizen's private life is the compelling state interest standard. Under that test, the burden of proof is on the state to justify its intrusion on privacy. The burden can be met by the state if it demonstrates that the regulation

¹ Troxel v. Granville, 530 U.S. 57 (2000).

² *Troxel* quoting *Meyer v. Nebraska*, 262 U.S. 390, 399, 401 (1923).

³ Troxel quoting Pierce v. Society of Sisters, 268 U.S. 510, 534-535 (1925).

⁴ Troxel quoting Prince v. Massachusetts, 321 U.S. 158 (1944).

⁵ Troxel quoting Parham v. J.R. 442 U.S. 584, 602 (1979).

⁶ Beagle v. Beagle, 678 So. 2d 1271, 1275 (Fla. 1996).

⁷ Winfield v. Division of Pari-Mutual Wagering, 477 So. 2d 544, 548 (Fla. 1985).

being challenged serves a compelling state interest and the regulation accomplishes its goal by using the least intrusive means.⁸

Statutory Rights of Parents of Students

Mandatory Attendance

All children who turn 6 years by February 1 of any school year and have not attained the age of 16 years are required to attend school regularly during the entire school term.⁹ Parents have the option to comply with school attendance laws by enrolling the student in a public school; a parochial, religious, or denominational school; a private school; a home education program; or a private tutoring program.¹⁰ The district school superintendent may authorize certificates of exemptions from school attendance requirements in certain situations.¹¹ A student who holds a valid certificate of exemption is exempt from attending school. A certificate of exemption expires at the end of the school year.¹²

A parent of a K-12 student is afforded numerous statutory rights.¹³ Each school district is required to:

- Provide a parent with specific information about his or her child's educational progress, comprehensive information about opportunities for involvement in the child's education, and a framework for building and strengthening partnerships among parents and school district personnel.¹⁴
- Afford a parent the opportunity to enroll his or her child in instruction for exceptional students or challenge a district school board's determination of the child's eligibility for a gifted or special education program.¹⁵
- Establish a policy enabling a parent to object to and contest specific instructional materials.¹⁶
- Notify a parent and obtain his or her consent before a public school student may be transported in a privately owned motor vehicle to a school function or referred to contraceptive services at school facilities.¹⁷

No educational agency or institution may collect, obtain, or retain information on the political affiliation, voting history, religious affiliation, or biometric information of a student or a parent or sibling of the student.¹⁸ In addition, a parent may exempt his or her child from:¹⁹

- A health examination on religious grounds.
- School immunization requirements on religious or certain health grounds.²⁰

¹¹ Section 1003.21, F.S.

¹⁷ Sections 1002.20(3)(e) and (22)(c), F.S.

¹⁹ Section 1002.20, F.S.

⁸ Id.

⁹ Section 1003.21, F.S.

¹⁰ Section 1002.20(2)(b), F.S.

 $^{^{12}}$ *Id*.

¹³ Section 1002.20, F.S.

¹⁴ Section 1002.23, F.S.

¹⁵ Section 1003.57, F.S.

¹⁶ Section 1006.28(1)(a)2.-3., F.S.

¹⁸ Section 1002.222(1)(a), F.S.

²⁰ Section 1002.20(3)(b), F.S.

- Performing surgery or dissection in a biological science class.
- Receiving instruction on reproductive health or any disease, including HIV/AIDS.²¹
- Reciting the pledge of allegiance.
- Reciting the Declaration of Independence.²²

Access to Records and Information

The rights of students and their parents with respect to education records created, maintained, or used by public educational institutions and agencies are protected.²³ Specifically, a parent of a K-12 student has the right to:²⁴

- Receive accurate and timely information regarding the student's academic progress and must be informed of ways a parent can help a student succeed in school.
- Access the student's education records, including the right to inspect and review those records.
- Challenge the content of education records in order to ensure that the records are not inaccurate, misleading, or otherwise a violation of privacy or other rights.
- Privacy with respect to the student's records and reports.
- Receive annual notice of the parent's rights with respect to education records.
- Receive report cards on a regular basis that clearly depict and grade the student's academic performance in each class or course, the student's conduct, and the student's attendance.²⁵
- Receive reports at regular intervals of the academic progress and other needed information regarding the student.
- Receive timely notification of any verified report of a substance abuse violation by the student.
- Access information relating to the school district's policies for promotion or retention, including high school graduation requirements.²⁶
- Access information relating to student eligibility to participate in extra-curricular activities.²⁷
- Access information relating to the state public education system, standards, and requirements.²⁸
- Access, review, object to, and challenge instructional and supplemental education materials.²⁹

Parental Consent for Health Care

Any medical decision made to address a student's needs is a matter between the student, the student's parent, and a competent health care professional chosen by the parent.³⁰ The right to consent to medical treatment for a child resides with a parent.³¹ District school boards may adopt

²⁸ Section 1002.23, F.S.

³⁰ Section 1006.0625, F.S.

²¹ Section 1002.20(3)(d), F.S.

²² Section 1003.421(4), F.S.

²³ Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), 20 U.S.C. s. 1232g; and s. 1002.22, F.S.

²⁴ Sections 1002.20, 1002.22(2), and 1006.28, F.S.

²⁵ Section 1002.20(14), F.S.

²⁶ Section 1008.25, F.S.

²⁷ Section 1006.195, F.S.

²⁹ Sections 1002.20(19) and 1006.28, F.S.

³¹ O'Keefe v. Orea, 731 So. 2d 680, 686 (Fla. 1st DCA 1998).

policies to ensure an appropriate response in emergency situations and the provision of first aid and emergency medical care.³² A parent has the right to be notified and give consent for proposed medical procedures on his or her child, unless, within a reasonable degree of medical certainty, delay in the provision of emergency medical care would endanger the health or physical well-being of the child, and the emergency medical care or treatment is administered in a licensed hospital or college health service.³³

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Sections 1 and 2 – The Parents' Bill of Rights

The bill creates a new chapter in the Florida Statutes, chapter 1014, which is entitled "Parents' Bill of Rights" and contains sections 1014.01 - 1014.06, F.S.

Section 3 – Legislative Findings and Definition

Section 3 contains the legislative findings and a definition. In these provisions, the Legislature finds that:

- It is a fundamental right of parents to direct the upbringing, education, and care of their minor children;
- Important information relating to a minor child should not be withheld, either inadvertently or purposefully, from a parent, including information regarding the minor child's health, well-being, and education, while the child is in the custody of the school district; and
- It is necessary to establish a consistent mechanism for parents to be notified of information relating to the health and well-being of their minor children.

A parent is defined to be a person who has legal custody of a minor child as a natural or adoptive parent or a legal guardian.

Section 4 – The Infringement of Parental Rights

The bill provides that the following entities may not infringe on the fundamental rights of a parent to direct the upbringing, education, health care, and mental health of a parent's minor child:

- The state;
- State political subdivisions;
- Any other governmental entity; or
- Any other institution.

If any of these entities infringes on a parent's fundamental right, it must demonstrate that the action is reasonable and necessary to achieve a compelling state interest and the action is narrowly tailored and is not otherwise served by a less restrictive means. This "compelling interest" standard is discussed above in the Present Situation.

³² Section 1001.43, F.S.

³³ Section 743.0645, F.S.

Section 5 – Parental Rights

Rights Reserved to the Parent of a Minor Child

This section establishes that all parental rights are reserved to the parent of a minor child "without obstruction or interference" by any of the above-referenced governmental entities. Those rights include, but are not limited to the right to:

- Direct the education and care of the minor child.
- Direct the upbringing and the moral or religious training of the minor child.
- Enroll the minor child in a public school or, as an alternative to public education, a private school, religious school, a home education program, or other available option.
- Access and review all school records relating to the minor child.
- Make health care decisions for the minor child, unless otherwise prohibited by law.
- Access and review all medical records of the minor child, unless prohibited by law or if the parent is the subject of an investigation of a crime committed against the minor child and a law enforcement agency or official requests that the information not be released.
- Consent in writing before a biometric scan of the minor child is made, shared, or stored.
- Consent in writing before any record of the minor child's blood or deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) is created, stored, or shared, except as required by general law or authorized pursuant to a court order.
- Consent in writing before the state or any of its political subdivisions makes a video or voice recording of the minor child unless the recording is made during or as part of a court proceeding, or is made as part of a forensic interview in a criminal or Department of Children and Families investigation, or is to be used solely for the following purposes:
 - A safety demonstration, including the maintenance of order and discipline in the common areas of a school or on student transportation vehicles;
 - A purpose related to a legitimate academic or extracurricular activity;
 - A purpose related to regular classroom instructions;
 - o Security or surveillance of buildings or grounds; or
 - A photo identification card.
- Be notified promptly if an employee of the state, any of its political subdivisions, any other governmental entity, or any other institution suspects that a criminal offense has been committed against his or her minor child, unless the incident has first been reported to a law enforcement agency or the Department of Children and Families and notifying the parent would impede the investigation.

The bill clarifies that the rights expressed in this section do not:

- Authorize a parent of a minor child to engage in conduct that is unlawful or to abuse or neglect his or her minor child in violation of general law;
- Condone, authorize, approve, or apply to a parental action or decision that would end life;
- Prohibit a court of competent jurisdiction, law enforcement officer, or employee of a government agency that is responsible for child welfare from acting in his or her official capacity within the reasonable and prudent scope of his or her authority; or
- Prohibit a court of competent jurisdiction from issuing an order that is otherwise permitted by law.

Discipline

Any employee of any of the above-referenced entities who encourages or coerces, or attempts to encourage or coerce a minor child to withhold information from his or her parent may be subject to disciplinary action.

Inalienable Rights

The final subsection states that a parent of a minor child has inalienable rights that are more comprehensive than those enumerated in this section, unless those rights have been legally waived or terminated. The bill also provides that the chapter does not prescribe all of a parent's rights and unless required by law, a parent's rights may not be limited or denied. Additionally, the chapter may not be construed to apply to a parental action or decision that would end life.

Section 6 – School District Notifications on Parental Rights

The bill requires each school board, in consultation with parents, teachers, and administrators, to develop and then adopt a policy that promotes parental involvement in the public school system. The policy must include:

- A plan, pursuant to s. 1002.23, F.S., for parental participation to improve parent and teach cooperation in areas such as homework, school attendance, and discipline.
- A procedure, pursuant to s. 1002.20(19)(b), F.S., for a parent to learn about the minor child's course of study, including the source of any supplemental education materials.
- Procedures for a parent to object to instructional material, which includes all classroom materials and school activities, pursuant to s 1006.28(2)(a)2., F.S. and a process for withdrawing the child from the activity, class, or program. The objections may be based on beliefs regarding morality, sex, and religion or the belief that the materials or activities are harmful. Instructional materials are defined to include, but are not limited to, textbooks, workbooks and worksheets, handouts, software, applications, Internet courses, and any and all digital media available to students pursuant to their role as a student in public school.
- Procedures, pursuant to s. 1002.20(3)(d), F.S. for a parent to withdraw the minor child from any portion of the school district's plan as required under s. 1003.42(2)(n), F.S., which relates to sex education or instruction in acquired immune deficiency syndrome education or any instruction regarding sexuality if the parent provides a written objection to the child's participation. The procedures must provide for a parent to be notified in advance of the course content so that he or she may withdraw the child from those portions of the course.
- Procedures, pursuant to s. 1006.195(1)(a), F.S., for a parent to learn about the nature and purpose of clubs and activities at the child's school, including those that are extracurricular or part of the school curriculum.
- Procedures for a parent to learn about parental rights and responsibilities under general law, including all of the following:
 - The right to opt the minor child out of any portion of the school district's comprehensive health education required by statute that relates to sex education instruction in acquired immune deficiency syndrome education or any instruction regarding sexuality.
 - A plan to disseminate information about school choice options, including open enrollment.
 - The right of a parent to exempt the minor child from immunizations.
 - The right of a parent to review statewide, standardized assessment results.

- The right to enroll the minor child in gifted or special education programs.
- The right of a parent to inspect school district instructional materials.
- The right to of a parent to access information relating to the school district's policies for promotion or retention, including high school graduation requirements.
- The right of a parent to receive a school report card and be informed of the child's attendance requirements.
- The right of a parent to access information relating to the state public education system, state standards, report card requirements, attendance requirements, and instructional materials requirements.
- The right of a parent to participate in parent-teacher association and organizations sanctioned by a district school board or the Department of Education.
- The right of a parent to opt out of any district-level data collection relating to the minor child that is not required by law.

The information required in this section may be provided by the district school board electronically or posted on its website.

A parent may request, in writing, from the district school superintendent, the information required under this section. The superintendent must provide the information to the parent within 10 days. If the superintendent denies a parent's request for information or does not respond to the parent's request within 10 days, the parent may appeal the denial to the district school board. The parent's appeal must be placed on the agenda for the board's next public meeting. If it is too late for a parent's appeal to be placed on the agenda at the next meeting, it must be included on the agenda for the following meeting.

Section 7 – Parental Consent for Health Care Services

Unless the law provides otherwise,

- A health care practitioner, as defined in s. 456.001, F.S., may not provide, solicit, or arrange to provide health care services or prescribe medicine to the minor child without first obtaining written consent from the parent.
- A person, as defined by statute to include individuals, children, firms, associations, joint adventures, partnership, estates, trusts, business trusts, syndicates, fiduciaries, corporations, and all other groups or combinations, or individual employed by the person, may not provide or solicit or arrange to provide health care services or prescribe medicine to a minor child without first obtaining written parental consent.

Unless otherwise provided by law or a court order, a provider,³⁴ as defined in s. 408.803, F.S., may not allow a medical procedure to be performed on a minor child in its facility without first obtaining written consent from the parent.

Exception

The provisions of this section which addresses parental consent for health care services do not apply to abortion, which is governed by chapter 390.

³⁴ Section 408.803(11), F.S., defines a provider to mean any activity, service, agency, or facility regulated by the agency and listed in s. 408.802, F.S.

Penalties

A health care practitioner or other person who violates this section is subject to disciplinary action pursuant to s. 408.813 or s. 456.072, F.S., sections 8 and 9 of the bill, and commits a first degree misdemeanor which is punishable by up to one year imprisonment and a fine not to exceed \$1,000.³⁵

Section 8 – Administrative Fines and Violations

The Agency for Health Care Administration may impose an administrative fine for a violation of the provisions regarding the parental consent for health care services. The violation is an unclassified violation and the fine may not exceed \$500 for each violation.

Section 9 – Grounds for Discipline

The Department of Health may take disciplinary action against someone who fails to comply with the parental consent requirements for health care services. The disciplinary actions range from refusing to certify a license or certify the license with restrictions, suspending or permanently revoking a license, restricting a license, imposing an administrative fine not to exceed \$10,000 for each offense, issuing a reprimand or letter of concern, placing the licensee on probation, taking corrective action, imposing an administrative fine for violations of patient rights, requiring the refund of fees billed and collected, and requiring that the practitioner undergo remedial education.³⁶

Section 10 – Effective Date

The bill takes effect July 1, 2020.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

³⁵ Sections 775.082(4)(a) and 775.083(1)(d), F.S.

³⁶ Section 456.072(1), F.S.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None identified.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

None.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 408.813 and 456.072.

This bill creates the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 1014.01, 1014.02, 1014.03, 1014.04, 1014.05, and 1014.06.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

House



LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate Comm: RS 02/17/2020

The Committee on Education (Stargel) recommended the following: Senate Amendment Delete line 275 and insert: (4) This section does not apply to clinical laboratory services, unless the services are delivered through a direct encounter with the minor at the clinical laboratory facility. For purposes of this subsection, the terms "clinical laboratory" and "clinical laboratory services" have the same meanings as provided in s. 483.803.

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(5) A health care practitioner or other person who violates

Florida Senate - 2020 Bill No. SB 1634

| | | 825222 | |
|----|--------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|
| | | LEGISLATIVE ACTION | |
| | Senate | • | House |
| | Comm: RCS | | |
| | 02/17/2020 | | |
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| | The Committee on Educat | tion (Stargel) recomme | ended the following: |
| 1 | Sonato Substituto | for Amendment (155924 | |
| 2 | | TOT AMERICANETIC (155924 | • / |
| 3 | Delete line 275 | | |
| 4 | and insert: | | |
| 5 | | does not apply to serv | vices provided by a |
| 6 | clinical laboratory, ur | | |
| 7 | direct encounter with t | | |
| 8 | facility. For purposes | | |
| 9 | laboratory" has the same | | |
| 10 | | practitioner or other | |

581-03678A-20

20201634

SB 1634

By Senator Stargel

22-01618A-20

1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to parental rights; creating chapter 3 1014, F.S.; creating s. 1014.01, F.S.; providing a short title; creating s. 1014.02, F.S.; providing legislative findings; defining the term "parent"; creating s. 1014.03, F.S.; providing that the state, its political subdivisions, other governmental 8 entities, or other institutions may not infringe on 9 parental rights without demonstrating specified 10 information; creating s. 1014.04, F.S.; providing that 11 a parent of a minor child has specified rights

12 relating to his or her minor child; prohibiting the 13 state from infringing upon specified parental rights; 14 prohibiting specified parental rights from being 15 limited or denied; providing that certain actions by 16 specified individuals are grounds for disciplinary 17 actions against those individuals; providing 18 construction; creating s. 1014.05, F.S.; requiring 19 each district school board in consultation with 20 parents, teachers, and administrators, to develop and 21 adopt a policy to promote parental involvement in the 22 public school system; providing requirements for such

- 23 policy; defining the term "instructional materials"; 24 authorizing a district school board to provide such 25 policy electronically or on its website; authorizing a 26 parent to request certain information in writing;
- 27 providing a procedure for appealing the denial of such
- information requests; creating s. 1014.06, F.S.;
- 29 prohibiting certain health care practitioners from

Page 1 of 11

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

| | 22-01618A-20 20201634 |
|----|---|
| 30 | taking specified actions without a parent's written |
| 31 | permission; prohibiting certain entities from taking |
| | |
| 32 | specified actions relating to a minor's health care |
| 33 | without a parent's written permission; prohibiting a |
| 34 | health care facility from allowing certain actions |
| 35 | without a parent's written permission; providing |
| 36 | exceptions; providing for disciplinary actions and |
| 37 | criminal penalties; amending s. 408.813, F.S.; |
| 38 | providing that certain violations relating to parental |
| 39 | consent are grounds for administrative fines for |
| 40 | health care facilities; amending s. 456.072, F.S.; |
| 41 | providing that failure to comply with certain parental |
| 42 | consent requirements is grounds for disciplinary |
| 43 | action for health care practitioners; providing an |
| 44 | effective date. |
| 45 | |
| 46 | Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: |
| 47 | |
| 48 | Section 1. Chapter 1014, Florida Statutes, consisting of |
| 49 | ss. 1014.01-1014.06, is created and shall be entitled "Parents' |
| 50 | Bill of Rights." |
| 51 | Section 2. Section 1014.01, Florida Statutes, is created to |
| 52 | read: |
| 53 | 1014.01 Short titleThis section and ss. 1014.02-1014.06 |
| 54 | may be cited as the "Parents' Bill of Rights." |
| 55 | Section 3. Section 1014.02, Florida Statutes, is created to |
| 56 | read: |
| 57 | 1014.02 Legislative findings and definition |
| 58 | (1) The Legislature finds that it is a fundamental right of |
| | <u> </u> |
| | Page 2 of 11 |

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| i | 22-01618A-20 20201634 |
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| 59 | parents to direct the upbringing, education, and care of their |
| 60 | minor children. The Legislature further finds that important |
| 61 | information relating to a minor child should not be withheld, |
| 62 | either inadvertently or purposefully, from his or her parent, |
| 63 | including information relating to the minor child's health, |
| 64 | well-being, and education, while the minor child is in the |
| 65 | custody of the school district. The Legislature further finds it |
| 66 | is necessary to establish a consistent mechanism for parents to |
| 67 | be notified of information relating to the health and well-being |
| 68 | of their minor children. |
| 69 | (2) For purposes of this chapter, the term "parent" means a |
| 70 | person who has legal custody of a minor child as a natural or |
| 71 | adoptive parent or a legal guardian. |
| 72 | Section 4. Section 1014.03, Florida Statutes, is created to |
| 73 | read: |
| 74 | 1014.03 Infringement of parental rightsThe state, any of |
| 75 | its political subdivisions, any other governmental entity, or |
| 76 | any other institution may not infringe on the fundamental rights |
| 77 | of a parent to direct the upbringing, education, health care, |
| 78 | and mental health of his or her minor child without |
| 79 | demonstrating that such action is reasonable and necessary to |
| 80 | achieve a compelling state interest and that such action is |
| 81 | narrowly tailored and is not otherwise served by a less |
| 82 | restrictive means. |
| 83 | Section 5. Section 1014.04, Florida Statutes, is created to |
| 84 | read: |
| 85 | 1014.04 Parental rights |
| 86 | (1) All parental rights are reserved to the parent of a |
| 87 | minor child in this state without obstruction or interference |
| 1 | |

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| 88 | from the state, any of its political subdivisions, any other |
| 89 | governmental entity, or any other institution, including, but |
| 90 | not limited to, all of the following rights of a parent of a |
| 91 | minor child in this state: |
| 92 | (a) The right to direct the education and care of his or |
| 93 | her minor child. |
| 94 | (b) The right to direct the upbringing and the moral or |
| 95 | religious training of his or her minor child. |
| 96 | (c) The right, pursuant to s. 1002.20(2)(b) and (6), to |
| 97 | enroll his or her minor child in a public school or, as an |
| 98 | alternative to public education, a private school, religious |
| 99 | school, a home education program, or other available options. |
| 100 | (d) The right, pursuant to s. 1002.20(13), to access and |
| 101 | review all school records relating to his or her minor child. |
| 102 | (e) The right to make health care decisions for his or her |
| 103 | minor child, unless otherwise prohibited by law. |
| 104 | (f) The right to access and review all medical records of |
| 105 | his or her minor child, unless prohibited by law or if the |
| 106 | parent is the subject of an investigation of a crime committed |
| 107 | against the minor child and a law enforcement agency or official |
| 108 | requests that the information not be released. |
| 109 | (g) The right to consent in writing before a biometric scan |
| 110 | of his or her minor child is made, shared, or stored. |
| 111 | (h) The right to consent in writing before any record of |
| 112 | his or her minor child's blood or deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) is |
| 113 | created, stored, or shared, except as required by general law or |
| 114 | authorized pursuant to a court order. |
| 115 | (i) The right to consent in writing before the state or any |
| 116 | of its political subdivisions makes a video or voice recording |
| | Page 4 of 11 |
| C | CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions. |

| | 22-01618A-20 20201634 |
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| 1 | of his or her minor child unless such recording is made during |
| | or as part of a court proceeding or is made as part of a |
| - | forensic interview in a criminal or Department of Children and |
| | Families investigation or is to be used solely for the following |
| | purposes: |
| | 1. A safety demonstration, including the maintenance of |
| | order and discipline in the common areas of a school or on |
| | student transportation vehicles; |
| | 2. A purpose related to a legitimate academic or |
| | extracurricular activity; |
| | 3. A purpose related to regular classroom instructions; |
| | 4. Security or surveillance of buildings or grounds; or |
| | 5. A photo identification card. |
| | (j) The right to be notified promptly if an employee of the |
| | state, any of its political subdivisions, any other governmenta |
| | entity, or any other institution suspects that a criminal |
| | offense has been committed against his or her minor child, |
| | unless the incident has first been reported to law enforcement |
| | or the Department of Children and Families and notifying the |
| | parent would impede the investigation. |
| | (2) This section does not: |
| | (a) Authorize a parent of a minor child in this state to |
| | engage in conduct that is unlawful or to abuse or neglect his o |
| | her minor child in violation of general law; |
| | (b) Condone, authorize, approve, or apply to a parental |
| | action or decision that would end life; |
| | (c) Prohibit a court of competent jurisdiction, law |
| | enforcement officer, or employee of a government agency that is |
| | responsible for child welfare from acting in his or her officia |

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| 146 | capacity within the reasonable and prudent scope of his or her |
| 147 | authority; or |
| 148 | (d) Prohibit a court of competent jurisdiction from issuing |
| 149 | an order that is otherwise permitted by law. |
| 150 | (3) An employee of the state, any of its political |
| 151 | subdivisions, or any other governmental entity who encourages or |
| 152 | coerces, or attempts to encourage or coerce, a minor child to |
| 153 | withhold information from his or her parent may be subject to |
| 154 | disciplinary action. |
| 155 | (4) A parent of a minor child in this state has inalienable |
| 156 | rights that are more comprehensive than those listed in this |
| 157 | section, unless such rights have been legally waived or |
| 158 | terminated. This chapter does not prescribe all rights to a |
| 159 | parent of a minor child in this state. Unless required by law, |
| 160 | the rights of a parent of a minor child in this state may not be |
| 161 | limited or denied. This chapter may not be construed to apply to |
| 162 | a parental action or decision that would end life. |
| 163 | Section 6. Section 1014.05, Florida Statutes, is created to |
| 164 | read: |
| 165 | 1014.05 School district notifications on parental rights |
| 166 | (1) Each district school board shall, in consultation with |
| 167 | parents, teachers, and administrators, develop and adopt a |
| 168 | policy to promote parental involvement in the public school |
| 169 | system. Such policy must include: |
| 170 | (a) A plan, pursuant to s. 1002.23, for parental |
| 171 | participation in schools to improve parent and teacher |
| 172 | cooperation in such areas as homework, school attendance, and |
| 173 | discipline. |
| 174 | (b) A procedure, pursuant to s. 1002.20(19)(b), for a |
| | Page 6 of 11 |

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| 175 | parent to learn about his or her minor child's course of study, |
| 176 | including the source of any supplemental education materials. |
| 177 | (c) Procedures for a parent to object to instructional |
| 178 | materials, including all classroom materials and school |
| 179 | activities, pursuant to s. 1006.28(2)(a)2., and a process for |
| 180 | withdrawing his or her minor child from the activity, class, or |
| 181 | program in which such materials or activities are used. Such |
| 182 | objections may be based on beliefs regarding morality, sex, and |
| 183 | religion or the belief that such materials or activities are |
| 184 | harmful. The term "instructional materials" includes, but is not |
| 185 | limited to, textbooks, workbooks and worksheets, handouts, |
| 186 | software, applications, Internet courses, and any and all |
| 187 | digital media available to students pursuant to their role as a |
| 188 | student in public school. |
| 189 | (d) Procedures, pursuant to s. 1002.20(3)(d), for a parent |
| 190 | to withdraw his or her minor child from any portion of the |
| 191 | school district's comprehensive health education required under |
| 192 | s. 1003.42(2)(n) that relates to sex education or instruction in |
| 193 | acquired immune deficiency syndrome education or any instruction |
| 194 | regarding sexuality if the parent provides a written objection |
| 195 | to his or her minor child's participation. Such procedures must |
| 196 | provide for a parent to be notified in advance of such course |
| 197 | content so that he or she may withdraw his or her minor child |
| 198 | from those portions of the course. |
| 199 | (e) Procedures, pursuant to s. 1006.195(1)(a), for a parent |
| 200 | to learn about the nature and purpose of clubs and activities |
| 201 | offered at his or her minor child's school, including those that |
| 202 | are extracurricular or part of the school curriculum. |
| 203 | (f) Procedures for a parent to learn about parental rights |
| | <u> </u> |
| | Page 7 of 11 |
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|----------------|---|
| 204 <u>and</u> | responsibilities under general law, including all of the |
| 205 <u>fol</u> | lowing: |
| 206 | 1. Pursuant to s. 1002.20(3)(d), the right to opt his or |
| 207 <u>her</u> | minor child out of any portion of the school district's |
| 208 <u>com</u> | prehensive health education required under s. 1003.42(2)(n) |
| 209 <u>tha</u> | t relates to sex education instruction in acquired immune |
| 210 <u>def</u> | iciency syndrome education or any instruction regarding |
| 211 <u>sex</u> | uality. |
| 212 | 2. A plan to disseminate information, pursuant to s. |
| 213 <u>100</u> | 2.20(6), about school choice options, including open |
| 214 <u>enr</u> | collment. |
| 215 | 3. In accordance with s. $1002.20(3)(b)$, the right of a |
| 216 <u>par</u> | ent to exempt his or her minor child from immunizations. |
| 217 | 4. In accordance with s. 1008.22, the right of a parent to |
| 218 <u>rev</u> | iew statewide, standardized assessment results. |
| 219 | 5. In accordance with s. 1003.57, the right of a parent to |
| 220 <u>enr</u> | coll his or her minor child in gifted or special education |
| 221 <u>pro</u> | ograms. |
| 222 | 6. In accordance with s. 1006.28(2)(a)1., the right of a |
| 223 <u>par</u> | ent to inspect school district instructional materials. |
| 224 | 7. In accordance with s. 1008.25, the right of a parent to |
| 225 <u>acc</u> | ess information relating to the school district's policies |
| 226 <u>for</u> | promotion or retention, including high school graduation |
| 227 <u>req</u> | quirements. |
| 228 | 8. In accordance with s. 1002.20(14), the right of a parent |
| 229 <u>to</u> | receive a school report card and be informed of his or her |
| 230 <u>min</u> | or child's attendance requirements. |
| 231 | 9. In accordance with s. 1002.23, the right of a parent to |
| 232 <u>acc</u> | ess information relating to the state public education |
| | Page 8 of 11 |

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| | 22-01618A-20 20201634_ |
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| 233 | system, state standards, report card requirements, attendance |
| 234 | requirements, and instructional materials requirements. |
| 235 | 10. In accordance with s. 1002.23(4), the right of a parent |
| 236 | to participate in parent-teacher associations and organizations |
| 237 | that are sanctioned by a district school board or the Department |
| 238 | of Education. |
| 239 | 11. In accordance with s. 1002.222(1)(a), the right of a |
| 240 | parent to opt out of any district-level data collection relating |
| 241 | to his or her minor child not required by law. |
| 242 | (2) A district school board may provide the information |
| 243 | required in this section electronically or post such information |
| 244 | on its website. |
| 245 | (3) A parent may request, in writing, from the district |
| 246 | school superintendent the information required under this |
| 247 | section. Within 10 days, the district school superintendent must |
| 248 | provide such information to the parent. If the district school |
| 249 | superintendent denies a parent's request for information or does |
| 250 | not respond to the parent's request within 10 days, the parent |
| 251 | may appeal the denial to the district school board. The district |
| 52 | school board must place a parent's appeal on the agenda for its |
| 253 | next public meeting. If it is too late for a parent's appeal to |
| 254 | appear on the next agenda, the appeal must be included on the |
| 255 | agenda for the subsequent meeting. |
| 256 | Section 7. Section 1014.06, Florida Statutes, is created to |
| 257 | read: |
| 258 | 1014.06 Parental consent for health care services |
| 259 | (1) (a) Except as otherwise provided by law, a health care |
| 260 | practitioner, as defined in s. 456.001, may not provide or |
| 261 | solicit or arrange to provide health care services or prescribe |

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| 262 | medicinal drugs to a minor child without first obtaining writter |
| 263 | parental consent. |
| 264 | (b) Except as otherwise provided by law, a person, as |
| 265 | defined in s. 1.01, or an individual employed by such person may |
| 266 | not provide or solicit or arrange to provide health care |
| 267 | services or prescribe medicinal drugs to a minor child without |
| 268 | first obtaining written parental consent. |
| 269 | (2) Except as otherwise provided by law or a court order, a |
| 270 | provider, as defined in s. 408.803, may not allow a medical |
| 271 | procedure to be performed on a minor child in its facility |
| 272 | without first obtaining written parental consent. |
| 273 | (3) This section does not apply to an abortion, which is |
| 274 | governed by chapter 390. |
| 275 | (4) A health care practitioner or other person who violates |
| 276 | this section is subject to disciplinary action pursuant to s. |
| 277 | $\underline{408.813} \text{ or s. } 456.072, \text{ as applicable, and commits a misdemeanor}$ |
| 278 | of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. |
| 279 | 775.083. |
| 280 | Section 8. Paragraph (f) is added to subsection (3) of |
| 281 | section 408.813, Florida Statutes, to read: |
| 282 | 408.813 Administrative fines; violationsAs a penalty for |
| 283 | any violation of this part, authorizing statutes, or applicable |
| 284 | rules, the agency may impose an administrative fine. |
| 285 | (3) The agency may impose an administrative fine for a |
| 286 | violation that is not designated as a class I, class II, class |
| 287 | III, or class IV violation. Unless otherwise specified by law, |
| 288 | the amount of the fine may not exceed \$500 for each violation. |
| 289 | Unclassified violations include: |
| 290 | (f) Violating the parental consent requirements of s. |

| | 22-01618A-20 20201634 |
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| 291 | 1014.06. |
| 292 | Section 9. Paragraph (pp) is added to subsection (1) of |
| 293 | section 456.072, Florida Statutes, to read: |
| 294 | 456.072 Grounds for discipline; penalties; enforcement |
| 295 | (1) The following acts shall constitute grounds for which |
| 296 | the disciplinary actions specified in subsection (2) may be |
| 297 | taken: |
| 298 | (pp) Failure to comply with the parental consent |
| 299 | requirements of s. 1014.06. |
| 300 | Section 10. This act shall take effect July 1, 2020. |
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THE FLORIDA SENATE APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

Bill Number (if ap Meeting Date Topic Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Name Job Title Phone Address Email State Zip In Support Information Waive Speaking: aainst Speaking: For Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.) ational ewish ohnen Representing Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Appearing at request of Chair: Yes Yes No INO

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

| THE FLOI | RIDA SENATE |
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| APPEARAN | ICE RECORD |
| $\frac{17 F_{eb} 2020}{Meeting Date}$ (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator | or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) <u> <u> </u> </u> |
| Topic Parental Rights | Amendment Barcode (if applicable) |
| Name Jon Harris Maurer | |
| Job Title Public Policy Dir. | |
| Address 201 E. Park Ave., Ste. 200 Street | Phone 850 - 681 - 0980 |
| Tallahassee FL City State | <u>3230 </u> Email |
| Speaking: For X Against Information | Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.) |
| Representing Equality Florida | |
| Appearing at request of Chair: Yes 🕺 No | Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Ves ANo |

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| THE FLORIDA SENATE | |
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| APPEARANCE REC | ORD |
| 2 - 17 - 20 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional | I Staff conducting the meeting) 1034 |
| Meeting Date | Bill Number (if applicable) |
| Topic Parental Rights | Amendment Barcode (if applicable) |
| Name Barbura Dellare | / |
| Job Title <u>MS</u> | |
| Address 425 E. Drevnuk H | _ Phone <u>251-4780</u> |
| Street allahussee fl 32308 | _ Email barburadevane 16 |
| City City Zip | Jahor. com |
| | Speaking: In Support Against hair will read this information into the record.) |
| Representing <u>FLAW</u> | |
| Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist regi | stered with Legislature: 🗹 Yes 🦳 No |

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

| | RIDA SENATE |
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| APPEARAN | NCE RECORD |
| 17 Feb 2020 Meeting Date | r or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) $\frac{SB 16 34}{Bill Number (if applicable)}$ |
| Topic Parenta Rights | Amendment Barcode (if applicable) |
| Name Melina Rayna Svanhild F | Farley Barratt |
| Job Title Legislative Director | , |
| Address <u>Bigg SE69 Ter</u> | Phone <u>352.226.7477</u> |
| Trentan FL City State | <u>32693</u> Email |
| Speaking: For X Against Information | Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.) |
| Representing FL NOW | |
| Appearing at request of Chair: 🗌 Yes 📈 No | Lobbyist registered with Legislature: 🗌 Yes 📐 No |
| | |

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| THE FLORIDA SEN | IATE |
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| | RECORD |
| $\frac{2(772020)}{Meeting Date}$ (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate F | Professional Staff conducting the meeting) 1634 Bill Number (if applicable) |
| Topic Parental Rights | Amendment Barcode (if applicable) |
| Name Trish Neely | |
| Job Title COMPOFFant | |
| Address 2024 Shangri Ca Lan | es Phone 850 322 3317 |
| Tally FL 323 | ip Email |
| | Waive Speaking: In Support Against (<i>The Chair will read this information into the record.</i>) |
| Representing League Women | loters |
| Appearing at request of Chair: Yes X No Lobby | ist registered with Legislature: 🗌 Yes 🕅 No |

| This form is part of the public record for this meeting. | S-001 (10/14/14) |
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THE FLORIDA SENATE

APPEARANCE RECORD

| 02/17/2020 | (Deliver BOTH copies | s of this form to the Senator | or Senate Professional S | Staff conducting the meetir | ^{g)} SB 1634 |
|---|----------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|---|
| Meeting Date | - | | | | Bill Number (if applicable) |
| Topic Parental Right | S | | | Ame | endment Barcode (if applicable) |
| Name <u>James Sullivar</u> | า | | | - 1 | |
| Job Title <u>Owner</u> , Terr | a Optima LLC | | | - | |
| Address 187 Mabry S | St. | | | _ Phone <u>772-41</u> | 0-6171 |
| Street | | | 22059 | | |
| Sebastian | | FL | 32958 | _ Email | |
| <i>City</i> Speaking: ✓ For | Against | State | | | Support Against |
| Representing Par | rentalRights.or | rg Florida | | | |
| Appearing at request | of Chair: | Yes 🖌 No | • | tered with Legisl | |
| While it is a Senate traditi meeting. Those who do s | on to encourage | public testimony, time | e may not permit a ks so that as many | ll persons wishing to / persons as possib | speak to be heard at this le can be heard. |
| This form is part of the p | public record fo | r this meeting. | | | S-001 (10/14/14) |



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The Florida Senate

APPEARANCE RECORD

| 01-17-20202 | (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) | | ting the meeting) SB 1634 |
|--------------------------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| Meeting Date | | | Bill Number (if applicable) |
| Topic Parental Rights | | | Amendment Barcode (if applicable) |
| Name Patti Sullivan | | | |
| Job Title | | | |
| Address 187 Mabry St | treet | Phon | e <u>772-913-2375</u> |
| Street | | | |
| Sebastian | FL | 32958 Emai | pattisullivan77@gmail.com |
| City | State | Zip | |
| Speaking: 🖌 For | Against Information | | : In Support Against ad this information into the record.) |
| Representing Pare | entalRights.org | | |
| Appearing at request o | of Chair: 🗌 Yes 🗹 No | Lobbyist registered w | ith Legislature: Yes 🗹 No |
| While it is a Senate traditior | | | wishing to speak to be heard at this as possible can be heard. |

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| The Florida Senate | |
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| APPEARANCE RECO | DRD |
| 2-17-20 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional | Staff conducting the meeting) 1634 |
| Meeting Date | Bill Number (if applicable) |
| Topic <u>Parental Rights</u> | Amendment Barcode (if applicable) |
| Name Greg Pound | _ |
| Job Title | <i>.</i> |
| Address <u>Gleb Schrise DR</u> | Phone |
| Laro 12. 33773 | 2 Email |
| | Speaking: In Support Against air will read this information into the record.) |
| Representing <u>Saving families</u> | |
| Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist regis | stered with Legislature: Yes 📐 No |

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| THE FLOR | RIDA SENATE | |
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| APPEARAN | ICE RECORD | |
| (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator Meeting Date | or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) $\frac{93/634}{Bill Number (if Applicable)}$ | |
| Topic Parenta/Rights | Amendment Barcode (if applicable) | |
| Name LAKEY LOUE | | |
| Job Title | | |
| Address 1571 Melvin Street | Phone 850 - 345-0018 | |
| Tallahassee FL City State | 32301 Email lalay @ love just works.com | |
| Speaking: For Against Information | Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.) | |
| Representing Florida Coalitia | For Trans Liberation | |
| Appearing at request of Chair: Yes 🗡 No | Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes 🔀 No | |

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

| THE FLORIDA SENATE | | | | |
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| APPEARANCE RECORD | | | | |
| 1 Feb 2020 | r or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) $\frac{5B1634}{}$ | | | |
| Meeting Date | Bill Number (if applicable) | | | |
| Topic Parental Rights | Amendment Barcode (if applicable) | | | |
| Name Chloe Bressach | | | | |
| Job Title | | | | |
| Address 2711 Allen Rd | Phone (850) 736-0417 | | | |
| Tallahassee Fl City State | 32312 Email Ceb 13K @gmail-Com | | | |
| Speaking: For Against Information | Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.) | | | |
| Representing Florida Coalition | for Trans Liberation | | | |
| Appearing at request of Chair: 🗌 Yes 💢 No | Lobbyist registered with Legislature: 🗌 Yes 📈 No | | | |

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

| | RIDA SENATE |
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| APPEARAN | NCE RECORD |
| 1/ Feb 2020 | r or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) $\frac{58/634}{}$ |
| Meeting Date | Bill Number (if åpplicable) |
| Topic Parenta/ Rights Bill | Amendment Barcode (if applicable) |
| Name Kathryn bane | |
| Job Title | |
| Address 2001 Old St. Augustine R | d Phone |
| Street Tallahassee FL | <u>3230</u> Email |
| City State | Zip |
| Speaking: For Against Information | Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.) |
| Representing Florida Coalition for | Traps Liberation + Florida NOW |
| Appearing at request of Chair: 🗌 Yes 💢 No | Lobbyist registered with Legislature: 🗌 Yes 🗡 No |

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| Topic Parental Rights | Amendment Barcode (if applicable) |
| Name Isabel Rucenso | |
| Job Title | |
| Address 2631 Vacmouth Lane | Phone |
| Street City State Zip | 507 Email |
| Speaking: For Against Information V | Vaive Speaking: In Support Against |
| Representing | |
| Appearing at request of Chair: 🗌 Yes 💢 No 🛛 Lobbyis | t registered with Legislature: 🗌 Yes 🔀 No |

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| Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional S Meeting Date | |
| Topic <u>Parental Rights</u> Name Trish Biawa | Amendment Barcode (if applicable) |
| Job Title Address Street The Auto Street The Mac | Phone Email |
| | peaking: In Support Against ir will read this information into the record.) |
| Representing | ered with Legislature: Yes 🗶 No |

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| 2122 Meeting Date (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator | ICE RECORD or Senate Professional Staff condu | icting the meeting) <u>1634</u> Bill Number (if applicable) |
| Topic PARENTAL RIGHTS Name ISA ESKAMANI | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | Amendment Barcode (if applicable) |
| Name BA ESKAMANI | | |
| Job Title | | |
| Address | Phor | ne |
| City State | Ema _{Zip} | il |
| Speaking: For Against Information | | g: In Support X Against ad this information into the record.) |
| Representing ORGANIZE FL | | |
| Appearing at request of Chair: 🗌 Yes 💢 No | Lobbyist registered w | vith Legislature: Yes 🗌 No |

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| 2/7 20 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional S | Staff conducting the meeting) |
| Meeting Date | Bill Number (if applicable) |
| Topic Parental Rights | Amendment Barcode (if applicable) |
| Name Ron Watson | |
| Job Title Lobby ist | |
| Address 3738 Mindon Way | Phone 850 567 - 1202 |
| Street Tallahaster FL 32309 | Email Watton strategies concest |
| City State Zip | net |
| Speaking: For Against Information Waive Speaking: The Cha | peaking: In Support Against ir will read this information into the record.) |
| Representing Florida Freedom Allainar I | -nc. |
| Appearing at request of Chair: 🗌 Yes 📈 No 🛛 Lobbyist regist | ered with Legislature: Yes 🗌 No |

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| 17 Feb 2.020 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional S Meeting Date | Staff conducting the meeting) <u>Staff C34</u> Bill Number (if applicable) |
| Topic Parental Rights | Amendment Barcode (if applicable) |
| Name Kim Porteous | |
| Job Title President | . v |
| Address 6616 Crenshaw Dr | Phone 706-069-8192 |
| Street Orlando FL 32693 City State Zip | Email |
| Speaking: For Against Information Waive Speaking: | peaking: In Support Against |
| Representing $FL NOW$ | |
| Appearing at request of Chair: Yes X No Lobbyist regist | tered with Legislature: 🗌 Yes 🔀 No |

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THE FLORIDA SENATE

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| Meeting Date | | | | Bill Number (if applicable) |
| Topic Parental Rights - 2020 | | | | Amendment Barcode (if applicable) |
| Name David Poole | | | _ | |
| Job Title Director Legislative Affai | rs | | _ | |
| Address 1825 Country Club Dr | | | _ Phone <u>850</u> | -766-3323 |
| Tallahassee | FL | 32301 | _ Email_david | .poole@aidshealth.org |
| <i>City</i> Speaking: For Against | State | | · • — | In Support Against |
| Representing AIDS Healthca | re Foundation | | | |
| Appearing at request of Chair: | Yes 🖌 No | Lobbyist regis | tered with Leo | jislature: 🖌 Yes 🗌 No |
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| Meeting Date | | | | Bill Number (if applicable |
| Topic Senate Bill 1 | 634 | | | Amendment Barcode (if applicable |
| Name <u>David Barke</u> | У | | | |
| Job Title <u>Sr. & South</u> | eastern Counsel, ADL (Anti | -Defamation League) | | |
| | n Center Road, Ste. 30 | 00 | Phone <u>56</u> | 1-988-2912 |
| Street Boca Rato | n l | FL 33486 | Email dbai | rkey@adl.org |
| <i>City</i> Speaking: For | r1 [1 | | | In Support Against s information into the record.) |
| Representing | DL (Anti-Defamation L | eague) | | |
| Appearing at reque | st of Chair: Yes | No Lobbyist reg | gistered with Le | egislature: 🖌 Yes 🗌 No |
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| 2/2/20 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Sta | |
| Meeting Date | Bill Number (if applicable) |
| Topic Pavents Bill of Reghts | Amendment Barcode (if applicable) |
| Name Ken Kniepmann (keh-neep- | man) |
| Job Title ABSSC | |
| Address 201 W Park | Phone |
| Street | |
| | Email |
| City State Zip | |
| | eaking:In Support Against Against |
| Representing Morida Conference Catholic | Bishops |
| Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registe | red with Legislature: Yes No |

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| Topic Parental Rights | | | Amendmen | t Barcode (if applicable) |
| Name Oscar Salazar | | | _ | |
| Job Title Teacher | | | _ | |
| Address 4413 Rockled | ge. Rd | | Phone <u>321-704-2</u> | 123 |
| Orlando City | F L State | 32-817 Zip | Email <u>oscarsalaz</u> | armar@gnail.con |
| Speaking: For Agains | st Information | | Speaking: In Suppor air will read this information | |
| Representing <u>Self</u> | | | | |
| Appearing at request of Chair | : Yes 🗹 No | Lobbyist regis | tered with Legislature: | Yes No |

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| Meeting Date | Bill Number (if applicable) |
| Topic <u>tarental Night</u> | Amendment Barcode (if applicable) |
| Name Pamela Durch Fort | |
| Job Title | |
| Address 104 S. Monroe Street | Phone 850-425-1344 |
| Tallahassee FL 323 | o/ Email TcgLobby@adl.Com |
| Speaking: For Against Information | Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.) |
| Representing ACLU of Florida | |
| Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobb | yist registered with Legislature: Ves 🗌 No |
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| Topic Jarental Rights | _ | Amendment Barcode (if applicable) |
| Name Karen Woodell | | |
| Job Title Exec. Divector | - | |
| Address 579 K. Call St. | Phone | 850-321-9386 |
| Street Tallahester, PT 32301 | Email | fcfep)yahoo.com |
| City State Zip | | |
| | peaking: | In Support Against s information into the record.) |
| Representing FI Center for Fiscal + Econe | Spurc P | olicy |
| Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist regist | tered with L | egislature: 🗹 Yes 🗌 No |

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| Topic Parental Rights | Amendment Barcode (if applicable |
| Name Devon Grakam | |
| Job Title Assistant State Director | (American Ancess) |
| Address 2624 Malin Dr. | _ Phone |
| Street Tallallasse R 32309 | _ Email devon. graham O |
| City State Zip | atheists, ors |
| | Speaking: In Support Against hair will read this information into the record.) |
| Representing AMERICAN Atheists | |
| Appearing at request of Chair: Yes K No Lobbyist regi | stered with Legislature: 🗌 Yes 🎽 No |
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THE FLORIDA SENATE

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

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| Topic Parental Rights | Amendment Barcode | ; (if applicable) |
| Name Jeremiah Tattersall | | |
| Job Title Office Werker | | |
| Address 230 NW 14th Are | Phone | |
| Address 230 NW 14th Are Street Games MA FC City State | 32601 Email Jeren; ah Tattersa | N@ Small |
| Speaking: For Against Information | Waive Speaking: In Support (The Chair will read this information into the | |
| Representing Myself | | |
| | bbyist registered with Legislature: 🗌 Ye | es 🔀 No |

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| Topic Parental Rights | Amendment Barcode (if applicable) |
| Name Tyler Avery | |
| Job Title Teacher | |
| Address 3227 Kertshare 6/12 | Phone 321 222 8967 |
| Street <u>OLoec</u> City State | Zip Email Tyler WAvery C quilicon |
| Speaking: For Against Information | Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.) |
| Representing FL Coalition for | Trans Liberation |
| Appearing at request of Chair: 🗌 Yes 🖄 No | Lobbyist registered with Legislature: 🗌 Yes 🛣 No |

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THE FLORIDA SENATE APPEARANCE RECORD (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Bill Number (if applicable) Date ARENTAL RIGHTS Topic Amendment Barcode (if applicable) ALERO Name Job Title IRECTED oncel 95 NW Address VE Phone Street 33168 IATINA INSTITUTE Migmi Email Citv State Zip ORE Waive Speaking: In Support Information Against Speaking: For Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.) INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE LATINA Representing tEALTH-Appearing at request of Chair: Yes X No Lobbyist registered with Legislature: 🏹 Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

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| Topic Parental Rights | \$ | | Amendr | ment Barcode (if applicable) |
| Name Todd Steibly | | | | |
| Job Title Government | Consultant | | | |
| Address 301 South B | ronough Street | | Phone 85057790 |)90 |
| _{Street} Tallahassee | FL | 32301 | Email tsteibly@g | ray-robinson.com |
| City Speaking: V For | State | | peaking: In Su ir will read this informa | |
| Representing Lab | oratory Corporation of America | | | |
| Appearing at request | of Chair: 🔄 Yes 🗹 No | Lobbyist regist | ered with Legislatu | ıre: 🖌 Yes 🗌 No |
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The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

| | Prep | ared By: T | he Professional | Staff of the Commit | tee on Education | on |
|-------------|----------------|------------|-----------------|---------------------|------------------|--------|
| BILL: | CS/SB 1498 | | | | | |
| INTRODUCER: | Senator Baxley | | | | | |
| SUBJECT: | Education | | | | | |
| DATE: | February 1 | 9, 2020 | REVISED: | | | |
| ANALYST | | STAF | F DIRECTOR | REFERENCE | | ACTION |
| . Sagues | | Sikes | | ED | Fav/CS | |
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Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

CS/SB 1498 modifies multiple provisions of the Florida Education Code, primarily related to school accountability and statewide, standardized assessments. Specifically, the bill:

- Requires school districts to choose either the SAT or ACT for districtwide administration to grade 11 students beginning in the 2020-2021 school year and revises the school grades calculation to incorporate student performance on the SAT or ACT beginning with the 2022-2023 school year.
- Requires all students by grade 12 to take a civic literacy assessment beginning in the 2020-2021 school year. The bill requires postsecondary students to demonstrate civic literacy by successfully completing a civic literacy course and achieving a passing score on the civic literacy assessment.
- Removes the grade 9 English Language Arts (ELA) assessment beginning in 2022-2023.
- Authorizes the discontinuance of the statewide, standardized Geometry end-of-course assessment.
- Requires the statewide, standardized math and ELA assessments in grades 3 through 6 to be paper-based.
- Requires a student's final report card to be issued no later and one week after the last day of school or one week after the receipt of assessment results.
- Revises the school turnaround process by requiring implementation of a district-managed turnaround option after the first year a school earns a grade of "D" or "F". The bill authorizes a school district to request a new turnaround option during the implementation of a

turnaround option and authorizes the State Board of Education to revoke a turnaround plan if a school district fails to follow the terms and conditions of its approved plan.

The bill also:

- Clarifies that a student whose parent is transferred to a military installation within Florida can enroll in another school district through controlled open enrollment.
- Requires the Florida Partnership for Minority and Underrepresented Student Achievement to provide information on resources and opportunities, and identify public and private partnerships to provide college advising services to further increase postsecondary access and success for students.
- Provides the Department of Education (DOE) the authority to hold patents, copyrights, trademarks, and service marks and allows the DOE to sell, lease, license, or transfer rights for monetary gain.
- Authorizes the DOE to establish timeframes for advertisement and submission of bids for the 2020 adoption cycle of instructional materials.
- Excludes from the cost per student station caps any costs associated with a solar energy system located on the property of a school facility.

The bill appropriates \$8 million in recurring funds from the General Revenue Fund to the DOE to implement the SAT or ACT assessment provisions of the bill.

Except as otherwise expressly provided in the bill, the bill takes effect on July 1, 2020.

II. Present Situation:

The Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA), which reauthorized the Elementary and Secondary Education Act, was signed into law on December 10, 2015. ESSA includes provisions to:¹

- Help ensure success for students and schools through advancing equity by upholding protections for disadvantaged and high-need students.
- Require that all students be taught to high academic standards that will prepare them to succeed in college and careers.
- Ensure that vital information is provided to educators, families, students, and communities through annual statewide assessments that measure students' progress.
- Support and grow local innovations.
- Increase access to high-quality preschool.
- Maintain an expectation that there will be accountability and action to effect positive change in the lowest-performing schools.

ESSA requires that statewide mathematics and English language arts (ELA) assessments be administered in each of grades 3 through 8 and at least once in grades 9 through 12. Statewide

¹ U.S. Department of Education, *Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA)*, <u>https://www.ed.gov/essa?src=rn</u> (last visited Feb. 6, 2020).

science assessments must be administered at least once in grades 3 through 5, grades 6 through 9, and grades 10 through $12.^2$

ESSA allows flexibility for locally selected, nationally recognized high school academic assessments. Under ESSA, a state may permit districts to use a nationally recognized high school academic assessments in place of the statewide high school assessments. A school district using this flexibility, however, must use the same locally selected, nationally recognized assessment in all of its high schools.³ To ensure these tests are truly "nationally recognized," they must be given in multiple states, be recognized by institutions of higher education for the purposes of entrance or placement into courses in postsecondary education or training programs, and provide the same benefits to all students – including English learners and children with disabilities.⁴

Florida's ESSA plan received approval from the United States Department of Education (DOE) on September 26, 2018.⁵

Statewide Assessment Program

The primary purpose of the student assessment program is to provide student academic achievement and learning gains data to students, parents, teachers, school administrators, and school district staff. The data is to be used by districts to improve instruction; by students, parents, and teachers to guide learning objectives; by education researchers to assess national and international education comparison data; and by the public to assess the cost benefit of the expenditure of taxpayer dollars.⁶

The statewide assessment program for Florida's public schools includes statewide, standardized assessments for ELA (grades 3-10) and mathematics (grades 3-8); end-of-course (EOC) assessments for Algebra I, Geometry, Biology I, Civics, and U.S. History; and the Statewide Science Assessment (grades 5 and 8).⁷ Results from the assessments are used to calculate school grades and school improvement ratings,⁸ and determine student readiness for promotion to 4th grade and high school graduation.⁹

School Grading System

School grades provide an easily understandable way to measure the performance of a school. Parents and the general public can use the school grade and its components to understand how

⁸ See ss. 1008.34 and 1008.341, F.S.

² U.S. Department of Education, *Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, As Amended Through P.S. 115-224, Enacted July 31, 2018 (2018), available at*

https://legcounsel.house.gov/Comps/Elementary%20And%20Secondary%20Education%20Act%20Of%201965.pdf at 20. ³ U.S. Department of Education, *Every Student Succeeds Act, Assessments under Title I, Part A and B: Summary of Final Regulations* (December, 2017), *available at* https://www2.ed.gov/policy/elsec/leg/essa/essaassessmentfactsheet1207.pdf

⁴ Id.

⁵ Florida Department of Education, *Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA)*, <u>http://www.fldoe.org/academics/essa.stml</u> (last visited Feb. 10, 2020).

⁶ Section 1008.22(1), F.S.

⁷ Sections 1008.22(3) and 1003.4156, F.S.

⁹ See ss. 1008.25(5) and 1003.4282(3)(a) and (b), F.S.

well each school is serving its students.¹⁰ School grades are used in the state system of school improvement and accountability to determine the need for school intervention and support,¹¹ or to determine whether a school is eligible for school recognition funds.¹²

Schools are graded using one of the following grades:¹³

- "A," schools making excellent progress (62 percent or higher of total applicable points).
- "B," schools making above average progress (54 to 61 percent of total applicable points).
- "C," schools making satisfactory progress (41 to 53 percent of total applicable points).
- "D," schools making less than satisfactory progress (32 to 40 percent of total applicable points).
- "F," schools failing to make adequate progress (31 percent or less of total applicable points).

Elementary schools, middle schools, and high schools each share a basic model for determining school grades, based on the percentage of total points earned by a school for each component in the model. All schools are graded on the percentage of eligible students who pass assessments in ELA, mathematics, science, and social studies; student learning gains in ELA and mathematics; and students in the lowest 25 percent of ELA and mathematics performers who make learning gains.¹⁴ Middle and high school models include additional components beyond the basic model.¹⁵

For a high school comprised of grades 9 through 12 or grades 10 through 12, the school's grade is also based on following components:¹⁶

- The 4-year high school graduation rate of the school as defined by State Board of Education (SBE) rule.¹⁷
- The percentage of students who were eligible to earn college and career credit through College Board Advanced Placement (AP) examinations, International Baccalaureate examinations, dual enrollment courses, or Advanced International Certificate of Education examinations; or who, at any time during high school, earned national industry certification identified in the Industry Certification Funding List, pursuant to rules adopted by the SBE.

¹⁰ Florida Department of Education, 2019 School Grades Overview (2019), available at

http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/18534/urlt/SchoolGradesOverview19.pdf.

¹¹ See s. 1008.33(4), F.S.

¹² See s. 1008.36, F.S.

¹³ Section 1008.34(2), F.S.; rule 6A-1.09981(4)(d), F.A.C.

¹⁴ Section 1008.34(3)(b), F.S. If a school does not have at least 10 students with complete data for one or more of the components, those components may not be used in calculating the school's grade. Section 1008.34(3)(a), F.S.

¹⁵ See s. 1008.34(3)(b), F.S.; rule 6A-1.09981(4)(a)-(c), F.A.C.

¹⁶ Section 1008.34(3)(b)2., F.S., and rule 6A-1.09981(4)(c)2. and 3., F.A.C.

¹⁷ The four-year high school graduation rate of the school as measured according to 34 CFR §200.19, Other Academic Indicators, effective November 28, 2008. Rule 6A-1.09981(4)(c)1., F.A.C.

Information on Student Performance

Report Cards

Each school district must establish and publish policies requiring the content and regular issuance of student report cards for all students.¹⁸ Report cards must clearly depict and grade the student's:¹⁹

- Academic performance in each class or course;
- Conduct and behavior; and
- Attendance, including absences and tardiness.

A student's final report card for a school year must contain a statement indicating end-of-theyear status regarding performance or nonperformance at grade level, acceptable or unacceptable behavior and attendance, and promotion or non-promotion.²⁰ The law does not provide a date by which report cards must be issued after the end of the school year.

Assessment Results

A student's performance results on statewide, standardized assessments, EOC assessments, and Florida Alternative Assessments must be provided to the student's teachers and parents by the end of the school year, unless the Commissioner of Education (commissioner) determines that extenuating circumstances exist and reports the extenuating circumstances to the SBE.²¹

The results of statewide, standardized ELA and math assessments, including assessment retakes, must be reported²² in an easy-to-read and understandable format and delivered in time to provide useful, actionable information to students, parents, and each student's current teacher of record and teacher of record for the subsequent school year; however, in any case, the district must provide the results within one week after receiving the results from the DOE.²³

United States Government Course and Civic Literacy

As part of the 24 credits required to graduate from high school, students must earn three credits in social studies, including:²⁴

- One credit in United States History;
- Once credit in World History;
- One-half credit in economics; and
- One-half credit in the United States Government.

²³ Section 1008.22(7)(h), F.S.

¹⁸ Section 1003.33(1), F.S.

¹⁹ Section 1003.33(1)(a)-(c), F.S. The academic performance of a student in grades 1 through 12 must be based upon examinations as well as written papers, class participation, and other academic performance criteria, and must include the student's performance or nonperformance at his or her grade level.

²⁰ Section 1003.33(2), F.S.

²¹ Section 1008.22(3)(g)2., F.S.

²² See s. 1008.22(7)(h)1.-6., F.S.

²⁴ Section 1003.4282(3)(d), F.S.

Each student entering a Florida College System (FCS) institution or state university must demonstrate competency in civic literacy through successful completion of a civic literacy course or by achieving a passing score on an assessment.²⁵

The Board of Governors of the State University System (BOG) has adopted the following assessments and passing scores to meet this requirement:²⁶

- U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services Naturalization Test Civics with supplemental questions with a score of 60 or higher.
- AP Government and Politics with a score of 3 or higher.
- AP United States History with a score of 4 or higher.
- College-Level Examination Program (CLEP) American Government with a score of 50 or higher.

While the SBE has adopted the same AP and CLEP assessments and respective passing scores for students in FCS institutions to meet this requirement, it has not adopted the U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services Naturalization Test.²⁷

Students of Military Families

Controlled open enrollment allows a school district to use a parent's indicated preferential educational choice as a significant factor in making student school assignments.²⁸ Each district school board or charter school must allow a parent from any Florida school district to enroll his or her student in any public school, including charter schools, that has not reached capacity.²⁹

A student whose parent is transferred or pending transfer to a military installation within a school district while on active military duty pursuant to an official military order must be considered a resident of the school district for purposes of enrollment when the order is submitted to the school district and must be provided preferential treatment in the school district's controlled open enrollment process.³⁰

The Florida Partnership for Minority and Underrepresented Student Achievement

In 2004, the Legislature passed the Florida Partnership for Minority and Underrepresented Student Achievement Act³¹ recognizing the importance of not only access to college but also success in college for all students. The mission of the partnership is to prepare, inspire, and connect students to postsecondary success and opportunity, with a particular focus on minority students and students who are underrepresented in postsecondary.³² As part of the partnership, staff from College Board provide professional development and technical assistance to school

²⁵ Section 1007.25(4), F.S

²⁶ Florida Board of Governors Regulation 8.006.

²⁷ See rule 6A-10.02413(2), F.S.

²⁸ Section 1002.31(1), F.S.

²⁹ Section 1002.31(2)(a), F.S. The student must not be subject to a current expulsion or suspension. School capacity is subject to the maximum class sizes. *See* s. 1003.03, F.S.

³⁰ Section 1003.05(4), F.S.

³¹ Ch. 2004-63, L.O.F.

³² Section 1007.35(2)(b), F.S.; *See* Florida Department of Education, *Annual Evaluation Report for Florida Partnership* 2017-2018 (September 2018), <u>http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/7749/urlt/FloridaPartnership-c.pdf</u>.

and district-level administrators, along with guidance counselors, teachers, and other school staff in targeted school districts.³³

By September 30 of each year, the partnership is required to submit a report to the DOE that contains an evaluation of the delivered services and activities on their effectiveness at raising student achievement and increasing the number of AP or other advanced course examinations in low-performing middle and high schools.³⁴ Other indicators that must be addressed in the evaluation report include the number of middle and high school teachers trained; the effectiveness of the training; measures of postsecondary readiness of the students affected by the program; levels of participation in 10th grade PSAT/NMSQT or the PreACT testing; and measures of student, parent, and teacher awareness of and satisfaction with the services of the partnership.³⁵

The DOE contributes to the evaluation process by providing access to student and teacher information necessary to match against databases containing teacher professional development data and databases containing assessment data for the PSAT/NMSQT, SAT, ACT, PreACT, AP, and other appropriate measures.³⁶ The DOE also provides student-level data on student progress from middle school through high school and into college and the workforce, if available, in order to support longitudinal studies.³⁷

Improvement of Low Performing Schools

Florida's system of improving low-performing schools is referred to as "school improvement" (SI),³⁸ Under SI, intervention and support is provided to traditional public schools earning a letter grade of "D," or "F."³⁹ Intensive intervention and support strategies are applied to schools that earn two consecutive grades of "D" or a grade of "F" through turnaround option plans.⁴⁰

All Florida public schools that earn grade of "D" or "F" must have a school improvement plan, which is developed and implemented by the school's advisory council.⁴¹ It is the responsibility of each district school board to approve school improvement plans.⁴²

³⁵ Id.

³³ Florida Department of Education, *Annual Evaluation Report for Florida Partnership 2017-2018* (September 2018), <u>http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/7749/urlt/FloridaPartnership-c.pdf</u>.

³⁴ Section 1007.35(8)(a),F.S.

³⁶ Section 1007.35(8)(b), F.S.

³⁷ Id.

³⁸ Rule 6A-1.099811(1), F.A.C.

³⁹ Section 1008.33(3)(b), F.S.

⁴⁰ Section 1008.33(3)(c), F.S.

⁴¹ Sections 1001.42(18)(a) and 1001.452(2), F.S. School advisory councils (SACs) are composed of principals, teachers, educational support personnel, parents, students, local business representatives, and community members. Section 1001.452(1)(a), F.S. SACs are responsible for developing and implementing the school's improvement plan, assisting in the development of the school's budget, and assisting in determinations regarding the use of school improvement funds and school recognition awards. Sections 1001.452(2) and 1008.36(4), F.S. *See also* Section 1002.33(9)(n), F.S. Requires a charter school earning a "D" or "F" to submit a school improvement plan to the sponsor.

⁴² Section 1001.42(18)(a), F.S.

Intervention and Support Strategies

If a school earns two consecutive grades of "D" or a grade of "F," it must immediately implement a differentiated matrix of intervention and support strategies.⁴³ Districts with a school improvement school must coordinate with the Department of Education (DOE), the Regional Executive Director or designee, and the school to identify and implement tailored support and improvement strategies designed to address low performance at the school.⁴⁴

Florida law specifies seven general types of intervention and support strategies for traditional public schools to address student performance. The intervention and support strategies may include school improvement planning; leadership and educator quality improvement; professional development; curriculum review, pacing and alignment across grade levels to improve background knowledge in social studies, science, and the arts; and the use of continuous improvement and monitoring plans and processes.⁴⁵

School Turnaround Options

Schools that earn two consecutive grades of "D" or a grade of "F" must also implement a district managed turnaround plan through which the school district manages the 2-year turnaround plan at the school.⁴⁶ The school district must submit a district-managed turnaround plan to the SBE for approval by October 1.⁴⁷

Once the district-managed turnaround plan is approved by the SBE, the school district must implement the plan for the remainder of the year and continue implementation for the next full school year.⁴⁸ If the school's grade does not improve to a "C", the school must select from the following turnaround options:⁴⁹

- Reassign students to another school and monitor the progress of each student.
- Close the school and reopen as one or more charter schools with a governing board that has a demonstrated record of effectiveness.
- Contract with an external operator that has a demonstrated record of effectiveness to operate the school.
 - The external operator may include a district-managed charter school in which all instructional personnel are not employees of the school district, but are employees of an independent governing board composed of members who did not participate in the review or approval of the charter.

Based on traditional public schools that received grades in 2018 and 2019:⁵⁰

⁴³ Section 1008.33(4)(a), F.S.

⁴⁴ Rule 6A-1.099811(5)(a), F.A.C.

⁴⁵ Section 1008.33(3)(c), F.S.; *see* rule 6A-1.099811(5)(b)1.-9., F.A.C.

⁴⁶ Rule 6A-1.099811(5)(a)-(b), F.A.C.

⁴⁷ Section 1008.33(4)(a), F.S.

⁴⁸ The state board may allow a school an additional year of implementation before the school must implement a turnaround option required under paragraph if it determines that the school is likely to improve to a grade of "C" or higher after the first full school year of implementation. *Id*.

⁴⁹ Section 1008.33(4)(b)1.-3., F.S.

⁵⁰ Florida Department of Education, *School Improvement Presentation to the House PreK-12 Innovation Subcommittee* (October 16, 2019), *available at*

- 70 percent of schools graded "D" or "F" improved their grade in 2019;
- 77 percent of schools graded "F" in 2018 improved their grade in 2019; and
- 85 percent of first year turnaround schools in 2018 improved their grade to a "C" or higher and exited turnaround in 2019.

For the 2019-2020 school year, 142 schools are in SI requiring intervention and support, including:⁵¹

- 91 schools earning a grade of "D" for the first time.
- 3 schools earning a grade of "F" for the first time.
- 20 schools earning two grades of "D" or a "D" and an "F" for their last two school grades.

Florida Education Finance Program

The Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) is the primary mechanism for funding the operating costs of Florida school districts. Under the FEFP, financial support for education is based on the full-time equivalent (FTE) student membership in public schools.⁵² The number of FTE students in each of the funded education programs is multiplied by cost factors⁵³ relative to each program to obtain weighted FTE student values.⁵⁴ The base student allocation from state and local funds is determined annually by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act (GAA) and is a component in the calculation of each school district's base funding.⁵⁵ In addition to the base funding, the Legislature may appropriate categorical funding for specified programs, activities or purposes, such as the turnaround school supplemental services allocation.

Turnaround School Supplemental Services Allocation

The turnaround school supplemental services allocation (TSSSA) provides funding to schools in, or exiting, turnaround status with funds to offer services designed to improve the overall academic and community welfare of the schools' students and their families.⁵⁶ Services funded by the TSSSA may include, but are not limited to, tutorial and after-school programs, student counseling, nutrition education, parental counseling, and an extended school day and school year. In addition, services may include models that develop a culture that encourages students to complete high school and to attend college or career training, set high academic expectations, and inspire character development.⁵⁷

Before distribution of the TSSSA, the school district must develop and submit a plan for implementation to its school board for approval no later than August 1 of each fiscal year, then

⁵⁵ *Id*. at 17.

https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?PublicationType=Committees&CommitteeId=3017&Se ssion=2020&DocumentType=Meeting%20Packets&FileName=pki%2010-16-19.pdf.

⁵¹ *Id*.

⁵² See s. 1011.62, F.S.

⁵³ Program cost factors are based on desired relative cost differences between the following programs as established in the annual General Appropriations Act: grades K-3; 4-8; 9-12; two program cost factors for exceptional students; secondary career education programs; and English for Speakers of Other Languages. Section 1011.62(1)(c), F.S.

⁵⁴ Section 1011.62, F.S.; Department of Education, 2019-20 Funding for Florida School Districts (2019), available at <u>http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/7507/urlt/Fefpdist.pdf</u> at 1.

⁵⁶ Section 1011.62(21), F.S.

⁵⁷ Section 1011.62(21)(a)1., F.S.

submit its approved plan to the commissioner by September 1 of each year.⁵⁸ At a minimum the plan must:⁵⁹

- Establish comprehensive support services that develop family and community partnerships;
- Establish clearly defined and measurable high academic and character standards;
- Increase parental involvement and engagement in the child's education;
- Describe how instructional personnel will be identified, recruited, retained, and rewarded;
- Provide professional development that focuses on academic rigor, direct instruction, and creating high academic and character standards;
- Provide focused instruction to improve student academic proficiency, which may include additional instruction time beyond the normal school day or school year; and
- Include a strategy for continuing to provide services after the school is no longer in turnaround status by virtue of achieving a grade of "C" or higher.

Subject to legislative appropriation, each school remains eligible for the TSSSA for a maximum of four continuous fiscal years while implementing a turnaround option.⁶⁰ In addition, a school that improves to a grade of "C" or higher remains eligible to receive the allocation for a maximum of two continuous fiscal years after exiting turnaround status.⁶¹

Specific Powers and Duties of the Department of Education

In addition to other duties as provided for in law or in SBE rule, the DOE must:⁶²

- Adopt the statewide kindergarten screening in accordance with law.
- Implement a training program to develop among state and district educators a cadre of facilitators of school improvement.
- Identify the needs of the state system of public education as they relate to the development and production of materials used in instruction.
- After complying with records management provisions, photograph, microphotograph, or reproduce on film or print, document, records, data, and information of a permanent character and destroy any of the documents after they have been photographed and after audit of the department has been completed for the period embracing the dates of the instruments.

Authority of the Department of State

The Department of State is authorized to do and perform any and all things necessary to secure letters patent, copyright and trademark on any invention and to enforce the rights of the state to include:⁶³

• License, lease, assign, or otherwise give written consent to any person, firm or corporation for the manufacture or use thereof, on a royalty basis, or for such other consideration as the department deems proper;

- ⁶¹ 1011.62(21)(f), F.S.
- ⁶² Section 1001.23, F.S.

⁵⁸ Section 1011.62(21)(b) and (d), F.S.

⁵⁹ Section 1011.62(21)(c)1.-7., F.S.

 $^{^{60}}$ Each school district's allocation must be based on the unweighted FTE student enrollment at the eligible schools and a per-FTE funding amount of \$500 or as provided in the GAA. Section 1011.62(21)(e) and (f), F.S.

⁶³ Section 286.031, F.S.

- Take any and all action necessary, including legal actions, to protect the same against improper or unlawful use or infringement, and to enforce the collection of any sums due the state and department for the manufacture or use thereof by any other party;
- Sell any of the same and to execute any and all instruments on behalf of the state necessary to consummate any such sale; and
- Do any and all other acts necessary and proper for the execution of powers and duties conferred upon the department for the benefit of the state.

Educational Facilities

Solar Energy Systems in Schools

Under current law, school districts are encouraged to invest in energy conservation measures including the use of "renewable energy systems, such as solar, biomass, and wind".⁶⁴ Florida law defines "solar energy system" as "the equipment and requisite hardware that provide and are used for collecting, transferring, converting, storing, or using incident solar energy for water heating, space heating, cooling, or other applications that would otherwise require the use of a conventional source of energy such as petroleum products, natural gas, manufactured gas, or electricity".⁶⁵ For hot water systems in newly-constructed educational facilities, Florida law requires that each school facility with a demand for hot water exceeding 1,000 gallons a day be constructed with a solar energy system as the primary energy source so long as it is physically and economically feasible. The solar energy system must also provide at least 65 percent of the facility's estimated needs.⁶⁶

Cost Per Student Station

In Florida, construction costs for traditional K-12 public school facilities are reported based on the cost per student station.⁶⁷ In 2005, the Department of Education (DOE) conducted a study on overall inflation of school construction costs, including the Consumer Price Index (CPI) and other factors. The cost per student station levels adopted in 2006 were based on the DOE's study recommendations and is adjusted to reflect increases and decreases in the CPI.⁶⁸ The DOE and the Office of Economic and Demographic Research (EDR)⁶⁹ work together to calculate and disseminate the new statutory caps.

The December 2019 forecast by EDR for the January 2020 cost per student station caps are:⁷⁰

- \$23,275 for an elementary school.
- \$25,135 for a middle school.
- \$32,648 for a high school.

⁶⁴ Section 1013.23, F.S.

⁶⁵ Section 212.02(26), F.S.

⁶⁶ Section 1013.44(2), F.S.

⁶⁷ Section 1013.64(6), F.S.

⁶⁸ Section 1013.64(6)(b)1., F.S.

⁶⁹ The Office of Economic and Demographic Research (EDR) is a research arm of the Legislature principally concerned with forecasting economic and social trends that affect policy making, revenues, and appropriations. Office of Economic and Demographic Research, *Welcome*, <u>http://edr.state.fl.us/Content/</u> (last visited February 17, 2020).

⁷⁰ Office of Economic and Demographic Research, *Student Station Cost Factors* (January 8, 2020), *available at* <u>http://edr.state.fl.us/Content/conferences/peco/studentstation.pdf</u>.

The cost per student station includes contract costs, fees of architects and engineers, and the cost of furniture and equipment.⁷¹ Contract costs include costs for construction within five feet of the building, including materials and supplies, as well as any furniture or equipment permanently attached to the building.⁷² Cost per student station does not include the cost of purchasing or leasing the site for the construction, legal and administrative costs, or the cost of related site or offsite improvements.⁷³ Further excluded from the cost per student station are costs for school safety and hardening items and other capital construction items approved by the school safety specialist to ensure building security for new educational, auxiliary, or ancillary facilities.⁷⁴

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill makes a number of modifications to the Florida Education Code⁷⁵ related to school assessments and graduation requirements, accountability for low performing schools, as well as other provisions.

Florida's Statewide, Standardized Assessments

The bill authorizes the discontinuance of the statewide, standardized Geometry end-of-course (EOC) assessment and authorizes school districts to use the SAT or ACT as the state's high school math assessment under federal law. The bill requires school districts to choose either the SAT or ACT for districtwide administration to grade 11 students beginning in the 2020-2021 school year.

The bill requires all students take the State Board of Education (SBE) adopted civic literacy assessment by grade 12. The bill also requires students to both successfully complete a civic literacy course and achieve a passing score on a civic literacy assessment to satisfy the postsecondary civic literacy requirements, whereas students are currently only require to achieve either criteria.

The bill requires the statewide, standardized English language arts (ELA) and math assessments in grades 3 through 6 to be delivered in a paper-based format and removes the grade 9 ELA assessment beginning in the 2022-2023 school year.

The bill includes the statewide, standardized science and social studies assessments to the assessments that must be published on the Department of Education's (DOE's) website and revises the date of the initial publication of assessments to no later than June 30, 2024, to correspond with the changes in the proposed assessment schedule.

⁷¹ Section 1013.64(6)(d), F.S, See flush left.

⁷² Florida Department of Education, *Review and Adjustment for Florida's Cost per Student Station* (January 1, 2020), *available at* <u>http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/7738/urlt/2020AnnCSSR.pdf</u>.

⁷³ Section 1013.64(6)(d), F.S, *See* flush left.

⁷⁴ Section 1013.64(6)(d), F.S. See flush left.

⁷⁵ Section 1000.01(1), F.S. Chapters 1000 through 1013 are known and cited as the "Florida K-20 Education Code".

The bill revises the school grades calculation to include the percentage of eligible students passing the relevant portions of the SAT or ACT, beginning with the 2022-2023 school year. The bill requires the SBE to provide passing scores for the SAT and ACT in rule prior to the 2022-2023 calculation of school grades. It is unclear whether the SAT and ACT align to Florida's Benchmarks for Excellent Student Thinking (B.E.S.T.) Standards⁷⁶ recently approved by the SBE. It is also unclear whether students are required to take the SAT or ACT, or if the school district is only required to administer the SAT or ACT.

Information on Student Performance

The bill requires a student's final report card for a school year to be issued no later than 1 week after the last day of school or 1 week after the receipt of assessment results for students enrolled in courses with an associated statewide, standardized EOC assessment. The bill specifies that a transfer student's⁷⁷ Algebra I final grade and credit must be honored if his or her transcript shows a credit in Algebra I.

In addition to the results of the statewide, standardized ELA and math assessments, the bill requires the results of the statewide, standardized science and social studies assessments to be reported in an easy-to-read and understandable format to students, parents, and teachers. The bill deletes the requirement that statewide, standardized assessment results be provided by the end of the school year.

Improvement of Low Performing Schools

The bill specifies that a deficient and failing school is a school earning a grade of "D" or "F," and requires that the SBE apply intensive intervention and support strategies to schools earning a grade of "D" or "F." In the first full school year after a school initially earns a grade of "D" or "F," the school district must immediately implement intervention and support strategies.

School Turnaround Options

The bill provides that unless an additional year of implementation is provided, if a school that completes a district-managed turnaround plan cycle and does not improve to at least a grade of "C" or higher, the school district must implement one of the following:

- Upon recommendation of the Commissioner of Education (commissioner), the State Board of Education (SBE) may choose to allow the school district to close the school, reassign students to another school with a school grade of "C" or higher, and monitor the progress of each reassigned student for three school years;
- Repurpose the school as one or more charter schools, each with a governing board that has a demonstrated record of effectiveness; or

⁷⁶ Florida Department of Education, Florida's B.E.S.T Standards, available at

http://fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/19853/urlt/SPS-Pres.pdf. The B.E.S.T standards were approved by the SBE on February 12, 2020.

⁷⁷ See Section 1003.4282(7), F.S. Applicable to students who transfer to a Florida public high school from out of country, out of state, a private school, or home education program.

• Enter into an annual performance contract with an external operator that has a demonstrated record of effectiveness to operate the school. An external operator may include a provider authorized by the State University System or Florida College System (FCS) or a district-managed charter school. In addition, the contract with an external operator must allow unilateral cancellation by the school district upon revocation of the turnaround plan.

The bill authorizes a school district to request a new turnaround option during the implementation of a turnaround option, and adds that the SBE may revoke a turnaround plan when a district fails to follow the terms of its approved plan or to meet the requirements of the plan. Prior to the revocation, the SBE must consider any curative action taken or proposed by the district and the feasibility of improving performance under the plan during the remainder of the approval period. Upon revocation, the SBE may require a district to submit a new plan or select a new turnaround option.

If a school successfully completes a turnaround plan, but earns a grade of "D" or "F" within 4 years of improving to a grade of "C" or higher, the school district must:

- Upon the recommendation of the commissioner and approval by the SBE, close the school and reassign students to another school with a school grade of "C" or higher, provide additional services to reassigned students which are designed to address deficiencies and improve performance, and monitor the progress of each reassigned student for 3 school years;
- Repurpose the school as one or more charter schools, each with a governing board that has a demonstrated record of effectiveness; or
- Enter into a performance contract with an external operator that has a demonstrated record of effectiveness to operate the school. The contract must allow unilateral cancellation by the school district upon revocation of the turnaround plan by the SBE. An external operator may include a state university, FCS institution or a district-managed charter school in which all instructional personnel are employees of an independent governing board.

Turnaround School Supplemental Services Allocation

The bill conforms eligibility for the turnaround school supplemental services allocation (TSSSA) to district-managed turnaround schools, schools implementing a charter or external operator turnaround option, and schools that have improved to a "C" or higher and are no longer in turnaround status, as modified in the bill.

Other Provisions

Department of Education Property Rights

The bill provides the DOE with the authority to hold patents, copyrights, trademarks, and service marks. The bill authorizes the DOE to take any action necessary to enforce its rights with respect to such patents, copyrights, trademarks, and service marks or enter into a transaction to sell, lease, license, or transfer such rights for monetary gain, or other license at its discretion. The bill requires DOE to notify the Department of State in writing when it secures property rights by patent, copyright, or trademark. Any proceeds from the exercise of these rights, except for educational materials and products, must be deposited in DOE's Operating Trust Fund.

Students of Military Families

The bill clarifies that a student whose parent is transferred to a military installation within Florida can enroll in another school district through controlled open enrollment.

Instructional Materials

The bill authorizes the DOE to establish timeframes for advertisement and submission of bids for the 2020 adoption cycle of instructional materials that differ from the current bid process timelines established in law. This provision is effective upon becoming law.

Solar Energy Systems in Schools

The bill excludes from the cost per student station caps any costs associated with a solar energy system located on the property of a school facility.

Except as otherwise expressly provided in the bill, the bill takes effect on July 1, 2020.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The bill appropriates \$8 million in recurring funds from the General Revenue Fund to the Department of Education to implement the SAT and ACT provisions of the bill.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 1001.23, 1003.05, 1003.33, 1003.4156, 1003.4282, 1003.4285, 1006.33, 1007.25, 1007.35, 1008.212, 1008.22, 1008.25, 1008.33, 1008.34, 1008.3415, 1011.62, and 1013.44.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Education on February 17, 2020:

The committee substitute modifies multiple provisions of the Florida Education Code, primarily related to school accountability and statewide, standardized assessments. Specifically, the committee substitute:

- Requires school districts to choose either the SAT or ACT for districtwide administration to grade 11 students beginning in the 2020-2021 school year and revises the school grades calculation to incorporate student performance on the SAT or ACT beginning with the 2022-2023 school year.
- Requires all students by grade 12 to take a civic literacy assessment beginning in the 2020-2021 school year. The bill requires postsecondary students to demonstrate civic literacy by successfully completing a civic literacy course and achieving a passing score on the civic literacy assessment.
- Removes the grade 9 English Language Arts (ELA) assessment beginning in 2022-2023.
- Authorizes the discontinuance of the statewide, standardized Geometry end-of-course assessment.
- Requires the statewide, standardized math and ELA assessments in grades 3 through 6 to be paper-based.
- Requires a student's final report card to be issued no later and one week after the last day of school or one week after the receipt of assessment results.
- Revises the school turnaround process by requiring implementation of a districtmanaged turnaround option after the first year a school earns a grade of "D" or "F". The bill authorizes a school district to request a new turnaround option during the implementation of a turnaround option and authorizes the State Board of Education to

revoke a turnaround plan if a school district fails to follow the terms and conditions of its approved plan.

The committee substitute also:

- Clarifies that a student whose parent is transferred to a military installation within Florida can enroll in another school district through controlled open enrollment.
- Requires the Florida Partnership for Minority and Underrepresented Student Achievement to provide information on resources and opportunities, and identify public and private partnerships to provide college advising services to further increase postsecondary access and success for students.
- Provides the Department of Education (DOE) the authority to hold patents, copyrights, trademarks, and service marks and allows the DOE to sell, lease, license, or transfer rights for monetary gain.
- Authorizes the DOE to establish timeframes for advertisement and submission of bids for the 2020 adoption cycle of instructional materials.
- Excludes from the cost per student station caps any costs associated with a solar energy system located on the property of a school facility.

The committee substitute appropriates \$8 million in recurring funds from the General Revenue Fund to the DOE to implement the SAT or ACT assessment provisions.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.



LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate Comm: RCS 02/17/2020 House

The Committee on Education (Baxley) recommended the following: Senate Amendment (with title amendment) Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert: Section 1. Subsection (5) is added to section 1001.23, Florida Statutes, to read: 1001.23 Specific powers and duties of the Department of Education.—In addition to all other duties assigned to it by law or by rule of the State Board of Education, the department shall: (5) Notwithstanding chapter 286, have the authority to hold

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| 12 | patents, copyrights, trademarks, and service marks. The |
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| 13 | department may take any action necessary to enforce its rights |
| 14 | with respect to such patents, copyrights, trademarks, and |
| 15 | service marks or enter into a transaction to sell, lease, |
| 16 | license, or transfer such rights for monetary gain or other |
| 17 | consideration, at the department's discretion. The department |
| 18 | shall notify the Department of State in writing when property |
| 19 | rights by patent, copyright, or trademark are secured by the |
| 20 | department. Any proceeds received by the department from the |
| 21 | exercise of these rights, except for educational materials and |
| 22 | products, shall be deposited in the department's Operating Trust |
| 23 | Fund. |
| 24 | Section 2. Subsection (3) is added to section 1003.33, |
| 25 | Florida Statutes, to read: |
| 26 | 1003.33 Report cards; end-of-the-year status |
| 27 | (3) A student's final report card for a school year must be |
| 28 | issued no later than 1 week after the last day of school or 1 |
| 29 | week after receipt of assessment results for students enrolled |
| 30 | in courses, as specified in the course code directory, with an |
| 31 | associated statewide, standardized end-of-course assessment |
| 32 | pursuant to s. 1008.22. |
| 33 | |
| 34 | District school boards shall not allow schools to exempt |
| 35 | students from academic performance requirements based on |
| 36 | practices or policies designed to encourage student attendance. |
| 37 | A student's attendance record may not be used in whole or in |
| 38 | part to provide an exemption from any academic performance |
| 39 | requirement. |
| 40 | Section 3. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section |

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41 1003.4156, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 42 1003.4156 General requirements for middle grades 43 promotion.-

(1) In order for a student to be promoted to high school from a school that includes middle grades 6, 7, and 8, the 45 46 student must successfully complete the following courses:

47 (b) Three middle grades or higher courses in mathematics. Each school that includes middle grades must offer at least one 48 49 high school level mathematics course for which students may earn high school credit. Successful completion of a high school level 50 51 Algebra I or Geometry course is not contingent upon the 52 student's performance on the statewide, standardized end-of-53 course (EOC) assessment. To earn high school credit for Algebra 54 I, a middle grades student must take the statewide, standardized 55 Algebra I EOC assessment, which constitutes 30 percent of the 56 student's final course grade, and earn a passing grade in pass 57 the course, and in addition, beginning with the 2013-2014 school 58 year and thereafter, a student's performance on the Algebra I 59 EOC assessment constitutes 30 percent of the student's final course grade. To earn high school credit for a Geometry course, 60 a middle grades student must, until the Geometry EOC assessment 61 62 is discontinued, take the statewide, standardized Geometry EOC 63 assessment, which constitutes 30 percent of the student's final 64 course grade, and earn a passing grade in the course.

65 Section 4. Paragraphs (a), (b), and (d) of subsection (3), 66 subsection (7), and paragraph (e) of subsection (10) of section 67 1003.4282, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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1003.4282 Requirements for a standard high school diploma.-(3) STANDARD HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA; COURSE AND ASSESSMENT



70 REQUIREMENTS.-

(a) Four credits in English Language Arts (ELA).—The four credits must be in ELA I, II, III, and IV. A student must pass the statewide, standardized grade 10 Reading assessment or, when implemented, the grade 10 ELA assessment, or earn a concordant score, in order to earn a standard high school diploma.

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(b) Four credits in mathematics.-

77 1. A student must earn one credit in Algebra I and one 78 credit in Geometry. A student's performance on the statewide, 79 standardized Algebra I end-of-course (EOC) assessment constitutes 30 percent of the student's final course grade. A 80 81 student must pass the statewide, standardized Algebra I EOC 82 assessment, or earn a comparative score, in order to earn a 83 standard high school diploma. Until the Geometry EOC assessment 84 is discontinued, a student's performance on the statewide, 85 standardized Geometry EOC assessment constitutes 30 percent of 86 the student's final course grade.

87 2. A student who earns an industry certification for which 88 there is a statewide college credit articulation agreement 89 approved by the State Board of Education may substitute the 90 certification for one mathematics credit. Substitution may occur 91 for up to two mathematics credits, except for Algebra I and 92 Geometry. A student may earn two mathematics credits by 93 successfully completing Algebra I through two full-year courses. 94 A certified school counselor or the principal's designee must 95 advise the student that admission to a state university may 96 require the student to earn 3 additional mathematics credits 97 that are at least as rigorous as Algebra I.

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3. A student who earns a computer science credit may



99 substitute the credit for up to one credit of the mathematics 100 requirement, with the exception of Algebra I and Geometry, if the commissioner identifies the computer science credit as being 101 102 equivalent in rigor to the mathematics credit. An identified 103 computer science credit may not be used to substitute for both a 104 mathematics and a science credit. A student who earns an 105 industry certification in 3D rapid prototype printing may 106 satisfy up to two credits of the mathematics requirement, with 107 the exception of Algebra I, if the commissioner identifies the 108 certification as being equivalent in rigor to the mathematics 109 credit or credits.

110 (d) Three credits in social studies.-A student must earn 111 one credit in United States History; one credit in World 112 History; one-half credit in economics; and one-half credit in 113 United States Government. The United States History EOC 114 assessment constitutes 30 percent of the student's final course 115 grade. Beginning with the 2020-2021 school year, all students in 116 grade 12 shall take the assessment of civic literacy identified 117 by the State Board of Education under s. 1007.25(4). A student 118 who earns a passing score on the assessment is exempt from the 119 postsecondary civic literacy assessment required by s.

120 1007.25(4).

(7) UNIFORM TRANSFER OF HIGH SCHOOL CREDITS. Beginning with the 2012-2013 school year, If a student transfers to a Florida public high school from out of country, out of state, a private school, or a home education program and the student's transcript shows a credit in Algebra I, the student's transferring course final grade and credit shall be honored. However, the student must pass the statewide, standardized Algebra I EOC assessment



128 in order to earn a standard high school diploma unless the 129 student earned a comparative score, passed a statewide 130 assessment in Algebra I administered by the transferring entity, 131 or passed the statewide mathematics assessment the transferring 132 entity uses to satisfy the requirements of the Elementary and 133 Secondary Education Act, as amended by the Every Student 134 Succeeds Act (ESSA) of 2015, 20 U.S.C. ss. 6301 et seq. If a 135 student's transcript shows a credit in high school reading or 136 English Language Arts II or III, in order to earn a standard 137 high school diploma, the student must take and pass the statewide, standardized grade 10 Reading assessment or, when 138 139 implemented, the grade 10 ELA assessment, or earn a concordant 140 score. If a transfer student's transcript shows a final course 141 grade and course credit in Algebra I, Geometry, Biology I, or 142 United States History, the transferring course final grade and 143 credit shall be honored without the student taking the requisite 144 statewide, standardized EOC assessment and without the 145 assessment results constituting 30 percent of the student's 146 final course grade.

(10) STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES.-Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2014-2015 school year, this subsection applies to a student with a disability.

(e) Any waiver of the statewide, standardized assessment requirements by the individual education plan team, pursuant to s. 1008.22(3)(d) s. 1008.22(3)(c), must be approved by the parent and is subject to verification for appropriateness by an independent reviewer selected by the parent as provided for in s. 1003.572.

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157 The State Board of Education shall adopt rules under ss. 158 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement this subsection, including rules that establish the minimum requirements for students 159 160 described in this subsection to earn a standard high school 161 diploma. The State Board of Education shall adopt emergency 162 rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54. 163 Section 5. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 1003.4285, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 164 165 1003.4285 Standard high school diploma designations.-166 (1) Each standard high school diploma shall include, as 167 applicable, the following designations if the student meets the 168 criteria set forth for the designation: 169

(a) Scholar designation.-In addition to the requirements ofs. 1003.4282, in order to earn the Scholar designation, astudent must satisfy the following requirements:

1. Mathematics.-Earn one credit in Algebra II or an equally rigorous course and one credit in statistics or an equally rigorous course. Beginning with students entering grade 9 in the 2014-2015 school year, pass the Geometry statewide, standardized assessment.

177 2. Science.-Pass the statewide, standardized Biology I EOC 178 assessment and earn one credit in chemistry or physics and one 179 credit in a course equally rigorous to chemistry or physics. However, a student enrolled in an Advanced Placement (AP), 180 181 International Baccalaureate (IB), or Advanced International 182 Certificate of Education (AICE) Biology course who takes the 183 respective AP, IB, or AICE Biology assessment and earns the 184 minimum score necessary to earn college credit as identified pursuant to s. 1007.27(2) meets the requirement of this 185

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186 subparagraph without having to take the statewide, standardized 187 Biology I EOC assessment.

3. Social studies.-Pass the statewide, standardized United 188 189 States History EOC assessment. However, a student enrolled in an 190 AP, IB, or AICE course that includes United States History 191 topics who takes the respective AP, IB, or AICE assessment and 192 earns the minimum score necessary to earn college credit as 193 identified pursuant to s. 1007.27(2) meets the requirement of 194 this subparagraph without having to take the statewide, 195 standardized United States History EOC assessment.

196 4. Foreign language.-Earn two credits in the same foreign 197 language.

5. Electives.-Earn at least one credit in an Advanced 199 Placement, an International Baccalaureate, an Advanced International Certificate of Education, or a dual enrollment 201 course.

Section 6. Effective upon becoming a law, subsection (5) is added to section 1006.33, Florida Statutes, to read:

1006.33 Bids or proposals; advertisement and its contents.-(5) Notwithstanding the requirements of this section and rules adopted to implement this section, for the 2020 adoption cycle, the department may establish timeframes for the advertisement and submission of bids for instructional materials.

Section 7. Subsection (4) of section 1007.25, Florida 211 Statutes, is amended to read:

212 1007.25 General education courses; common prerequisites; 213 other degree requirements.-

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(4) Beginning with students initially entering a Florida

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215 College System institution or state university in the 2020-2021 216 2018-2019 school year and thereafter, each student must 217 demonstrate competency in civic literacy. Students must have the 218 option to demonstrate competency through the successful 219 completion of a civic literacy course and or by achieving a 220 passing score on an assessment. The State Board of Education 221 must adopt in rule and the Board of Governors must adopt in 222 regulation at least one existing assessment that measures 223 competencies consistent with the required course competencies 224 outlined in paragraph (b). A student may fulfill the assessment 225 requirement by earning a passing score on the assessment while 226 in high school under s. 1003.4282(3)(d). The chair of the State 227 Board of Education and the chair of the Board of Governors, or 228 their respective designees, shall jointly appoint a faculty 229 committee to:

(a) Develop a new course in civic literacy or revise an
existing general education core course in American History or
American Government to include civic literacy.

233 (b) Establish course competencies and identify outcomes 234 that include, at a minimum, an understanding of the basic 235 principles of American democracy and how they are applied in our 236 republican form of government, an understanding of the United 237 States Constitution, knowledge of the founding documents and how 2.38 they have shaped the nature and functions of our institutions of 239 self-governance, and an understanding of landmark Supreme Court 240 cases and their impact on law and society.

241 Section 8. Paragraph (a) of subsection (8) of section 242 1007.35, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (1) is 243 added to subsection (6) of that section, to read:

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244 1007.35 Florida Partnership for Minority and 245 Underrepresented Student Achievement.-246 (6) The partnership shall: 247 (1) Provide information on resources and opportunities to 248 help students transition to postsecondary education, including 249 available financial aid and how to apply for such aid, as well 250 as public and private partnerships that provide college advising 251 services to assist students in the postsecondary education 252 application process. 253 (8) (a) By September 30 of each year, the partnership shall 254 submit to the department a report that contains an evaluation of 255 the effectiveness of the delivered services and activities. 256 Activities and services must be evaluated on their effectiveness 257 at raising student achievement and increasing the number of AP 258 or other advanced course examinations in low-performing middle 259 and high schools. Other indicators that must be addressed in the 260 evaluation report include the number of middle and high school 261 teachers trained; the effectiveness of the training; measures of postsecondary readiness of the students affected by the program; 262 263 levels of participation in 10th grade PSAT/NMSQT or the PreACT 264 testing; the number of students who submit at least one 265 postsecondary application; the number of students who submit an application for financial aid to help pay for postsecondary 266 2.67 expenses; and measures of student, parent, and teacher awareness

of and satisfaction with the services of the partnership. 269 Section 9. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and subsection 270 (2) of section 1008.212, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

271 1008.212 Students with disabilities; extraordinary 272 exemption.-

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(1) As used in this section, the term:

(a) "Circumstance" means a situation in which accommodations allowable for use on the statewide standardized assessment, a statewide standardized end-of-course assessment, or an alternate assessment pursuant to <u>s. 1008.22(3)(d)</u> s. 1008.22(3)(c) are not offered to a student during the current year's assessment administration due to technological limitations in the testing administration program which lead to results that reflect the student's impaired sensory, manual, or speaking skills rather than the student's achievement of the benchmarks assessed by the statewide standardized assessment, a statewide standardized end-of-course assessment, or an alternate assessment.

(2) A student with a disability for whom the individual education plan (IEP) team determines is prevented by a circumstance or condition from physically demonstrating the mastery of skills that have been acquired and are measured by the statewide standardized assessment, a statewide standardized end-of-course assessment, or an alternate assessment pursuant to <u>s. 1008.22(3)(d)</u> s. 1008.22(3)(c) shall be granted an extraordinary exemption from the administration of the assessment. A learning, emotional, behavioral, or significant cognitive disability, or the receipt of services through the homebound or hospitalized program in accordance with rule 6A-6.03020, Florida Administrative Code, is not, in and of itself, an adequate criterion for the granting of an extraordinary exemption.

300 Section 10. Present paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of 301 section 1008.22, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as paragraph

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(d), a new paragraph (c) is added to that subsection, and paragraphs (a) and (b), present paragraphs (c) and (d), and paragraph (g) of subsection (3), subsection (6), paragraphs (a), (b), (c), and (h) of subsection (7), and subsections (8) and (9) of that section are amended, to read:

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1008.22 Student assessment program for public schools.-

(3) STATEWIDE, STANDARDIZED ASSESSMENT PROGRAM.-The 308 309 Commissioner of Education shall design and implement a 310 statewide, standardized assessment program aligned to the core 311 curricular content established in the Next Generation Sunshine 312 State Standards. The commissioner also must develop or select 313 and implement a common battery of assessment tools that will be 314 used in all juvenile justice education programs in the state. 315 These tools must accurately measure the core curricular content 316 established in the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards. 317 Participation in the assessment program is mandatory for all 318 school districts and all students attending public schools, 319 including adult students seeking a standard high school diploma 320 under s. 1003.4282 and students in Department of Juvenile 321 Justice education programs, except as otherwise provided by law. If a student does not participate in the assessment program, the 322 323 school district must notify the student's parent and provide the 324 parent with information regarding the implications of such 325 nonparticipation. The statewide, standardized assessment program 326 shall be designed and implemented as follows:

327 (a) Statewide, standardized comprehensive assessments.-The
 328 statewide, standardized Reading assessment shall be administered
 329 annually in grades 3 through 10. The statewide, standardized
 330 Writing assessment shall be administered annually at least once

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331 at the elementary, middle, and high school levels. When the Reading and Writing assessments are replaced by English Language 332 333 Arts (ELA) assessments, ELA assessments shall be administered to 334 students in grades 3 through 8 and in grade 10. The grade 9 ELA 335 assessment shall be last administered in the 2021-2022 school 336 year. Retake opportunities for the grade 10 Reading assessment 337 or, upon implementation, the grade 10 ELA assessment must be 338 provided. Students taking the ELA assessments shall not take the 339 statewide, standardized assessments in Reading or Writing. 340 Reading passages and writing prompts for ELA assessments shall 341 incorporate grade-level core curricula content from social 342 studies. The statewide, standardized Mathematics assessments 343 shall be administered annually in grades 3 through 8. Students 344 taking a revised Mathematics assessment shall not take the 345 discontinued assessment. The statewide, standardized Science 346 assessment shall be administered annually at least once at the 347 elementary and middle grades levels. In order to earn a standard 348 high school diploma, a student who has not earned a passing 349 score on the grade 10 Reading assessment or, upon 350 implementation, the grade 10 ELA assessment must earn a passing 351 score on the assessment retake or earn a concordant score as authorized under subsection (9). Statewide, standardized ELA and 352 353 mathematics assessments in grades 3 through 6 must be delivered 354 in a paper-based format. 355 (b) End-of-course (EOC) assessments.-EOC assessments must

355 (b) End-of-course (EUC) assessments.—EUC assessments must 356 be statewide, standardized, and developed or approved by the 357 Department of Education as follows:

358 1. EOC assessments for Algebra I, Geometry, Biology I,359 United States History, and Civics shall be administered to

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360 students enrolled in such courses as specified in the course 361 code directory. <u>The Geometry EOC assessment shall be</u> 362 <u>administered to students enrolled in such courses as specified</u> 363 <u>in the course code directory until the assessment is</u> 364 discontinued.

2. Students enrolled in a course, as specified in the course code directory, with an associated statewide, standardized EOC assessment must take the EOC assessment for such course and may not take the corresponding subject or grade-level statewide, standardized assessment pursuant to paragraph (a). Sections 1003.4156 and 1003.4282 govern the use of statewide, standardized EOC assessment results for students.

372 3. The commissioner may select one or more nationally 373 developed comprehensive examinations, which may include 374 examinations for a College Board Advanced Placement course, 375 International Baccalaureate course, or Advanced International 376 Certificate of Education course, or industry-approved 377 examinations to earn national industry certifications identified 378 in the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List, for use as EOC 379 assessments under this paragraph if the commissioner determines 380 that the content knowledge and skills assessed by the 381 examinations meet or exceed the grade-level expectations for the 382 core curricular content established for the course in the Next 383 Generation Sunshine State Standards. Use of any such examination 384 as an EOC assessment must be approved by the state board in 385 rule.

386 4. Contingent upon funding provided in the General
387 Appropriations Act, including the appropriation of funds
388 received through federal grants, the commissioner may establish

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389 an implementation schedule for the development and 390 administration of additional statewide, standardized EOC 391 assessments that must be approved by the state board in rule. If 392 approved by the state board, student performance on such 393 assessments constitutes 30 percent of a student's final course 394 grade. 395 5. All statewide, standardized EOC assessments must be 396 administered online except as otherwise provided in paragraph 397 (c). 398 6. A student enrolled in an Advanced Placement (AP), 399 International Baccalaureate (IB), or Advanced International 400 Certificate of Education (AICE) course who takes the respective 401 AP, IB, or AICE assessment and earns the minimum score necessary 402 to earn college credit, as identified in s. 1007.27(2), meets 403 the requirements of this paragraph and does not have to take the 404 EOC assessment for the corresponding course. 405 (c) Nationally recognized high school assessments.-406 1. Beginning with the 2020-2021 school year, a nationally 407 recognized high school assessment, defined as either the ACT or

the SAT, shall be administered to students in grade 11.

2. The Commissioner of Education shall, through a competitive procurement, select either the ACT or the SAT for statewide administration.

3. Funding for the SAT and the ACT for all grade 11 students shall be as provided in the General Appropriations Act.

414 <u>(d) (c)</u> Students with disabilities; Florida Alternate 415 Assessment.-

416 1. Each district school board must provide instruction to 417 prepare students with disabilities in the core content knowledge

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418 and skills necessary for successful grade-to-grade progression 419 and high school graduation.

2. A student with a disability, as defined in s. 1007.02, 420 421 for whom the individual education plan (IEP) team determines 422 that the statewide, standardized assessments under this section 423 cannot accurately measure the student's abilities, taking into consideration all allowable accommodations, shall have 424 425 assessment results waived for the purpose of receiving a course 42.6 grade and a standard high school diploma. Such waiver shall be 427 designated on the student's transcript. The statement of waiver 428 shall be limited to a statement that performance on an 429 assessment was waived for the purpose of receiving a course 430 grade or a standard high school diploma, as applicable.

3. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules, based upon recommendations of the commissioner, for the provision of assessment accommodations for students with disabilities and for students who have limited English proficiency.

435 a. Accommodations that negate the validity of a statewide, 436 standardized assessment are not allowed during the 437 administration of the assessment. However, instructional 438 accommodations are allowed in the classroom if identified in a 439 student's IEP. Students using instructional accommodations in 440 the classroom that are not allowed on a statewide, standardized 441 assessment may have assessment results waived if the IEP team 442 determines that the assessment cannot accurately measure the 443 student's abilities.

b. If a student is provided with instructional
accommodations in the classroom that are not allowed as
accommodations for statewide, standardized assessments, the

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447 district must inform the parent in writing and provide the 448 parent with information regarding the impact on the student's 449 ability to meet expected performance levels. A parent must 450 provide signed consent for a student to receive classroom 451 instructional accommodations that would not be available or 452 permitted on a statewide, standardized assessment and 453 acknowledge in writing that he or she understands the 454 implications of such instructional accommodations.

455 c. If a student's IEP states that online administration of 456 a statewide, standardized assessment will significantly impair 457 the student's ability to perform, the assessment shall be 458 administered in hard copy.

4. For students with significant cognitive disabilities, the Department of Education shall provide for implementation of the Florida Alternate Assessment to accurately measure the core curricular content established in the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards.

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(d) Implementation schedule .-

465 1. The Commissioner of Education shall establish and 466 publish on the department's website an implementation schedule 467 to transition from the statewide, standardized Reading and 468 Writing assessments to the ELA assessments and to the revised 469 Mathematics assessments, including the Algebra I and Ceometry 470 EOC assessments. The schedule must take into consideration 471 funding, sufficient field and baseline data, access to 472 assessments, instructional alignment, and school district 473 readiness to administer the assessments online. All such 474 assessments must be delivered through computer-based testing, 475 however, the following assessments must be delivered in a

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476 computer-based format, as follows: the grade 3 Mathematics 477 assessment beginning in the 2016-2017 school year; the grade 4 478 ELA assessment, beginning in the 2015-2016 school year; and the 479 grade 4 Mathematics assessment, beginning in the 2016-2017 480 school year. Notwithstanding the requirements of this 481 subparagraph, statewide, standardized ELA and mathematics 482 assessments in grades 3 through 6 must be delivered only in a 483 paper-based format, beginning with the 2017-2018 school year, 484 and all such assessments must be paper-based no later than the 485 2018-2019 school year. 486 2. The Department of Education shall publish minimum and

487 recommended technology requirements that include specifications 488 for hardware, software, networking, security, and broadband capacity to facilitate school district compliance with the requirements of this section.

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(g) Contracts for assessments.-

492 1. The commissioner shall provide for the assessments to be 493 developed or obtained, as appropriate, through contracts and 494 project agreements with private vendors, public vendors, public 495 agencies, postsecondary educational institutions, or school 496 districts. The commissioner may enter into contracts for the 497 continued administration of the assessments authorized and 498 funded by the Legislature. Contracts may be initiated in 1 499 fiscal year and continue into the next fiscal year and may be 500 paid from the appropriations of either or both fiscal years. The 501 commissioner may negotiate for the sale or lease of tests, 502 scoring protocols, test scoring services, and related materials 503 developed pursuant to law.

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2. A student's performance results on statewide,

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| 505 | standardized assessments, EOC assessments, and Florida |
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| 506 | Alternative Assessments administered pursuant to this subsection |
| 507 | must be provided to the student's teachers and parents by the |
| 508 | end of the school year, unless the commissioner determines that |
| 509 | extenuating circumstances exist and reports the extenuating |
| 510 | circumstances to the State Board of Education. This subparagraph |
| 511 | does not apply to existing contracts for such assessments, but |
| 512 | shall apply to new contracts and any renewal of existing |
| 513 | contracts for such assessments. |
| 514 | 3. If liquidated damages are applicable, the department |
| 515 | shall collect liquidated damages that are due in response to the |
| 516 | administration of the spring 2015 computer-based assessments of |
| 517 | the department's Florida Standards Assessment contract with |
| 518 | American Institutes for Research, and expend the funds to |
| 519 | reimburse parties that incurred damages. |
| 520 | (6) LOCAL ASSESSMENT OF STUDENT PERFORMANCE ON STATE |
| 521 | STANDARDS |
| 522 | (a) Measurement of student performance is the |
| 523 | responsibility of school districts except in those subjects and |
| 524 | grade levels measured under the statewide, standardized |
| 525 | assessment program described in this section. When available, |
| 526 | instructional personnel must be provided with information on |
| 527 | student achievement of standards and benchmarks in order to |
| 528 | improve instruction. |
| 529 | (b) The Commissioner of Education shall assist and support |
| 530 | districts in measuring student performance on the state |

531 standards by maintaining a statewide item bank, facilitating the 532 sharing of developed tests or test items among school districts, 533 and providing technical assistance in best assessment practices.

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534 The commissioner may discontinue the item bank if he or she 535 determines that district participation is insufficient for its 536 sustainability.

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(7) ASSESSMENT SCHEDULES AND REPORTING OF RESULTS.-

538 (a) The Commissioner of Education shall establish schedules 539 for the administration of statewide, standardized assessments 540 and the reporting of student assessment results. The 541 commissioner shall consider the observance of religious and 542 school holidays when developing the schedules. The assessment 543 and reporting schedules must provide the earliest possible 544 reporting of student assessment results to the school districts τ 545 consistent with the requirements of paragraph (3)(g). Assessment 546 results for the statewide, standardized ELA and mathematics 547 assessments and all statewide, standardized EOC assessments must 548 be made available no later than June 30, except for results for 549 the grade 3 statewide, standardized ELA assessment, which must 550 be made available no later than May 31. School districts shall 551 administer statewide, standardized assessments in accordance 552 with the schedule established by the commissioner.

553 (b) By January of each year, beginning in 2018, the 554 commissioner shall publish on the department's website a uniform 555 calendar that includes the assessment and reporting schedules 556 for, at a minimum, the next 2 school years. The uniform calendar 557 must be provided to school districts in an electronic format 558 that allows each school district and public school to populate 559 the calendar with, at minimum, the following information for 560 reporting the district assessment schedules under paragraph (d):

561 1. Whether the assessment is a district-required assessment562 or a state-required assessment.

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563 2. The specific date or dates that each assessment will be 564 administered. 3. The time allotted to administer each assessment. 565 566 4. Whether the assessment is a computer-based assessment or 567 a paper-based assessment. 568 5. The grade level or subject area associated with the 569 assessment. 570 6. The date that the assessment results are expected to be 571 available to teachers and parents. 572 7. The type of assessment, the purpose of the assessment, 573 and the use of the assessment results. 574 8. A glossary of assessment terminology. 575 9. Estimates of average time for administering state-576 required and district-required assessments, by grade level. 577 (c) Beginning with the 2018-2019 school year, The spring 578 administration of the statewide, standardized assessments in 579 paragraphs (3)(a) and (b), excluding assessment retakes, must be 580 in accordance with the following schedule: 581 1. The grade 3 statewide, standardized ELA assessment and 582 the writing portion of the statewide, standardized ELA 583 assessment for grades 4 through 10 must be administered no 584 earlier than April 1 each year within an assessment window not to exceed 2 weeks. 585 586 2. With the exception of assessments identified in 587 subparagraph 1., any statewide, standardized assessment that is 588 delivered in a paper-based format must be administered no 589 earlier than May 1 each year within an assessment window not to 590 exceed 2 weeks. 591 3. With the exception of assessments identified in



592 subparagraphs 1. and 2., any statewide, standardized assessment 593 must be administered within a 4-week assessment window that opens no earlier than May 1 each year. 594

596 Each school district shall administer the assessments identified under subparagraphs 2. and 3. no earlier than 4 weeks before the 597 598 last day of school for the district.

599 (h) The results of statewide, standardized ELA, and 600 mathematics, science, and social studies assessments, including 601 assessment retakes, shall be reported in an easy-to-read and 602 understandable format and delivered in time to provide useful, 603 actionable information to students, parents, and each student's current teacher of record and teacher of record for the 605 subsequent school year; however, in any case, the district shall 606 provide the results pursuant to this paragraph within 1 week after receiving the results from the department. A report of 608 student assessment results must, at a minimum, contain:

1. A clear explanation of the student's performance on the applicable statewide, standardized assessments.

2. Information identifying the student's areas of strength and areas in need of improvement.

3. Specific actions that may be taken, and the available 613 614 resources that may be used, by the student's parent to assist 615 his or her child based on the student's areas of strength and 616 areas in need of improvement.

617 4. Longitudinal information, if available, on the student's 618 progress in each subject area based on previous statewide, 619 standardized assessment data.

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5. Comparative information showing the student's score

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621 compared to other students in the school district, in the state,622 or, if available, in other states.

623 6. Predictive information, if available, showing the 624 linkage between the scores attained by the student on the 625 statewide, standardized assessments and the scores he or she may 626 potentially attain on nationally recognized college entrance 627 examinations.

(8) PUBLICATION OF ASSESSMENTS.-To promote transparency in the statewide assessment program, in any procurement for the <u>statewide, standardized assessments in ELA, assessment in grades</u> 3 through 10 and the mathematics, <u>science</u>, <u>and social studies</u> assessment in grades 3 through 8, the Department of Education shall solicit cost proposals for publication of the state assessments on its website in accordance with this subsection.

(a) The department shall publish each assessment
administered under paragraph (3) (a) and subparagraph (3) (b)1.,
excluding assessment retakes, at least once on a triennial basis
pursuant to a schedule determined by the Commissioner of
Education. Each assessment, when published, must have been
administered during the most recent school year and be in a
format that facilitates the sharing of assessment items.

(b) The initial publication of assessments must occur no
later than June 30, <u>2024</u> 2021, subject to appropriation, and
must include, at a minimum, the grade 3 ELA and mathematics
assessments, the grade 10 ELA assessment, and the Algebra I EOC
assessment.

647 (c) The department must provide materials on its website to
648 help the public interpret assessment information published
649 pursuant to this subsection.

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650 (9) CONCORDANT SCORES. - The Commissioner of Education must 651 identify scores on the SAT and ACT that if achieved satisfy the 652 graduation requirement that a student pass the grade 10 653 statewide, standardized Reading assessment or, upon 654 implementation, the grade 10 ELA assessment. The commissioner 655 may identify concordant scores on assessments other than the SAT 656 and ACT. If the content or scoring procedures change for the 657 grade 10 Reading assessment or, upon implementation, the grade 658 10 ELA assessment, new concordant scores must be determined. If 659 new concordant scores are not timely adopted, the last-adopted 660 concordant scores remain in effect until such time as new scores 661 are adopted. The state board shall adopt concordant scores in 662 rule.

Section 11. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 1008.25, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1008.25 Public school student progression; student support; reporting requirements.-

(2) STUDENT PROGRESSION PLAN.-Each district school board shall establish a comprehensive plan for student progression which must provide for a student's progression from one grade to another based on the student's mastery of the standards in s. 1003.41, specifically English Language Arts, mathematics, science, and social studies standards. The plan must:

(a) Include criteria that emphasize student reading
proficiency in kindergarten through grade 3 and provide targeted
instructional support for students with identified deficiencies
in English Language Arts, mathematics, science, and social
studies. High schools shall use all available assessment
results, including the results of statewide, standardized

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679 English Language Arts assessments and end-of-course assessments 680 for Algebra I and Geometry, to advise students of any identified 681 deficiencies and to provide appropriate postsecondary 682 preparatory instruction before high school graduation. The 683 results of evaluations used to monitor a student's progress in 684 grades K-12 must be provided to the student's teacher in a 685 timely manner and as otherwise required by law. Thereafter, 686 evaluation results must be provided to the student's parent in a timely manner. When available, instructional personnel must be 687 688 provided with information on student achievement of standards 689 and benchmarks in order to improve instruction.

Section 12. Subsection (1), paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (3), and subsection (4) of section 1008.33, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1008.33 Authority to enforce public school improvement.-

(1) The State Board of Education shall comply with the federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA), 20 U.S.C. ss. 6301 et seq., its implementing regulations, and the ESEA <u>plan</u> flexibility waiver approved for Florida by the United States Secretary of Education. The state board may adopt rules to maintain compliance with the ESEA and the ESEA <u>plan</u> flexibility waiver.

(3) (a) The academic performance of all students has a significant effect on the state school system. Pursuant to Art. IX of the State Constitution, which prescribes the duty of the State Board of Education to supervise Florida's public school system, the state board shall equitably enforce the accountability requirements of the state school system and may impose state requirements on school districts in order to

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improve the academic performance of all districts, schools, and students based upon the provisions of the Florida K-20 Education Code, chapters 1000-1013; the federal ESEA and its implementing regulations; and the ESEA <u>plan</u> flexibility waiver approved for Florida by the United States Secretary of Education.

(b) The Department of Education shall annually identify each public school in need of intervention and support to improve student academic performance. <u>A deficient and failing</u> <u>school is a school All schools</u> earning a grade of "D" or "F" pursuant to s. 1008.34 are schools in need of intervention and support.

719 (4) (a) The state board shall apply intensive intervention 720 and support strategies tailored to the needs of schools earning 721 a grade two consecutive grades of "D" or a grade of "F." In the 722 first full school year after a school initially earns a grade 723 two consecutive grades of "D" or a grade of "F," the school 724 district must immediately implement intervention and support 725 strategies prescribed in rule under paragraph (3)(c) and, by 726 September 1, provide the department with the memorandum of 727 understanding negotiated pursuant to s. 1001.42(21) and, by 728 October 1, a district-managed turnaround plan for approval by 729 the state board. The district-managed turnaround plan may 730 include a proposal for the district to implement an extended 7.31 school day, a summer program, or a combination of an extended 732 school day and a summer program. Upon approval by the state 733 board, the school district must implement the plan for the 734 remainder of the school year and continue the plan for 1 full 735 school year. The state board may allow a school an additional 736 year of implementation before the school must implement a

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COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2020 Bill No. SB 1498

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737 turnaround option required under paragraph (b) if it determines 738 that the school is likely to improve to a grade of "C" or higher 739 after the first full school year of implementation, and will 740 sustain the improvement beyond the next school year.

(b) Unless an additional year of implementation is provided pursuant to paragraph (a), a school that <u>completes a district-</u> <u>managed turnaround plan cycle and does not improve to at least a</u> <u>grade of earns three consecutive grades below a</u> "C" <u>or higher</u> <u>must implement one of the following:</u>

1. Upon the recommendation of the Commissioner of Education, the state board may allow the school district to close the school and reassign students to another school with a school grade of "C" or higher, provide additional services to reassigned students which are designed to address deficiencies and improve performance, and monitor the progress of each reassigned student for 3 school years;

2. <u>Repurpose</u> Close the school and reopen the school as one or more charter schools, each with a governing board that has a demonstrated record of effectiveness; or

756 3. Enter into a performance contract with an external 757 operator outside entity that has a demonstrated record of effectiveness to operate the school. The contract must allow 758 759 unilateral cancellation by the school district upon revocation 760 of the turnaround plan under paragraph (f). An external operator 761 outside entity may include the State University System or 762 Florida College System institution or a district-managed charter 763 school in which all instructional personnel are not employees of 764 the school district, but are employees of an independent 765 governing board composed of members who did not participate in

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766 the review or approval of the charter.

(c) <u>During the implementation of a turnaround option, the</u> <u>district may request a new turnaround option.</u> Implementation of the turnaround option is no longer required if the school improves to a grade of "C" or higher.

(d) If a school <u>carning two consecutive grades of "D" or a</u> <u>grade of "F"</u> does not improve to a grade of "C" or higher after 2 school years of implementing the turnaround option selected by the school district under paragraph (b), the school district must implement another turnaround option. Implementation of the turnaround option must begin the school year following the implementation period of the existing turnaround option, unless the state board determines that the school is likely to improve to a grade of "C" or higher if additional time is provided to implement the existing turnaround option.

(e) If a school earns a grade of "D" or "F" within 4 years after improving to a grade of "C" or higher, the school may only select a turnaround option under paragraph (b).

(f) The state board may revoke a turnaround plan if a school district fails to follow the terms and conditions of its approved plan. Before revoking a turnaround plan, the state board shall consider any curative action taken or proposed by the school district and the feasibility of improving performance under the plan during the remainder of the approval period. Upon revocation of a turnaround plan, a school district must submit a new turnaround plan or select a new turnaround option.

792 Section 13. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1) and 793 paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 1008.34, Florida 794 Statutes, are amended to read:

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| 795 | 1008.34 School grading system; school report cards; |
|-----|--|
| 796 | district grade |
| 797 | (1) DEFINITIONSFor purposes of the statewide, |
| 798 | standardized assessment program and school grading system, the |
| 799 | following terms are defined: |
| 800 | (a) "Achievement level," "student achievement," or |
| 801 | "achievement" describes the level of content mastery a student |
| 802 | has acquired in a particular subject as measured by a statewide, |
| 803 | standardized assessment administered pursuant to s. |
| 804 | 1008.22(3)(a) and (b). There are five achievement levels. Level |
| 805 | 1 is the lowest achievement level, level 5 is the highest |
| 806 | achievement level, and level 3 indicates satisfactory |
| 807 | performance. A student passes an assessment if the student |
| 808 | achieves a level 3, level 4, or level 5. For purposes of the |
| 809 | Florida Alternate Assessment administered pursuant to <u>s.</u> |
| 810 | 1008.22(3)(d) s. $1008.22(3)(c)$, the state board shall provide, |
| 811 | in rule, the number of achievement levels and identify the |
| 812 | achievement levels that are considered passing. For the purpose |
| 813 | of calculating school grades under this section, the State Board |
| 814 | of Education shall adopt by rule passing scores for the |
| 815 | nationally recognized high school assessment selected pursuant |
| 816 | to s. 1008.22(3)(c). |
| 817 | (b) "Learning Gains , " "annual learning gains," or "student |
| 818 | learning gains" means the degree of student learning growth |
| 819 | occurring over time from one school year to the next as required |
| 820 | by state board rule for purposes of calculating school grades |
| 821 | under this section. |
| 822 | (3) DESIGNATION OF SCHOOL GRADES |
| 823 | (b)1. Beginning with the 2014-2015 school year, A school's |

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824 grade shall be based on the following components, each worth 100 825 points:

a. The percentage of eligible students passing statewide,
standardized assessments in English Language Arts under s.
1008.22(3), and beginning with the 2022-2023 school year, the
percentage of eligible students passing the relevant portions of
the nationally recognized high school assessment selected
pursuant to s. 1008.22(3)(c).

b. The percentage of eligible students passing statewide, standardized assessments in mathematics under s. 1008.22(3), and beginning with the 2022-2023 school year, the percentage of eligible students passing the relevant portions of the nationally recognized high school assessment selected pursuant to s. 1008.22(3)(c).

c. The percentage of eligible students passing statewide, standardized assessments in science under s. 1008.22(3).

d. The percentage of eligible students passing statewide, standardized assessments in social studies under s. 1008.22(3).

e. The percentage of eligible students who make LearningGains in English Language Arts as measured by statewide,standardized assessments administered under s. 1008.22(3).

845 f. The percentage of eligible students who make Learning 846 Gains in mathematics as measured by statewide, standardized 847 assessments administered under s. 1008.22(3).

g. The percentage of eligible students in the lowest 25
percent in English Language Arts, as identified by prior year
performance on statewide, standardized assessments, who make
Learning Gains as measured by statewide, standardized English
Language Arts assessments administered under s. 1008.22(3).

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853 h. The percentage of eligible students in the lowest 25 854 percent in mathematics, as identified by prior year performance on statewide, standardized assessments, who make Learning Gains 855 856 as measured by statewide, standardized Mathematics assessments 857 administered under s. 1008.22(3). 858 i. For schools comprised of middle grades 6 through 8 or 859 grades 7 and 8, the percentage of eligible students passing high 860 school level statewide, standardized end-of-course assessments 861 or attaining national industry certifications identified in the 862 CAPE Industry Certification Funding List pursuant to rules 863 adopted by the State Board of Education. 864 865 In calculating Learning Gains for the components listed in sub-866 subparagraphs e.-h., the State Board of Education shall require 867 that learning growth toward achievement levels 3, 4, and 5 is 868 demonstrated by students who scored below each of those levels 869 in the prior year. In calculating the components in sub-870 subparagraphs a.-d., the state board shall include the 871 performance of English language learners only if they have been 872 enrolled in a school in the United States for more than 2 years. 873 2. For a school comprised of grades 9, 10, 11, and 12, or 874 grades 10, 11, and 12, the school's grade shall also be based on 875 the following components, each worth 100 points:

a. The 4-year high school graduation rate of the school asdefined by state board rule.

b. The percentage of students who were eligible to earn
college and career credit through College Board Advanced
Placement examinations, International Baccalaureate
examinations, dual enrollment courses, or Advanced International

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882 Certificate of Education examinations; or who, at any time 883 during high school, earned national industry certification identified in the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List, 884 885 pursuant to rules adopted by the state board.

886 Section 14. Subsection (2) of section 1008.3415, Florida 887 Statutes, is amended to read:

1008.3415 School grade or school improvement rating for exceptional student education centers.-

(2) Notwithstanding s. 1008.34, the achievement levels and 890 891 Learning Gains of a student with a disability who attends an 892 exceptional student education center and has not been enrolled 893 in or attended a public school other than an exceptional student 894 education center for grades K-12 within the school district 895 shall not be included in the calculation of the home school's 896 grade if the student is identified as an emergent student on the 897 alternate assessment described in s. 1008.22(3)(d) s. 898 $\frac{1008.22(3)(c)}{}$

Section 15. Subsection (21) of section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1011.62 Funds for operation of schools.-If the annual 902 allocation from the Florida Education Finance Program to each 903 district for operation of schools is not determined in the annual appropriations act or the substantive bill implementing the annual appropriations act, it shall be determined as 906 follows:

907 (21) TURNAROUND SCHOOL SUPPLEMENTAL SERVICES ALLOCATION.-908 The turnaround school supplemental services allocation is 909 created to provide district-managed turnaround schools, as 910 identified in s. 1008.33(4)(a), schools implementing a charter

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911 or an external operator turnaround option, that earn three consecutive grades below a "C," as identified in s. 912 913 1008.33(4)(c)3. s. 1008.33(4)(b)3., and schools that have improved to a "C" or higher and are no longer in turnaround 914 915 status, as identified in s. 1008.33(4)(d) s. 1008.33(4)(c), with 916 funds to offer services designed to improve the overall academic 917 and community welfare of the schools' students and their 918 families.

919 (a)1. Services funded by the allocation may include, but 920 are not limited to, tutorial and after-school programs, student counseling, nutrition education, parental counseling, and an 921 922 extended school day and school year. In addition, services may 923 include models that develop a culture that encourages students 924 to complete high school and to attend college or career 925 training, set high academic expectations, and inspire character 926 development.

927 2. A school district may enter into a formal agreement with 928 a nonprofit organization that has tax-exempt status under s. 929 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code to implement an 930 integrated student support service model that provides students 931 and families with access to wrap-around services, including, but 932 not limited to, health services, after-school programs, drug 933 prevention programs, college and career readiness programs, and 934 food and clothing banks.

935 (b) Before distribution of the allocation, the school 936 district shall develop and submit a plan for implementation to 937 its school board for approval no later than August 1 of each 938 fiscal year.

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(c) At a minimum, the plan required under paragraph (b)

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| must: |
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| 1. Establish comprehensive support services that develop |
| family and community partnerships; |
| 2. Establish clearly defined and measurable high academic |
| and character standards; |
| 3. Increase parental involvement and engagement in the |
| child's education; |
| 4. Describe how instructional personnel will be identified, |
| recruited, retained, and rewarded; |
| 5. Provide professional development that focuses on |
| academic rigor, direct instruction, and creating high academic |
| and character standards; |
| 6. Provide focused instruction to improve student academic |
| proficiency, which may include additional instruction time |
| beyond the normal school day or school year; and |
| 7. Include a strategy for continuing to provide services |
| after the school is no longer in turnaround status by virtue of |
| achieving a grade of "C" or higher. |
| (d) Each school district shall submit its approved plans to |
| the commissioner by September 1 of each fiscal year. |
| (e) Subject to legislative appropriation, each school |
| district's allocation must be based on the unweighted FTE |
| student enrollment at the eligible schools and a per-FTE funding |
| amount of \$500 or as provided in the General Appropriations Act. |
| The supplement provided in the General Appropriations Act shall |
| be based on the most recent school grades and shall serve as a |
| proxy for the official calculation. Once school grades are |
| available for the school year immediately preceding the fiscal |
| year coinciding with the appropriation, the supplement shall be |
| |



969 recalculated for the official participating schools as part of 970 the subsequent FEFP calculation. The commissioner may prepare a 971 preliminary calculation so that districts may proceed with 972 timely planning and use of the funds. If the calculated funds 973 for the statewide allocation exceed the funds appropriated, the 974 allocation of funds to each school district must be prorated 975 based on each school district's share of the total unweighted 976 FTE student enrollment for the eligible schools.

977 (f) Subject to legislative appropriation, each school shall 978 remain eligible for the allocation for a maximum of 4 continuous 979 fiscal years while implementing a turnaround option pursuant to 980 s. 1008.33(4). In addition, a school that improves to a grade of 981 "C" or higher shall remain eligible to receive the allocation 982 for a maximum of 2 continuous fiscal years after exiting 983 turnaround status.

Section 16. For the 2020-2021 fiscal year, the sum of \$8 million in recurring funds is appropriated from the General Revenue Fund to the Department of Education to implement s. 1008.22(3)(c), as created by this act.

994Delete everything before the enacting clause995and insert:

A bill to be entitled An act relating to education; amending s. 1001.23,

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998 F.S.; authorizing the Department of Education to hold 999 patents, copyrights, trademarks, and service marks; 1000 authorizing the department to take specified actions 1001 to enforce its rights under certain circumstances; 1002 requiring the department to notify the Department of 1003 State under certain circumstances; requiring certain 1004 proceeds to be deposited into a specified trust fund; 1005 amending s. 1003.33, F.S.; requiring final report 1006 cards to be issued within a multiple specified 1007 timeframes; amending s. 1003.4156, F.S.; conforming 1008 provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 1009 1003.4282, F.S.; deleting obsolete language; requiring 1010 certain students to take a specified assessment 1011 relating to civic literacy; providing that such 1012 assessment meets certain postsecondary requirements 1013 under specified circumstances; amending s. 1003.4285, 1014 F.S.; revising the requirements for earning the 1015 Scholar designation on a standard high school diploma; 1016 amending s. 1006.33, F.S.; authorizing the department 1017 to establish timeframes for specified purposes 1018 relating to instructional materials for a certain 1019 adoption cycle; amending s. 1007.25, F.S.; requiring 1020 postsecondary students to complete a civic literacy 1021 course and pass a specified assessment to demonstrate 1022 competency in civic literacy; authorizing students to 1023 meet the assessment requirements in high school; 1024 amending s. 1007.35, F.S.; requiring the Florida 1025 Partnership for Minority and Underrepresented Student 1026 Achievement to provide specified information to



1027 students relating to transitioning to postsecondary 1028 education; revising certain reporting requirements; 1029 amending s. 1008.212, F.S.; conforming cross-1030 references; amending s. 1008.22, F.S.; deleting 1031 obsolete language; discontinuing a specified English Language Arts assessment at a certain time; requiring 1032 1033 certain statewide, standardized assessments to be 1034 administered in a paper-based format; requiring school 1035 districts to provide the SAT or ACT to grade 11 1036 students beginning in a specified school year; 1037 requiring the Commissioner of Education to choose 1038 which assessment to administer; providing that funding 1039 for the assessments shall be as provided by 1040 appropriation; deleting specified reporting 1041 requirements; deleting a requirement that the 1042 Commissioner of Education maintain a specified item 1043 bank; deleting specified requirements for the date of 1044 the administration of specified assessments; revising 1045 a deadline for the publication of certain assessments; 1046 amending s. 1008.25, F.S.; revising which assessments 1047 a high school must use to advise students of specified 1048 deficiencies; amending s. 1008.33, F.S.; revising 1049 requirements for certain intervention and support 1050 strategies; revising requirements for the State Board 1051 of Education to allow a school an additional year of 1052 implementation of a district-managed turnaround plan; 1053 revising the requirements for turnaround options for 1054 specified schools; authorizing a school district to 1055 request a new turnaround option; providing

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2020 Bill No. SB 1498



| 1056 | requirements for certain schools that reenter the |
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| 1057 | turnaround system; authorizing the state board to |
| 1058 | revoke a turnaround plan under certain circumstances; |
| 1059 | providing requirements for such revocation; amending |
| 1060 | s. 1008.34, F.S.; revising definitions; revising |
| 1061 | school grade calculations to include specified |
| 1062 | assessment results beginning in a specified school |
| 1063 | year; amending s. 1008.3415, F.S.; conforming a cross- |
| 1064 | reference; amending s. 1011.62, F.S.; revising the |
| 1065 | eligibility criteria for the turnaround school |
| 1066 | supplemental services allocation; providing an |
| 1067 | appropriation; providing effective dates. |
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LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate Comm: WD 02/17/2020 House

Senate Amendment to Amendment (929338) (with title

The Committee on Education (Baxley) recommended the following:

amendment)

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Between lines 23 and 24

insert:

Section 2. Subsection (4) of section 1003.05, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.05 Assistance to transitioning students from military families.-

10 (4) A student whose parent is transferred or is pending
11 transfer to a military installation within a <u>Florida</u> school



| 12 | district while on active military duty pursuant to an official |
|----|--|
| 13 | military order shall be considered a resident of the school |
| 14 | district for purposes of enrollment when the order is submitted |
| 15 | to the school district and shall be provided preferential |
| 16 | treatment in the controlled open enrollment process of the |
| 17 | school district pursuant to s. 1002.31. |
| 18 | |
| 19 | ========== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ================================= |
| 20 | And the title is amended as follows: |
| 21 | Between lines 1004 and 1005 |
| 22 | insert: |
| 23 | amending s. 1003.05, F.S.; providing that a student |
| 24 | whose parent is transferred or is pending transfer to |
| 25 | a military installation within a school district in |
| 26 | this state is considered a resident of that school |
| 27 | district for enrollment purposes; |
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LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate Comm: RCS 02/17/2020 House

The Committee on Education (Baxley) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment to Amendment (929338) (with title amendment)

Between lines 23 and 24

insert:

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Section 2. Subsection (4) of section 1003.05, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.05 Assistance to transitioning students from military families.-

10 (4) A student whose parent is transferred or is pending
11 transfer to a military installation within a this state school



| 12 | district while on active military duty pursuant to an official |
|----|--|
| 13 | military order <u>is</u> shall be considered a resident of the school |
| 14 | district for purposes of enrollment when the order is submitted |
| 15 | to the school district and \underline{must} \underline{shall} be provided preferential |
| 16 | treatment in the controlled open enrollment process of the |
| 17 | school district pursuant to s. 1002.31. |
| 18 | |
| 19 | ========= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ============ |
| 20 | And the title is amended as follows: |
| 21 | Between lines 1004 and 1005 |
| 22 | insert: |
| 23 | amending s. 1003.05, F.S.; providing that a student |
| 24 | whose parent is transferred or is pending transfer to |
| 25 | a military installation within this state is |
| 26 | considered a resident of that school district for |
| 27 | enrollment purposes and given preferential treatment; |
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LEGISLATIVE ACTION

| Senate | • |
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| Comm: RCS | |
| 02/17/2020 | |
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The Committee on Education (Baxley) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment to Amendment (929338)

Delete lines 115 - 117

and insert:

grade. Beginning with the 2020-2021 school year, all students

6 shall take the assessment of civic literacy adopted by the State

Board of Education under s. 1007.25(4) by grade 12. A student

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House



LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate . Comm: RCS . 02/17/2020 . .

The Committee on Education (Baxley) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment to Amendment (929338)

Delete line 334

4 and insert:

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students in grades 3 through 10. The grade 9 ELA

House



LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate . Comm: RCS . 02/17/2020 . .

The Committee on Education (Baxley) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment to Amendment (929338) (with title amendment)

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Delete lines 405 - 413

and insert:

(c) Nationally recognized high school assessments.-1. Beginning with the 2020-2021 school year, each school district shall provide for the administration of the SAT or the ACT to each public school student in the district in grade 11, including students attending public high schools, alternative schools, and centers of the Department of Juvenile Justice.

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| 12 | 2. School districts shall choose either the SAT or ACT for |
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| 13 | districtwide administration. |
| 14 | 3. Funding for the administration of the SAT and the ACT |
| 15 | for all such grade 11 students shall be as provided in the |
| 16 | General Appropriations Act. |
| 17 | |
| 18 | =========== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ================================= |
| 19 | And the title is amended as follows: |
| 20 | Delete lines 1037 - 1038 |
| 21 | and insert: |
| 22 | requiring school districts to choose which assessment |
| 23 | to administer; providing that funding |
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Page 2 of 2



LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate Comm: RCS 02/17/2020 House

Senate Amendment to Amendment (929338) (with title amendment)

The Committee on Education (Berman) recommended the following:

Between lines 983 and 984

insert:

Section 16. Subsection (4) is added to section 1013.44, Florida Statutes, to read:

1013.44 Low-energy use design; solar energy systems; swimming pool heaters.-

(4) Any costs associated with a solar energy system that is located on the property of an educational facility may not be

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| 12 | included in the total cost per student station limitations on |
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| 13 | new construction established in s. 1013.64(6)(b). |
| 14 | |
| 15 | =========== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ================================= |
| 16 | And the title is amended as follows: |
| 17 | Delete line 1066 |
| 18 | and insert: |
| 19 | supplemental services allocation; amending s. 1013.44, |
| 20 | F.S.; prohibiting costs associated with certain solar |
| 21 | energy systems from being included in specified cost |
| 22 | per student station limitations; providing an |
| | |
| | |

SB 1498

By Senator Baxley

12-01321B-20 20201498 1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to school turnaround; amending s. 1008.33, F.S.; revising the criteria for schools that are deemed to be in need of intervention and support; providing that a school district may request to change a turnaround option after the first year of implementation; authorizing the school district to request additional time to implement a turnaround ç option only if certain conditions are met; providing 10 new requirements for schools that complete a district-11 managed turnaround plan and do not improve; 12 authorizing the State Board of Education to revoke a 13 turnaround plan when the school district has failed to 14 follow the terms or meet the requirements of its 15 approved plan; amending s. 1011.62, F.S.; clarifying 16 provisions related to the turnaround school 17 supplemental services allocation; amending ss. 18 1002.33, 1002.332, and 1002.333, F.S.; conforming 19 cross-references; providing an effective date. 20 21 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 22 23 Section 1. Subsections (3) and (4) of section 1008.33, 24 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 25 1008.33 Authority to enforce public school improvement.-26 (3) (a) The academic performance of all students has a 27 significant effect on the state school system. Pursuant to Art. 2.8 IX of the State Constitution, which prescribes the duty of the 29 State Board of Education to supervise Florida's public school Page 1 of 15

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

12-01321B-20 20201498 30 system, the state board shall equitably enforce the 31 accountability requirements of the state school system and may 32 impose state requirements on school districts in order to 33 improve the academic performance of all districts, schools, and 34 students based upon the provisions of the Florida K-20 Education 35 Code, chapters 1000-1013; the federal ESEA and its implementing 36 regulations; and the ESEA flexibility waiver approved for 37 Florida by the United States Secretary of Education. 38 (b) The Department of Education shall annually identify 39 each public school in need of intervention and support to 40 improve student academic performance. A deficient and failing school is a school that earns All schools earning a grade of "D" 41 or "F" pursuant to s. 1008.34 and needs are schools in need of 42 43 intervention and support. 44 (c) The state board shall adopt by rule a differentiated 45 matrix of intervention and support strategies for assisting traditional public schools identified under this section and 46 47 rules for implementing s. 1002.33(9)(n), relating to charter 48 schools. The intervention and support strategies must address 49 student performance and may include improvement planning; leadership quality improvement; educator quality improvement; 50 professional development; curriculum review, pacing, and 51 52 alignment across grade levels to improve background knowledge in 53 social studies, science, and the arts; and the use of continuous 54 improvement and monitoring plans and processes. In addition, the 55 state board may prescribe reporting requirements to review and 56 monitor the progress of the schools. The rule must define the 57 intervention and support strategies for school improvement for schools earning a grade of "D" or "F" and the roles for the 58 Page 2 of 15

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

SB 1498

| | 12-01321B-20 | 20201498 | | 12-01321B-20 | 2020149 |
|----|--|----------------------------------|-----|--|----------------------------|
| 59 | district and department. | | 88 | 1008.34(3)(b); | |
| 50 | (4)(a) The state board shall apply intensiv | e intervention | 89 | 2. The request demonstrates that the | school that is the |
| 1 | and support strategies tailored to the needs of | schools earning | 90 | subject of the school improvement plan do | es not have any |
| 2 | two consecutive grades of "D" or a grade of "F." | In the first | 91 | instructional personnel who have received | l an unsatisfactory |
| 3 | full school year after a school initially earns | two consecutive | 92 | evaluation and that the percentage of suc | ch personnel who have |
| 4 | grades of "D" or a grade of "F," the school dist | rict must | 93 | received an evaluation of needs improveme | ent is at or below th |
| 5 | immediately implement intervention and support s | trategies | 94 | Florida Value-Added Model (VAM) average i | f the district has m |
| 6 | prescribed in rule under paragraph (3)(c) and, h | y September 1, | 95 | than five schools, or the state VAM avera | ge where the distric |
| 57 | provide the department with the memorandum of un | derstanding | 96 | has five or fewer schools; | |
| 58 | negotiated pursuant to s. 1001.42(21) and, by Oc | tober 1, a | 97 | 3. During the remainder of the imple | mentation of the |
| 69 | district-managed turnaround plan for approval by | the state | 98 | turnaround plan, the district agrees to s | staff the school with |
| 70 | board. The district-managed turnaround plan may | include a | 99 | any instructional personnel who have rece | vived an unsatisfact |
| 1 | proposal for the district to implement an extend | led school day, a | 100 | evaluation and to maintain or improve the | e school's percentag |
| 2 | summer program, or a combination of an extended | school day and a | 101 | such personnel who have received a needs | improvement evaluat |
| 3 | summer program. Upon approval by the state board | , the school | 102 | and | |
| 4 | district shall must implement the plan for the r | emainder of the | 103 | 4. The request includes a description | on of the services t |
| 75 | school year, and continue the plan for 1 full so | hool year <u>, or</u> | 104 | will be implemented to ensure the sustain | ability of improvem |
| 76 | the district may request to change a turnaround | option after the | 105 | during the next year and thereafter. | |
| 77 | first year of implementation. The state board ma | y allow a school | 106 | <u>(c)</u> (b) Unless an additional year of | implementation is |
| 78 | an additional year of implementation before the | school must | 107 | provided pursuant to paragraph (a), a sch | ool that completes |
| 79 | implement a turnaround option required under par | agraph <u>(c)</u> (b) | 108 | district-managed turnaround plan cycle an | d does not improve |
| 80 | if it determines that the school is likely to im | prove to a grade | 109 | at least a grade of "C" or higher earns t | hree consecutive gr |
| 31 | of \C'' or higher after the first full school year | r of | 110 | below a "C" must implement one of the fol | .lowing: |
| 32 | implementation. | | 111 | 1. Upon the recommendation of the Co | mmissioner of |
| 33 | (b) A district may request additional time | only if the | 112 | Education, the state board may choose to | allow the school |
| 4 | following conditions are met; however, the State | Board of | 113 | district to close the school, reassign st | udents to another |
| 35 | Education is not required to grant any such requ | lest: | 114 | school with a school grade of "C" or high | <u>er,</u> and monitor the |
| 36 | 1. The request demonstrates that the school | has a positive | 115 | progress of each reassigned student for 3 | school years; |
| 87 | trajectory using the school grade components spe | cified in s. | 116 | 2. Close the school and reopen <u>Repur</u> | pose the school as |
| | Page 3 of 15 | · · | | Page 4 of 15 | |
| _ | 5 | | | | |

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12-01321B-20 20201498 117 or more charter schools, each with a governing board that has a 118 demonstrated record of effectiveness; or 119 3. Enter into an annual performance contract with an 120 external operator outside entity that has a demonstrated record 121 of effectiveness to operate the school. An external operator 122 outside entity may include a provider authorized by the State 123 University System or Florida College System or a district-124 managed charter school in which all instructional personnel are 125 not employees of the school district, but are employees of an 126 independent governing board composed of members who did not 127 participate in the review or approval of the charter. 128 (d) (c) During the first year of implementation of a 129 turnaround option, the district may request a new turnaround 130 option. Implementation of the turnaround option is no longer 131 required if the school improves to a grade of "C" or higher. 132 (e) (d) If a school earning two consecutive grades of "D" or 133 a grade of "F" does not improve to a grade of "C" or higher 134 after 2 school years of implementing the turnaround option 135 selected by the school district under paragraph (c) (b), the 136 school district must implement another turnaround option. 137 Implementation of the turnaround option must begin the school 138 year following the implementation period of the existing 139 turnaround option, unless the state board determines that the 140 school is likely to improve to a grade of "C" or higher if 141 additional time is provided to implement the existing turnaround 142 option. 143 (f) The state board may revoke a turnaround plan when a 144 district has failed to follow the terms of its approved plan or 145 to meet the requirements of the plan. Prior to revocation, the

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| 146 | state board shall consider any curative action taken or proposed |
| 147 | by the district and the feasibility of improving performance |
| 148 | under the plan during the remainder of the approval period. Upon |
| 149 | revocation, the state board may require a district to submit a |
| 150 | new plan or select a new turnaround option. |
| 151 | Section 2. Subsection (21) of section 1011.62, Florida |
| 152 | Statutes, is amended to read: |
| 153 | 1011.62 Funds for operation of schoolsIf the annual |
| 154 | allocation from the Florida Education Finance Program to each |
| 155 | district for operation of schools is not determined in the |
| 156 | annual appropriations act or the substantive bill implementing |
| 157 | the annual appropriations act, it shall be determined as |
| 158 | follows: |
| 159 | (21) TURNAROUND SCHOOL SUPPLEMENTAL SERVICES ALLOCATION |
| 160 | The turnaround school supplemental services allocation is |
| 161 | created to provide district-managed turnaround schools, as |
| 162 | identified in s. 1008.33(4)(a), schools implementing a charter |
| 163 | or an external operator turnaround option, that earn three |
| 164 | consecutive grades below a "C," as identified in s. |
| 165 | 1008.33(4)(c)3. s. 1008.33(4)(b)3., and schools that have |
| 166 | improved to a "C" <u>or higher</u> and are no longer in turnaround |
| 167 | status, as identified in <u>s. 1008.33(4)(d)</u> s. 1008.33(4)(c) , with |
| 168 | funds to offer services designed to improve the overall academic |
| 169 | and community welfare of the schools' students and their |
| 170 | families. |
| 171 | (a)1. Services funded by the allocation may include, but |
| 172 | are not limited to, tutorial and after-school programs, student |
| 173 | counseling, nutrition education, parental counseling, and an |
| 174 | extended school day and school year. In addition, services may |
| | Page 6 of 15 |

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| include models that develop a culture that encourages students | 204 | 6. Provide focused instruction to improve student academic |
| to complete high school and to attend college or career | 205 | proficiency, which may include additional instruction time |
| training, set high academic expectations, and inspire character | 206 | beyond the normal school day or school year; and |
| development. | 207 | 7. Include a strategy for continuing to provide services |
| 2. A school district may enter into a formal agreement with | 208 | after the school is no longer in turnaround status by virtue of |
| a nonprofit organization that has tax-exempt status under s. | 209 | achieving a grade of "C" or higher. |
| 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code to implement an | 210 | (d) Each school district shall submit its approved plans to |
| integrated student support service model that provides students | 211 | the commissioner by September 1 of each fiscal year. |
| and families with access to wrap-around services, including, but | 212 | (e) Subject to legislative appropriation, each school |
| not limited to, health services, after-school programs, drug | 213 | district's allocation must be based on the unweighted FTE |
| prevention programs, college and career readiness programs, and | 214 | student enrollment at the eligible schools and a per-FTE funding |
| food and clothing banks. | 215 | amount of \$500 or as provided in the General Appropriations Act. |
| (b) Before distribution of the allocation, the school | 216 | The supplement provided in the General Appropriations Act shall |
| district shall develop and submit a plan for implementation to | 217 | be based on the most recent school grades and shall serve as a |
| its school board for approval no later than August 1 of each | 218 | proxy for the official calculation. Once school grades are |
| fiscal year. | 219 | available for the school year immediately preceding the fiscal |
| (c) At a minimum, the plan required under paragraph (b) | 220 | year coinciding with the appropriation, the supplement shall be |
| must: | 221 | recalculated for the official participating schools as part of |
| 1. Establish comprehensive support services that develop | 222 | the subsequent FEFP calculation. The commissioner may prepare a |
| family and community partnerships; | 223 | preliminary calculation so that districts may proceed with |
| 2. Establish clearly defined and measurable high academic | 224 | timely planning and use of the funds. If the calculated funds |
| and character standards; | 225 | for the statewide allocation exceed the funds appropriated, the |
| 3. Increase parental involvement and engagement in the | 226 | allocation of funds to each school district must be prorated |
| child's education; | 227 | based on each school district's share of the total unweighted |
| 4. Describe how instructional personnel will be identified, | 228 | FTE student enrollment for the eligible schools. |
| recruited, retained, and rewarded; | 229 | (f) Subject to legislative appropriation, each school shall |
| 5. Provide professional development that focuses on | 230 | remain eligible for the allocation for a maximum of 4 continuous |
| academic rigor, direct instruction, and creating high academic | 231 | fiscal years while implementing a turnaround option pursuant to |
| and character standards; | 232 | s. 1008.33(4). In addition, a school that improves to a grade of |
| Page 7 of 15 | | Page 8 of 15 |
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| | | |

for a maximum of 2 continuous fiscal years after exiting

pursuant to s. 1008.34 shall appear before the sponsor to

governing board shall submit to the sponsor for approval a

school improvement plan to raise student performance. Upon

(I) Contract for educational services to be provided

(III) Reorganize the school under a new director or

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directly to students, instructional personnel, and school

(II) Contract with an outside entity that has a

approval by the sponsor, the charter school shall begin

developing, submitting, and approving such plans.

administrators, as prescribed in state board rule;

principal who is authorized to hire new staff; or

of the following corrective actions:

1002.33, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

(9) CHARTER SCHOOL REQUIREMENTS.-

1002.33 Charter schools.-

Section 3. Paragraph (n) of subsection (9) of section

12-01321B-20

turnaround status.

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12-01321B-20 20201498 20201498 "C" or higher shall remain eligible to receive the allocation 262 (IV) Voluntarily close the charter school. 263 b. The charter school must implement the corrective action 264 in the school year following receipt of a third consecutive 265 grade below a "C." 266 c. The sponsor may annually waive a corrective action if it determines that the charter school is likely to improve a letter 267 grade if additional time is provided to implement the 268 (n)1. The director and a representative of the governing 269 intervention and support strategies prescribed by the school board of a charter school that has earned a grade of "D" or "F" improvement plan. Notwithstanding this sub-subparagraph, a 270 271 charter school that earns a second consecutive grade of "F" is present information concerning each contract component having 272 subject to subparagraph 3. 273 noted deficiencies. The director and a representative of the d. A charter school is no longer required to implement a corrective action if it improves to a "C" or higher. However, 274 275 the charter school must continue to implement strategies 276 identified in the school improvement plan. The sponsor must implementation of the school improvement plan. The department annually review implementation of the school improvement plan to 277 shall offer technical assistance and training to the charter monitor the school's continued improvement pursuant to 278 school and its governing board and establish guidelines for 279 subparagraph 4. 280 e. A charter school implementing a corrective action that 2.a. If a charter school earns three consecutive grades 2.81 does not improve to a "C" or higher after 2 full school years of below a "C," the charter school governing board shall choose one 282 implementing the corrective action must select a different 283 corrective action. Implementation of the new corrective action 284 must begin in the school year following the implementation 285 period of the existing corrective action, unless the sponsor 286 determines that the charter school is likely to improve to a "C" 287 or higher if additional time is provided to implement the demonstrated record of effectiveness to operate the school; 288 existing corrective action. Notwithstanding this sub-289 subparagraph, a charter school that earns a second consecutive grade of "F" while implementing a corrective action is subject 290 Page 10 of 15

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20201498 12-01321B-20 20201498 320 a charter contract is terminated under this subparagraph. A 3. A charter school's charter contract is automatically 321 charter terminated under this subparagraph must follow the terminated if the school earns two consecutive grades of "F" 322 procedures for dissolution and reversion of public funds after all school grade appeals are final unless: 323 pursuant to paragraphs (8)(d)-(f) and (9)(o). 324 4. The director and a representative of the governing board 325 of a graded charter school that has implemented a school 32.6 improvement plan under this paragraph shall appear before the 327 sponsor at least once a year to present information regarding 328 the progress of intervention and support strategies implemented 329 by the school pursuant to the school improvement plan and 330 corrective actions, if applicable. The sponsor shall communicate at the meeting, and in writing to the director, the services 331 332 provided to the school to help the school address its 333 deficiencies. 334 5. Notwithstanding any provision of this paragraph except sub-subparagraphs 3.a.-c., the sponsor may terminate the charter 335 336 at any time pursuant to subsection (8). 337 Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section grades. The state board may waive termination if the charter 338 1002.332, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: school demonstrates that the Learning Gains of its students on 339 1002.332 High-performing charter school system.-340 (1) For purposes of this section, the term: 341 (b) "High-performing charter school system" means an entity 342 that: 343 1. Operated at least three high-performing charter schools 344 in the state during each of the previous 3 school years; 345 2. Operated a system of charter schools in which at least 346 50 percent of the charter schools were high-performing charter 347 schools pursuant to s. 1002.331 and no charter school earned a school grade of "D" or "F" pursuant to s. 1008.34 in any of the 348 Page 12 of 15

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291 to subparagraph 3. 292 293

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294 295 a. The charter school is established to turn around the 296 performance of a district public school pursuant to s. 297 1008(4)(c)2 s. 1008.33(4)(b)2. Such charter schools shall be 298 governed by s. 1008.33;

299 b. The charter school serves a student population the 300 majority of which resides in a school zone served by a district 301 public school subject to s. 1008.33(4) and the charter school 302 earns at least a grade of "D" in its third year of operation. 303 The exception provided under this sub-subparagraph does not 304 apply to a charter school in its fourth year of operation and 305 thereafter; or

306 c. The state board grants the charter school a waiver of 307 termination. The charter school must request the waiver within 308 15 days after the department's official release of school

309 310

311 statewide assessments are comparable to or better than the

312 Learning Gains of similarly situated students enrolled in nearby

313 district public schools. The waiver is valid for 1 year and may

314 only be granted once. Charter schools that have been in

315 operation for more than 5 years are not eligible for a waiver

316 under this sub-subparagraph.

317

318 The sponsor shall notify the charter school's governing board, 319 the charter school principal, and the department in writing when

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12-01321B-20 12-01321B-20 20201498 20201498 349 previous 3 school years regardless of whether the entity 378 Opportunity Zone; 350 currently operates the charter school, except that: 379 b. Is located in a Florida Opportunity Zone or in the 351 a. If the entity assumed operation of a public school 380 attendance zone of a persistently low-performing school or 352 pursuant to s. 1008.33(4)(c)2 s. 1008.33(4)(b)2. with a school 381 within a 5-mile radius of such school, whichever is greater; and c. Is a Title I eligible school; or 353 grade of "F," that school's grade may not be considered in 382 354 determining high-performing charter school system status for a 383 2. A school operated by a hope operator pursuant to s. 355 period of 3 years. 384 1008.33(4)(c)3 s. 1008.33(4)(b)3. 356 b. If the entity established a new charter school that 385 (2) HOPE OPERATOR. - A hope operator is a nonprofit 357 served a student population the majority of which resided in a organization with tax exempt status under s. 501(c)(3) of the 386 358 school zone served by a public school that earned a grade of ``F''387 Internal Revenue Code that operates three or more charter 359 or three consecutive grades of "D" pursuant to s. 1008.34, that 388 schools that serve students in grades K-12 in Florida or other charter school's grade may not be considered in determining 360 389 states with a record of serving students from low-income high-performing charter school system status if it attained and families and is designated by the State Board of Education as a 361 390 362 maintained a school grade that was higher than that of the 391 hope operator based on a determination that: 363 public school serving that school zone within 3 years after 392 (a) The past performance of the hope operator meets or 364 establishment; and 393 exceeds the following criteria: 365 3. Did not receive a financial audit that revealed one or 394 1. The achievement of enrolled students exceeds the more of the financial emergency conditions set forth in s. 395 district and state averages of the states in which the 366 367 218.503(1) for any charter school assumed or established by the 396 operator's schools operate; 368 entity in the most recent 3 fiscal years for which such audits 397 2. The average college attendance rate at all schools 369 are available. 398 currently operated by the operator exceeds 80 percent, if such 370 Section 5. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) and subsection 399 data is available; 371 (2) of section 1002.333, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 400 3. The percentage of students eligible for a free or 372 1002.333 Persistently low-performing schools.-401 reduced price lunch under the National School Lunch Act enrolled 373 at all schools currently operated by the operator exceeds 70 (1) DEFINITIONS.-As used in this section, the term: 402 374 (d) "School of hope" means: 403 percent; 375 1. A charter school operated by a hope operator which: 404 4. The operator is in good standing with the authorizer in 376 a. Serves students from one or more persistently low-405 each state in which it operates; 377 performing schools and students who reside in a Florida 5. The audited financial statements of the operator are 406 Page 13 of 15 Page 14 of 15 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions. CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

| | 12-01321B-20 20201498 |
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| 407 | free of material misstatements and going concern issues; and |
| 408 | 6. Other outcome measures as determined by the State Board |
| 409 | of Education; |
| 410 | (b) The operator was awarded a United States Department of |
| 411 | Education Charter School Program Grant for Replication and |
| 412 | Expansion of High-Quality Charter Schools within the preceding 3 |
| 413 | years before applying to be a hope operator; |
| 414 | (c) The operator receives funding through the National Fund |
| 415 | of the Charter School Growth Fund to accelerate the growth of |
| 416 | the nation's best charter schools; or |
| 417 | (d) The operator is selected by a district school board in |
| 418 | accordance with s. 1008.33. |
| 419 | |
| 420 | An entity that meets the requirements of paragraph (b), |
| 421 | paragraph (c), or paragraph (d) before the adoption by the state |
| 422 | board of measurable criteria pursuant to paragraph (a) shall be |
| 423 | designated as a hope operator. After the adoption of the |
| 424 | measurable criteria, an entity, including a governing board that |
| 425 | operates a school established pursuant to <u>s. 1008(4)(c)3</u> s. |
| 426 | 1008.33(4)(b)3., shall be designated as a hope operator if it |
| 427 | meets the criteria of paragraph (a). |
| 428 | Section 6. This act shall take effect July 1, 2020. |
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| | Page 15 of 15 |
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THE FLORIDA SENATE

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) 1498 17 Feb 2020 Bill Number (if applicable) Meeting Date 438446 Early Registration for Military Children Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Topic Name James Mosteller Job Title Advocacy Associate Phone 850-727-3712 Address 215 S. Monroe Street S Street Email JamesM@excelined.org FL 32301 Tallahassee Zip City State ✓ In Support Waive Speaking: Information Against Speaking: For Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.) Foundation for Floirda's Future Representing Lobbyist registered with Legislature: **I**✓|Yes Yes 🖌 No No Appearing at request of Chair: While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

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| | | rida Senate | |
|---|------------------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| | APPEARAN | ICE RECO | RD |
| AII20 (Deliver BOTH c | copies of this form to the Senator | or Senate Professional St | taff conducting the meeting) 1498 |
| Meeting Date | | | Bill Number (if applicable) |
| | C. L. Ja | | 676698 |
| Topic <u>Solar</u> op | SCHOOR | | Amendment Barcode (if applicable) |
| Name Kichard K | nsky | | |
| Job Title | | | |
| Address 106 E Collye | Ave #1 | 200 | Phone |
| Street | e II. | 32301 | Email |
| City | State | Zip | |
| Speaking: For Against | Information | Waive Sp (The Chai | beaking: In Support Against ir will read this information into the record.) |
| Representing Florida | Solar Ener | sy Indu | stries Association |
| Appearing at request of Chair: | Yes No | Lobbyist registe | ered with Legislature: 🔀 Yes 🗔 No |
| While it is a Sanata tradition to ansaura | an public tootimony tim | n may not parmit all | norsons wishing to spoak to be heard at this |

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| THE FLORIDA SENATE |
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| APPEARANCE RECORD |
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| Topic |
| Name_JOY trank |
| Job Title General Counsel |
| Address 2055 S. Monrue St Phone 850-5734 |
| City State Zip Email J FRANK |
| Speaking: For Against Information Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.) |
| Representing FLA assoc. of District School Superintendets |
| Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No |

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| THE FLORIDA SENATE |
|---|
| APPEARANCE RECORD |
| $\frac{2-17-2020}{Meeting Date}$ (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) $\frac{1498}{Bill Number (if applicable)}$ 929238 |
| opic School Turneround Amendment Barcode (if applicable) |
| Jame Cathy Boehne (pronounced Bame) |
| ob Title Legislative Specialist. (Retired teacher) |
| Address <u>8135, Adams St.</u> Phone <u>850-224-2078</u> |
| Street <u>Tallahassee</u> FL <u>32301</u> Email <u>cathy.boehne@flovidaee.or</u> <u>City</u> State Zip |
| peaking: For Against Information Waive Speaking: In Support Against (<i>The Chair will read this information into the record.</i>) |
| Representing Florida Education Association |
| Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registered with Legislature: X Yes No |

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THE FLORIDA SENATE APPEARANCE RECORD

| Feb 17 2020 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Sena | tor or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) 1498 |
|---|---|
| Meeting Date | Bill Number (if applicable) |
| Topic Prek-la Education | |
| Name Ingrid Hanley | |
| Job Title <u>Student</u> | |
| Address 1911 Wahalaw Ct | Phone |
| Tallahassee FL City State | <u>33301</u> Email — <i>Zip</i> |
| Speaking: For Against Information | Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.) |
| Representing <u>myself</u> | |
| Appearing at request of Chair: Yes VNo | Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Ses Ko |
| | |

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

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| APPEARAN | NCE RECORD |
| 2 11 2020 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senato | r or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) |
| Meeting Date | Bill Number (if applicable) |
| Topic Lurnaround Schools | (dubte au) 929338 Amendment Barcode (if applicable) |
| Name Coumen Ponnes | |
| Job Title Principal | |
| Address Z1307 Mande St, | Phone <u>850-510-70</u> 45 |
| Street Talla, A 32310 | Email Connerco Econschools net |
| City State | Zip |
| Speaking: For Against Information | Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.) |
| Representing | |
| Appearing at request of Chair: Yes 🚺 No | Lobbyist registered with Legislature: 🔄 Yes 🚺 No |

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| THE FLOI | RIDA SENATE |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| | or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) |
| Topic Jurnarowd Schuls. | Amendment Barcode (if applicable) |
| Name_/v. Berry h- Bolden / | |
| Job Title | |
| Address 723 West Marge Hue. | Phone <u>305-788-84</u> 23 |
| Street Indalassee | Email boldonb @ Leonse hools. n+ F |
| City State | Zip |
| Speaking: For Against Information | Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.) |
| Representing | |
| Appearing at request of Chair: Yes Yo | Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes Vo |

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| | RIDA SENATE |
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| APPEARAN | ICE RECORD |
| Feb 17 2020 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator Meeting Date | or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) <i>1418</i> <i>Bill Number (if applicable)</i> <i>delete-all</i> 929338 |
| Topic Prek-12 education | Amendment Barcode (if applicable) |
| Name Marie-Claire Leman | - |
| Job Title Room Parent advocate | |
| Address 1911 Wahalaw Ct Street | Phone 850-728-7514 |
| Tallahasse FL City State | 32301 Email Marie claire le managemail. Zip |
| Speaking: For Against Information | Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.) |
| Representing | |
| Appearing at request of Chair: 🔄 Yes 🗹 No | Lobbyist registered with Legislature: 🗌 Yes 📈 No |

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| | RIDA SENATE |
|---|--|
| APPEARAN | ICE RECORD |
| Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator Meeting Date | or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) 1498 Bill Number (if applicable) |
| Topic Smatc Bill 1498 (T | |
| Name Giselle Sherry - Mars | sh |
| Job Title Director of School | Improvement & Accountability |
| Address 2757 West Pensac Street | ola St. Phone 850-491-9333 |
| TLH FL City State | 32304 Email marshgeleonscholls. Zip net |
| Speaking: For Against Information | Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.) |
| Representing been County | Schools |
| Appearing at request of Chair: Yes Yo | Lobbyist registered with Legislature: 🔄 Yes 🖵 No |

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| The Florida Senate | |
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| 02/17/2020 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional St | |
| Meeting Date | Bill Number (if applicable) |
| Topic SB 1499: School Turnaround | Amendment Barcode (if applicable) |
| Name Melissa Ramsey | |
| Job Title Vice Chancellor, Strategic Improvement | |
| Address <u>325 W. Gaines St.</u> | Phone (850) 245 - 0509 |
| Tallahassee FL 32399 City State Zip | Email <u>melissa.ramsey@fldue.org</u> |
| Speaking: For Against Information Waive Sp | eaking: In Support Against r will read this information into the record.) |
| Representing Florida Department OF Educa- | tion |
| Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist register | ered with Legislature: Yes No |
| While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many p | |

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| THE FLORIDA SENATE | |
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| 02/17/2020 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional St | aff conducting the meeting) 1498 |
| Meeting Date | Bill Number (if applicable) |
| Topic <u>SB1498</u> : School Turnaround | Amendment Barcode (if applicable) |
| Name Jared Uchs | |
| Job Title Legislative Affairs | |
| Address 325 W. Gaines St. Suite 1520 | Phone (850) 245-50 37 |
| street Tallahassee FL 32399 | Email jared. ochs@fldoe.org |
| | Deaking: In Support Against r will read this information into the record.) |
| Representing Florida Department of Education | |
| Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist register While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many | • • |

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| | THE FLORIDA SENATE | | |
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| (Deliver BOTH copies of this form Meeting Date | n to the Senator or Senate Professional | Staff conducting the meeting) | SB ၊ ပု ိုနိ Bill Number (if applicable) |
| Topic School Turnaround Name Tyler Avery | | Ameno | Iment Barcode (if applicable) |
| Name Tyler Avery | | _ | |
| Job Title Tracher | | _ | |
| Address 3227 Kentshire blud | | _ Phone <u>321</u> 2 | 522-8967 |
| Ocoel Fl City Sta | るイフを (fate Zip | _ Email_Tyle.w | Avery Egnail. un |
| Speaking: For Against Informa | | Speaking: In Su | |
| Representing | | | |
| Appearing at request of Chair: 🗌 Yes 🔀 | No Lobbyist regis | stered with Legislat | ure: Yes No |

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| THE FLORIDA SENATE | |
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| Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Meeting Date | |
| Topic <u>oppose</u> SB1498 | Amendment Barcode (if applicable) |
| Name Cindy Planson | _ |
| Job Title Parent | _ |
| Address 3907 Barcelona Ave | Phone $964 - 532 - 2570$ |
| Street Jacksomille F. 32207 | _ scottandcindype aul com |
| City State Zip | |
| | Speaking: In Support Against air will read this information into the record.) |
| Representing | |
| Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist regis | stered with Legislature:YesNo |

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| APPEARAN | NCE RECORD |
| (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator 2 / 1 2 / 20 Meeting Date | r or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) <u>5B 1498</u> Bill Number (if applicable) |
| Topic School Turnaround | Amendment Barcode (if applicable) |
| Name Oscar Salazar | |
| Job Title Teacher | |
| Address Rockledge Rd (CB) | Phone 321-704-2123 |
| Street Orlando FL City State | <u>Zip</u> Email <u>Oscarsalazarnar@gnail.com</u> |
| Speaking: For Against Information | Waive Speaking: In Support Against (<i>The Chair will read this information into the record.</i>) |
| Representing <u>Sel</u> s | |
| Appearing at request of Chair: 🗌 Yes 📈 No | Lobbyist registered with Legislature: 🗌 Yes 🗹 No |
| While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remai | e may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this rks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. |

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| C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C | | |
| Meeting Date | | Bill Number (if applicable) |
| Topic Shortening Ture Ara | ul Winda | Amendment Barcode (if applicable) |
| Name GLANNE NOOD | | V |
| Job Title School Board per | rleet | |
| Address 2264 Howshoots | Way | Phone 850-544-0952 |
| Street | 323/1 | Email |
| City | Zip | |
| Speaking: For Against Information | Waive Sp (The Cha | beaking: In Support Against ir will read this information into the record.) |
| Representing | | |
| Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No | Lobbyist regist | ered with Legislature: 🔄 Yes 🔀 No |

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| | THE F | LORIDA SENATE | |
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| 1 X | APPEAR / | ANCE RECO | RD SB 1490 |
| 2 17 2020 (Deliver BOTH Meeting Date | copies of this form to the Ser | nator or Senate Professional St | Bill Number (if applicable) |
| - Burnerry | $\sim \Omega$ | | |
| Topic | Process | | Amendment Barcode (if applicable) |
| Name Rocky HAM | JA | | |
| Job Title Superwharden | t st Leas l | out Schall | S |
| Address 257 West | Pensalola S. | t. | Phone 8505080036 |
| Street TGUGhassep | Pla | 32304 | Email Konschools net |
| City | State | Zip | |
| Speaking: For Against | Information | Waive Sp (The Chai | eaking: In Support Against read this information into the record.) |
| Representing | | | |
| Appearing at request of Chair: | Yes No | Lobbyist registe | ered with Legislature: 🗌 Yes 🖆 No |

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| 2-17-20 | (Deliver BOTH copies of this | | or Senate Professional St | | e meeting) | SB | 1498. |
| Meeting Date | _ | | | đ | | Bill Num | ber (if applicable) |
| Торіс | | | | | Amena | lment Bard | code (if applicable) |
| Name Zachany | Johnson | | | | | | |
| Job Title Classico | m Teacher | | | | | | |
| | Old Manava R | e). | | Phone | 616 | 502 | 4079 |
| Street Tallahasse | | PL State | 32309 Zip | Email <u>j</u> č | hasen | 7 @ ht | conschools.ne i |
| Speaking: For | Against Info | rmation | , Waive Sp | beaking: | | | Against |
| Representing | Lon Classicom | Teachers | Assoc. | | | | |
| Appearing at request | of Chair: 🔄 Yes [| No | Lobbyist registe | ered with L | egislatı | ure: |]Yes 🗍 No |
| While it is a Senate tradit | ion to encourage public | testimony time | may not permit all | nersons wish | hina to si | peak to be | e heard at this |

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| APPEARANCE R | RECORD |
| 2 - 17 - 20 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Pr | 58/418 |
| Meeting Date | Bill Number (if applicable) |
| Topic <u>School Turnaround</u> | Amendment Barcode (if applicable) |
| Name Greg Pound | |
| Job Title | |
| Address <u>9166 Summe Dr</u> | Phone |
| $\frac{Largo}{City} \frac{12}{State} \frac{337}{Zi}$ | 0 <u>73</u> Email |
| | Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.) |
| Representing | |
| Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyi | st registered with Legislature: Yes No |
| While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that | permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this as many persons as possible can be heard. |
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The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

| | Pre | pared By: TI | ne Professional | Staff of the Commit | tee on Educatior | |
|-------------|------------|--------------|-----------------|---------------------|------------------|--------|
| BILL: | SB 1412 | | | | | |
| INTRODUCER: | Senator Po | well | | | | |
| SUBJECT: | Internship | Tax Credi | t Program | | | |
| DATE: | February 1 | 4, 2020 | REVISED: | | | |
| ANAL | YST | STAF | DIRECTOR | REFERENCE | | ACTION |
| . Bouck | | Sikes | | ED | Favorable | |
| 2. | | | | FT | | |
| 8. | | | | AP | | |

I. Summary:

SB 1412 creates the "Florida Internship Tax Credit Program" to authorize a tax credit of \$2,000 for each degree-seeking student intern employed by a corporation, up to a maximum of \$10,000 in any taxable year, beginning in taxable years on or after January 1, 2021. The bill also provides a definition of a degree-seeking student intern, responsibilities for postsecondary educational institutions and the Department of Revenue, and an authorization to carry forward any unused portion of a tax credit.

The bill does not have an impact on state revenues in 2020-2021, but is estimated to have a recurring impact of approximately \$14 million.

The bill takes effect on July 1, 2020.

II. Present Situation:

Internships

The National Association of Colleges and Employers (NACE) defines an internship as "a form of experiential learning that integrates knowledge and theory learned in the classroom with practical application and skill development in a professional setting. Internships give students the opportunity to gain valuable applied experience and make connections in professional fields they are considering for career paths; and give employers the opportunity to guide and evaluate talent."¹

¹ National Association of Colleges and Employers, *Position Statement: U.S. Internships*, <u>http://www.naceweb.org/advocacy/position-statements/united-states-internships.aspx (</u>last visited Feb. 11, 2020).
NACE further defines criteria to determine if an experience is a legitimate internship:²

- The experience must be an extension of the classroom: a learning experience that provides for applying the knowledge gained in the classroom. It must not be simply to advance the operations of the employer or be the work that a regular employee would routinely perform.
- The skills or knowledge learned must be transferable to other employment settings.
- The experience has a defined beginning and end, and a job description with desired qualifications.
- There are clearly defined learning objectives or goals related to the professional goals of the student's academic coursework.
- There is supervision by a professional with expertise and educational or professional background in the field of the experience.
- There is routine feedback by the experienced supervisor.
- There are resources, equipment, and facilities provided by the host employer that support learning objectives/goals.

Internships are typically one-time work or service experiences related to the student's major or career goal. The internship plan generally involves students working in professional settings under the supervision and monitoring of practicing professionals. Internships can be paid³ or unpaid,⁴ and the student may or may not receive academic credit for performing the internship.⁵

Florida's Corporate Income Tax

It is the intent of the Legislature to subject corporations⁶ and other entities to taxation for the privilege of conducting business, deriving income, or existing within this state.⁷

http://www.naceweb.org/advocacy/position-statements/united-states-internships.aspx (last visited Feb. 11, 2020).

² National Association of Colleges and Employers, *Position Statement: U.S. Internships*,

³ The average hourly wage for interns in 2019 was \$19.05. National Association of Colleges and Employers, 2019 Internship & Co-op Survey Report, Executive Summary (NACE Survey) (May 2019), available at

https://www.naceweb.org/uploadedfiles/files/2019/publication/executive-summary/2019-nace-internship-and-co-op-surveyexecutive-summary.pdf, at 5.

⁴ The U.S. Department of Labor (USDOL) provides information to help determine whether or not interns and students are considered employees entitled to minimum wages and overtime pay under the Fair Labor Standards Act. That test requires courts to analyze the "economic reality" of the intern's relationship with his or her employer to evaluate whether the internship is primarily for the economic benefit of the employer or primarily for the educational benefit of the intern. USDOL, U.S. Wage and Hour Division, *Fact Sheet #71: Internship Programs Under the Fair Labor Standards Act* (updated Jan. 2018), *available at* https://www.dol.gov/sites/dolgov/files/WHD/legacy/files/whdfs71.pdf. ⁵ NACE Survey, *supra* note 3, at 2.

⁶ "Corporation" includes all domestic corporations; foreign corporations qualified to do business in this state or actually doing business in this state; specified corporations included in chapters 605, 609, 617, 618, 621, 622, and 623; foreign corporations not for profit carrying on their activities in this state; and all other organizations, associations, legal entities, and artificial persons created by or pursuant to the statutes of this state, the United States, or any other state, territory, possession, or jurisdiction. The term "corporation" does not include proprietorships; partnerships of any type; limited liability companies that are taxable as partnerships for federal income tax purposes; state or public fairs or expositions, under chapter 616; estates of decedents or incompetents; testamentary trusts; or private trusts. Section 220.03(1)(e), F.S.

⁷ Section 220.02(1), F.S.

Certain corporations doing business in Florida must pay a tax of 5.5 percent on income earned in Florida.⁸ The calculation of Florida corporate income tax starts with a corporation's federal taxable income.⁹ Taxable income earned by corporations operating in more than one state is taxed in Florida on an apportioned basis using a formula based 25 percent on property, 25 percent on payroll, and 50 percent on sales.¹⁰ Income that is apportioned to Florida using this formula is then subject to the Florida income tax. The first \$50,000 of net income is exempt, effective with tax years beginning January 1, 2013.¹¹

The Revenue Estimating Conference estimates 2020-2021 fiscal year gross corporate income tax collections of approximately \$2.76 billion.¹²

Corporate Tax Credits

Florida offers tax credits, refunds, and other incentives against the Florida corporate income tax liability to promote business development and job creation within the state.¹³ Such incentives related to employment include:

- The Rural and Urban Job Tax Credit Programs, which provide an incentive for eligible businesses, located within designated rural counties and urban areas, to create new jobs,¹⁴ valued at \$100,000 in 2019-2020.¹⁵
- Subtraction for Florida Employees Included in Calculation of Federal Employment Credits, which authorizes a deduction for the amount of wages and salaries paid to Florida employees for the taxable year for which no deduction is allowed under the Internal Revenue Code,¹⁶ valued at \$17.4 million in 2019-2020.¹⁷
- Enterprise Zone Jobs Tax Credit, which provides a credit of wages paid to new eligible employees who are residents of a Florida enterprise zone,¹⁸ valued at \$700,000 in 2019-2020.¹⁹

⁸ Florida Revenue Estimating Conference, 2020 Florida Tax Handbook, (Tax Handbook-2020), available at http://edr.state.fl.us/Content/revenues/reports/tax-handbook/taxhandbook2020.pdf, at 61. For taxable years beginning January

^{1, 2019} through December 31, 2021, the rate is 4.458 percent, pursuant to s. 220.1105, F.S. Id.

⁹ Section 220.12, F.S.

¹⁰ Tax Handbook-2020, *supra* note 8. See also s. 220.15, F.S.

¹¹ *Id. See also* s. 220.14, F.S.

¹² Tax Handbook-2020, *supra* note 8.

¹³ Florida Department of Revenue, Corporate Income Tax Incentives,

https://floridarevenue.com/taxes/taxesfees/Pages/corp_tax_incent.aspx (last visited Feb. 12, 2020).

¹⁴ Sections 220.1895 and 212.098, F.S., and ss. 220.1895 and 212.097, F.S.

¹⁵ Florida Revenue Estimating Conference, 2019 Florida Tax Handbook, (Tax Handbook-2019), available at <u>http://edr.state.fl.us/Content/revenues/reports/tax-handbook/taxhandbook2019.pdf</u>, at 65.

¹⁶ Section 220.13(1)(b)3, F.S.

¹⁷ Tax Handbook-2019, *supra* note 15.

¹⁸ Section 220.181, F.S.

¹⁹ Tax Handbook-2019, *supra* note 15.

Credits against either the corporate income tax or the franchise tax are applied in an order established in law.²⁰ There is presently no credit available against corporate income tax for employing degree-seeking student interns.²¹

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill creates s. 220.198, F.S., to establish the "Florida Internship Tax Credit Program," which authorizes a tax credit of \$2,000 for each degree-seeking student intern employed by a corporation, up to a maximum of \$10,000 in any taxable year, beginning in taxable years on or after January 1, 2021. The bill also provides a definition of a degree-seeking student intern, responsibilities for postsecondary educational institutions and the Department of Revenue (DOR), and an authorization to carry forward any unused portion of a tax credit.

The bill defines a "degree-seeking student intern" as a person who is enrolled as a degreeseeking student at a state university, a Florida College System institution, a career center operated by a school district, or a charter technical career center.

The bill authorizes a taxpayer²² credit against the corporate income tax established in chapter 200, F.S., in the amount of \$2,000 per degree-seeking student intern employed by the taxpayer, subject to documentation by the state university, FCS institution, career center operated by a school district, or charter technical career center regarding the degree-seeking student's enrollment status.²³ The bill establishes a maximum credit of \$10,000 in any taxable year, and authorizes a taxpayer to carry forward any unused portion of a tax credit for up to two taxable years.

Finally, the bill requires the DOR to adopt rules governing the manner and form of applications for the tax credit and establishing qualification requirements for the tax credit. The rule may need to specify requirements not in the bill, such as timelines for approval of tax credits, and what entity receives the documentation of the student's enrollment status.

²⁰ Section 220.02(8), F.S. The credits are applied in the following order: those enumerated in s. 631.828,²⁰ those enumerated in s. 220.191, those enumerated in s. 220.181, those enumerated in s. 220.183, those enumerated in s. 220.182, those enumerated in s. 220.1895, those enumerated in s. 220.185, those enumerated in s. 220.186, those enumerated in s. 220.1845, those enumerated in s. 220.191, those enumerated in s. 220.185, those enumerated in s. 220.1875, those enumerated in s. 220.192, those enumerated in s. 220.193, those enumerated in s. 220.1875, those enumerated in s. 220.192, those enumerated in s. 220.193, those enumerated in s. 220.1899, those enumerated in s. 220.194, and those enumerated in s. 220.196. *Id*.

²¹ Department of Revenue, 2020 Agency Legislative Bill Analysis of SB 1412 (Jan. 24, 2020), at 2.

²² "Taxpayer" means any corporation subject to the tax imposed by the Florida income tax code established in chapter 200, F.S., and includes all corporations for which a consolidated return is filed under s. 220.131, F.S., but does not include a specified corporation having no individuals. Section 220.03(1)(z), F.S.

²³ The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) authorizes an educational institution to disclose directory information without prior consent of the student, but requires the institution to publicly designate such directory information. 20 U.S.C. s. 1232g; 34 CFR, s. 99.37. Directory information includes, but is not limited to, the student's name; address; telephone listing; electronic mail address; photograph; date and place of birth; major field of study; grade level; enrollment status (e.g., undergraduate or graduate, full-time or part-time); dates of attendance; participation in officially recognized activities and sports; weight and height of members of athletic teams; degrees, honors, and awards received; and the most recent educational agency or institution attended. Directory information does not include the student's social security number or the student's identification number, subject to exceptions. 34 CFR s 99.3.

The tax credit established in the bill may provide an incentive for businesses to provide or increase internship opportunities for students.

The bill takes effect on July 1, 2020.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

Corporations that employ student interns specified in the bill and meet specified requirements may decrease their tax liability up to \$10,000 in any taxable year.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The Revenue Estimating Conference (conference) estimated no fiscal impact in 2020-2021, because the bill specifies the beginning of the tax credit in taxable years on or after January 1, 2021. However, the conference estimates a fiscal impact of \$14.2 million in 2021-2022, increasing to \$14.8 million in 2024-2025. The conference based its estimate on 2017 corporate income tax data to identify businesses with a positive tax liability after all other credits.²⁴

²⁴ Revenue Estimating Conference, *Revenue Impact Results* (Jan. 24, 2020), *available at* <u>http://edr.state.fl.us/Content/conferences/revenueimpact/archives/2020/_pdf/Impact0124.pdf</u>, at 288.

The Department of Revenue estimates that implementation of the internship tax credit will require approximately 316 contractor hours, and 624 in-house hours, to provide modifications to the SUNTAX system. The cost is estimated at \$29,388 for 2021-2022.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

The bill uses the term "degree-seeking student intern" in the provision of a tax credit established in the bill. However, career centers operated by school districts and charter technical career centers currently do not offer associate or baccalaureate degrees,²⁵ and so their students are not considered "degree-seeking." The sponsor may consider changing the definition to "student intern" and specify that the student must be enrolled in a degree, career certificate, or diploma program at a specified Florida postsecondary education institution.

VII. Related Issues:

The bill does not define an "internship" experience, and so it is unclear if any type of work-based educational experience may qualify, such as co-operative education, apprenticeships, practicums, service learning, clinical experience, or virtual internships. The bill does not define a minimum length for an internship, if the internship may be paid or unpaid, and if the student must be receiving academic course credit for the internship experience. In addition, the Department of Revenue identified several issues:²⁶

- The bill does not amend s. 220.02(8), F.S., to specify in which order this tax credit is to be claimed against corporate income tax relative to other credits that may be claimed.
- A tax credit provision in chapter 220, F.S., typically corresponds to an addition to s. 220.13, F.S., to prevent a taxpayer from taking an item or expense as a deduction from federal income and Florida income, and then also taking the same item or expense as a tax credit against Florida corporate income tax. The bill does not provide such corresponding provision.
- It is unclear whether an affiliated group filing a consolidated Florida return may take a tax credit of up to \$10,000 per corporation included in the consolidated filing, or whether the tax credit is limited to \$10,000 per filed return.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill creates section 220.198 of the Florida Statutes.

http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/9904/urlt/charterreview18.pdf, at 5.

²⁵ Workforce education programs may be conducted by a Florida College System (FCS) institution or a school district, except that college credit in an associate in applied science or an associate in science degree may be awarded only by a FCS institution. Section 1011.80(2), F.S. Career centers offer adult general education, career certificates, applied technology diplomas, continuing workforce education, and apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs. Section 1011.80(1), F.S. In 2017-2018, Lake Technical College, the state's only charter technical center, offered only adult general education and career certificate programs. Florida Department of Education, *A Comparison of State of Florida Charter Technical Career Centers to District Non-Charter Career Centers*, 2017-18, available at

²⁶ Department of Revenue, 2020 Agency Legislative Bill Analysis of SB 1412 (Jan. 24, 2020), at 5.

IX. **Additional Information:**

Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.) Α.

None.

Β. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

SB 1412

SB 1412

| By Senator Powell | |
|--|------------------------|
| | |
| | |
| | |
| 30-01464-20 | 20201412 |
| A bill to be entitled | |
| An act relating to an internship tax cred | lit program; |
| creating s. 220.198, F.S.; providing a sh | |
| defining the term "degree-seeking student | |
| providing a credit against the corporate | |
| a taxpayer employing a degree-seeking stu | |
| if certain criteria are met; specifying t | |
| the credit; specifying a limit on the cre | |
| per taxable year; requiring the Departmer | |
| to adopt certain rules; authorizing the c | |
| of unused tax credits for a specified tim | - |
| providing an effective date. | |
| | |
| Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State | of Florida: |
| | |
| Section 1. Section 220.198, Florida Statu | ites, is created to |
| read: | |
| 220.198 Internship tax credit program | |
| (1) This section may be cited as the "Flo | orida Internship |
| Tax Credit Program." | _ |
| (2) As used in this section, the term "de | gree-seeking |
| student intern" means a person who is enrolled | |
| seeking student at a state university, a Flori | da College System |
| institution, a career center operated by a sch | |
| s. 1001.44, or a charter technical career cent | |
| (3) For taxable years beginning on or aft | er January 1, |
| 2021, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit aga | inst the tax |
| imposed under this chapter in the amount of \$2 | 2,000 per degree- |
| seeking student intern employed by the taxpaye | er if the degree- |
| | |
| Page 1 of 2 | |
| CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words unde | erlined are additions. |

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

| | Prepa | ared By: The Professional S | Staff of the Committe | ee on Health Policy | |
|-------------|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|--|
| BILL: | SB 1650 | | | | |
| INTRODUCER: | Senator Simmons | | | | |
| SUBJECT: | Medicaid Provider Agreements for Charter and Private Schools | | | | |
| DATE: | February 1 | 4, 2020 REVISED: | | | |
| ANAL | YST | STAFF DIRECTOR | REFERENCE | ACTION | |
| . Kibbey | | Brown | HP | Favorable | |
| . Brick | | Sikes | ED | Favorable | |
| | | | AP | | |

I. Summary:

SB 1650 removes the requirement for health care practitioners who are employed by or contracted with a private or charter school to independently enroll in Florida Medicaid as credentialed providers to deliver Medicaid-covered, school-based services. The bill would instead require such practitioners to meet the qualifications specified in federal law in 42 C.F.R. s. 440.110 or the provider qualifications as set forth in the Florida Medicaid Certified School Match Coverage and Limitations Handbook.

The bill has an effective date of July 1, 2020.

II. Present Situation:

Florida Medicaid

Medicaid is the health care safety net for low-income Floridians. Medicaid is a partnership of federal and state governments established to provide coverage for health services for eligible persons. The program is administered by the Agency for Health Care Administration (AHCA) and financed through state and federal funds.¹

A Medicaid state plan is an agreement between a state and the federal government describing how the state administers its Medicaid programs; it establishes groups of individuals covered under the Medicaid program, services that are provided, payment methodologies, and other administrative and organizational requirements.² In order to participate in Medicaid, federal law requires states to cover certain population groups (mandatory eligibility groups) and gives them

¹ Section 20.42, F.S.

² Agency for Health Care Administration, *Senate Bill 290 Analysis* (January 16, 2019) (on file with the Senate Committee on Health Policy).

the flexibility to cover other population groups (optional eligibility groups).³ States set individual eligibility criteria within federal minimum standards. The AHCA may seek an amendment to the state plan as necessary to comply with federal or state laws or to implement program changes.

Florida Medicaid Certified School Match Program

Florida has 67 school districts that are each tasked with providing health services for students with disabilities while the student is at school.⁴ Some of these students are enrolled in Medicaid. The Florida Medicaid Certified School Match Program (program) was established to provide school districts the opportunity to enroll in Medicaid to have Medicaid share in the cost of providing school health services to Medicaid recipients.⁵

Under the program, schools and school districts use state and local funds to pay for covered health services provided to students that are Medicaid recipients, for which AHCA then reimburses them with the federal Medicaid matching percentage (approximately 60 percent).⁶ School districts participating in the program must be enrolled as Medicaid providers and can either employ or contract with service providers.

The following services are covered by the program:

- Physical therapy services;
- Occupational therapy services;
- Speech-language pathology services;
- Transportation services (transportation to Medicaid-covered health care services delivered off campus);
- Behavioral services;
- Augmentive and alternative communication services; and
- Nursing services.⁷

Medicaid recipients who receive services through the program must be under the age of 21 and qualify for Part B or H of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), qualify for exceptional student services, or have an Individualized Education Plan (IEP) or an Individualized Family Service Plan (IFSP).⁸ Health services provided must be both educationally relevant and medically necessary and tailored to meet the recipient's individual needs.⁹

In December 2014, the federal Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services updated its policies, allowing states to reimburse schools and school districts for health services that are included in

³ *Id*.

⁴ Agency for Health Care Administration, *Medicaid Certified School Match Program Coverage and Limitations Handbook*, (rev. Jan. 2005), *available at* <u>http://sss.usf.edu/Resources/format/pdf/MedicaidCertifiedSchoolMatchDec2005.pdf</u> (last visited Jan. 31, 2020).

⁵ Agency for Health Care Administration, *House Bill 81 Analysis* (October 21, 2019) (on file with the Senate Committee on Health Policy).

⁶ Supra note 2.

⁷ Supra note 4.

⁸ See ss. 409.9071 and 409.9072, F.S.

⁹ Supra note 2.

the Medicaid program's state plan, regardless of whether the recipient has an IEP or IFSP.¹⁰ This policy update is not reflected in the current Florida Statutes and recipients under the program in this state must still qualify for Part B or H of the IDEA, qualify for exceptional student services, or have an IEP or an IFSP.

Florida Medicaid Certified School Match Coverage and Limitations Handbook (handbook)

Under the statutory authority of s. 409.919, F.S., the AHCA adopted Florida Administrative Code Rule 59G-4.035 which incorporates the handbook by reference. The rule requires that all school district providers enrolled in Medicaid under the certified school match program are in compliance with the handbook. The handbook was last published in January of 2005 for the purpose of furnishing a Medicaid provider with the policies and procedures needed to receive reimbursement for covered services provided under the program to eligible Florida Medicaid recipients.¹¹

Private and Charter School Providers

In 2016, the Florida Legislature created s. 409.9072, F.S., to authorize the AHCA to reimburse private schools for providing Medicaid school-based services identical to those offered under the Medicaid certified school match program and under the same eligibility criteria as children eligible for services under that program.¹² Unlike school districts, however, private and charter schools do not use certified public expenditures or other local funds as a match to draw down federal Medicaid funding. Instead, the Legislature has appropriated state general revenue funds for private and charter schools to provide eligible services to draw down federal matching funds.¹³ Currently, one charter school is enrolled and delivering services in the Florida Medicaid program.¹⁴

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Section 1 amends s. 409.9072, F.S., to remove a requirement that health care practitioners who are employed by or contracted with a private or charter school to independently enroll in Florida Medicaid to deliver Medicaid-covered school-based services. The bill would instead require such practitioners to meet the qualifications specified in federal law in 42 C.F.R. s. 440.110, or the provider qualifications as set forth in the Florida Medicaid Certified School Match Coverage and Limitations Handbook. This aligns the requirements for private and charter schools with those that are in place for public school districts. Currently, s. 409.9072, F.S., already requires that providers meet the qualifications in 42 C.F.R. s. 440.110, as applicable for that provider type.

Section 2 provides an effective date of July 1, 2020.

 $^{^{10}}$ *Id*.

¹¹ Supra note 4.

¹² House of Representatives, Health Care Appropriations Subcommittee, *Final Bill Analysis: HB 5101* (March 23, 2016), *available at* <u>http://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2016/5101/Analyses/h5101z.HCAS.PDF</u> (last visited Jan. 31, 2020).

¹³ Specific Appropriation 216, s. 3, ch. 2019-115, L.O.F.

¹⁴ Supra note 5.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

Health care practitioners who are providing or will seek to provide covered services in a private or charter school under the program will be relieved of the duty to enroll in Florida Medicaid as providers.

C. Government Sector Impact:

To implement the changes in SB 1650, the AHCA will need to modify the Florida Medicaid Management Information System to undo programming that has been put in place to implement the current law.¹⁵ This change can be absorbed within existing resources.¹⁶

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

¹⁵ *Id*.

¹⁶ Id.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends section 409.9072 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

By Senator Simmons

| | 9-01414-20 20201650 |
|----|---|
| 1 | A bill to be entitled |
| 2 | An act relating to Medicaid provider agreements for |
| 3 | charter and private schools; amending s. 409.9072, |
| 4 | F.S.; revising qualification requirements for health |
| 5 | care practitioners engaged by charter and private |
| 6 | schools to provide Medicaid school-based services; |
| 7 | providing an effective date. |
| 8 | |
| 9 | Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: |
| 10 | |
| 11 | Section 1. Subsection (5) of section 409.9072, Florida |
| 12 | Statutes, is amended to read: |
| 13 | 409.9072 Medicaid provider agreements for charter schools |
| 14 | and private schools |
| 15 | (5) For reimbursements to private schools and charter |
| 16 | schools under this section, the agency shall apply the |
| 17 | reimbursement schedule developed under s. 409.9071(5). Health |
| 18 | care practitioners engaged by a school to provide services under |
| 19 | this section must be enrolled as Medicaid providers and meet the |
| 20 | qualifications specified under 42 C.F.R. s. 440.110, as |
| 21 | applicable, or meet provider qualifications as set forth in the |
| 22 | Florida Medicaid Certified School Match Program Coverage and |
| 23 | Limitations Handbook. Each school's continued participation in |
| 24 | providing Medicaid services under this section is contingent |
| 25 | upon the school providing to the agency an annual accounting of |
| 26 | how the Medicaid reimbursements are used. |
| 27 | Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2020. |
| | |
| | |

Page 1 of 1 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT (This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

| | Prep | oared By: T | he Professional | Staff of the Commit | ttee on Education | |
|-------------|----------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|-------------------|--|
| BILL: | SB 1322 | | | | | |
| INTRODUCER: | Senator Wright | | | | | |
| SUBJECT: | Postsecond | lary Fee E | xemptions | | | |
| DATE: | February 1 | 4, 2020 | REVISED: | | | |
| ANALYST | | STAF | - DIRECTOR | REFERENCE | ACTION | |
| 1. Bouck | | Sikes | | ED | Pre-meeting | |
| 2. | | | | AED | | |
| 3. | | | | AP | | |

I. Summary:

SB 1322 removes the tuition and fee exemption for students in approved apprenticeship programs that partner with school districts, Florida College System institutions, and state universities for the instructional portion of a program.

The bill has no impact on state expenditures, and an indeterminate impact on state revenue.

The bill takes effect on July 1, 2020.

II. Present Situation:

Tuition and Fees

Tuition is the basic fee charged to a student for instruction provided by a public postsecondary educational institution in this state.¹ In addition to tuition, Florida law authorizes district school boards, and Florida College System (FCS) institution and state university boards of trustees to establish fees.² Fees may include, but are not limited to, out-of-state, financial aid, capital improvement, technology, activity and service, athletic, and health fees. Additionally, students may be assessed certain usage fees, fines, and surcharges.³ All postsecondary workforce education, FCS institution, and state university students are charged fees except students who are exempt from fees or students whose fees are waived.⁴

¹ Section 1009.01(1), F.S. Tuition for workforce education programs leading to a career certificate or an applied technology diploma is \$2.33 per contact hour. Section 1009.22(3)(c), F.S. Tuition at a Florida College System institution is \$71.98 per credit hour, and \$91.79 per credit hour for baccalaureate degree programs. Section 1009.23(3)(a), F.S. Tuition at a state university is \$105.07 per credit hour. Section 1009.24(4)(a), F.S.

² Sections 1009.22, 1009.23, and 1009.24, F.S.

³ Sections 1009.22(9), 1009.23(12)(a), 1009.24(14) and 1009.286, F.S.

⁴ Sections 1009.22(2), 1009.23(2)(a), and 1009.24(2), F.S.

Fee Exemptions

Florida law specifies a number of exemptions from the payment of tuition and fees, including laboratory fees, for students at a school district that provides workforce education programs, an FCS institution, or a state university.⁵ One such exemption is for students who are enrolled in an approved apprenticeship program.⁶

Apprenticeship Programs

It is the intent of the state for apprenticeship programs to provide educational opportunities for its residents so that they can be trained for trades, occupations, and professions suited to their abilities, and benefit from the valuable training opportunities developed when on-the-job training is combined with academic-related classroom experiences.⁷

An apprenticeship program is an organized course of instruction, registered and approved by the Department of Education (DOE),⁸ which contains all terms and conditions for the qualifications, recruitment, selection, employment, and training of apprentices.⁹ The apprenticeship program sponsor operates and registers an approved apprenticeship program.¹⁰ A sponsor may be a committee, a group of employers, an employer, or a group of employees, or any combination thereof.¹¹

Sponsors may elect to provide classroom instruction privately,¹² or partner with a local educational agency,¹³ such as a school district or FCS institution, to provide related and

⁵ Tuition and fee exemptions include students in dual enrollment programs, children in foster care or who were adopted, students in welfare transition programs, homeless students, and specified child protection and child welfare personnel in certain degree programs. Section 1009.25(1), F.S.

⁶ Section 1009.25(1)(b), F.S. Students enrolled in registered apprenticeship programs offered through school districts and FCS institutions may be assessed user fees and fines as specified in s. 1009.22(9), F.S., which may include, but are not limited to, parking fees and fines, library fees and fines, fees and fines relating to facilities and equipment use or damage, access or identification card fees, photocopying, transcript fees, or diploma fees. Florida Department of Education, *2019 Agency Legislative Bill Analysis of HB 6035* (Oct. 31, 2019), at 2. The exemption does not apply to non-apprenticeship program related courses; only courses identified in the Standards of Apprenticeship documentation for the program, as required by rule 6A-23.004, F.A.C., are exempt. *Id*.

⁷ Section 446.011, F.S.

⁸ Approval and registration of apprenticeship programs is detailed in rule 6A-23.003, F.A.C., based on standards established in rule 6A-23.004, F.A.C.

⁹ Section 446.021(6), F.S. An "apprentice" is a person at least 16 years of age who is engaged in learning a recognized skilled trade through actual work experience under the supervision of journeyman craftsmen, which should be combined with properly coordinated studies of technical and supplementary subjects. Section 446.021(2), F.S.

¹⁰ Rule 65A-23.002(21), F.A.C.

¹¹ Section 446.071(2), F.S.

¹² Many programs have internal training funds that may come from a variety of sources, including training fees assessed to members in joint (or union) programs. Florida Department of Education, 2019 Agency Legislative Bill Analysis of HB 6035 (Oct. 31, 2019), at 2.

¹³ Though not defined in the U.S. Department of Labor federal regulations governing registered apprenticeship programs, the U.S. Department of Education regulations define a local educational agency as a board of education or other legally constituted local school authority having administrative control and direction of public elementary or secondary schools in a city, county, township, school district, or political subdivision in a State, or any other public educational institution or agency having administrative control and direction program. 34 C.F.R. s. 400.4.

supplemental classroom instruction.¹⁴ The extent or amount of related instruction provided by educational institution varies depending on the apprenticeship program.¹⁵

The administration and supervision of related and supplemental instruction for apprentices, coordination of such instruction with job experiences, and selection and training of teachers and coordinators for such instruction is the responsibility of the appropriate career education institution.¹⁶ School districts and FCS institutions locally negotiate fees for services with the sponsor for costs such as curriculum development, instructors, facilities, and documentation. These types of costs may be charged to the apprenticeship program, but not to the apprentice enrolled in the school district or FCS institution program.¹⁷

Workforce education programs specified in law include registered apprenticeship programs.¹⁸ This provides school districts and FCS institutions authority to offer registered apprenticeship through their educational programs and to spend their state operating funds for the support of these programs.¹⁹

Generally, operating funds for school district postsecondary workforce education programs and FCS institutions are generated by student tuition and fees and by state funds. School district workforce education state operating funds are provided in the General Appropriations Act (GAA) through the Workforce Development Funds category. FCS institution state operating funds are provided annually in the GAA through the FCS Program Fund category. Apprenticeship programs are supported by state operating funds, tuition and fee revenue from other programs, and any contributions by sponsors. State operating funds cover the cost of classroom instruction,²⁰ but may not reflect actual school district²¹ and FCS institution²² program enrollments. In addition, school districts and FCS institutions incur administrative costs for apprenticeship programs that are not included in the funding provided for instruction. In 2017-2018, apprenticeship program instructional costs in school districts and FCS institutions were approximately \$21 million, and administrative costs were almost \$1.8 million.²³

²⁰ For fee-exempt students, state funding is 100 percent of the average cost of instruction. Section 1011.80(6)(c), F.S.

¹⁴ Section 446.051(2), F.S. "Related instruction" means an organized and systematic form of instruction designed to provide the apprentice with knowledge of the theoretical subjects related to a specific trade or occupation. Section 446.021(9), F.S. ¹⁵ Florida Department of Education, *2019 Agency Legislative Bill Analysis of HB 6035* (Oct. 31, 2019), at 2.

¹⁶ Section 446.051(1), F.S.

¹⁷ Florida Department of Education, 2019 Agency Legislative Bill Analysis of HB 6035 (Oct. 31, 2019), at 3.

¹⁸ Section 1011.80(1), F.S.

¹⁹ Florida Department of Education, *Florida's Annual Apprenticeship and Preapprenticeship Report, Program Year 2018-*2019, available at <u>http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/5398/urlt/2019appr-rpt.pdf</u>, at 13.

²¹ District workforce funding calculates a three-year average enrollment, which may not reflect actual enrollment in district apprenticeship programs. Florida Department of Education, *2019 Agency Legislative Bill Analysis of HB 6035* (Oct. 31, 2019), at 3. In 2018-2019, the appropriation of district workforce education funds was approximately 95 percent of the calculated state funding need. Florida Department of Education, *2018-2019 District Workforce Education Funding Summary* (August 2018), *available at* http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/7529/urlt/1819-wf-fundingsummary.pdf, at 12.

²² Appropriations to the FCS Program Fund are based on a number of factors, including student enrollment. Section 1011.84(3)(b), F.S. Changes in current and projected student enrollment is reported in the State Board of Education legislative budget request. Section 1011.84(1)(a) and (3)(a), F.S.

²³ Florida Department of Education, *Florida's Annual Apprenticeship and Preapprenticeship Report, Program Year 2018-*2019, available at <u>http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/5398/urlt/2019appr-rpt.pdf</u>, at Appendix C.

School districts and FCS institutions may supplement funding for workforce education with funds provided in the GAA for student completion of specified industry certifications.²⁴

In 2018-2019, there were 228 apprenticeship programs registered with the DOE. Approximately 40 percent of such programs partnered with a school district or FCS institution for the required technical and supplemental instruction.²⁵ During that school year, there were 10,681 students enrolled in a school district apprenticeship program, and 2,798 students enrolled in an FCS apprenticeship program.²⁶

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill modifies s. 1009.25, F.S., to remove the tuition and fee exemption for students enrolled in a registered apprenticeship program that is partnering with a school district, Florida College System institution, or state university for the portions of the apprenticeship program that are delivered by the educational institution.

However, the bill does not adopt a fee structure for registered apprenticeship programs. The current level of \$2.33 per contact hour is designated for programs leading to a career certificate or an applied technology diploma. Instruction as a part of an apprenticeship program may not lead toward either credential. Therefore, it is unclear if the existing tuition and fees for workforce education programs will apply to apprenticeship program instruction.

Apprenticeship program sponsors who partner with an educational institution often use the tuition and fee exemption as a recruitment tool for potential apprentices. If the tuition and fee exemption is removed, such sponsors may end the partnership with school districts and FCS institutions in favor of seeking alternate providers of related technical and supplemental instruction, or simply provide their own instruction.²⁷

However, removing the tuition and fee exemption may assist in the expansion of apprenticeship programs because the institutions may be able to recover costs associated with instruction.²⁸ A recent report by a Florida Apprenticeship Catalyst Workgroup (workgroup) found that while there is some funding for the local education agency through state reimbursement for classroom hour attendance as with any student, there is no recovery of tuition for apprenticeship programs. Postsecondary institutions may use funding for their existing workforce programs provided by the state to allocate toward apprenticeship tuition. As this may reduce funding for other longstanding workforce training commitments, there is very little benefit to an education institution for offering apprenticeship programs.²⁹ The workgroup recommended the removal of the exemption for tuition and fees for students enrolled in apprenticeship programs.³⁰

²⁴ Sections 1011.80(7)(b), F.S. and 1011.81(2), F.S.

²⁵ Florida Department of Education, 2019 Agency Legislative Bill Analysis of HB 6035 (Oct. 31, 2019), at 3.

²⁶ Id.

²⁷ *Id.* at 4.

 $^{^{28}}$ *Id*.

 ²⁹ Apprenticeship Catalyst Workgroup, *Florida Apprenticeship Workgroups Findings and Recommendations Report*, <u>https://careersourceflorida.com/wp-content/uploads/2018/07/Apprenticeship-Workgroups-Report.pdf</u>, at 9.
³⁰ Id. at 6.

The bill takes effect on July 1, 2020.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

Article VII, s. 19, of the State Constitution requires that a new state tax or fee, as well as a raise in a state tax or fee, must be approved by two-thirds of the membership of each house of the Legislature and must be contained in a separate bill that contains no other subject. Article VII, s. 19(d)(1), of the State Constitution defines "fee" to mean "any charge or payment required by law, including any fee for service, fee or cost for licenses, and charge for service." Article VII, s. 19(d)(2), of the State Constitution includes in the definition of "raise" a decrease or elimination of a state tax or fee exemption or credit.

The bill amends s. 1009.25, F.S., to eliminate a tuition and fee exemption for students in approved apprenticeship programs specified in law at public postsecondary institutions that provide the related technical instruction. As such, the State Constitution may require that the elimination of the tuition and fee exemption be passed by a two-thirds vote of the membership of each house of the Legislature. The bill contains no other subject.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

There may be an increase in expenses for the student apprentices as a result of tuition and fees charges by a school district or Florida College System (FCS) institution that provides

the instruction portion of an apprenticeship program. The increased costs to the student are indeterminate at this time.³¹

C. **Government Sector Impact:**

> Revenues to school districts, FCS institutions, and state universities that provide the instructional portion of an apprenticeship program may increase as a result of tuition and fees paid to the institutions by the student apprentice. The financial impact is indeterminate at this time.³²

VI. **Technical Deficiencies:**

None.

VII. **Related Issues:**

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends section 1009.25 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

Β. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

³² *Id.* at 4.

³¹ Florida Department of Education, 2019 Agency Legislative Bill Analysis of HB 6035 (Oct. 31, 2019), at 5.

By Senator Wright

| | 14-01462-20 20201322 |
|----|--|
| 1 | A bill to be entitled |
| 2 | An act relating to postsecondary fee exemptions; |
| 3 | amending s. 1009.25, F.S.; deleting an exemption from |
| 4 | specified tuition and fees for students enrolled in |
| 5 | approved apprenticeship programs at specified |
| 6 | institutions; providing an effective date. |
| 7 | |
| 8 | Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: |
| 9 | |
| 10 | Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section |
| 11 | 1009.25, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: |
| 12 | 1009.25 Fee exemptions |
| 13 | (1) The following students are exempt from the payment of |
| 14 | tuition and fees, including lab fees, at a school district that |
| 15 | provides workforce education programs, Florida College System |
| 16 | institution, or state university: |
| 17 | (b) A student enrolled in an approved apprenticeship |
| 18 | program, as defined in s. 446.021. |
| 19 | Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2020. |
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| | Page 1 of 1 |
| | CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions. |

Herndon, Angela

From: Sent: To: Cc: Subject: Montiel, Mauricio Monday, February 17, 2020 4:09 PM Sikes, David Herndon, Angela Senator Diaz Missed Votes

Dear David and Angela,

Due to presenting bills in another committee, I was unable to vote on four bills in the Education Committee. I would like to be recorded as a yay on the following bills; SB 1634, SB 1498, SB1412, SB 1650. I thank you in advance for your help and please contact my office with any questions or concerns.

Have a blessed day,

MAURICIO MONTIEL

Legislative Assistant Senator Manny Diaz Jr. District 36

CourtSmart Tag Report

| Room: KN 4 Caption: Se | 12 Case No.: nate Committee on Education Judge: | Туре: |
|---------------------------|--|------------|
| | 17/2020 1:32:05 PM 17/2020 3:21:52 PM Length: 01:49:48 | |
| 1:32:04 PM | Meeting has been called to order | |
| 1:32:06 PM | Angela calls roll | |
| 1:32:10 PM | A quorum is present | |
| 1:32:24 PM | Senator Cruz excused from today's meeting | |
| 1:32:39 PM | SB 1322 by Wright has been temporarily postponed | |
| 1:33:29 PM | Take up tab 4- SB 1634 by Senator Stargel | |
| 1:33:42 PM | Senator Stargel to present SB 1634 | |
| 1:34:39 PM | Take up substitute amendment 825222 by Senator Stargel | |
| 1:35:20 PM 1:35:33 PM | Senator Stargel waives close on amendment Back on bill as amended | |
| 1:35:37 PM | Senator Berman recognized for questions | |
| 1:44:35 PM | Trish Brown speaking against SB 1634 | |
| 1:45:31 PM | Senator Montford takes over as vice chair | |
| 1:46:11 PM | Isabel Rucent speaking against SB 1634 | |
| 1:48:50 PM | Kathryn Lane speaking against SB 1634 | |
| 1:50:55 PM | Chloe Bressack speaking against SB 1634 | |
| 1:53:15 PM | Lakey Love speaking against SB 1634 | |
| 1:56:31 PM | Greg Pound, Saving Families speaking for SB 1634 | |
| 1:58:22 PM | Patti Sullivan, ParentalRights.org speaking for SB 1634 | |
| 2:01:58 PM | Patricia Schater, Florida Citizens Alliance speaking for SB 1634 | |
| 2:02:50 PM 2:05:52 PM | James Sullivan, ParentalRights.org Florida speaking for SB 1634 Trish Neely, League Women Voters speaking against SB 1634 | |
| 2:07:46 PM | Senator Simmons question for Trish Neely | |
| 2:09:22 PM | Melina Rayna Suanhild Farley- Barratt, FL NOW speaking against SB 1634 | |
| 2:12:26 PM | Jon Harris Maurer, Equality Florida speaking against SB 1634 | |
| 2:15:33 PM | Linda Miklowitz, Nat'l Council of Jewish Women TLH Taskforce speaking again | st SB 1634 |
| 2:16:24 PM | Senator Berman recognized in debate | |
| 2:19:10 PM | Senator Baxley recognized in debate | |
| 2:20:51 PM | Senator Montford speaking in debate | |
| 2:21:32 PM | Senator Stargel recognized to close on SB 1634 Angela calls roll on CS/ SB 1634 | |
| 2:24:00 PM 2:24:10 PM | CS/ SB 1634 is reported favorably | |
| 2:24:10 PM | Take up tab 3: SB 1498 by Senator Baxley | |
| 2:24:47 PM | Senator Baxley recognized to explain the bill | |
| 2:25:20 PM | Amendment 929338 by Senator Baxley | |
| 2:25:28 PM | Senator Baxley recognized to explain amendment | |
| 2:28:12 PM | Senator Baxley to withdraw amendment 817770 | |
| 2:28:56 PM | Senator Baxley to explain amendment 438446 | |
| 2:29:38 PM | Senator Baxley waives close on amendment 438446 | |
| 2:29:46 PM | Amendment 438446 reported favorably | |
| 2:30:01 PM 2:30:22 PM | Amendment 449518 taken up Senator Baxley waives close on amendment 449518 | |
| 2:30:22 PM | Amendment 449518 reported favorably | |
| 2:30:55 PM | Amendment 696274 taken up | |
| 2:31:07 PM | Amendment 696274 is adopted | |
| 2:31:27 PM | Amendment 937382 is taken up | |
| 2:31:50 PM | Senator Baxley waives close on amendment 937382 | |
| 2:32:19 PM | Amendment 937382 adopted | |
| 2:32:29 PM | Amendment 696648 by Senator Berman taken up | |
| 2:32:43 PM | Senator Berman explains amendment 696648 | |
| 2:33:01 PM | Senator Berman waives close on amendment 696648 | |
| 2:33:31 PM | Amendment 696648 is adopted | |

- Back on amendment 929338 as amended 2:33:37 PM 2:34:32 PM Marie-Claire Leman speaking against amendment 929338 2:36:47 PM Dr. Berry L. Bolden, Jr. speaking against amendment 929338 2:37:56 PM Carmen Conners, Principal speaking against amendment 929338 Ingrid Hanley, Student speaking against amendment 929338 2:41:08 PM Cathy Boehme, Florida Education Association speaking against amendment 929338 2:43:22 PM 2:47:46 PM Joy Frank, FLA Assoc. of District School Sup.Int. speaking for info on amendment 929338 2:53:59 PM Senator Simmons recognized for question to speaker 2:59:48 PM Senator Baxley waives close on amendment 3:00:00 PM Amendment is adopted 3:00:08 PM Back on the bill as amended 3:01:03 PM Greg Pounds speaking for information on SB 1498 3:02:15 PM Rocky Hanna, Superintendent of Leon County Schools speaking against SB 1498 3:03:39 PM Rosanne Wood, speaking against SB 1498 3:05:26 PM Oscar Salazar speaking against SB 1498 3:06:46 PM Cindy Pearson speaking against SB 1498 3:09:38 PM Darryl Jones speaking against SB 1498 Giselle Sherry-Marsh, Director of School Improvement speaking against SB 1498 3:11:22 PM Senator Berman recognized in debate 3:13:05 PM Senator Simmons recognized in debate 3:13:39 PM Senator Baxley recognized to close on SB 1498 3:14:37 PM Angela calls roll on SB 1498 3:15:52 PM CS/SB 1498 reported favorably 3:16:54 PM Take up tab 2, SB 1412 by Senator Powell 3:17:05 PM Senator Powell to explain SB 1412 3:17:20 PM Senator Powell waives close on SB 1412 3:18:17 PM 3:18:23 PM Angela calls roll on SB 1412 3:18:30 PM SB 1412 reported favorably 3:18:38 PM Tab 5- SB 1650 by Senator Simmons taken up 3:18:53 PM Senator Simmons to explain SB 1650 Senator Simmons waives close on SB 1650 3:19:42 PM Angela calls roll on SB 1650 3:19:49 PM SB 1650 reported favorably 3:19:59 PM Senator Baxley moves that we adjourn 3:20:43 PM
- 3:21:43 PM Meeting is adjourned



THE FLORIDA SENATE

Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

COMMITTEES:

COMMITTEES: Criminal Justice, Chair Infrastructure and Security, Vice Chair Appropriations Subcommittee on Criminal and Civil Justice Appropriations Subcommittee on Transportation, Tourism, and Economic Development Banking and Insurance Banking and Insurance Education

JOINT COMMITTEE: Joint Administrative Procedures Committee

SENATOR KEITH PERRY 8th District

MEMORANDUM

| Senator Manny Diaz, Jr., Chair |
|--------------------------------|
| Committee on Education |
| Senator Keith Perry |
| Today's Committee Meeting |
| February 17, 2020 |
| |

Dear Chair Diaz,

Please record my vote as favorable on the following bills presented in today's Education Committee:

- Tab 4 SB 1634 •
- Tab 3 SB 1498 •
- Tab 2 SB 1412 •
- Tab 5 SB 1650 •

Sincerely,

W. Keith Peny

Senator Keith Perry

REPLY TO:

- □ 2610 NW 43rd Street, Suite 2B, Gainesville, Florida 32606 (352) 264-4040
- □ Marion County Board of Commissioners, 115 SE 25th Avenue, Ocala, Florida 34471 (352) 732-1249
- Putnam County Government Complex, 2509 Crill Avenue, Palatka, Florida 32177

□ 316 Senate Building, 404 South Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100 (850) 487-5008

Senate's Website: www.flsenate.gov

THE FLORIDA SENATE

Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100



SENATOR JANET CRUZ

18th District

February 13, 2020

The Honorable Manny Diaz, Jr. Chair, Education Committee 415 Knott Building 404 South Monroe Street Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

Dear Chairman Diaz,

I respectfully request to be excused from the Education Committee meeting on February 17, 2020. Major General James O. Eifert, The Adjutant General of Florida, has invited me to attend the Deployment Ceremony for the Florida National Guard 290th at MacDill Air Force Base in Tampa. It would be my privilege to attend this event and honor these servicemen and women before they are deployed.

Please let me know if you have any questions or concerns regarding this request.

Thank you, Janet Cruz State Senator, District 18

CC: Angela Herndon, Education Committee - Administrative Assistant

REPLY TO:

210A S. MacDill Avenue, Tampa, Florida 33609 (813) 348-1017
FAX: (888) 263-3681
218 Senate Building, 404 South Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100 (850) 487-5018

Senate's Website: www.flsenate.gov

BILL GALVANO President of the Senate COMMITTEES: Military and Veterans Affairs and Space, Vice Chair Education Health Policy Infrastructure and Security

JOINT COMMITTEE: Joint Administrative Procedures Committee

DAVID SIMMONS President Pro Tempore