PUBLIC TESTIMONY WILL BE RECEIVED FROM ROOM A3 AT THE DONALD L. TUCKER CIVIC CENTER, 505 W PENSACOLA STREET, TALLAHASSEE, FL 32306
## Florida’s PreK-20 Education System

*(Including 2019-2020 Student Headcount)*

### Postsecondary Education

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Postsecondary Education</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>State University System</td>
<td>428,331</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Private Colleges and Universities</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>ICUF:</strong> 195,184</td>
<td><strong>CIE:</strong> 180,055</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Florida College System</td>
<td>715,044</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>District Career Centers</td>
<td>54,049 <em>(excluding adult educ.)</em></td>
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</table>

### K-12 Education

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Public</th>
<th>Private</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Traditional Schools</strong></td>
<td>2,529,733</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Charter Schools</strong></td>
<td>329,219</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Virtual Education</strong></td>
<td>484,451</td>
</tr>
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<td><strong>Secondary CTE</strong></td>
<td>463,095</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Voluntary Prekindergarten (VPK) Program</strong></td>
<td>171,199</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>School Readiness Program</strong></td>
<td>221,711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Private Schools</strong></td>
<td>397,970</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Home Education</td>
<td>106,115</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Governance/Oversight

- **Board of Governors (BOG)**
- **Independent Colleges and Universities of Florida (ICUF)**
- **Commission for Independent Education (CIE)**
- **State Board of Education (SBE)**
- **Office of Early Learning (OEL)**
- **Early Learning Coalitions (ELC)**
- **Department of Children & Families (DCF)**
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Position</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Matthew Bouck</td>
<td>Staff Director</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Holly Sagues</td>
<td>Deputy Staff Director</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alex Brick</td>
<td>Senior Attorney</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rebecca Westmark</td>
<td>Legislative Analyst</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kendra Jahnke</td>
<td>Chief Legislative Analyst</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Angela Herndon</td>
<td>Administrative Assistant</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Significant Recent Education Legislation

School Choice
The Legislature has improved school choice options for families through the establishment of new scholarship programs, the expansion of existing programs, and the removal of barriers to participation. Recent changes to Florida’s school choice programs include:

Charter Schools
- Establishing “Schools of Hope” and designating “hope operators” to provide charter school options in areas with persistently low-performing schools (2017, CS/HB 7069) and areas designated as Florida Opportunity Zones (2019, CS/SB 7070).
- Requiring school districts to share local millage revenue with charter schools under specified circumstances (2017, CS/HB 7069). This requirement has been nullified through the annual Implementing Bill for the past two fiscal years.

State K-12 Scholarship Programs
- Establishing the Hope Scholarship Program (HSP) for students who are victims of bullying or other offenses (2018, CS/HB 7055).
- Establishing Reading Scholarship Accounts for 3rd-5th grade students who are struggling with reading (2018, CS/HB 7055).
- Establishing the Family Empowerment Scholarship Program (FES), funded through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), for low-income public school students (2019, CS/SB 7070, modified in 2020 by CS/HB 7067).
- Standardizing the award amounts for the FES, HSP, and Florida Tax Credit Scholarship (FTC) program at 95 percent of the funds per unweighted FTE in the FEFP, which is in line with funding for charter schools (2019, CS/SB 7070).
- Establishing additional accountability provisions for private schools that participate in state school choice scholarship programs (2018, CS/HB 7055).
- Modifying the Gardiner Scholarship program to expand eligibility and the authorized use of funds (2017, CS/HB 7069).

Virtual Instruction
- Eliminating the prior public school enrollment requirement to participate in virtual options throughout the state (2017, CS/HB 7069).

School and Student Safety
The Legislature has strengthened school security requirements and enhanced student safety through a number of measures aimed at keeping Florida’s students healthy and safe, such as:
- Establishing school safety provisions, which include (2018, CS/SB 7026):
  - Creation of the MSDHS Public Safety Commission;
  - Creation of the Coach Aaron Feis Guardian Program;
  - Establishment of school district requirements including safe school officers, district school safety specialists, threat assessment teams, and active shooter drills;
  - Establishment of the mental health assistance allocation categorical within the FEFP; and
  - Creation of the “FortifyFL” tool for reporting threats made against schools and students.
• Modifying school safety provisions, which include (2019, CS/CS/SB 7030):
  o Authorization of a school security guard as a safe school officer;
  o Requirements for active assailant response plans; and
  o Requirements for a standardized behavioral threat assessment instrument.
• Revising standards of ethical conduct for instructional personnel and administrators that are in direct contact with students (2018, CS/HB 495).
• Requiring an automated external defibrillator (AED) and onsite cooling procedures and equipment to be available at all athletic activities (2020, CS/HB 7011).

Required Instruction and Activities
The Legislature has added school district instructional requirements and provided additional student educational opportunities. These changes include:
• Requiring 20 minutes of recess per day in kindergarten through grade five (charter schools exempt) (2017, CS/HB 7069).
• Promoting opportunities for public middle and high school students to learn computer science taught by qualified teachers (2018, CS/HB 495).

Teacher Provisions (Compensation, Evaluations, Certification)
The Legislature has passed recent legislation focused on improving teacher salaries and removing certification barriers. These changes include:
• Establishing the Teacher Salary Increase Allocation within the FEFP (2020, HB 641).
• Repealing the Florida Best and Brightest Teacher and Principal Programs (2020, HB 641).
• Requiring that the General Knowledge (GK) examination is only required for personnel who will serve as a classroom teacher, and removing the requirement for passing the GK within one year for a teacher on a temporary certificate (2019, CS/SB 7070).
• Authorizing district school boards to issue an adjunct teaching certificate for a full-time teaching position for up to three years (2019, CS/HB 7071).
• Modifying personnel evaluations to make optional the use of the Value Added Model (VAM) (2017, CS/HB 7069).

School Improvement
The Legislature has passed several initiatives to assist low-performing schools and the students they serve. These changes include:
• Establishing the Turnaround School Supplemental Services Allocation within the FEFP to provide funding to traditional public schools in, or exiting, turnaround status to provide wraparound services (2019, CS/SB 7070).
• Creating the Community School Grant Program to fund and support the planning and implementation of community school programs (2019, CS/SB 7070).
• Modifying the early warning system, educational emergencies, limits to turnaround options for “D” and “F” schools, and requirements for selection of a turnaround option (2017, CS/HB 7069).
School District FTE Bonus Incentives
In the 2020 legislative session, two bonus funding incentives were established through the FEFP to provide additional funding to school districts for students completing specified coursework or credentials, including:

- Establishing school district bonus funding for students who receive an Advanced Placement Capstone Diploma (2020, HB 641).
- Establishing dual enrollment FTE incentive for completion of general education core courses and associate degrees (2020, CS/HB 7067).

School District Operations
The Legislature has increased school district fiscal accountability requirements while also providing additional flexibility for constructing educational facilities, including:


Early Learning
The Legislature has modified school readiness funding provisions and established professional development standards and career pathways for early childhood teachers and school readiness program providers. These changes include:

- Providing for school readiness program assessments and differential payments, and penalties based on assessment results (2018, CS/CS/HB 1091).
- Integrating early learning professional development pathways into existing preservice and inservice training requirements (2019, HB 1027).
- Developing professional development training and course standards for school readiness program providers (2019, HB 1027).
- Identifying both formal and informal early learning career pathways with stackable credentials and certifications to provide early childhood teachers access to specialized professional development (2019, HB 1027).

Career Education
The Legislature has emphasized the importance of career and technical education by:

- Creating the “Strengthening Alignment between Industry and Learning (SAIL) to 60” initiative to increase high-value postsecondary credentials held by Floridians (2019, CS/HB 7071).
- Establishing the Career and Technical Education (CTE) graduation pathway to a standard diploma (2019, CS/HB 7071).
- Creating the “Florida Pathways to Career Opportunities Grant Program” to increase access to apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs (2019, CS/HB 7071).

Postsecondary Education
The Legislature has increased fiscal and research accountability and modified financial and programmatic supports to improve student access, retention, and on-time graduation. Changes include:

Funding and Operations
- Modifying university performance funding incentives to emphasize timely graduation for first-time-in-college and transfer students, and students who receive a Pell Grant (2019, CS/SB 4 and 2020, CS/SB 72).
• Authorizing a student athlete to earn compensation for the use of her or his name, image, or likeness (NIL) and prohibiting a postsecondary institution from preventing an athlete from earning NIL compensation (2020, CS/CS/SB 646).
• Requiring that university employees engaged in research disclose such research to ensure integrity of the state university (2020, CS/SB 72).
• Modifying the excess credit hours surcharge to increase the threshold from 110 percent to 120 percent of the degree program (2019, CS/SB 190).
• Establishing the “Last Mile Scholarship Program” for Florida resident students who are within 12 or fewer credit hours of completing their first associate or baccalaureate degree (2019, CS/HB 7071).
• Authorizing Florida to participate in a reciprocity agreement with other states for the delivery of postsecondary distance education (2017, CS/CS/HB 859).
• Reconstituting the Higher Education Coordinating Council as the Florida Talent Development Council for the purpose of developing a coordinated, data-driven, statewide approach to meeting Florida’s workforce needs (2019, CS/HB 7071).
• Establishing a process for the reunification of the University of South Florida (USF) branch campuses under one umbrella and termination of separate accreditation for the St. Petersburg and Sarasota/Manatee branch campuses (2018, CS/SB 4).
• Modifying requirements for the carryforward of operational funds to include procedures for institutions above or below established minimum levels, including authorization for state universities to expend excess carryforward fund for capital outlay projects (2019, CS/SB 190) and authorization for emergency spending of carryforward funds (2020, CS/SB 72).

Financial Assistance
The Legislature has increased student awards and flexibility for using financial assistance. These changes include:
• Modifying the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program by:
  o Increasing the Florida Academic Scholars (FAS) and Florida Medallion Scholars (FMS) awards to 100 percent and 75 percent of tuition and fees respectively;
  o Requiring that SAT scores for the FAS and FMS eligibility be tied to specified national percentiles (2019, CS/SB 190); and
  o Increasing the FMS award for an associate degree program at a college to 100 percent of tuition and fees (2020, CS/SB 72).
• Expanding the Benacquisto Scholarship Program to attract qualified students from out-of-state (2018, CS/SB 4).
• Expanding death benefits for certain educational expenses for surviving dependents of firefighters, law enforcement and correctional officers, emergency medical personnel, and Florida National Guard members (2019, CS/SB 7098, also 2018, Art. X, s. 31).
• Modifying the Florida Student Assistance Grant (FSAG) programs to authorize a student to receive an award during the summer term, prioritize the distribution of grant funds to students who are within one semester of completing a degree or certificate program, and modify the maximum expected family contribution (2020, CS/SB 72).

Articulation
The Legislature has removed transition barriers to help students more easily navigate through postsecondary education. These measures include:
• Creating the “2+2” targeted pathway program to improve transfer from Florida College System (FCS) institutions to state universities (2019, CS/SB 190).
• Requiring that FCS institutions and state universities establish reverse transfer agreements (2019, CS/HB 7071).
• Requiring that career centers and FCS institutions establish regional career pathway agreements between certificate and college credit programs (2019, CS/HB 7071).

Civil Liberties
The Legislature has enhanced student civil liberties by:
• Enacting the "Campus Free Expression Act," which addresses the issue of free speech on the campuses of public postsecondary institutions (2018, CS/SB 4).
• Creating the “Florida Student and School Personnel Religious Liberties Act” to specify that a school district may not discriminate against a student, parent, or school personnel on the basis of a religious viewpoint or religious expression (2017, SB 436).
K-12 Scholarships

Eric Hall, Senior Chancellor

January 12, 2021

Senate Education Committee

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Without education he lives within the narrow, dark, and grimy walls of ignorance. Education on the other hand, means emancipation; it means light and liberty. It means the uplifting of the soul of man into the glorious light of truth, the light only by which men can be free.

To deny education to any people is one of the greatest crimes against human nature. It is to deny them the means of freedom, the rightful pursuit of happiness and to defeat the very end of their being.

Frederick Douglass
A great American historical leader
What Does School Choice Do?

• Choice ensures every child, **no matter their demographic**, has the same access and opportunity to receive a world-class education

• Choice ensures families are not trapped in schools that do not meet their child’s **individual** needs

• Choice has a significantly positive impact on our most vulnerable students

• Choice provides **greater opportunities** for students and their families that they otherwise would not have
The Origins of School Choice

• School choice is not a new concept
• School choice has *always existed* long before the first public charter school was ever opened in Florida
• Individuals with financial means *have always* had school choice options
• Now, students with disabilities have school choice options via the McKay and Gardiner Scholarships
• School choice is no longer for the financially well-off – low-income students now have access to school choice via the Florida Tax Credit and Family Empowerment Scholarship programs
FLORIDA PUBLIC & PRIVATE CHOICE OPTIONS

- SPECIAL EDUCATION (GIFTED ENROLLMENT)
- FES
- COLLEGIATE CHARTER HIGH SCHOOL
- DUAL ENROLLMENT
- AP
- LOW PERFORMING SCHOOL TRANSFERS
- CHARTER LAB SCHOOLS
- LAB SCHOOLS
- GARDINER
- IB
- VIRTUAL
- MCKAY SCHOLARSHIPS (PRIVATE)
- HOPE SCHOLARSHIPS
- OPEN ENROLLMENT
- CHARTER SCHOOLS
- PRIVATE SCHOOLS
- CAREER & PROFESSIONAL EDUCATION ACADEMIES
- VPK ENROLLMENT
- TAX CREDIT SCHOLARSHIPS
- HOME EDUCATION
- AICE PROGRAMS
Research on Private School Choice

- When reviewing studies of choice programs using appropriate research methods, the findings are spectacularly positive.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Research Topic</th>
<th>Positive Finding</th>
<th>Neutral Finding</th>
<th>Negative Finding</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Academic Outcomes of Scholarship Recipients</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Academic Outcomes of Remaining Public School Students</strong></td>
<td><strong>25</strong></td>
<td><strong>1</strong></td>
<td><strong>0</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Effect of Choice Program on Integration of Schools</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Effect on Civic Values of Scholarship Students (civic knowledge, respect for rights of others)</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fiscal Impact on Taxpayers and Districts</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
K-12 Scholarship Programs

- McKay Scholarship Program serves students with special needs
- Gardiner Scholarship Program serves students with special needs
- Florida Tax Credit Scholarship Program serves low-income students
- Family Empowerment Scholarship Program serves low-income students
- Hope Scholarship Program serves students subjected to physical and/or mental abuse at their schools
- Reading Scholarship Program serves struggling readers
## All K-12 Public Schools (2019-2020)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total Students</th>
<th>2,858,952</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>36.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic</td>
<td>34.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black/African-American</td>
<td>21.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Economically Disadvantaged</td>
<td>53.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>English Language Learners (ELLs)</td>
<td>10.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Students with Special Needs (SWD)</td>
<td>14.5%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Major Choice Programs (2019-2020)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Program</th>
<th>Number</th>
<th>% White</th>
<th>% Hispanic</th>
<th>% Black/African-American</th>
<th>% Economically Disadvantaged</th>
<th>% English Language Learners (ELLs)</th>
<th>% Students with Special Needs (SWD)</th>
<th>% Bullied</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>McKay Scholarship (Private)</td>
<td>30,185</td>
<td>46%</td>
<td>30%</td>
<td>19%</td>
<td>42%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Family Empowerment Scholarship</td>
<td>17,823</td>
<td>27%</td>
<td>36%</td>
<td>35%</td>
<td>99%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gardiner Scholarship</td>
<td>14,318</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hope Scholarship</td>
<td>388</td>
<td>49%</td>
<td>24%</td>
<td>19%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Florida Tax Credit Scholarship</td>
<td>111,219</td>
<td>27%</td>
<td>38%</td>
<td>30%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reading Scholarship Accounts</td>
<td>6,763</td>
<td>29%</td>
<td>36%</td>
<td>18%</td>
<td>%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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Continued Growth in Florida's K-12 Scholarship Choice Options

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>McKay (Private)</td>
<td>30,378</td>
<td>31,173</td>
<td>31,499</td>
<td>31,044</td>
<td>30,695</td>
<td>30,185</td>
<td>27,226</td>
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<tr>
<td>McKay (Public)</td>
<td>3,467</td>
<td>3,922</td>
<td>4,322</td>
<td>5,134</td>
<td>5,636</td>
<td>6,509</td>
<td>5,386</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gardiner</td>
<td>1,559</td>
<td>4,815</td>
<td>8,000</td>
<td>10,236</td>
<td>12,179</td>
<td>14,318</td>
<td>17,508</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Florida Tax Credit</td>
<td>69,950</td>
<td>78,664</td>
<td>98,936</td>
<td>108,098</td>
<td>104,091</td>
<td>111,219</td>
<td>100,008</td>
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<tr>
<td>Hope (Private)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>123</td>
<td>388</td>
<td>390</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hope (Public)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>404</td>
<td>476</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Family Empowerment</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>17,823</td>
<td>36,384</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reading Scholarship Accounts</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>5,632</td>
<td>6,763</td>
<td>902</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
McKay Scholarships

- **Serves students with special needs** and allows students to attend an eligible public or private school

- A student is eligible if:
  - The student has an Individualized Education Program (IEP) or 504 Plan, and
  - The student has spent the prior school year in attendance at a Florida public school; or the student is a foster child or is a dependent child of a member of the U.S. Armed Forces who transfers from out of state due to a parent's change of station orders.

- Funded by the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP)
  - The average amount for enrollment in a private school for a student with an IEP is $8,473. The average amount for a student with a 504 plan is $4,676.
McKay Student Enrollment by Disability Type

- Specific Learning Disability: 24%
- Language Impaired: 10%
- Speech Impaired: 12%
- Emotional/Behavioral Disability: 3%
- Intellectual Disability: 6%
- Autism Spectrum Disorder: 18%
- Developmentally Delayed: 10%
- Other Health Impaired: 18%
Gardiner Scholarships

• **Serves students with special needs** and allows students with disabilities to receive therapies/services or tuition to an eligible private school.

• A student is eligible if:
  • The student is in a K-12 public school or will be three or four years old before September 1, **and**
  • The student has a specified disability as defined in s. 1002.385, F.S.

• Funded by legislative appropriation
  • The average amount is $10,000 for specialized services such as speech or occupational therapy, instructional materials, tuition at an eligible private school, contributions to a college prepaid account.
Gardiner Students by Disability Type

- Autism Spectrum Disorder 64%
- Cerebral Palsey 2%
- Down Syndrome 2%
- Intellectual Disability 11%
- High-Risk Child 5%
- Rare Disease 8%
- Anaphylaxis 4%
- Other Disabilities 4%

*data as of October 2020
Empowering Parents to Meet Child’s Individuals Needs

In June 2020, researchers at the University of Arkansas and Boston University administered a survey to Florida parents to evaluate the McKay and Gardiner Scholarship programs.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Survey Question</th>
<th>McKay Parents</th>
<th>Gardiner Parents</th>
<th>Non-Participating Parents</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I am satisfied with my interactions with school staff</td>
<td>91%</td>
<td>93%</td>
<td>83%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I am satisfied with my child’s teachers</td>
<td>94%</td>
<td>95%</td>
<td>87%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I am satisfied with my school’s ability to meet my child’s special needs</td>
<td>87%</td>
<td>91%</td>
<td>82%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I am satisfied with my school’s commitment to help my children learn</td>
<td>90%</td>
<td>94%</td>
<td>86%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Florida Tax Credit (FTC) Scholarship

• **Serves low-income students** attending or assigned to attend failing public schools the option to choose a higher performing public school.

• A student is eligible if:
  • The student's household income is < 260% federal poverty line; the student is on the direct certification list, **or**
  • The student is currently or during the previous state fiscal year was in foster care or out-of-home care.

• Funded by private, voluntary contributions to nonprofit Scholarship Funding Organizations (SFOs) such as Step Up for Students and AAA
  • The average amount for enrollment in an eligible private school is $6,815 or $750 for transportation to a public school located outside the district the student resides.
Participating in FTC Increases the Likelihood Students Will Earn a Bachelor’s Degree

FTC students are more likely to enroll in both two-year and four-year colleges than their nonparticipating counterparts (Center on Education Data and Policy at the Urban Institute study).

• FTC Students who entered in middle school are 6% points more likely to enroll in college
• FTC Students who entered in high school are 10% points more likely to enroll in college
Family Empowerment Scholarship (FES)

• **Serves low-income students** and provides the option to attend a private school.

• A student is eligible if:
  
  • The student’s household income is < 300% FPL; the student is on the direct certification list, **or**
  
  • The student is currently or during the previous state fiscal year was in foster care or out-of-home care, **and**
  
  • The student is eligible to enroll in kindergarten or has spent the prior school year in attendance at a Florida public school.

• Funded by the FEFP
  
  • The average amount for enrollment in an eligible private school is $6,972.
Hope Scholarship Program

• **Serves students subjected to physical and/or mental bullying at their schools** and provides the option to attend an eligible public or private school.

• A student is eligible if:
  • The student has been subjected to a specified incident of bullying while enrolled in a Florida public school.

• Funded by eligible sales tax contributions from the purchase of a motor vehicle to nonprofit Scholarship Funding Organizations (SFOs) such as Step Up for Students and AAA.
  • The average amount for enrollment in an eligible private school is $6,815 or $750 for enrollment in a public school located outside the district the student resides.
Reading Scholarship Program

• **Serves struggling readers in grades 3-5** and provides funds to assist with reading skills.

• A student is eligible if:
  
  • The student is in grades 3-5 who were Level 1 or 2 on their most recent FSA/ELA or students identified with a substantial deficiency in reading based on most available screening or progress monitoring and are classified as English Language Learner;
  
  • The student is in grades 3-5 enrolled in one of Florida’s 300 Lowest Performing Elementary Schools in 2018-19; or
  
  • The student is in in grades 3-5 enrolled in one of Florida’s elementary schools that earned a D or F school grade in 2018-19.

• **Funded by legislative appropriation**
  
  • The average amount is $500 for instructional materials, curriculum; tuition and fees for part-time tutoring services, etc.
Scholarship Participant Accountability
Scholarship Program Participation Requirements

- **Accountability is key!** The processes laid out within statute illustrates the intent for full transparency in compliance of private schools, ultimately providing equity for the students of Florida through the provision of the social justice programs offered through scholarship participation.

- Annually, FDOE verifies the eligibility of private schools that meet the requirements of s. 1002.421, F.S., specific requirements identified within respective scholarship program laws, and other provisions of state law that apply to private schools.

- Schools must submit a signed and notarized Scholarship Compliance Form certifying that all school employees and contracted personnel with direct student contact have undergone the **required background screening**.

- Schools must meet **state and local health, safety, and welfare laws, codes, and rules**.
  - FDOE coordinates with the entities conducting the health inspection for a private school to obtain copies of the inspection reports.
Scholarship Program Participation Requirements – Cont.

- Beginning 2019-20, a private school is not eligible to receive scholarship payments until a **satisfactory site visit has been conducted** and the school is in compliance with all other requirements of s. 1002.421, F.S.
  - During site visits, the FDOE's team reviews all compliance documents including student information, attendance data, school administration/employee files, and school facility information.

- Additional requirements (s. 1002.421, F.S.)
  - Maintain a physical location in Florida where students **regularly attend classes**.
  - Notify FDOE of their intent to participate.
  - Demonstrate **fiscal soundness** by:
    - Being in operation for at least three school years, or
    - Filing with the FDOE a surety bond or letter of credit for the amount equal to the scholarship funds for any quarter.
  - Comply with the **anti-discrimination provisions of 42 U.S.C. s. 2000d**.
  - Employ or contract only with teachers who hold a baccalaureate or higher degree, or have at least **three years of teaching experience in public or private schools**, or have **special skills, knowledge, or expertise** that qualifies them to provide instruction in subjects taught.
Scholarship Compliance Procedures

• FDOE has an established process by which individuals may notify us of any violation by a parent, private school, or school district of state laws relating to program participation.
  • If FDOE has reasonable cause to believe that a violation of this section or any rule adopted by the State Board of Education has occurred, it shall conduct an inquiry or make a referral to the appropriate agency for an investigation.

• FDOE may also conduct site visits to any private school participating in a scholarship program that has received a complaint about a violation of state law or state board rule or has received a notice of noncompliance or a notice of proposed action within the previous 2 years.

• Students participating in state scholarship programs are required to complete the nationally norm-referenced tests identified by FDOE or the statewide assessments to demonstrate academic accountability.
Changing Landscape of K-12 Education

1.7 MILLION STUDENTS CHOOSE
Approximately 48 percent of PreK-12 students in Florida now participate in education choice programs.

- 309,730 in 658 Charter Schools privately operated under contract with districts
- 273,377 in Open Enrollment in 51 school districts
- 248,199 in Choice and Magnet programs at district schools
- 237,290 in 2,689 Private Schools
- 145,373 in Careers and Professional Academies at 426 high schools
- 133,870 in private PreKindergarten Scholarships for 4-year-olds
- 104,091 in Tax Credit Scholarships for low-income students at 1,825 private schools
- 91,596 in Home Education while reporting results to districts
- 55,119 in Advanced International Certificate programs for 11th and 12th graders
- 36,331 in McKay Scholarships for special-needs students (30,695 in private schools and 5,636 in district schools)
- 13,575 in International Baccalaureate at district schools
- 13,884 in Gardiner Scholarships for special-needs students
- 11,175 in full-time Virtual Instruction
- 7,319 in Lab Schools run by five universities
- 3,949 in School Transfers related to state or federal performance thresholds

= 1,684,878 STUDENTS AT SCHOOLS OF THEIR CHOICE

Source: 2018-19 Florida Department of Education data. *The 2018-19 changing landscape cannot be compared with past years due to changes in survey data.*
Scholarship Funding Organizations

- The Department of Education approves eligible nonprofits as Scholarship Funding Organizations to help administer five scholarship programs.
  - Tax Credit Scholarship (2002)
  - Gardiner Scholarship (2014)
  - Hope Scholarship (2018)
  - Reading Scholarship Accounts (2018)
  - Family Empowerment Scholarship (2019)*
  *Step Up For Students determines students’ income eligibility for the Family Empowerment Scholarship.

- Currently, two SFOs administer the Tax Credit Scholarship, the Family Empowerment Scholarship and Gardiner Scholarship.

- Step Up For Students administers the Hope Scholarship and Reading Scholarship Accounts.
Accountability for SFOs

• Must conduct level 2 background checks on owners and operators of the SFO.

• Must apply annually to be approved by the State Board of Education. Approval requires an IRS Form 990, financial plans, geographic regions served, description of the application process, an annual report, and a copy of the audits.

• Are subject to 2 audits each year:
  1. Operational and compliance audit by the Auditor General.
  2. Financial audit of accounts and records by an independent CPA, which must be provided to the Auditor General and the Department of Education.

• Must allow students to attend any eligible private school.
• May not restrict or reserve scholarships for use at a particular private school.
• Must prepare and submit quarterly reports on scholarships to the DOE.
General Responsibilities

- Review over 220,000 students on applications for five scholarship programs and determine eligibility. (average 13K applications reviewed per month)
  - FTC and FES: process documentation of household income
  - Gardiner: process documentation of qualifying disability
- Answer calls, emails and chats from current and prospective parents and providers.
  - Average over 20K incoming calls per month
  - Take calls in any language
  - Emails and chat services average over 20K contacts per month
- Communication during the eligibility and funding process.
- Create and maintain Parent and Provider Handbooks for each program.
- Produce quarterly scholarship payments and a weekly ACH payment file for providers and parents for the Gardiner program.
- Produce quarterly reports for the Department of Education.
- Review approximately 1,185 Agreed Upon Procedure reports (19-20) –from CPAs for participating schools
- Perform quality assurance on reimbursement and application processing.
- Recruitment of contributions and marketing.
- Respond to data requests from external organizations.
- Assist in fraud prevention.
- Make quarterly tuition payments to schools for over 100k FTC students
- Raise $750 million in tax credited contributions between FTC and Hope.
- Privately raised more than $4.75 million in philanthropic donations in the last 5 years.
General Responsibilities

• Additional Gardiner Scholarship administration (Education Savings Accounts):
  o Establish and maintain student accounts.
  o Verify providers and confirm a valid license at the time of each expense.
  o Process over 149K reimbursements each year by reviewing invoices and verifying expenditures.
  o Develop and manage hardware and secure software infrastructure.
  o Establish a scalable ESA platform for purchases.
  o Conduct weekly meetings to review reimbursement requests.
  o Review appeals for denied reimbursements.
  o Conduct Parent and School Advisory Council meetings to receive feedback.
  o Work on innovations using Artificial Intelligence to increase accuracy and efficiencies in operations.
  o Raised $900,000 privately to begin the Gardiner Program because administrative funding was not allocated in the first year.
Tax Credit Scholarships for Financial Need

- Created in 2001 for economically disadvantaged students.

- Provides tuition scholarships for private schools or transportation scholarships for students attending a different public school.

- Step Up For Students serves 99,113 students in 1,896 schools this year.
Income-based Scholarship Demand

- Received 185,104 FTC & FES student applications as of 12/31/2020.
- Served an additional 22,000 students on the income-based scholarships this year versus last year.
- Enrollment steady with approximately 400 new enrollments per week as the school year moves into the second half.
- Enrollments for the current school year will close on Jan 31, 2021.
- New application period opens in February for renewing families and March for new families.
The Typical Tax Credit Scholarship Student

- **Lives near poverty:** Average household income for a family of four this year is $32,835, or 12 percent above poverty.

- **Is Hispanic or Black:** 38 percent Hispanic, 29 percent Black, and 26 percent White.

- **Lives with one parent:** 55 percent live in single-parent households.

- **Has struggled academically:** Research shows students “tend to be among the lowest-performing students in their prior school, regardless of the performance level of their public school.”
Tax Credit Scholarship Program Mechanics

• **Eligibility:** Household income must not exceed 260% of the federal poverty level ($68,120 for a household of four).

• **Priority:** Renewal students and students with household incomes that do not exceed 185% of poverty, or who are in foster care or out-of-home care have priority.

• About 82% of FTC students have household incomes <=185% of poverty.

• **Scholarship:** About 95 percent of the unweighted FTE amount as determined by county of residence and grade level. Average amount is between $6,673 and $7,169.

• **Tax-credited contributions:** Companies receive a dollar-for-dollar tax credit on five different state taxes for contributions to SFOs.
What the Research Tells Us

• **Academics:** Annual reports by independent researchers show: 1) Students are the lowest-performing from the public schools they left; 2) They achieve the same test score gains in reading and math as students of all income levels nationally.

• **Long term effects:** In a 2019 study, the Urban Institute found that FTC students were up to 43% more likely to attend 4-year colleges than their public-school peers, and up to 20% more likely to earn bachelor’s degrees. Those on the scholarship at least 4 years were 99% more likely to attend college, and 45% more likely to earn a degree.

• **Financial impact:** Eight studies have concluded the FTC Scholarship saves taxpayer money. The Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability said in 2010 that the state saved $1.44 for every $1 lost in tax credits.

• **Public school impact:** A 2020 study by the National Bureau of Economic Research found as the FTC Scholarship expanded, public schools most impacted by the competition had higher test scores, fewer suspensions, and reduced absenteeism.
Gardiner Scholarship Program

- Created in 2014, the Gardiner Scholarship program allows parents to personalize the education of their special-needs children by directing money toward a combination of programs and approved providers.

- Florida was the second state in the country to use this model, known nationally as an education savings account, or ESA.

- Parents are able to customize their child’s learning by incorporating the best of all delivery methods (home education, private school, public school, online learning, tutoring, etc.)
Eligibility

Students age 3 years through 12th grade, or age 22, who qualify under one or more of the diagnosis categories listed below.

Gardiner Enrollment by Diagnosis

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Diagnosis Type</th>
<th>Enrollment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Autism Spectrum Disorder</td>
<td>10,538</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rare Diseases</td>
<td>1,551</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intellectual Disability</td>
<td>1,323</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anaphylaxis</td>
<td>878</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High-Risk Child</td>
<td>841</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Multiple-Diagnosis</td>
<td>680</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cerebral Palsy</td>
<td>403</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Down Syndrome</td>
<td>366</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deaf</td>
<td>247</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Visually Impaired</td>
<td>122</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spina Bifida</td>
<td>109</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Traumatic Brain Injured</td>
<td>69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Muscular Dystrophy</td>
<td>47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hospital or Homebound</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dual Sensory Impaired</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prader-Willi Syndrome</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Williams Syndrome</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phelan-McDermid</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2020-21 Funded Students as of January 2021
The Scholarship

The average scholarship is (scholarships vary per grade and county of residence). Funds may be rolled over from year to year. Parents may pick and choose from a variety of approved items and services, including:

- Curriculum
- Instructional materials, including digital devices
- Specialized services, such as therapy with a Florida licensed professional
- Tuition and fees for an eligible private school, post-secondary or virtual program, or Florida Virtual School
- Fees for nationally standardized, norm-referenced achievement tests, placement tests, or industry certification examinations
- Florida Prepaid or 529 college savings plan
- Tuition and fees for full-time or part-time tutoring
- Contracted services from a public school
Gardiner Facts

• 2020-21 allocation for scholarship awards: $189.9 million
• 17,282 students funded in 20-21 through Step Up
• 9,152 students enrolled in private schools; 5,382 enrolled in home education
• Waitlist of about 400 students
• More than 8,400 participating providers through Step Up
Hope Scholarship Program

- Began in 2018 for students who are subjected to an incident, including battery; harassment; hazing; bullying; kidnapping; physical attack; robbery; sexual offenses, harassment, assault, or battery; threat or intimidation; or fighting at school.
- Provides a scholarship that may be used toward tuition and fees at an eligible private school or a transportation scholarship of up to $750 for students attending a public school in another district.
- Purchaser of a motor vehicle receives a sales tax credit, up to $105, against tax imposed by the state and collected by the dealer or private tag agent.
- $66.8 million total contributions in 2019-20
- 388 total students funded in 2019-20
- 638 total students awarded so far in 2020-21
- Remaining funds transferred the following year to the FTC Scholarship
Reading Scholarship Accounts

• Created in 2018 for students who are struggling in reading.

• First ESA program in the nation for students who are in public school

• $500 scholarships

• $7.6 million allocation for 2020-21

• 1,971 students determined eligible so far (awards began in late fall)

• Uses of funds: part-time tutoring, digital devices, instructional materials or curriculum related to reading or literacy; or afterschool and summer education programs designed to improve reading or literacy
Improvement Opportunities

- To keep their children safe and well educated, all families need more spending flexibility—Education Savings Accounts provide this flexibility.
  - Customize learning by incorporating different delivery methods (home education, private school, public school, online learning, tutoring, etc)
  - Help with disparities in out-of-school learning opportunities


- Remaining access barriers should be removed to allow flexibility.
- Increasing the scholarship amounts would allow families to access more of the services they need.
About Step Up

- **Top-ranked charity:** Step Up has a 4-Star rating by national watchdog Charity Navigator 14 different years and is recognized as a Platinum GuideStar member. These accolades are achieved through the organization’s commitment to fiscal responsibility in accounting and transparency.

- **National charity rankings:** Step Up was ranked 21st by *Forbes* (1st among education charities), and the Chronicle of Philanthropy ranked Step Up 18th in its 2019 list of America's Favorite Charities.
AAA Scholarship Foundation

WE MAKE ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT ACCESSIBLE

www.aaascholarships.org
Charitable and Educational Mission: To promote relief of the poor, the distressed or the underprivileged and to promote the advancement of education.

How: We currently administer six innovative scholarship programs in four states that help families pay for educational expenses exclusively for disabled, displaced and economically-disadvantaged children (up to grade 12).
Florida Programs

- **Florida Tax Credit Scholarships:**
  - Funded by charitable contributions from Florida taxpaying companies
  - $24,327,000 in contributions through 12/31/2020 for the cap year that opened 1/1/2020 (down from $29,500,500 over same period last year)
  - 2,681 students approved (down from 2,718 last year at this time)

- **Family Empowerment Scholarships:**
  - Funded by the state of Florida
  - Administered by the Florida DOE
  - 104 students approved (up from 28)

- **Gardiner Scholarship Program:**
  - Funded by the state of Florida
  - 1,061 students approved (up from 917 last year at this time)
Florida Tax Credit Scholarship

**Student-Specific**

**Gender**
- Female: 47.4%
- Male: 52.6%

**Race/Ethnicity**
- American Indian or Alaskan Native: 0.5%
- Asian or Pacific Islander: 1.5%
- Black, non-Hispanic: 17.7%
- Hispanic: 31.1%
- Mixed Race: 8.4%
- White, non-Hispanic: 40.8%

**Household**

**Average Household Size**
- 4

**Average Household Income**
- $44,908

**Average Percentage of Poverty**
- 163.2%

**Single-Parent Home**
- 37.6%

**Average Scholarship Awarded**
- $6,731

**Average Scholarship Funded**
- $6,608

**Marital Status**
- Separated: 5.6%
- Living with boyfriend, girlfriend, fiance: 1.3%
- Single, never Married: 17.4%
- Divorced: 14.5%
- Married: 58.5%
- Divorced/Remarried: 0.6%
- Other: 0.4%
- Widowed: 1.6%

**Marital Status Distribution**
- Divorced/Remarried
- Married
- Divorced
- Single, never Married
- Living with boyfriend, girlfriend, fiance
- Separated

**Race/Ethnicity Distribution**
- American Indian or Alaskan Native: 0.5%
- Asian or Pacific Islander: 1.5%
- Black, non-Hispanic: 17.7%
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Florida Tax Credit Scholarship

Student-Specific

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade Level</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>K</td>
<td>10.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>9.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>10.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>8.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>7.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>7.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>7.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
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<td>8</td>
<td>6.3%</td>
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<td>7.5%</td>
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<td>10</td>
<td>6.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>6.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>5.0%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Household

Scholarships Awarded by HH Income Levels

- Up to 185% of Poverty*: 25.2%
- Between 186 and 200%*: 3.3%
- Between 201 and 225%*: 4.5%
- Between 226 and 260%*: 9.1%
- Renewing students: 57.9%

Top 5 Household Counties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>County</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MIAMI-DADE</td>
<td>13.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BROWARD</td>
<td>11.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HILLSBOROUGH</td>
<td>8.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PINELLAS</td>
<td>4.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DUVAL</td>
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Scholarships Awarded by HH Income Levels

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Family Empowerment Scholarship

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Student-Specific</th>
<th>Household</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Gender</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female</td>
<td>47.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Male</td>
<td>52.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Race/Ethnicity</strong></td>
<td>Average Percentage of Poverty*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>American Indian or Alaskan Native</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian or Pacific Islander</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black, non-Hispanic</td>
<td>17.3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic</td>
<td>28.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mixed Race</td>
<td>7.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White, non-Hispanic</td>
<td>46.2%</td>
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</table>

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<tr>
<th>Marital Status</th>
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<td>Separated</td>
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<td>Living with boyfriend, girlfriend, fiance</td>
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Family Empowerment Scholarship

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<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>3.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>2.9%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Household Counties

- ALACHUA: 2.9%
- BROWARD: 11.5%
- CITRUS: 1.0%
- DADE: 16.3%
- DUVAL: 1.9%
- ESCAMBIA: 3.8%
- HILLSBOROUGH: 10.6%
- LAKE: 1.0%
- LEE: 1.0%
- MARION: 1.0%
- ORANGE: 9.6%
- OSCEOLA: 1.0%
- PALM BEACH: 16.3%
- PASCO: 1.0%
- PINELLAS: 4.8%
- POLK: 2.9%
- SANTA ROSA: 2.9%
- SEMINOLE: 5.8%
- ST. JOHNS: 1.0%
- ST. LUCIE: 1.9%
- VOLUSIA: 1.9%
Gardiner Scholarship

Gender

- Male: 702
- Female: 359

Race / Ethnicity

- White, non-Hispanic: 651
- Multiracial: 93
- Hispanic: 188
- Black, non-Hispanic: 98
- Asian or Pacific Islander: 26
- American Indian or Alaska Native: 5

Disability Category

- Visually Impaired: 30
- Traumatic Brain Injury: 8
- Spina bifida: 6
- Rare Disease: 74
- Prader-Willi syndrome: 2
- Muscular Dystrophy: 1
- Intellectual disability: 149
- Hospital/Homebound: 5
- High-risk child: 44
- Dual Sensory Impaired: 2
- Down syndrome: 13
- Deaf: 13
- Cerebral palsy: 22
- Autism spectrum disorder: 597
- Anaphylaxis: 95
Gardiner Scholarship

**Gardiner Student Type**
- Renewing Students: 720
- New Students: 341

**Top 5 Districts**
- Hillsborough: 110
- Dade: 95
- Orange: 84
- Palm Beach: 82
- Pinellas: 78

**Grade**
- 12th: 57
- 11th: 64
- 10th: 83
- 9th: 84
- 8th: 86
- 7th: 81
- 6th: 79
- 5th: 70
- 4th: 61
- 3rd: 66
- 2nd: 77
- 1st: 77
- KG: 100
- PK: 100
Gardiner Scholarship

Authorized Uses

- Voluntary Pre-K Tuition/Fees: $33,437
- Transition Services: $35
- Therapeutic Horsemanship Assoc.: $3,430
- Testing/Exam Fees: $469
- Speech-Language Pathology: $78,921
- Specialized Summer Ed: $6,012
- Specialized After-School Ed: $275
- Private School: $2,405,478
- Physical Therapy: $463
- Part-Time Tutoring: $162,250
- Other Specialized Services: $34,052
- Occupational Therapy: $41,433
- Instructional & Digital Devices: $355,280
- Home School: $31,275
- Full-Time Tutoring: $74,549
- Florida Virtual School: $23,496
- Florida Prepaid: $220,089
- Curriculum: $97,638
- Board Certified Music Therapist: $3,860
- Applied Behavior Analysis: $58,567
- Annual Evaluation Fees: $813
Dekendrick Wilson

- Dekendrick attended public school through elementary and middle school, but over the years his grades began to decline and his grade point average (GPA) dropped to a 1.9 by his 10th grade year.
- Dekendrick has five other biological siblings and lives with his single mom; private school appeared to be out of reach financially.
- Dekendrick was able to enroll in JAM Preparatory Academy of Excellence during his 11th grade year with an AAA scholarship.
- By the time he reached his senior year, he had brought his GPA up from a 1.9 to above a 3.0.
- Dekendrick proudly received his high school diploma in the Spring of 2020 and earned a full scholarship to attend Miles College in Birmingham, AL.
Sergio Gaston’s mother, Alba, was angry and frustrated when she was told that any therapies would be a waste of time for him and it was obvious that her young son lacked the ability to learn.

She applied for an AAA Gardiner scholarship as soon as she heard about the program and he was awarded one that year.

With the help of a team of therapists, Sergio has been thriving in school and is now in dual enrollment at SEU in Lakeland.

Alba happily proclaims, “This scholarship and AAA have been a game-changer for Sergio!”
Spread the word: AAA has FTC scholarship funding available for the 2020-21 school year!

Thank You!

Contact: Kim Dyson, CPA, President and CEO
Offices: Arizona • Florida • Georgia • Nevada
Office: 888-707-2465 • Email: kim @ aaascholarships.org
Website: www.aaascholarships.org
Florida State Scholarship and Grant Programs

- Florida offers several state-funded student financial assistance programs to:
  - Increase student access to postsecondary education;
  - Reward Florida high school graduates for high academic achievement;
  - Provide funds to students who may not otherwise be able to afford postsecondary education; and
  - Offer students opportunities to pursue careers in both technical and academic fields.
# State Student Financial Assistance Programs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Merit-Based</th>
<th>Need-Based</th>
<th>Tuition Assistance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Programs</td>
<td>Florida Student Assistance Grants (FSAG) Program</td>
<td>Effective Access to Student Education (EASE) Grant Program</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benacquisto Scholarship Program</td>
<td>Florida Work Experience Program (FWEP)</td>
<td>Access to Better Learning and Education (ABLE) Grant Program</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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## State Student Financial Assistance Programs

### Other Programs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Scholarship Program</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>José Martí Scholarship Challenge Grant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rosewood Family Scholarship</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mary McLeod Bethune Scholarship (MMB)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>First Generation Matching Grant (FGMG)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scholarships for Children &amp; Spouses of Deceased or Disabled Veterans (CSDDV)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minority Teacher Education Scholars (MTES)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Florida Farmworker Student Scholarship</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Honorably Discharged Graduate Assistance Program</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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2020-21 Appropriations by Category

- **Tuition Assistance**: $121,685,712 (11%)
- **Merit-Based**: $678,354,435 (62%)
- **Need-Based**: $270,965,934 (25%)
- **Other**: $21,936,077 (2%)

**Total Appropriation**: $1,092,942,158
# Four-Year Appropriations Comparison

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bright Futures</td>
<td>$397.28</td>
<td>$519.70</td>
<td>$595.14</td>
<td>$651.78</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benacquisto</td>
<td>$14.28</td>
<td>$17.04</td>
<td>$21.37</td>
<td>$26.58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FSAG</td>
<td>$269.40</td>
<td>$269.40</td>
<td>$269.40</td>
<td>$269.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FWEP</td>
<td>$1.57</td>
<td>$1.57</td>
<td>$1.57</td>
<td>$1.57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EASE</td>
<td>$125.45</td>
<td>$136.82</td>
<td>$113.91</td>
<td>$116.66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ABLE</td>
<td>$6.83</td>
<td>$6.34</td>
<td>$4.95</td>
<td>$5.03</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTE: Appropriation amounts are in millions.
Merit-Based Programs

• **Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program**
  • Created in 1997 and funded by the Florida Lottery.
  • Students may receive funding for **ONE** of the Bright Futures Scholarship awards:
    • Florida Academic Scholars (FAS);
    • Florida Medallion Scholars (FMS);
    • Florida Gold Seal CAPE Scholars (GSC); or
    • Florida Gold Seal Vocational Scholars (GSV).
  • Students receive the specified award amounts established by the Florida Legislature in the General Appropriations Act.

• **Benacquisto Scholarship Program**
  • Created in 2014 for high school graduates who achieved the National Merit® Scholar designation.
  • Eligible scholars will receive an award equal to the institutional cost of attendance for an in-state student minus the sum of Bright Futures and the National Merit® award.
  • Starting in 2018-19, out-of-state students were funded and out-of-state fees were waived.
2020-21 Bright Futures Award Amounts

- **Florida Academic Scholars (FAS)**
  - Amount to cover 100% tuition and applicable fees *(at a public institution or comparable amount at a nonpublic institution)*
  - $300 each fall and spring semester for textbooks and college-related expenses
  - Summer - 100% tuition and applicable fees
  - Academic Top Scholars – additional stipend of $44 per credit hour (fall and spring)

- **Florida Medallion Scholars (FMS)**
  - Amount to cover 75% tuition and applicable fees *(at a public institution or comparable amount at a nonpublic institution)*
  - Summer - 75% tuition and applicable fees
  - Beginning in the fall 2021 semester, a Florida Medallion Scholar who is enrolled in an associate degree program at a Florida College System institution is eligible for an award equal to the amount necessary to pay 100 percent of tuition and fees (s. 1009.535(8) F.S.)
### 2020-21 Bright Futures Award Amounts
Gold Seal CAPE (GSC) and Gold Seal Vocational (GSV)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Program Type</th>
<th>Semester Per Credit Hour Award</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Post Secondary Adult Vocational (PSAV) Certificate</td>
<td>$39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Applied Technology Diploma (ATD)</td>
<td>$39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Associate of Science (AS)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Associate of Applied Science (AAS)</td>
<td>$48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>College Credit Certificate (CCC)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

After a GSC recipient earns an AS or AAS degree, he/she may receive up to 60 additional hours toward a BS or BAS that articulated from the AS or AAS.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Program Type</th>
<th>Semester Per Credit Hour Award</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bachelor of Science (BS)</td>
<td>$48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bachelor of Applied Science (BAS)</td>
<td>$48</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# Bright Futures Scholarship Program

## Students and Disbursements History

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Student Recipients</th>
<th>Total Disbursements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2008-09</td>
<td>169,366</td>
<td>$429.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2009-10</td>
<td>177,612</td>
<td>$423.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2010-11</td>
<td>179,076</td>
<td>$423.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2011-12</td>
<td>174,047</td>
<td>$333.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012-13</td>
<td>162,980</td>
<td>$312.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2013-14</td>
<td>153,800</td>
<td>$303.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014-15</td>
<td>128,545</td>
<td>$257.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015-16</td>
<td>110,802</td>
<td>$226.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2016-17</td>
<td>96,806</td>
<td>$204.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2017-18</td>
<td>94,137</td>
<td>$382.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2018-19</td>
<td>101,579</td>
<td>$544.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2019-20</td>
<td>111,973</td>
<td>$618.61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2020-21</td>
<td>119,925</td>
<td>$657.90</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTE: Disbursement amounts are in millions, 2020-21 data is estimated.
# FAS/FMS Award Requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>16 High School Course Credits ¹</th>
<th>High School Weighted Bright Futures GPA</th>
<th>College Entrance Exams by High School Graduation Year (ACT®/SAT®)</th>
<th>Service Hours</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| FAS  | 4 - English (three must include substantial writing)  
     4 - Mathematics (at or above the Algebra I level)  
     3 - Natural Science (two must have substantial laboratory) | 3.50 | 2020-21 Graduates: 29/1330  
2021-22 Graduates: 29/1330 | 100 hours |
| FMS  | 3 - Social Science  
     2 - World Language (sequential, in same language) | 3.00 | 2020-21 Graduates: 25/1210  
2021-22 Graduates: 25/1210 | 75 hours |

¹ The required coursework aligns with the State University System admission requirements found in Florida Board of Governor’s Regulation 6.002. Additional information regarding high school coursework can be found within the Florida Counseling for Future Education Handbook.

**Note:** The 2019-20 graduates required an ACT/SAT of 29/1290 for FAS or 26/1170 for FMS.
Need-Based Programs

**Florida Student Assistance Grant Program (FSAG)**
- Florida’s largest need-based grant program.
- Four sectors:
  - Public;
  - Private;
  - Postsecondary; and
  - Public Postsecondary Career Education.
- Awards range from $200 minimum – $2,610 maximum, as determined by the institutions.
- 169,293 students served in 2019-20.
- $1,593 average award in 2019-20.
- Maximum award increased to $3,260 for 2020-21.

**Florida Work Experience Program (FWEP)**
- Self-help, need-based student financial assistance program intended to facilitate student employment in occupations complementary to students’ educational endeavors and career goals.
- Institutions may use up to 100 percent of their program allocation for student on-campus employment.
- Public school employers are funded 100 percent of a student’s wages; private employers are funded up to 70 percent of a student’s wages.
- Annual Appropriation - $1.57M, unchanged since 2013-14.
- Program award amount – determined by financial need.
- 728 students served in 2019-20.
- $1,879 average award in 2019-20.
Florida Student Assistance Grant (FSAG)
Total Annual Appropriations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Appropriation</th>
<th>Students Served</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2013-14</td>
<td>$113.6</td>
<td>119,992</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014-15</td>
<td>$148.3</td>
<td>131,827</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015-16</td>
<td>$148.7</td>
<td>133,394</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2016-17</td>
<td>$148.4</td>
<td>122,508</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2017-18</td>
<td>$269.4</td>
<td>195,143</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2018-19</td>
<td>$269.4</td>
<td>183,225</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2019-20</td>
<td>$269.4</td>
<td>174,887</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2020-21</td>
<td>$269.4</td>
<td>174,957</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*2020-21 estimated students to be served.
Tuition Assistance Programs

• **Access to Better Learning and Education Grant (ABLE)**
  - Created in 2004 to provide tuition assistance to Florida residents who are enrolled in undergraduate degree programs at eligible independent Florida postsecondary institutions.
  - ABLE is not related to a student’s financial need or other criteria upon which financial aid programs are usually based.
  - The maximum annual award amount is established in the General Appropriations Act (2020-21 maximum award: $2,841; Estimated students served: 1,620).

• **William L. Boyd, IV, Effective Access to Student Education (EASE)**
  - Created in 1979 to provide tuition assistance to Florida residents who are enrolled in undergraduate degree programs at eligible independent, nonprofit colleges or universities in Florida.
  - EASE is not related to a student’s financial need or other criteria upon which financial aid programs are usually based.
  - The maximum annual award amount is established in the General Appropriations Act (2020-21 maximum award: $2,841; Estimated students served: 39,543).
Pell Grant

• Federal grant program
  • Administered by the U.S. Department of Education
  • Requires completion of the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA)
• Need-based grants
• Maximum Award for 2020-21: $6,345
• Award Calculation:
  • Maximum award minus
  • Expected Family Contribution; and
  • Cost of Attendance; and
  • Full-time or Part-time; and
  • Other
• Funds are sent to the institution:
  • Applies funds to tuition and fee balances;
  • Provide vouchers for bookstore; and
  • Sends a check to the student.
• No direct contact with the Florida Department of Education
  • Some Florida scholarships and grants require application for the Pell Grant
    • Florida Work Experience Program (FWEP)
    • Florida Student Assistance Grant (FSAG)
Additional Information

WEBSITE
www.FloridaStudentFinancialAidsg.org

REPORTS
Annual Report to the Commissioner
End-of-Year Reports
Bright Futures Statistical Reports

www.FLDOE.org