Tab 1	CS/SB 170 by HP, Hooper (CO-INTRODUCERS) Gruters; (Similar to H 00017) Podiatric Medicine					
Tab 2	SB 188 Facility	by B	erman ; (Ide	ntical to H 00551) Solar Ene	rgy Systems Located On the Property o	f an Educational
Tab 3		-	lutson (CO-1 eship Training		(Compare to H 00559) Apprenticeship	and
285652 321820	D AA	S S	RCS L RCS	ED, Hutson ED, Hutson	Delete everything after Delete L.688 - 694:	03/02 05:56 PM 03/02 05:56 PM
Tab 4	SB 486	by B	radley; (Ide	ntical to H 00723) Juvenile J	ustice Education Programs	
120818	Α	S	RCS	ED, Bradley	Delete L.42 - 100:	03/02 05:56 PM
Tab 5	SB 532	by B	urgess; (Ide	entical to H 00135) Workford	e Education	
903918	Α	S	RCS	ED, Burgess	Delete L.25:	03/02 05:56 PM
Tab 6	SB 886 by Thurston; (Identical to H 00359) COVID-19 Impact on School Accountability					
Tab 7	SB 918	by B	radley (CO-	INTRODUCERS) Jones; (1	Identical to H 00827) Education	
Tab 8	SB 934	by W	Vright ; (Simi	lar to H 01159) Education		
741120	A	S	RCS	ED, Wright	Delete L.101 - 123:	03/02 05:56 PM
961124	Α	S	RCS	ED, Wright	btw L.263 - 264:	03/02 05:56 PM
Tab 9	SB 1436 by Gruters; (Similar to H 00847) Florida Postsecondary Academic Library Network					

The Florida Senate

COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA

EDUCATION Senator Gruters, Chair Senator Jones, Vice Chair

MEETING DATE: Tuesday, March 2, 2021

TIME: 4:00—6:00 p.m.

Pat Thomas Committee Room, 412 Knott Building PLACE:

Senator Gruters, Chair; Senator Jones, Vice Chair; Senators Berman, Bradley, Broxson, Diaz, Hutson, Passidomo, Polsky, and Thurston **MEMBERS:**

	Hutson, Pa	ssidomo, Polsky, and Thurston	
TAB	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION
		CEIVED FROM ROOM A3 AT THE DONALD L. PENSACOLA STREET, TALLAHASSEE, FL 32301	Discussed
1	CS/SB 170 Health Policy / Hooper (Similar H 17)	Podiatric Medicine; Authorizing the Board of Podiatric Medicine to require a specified number of continuing education hours related to the safe and effective prescribing of controlled substances; providing for governance of podiatric physicians who are supervising medical assistants, etc. HP 01/27/2021 Fav/CS ED 03/02/2021 Favorable AP RC	Favorable Yeas 10 Nays 0
2	SB 188 Berman (Identical H 551, Compare H 1611, S 198, S 1718)	Solar Energy Systems Located On the Property of an Educational Facility; Prohibiting costs associated with such systems from being included in the calculation of total cost per student station for the purpose of a limit imposed on such costs for certain new construction, etc. ED 03/02/2021 Favorable AED AP	Favorable Yeas 10 Nays 0
3	SB 366 Hutson (Compare H 559, H 791, H 1507, S 1042)	Apprenticeship and Preapprenticeship Training; Revising the general duties of the Department of Education with regard to apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs; revising the membership of the State Apprenticeship Advisory Council; providing that apprenticeship or preapprenticeship program sponsors are responsible for the selection and training of certain personnel, as approved by the department; encouraging state university boards of trustees and apprenticeship program sponsors to cooperate in developing and establishing apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs that	Fav/CS Yeas 10 Nays 0

include career instruction, etc.

ED AED ΑP

03/02/2021 Fav/CS

S-036 (10/2008) Page 1 of 3 Tuesday, March 2, 2021, 4:00—6:00 p.m.

TAB	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION
4	SB 486 Bradley (Identical H 723)	Juvenile Justice Education Programs; Increasing the percentage of certain funds that must be spent on specified costs; requiring that contracts between district school boards and juvenile justice education programs be in writing; requiring the Department of Education to provide mediation services for certain disputes; prohibiting school boards from delaying certain payments pending receipt of local funds, etc. ED 03/02/2021 Fav/CS AED	Fav/CS Yeas 10 Nays 0
		AP	
5	SB 532 Burgess (Identical H 135)	Workforce Education; Revising the workforce education programs that school district career centers are authorized to conduct, etc. ED 03/02/2021 Temporarily Postponed	Temporarily Postponed
		HP RC	
6	SB 886 Thurston (Identical H 359, Compare H 1617)	COVID-19 Impact on School Accountability; Prohibiting a school from being required to select and implement a turnaround option in the 2021-2022 school year based on the school's 2020-2021 school grade or improvement rating; prohibiting a school or an approved provider from being subject to sanctions or penalties as a result of its 2020-2021 school grade or improvement rating; prohibiting student performance results from the 2020-2021 statewide, standardized assessments from being used for determining grade 3 retention or high school graduation or for calculating student performance measurement and evaluating personnel, etc.	Favorable Yeas 9 Nays 1
		AED AP	
7	SB 918 Bradley (Identical H 827)	Education; Requiring school districts to allocate a certain amount of specified funds to certain programs that prepare prospective students to enroll in Advanced International Certificate of Education courses; requiring such funds to be spent on specified costs; requiring school districts to distribute specified bonuses to certain classroom teachers providing International General Certificate of Secondary Education instruction, etc.	Favorable Yeas 10 Nays 0
		ED 03/02/2021 Favorable AED AP	

COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA

Education

Tuesday, March 2, 2021, 4:00—6:00 p.m.

TAB	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION
8	SB 934 Wright (Similar H 1159, Compare S 1898)	Education; Requiring additional specified strategies to be included in rules establishing uniform core curricula for each state-approved teacher preparation program; expanding the instruction that an educator preparation institute may provide to include instruction and professional development for part-time and full-time nondegreed teachers of career programs; revising the minimum qualifications for part-time and full-time nondegreed teachers of career programs; providing that the William Cecil Golden Professional Development Program for School Leaders must consist of a network of specified entities, etc. ED 03/02/2021 Fav/CS AED AP	Fav/CS Yeas 10 Nays 0
9	SB 1436 Gruters (Similar H 847)	Florida Postsecondary Academic Library Network; Revising provisions relating to the awareness of certain postsecondary education programs and initiatives; deleting provisions relating to the Florida Academic Library Services Cooperative; providing that the Board of Governors and the Department of Education will oversee a host entity chosen to deliver certain services; transferring responsibility for certain statewide online student advising services to the host entity; requiring the chancellors of the State University System and the Florida College System to provide a certain report, etc. ED 03/02/2021 Favorable AED	Favorable Yeas 10 Nays 0
	Other Related Meeting Documents	AP	

S-036 (10/2008) Page 3 of 3

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

		Prep	ared By: The Professiona	al Staff of the Commi	ttee on Education
ВІ	LL:	CS/SB 170			
INTRODUCER: Health Policy			cy Committee and Ser	nator Hooper and	others
SI	SUBJECT: Podiatric N		l edicine		
D	ATE:	March 1, 20	021 REVISED:		
	ANAL	YST	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION
۱.	Rossitto Va Winkle	an-	Brown	HP	Fav/CS
2.	Brick		Bouck	ED	Fav
3.				AP	
				RC	

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Technical Changes

I. Summary:

CS/SB 170 makes changes to three issues related to the practice of podiatric medicine. The bill:

- Creates s. 461.0155, F.S., to specify that podiatrists, when supervising medical assistants, are governed by s. 458.3485, F.S.;
- Requires that a minimum of two continuing education (CE) hours related to the safe and effective prescribing of controlled substances must be added to the CE hours that the Board of Podiatric Medicine (BPM) may require as a condition of podiatrist licensure renewal; and
- Adds podiatrists to the list of health care providers who are authorized to enter into direct health care agreements with patients for the provision of health care services, without such agreements being considered insurance.

The bill has an effective date of July 1, 2021.

II. Present Situation:

The Department of Health

The Legislature created the Department of Health (DOH) to protect and promote the health of all residents and visitors in the state. The DOH is charged with the regulation of health practitioners for the preservation of the health, safety, and welfare of the public. The Division of Medical Quality Assurance (MQA) is responsible for the boards and professions within the DOH.

Podiatric Medicine

Podiatric medicine is the diagnosis or medical, surgical, palliative, and mechanical treatment of ailments of the human foot or leg.⁴ It also includes the amputation of toes or other parts of the foot but does not include the amputation of the entire foot or leg. A podiatric physician is authorized to prescribe drugs specifically related to his or her scope of practice.⁵

The Bureau of Podiatric Medicine (BPM) was established to ensure that every podiatric physician practicing in this state meets minimum requirements for safe practice. The BPM licenses, monitors, disciplines, educates, and, when appropriate, rehabilitates practitioners to assure their competence in the service of the people of Florida.

Licensure Requirements

Florida law requires a podiatric physician to meet the following requirements for licensure:⁶

- Be at least 18 years of age;
- Hold a degree from a school or college of podiatric medicine or chiropody recognized and approved by the Council on Podiatry Education of the American Podiatric Medical Association;
- Have successfully completed one of the following clinical experience requirements:
 - One year of residency in a program approved by the BPM;⁷ or
 - Ten years of continuous, active licensed practice of podiatric medicine in another state immediately preceding application and completion of at least the same continuing education requirements during those 10 years as are required of podiatric physicians licensed in this state;
- Successfully complete a background screening; and

¹ Section 20.43, F.S.

² Under s. 456.001(1), F.S., the term "board" is defined as any board, commission, or other statutorily created entity, to the extent such entity is authorized to exercise regulatory or rulemaking functions within the DOH or, in some cases, within the MQA.

³ Section 20.43, F.S.

⁴ Section 461.003(5), F.S.

⁵ *Id*.

⁶ Section 461.006, F.S.

⁷ *Id.* If it has been more than four years since the completion of the residency, an applicant must have two years of active, licensed practice of podiatric medicine in another jurisdiction in the four years immediately preceding application or successfully complete a board-approved postgraduate program or board-approved course within the year preceding application.

 Obtain passing scores on the national examinations administered by the National Board of Podiatric Medical Examiners.⁸

A license to practice podiatric medicine must be renewed biennially.

Continuing Education (CE)

A podiatric physician must complete 40 hours of CE as a part of the biennial licensure renewal, which must include:⁹

- One hour on risk management;
- One hour on the laws and rules related to podiatric medicine;
- Two hours on the prevention of medical errors;
- Two hours on HIV/AIDS (due for the first renewal only); and
- One hour on human trafficking (beginning January 1, 2021). 10

Controlled Substance Prescribers

Effective July 1, 2018, every person registered with the U.S. Drug Enforcement Administration and authorized to prescribe controlled substances must complete a two-hour CE course on prescribing controlled substances.¹¹ The course must include:

- Information on the current standards for prescribing controlled substances, particularly opiates;
- Alternatives to these standards;
- Non-pharmacological therapies;
- Prescribing emergency opioid antagonists; and
- The risks of opioid addiction following all stages of treatment in the management of acute pain.

The course can only be offered by a statewide professional association of physicians in this state that is accredited to provide educational activities designated for the American Medical Association Physician's Recognition Award Category 1 Credit or the American Osteopathic Category 1-A medical continuing education on the safe and effective prescribing of controlled substances each biennial license renewal. Approved providers for the course are available through the BPM's website 13 and CE Broker. 14

This requirement does not apply to a licensee who is required by his or her applicable practice act to complete a minimum of two hours of continuing education on the safe and effective

⁸ Rule 64B18-11.002, F.A.C., (2019).

⁹ Section 461.007(3), F.S., and Rule 64B18-17, F.A.C., (2019).

¹⁰ Section 456.0341, F.S.

¹¹ Section 456.0301, F.S.

¹² *Id*.

¹³ Department of Health, *Take Control of Controlled Substances*, *available at* http://www.flhealthsource.gov/FloridaTakeControl/ (last visited Jan. 18, 2021). To access the podiatric list of providers, select Podiatric Medicine.

¹⁴ See CE Broker, Podiatric Physician, available at https://courses.cebroker.com/search/fl/podiatric-physician?subjectArea=3313 (last visited Jan. 19, 2021).

prescribing of controlled substances. The requirement applies to podiatric physicians because their practice act (ch. 461, F.S.) does not specifically do so.

Medical Assistants

Section 458.3485, F.S., defines a "medical assistant" as a professional, multi-skilled person dedicated to assisting in all aspects of medical practice under the direct supervision and responsibility of a physician. A medical assistant:

- Assists with patient care management;
- Executes administrative and clinical procedures; and
- Often performs managerial and supervisory functions.

Competence in the field also requires that a medical assistant adhere to ethical and legal standards of professional practice, recognize and respond to emergencies, and demonstrate professional characteristics.

A medical assistant performs his or her duties under the direct supervision and responsibility of a licensed physician. A medical assistant may undertake the following duties:

- Performing clinical procedures, including:
 - o Performing aseptic procedures;
 - o Taking vital signs;
 - o Preparing patients for the physician's care and treatment;
 - o Performing venipunctures and non-intravenous injections; and
 - Observing and reporting patients' signs or symptoms;
- Administering basic first aid;
- Assisting with patient examinations or treatments;
- Operating office medical equipment;
- Collecting routine laboratory specimens as directed by the physician;
- Administer medication as directed by the physician;
- Performing basic laboratory procedures;
- Performing office procedures, including all general administrative duties required by the physician;
- Performing dialysis procedures, including home dialysis.

A medical assistant is not required to be licensed, certified, or registered to practice in Florida but may obtain the designation of a certified medical assistant if he or she receives a certification from a program accredited by the National Commission for Certifying Agencies, a national or state medical association, or an entity approved by the Board of Medicine.

Current law does not regulate podiatric physicians regarding the supervision of, or the delegation of tasks or procedures to, medical assistants.

Direct Health Care Agreements

Section 624.27, F.S., authorizes the use of a direct health care agreement, which is a contract between a health care provider and a patient, a patient's legal representative, or a patient's employer. A direct health care agreement must:

- Be in writing;
- Be signed by the health care provider, or his or her agent, and the patient, the patient's legal representative, or the patient's employer;
- Allow either party to terminate the agreement by giving the other party 30 days' advance written notice;
- Allow immediate termination of the agreement for a violation of physician-patient relationship or a breach of the terms of the agreement;
- Describe the scope of health care services that are covered by the monthly fee;
- Specify the monthly fee and any fees for health care services not covered under the agreement;
- Specify the duration of the agreement and any automatic renewal provisions;
- Offer a refund to the patient of monthly fees paid in advance if the health care provider stops offering health care services for any reason;
- State that the agreement is not health insurance and that the health care provider will not bill the patient's health insurance policy or plan for services covered under the agreement;
- State that the agreement does not qualify as minimum essential coverage to satisfy the individual responsibility provision of the federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; and
- State that the agreement is not workers' compensation insurance and may not replace the employer's workers' compensation obligations.

A direct health care agreement is not considered health insurance and is exempt from the Florida Insurance Code, which precludes any authority of the Office of Insurance Regulation to regulate such agreements.¹⁵

Currently, s. 624.27, F.S., pertains to a direct health care agreement contract with an allopathic physician, an osteopathic physician, a chiropractic physician, a nurse, a dentist, or a health care group practice, for health care services that are within the competency and training of the health care provider. Direct health care agreement contracts with a podiatric physician for the provision of health care services are not contemplated under the statute.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

CS/SB 170 modifies the practice of podiatric medicine regarding the supervision of medical assistants, direct health care agreements, and continuing education.

Medical Assistants

The bill creates s. 461.0155, F.S., within the podiatrist practice act to provide that a podiatric physician's supervision of a medical assistant is governed by s. 458.3485, F.S.

Direct Health Care Agreements

The bill amends s. 624.27, F.S., to authorize individuals to directly contract with podiatric physicians through direct health care agreements for the provision of health care services without

¹⁵ Section 624.27(2), F.S.

such contracts being considered insurance. The bill retains the contract requirements under current law for other health care providers offering direct health care agreements and applies them to such contracts with podiatric physicians.

Continuing Education

The bill amends s. 461.007, F.S., to provide that the CE hours that the BPM may require of podiatrists for licensure renewal must include a minimum of two hours of CE related to the safe and effective prescribing of controlled substances. With this change, podiatrists will no longer be required to complete CE under s. 456.0301, F.S.

The bill has an effective date of July 1, 2021.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A.	Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:
	None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

None.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 461.007 and 624.27.

This bill creates section 461.0155 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Health Policy on January 27, 2021:

The committee substitute deletes the underlying bill's amendment to s. 458.4585, F.S. That portion of the underlying bill would create a definition for the term "physician" to include podiatric physicians.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

Florida Senate - 2021 CS for SB 170

By the Committee on Health Policy; and Senators Hooper and Gruters

588-01374-21 2021170c1

A bill to be entitled An act relating to podiatric medicine; amending s. 461.007, F.S.; authorizing the Board of Podiatric Medicine to require a specified number of continuing education hours related to the safe and effective prescribing of controlled substances; creating s. 461.0155, F.S.; providing for governance of podiatric physicians who are supervising medical assistants; amending s. 624.27, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "health care provider" to include podiatric physicians; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsection (3) of section 461.007, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

461.007 Renewal of license.-

(3) The board may by rule prescribe continuing education, not to exceed 40 hours biennially, as a condition for renewal of a license, with a minimum of 2 hours of continuing education related to the safe and effective prescribing of controlled substances. The criteria for such programs or courses shall be approved by the board.

Section 2. Section 461.0155, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

461.0155 Medical assistants.—A podiatric physician who is supervising a medical assistant shall be governed by s. 458.3485.

Section 3. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section

Page 1 of 2

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

Florida Senate - 2021 CS for SB 170

2021170c1

from code.-

	588-01374-21 20211
30	624.27, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
31	624.27 Direct health care agreements; exemption from cod
32	(1) As used in this section, the term:
33	(b) "Health care provider" means a health care provider
34	licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter
35	461, chapter 464, or chapter 466, or a health care group
36	practice, who provides health care services to patients.
37	Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2021.
1	

Page 2 of 2

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

THE FLORIDA SENATE

APPEARANCE RECORD

3/2	(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator	or Senate Professional Sta	aff conducting the meeting)	170
Meeting Date	-		•	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic <u>SB</u>	170 by HOO,	Dec	Amendi	ment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Chri	s Hansen			
Job Title Balla	rd Partners			
Address 201	E Park Ave 6	th Flour	Phone 251-	2672
	lahassu FL	3230 (Email	
City	State	Zip		
Speaking: For	Against Information	•	eaking: In Sup	• ————
Representing <u>F</u>	L Podiatric Me	edical A	SSOC. (FPMA)
Appearing at request	of Chair: Yes Vo	Lobbyist registe	ered with Legislatu	ire: Ves No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/14/14)

THE FLORIDA SENATE

Tues. 4pm

APPEARANCE RECORD

Meeting Date (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senate	or or Senate Professional S	
Topic Podiatric Medicine		Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name_Steve Winn		-
Job Title Exec. Director		-
Address 2544 Blairstone Pines	Dr	Phone 878-3056
Street Tallahassae City State	32301 Zip	Email winnsr Dearthlink.ne
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive S	peaking: X In Support Against air will read this information into the record.)
Representing FL Osteopathic	Medical	Association
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist regist	tered with Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/14/14)

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prepa	ared By: TI	ne Professional	Staff of the Commit	tee on Educ	cation	
BILL:	SB 188						
INTRODUCER:	Senator Ber	man					
SUBJECT:	Solar Energ	y System	s Located On	the Property of a	n Education	onal Facility	
DATE:	March 1, 20	021	REVISED:				
ANAL	YST	STAFF	DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION	
1. Jahnke		Bouck		ED	Fav		
2.	<u> </u>			AED			
3.				AP			

I. Summary:

SB 188 amends s. 1013.44, F.S., to exclude any costs associated with a solar energy system that is located on the property of an educational facility from the total cost per student station for new construction.

The bill has no impact on state revenues or expenditures.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2021.

II. Present Situation:

Solar Energy Systems in Schools

Under current law, school districts are encouraged to invest in energy conservation measures including the use of "renewable energy systems, such as solar, biomass, and wind." Florida law defines "solar energy system" as "the equipment and requisite hardware that provide and are used for collecting, transferring, converting, storing, or using incident solar energy for water heating, space heating, cooling, or other applications that would otherwise require the use of a conventional source of energy such as petroleum products, natural gas, manufactured gas, or electricity." For hot water systems in newly-constructed educational facilities, Florida law requires that each school facility with a demand for hot water exceeding 1,000 gallons a day be constructed with a solar energy system as the primary energy source so long as it is physically and economically feasible. The solar energy system must also provide at least 65 percent of the facility's estimated needs.³

² Section 212.02(26), F.S.

¹ Section 1013.23, F.S.

³ Section 1013.44(2), F.S.

BILL: SB 188 Page 2

School Construction

Florida school construction is guided by three major authorities. The Florida Building Code governs all construction in the state and is administered by the Florida Building Commission at the Florida Department of Business and Professional Regulation. The Florida Fire Prevention Code is administered by the Division of State Fire Marshal, Florida Department of Financial Services. Finally, the State Requirements for Educational Facilities (SREF) is maintained by the Department of Education. The requirements of the three authorities tend to increase the cost of construction in the state relative to national averages.⁴

Cost Per Student Station

In Florida, construction costs for traditional K-12 public school facilities are reported based on the cost per student station.⁵ In 2005, the Department of Education (DOE) conducted a study on overall inflation of school construction costs, including the Consumer Price Index (CPI) and other factors. The cost per student station levels adopted in 2006 were based on the DOE's study recommendations and is adjusted to reflect increases and decreases in the CPI.⁶ The DOE and the Office of Economic and Demographic Research (EDR)⁷ are required to work together to calculate and disseminate the new statutory caps.⁸

The November 2020 forecast by EDR for the March 2021 cost per student station caps are:9

- \$23,645 for an elementary school.
- \$25,533 for a middle school.
- \$33,166 for a high school.

A district school board may not use funds from any sources for new construction of educational plant space with a total cost per student station that exceeds these amounts. ¹⁰ The cost per student station includes contract costs, fees of architects and engineers, and the cost of furniture and equipment. ¹¹ Contract costs include costs for construction within five feet of the building, including materials and supplies, as well as any furniture or equipment permanently attached to the building. ¹² Cost per student station does not include the cost of purchasing or leasing the site for the construction, legal and administrative costs, or the cost of related site or offsite improvements. ¹³ Further excluded from the cost per student station are costs for school safety

⁴ Florida Department of Education, *Review and Adjustment for Florida's Cost per Student Station* (January 1, 2020), *available at* http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/7738/urlt/2020AnnCSSR.pdf.

⁵ Section 1013.64(6), F.S.

⁶ Section 1013.64(6)(b)1., F.S.

⁷ The Office of Economic and Demographic Research (EDR) is a research arm of the Legislature principally concerned with forecasting economic and social trends that affect policy making, revenues, and appropriations. Office of Economic and Demographic Research, *Welcome*, http://edr.state.fl.us/Content/ (last visited February 22, 2021).

⁸ Section 1013.64(6)(b)1., F.S.

⁹ Office of Economic and Demographic Research, *Student Station Cost Factors* (November 2020), *available at* http://edr.state.fl.us/Content/conferences/peco/studentstation.pdf.

¹⁰ Section 1013.64(6)(b)3., F.S.

¹¹ Section 1013.64(6)(d), F.S.

¹² Florida Department of Education, *Review and Adjustment for Florida's Cost per Student Station* (January 1, 2020), *available at* http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/7738/urlt/2020AnnCSSR.pdf.

¹³ Section 1013.64(6)(d), F.S.

BILL: SB 188 Page 3

and hardening items and other capital construction items approved by the school safety specialist to ensure building security for new educational, auxiliary, or ancillary facilities.¹⁴

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

SB 188 amends s. 1013.44, F.S., to exclude any costs associated with a solar energy system that is located on the property of an educational facility from the total cost per student station for new construction.

The bill may allow educational facilities to provide a more sustainable source of energy for their facility and increase the resiliency of such facilities during times of when grid energy may not be available.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2021.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A.	Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:
	None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

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¹⁴ Section 1013.64(6)(d), F.S. Such safety improvements include the cost for securing entries, checkpoint construction, lighting specifically designed for entry point security, security cameras, automatic locks and locking devices, electronic security systems, fencing designed to prevent intruder entry into a building, or bullet-proof glass. *Id*.

BILL: SB 188 Page 4

C.	Government	Sector	Impact:

None.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends section 1013.44 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

Florida Senate - 2021 SB 188

By Senator Berman

31-00373-21 2021188 A bill to be entitled An act relating to solar energy systems located on the property of an educational facility; amending s. 1013.44, F.S.; prohibiting costs associated with such systems from being included in the calculation of total cost per student station for the purpose of a limit imposed on such costs for certain new construction; providing an effective date. 10 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 11 12 Section 1. Subsection (4) is added to section 1013.44, 13 Florida Statutes, to read: 14 1013.44 Low-energy use design; solar energy systems; 15 swimming pool heaters.-16 (4) Any costs associated with a solar energy system that is 17 located on the property of an educational facility may not be 18 included in calculating the total cost per student station for purposes of the limitation imposed on cost per student station 19 20 for new construction under s. 1013.64(6)(b). 21 Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2021.

Page 1 of 1

 ${\bf CODING:}$ Words ${\bf stricken}$ are deletions; words ${\bf \underline{underlined}}$ are additions.

THE FLORIDA SENATE

APPEARANCE RECORD

3/8/2021	(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date	

Bill Number (if applicable)

Topic	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Granna Trocins	
Job Title Pulley & Campongn's Manager	
Address	Phone
Street	
. 400	Email
City State	Zip
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing The CLEO Institute	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/14/14)

THE FLORIDA SENATE

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Meeting Date Bill Number (if applicable) Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Address 345 State Waive Speaking: In Support Information Speaking: For Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.) Representing ______ Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Appearing at request of Chair: While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. This form is part of the public record for this meeting. S-001 (10/14/14)

YOU MUST PRINT AND DELIVER THIS FORM TO THE ASSIGNED TESTIMONY ROOM

THE FLORIDA SENATE

3/2/2021	APPEARA	NCE RECO	IRD 188
Meeting Date			Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Solar Energy Systems Located	On the Property of an	Educational Facility	Amendment Barcode (if applicable
Name Jonathan Webber			
Job Title Deputy Director			
Address 1700 N. Monroe St. #11	-286		Phone 954-593-4449
Tallahassee	FL	32303	Email jwebber@fcvoters.org
Speaking: For Against	State Information		peaking: In Support Against ir will read this information into the record.)
Representing Florida Conser	vation Voters	10.4.4.107.004.07.00	
Appearing at request of Chair:	Yes 🗸 No	Lobbyist regist	ered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage	ge public testimony, tin	ne may not permit all	persons wishing to speak to be heard at this

meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/14/14)

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prepared By	y: The Professional	Staff of the Commit	tee on Educat	tion				
BILL:	CS/SB 366								
INTRODUCER:	Education Committee and Senators Hutson and Brodeur								
SUBJECT:	Educational Oppo	ortunities Leading	g to Employment						
DATE:	March 4, 2021	REVISED:							
ANALYST		AFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION				
l. Brick	Bou	ıck	ED	Fav/CS					
2.			AED	'					
3.			AP	'					
3			AP						

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

CS/SB 366 modifies Florida's career and technical education program to improve and expand apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs, provide supports for students in work-based learning programs, modify assessment requirements for initial student eligibility in dual enrollment programs, modify funding incentives for industry certifications, and provide relevant mathematics pathways. Specifically, the bill:

- Broadens the scope of apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs (programs) to additional apprenticeship program sponsors (sponsors) and occupations, and:
 - o Specifies that programs lead toward occupations, rather than trades.
 - Clarifies that sponsors are responsible for program supervision, subject to uniform minimum standards developed, and approval granted, by the Department of Education (DOE).
 - o Includes state universities as partners in the provision of apprenticeship instruction.
 - o Clarifies the duties of the DOE regarding apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs.
 - o Revises the membership and scope of the State Apprenticeship Advisory Council.
 - Changes the selection criteria and use of funds for the Florida Pathways to Career Opportunities Grant Program.
- Specifies that students in a preapprenticeship program or courses with a work-based component are deemed to be employees of the state for workers' compensation purposes for medically necessary care only.
- Clarifies that eligibility for initial enrollment in dual enrollment courses requires a student to demonstrate a level of achievement of college-level communication and computation skills

- through an approved common placement test or alternative method, to be approved by the State Board of Education.
- Eases plan development and reporting requirements for the implementation of developmental education strategies by FCS institutions for potential students entering dual enrollment courses.
- Changes provisions related to Career and Professional Education (CAPE) industry certifications by:
 - o Authorizing the Department of Education to adopt rules to administer the CAPE Act.
 - Clarifying Commissioner of Education authority regarding CAPE industry certifications and CAPE Digital Tool Certificates.
 - Modifying the award and use of CAPE industry certification bonus funds relating to credit awarded under statewide articulation agreements.
 - Providing bonus funds for industry certifications that lead to occupations in critical industry sectors.
- Requires a representative committee of State University System, district career centers, and FCS faculty to identify mathematics pathways aligned to programs, meta-majors, and careers.

The fiscal impact is discussed in section V.

The bill takes effect on July 1, 2021.

II. Present Situation:

The present situation for the relevant portions of the bill is discussed under the Effect of Proposed Changes of this bill analysis.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Apprenticeship and Preapprenticeship Programs

The Florida Legislature has established educational opportunities for young people in the state to be trained for trades, occupations, and professions suited to their abilities.¹

Present Situation

The federal government works in cooperation with states to oversee the nation's apprenticeship programs. States have the authority to register apprenticeship programs through federally-recognized State Apprenticeship Agencies.² In Florida, the Department of Education (DOE) serves as the registering entity to ensure compliance with federal and state apprenticeship standards, provide technical assistance, and conduct quality assurance assessments.³

¹ Chapter 446, F.S.

² 29 C.F.R. ss. 29.1 and 29.13.

³ 29 C.F.R. s. 29.2.

Apprenticeships and Preapprenticeships in Florida

Florida continues to promote apprenticeships in occupations throughout industry that require physical manipulative skills. By broadening job training opportunities and providing for increased coordination between public school academic programs, career programs, and registered apprenticeship programs, the residents of this state will benefit from the valuable training opportunities developed when on-the-job training is combined with academic-related classroom experiences.⁴

An apprenticeable occupation is a skilled trade which possesses all of the following characteristics:⁵

- It is customarily learned in a practical way through a structured, systematic program of onthe-job, supervised training.
- It is commonly recognized throughout the industry or recognized with a positive view towards changing technology.
- It involves manual, mechanical, or technical skills and knowledge requiring a minimum of 2,000 hours of work and training, which hours are excluded from the time spent at related instruction.
- It requires related instruction to supplement on-the-job training. Such instruction may be given in a classroom or through correspondence courses.
- It involves the development of skills sufficiently broad to be applicable in like occupations
 throughout an industry, rather than of restricted application to the products or services of any
 one company.
- It does not fall into any of the following categories: selling, retailing, or similar occupations
 in the distributive field; managerial occupations; professional and scientific vocations for
 which entrance requirements customarily require an academic degree.

Registered Apprenticeship

Registered apprenticeship is an employer-driven, on-the-job workforce educational training program that connects job seekers looking to learn new skills and career opportunities with employers looking to create a pipeline of highly skilled individuals for their workforce.⁶

The key components of a Florida registered apprenticeship program are as follows:⁷

- Registration of program standards of apprenticeship with the DOE for federal purposes.
- Employers are the foundation of every Florida-registered apprenticeship program.
- Apprentices receive on-the-job training (OJT) from an experienced journeyworker or mentor.
- Apprentices combine OJT learning with technical instruction at Florida College System (FCS) institutions, school district technical colleges, apprenticeship training schools, union training facilities, or at the employer's facility and can be delivered in a classroom, on-line, correspondence, or any combination thereof.
- Apprentices receive increases in wages as their skill levels and knowledge increase.

⁷ *Id*.

⁴ Section 446.011(1), F.S.

⁵ Section 446.092, F.S.

⁶ Florida Department of Education, *Florida's Annual Apprenticeship and Preapprenticeship Report* (2019-2020), *available at* http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/5398/urlt/2020appr-rpt.pdf, at 2.

• The successful completion of a registered apprenticeship program results in a nationally recognized credential issued by the DOE, which confirms for potential future employers that the apprentice is fully qualified for the job; and

• Apprentices who complete a Florida-registered apprenticeship program may be accepted by their respective industry as a journey worker.

Apprenticeship Program Sponsors

Registered apprenticenship program sponsors (sponsors) are responsible for the administration of all aspects of a registered apprenticeship program. Sponsors must be approved by the DOE, based upon a determination of need, if the sponsor meets all of the standards established by the DOE. The term "need" refers to the need of state residents for apprenticeship training. In the absence of proof to the contrary, it is presumed that there is need for apprenticeship and preapprenticeship training in each county in this state. A local sponsor may be a committee, a group of employers, an employer, or a group of employees, or any combination thereof.

Apprenticeship Programs

An "apprentice" is a person at least 16 years of age who is engaged in learning a recognized skilled trade through actual work experience under the supervision of journeyman craftsmen, which should be combined with properly coordinated studies of technical and supplementary subjects. An apprentice must enter into an apprentice agreement with a sponsor who may be either an employer, an association of employers, or a local joint apprenticeship committee.¹¹

Potential candidates for apprenticeships may apply with a registered sponsor, who determines whether the candidate meets the required qualifications. Psponsors may provide private classroom instruction or coordinate with a local educational agency to provide related supplemental classroom instruction. The apprentices are exempt from paying tuition and fees at a school district technical center, FCS institution, or state university.

⁸ Florida Department of Education, *Florida's Annual Apprenticeship and Preapprenticeship Report* (2019-2020), *available at* http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/5398/urlt/2020appr-rpt.pdf, at 3.

⁹ Section 446.071(1), F.S.

¹⁰ Section 446.071(2), F.S.

¹¹ Section 446.021(2), F.S.

¹² Florida Department of Education, *What is Registered Apprenticeship?*, http://www.fldoe.org/academics/career-adult-edu/apprenticeship-programs/what-is-apprenticeship.stml, (last visited Feb. 24, 2021).

¹³ Though not defined in the federal regulations governing the U.S. Department of Labor, the U.S. Department of Education regulations define a local educational agency as public board of education or other public authority legally constituted within a State for either administrative control or direction of, or to perform a service function for, public elementary schools or secondary schools in a city, county, township, school district, or other political subdivision of a State, or of or for a combination of school districts or counties that is recognized in a State as an administrative agency for its public elementary schools or secondary schools, or any other public institution or agency having administrative control and direction of a public elementary school or secondary school. 34 C.F.R. s. 463.3; 29 U.S.C. s. 3102(34); 20 U.S.C. s. 7801(30).

¹⁴ Section 446.051(2), F.S.

¹⁵ Section 1009.25(1)(b), F.S. Also exempt under this section from tuition and fees is a student who lacks a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence or whose primary nighttime residence is a public or private shelter designed to provide temporary residence, a public or private transitional living program, or a public or private place not designed for, or ordinarily used as, a regular sleeping accommodation for human beings.

The sponsor operates and registers an agreed-upon apprenticeship program. ¹⁶ An apprenticeship program is an organized course of instruction, registered and approved by the DOE that contains all terms and conditions for the qualifications, recruitment, selection, employment, and training of apprentices. ¹⁷

The administration and supervision of related and supplemental instruction for apprentices, coordination of such instruction with job experiences, and selection and training of teachers and coordinators for such instruction is the responsibility of the appropriate career education institution. The career education institution is encouraged to provide facilities, equipment and supplies, and instructors' salaries for the performance of related and supplemental instruction associated with the registered program. The career education institution associated with the registered program.

During the 2019-2020 fiscal year, there were 251 registered apprenticeship programs and 20,018 registered apprentices.²⁰

Preapprenticeship Programs

A preapprentice is any person 16 years of age or over engaged in any course of instruction in the public school system or elsewhere, which course is registered as a preapprenticeship program with the DOE.²¹ The program's purpose is to provide training that will enable students, upon completion, to obtain entrance into a registered apprenticeship program.²² The program must be registered with the DOE and sponsored by a registered apprenticeship program.²³ During the 2019-2020 fiscal year, there were 37 registered preapprenticeship programs, and 1,090 registered preapprentices.²⁴

The DOE is authorized to administer the law²⁵ relating to preapprenticeship programs in cooperation with district school boards and FCS institution boards of trustees (BOT). District school boards, FCS institution BOT, and sponsors must cooperate in developing and establishing preapprenticeship programs that include career instruction and general education courses required to obtain a high school diploma.²⁶

¹⁶ Rule 65A-23.002(21), F.A.C.

¹⁷ Section 446.021(6), F.S. An apprenticeship agreement may not operate to invalidate any apprenticeship provision in a collective agreement between employers and employees which establishes higher apprenticeship standards. Section 446.081(1), F.S.

¹⁸ Section 446.051(1), F.S.

¹⁹ Section 446.051(2), F.S.

²⁰ Florida Department of Education, *Florida's Annual Apprenticeship and Preapprenticeship Report* (2019-2020), *available at* http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/5398/urlt/2020appr-rpt.pdf, at 14.

²¹ Section 446.021(1), F.S.

²² Rule 6A-23.010(1), F.A.C.

²³ Section 446.021(5), F.S.

²⁴ Florida Department of Education, *Florida's Annual Apprenticeship and Preapprenticeship Report* (2019-2020), *available at* http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/5398/urlt/2020appr-rpt.pdf, at 14, 17.

²⁵ Sections 446.011 to 446.092, F.S.

²⁶ Section 446.052(2), F.S.

Department of Education Responsibilities

The DOE is responsible for administering, facilitating, and supervising registered apprenticeship programs, including, but not limited to:²⁷

- Developing and encouraging apprenticeship programs.
- Registering any apprenticeship or preapprenticeship program, regardless of affiliation, which meets standards established by the DOE.
- Cooperating with and assisting sponsors to develop apprenticeship standards and training requirements.
- Monitoring registered apprenticeship programs.
- Leading and coordinating outreach efforts to educate veterans about apprenticeship and career opportunities.
- Investigating complaints regarding failure to meet the standards established by the DOE.
- Canceling registration of programs that fail to comply with DOE standards and policies.

The DOE establishes uniform minimum standards and policies governing registered apprenticeship programs and agreements.²⁸ The standards and policies must govern the terms and conditions of the apprentice's employment and training, including the quality training of the apprentice for, but not limited to, such matters as ratios of apprentices to journeymen, safety, related instruction, and OJT. The DOE is also required to publish an annual report on apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs, which must include:²⁹

- A list of registered apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs.
- A summary of each local educational agency's expenditure of funds for apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs, per trade or occupation.
- The number of apprentices and preapprentices per trade and occupation.
- The percentage of apprentices and preapprentices who complete their respective programs in the appropriate timeframe.
- Information and resources related to applications for new apprenticeship programs and technical assistance and requirements for potential applicants.
- Documentation of activities conducted by the DOE to promote apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs through public engagement, community-based partnerships, and other initiatives.

State Apprenticeship Advisory Council

The State Apprenticeship Advisory Council (council) advises the DOE on matters related to apprenticeship.³⁰ The council may not establish policy, adopt rules, or consider whether particular apprenticeship programs should be approved by DOE. The Commissioner of Education (commissioner) or the commissioner's designee must serve ex officio as chair of the council, but may not vote.³¹ The state director of the United States Department of Labor (USDOL) also serves ex officio as a nonvoting member of the council. The council is comprised

²⁷ Section 446.041, F.S.

²⁸ Section 446.032(1), F.S.

²⁹ Section 446.032(2), F.S.

³⁰ Section 446.045(2)(a), F.S.

³¹ Section 446.045(2)(b), F.S.

of 10 voting members appointed by the Governor.³² The council must meet at the call of the chair or at the request of a majority of its membership, but at least twice a year.³³

Florida Pathways to Career Opportunities Grant Program

The Florida Pathways to Career Opportunities Grant Program (grant program) was established in 2019³⁴ in the DOE to provide grants on a competitive basis to high schools, career centers, charter technical career centers, FCS institutions, and other entities authorized to sponsor an apprenticeship or preapprenticeship program for establishing new apprenticeship or preapprenticeship programs and expanding existing apprenticeship or preapprenticeship programs. Grant funds may be used for instructional equipment, supplies, personnel, student services, and other expenses associated with the creation or expansion of an apprenticeship program. Grant funds may not be used for recurring instructional costs or for indirect costs.³⁵

As of February 17, 2021, \$10,045,493 has been awarded for 48 projects,³⁶ including 10 new apprenticeship programs, 16 expansions of apprenticeship programs, 12 new preapprenticeship programs, and 10 expansions of preapprenticeship programs.³⁷

Effect of Proposed Changes

The bill makes a number of changes that clarify apprenticeship and preapprenticeship program requirements and broaden the scope of such programs to occupations, not just trades. The bill also clarifies that standards are uniform minimum standards, which aligns with current practice. Finally, the bill removes outdated language related to job trainees, on-the-job training, and limitations to local sponsors, rather than statewide, regional, or national sponsors.

Apprenticeships and Preapprenticeships in Florida

The bill modifies s. 446.011, F.S., to broaden the scope of apprenticeship programs to remove the requirement that such programs be in occupations throughout industry that require physical manipulation skills. The change broadens the scope of programs to those occupations, such as information technology or healthcare, that do not rely on physical manipulation skills and encourages cooperation between secondary and postsecondary institutions and business and industry registered apprenticeship program instruction. The bill also encourages coordination between school districts, FCS institutions, and state universities in the development of apprenticeship programs that lead to a postsecondary credential. Related to this change, the bill modifies s. 446.092, F.S., to remove from the description of an apprenticeship occupation that it is in a skilled trade.

³² Section 446.045(2)(b), F.S.

³³ Section 446.045(2)(c), F.S.

³⁴ Section 33, ch. 2019-119, L.O.F.

³⁵ Section 1011.802, F.S.

³⁶ Florida Department of Education, Pathways to Career Opportunities Grant Program, *available at* http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/18794/urlt/PCOG-PrioritizedFundingList.pdf.

³⁷ Email, Florida Department of Education (March 1, 2021).

³⁸ Apprenticeship Standards" means the minimum requirements established uniformly for each craft under which an apprenticeship program is administered and includes standards of admission, training goals, training objectives, curriculum outlines, and objective standards to measure successful completion of the apprenticeship program. Rule 6A-23.002(5), F.A.C.

The bill connects OJT to academic related experiences, but removes the qualifier that these are classroom experiences. Related technical instruction is often conducted through online or correspondence courses. The bill also clarifies that the instruction includes both the related technical instruction and theoretical instruction, consistent with current practice.

Apprenticeship Program Sponsors

Consistent with the emphasis in the bill to broaden the scope of apprenticeship programs to more types of occupations, rather than be limited to the trades, the bill modifies s. 446.071, F.S., to expand the number of entities that may serve as a sponsor. The bill specifies that a sponsor may also be an educational institution, a local workforce board, a community or faith-based organization, or any entity preapproved by the DOE. In addition, the bill provides flexibility to the DOE in the determination of need in apprenticeship program approvals.

Apprenticeship Programs

The bill modifies s. 446.021, F.S., to change a number of definitions to clarify intent and align with USDOL definitions for registered apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs. The bill also modifies s. 446.051, F.S., to clarify that:

- The administration and supervision of DOE-approved programs is the responsibility of the apprenticeship or preapprenticeship sponsor, rather than the career education center.
- District school boards, and postsecondary educational institutions are encouraged to cooperate with registered apprenticeship or preapprenticeship sponsors for the provision of programs.

The bill removes the definition in s. 446.021, F.S., and repeals s. 446.091, F.S., relating to OJT. The term is outdated in relation to responsibilities of the DOE regarding apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs.

The bill also modifies s. 1009.25, F.S., to clarify that apprenticeship programs under the postsecondary fee waiver are registered with the DOE, not approved. In addition, the bill authorizes a technical center operated by a school district, an FCS institution, or a state university to enter into an agreement with another entity to cover the approved apprenticeship program student tuition and fees, including lab fees.

The bill also authorizes the State Board of Education (SBE) and the Board of Governors of the State University System of Florida (BOG) to adopt rules and regulations, respectively, regarding documentation and procedures to implement a fee waiver for a student who is homeless.³⁹

Preapprenticeship Programs

The bill modifies s. 446.052, F.S., to encourage, but not require, district school boards and postsecondary educational institutions to cooperate and develop preapprenticeship programs. The bill requires postsecondary educational institutions to work with the DOE and district school

³⁹ A homeless student is defined as a student who lacks a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence or whose primary nighttime residence is a public or private shelter designed to provide temporary residence, a public or private transitional living program, or a public or private place not designed for, or ordinarily used as, a regular sleeping accommodation for human beings. Section 1009.25(1)(f), F.S.

boards to ensure that individuals completing preapprenticeship programs may be able to receive credit toward an apprenticeship program.⁴⁰ In addition, the bill encourages postsecondary educational institutions to cooperate with established associate of science or associate of applied science degree programs and career certificate programs to ensure that individuals completing an apprenticeship program receive college credit toward a technical degree. The bill also provides flexibility and preapprenticeship program sponsor discretion in the development of programs by clarifying that such programs include career education, but need not include general education courses required for a high school diploma.

Department of Education Responsibilities

The bill modifies s. 446.032, F.S., to make a number of technical changes relating to the general duties of the DOE for registered apprenticeships. The bill specifies that uniform minimum standards established by the DOE must be uniform across all occupations. The bill adds that the DOE must provide assistance to postsecondary educational institutions in notifying the community of apprenticeship and preapprenticeship opportunities. The bill removes reference to an appropriate timeframe for completers in the local education agency registered apprenticeship expenditure report submitted to the DOE. The intent of the metric is to track completers, but because program length varies widely among sponsors, it is not appropriate to track the time to completion. In addition, the report must include information about potential registered apprenticeship programs, rather than applications, and adds that preapprenticeship program information must also be included.

The bill also modifies s. 446.041, F.S., to recognize the requirement of the sponsor, not the DOE, to develop and supervise programs. The bill clarifies that the DOE does not administer the uniform standards, but has responsibility to review and evaluate the program standards. ⁴¹ The bill requires the DOE to register apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs, regardless of affiliation, which includes a wide range of sponsors, both union and non-union. Finally, the bill expands on the requirement that minority and gender diversity are considered in programs to require the DOE to ensure equal opportunity for individuals applying to or participating in apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs.

State Apprenticeship Advisory Council

The bill modifies s. 446.045, F.S., to change the scope, membership, and meetings of the State Apprenticeship Advisory Council (council). Specifically, the bill:

- Specifies that the council's purpose is to advise the DOE on matters related to both apprenticeships and preapprenticeships.
- Changes membership from the state director of the Office of Apprenticeship (office) in the USDOL to a representative of the office. This is consistent with the current organizational structure of USDOL representation; there are currently regional, not state directors.

⁴⁰ Article IX, s. 7, Fla. Const., establishes the system of governance for the state university system of Florida. The bill provides the DOE with regulatory authority over apprenticeship programs at state universities. Board of Governors of the State University System of Florida, *Legislative Bill Analysis for SB 366* (Jan. 5, 2021).

⁴¹ Section 446.071, F.S., authorizes the DOE to grant a variance from the standards upon a showing of good cause for the variance by program sponsors in nonconstruction trades. This authorization recognizes the unique and varying training requirements in nontraditional apprenticeable occupations and to authorize the DOE to adapt the standards to the needs of the programs.

• Authorizes the council chair's designee to call a meeting, and authorizes a voting majority of the council membership to request a meeting.

• Specifies that the Governor must fill any council vacancies.

Florida Pathways to Career Opportunities Grant Program

The bill modifies s. 1011.802, F.S., to change the selection criteria and use of funds for the Florida Pathways to Career Opportunities Grant Program (grant program). The bill:

- Clarifies that the authorization to use grant funds for personnel is for instructional personnel.
- Authorizes the DOE to use up to \$200,000 of the total allocation to administer the grant program.

Such changes provide the DOE with more support to administer the program, and clarify the intent of the use of grant program funds.

Work-based Learning

Present Situation

Federal legislation defines work-based learning (WBL) as "sustained interactions with industry or community professionals in real workplace settings, to the extent practicable, or simulated environments at an educational institution that foster in depth, firsthand engagement with the tasks required in a given career field, that are aligned to curriculum and instruction." Learning set in the real-world context of work not only makes academic learning more accessible to many students but also increases their engagement in schooling. WBL can play a crucial role in improving outcomes for at-risk students by increasing their engagement in learning, whether in or out of school. 43

WBL takes many forms, such as internships, job shadowing, service learning, or preapprenticeships, and is defined by activities and experiences that occur when a student or worker:⁴⁴

- Goes to a workplace or works with an employer.
- Does meaningful job tasks that develop his or her skills, knowledge, and readiness for work and support entry or advancement in a particular career field.

WBL is comprised of identified courses that involve OJT, which is an instructional method whereby students acquire knowledge and skills exclusively on-site with a business or industry partner instead of a traditional classroom setting. WBL may also be delivered through utilization of the cooperative method of instruction which is delivered through formal classroom instruction and on-the-job learning, on-site, with a business or industry partner.⁴⁵

⁴² 20 U.S.C. s. 2302; Perkins V (The Strengthening Career and Technical Education for the 21st Century Act) and other federal legislation reference and support work-based learning, including in the Every Student Succeeds Act of 2015 (ESSA), and the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act of 2014 (WIOA).

⁴³ Michael E. Wonacott, *The Impact of Work-Based Learning on Students*, ERIC Digest (2002), *available at* https://files.eric.ed.gov/fulltext/ED472603.pdf, at 2.

⁴⁴ Southern Regional Education Board, *Work-Based Learning*, https://www.sreb.org/node/1923 (last visited Feb. 25, 2021). ⁴⁵ 20 U.S.C. s. 2302(10).

Recent research, policy literature, and federal legislation suggest that comprehensive WBL programs contain three key components: the alignment of classroom and workplace learning; application of academic, technical, and employability skills in a work setting; and support from classroom or workplace mentors. 46

In 2019-2020, there were 23,258 students enrolled in secondary on-the-job training, preapprenticeship, work experience, and other WBL courses.⁴⁷

Workers' Compensation

Workers' compensation is a form of insurance designed to provide wage replacement and medical benefits for employees who are injured in the course of employment, in exchange for giving up the right to sue the employer for negligence.⁴⁸ In Florida, workers' compensation is governed by ch. 440, F.S., the "Workers' Compensation Law." The law prescribes coverage requirements, medical and indemnity benefits, the rights and responsibilities of employers, injured employees, medical providers, and carriers, as well as procedures for dispute resolution.

Generally, employers are required to provide medical and indemnity benefits to a worker who is injured due to an accident arising out of and during the course of employment.⁴⁹ For such injuries, an employer is responsible for providing medical treatment⁵⁰ and compensation in the event of employee disability⁵¹ or death.⁵² Specific employer coverage requirements are based on the type of industry, number of employees, and entity organization.⁵³

State Risk Management Program

The Division of Risk Management (DRM)⁵⁴ located within the Department of Financial Services (DFS) is responsible for ensuring that state agencies and universities participating in the state's self-insurance program receive quality coverage for workers' compensation, general liability, federal civil rights, auto liability, and property insurance at reasonable rates. The DRM's operations and the state's insurance coverage are funded by annual agency assessments, which are deposited into the State Risk Management Trust Fund (SRMTF). The SRMTF provides coverage that protects state property and workforce members that are exposed to the risk of financial losses through damage, injuries, and alleged negligent or improper acts.⁵⁵

https://www.myfloridacfo.com/division/wc/Employer/coverage.htm (last visited on Feb. 25, 2021).

⁴⁶ United States Department of Education, *Work-Based Learning Toolkit*, https://cte.ed.gov/wbltoolkit/ (Interact with the "WBL Framework" section.), (last visited Feb. 25, 2021).

⁴⁷ Email, Florida Department of Education (Mar. 1, 2021).

⁴⁸ See Jones v. Martin Elecs., Inc., 932 So. 2d 1100, 1108 (Fla. 2006).

⁴⁹ Section 440.09(1), F.S.

⁵⁰ Section 440.13, F.S.

⁵¹ Section 440.15, F.S.

⁵² Section 440.16, F.S.

⁵³ Division of Workers' Compensation, Coverage Requirements,

⁵⁴ Section 20.121(2)(h), F.S.

⁵⁵ Florida Department of Economic Opportunity, Economic and Demographic Research, *Risk Management Trust Fund* (Dec. 18, 2019), *available at* http://edr.state.fl.us/Content/conferences/riskmanagement/riskmanagementexecsumm.pdf.

Effect of Proposed Changes

The bill creates s. 446.54, F.S., to provide a definition of "work-based learning" to include "on-the-job training' and mean interactions with industry or community professionals in off-campus workplaces which foster in-depth, firsthand engagement with the tasks required in a given career field and which are aligned to curriculum and instruction. The bill encourages school districts to place students in paid work experiences for purposes of educational training and WBL and defines WBL as it relates to public k-12 education to mean sustained interactions with industry or community professionals in workplace settings, to the extent practicable, or simulated environments that foster in-depth, firsthand engagement with the tasks required in a given career field, that align with curriculum and instruction, and that are provided in partnership with an educational institution.

The bill provides that:

- An individual 18 years of age or younger who is enrolled in a preapprenticeship program, as defined in s. 446.021, which requires work-based learning and who suffers a work-related injury in the course of his or her enrollment is deemed to be an employee of the state for purposes of workers' compensation coverage. Such coverage applies only to medically necessary care rendered as a direct result of that injury.
- A student in grades 6 through 12 who is enrolled in a course identified in the Course Code Directory which incorporates a work-based learning component or an activity that is unpaid and who suffers a work-related injury in the course of his or her enrollment is deemed to be an employee of the state for purposes of workers' compensation coverage. Such coverage applies only to medically necessary care rendered as a direct result of that injury.

The bill provides that work-based learning may be paid or unpaid and may be delivered in a stand-alone, work-based learning course that results in high school credit or may be a component of an existing course which may use the cooperative method of instruction. As it relates to postsecondary education, the bill defines cooperative method of instruction as an instructional methodology that provides students enrolled in career education programs an opportunity to extend their employment preparation beyond the classroom through participation in concurrent career education instruction through regularly scheduled on-the-job training experiences.

The designation of preapprenticeship and WBL program students as employees of the state for the purposes of workers' compensation medical claims may increase the financial liability of the state, but may encourage more employers, who otherwise would not participate due to concerns about assuming liability for a minor, to partner with school districts to sponsor such programs. The provisions in the bill may allow more students under 18 to participate in WBL opportunities.

Florida College System Institution Admissions

Present Situation

Admissions Requirements for FCS Institutions

Each FCS institution board of trustees is authorized to adopt rules governing admissions of students subject to requirements provided in law and rules of the SBE.⁵⁶

⁵⁶ Section 1007.263, F.S.

Admissions counseling must be provided to all students entering college or career credit programs. Counseling must use tests to measure achievement of college-level communication and computation competencies by students entering college credit programs or tests to measure achievement of basic skills for students entering career education programs. Counseling includes providing developmental education options for students whose assessment results indicate that they need to improve communication or computation skills that are essential to perform college-level work.⁵⁷

Each FCS institution board of trustees is required to develop a plan to implement developmental education strategies through which a high school graduate who applies for any college credit program may attain the communication and computation skills necessary to successfully complete college credit instruction.⁵⁸ Each plan must include certain minimum requirements that are specified in law.⁵⁹

FCS institutions are also required to annually prepare an accountability report that includes student success data relating to each developmental education strategy implemented by the institution and submit the report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the SBE. ⁶⁰

Admission to associate degree programs is subject to minimum standards adopted by the SBE and requires:⁶¹

- A standard high school diploma, a high school equivalency diploma as prescribed in law⁶², previously demonstrated competency in college credit postsecondary coursework, or, in the case of a student who is home educated, a signed affidavit submitted by the student's parent or legal guardian attesting that the student has completed a home education program pursuant to the requirements of law. Students who are enrolled in a dual enrollment or early admission program are exempt from this requirement.
- A demonstrated level of achievement of college-level communication and computation skills.
- Any other requirements established by the FCS board of trustees.

Student Eligibility for Dual Enrollment Programs

The dual enrollment program is the enrollment of an eligible secondary student or home education student in a postsecondary course creditable toward high school completion and a career certificate or an associate or baccalaureate degree. A student who is enrolled in postsecondary instruction that is not creditable toward a high school diploma may not be classified as a dual enrollment student. An eligible secondary student is a student who is enrolled in any of grades 6 through 12 in a Florida public school or in a Florida private school that provides a secondary curriculum.

⁵⁷ Section 1007.263(1), F.S.

⁵⁸ Sections 1008.30(5) and 1008.02(1), F.S.

⁵⁹ Section 1008.30(5), F.S.

⁶⁰ Section 1008.30(5), F.S.

⁶¹ Section 1007.263(2), F.S.

⁶² Section 1003.435, F.S., specifies the requirements for earning a high school equivalency diploma.

⁶³ Section 1007.271(1), F.S.

⁶⁴ Section 1007.271(2)

Student eligibility requirements for initial enrollment in college credit dual enrollment courses must include a 3.0 unweighted high school grade point average and the minimum score on a common placement test adopted by the SBE which indicates that the student is ready for college-level coursework. Student eligibility requirements for initial and continued enrollment in career certificate dual enrollment courses must include a 2.0 unweighted high school grade point average. FCS institution boards of trustees may establish additional initial student eligibility requirements, which must be included in the dual enrollment articulation agreement, to ensure student readiness for postsecondary instruction. 66

Common Placement Testing for Public Postsecondary Education

The SBE, in conjunction with the BOG, has implemented common placement testing requirements⁶⁷ for the purpose of assessing the basic computation and communication skills of students who intend to enter a degree program at any public postsecondary educational institution.⁶⁸ The common placement testing program must include the capacity to diagnose the basic competencies in the areas of English, reading, and mathematics that are essential for success in meta-majors and the capacity to provide test information to students on the specific skills the student needs to attain.⁶⁹

Assessment of Career Education Program Basic Skills

The SBE is required to adopt standards of basic skill mastery for completion of certificate career education programs and to designate examinations to assess mastery. Students who enroll in a program offered for career credit of 450 hours or more must complete an entry-level examination within the first six weeks after admission into the program. A student may not receive a career or technical certificate of completion without first demonstrating the basic skills required in the state curriculum frameworks for the career education program. ⁷⁰ Certain students are exempted from this requirement. ⁷¹

Effect of Proposed Changes

Admissions Requirements for FCS Institutions

The bill modifies s. 1007.263, F.S., to provide flexibility to FCS institutions in their admissions requirements for entering students. Specifically, the bill authorizes FCS institutions to accept:

 Alternate methods, to be approved by the state board, to measure achievement of college level communication and computation competencies by students entering college credit programs.

⁶⁵ Section 1007.271(3), F.S. Exceptions to the required grade point averages may be granted on an individual student basis if the educational entities agree and the terms of the agreement are contained within the dual enrollment articulation agreement developed by the district school superintendent and the public postsecondary institution president through an articulation committee, as specified in s. 1007.271(21).

⁶⁶ Section 1007.271(3), F.S.

⁶⁷ The state board has adopted rules 6A-14.064 and 6A-10.0315, F.A.C., to govern assessment requirements for determining initial student eligibility for dual enrollment programs.

⁶⁸ Section 1008.30(1), F.S.

⁶⁹ Section 1008.30(2), F.S.

⁷⁰ Section 1004.91(1) and (2), F.S.

⁷¹ Section 1004.91(3), F.S.

• For admission to associate degree programs, a high school equivalency diploma issued by another state which is recognized as equivalent by SBE rule and is based on an assessment recognized by the United States Department of Education.

The bill requires that admissions counseling at FCS institutions must measure achievement of basic skills for career education programs, which may direct a student to developmental education to improve communication and computation skills.

The bill also modifies s. 1008.30, F.S., to remove outdated language related to a requirement that FCS institutions develop and submit a developmental education plan to the Chancellor of the FCS. In addition, the bill removes the requirement that the FCS annually prepare an accountability report that includes student success data relating to each developmental education strategy and submit the report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the SBE.

Student Eligibility for Dual Enrollment Programs

The bill modifies the mechanism in s. 1007.271, F.S., for assessing the readiness of a student for initial enrollment in college credit dual enrollment courses. In addition to achievement by a student of the minimum score on a common placement test, the bill authorizes a student to demonstrate a level of achievement of college-level communication and computation skills via an alternative method of assessment.

Common Placement Testing for Public Postsecondary Education

The bill modifies s. 1008.30, F.S., to require, by January 31, 2022, the SBE to adopt rules to develop and implement alternative methods for assessing the basic computation and communication skills of students who intend to enter a degree program at a FCS institution. The bill authorizes FCS institutions to use these alternative methods in lieu of common placement tests to assess student readiness for college-level work in computation and communication. The bill removes the requirement that the common placement testing program include the capacity to diagnose certain basic competencies in the areas of English, reading, and mathematics. The bill also specifies that students who are currently exempt from common placement testing requirements are also exempt from the college readiness assessment established in the bill.

Career and Professional Education Industry Certifications

The purpose of career education is to enable students who complete career programs to attain and sustain employment and realize economic self-sufficiency.⁷²

Present Situation

In 2007, the Legislature passed the Career and Professional Education (CAPE) Act,⁷³ to provide a statewide planning partnership between the business and education communities in order to

⁷² Section 1004.92(1), F.S.

⁷³ Chapter 2007-216, L.O.F.

attract, expand, and retain targeted, high-value industry and to sustain a strong, knowledge-based economy.⁷⁴

An industry certification is a voluntary process through which students are assessed by an independent, third-party certifying entity using predetermined standards for knowledge, skills, and competencies, resulting in the award of a credential that is nationally recognized. ⁷⁵ Industry certifications that generate bonus funds for school districts are included on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List, ⁷⁶ which also contains the industry certifications on the career pathways list approved for the Florida Gold Seal Vocational Scholars award. ⁷⁷

The DOE identifies career certificates, industry certifications, and career courses. At least annually, the DOE must identify additional career certificates, industry certifications, and career courses, which include CAPE industry certifications identified on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List that must be applied in the distribution of funding to school districts.⁷⁸

The CAPE Act provides multiple options for students to attain digital skills through digital tools and industry certifications. Digital tools are certificates reflecting core computer skills. The DOE is required to annually identify, and the commissioner may recommend, up to 15 CAPE Digital Tool certificates for inclusion on a CAPE Industry Certification Funding List. Digital Tool certificates for inclusion on a CAPE Industry Certification Funding List.

The commissioner may limit CAPE industry certifications and CAPE Digital Tool certificates to students in certain grades based on formal recommendations by providers of CAPE industry certifications and CAPE Digital Tool certificates.⁸¹

Funding for Workforce Education Programs

Workforce education may be conducted by an FCS institution or a school district, and includes:82

- Adult general education programs designed to improve the employability skills of the state's workforce.
- Career certificate programs.
- Applied technology diploma programs.
- Continuing workforce education courses.
- Degree career education programs.
- Apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs.

⁷⁴ Section 1003.491, F.S.

⁷⁵ Rule 6A-6.0573(2)(e), F.A.C.

⁷⁶ The "CAPE Industry Certification Funding List" means a list of industry certifications, certificates, and courses adopted by the State Board of Education for implementation of the Florida CAPE Act. Rule 6A-6.0573(2)(b), F.A.C.

⁷⁷ Section 1008.44(1)(a), F.S. *See also* s. 1009.536, F.S., for the requirements of a Florida Gold Seal Vocational Scholars award.

⁷⁸ Section 1008.44(1), F.S.

⁷⁹ Section 1003.4203, F.S.

⁸⁰ Section 1008.44(1)(b), F.S. In 2019-2020, secondary students earned 49,925 digital tools. Florida Department of Education, *2019-2020 Career and Adult Education Quick Facts, available at* http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/9904/urlt/1920quickfacts.pdf.

⁸¹ Section 1008.44(4)(b), F.S.

⁸² Section 1011.80(1) and (2), F.S.

A school district or an FCS institution that provides workforce education programs receive funds in accordance with distributions for base and performance funding established by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act (GAA).⁸³

Performance funding for industry certifications for school district workforce education programs⁸⁴ and FCS institutions⁸⁵ is contingent upon specific appropriation in the GAA and is determined by criteria specified in law,⁸⁶ which specifies that each school district or FCS institution must be provided \$1,000 for each industry certification earned by a workforce education or FCS institution student. If funds are insufficient to fully fund the calculated total award, such funds are prorated.

Bonus Funds for CAPE Industry Certifications

School districts are eligible for bonus funds for student completion of specified career courses and certifications. In addition to full-time equivalent (FTE) bonus funding for CAPE Digital Tool Certificates, CAPE Innovation courses, ⁸⁷ and CAPE Acceleration certifications, ⁸⁸ the district may receive:

- A value of 0.1 or 0.2 FTE student membership⁸⁹ for each student who completes a career-themed course⁹⁰ or courses with embedded CAPE industry certifications and who earns a CAPE industry certification.
- A value of 0.2 FTE for each student who is issued a CAPE industry certification that has a statewide articulation agreement for college credit approved by the SBE.
- A value of 0.1 FTE for each student who is issued a CAPE industry certifications that does not articulate for college credit.

Each district must allocate at least 80 percent of the bonus funds provided for CAPE industry certification to the program that generated the funds. This allocation may not be used to supplant funds provided for basic operation of the program.⁹¹

⁸³ Section 1011.80(7)(a), F.S.

⁸⁴ Section 1011.80(7), F.S.

⁸⁵ Section 1011.81(2), F.S.

⁸⁶ See ss. 1011.80(7) and 1011.81(2), F.S.

⁸⁷ CAPE Innovation courses are up to five courses annually approved by the commissioner that combine academic and career content, and performance outcome expectations that, if achieved by a student, shall articulate for college credit and be eligible for additional full-time equivalent membership. Section 1003.4203(5)(a), F.S.

⁸⁸ CAPE Acceleration are industry certifications, annually approved by the commissioner, that articulate for 15 or more college credit hours and, if successfully completed, are eligible for additional FTE bonus funds. Section 1003.4203(5)(b), F.S.

⁸⁹ A 0.1 FTE bonus would equal \$431.95, and a 0.2 FTE bonus would equal \$863.90; based on the base student allocation of \$4,319.49 in the Florida Education Finance Program, identified in Specific Appropriation 92 of the 2020 General Appropriations Act.

⁹⁰ A "career-themed course" is a course, or a course in a series of courses, that leads to an industry certification identified in the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List pursuant to rules adopted by the State Board of Education. Career-themed courses have industry-specific curriculum aligned directly to priority workforce needs established by the local workforce development board or the Department of Economic Opportunity. Section 1003.493(1)(b), F.S.

⁹¹ Section 1011.62(1)(o)2., F.S.

In 2019-2020, the estimated value of the FTE bonus for career-themed courses and industry certifications in all school districts was approximately \$81.7 million. 92

Effect of Proposed Changes

The bill grants the DOE rulemaking authority over the administration of the CAPE Act. The bill modifies s. 1008.44, F.S., to require that the DOE identify and commissioner recommend industry certifications to the CAPE industry certification list that lead to occupations in critical industry sectors. The bill specifies that such industry certifications are eligible for additional full-time equivalent membership bonus funds. The bill also provide greater authority to the commissioner to limit CAPE industry certifications and digital tools to certain grades. The bill specifies that such limits are for the purposes of calculating additional FTE membership for the industry certification bonus funding, not based on recommendations by CAPE providers.

The bill also changes a reference from the Florida Gold Seal Vocational Scholars award to the Florida Gold Seal CAPE Scholars award for the identification of CAPE industry certifications on the career pathways list. This corrects the reference to the appropriate Bright Futures Scholarship Program award. The Florida Gold Seal Vocational Scholars award does not require completion of CAPE industry certifications. The Florida Gold Seal CAPE Scholars award requires a student to earn a minimum of five postsecondary credit hours through approved CAPE industry certifications approved which articulate for college credit. 93

Funding for Workforce Education Programs

The bill maintains the \$1,000 provision to school districts and FCS institutions for industry certifications earned by students but specifies that, for each industry certification earned by a workforce education or FCS institution student that is identified as leading to employment in a critical industry sector, each school district or FCS institution must be provided a total of \$3,000. If funds are insufficient to fully fund the calculated total award, the funds must be prorated.

The bill also specifies that district school boards and FCS institutions must use at least 70 percent of workforce performance funding to directly support the program that generated the funds.

Bonus Funds for CAPE Industry Certifications

The bill modifies the FTE bonus funding in s. 1011.62, F.S., for CAPE industry certifications with a statewide articulation agreement for college credit. The bill awards a higher bonus to rigorous CAPE industry certifications that articulate for more college credit, and specifies that:

- A value of 0.2 FTE is calculated for a CAPE industry certification that has a statewide articulation agreement of 4 to 14 college credits.
- A value of 0.2 FTE is calculated for a CAPE industry certification that has a statewide articulation agreement of 1 to 3 college credits and is deemed by the department to be of sufficient rigor and to be linked to a high-skill occupation.
- A value of 0.1 FTE is calculated for all other CAPE industry certifications with a statewide articulation agreement of 1 to 3 college credits.

⁹² Email, Florida Department of Education (Mar. 1, 2021).

⁹³ Section 1009.536(2), F.S.

 A supplemental value of 0.2 FTE is calculated for industry certifications identified on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List as leading to employment occupations in critical industry sectors.

The bill removes the prohibition that additional FTE calculations for an elementary or middle school student may not exceed 0.1 for certificates or industry certifications earned in the same fiscal year. The bill also provides flexibility to the school district by removing the requirement that the bonus funds must be provided to the teachers employed by the district in the year that the FTE bonus funds is included in the calculation.

According to information published on the DOE website, there are 129 industry certification articulation agreements that generate from 1 to 3 credits, and 23 articulation agreements that generate from 4 to 14 college credits. ⁹⁴

This modification will provide a lower bonus (0.1 from 0.2 FTE) for those CAPE industry certifications that generate from 1 to 3 colleges credits in an articulation agreement, but have not been identified by the DOE as rigorous or linked to a high-skill occupation.

The bill also specifies that the 20 percent of bonus funds that are not required to be allocated to the program that generated the bonus may be used for general CAPE program expenses, such as administrative costs and new industry certification programs; however, administrative costs may not exceed 5 percent of the total funds provided for CAPE industry certification. Funds provided for CAPE industry certification must be used for CAPE programs, and may not be used to supplant funds provided for basic operation of the program, such as teacher salaries and other costs that are funded for other courses with non-CAPE funds.

Mathematics Pathways

Present Situation

Statewide Articulation Agreement

The SBE and the BOG are required to enter into a statewide articulation agreement. The agreement must preserve Florida's "2+2" system of articulation and facilitate the seamless articulation of student credit across and among Florida's educational entities. ⁹⁵ The agreement requires state university BOT, FCS BOT, and district school boards to adopt policies and procedures to provide articulated programs so that students can proceed toward their educational objectives as rapidly as their circumstances permit. ⁹⁶

Academic Pathways

The SBE, in consultation with the BOG, is required to approve a series of meta-majors and the academic pathways that identify the gateway courses associated with each meta-major. ⁹⁷ FCS

⁹⁴ Florida Department of Education, *Active Summary of Gold Standard Career Pathways Industry Articulation Agreements* (May 2020), *available at* http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/7525/urlt/active-articulation-summary.xlsx.

⁹⁵ Section 1007.23(1), F.S.

⁹⁶ Rule 6A-10.024(1), F.A.C.

⁹⁷ Section 1008.30(4), F.S.

institutions use placement test results to determine the extent to which each student demonstrates sufficient communication and computation skills to indicate readiness for his or her chosen metamajor. FCS institutions counsel students into college credit courses as quickly as possible, with developmental education limited to the content needed for success in the meta-major. ⁹⁸

The purpose of meta-major academic pathways is to advise FCS system associate degree seeking students of the gateway courses that are aligned with their intended academic and career goals. The meta-major academic pathways in SBE rule are established in the following areas:⁹⁹

- Arts, humanities, communication and design.
- Business.
- Education.
- Health sciences.
- Industry/manufacturing and construction.
- Public Safety.
- Science, technology, engineering, and mathematics.
- Social and behavioral sciences and human services.

In 2018, the Florida Student Success Center¹⁰⁰ established three workgroups to identify current challenges in mathematics pathways and develop policy and practice recommendations to improve student achievement across Florida's education systems. The charge to the workgroups was to explore complex issues surrounding mathematics pathways to prepare high school students for transition into FCS institutions, and FCS institution students for transition into four-year universities. More than 90 mathematics faculty, administrators and key stakeholders from Florida's K-12 system, the FCS, and the SUS served as members of the workgroups in 2018-19. Among the 12 recommendations, the workgroups recommended creation of common mathematics pathways by aligning mathematics courses to programs, meta-majors, and careers in Florida.¹⁰¹

Effect of Proposed Changes

The bill modifies s. 1007.23, F.S., to require the statewide articulation agreement to specify three mathematics pathways, which are aligned to programs, meta-majors, and careers, on which degree-seeking students must be placed. The bill specifies the purpose of the pathways is to facilitate seamless transfer, reduce excess credit hours, and ensure that students are taking the relevant courses needed for their future careers. To accomplish the identification of the mathematics pathways, the bill requires a representative committee of State University System, district career centers, and FCS faculty to collaborate to identify the three pathways.

⁹⁸ Section 1008.30(5), F.S.

⁹⁹ Rule 6A-14.065, F.A.C.

¹⁰⁰ The Florida Student Success Center is part of the national Student Success Center Network and supports Florida's 28 state and community colleges' efforts to develop student-centered pathways and increase student completion rates. The Florida College System, *Florida Student Success Center*, https://www.floridacollegesystemfoundation.org/florida-student-success-center-home (last visited Feb. 25, 2021).

¹⁰¹ The Florida College System, *Mathematics Re-Design*, https://www.floridacollegesystemfoundation.org/fssc-math-redesign (last visited Feb. 25, 2021).

The bill removes the requirement that the SBE, in consultation with the BOG, approve a series of meta-majors and the academic pathways that identify the gateway courses associated with each meta-major.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

School districts that pay workers' compensation expenses for participants in work-based learning programs would likely see a reduction in workers' compensation costs. The reduction in workers' compensation costs is indeterminate.

C. Government Sector Impact:

Workers' Compensation Insurance Coverage

In 2020, the Department of Financial Services, Division of Risk Management (DRM) estimated that the workers' compensation coverage provisions of SB 1568 (2020) would cause additional claims costs for covering participants in preapprenticeship and workbased learning programs. ¹⁰²

¹⁰²Florida Department of Financial Services, 2020 Legislative Bill Analysis for CS/SB 1568 (Feb. 17, 2020).

Depending on the number and severity of future claims, the increase in workers' compensation loss payments and operational costs to the Risk Management Trust Fund could result in a long-term need for additional premium to be charged to the state agencies to cover these losses. 103

Career and Professional Education (CAPE) Funding

The restructuring of the CAPE industry certification bonus awards in the FEFP will potentially affect the amount of bonus funding that each school district earns. In addition, the new \$3,000 bonus for industry certifications that lead to employment in occupations in critical industry sectors for the Performance Based Incentive funding in the General Appropriations Act (GAA) for school district workforce programs and colleges will also potentially increase the earned bonus funds for school districts and colleges. No additional appropriation is required.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

The bill authorizes the Department of Education to adopt rules to administer the Career and Professional Education Act. The State Board of Education is the entity responsible for promulgating rules to supervise the system of free public education in the state.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 446.011, 446.021, 446.032, 446.041, 446.045, 446.051, 446.052, 446.071, 446.081, 446.092, 455.213, 1003.01, 1003.4156, 1003.4282, 1003.491, 1004.02, 1007.23, 1007.2616, 1007.263, 1007.271, 1008.30, 1008.44, 1009.25, 1011.62, 1011.80, 1011.802, and 1011.81.

This bill creates s. 446.54 of the Florida Statutes.

This bill repeals section 446.091 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Education Committee on March 2, 2021:

The committee substitute:

- Changes the title of the bill to an act related to educational opportunities leading to employment.
- Modifies legislative intent regarding apprenticeships to:

¹⁰³ *Id*.

 Expand legislative intent to encourage apprenticeship programs that lead to any postsecondary credential. The bill encourages only the programs that lead to college credit or a degree.

- Clarify that the responsibility of the Department of Education (DOE) over minimum standards applies only to apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs that are registered.
- Modifies the duties of the DOE to:
 - o Provide that the DOE must include information and resources related to preapprenticeship programs in its annual apprenticeship report.
 - Add that the DOE must provide assistance to postsecondary educational institutions in notifying the community of apprenticeship and preapprenticeship opportunities.
 - Clarify that the DOE must ensure that equal opportunity for apprentices, preapprentices, and applicants for apprenticeships and preapprenticeships is provided for the apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs.
- Modifies additional work-based learning program provisions. Specifically, the committee substitute:
 - Modifies provisions of the bill directed toward state universities and Florida College System (FCS) institutions and includes all postsecondary educational institutions.
 - Removes the requirement of the bill that defines apprentices as employees of the state for purposes of workers' compensation coverage for medical benefits. The amendment retains other provisions of the bill deeming preapprentices and students in work-based learning as employees of the state for workers' compensation coverage for medical benefits.
 - O Defines "work-based learning," as it relates to public k-12 education, to mean sustained interactions with industry or community professionals in workplace settings, to the extent practicable, or simulated environments that foster in-depth, firsthand engagement with the tasks required in a given career field, that align with curriculum and instruction, and that are provided in partnership with an educational institution.
 - O Defines "cooperative method of instruction," as it relates to postsecondary education, to mean an instructional methodology that provides students enrolled in career education programs an opportunity to extend their employment preparation beyond the classroom through participation in concurrent career education instruction through regularly scheduled on-the-job training experiences.
 - Removes a provision of the bill providing for guaranteed licenses for apprenticeship program completers.
- Modifies provisions related to the middle school course in career and education planning, by:
 - Removing a provision of the bill authorizing the Florida Virtual School to offer a course in career and education planning.
 - Removing a provision of the bill that would have made the required course in career and education planning optional for students in middle grades.
- Modifies provisions relating to K-12 career and technical education, by:

 Removing the requirement of the bill that opportunities for learning computer science in elementary school include computational thinking and foundational computer science skills, and retains current law that makes the skills optional.

- Removing a provision of the bill that modifies the authorized uses of funds for computer science instruction.
- Removing a provision of the bill authorizing school districts or regional consortia to work with national providers to submit recommended career-themed courses to the DOE for state board approval.
- o Granting the DOE rulemaking authority over the administration of the CAPE Act.
- Modifies provisions relating to FCS institution admissions and student progression.
 The committee substitute:
 - Authorizes alternate methods, to be approved by the state board, to measure achievement of college level communication and computation competencies by students entering college credit programs.
 - Authorizes associate degree programs to accept a high school equivalency diploma issued by another state, as approved by the State Board of Education (SBE).
 - Clarifies that student eligibility for initial enrollment in dual enrollment courses includes a demonstrated level of achievement of college-level communication and computation skills through an approved common placement test or alternative method as adopted by the SBE.
 - Removes a requirement of existing law that the common placement testing
 program include the capacity to diagnose basic competencies in the areas of
 English, reading, and mathematics which are essential for success in meta-majors
 and to provide test information to students on the specific skills the student needs
 to attain.
 - Requires the SBE, by January 31, 2022, to adopt rules to develop and implement alternative methods for assessing the basic computation and communication skills of students who intend to enter a degree program at an FCS institution. The amendment authorizes FCS institutions to use these alternative methods in lieu of common placement tests to assess student readiness for college-level work in computation and communication.
 - Removes the requirement of existing law for FCS institutions to submit to the Chancellor of the FCS for approval implemented developmental education strategies through which a high school graduate who applies for any college credit program may attain the communication and computation skills necessary to successfully complete college credit instruction.
 - Adds alternative methods to the requirement for in current law for FCS institutions to use placement test results as established by the SBE to determine the extent to which each student demonstrates sufficient computation and communication skills to indicate readiness for his or her chosen meta-major and to counsel students into college credit courses as quickly as possible, with developmental education limited to that content needed for success in the metamajor.
 - Removes a requirement of existing law that each FCS institution annually prepare and submit to state officials an accountability report that includes student success

data relating to each developmental education strategy implemented by the institution.

- Provides for a representative committee of State University System, certain career
 centers established by district school boards, and FCS faculty, instead of the
 representative workgroup of the Articulation Coordinating Committee required by the
 bill, to identify the three mathematics pathways and the mathematics course sequence
 within each pathway which align to the mathematics skills needed for success in the
 corresponding academic programs and careers.
- Modifies workforce and postsecondary financial provisions. The committee substitute:
 - Removes the additional full-time-equivalent (FTE) weights for industry certifications associated with aviation-related and aerospace-related occupations and instead provides additional FTE weight for industry certifications that lead to occupations in critical industry sectors as identified by the Department of Education and included on the Career and Professional Education (CAPE) industry funding list.
 - O Authorizes a technical center operated by a school district, an FCS institution, or a state university to enter into an agreement with another entity to cover the approved apprenticeship program student tuition and fees, including lab fees.
 - Authorizes the SBE and the Board of Governors of the State University System of Florida to adopt rules and regulations regarding requirements for fee waivers for homeless students.
 - Modifies the provisions of the bill authorizing school districts and FCS institutions to earn an additional \$2000 for workforce education programs that lead to industry certification in critical industry sectors to instead provide an additional \$2000 for school districts and FCS institutions for industry certifications earned by students in workforce education programs that are identified as leading to employment in critical industry sectors.
 - Requires a district school board or FCS institution board of trustees that receives workforce performance funding to use at least 70 percent of the funds received to directly support the program that generated the funds.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.



LEGISLATIVE ACTION House Senate Comm: RCS 03/02/2021

The Committee on Education (Hutson) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

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Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

5 6 read:

Section 1. Section 446.011, Florida Statutes, is amended to

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446.011 Legislative intent regarding apprenticeship training.-

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(1) It is the intent of the State of Florida to provide educational opportunities for its residents so that they can be trained for trades, occupations, and professions suited to their

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abilities. It is the intent of this act to promote the mode of training known as apprenticeship in occupations throughout industry in the state that require physical manipulative skills. The Legislature further intends to broaden By broadening job training opportunities by and providing for increased coordination between secondary and postsecondary educational institutions and businesses and industries participating in public school academic programs, career programs, and registered apprenticeship programs so that τ the residents of this state will benefit from an additional avenue to a postsecondary credential or degree when on-the-job training is combined with related technical and theoretical instruction provided by a school district or any accredited postsecondary educational institution. Therefore, this act encourages apprenticeship programs to lead to a postsecondary credential the valuable training opportunities developed when on the job training is combined with academic-related classroom experiences. Moreover, this act is intended to develop the apparent potentials in apprenticeship training by assisting in the establishment of preapprenticeship programs in the public school system and elsewhere and by expanding presently registered programs as well as promoting new registered programs in jobs that lend themselves to apprenticeship training.

(2) It is the intent of the Legislature that the Department of Education have responsibility for the development of the registered apprenticeship and registered preapprenticeship uniform minimum standards for the apprenticeable occupations trades and that the department have responsibility for assisting approved program sponsors pursuant to s. 446.071 district school

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boards and Florida College System institution boards of trustees in developing preapprenticeship programs.

- (3) It is the further intent of ss. 446.011-446.092 that the department ensure quality training through the adoption and enforcement of uniform minimum standards and that the department promote, register, monitor, and service apprenticeship and preapprenticeship training programs and ensure that the programs adhere to the standards.
- (4) It is the intent of the Legislature that this act not require the use of apprentices or preapprentices on construction projects financed by the state or any county, municipality, town or township, public authority, special district, municipal service taxing unit, or other agency of state or local government. Notwithstanding this intent, whenever any government or agency of government employs, of its own choice, apprentices or preapprentices or employs contractors who employ apprentices or preapprentices, the behavior of the government and the contractors employed by the government shall be governed by the provisions of this act.

Section 2. Section 446.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

(Substantial rewording of section. See

s. 446.021, F.S., for present text.)

446.021 Definitions of terms used in ss. 446.011-446.092.-

65 As used in ss. 446.011-446.092, the term:

(1) "Apprentice" means a person at least 16 years of age who has entered into an apprenticeship agreement with a registered apprenticeship program sponsor, is engaged in learning an apprenticeable occupation through actual work

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experience under the supervision of journeyworkers, and is enrolled in the apprenticeship program, thereby receiving an organized and systematic form of instruction designed to provide theoretical and technical knowledge related to the occupation.

- (2) "Apprenticeship program" means a program that is registered with the department on the basis of a plan submitted to the department which contains the terms and conditions for the qualification, recruitment, selection, employment, and training of apprentices, including requirements for a written apprenticeship agreement.
- (3) "Cancellation" means the termination or deregistration of an apprenticeship program at the request of the program sponsor or the termination of an apprenticeship agreement at the request of the apprentice.
 - (4) "Department" means the Department of Education.
- (5) "Journeyworker" means a person working in an apprenticeable occupation who has successfully completed a registered apprenticeship program or who has worked the number of years required by established industry practices for the particular trade or occupation.
- (6) "On-the-job training" means a structured system of work processes under the supervision of a journeyworker which provides the experience and knowledge necessary to meet the training objective of learning a specific skill, trade, or occupation.
- (7) "Preapprentice" means a person at least 16 years of age who enters into a preapprenticeship agreement with a preapprenticeship program sponsor approved by the department and who engages in learning an apprenticeable occupation in any

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course of instruction in the public school system or elsewhere.

- (8) "Preapprenticeship program" means a program sponsored by an apprenticeship program in the same occupation which is registered with the department on the basis of a plan submitted to the department which contains the terms and conditions of instruction in the public school system or elsewhere and is designed to prepare a registered preapprentice to become an apprentice in an apprenticeship program.
- (9) "Related instruction" means an organized and systematic form of instruction designed to provide an apprentice or a preapprentice with the knowledge of theoretical subjects related to a specific trade or occupation.
- (10) "Uniform minimum standards" means the minimum requirements established for each occupation under which an apprenticeship or preapprenticeship program is administered. The term includes standards of admission, training objectives, curriculum outlines, objective standards to measure successful completion of the apprenticeship or preapprenticeship program, and the percentage of credit which may be given to an apprentice or preapprentice.

Section 3. Subsection (1), paragraphs (b), (d), and (e) of subsection (2), and subsection (3) of section 446.032, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

446.032 General duties of the department for apprenticeship training.—The department shall:

(1) Establish uniform minimum standards and policies governing apprenticeship apprentice programs and agreements. The standards and policies shall govern the terms and conditions of the apprentice's employment and training, including the quality

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training of the apprentice for, but not limited to, such matters as ratios of apprentices to journeyworkers, safety, related technical instruction, and on-the-job training; but these standards and policies may not include rules, standards, or guidelines that require the use of apprentices and job trainees on state, county, or municipal contracts. Uniform minimum standards must be uniform across all occupations The department may adopt rules necessary to administer the standards and policies.

- (2) By September 1 of each year, publish an annual report on apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs. The report must be published on the department's website and, at a minimum, include all of the following:
- (b) A detailed summary of each local educational agency's expenditure of funds for apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs, including:
- 1. The total amount of funds received for apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs;
- 2. The total amount of funds allocated to each apprenticeable trade or occupation;
- 3. The total amount of funds expended for administrative costs per apprenticeable trade or occupation; and
- 4. The total amount of funds expended for instructional costs per apprenticeable trade and occupation.
- (d) The percentage of apprentices and preapprentices who complete their respective programs in the appropriate timeframe.
- (e) Information and resources related to applications for new apprenticeship programs and preapprenticeship programs and technical assistance and requirements for potential

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apprenticeship programs and preapprenticeship programs applicants.

- (3) Provide assistance to district school boards, postsecondary educational institutions, Florida College System institution boards of trustees, approved program sponsors under s. 446.071, and local workforce development boards in notifying students, parents, and members of the community of the availability of apprenticeship and preapprenticeship opportunities, including data provided in the economic security report pursuant to s. 445.07.
- Section 4. Subsections (2) through (8), (10), (11), and (12) of section 446.041, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 446.041 Apprenticeship program, duties of the department. The department shall:
- (2) Regularly review and evaluate the uniform minimum Administer the standards established by the department for registered apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs.
- (3) Register, in accordance with this chapter, any apprenticeship or preapprenticeship program that, regardless of affiliation, which meets the uniform minimum standards established by the department.
- (4) Investigate complaints concerning the failure of any registered program to meet the uniform minimum standards established by the department.
- (5) Cancel the registration of any program that fails to comply with the uniform minimum standards and policies of the department or that unreasonably fails or refuses to cooperate with the department in monitoring and enforcing compliance with the uniform minimum standards.

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- (6) Encourage potential sponsors to develop and encourage apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs.
- (7) Lead and coordinate outreach efforts to educate veterans about apprenticeship programs and career opportunities.
- (8) Cooperate with and assist local apprenticeship sponsors in the development of the uniform minimum their apprenticeship standards and training requirements.
- (10) Monitor registered apprenticeship programs to ensure that they are being operated in compliance with all applicable uniform minimum standards.
- (11) Supervise all apprenticeship programs that are registered with the department.
- (12) Ensure that equal opportunity for apprentices, preapprentices, and applicants for apprenticeships and preapprenticeships is provided for the apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs and that minority and gender diversity are considered in administering this program.

Section 5. Paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of subsection (2) of section 446.045, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

446.045 State Apprenticeship Advisory Council.-

- (2) (a) There is created a State Apprenticeship Advisory Council to be composed of 10 voting members appointed by the Governor and two ex officio nonvoting members. The purpose of the advisory council is to advise the department on matters relating to apprenticeship and preapprenticeship. The advisory council may not establish policy, adopt rules, or consider whether particular apprenticeship or preapprenticeship programs should be approved by the department.
 - (b) The Commissioner of Education or the commissioner's

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designee shall serve ex officio as chair of the State Apprenticeship Advisory Council, but may not vote. A representative The state director of the Office of Apprenticeship of the United States Department of Labor shall serve ex officio as a nonvoting member of the council. The Governor shall appoint to the council four members representing employee organizations and four members representing employer organizations. Each of these eight members shall represent industries that have registered apprenticeship programs. The Governor shall also appoint two public members who are knowledgeable about registered apprenticeship and apprenticeable occupations and who are independent of any joint or nonjoint organization. Members shall be appointed for 4-year staggered terms. The Governor $\frac{1}{2}$ vacancy shall fill any vacancy $\frac{1}{2}$ be filled for the remainder of the unexpired term.

(c) The council shall meet at the call of the chair or the chair's designee or at the request of a majority of its voting membership, but at least twice a year. A majority of the voting members shall constitute a quorum, and the affirmative vote of a majority of a quorum is necessary to take action.

Section 6. Section 446.051, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

446.051 Related instruction for apprentices.-

(1) The administration and supervision of related and supplemental instruction for apprentices, the coordination of such instruction with job experiences, and the selection and training of teachers, instructors, and coordinators for such instruction, all as approved by the department registered program sponsor, are shall be the responsibility of the

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apprenticeship and preapprenticeship program sponsors appropriate career education institution.

(2) District school boards and postsecondary educational institutions are The appropriate career education institution shall be encouraged to cooperate with and assist in providing to any registered program sponsor facilities, equipment and supplies, and instructors' salaries for the performance of related and supplemental instruction associated with the apprenticeship or preapprenticeship registered program.

Section 7. Subsections (1), (2), and (3) of section 446.052, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

446.052 Preapprenticeship program.-

- (1) There is created and established a preapprenticeship education program, as defined in s. 446.021.
- (2) The department, under regulations established by the State Board of Education, may administer the provisions of ss. 446.011-446.092 which relate to preapprenticeship programs in cooperation with district school boards and Florida College System institution boards of trustees. District school boards, postsecondary educational institutions Florida College System institution boards of trustees, and registered program sponsors are encouraged to shall cooperate in developing and establishing programs that include career instruction and general education courses required to obtain a high school diploma.
- (3) The department, the district school boards, and postsecondary educational institutions the Florida College System institution boards of trustees shall work together with existing registered apprenticeship programs in order that individuals completing the preapprenticeship programs may be

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able to receive credit toward towards completing a registered apprenticeship program. In addition, postsecondary educational institutions are encouraged to work together with existing associate of science programs, associate of applied science programs, career certification programs, or degree programs to ensure that individuals completing a registered apprenticeship program may be able to receive college credit toward a technical degree.

Section 8. Section 446.071, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

446.071 Apprenticeship sponsors.-

- (1) One or more local apprenticeship sponsors must shall be approved in any apprenticeable occupation trade or multiple apprenticeable occupations group of trades by the department, upon a determination of need, if the apprenticeship sponsor meets all of the uniform minimum standards established by the department. The term "need" refers to the need of state residents for apprenticeship training. In the absence of proof to the contrary, it shall be presumed that there is need for apprenticeship and preapprenticeship training in each county in this state.
- (2) An A local apprenticeship sponsor may be a committee, a group of employers, an employer, or a group of employees, an educational institution, a local workforce board, a community or faith-based organization, or any entity preapproved by the department as being in accordance with the requirements of this chapter combination thereof.
- (3) The department may grant a variance from the uniform minimum standards upon a showing of good cause for the variance

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by program sponsors in nonconstruction trades. The purpose of this subsection is to recognize the unique and varying training requirements in nontraditional apprenticeable occupations and to authorize the department to adapt the standards to the needs of the programs.

Section 9. Subsection (4) of section 446.081, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

446.081 Limitation.-

(4) Nothing in ss. 446.011-446.092 or in any rules adopted or contained in any approved apprentice agreement under such sections invalidates any special provision for veterans, minority persons, or women in the standards, qualifications, or operation of the apprenticeship program which is not otherwise prohibited by any applicable general law, executive order, rule, or regulation.

Section 10. Section 446.091, Florida Statutes, is repealed. Section 11. Section 446.092, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

446.092 Criteria for apprenticeship occupations.—At a minimum, an apprenticeable occupation must possess is a skilled trade which possesses all of the following characteristics:

- (1) It is customarily learned in a practical way through a structured, systematic program of on-the-job, supervised training.
- (2) It is clearly identified and commonly recognized throughout an industry.
- (3) It involves manual, mechanical, or technical skills and knowledge which, in accordance with the industry standards for the occupation, require would require a minimum of 2,000 hours

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of on-the-job training, which hours are excluded from the time spent at related technical or supplementary instruction.

(4) It requires related technical instruction to supplement on-the-job training. Such instruction may be given in a classroom, through occupational or industrial courses or correspondence courses of equivalent value, through electronic media, or through other forms of self-study approved by the department.

Section 12. Section 446.54, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

446.54 Work-based learning.

- (1) It is the intent of the Legislature that, to the extent possible, school districts place students in paid work experiences, including apprenticeships and preapprenticeships, for purposes of educational training and work-based learning.
- (2) For purposes of this section, "work-based learning" includes "on-the-job training" as defined in s. 446.021 and means sustained interactions with industry or community professionals in off-campus workplace settings that foster indepth firsthand engagement with the tasks required in a given career or field and are aligned to curriculum and instruction.
- (3) (a) A student in grades 6 through 12 who is enrolled in a course identified in the Course Code Directory which incorporates a work-based learning component or an activity that is unpaid and who suffers a work-related injury in the course of his or her enrollment is deemed to be an employee of the state for purposes of workers' compensation coverage. Such coverage applies only to medically necessary care rendered as a direct result of that injury.

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(b) An individual 18 years of age or younger who is enrolled in a preapprenticeship program as defined in s. 446.021 which requires work-based learning and who suffers a workrelated injury in the course of his or her enrollment is deemed to be an employee of the state for purposes of workers' compensation coverage. Such coverage applies only to medically necessary care rendered as a direct result of that injury. Section 13. Subsection (17) is added to section 1003.01, Florida Statutes, to read: 1003.01 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term: (17) "Work-based learning" means sustained interactions with industry or community professionals in workplace settings, to the extent practicable, or simulated environments that foster in-depth, firsthand engagement with the tasks required in a given career field, that align with curriculum and instruction, and that are provided in partnership with an educational institution. Work-based learning may be paid or unpaid and may be delivered in a stand-alone, work-based learning course that results in high school credit or may be a component of an existing course which may use the cooperative method of instruction as defined in s. 1004.02(27). Section 14. Subsection (6) is added to section 1003.491, Florida Statutes, to read: 1003.491 Florida Career and Professional Education Act.-The Florida Career and Professional Education Act is created to provide a statewide planning partnership between the business and education communities in order to attract, expand, and

retain targeted, high-value industry and to sustain a strong,

knowledge-based economy.



389 (6) The Department of Education may adopt rules to 390 administer this section. 391 Section 15. Subsection (27) is added to section 1004.02, 392 Florida Statutes, to read: 393 1004.02 Definitions.—As used in this chapter: 394 (27) "Cooperative method of instruction" means an 395 instructional methodology that provides students enrolled in 396 career education programs an opportunity to extend their 397 employment preparation beyond the classroom through 398 participation in concurrent career education instruction through 399 regularly scheduled on-the-job training experiences. 400 Section 16. Present subsections (3) through (8) of section 401 1007.23, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (4) 402 through (9), respectively, and a new subsection (3) is added to 403 that section, to read: 404 1007.23 Statewide articulation agreement. 405 (3) To facilitate seamless transfer of credits, reduce excess credit hours, and ensure that students are taking the 406 407 courses needed for their future careers, the articulation 408 agreement must establish three mathematics pathways for students 409 by aligning mathematics courses to programs, meta-majors, and 410 careers. A representative committee of State University System, 411 career centers established under s. 1001.44, and Florida College 412 System faculty shall collaborate to identify the three 413 mathematics pathways and the mathematics course sequence within 414 each pathway which align to the mathematics skills needed for 415 success in the corresponding academic programs and careers. 416 Section 17. Subsection (1) and paragraph (a) of subsection

(2) of section 1007.263, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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1007.263 Florida College System institutions; admissions of students. - Each Florida College System institution board of trustees is authorized to adopt rules governing admissions of students subject to this section and rules of the State Board of Education. These rules shall include the following:

- (1) Admissions counseling shall be provided to all students entering college or career credit programs. For students who are not otherwise exempt from testing under s. 1008.30, counseling must use the tests or alternative methods established by the State Board of Education pursuant to s. 1008.30 to measure achievement of college-level communication and computation competencies by students entering college credit programs or tests to measure achievement of basic skills for career education programs as prescribed in s. 1004.91. Counseling must measure achievement of basic skills for career education programs under s. 1004.91 and include includes providing developmental education options for students whose assessment results, determined under s. 1008.30, indicate that they need to improve communication or computation skills that are essential to perform college-level work.
- (2) Admission to associate degree programs is subject to minimum standards adopted by the State Board of Education and shall require:
- (a) A standard high school diploma; τ a State of Florida high school equivalency diploma awarded under s. 1003.435(2); a high school equivalency diploma issued by another state which is recognized as equivalent by State Board of Education rule and is based on an assessment recognized by the United States Department of Education; as prescribed in s. 1003.435,



previously demonstrated competency in college credit postsecondary coursework; τ or, in the case of a student who is home educated, a signed affidavit submitted by the student's parent or legal quardian attesting that the student has completed a home education program pursuant to the requirements of s. 1002.41. Students who are enrolled in a dual enrollment or early admission program pursuant to s. 1007.271 are exempt from this requirement.

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Each board of trustees shall establish policies that notify students about developmental education options for improving their communication or computation skills that are essential to performing college-level work, including tutoring, extended time in gateway courses, free online courses, adult basic education, adult secondary education, or private provider instruction.

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Section 18. Subsection (3) and paragraph (b) of subsection (13) of section 1007.271, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 1007.271 Dual enrollment programs.

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(3) Student eligibility requirements for initial enrollment in college credit dual enrollment courses must include a 3.0 unweighted high school grade point average and a demonstrated level of achievement of college-level communication and computation skills as provided under s. 1008.30(1) or (2) the minimum score on a common placement test adopted by the State Board of Education which indicates that the student is ready for college-level coursework. Student eligibility requirements for continued enrollment in college credit dual enrollment courses must include the maintenance of a 3.0 unweighted high school

grade point average and the minimum postsecondary grade point

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average established by the postsecondary institution. Regardless of meeting student eligibility requirements for continued enrollment, a student may lose the opportunity to participate in a dual enrollment course if the student is disruptive to the learning process such that the progress of other students or the efficient administration of the course is hindered. Student eligibility requirements for initial and continued enrollment in career certificate dual enrollment courses must include a 2.0 unweighted high school grade point average. Exceptions to the required grade point averages may be granted on an individual student basis if the educational entities agree and the terms of the agreement are contained within the dual enrollment articulation agreement established pursuant to subsection (21). Florida College System institution boards of trustees may establish additional initial student eligibility requirements, which shall be included in the dual enrollment articulation agreement, to ensure student readiness for postsecondary instruction. Additional requirements included in the agreement may not arbitrarily prohibit students who have demonstrated the ability to master advanced courses from participating in dual enrollment courses or limit the number of dual enrollment courses in which a student may enroll based solely upon enrollment by the student at an independent postsecondary institution.

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(b) Each public postsecondary institution eligible to participate in the dual enrollment program pursuant to s. 1011.62(1)(i) must enter into a home education articulation agreement with each home education student seeking enrollment in

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a dual enrollment course and the student's parent. By August 1 of each year, the eligible postsecondary institution shall complete and submit the home education articulation agreement to the Department of Education. The home education articulation agreement must include, at a minimum:

- 1. A delineation of courses and programs available to dually enrolled home education students. Courses and programs may be added, revised, or deleted at any time by the postsecondary institution. Any course or program limitations may not exceed the limitations for other dually enrolled students.
- 2. The initial and continued eligibility requirements for home education student participation, not to exceed those required of other dually enrolled students. A high school grade point average may not be required for home education students who demonstrate achievement of college-level communication and computation skills as provided under s. 1008.30(1) or (2) meet the minimum score on a common placement test adopted by the State Board of Education which indicates that the student is ready for college-level coursework; however, home education student eligibility requirements for continued enrollment in dual enrollment courses must include the maintenance of the minimum postsecondary grade point average established by the postsecondary institution.
- 3. The student's responsibilities for providing his or her own transportation.
- 4. A copy of the statement on transfer guarantees developed by the Department of Education under subsection (15).
 - Section 19. Section 1008.30, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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1008.30 Common placement testing for public postsecondary education.-

- (1) The State Board of Education, in conjunction with the Board of Governors, shall develop and implement a common placement test for the purpose of assessing the basic computation and communication skills of students who intend to enter a degree program at any public postsecondary educational institution. Alternative assessments that may be accepted in lieu of the common placement test shall also be identified in rule. Public postsecondary educational institutions shall provide appropriate modifications of the test instruments or test procedures for students with disabilities.
- (2) By January 31, 2022, the State Board of Education shall adopt rules to develop and implement alternative methods for assessing the basic computation and communication skills of students who intend to enter a degree program at a Florida College System institution. Florida College System institutions may use these alternative methods in lieu of common placement tests as described in subsection (1) to assess student readiness for college-level work in computation and communication The common placement testing program shall include the capacity to diagnose basic competencies in the areas of English, reading, and mathematics which are essential for success in meta-majors and to provide test information to students on the specific skills the student needs to attain.
- (3) By October 31, 2013, the State Board of Education shall establish by rule the test scores a student must achieve to demonstrate readiness to perform college-level work, and The rules required by subsection (2) must specify the following:

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- (a) A student who entered 9th grade in a Florida public school in the 2003-2004 school year, or any year thereafter, and earned a Florida standard high school diploma or a student who is serving as an active duty member of any branch of the United States Armed Services shall not be required to be assessed for readiness for college-level work in computation and communication take the common placement test and shall not be required to enroll in developmental education instruction in a Florida College System institution. However, a student who is not required to be assessed for readiness for college-level work in computation and communication take the common placement test and is not required to enroll in developmental education under this paragraph may opt to be assessed and to enroll in developmental education instruction, and the college shall provide such assessment and instruction upon the student's request.
- (b) A student who is assessed for readiness for collegelevel computation and communication and whose assessment results indicate takes the common placement test and whose score on the test indicates a need for developmental education must be advised of all the developmental education options offered at the institution and, after advisement, shall be allowed to enroll in the developmental education option of his or her choice.
- (c) A student who demonstrates readiness by achieving or exceeding the test scores established by the state board and enrolls in a Florida College System institution within 2 years after achieving such scores shall not be required to retest or complete developmental education when admitted to any Florida



College System institution.

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(4) (a) By December 31, 2013, the State Board of Education, in consultation with the Board of Governors, shall approve a series of meta-majors and the academic pathways that identify the gateway courses associated with each meta-major. Florida College System institutions shall use placement test results to determine the extent to which each student demonstrates sufficient communication and computation skills to indicate readiness for his or her chosen meta-major. Florida College System institutions shall counsel students into college credit courses as quickly as possible, with developmental education limited to that content needed for success in the meta-major.

(5) (a) Each Florida College System institution board of trustees shall develop a plan to implement the developmental education strategies defined in s. 1008.02 and rules established by the State Board of Education. The plan must be submitted to the Chancellor of the Florida College System for approval no later than March 1, 2014, for implementation no later than the fall semester 2014. Each plan must include, at a minimum, local policies that outline:

1. Documented student achievements such as grade point averages, work history, military experience, participation in juried competitions, career interests, degree major declaration, or any combination of such achievements that the institution may consider, in addition to common placement test scores, for advising students regarding enrollment options.

- 2. Developmental education strategies available to students.
 - 3. A description of student costs and financial aid

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opportunities associated with each option.

- 4. Provisions for the collection of student success data.
- 5. A comprehensive plan for advising students into appropriate developmental education strategies based on student success data.
- (b) Beginning October 31, 2015, Each Florida College System institution shall use placement test results or alternative methods as established by the State Board of Education to determine the extent to which each student demonstrates sufficient computation and communication skills to indicate readiness for his or her chosen meta-major. Florida College System institutions shall counsel students into college credit courses as quickly as possible, with developmental education limited to that content needed for success in the meta-major annually prepare an accountability report that includes student success data relating to each developmental education strategy implemented by the institution. The report shall be submitted to the Division of Florida Colleges by October 31 in a format determined by the Chancellor of the Florida College System. By December 31, the chancellor shall compile and submit the institutional reports to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the State Board of Education.
- (c) A university board of trustees may contract with a Florida College System institution board of trustees for the Florida College System institution to provide developmental education on the state university campus. Any state university in which the percentage of incoming students requiring developmental education equals or exceeds the average percentage

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of such students for the Florida College System may offer developmental education without contracting with a Florida College System institution; however, any state university offering college-preparatory instruction as of January 1, 1996, may continue to provide developmental education instruction as defined in s. 1008.02(1).

(5) (6) A student may not be enrolled in a college credit mathematics or English course on a dual enrollment basis unless the student has demonstrated adequate precollegiate preparation in on the section of the basic computation and communication skills assessment required pursuant to subsection (1) that is appropriate for successful student participation in the course.

Section 20. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 1008.44, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (f) is added to subsection (1) of that section, to read:

1008.44 CAPE Industry Certification Funding List and CAPE Postsecondary Industry Certification Funding List .-

- (1) Pursuant to ss. 1003.4203 and 1003.492, the Department of Education shall, at least annually, identify, under rules adopted by the State Board of Education, and the Commissioner of Education may at any time recommend adding the following certificates, certifications, and courses:
- (a) CAPE industry certifications identified on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List that must be applied in the distribution of funding to school districts pursuant to s. 1011.62(1)(o). The CAPE Industry Certification Funding List shall incorporate by reference the industry certifications on the career pathways list approved for the Florida Gold Seal CAPE

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Vocational Scholars award. In addition, by August 1 of each year, the not-for-profit corporation established pursuant to s. 445.004 may annually select one industry certification, that does not articulate for college credit, for inclusion on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List for a period of 3 years unless otherwise approved by the curriculum review committee pursuant to s. 1003.491. Such industry certifications, if earned by a student, shall be eligible for additional full-time equivalent membership, pursuant to s. 1011.62(1)(0)1.

(f) The Commissioner of Education shall identify industry certifications as those leading to occupations in critical industry sectors which, if earned by a student, are eligible for additional full-time equivalent student membership pursuant to s. 1011.62(1)(0)1.e. The commissioner shall identify such industry certifications on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List.

(4)

(b) For the purpose of calculating additional full-time equivalent membership pursuant to s. 1011.62(1)(o)1.e., the Commissioner of Education may limit CAPE industry certifications and CAPE Digital Tool certificates to students in certain grades based on formal recommendations by providers of CAPE industry certifications and CAPE Digital Tool certificates.

Section 21. Paragraphs (b) and (f) of subsection (1) of section 1009.25, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1009.25 Fee exemptions.

(1) The following students are exempt from the payment of tuition and fees, including lab fees, at a school district that provides workforce education programs, Florida College System

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institution, or state university:

- (b) A student enrolled in an approved apprenticeship program, as defined in s. 446.021. A technical center operated by a school district, a Florida College System institution, or a state university may enter into an agreement with another entity to cover the approved apprenticeship program student tuition and fees, including lab fees.
- (f) A student who lacks a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence or whose primary nighttime residence is a public or private shelter designed to provide temporary residence, a public or private transitional living program, or a public or private place not designed for, or ordinarily used as, a regular sleeping accommodation for human beings. This includes a student who would otherwise meet the requirements of this paragraph, as determined by a college or university, but for his or her residence in college or university dormitory housing. The State Board of Education may adopt rules and the Board of Governors may adopt regulations regarding documentation and procedures to implement this paragraph.

Section 22. Paragraph (o) of subsection (1) of section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1011.62 Funds for operation of schools.—If the annual allocation from the Florida Education Finance Program to each district for operation of schools is not determined in the annual appropriations act or the substantive bill implementing the annual appropriations act, it shall be determined as follows:

(1) COMPUTATION OF THE BASIC AMOUNT TO BE INCLUDED FOR OPERATION.—The following procedure shall be followed in

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determining the annual allocation to each district for operation:

- (o) Calculation of additional full-time equivalent membership based on successful completion of a career-themed course pursuant to ss. 1003.491, 1003.492, and 1003.493, or courses with embedded CAPE industry certifications or CAPE Digital Tool certificates, and issuance of industry certification identified on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List pursuant to rules adopted by the State Board of Education or CAPE Digital Tool certificates pursuant to s. 1003.4203.-
- 1.a. A value of 0.025 full-time equivalent student membership shall be calculated for CAPE Digital Tool certificates earned by students in elementary and middle school grades.
- b. A value of 0.1 or 0.2 full-time equivalent student membership shall be calculated for each student who completes a course as defined in s. 1003.493(1)(b) or courses with embedded CAPE industry certifications and who is issued an industry certification identified annually on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List approved under rules adopted by the State Board of Education. For a CAPE industry certification that has a statewide articulation agreement for 4 to 14 college credits and for a CAPE industry certification that has a statewide articulation agreement for 1 to 3 college credits and that is deemed by the department to be of sufficient rigor and to be linked to a high-skill occupation, a value of 0.2 fulltime equivalent membership shall be calculated. For all other CAPE industry certifications with \underline{a} statewide articulation

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agreement for 1 to 3 college credits, a value of 0.1 full-time equivalent membership shall be calculated A value of 0.2 fulltime equivalent membership shall be calculated for each student who is issued a CAPE industry certification that has a statewide articulation agreement for college credit approved by the State Board of Education. For CAPE industry certifications that do not articulate for college credit, the Department of Education shall calculate assign a full-time equivalent value of 0.1 for each certification. Middle grades students who earn additional FTE membership for a CAPE Digital Tool certificate pursuant to subsubparagraph a. may not use the previously funded examination to satisfy the requirements for earning an industry certification under this sub-subparagraph. Additional FTE membership for an elementary or middle grades student may not exceed 0.1 for certificates or certifications earned within the same fiscal year. The State Board of Education shall include the assigned values on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List under rules adopted by the state board. Such value shall be added to the total full-time equivalent student membership for grades 6 through 12 in the subsequent year. CAPE industry certifications earned through dual enrollment must be reported and funded pursuant to s. 1011.80. However, if a student earns a certification through a dual enrollment course and the certification is not a fundable certification on the postsecondary certification funding list, or the dual enrollment certification is earned as a result of an agreement between a school district and a nonpublic postsecondary institution, the bonus value shall be funded in the same manner as other nondual enrollment course industry certifications. In such cases, the

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school district may provide for an agreement between the high school and the technical center, or the school district and the postsecondary institution may enter into an agreement for equitable distribution of the bonus funds.

- c. A value of 0.3 full-time equivalent student membership shall be calculated for student completion of the courses and the embedded certifications identified on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List and approved by the commissioner pursuant to ss. 1003.4203(5)(a) and 1008.44.
- d. A value of 0.5 full-time equivalent student membership shall be calculated for CAPE Acceleration Industry Certifications that articulate for 15 to 29 college credit hours, and 1.0 full-time equivalent student membership shall be calculated for CAPE Acceleration Industry Certifications that articulate for 30 or more college credit hours pursuant to CAPE Acceleration Industry Certifications approved by the commissioner pursuant to ss. 1003.4203(5)(b) and 1008.44.
- e. In addition to the full-time equivalent student membership calculated under paragraphs (a)-(d), a supplemental value of 0.2 full-time equivalent student membership shall be calculated for industry certifications identified on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List as leading to employment in occupations in critical industry sectors.
- 2. Each district must allocate at least 80 percent of the funds provided for CAPE industry certification, in accordance with this paragraph, to the program that generated the funds. The remaining 20 percent may be used for other CAPE program expenses, such as administrative costs and new industry certification programs; however, administrative costs may not

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exceed 5 percent of the total funds provided for CAPE industry certification. Funds provided for CAPE industry certification may not be used for any other purpose and, specifically, This allocation may not be used to supplant funds provided for basic operation of the program, such as teacher salaries and other costs that are funded for other courses with non-CAPE funds.

- 3. For CAPE industry certifications earned in the 2013-2014 school year and in subsequent years, the school district shall distribute to each classroom teacher who provided direct instruction toward the attainment of a CAPE industry certification that qualified for additional full-time equivalent membership under subparagraph 1.:
- a. A bonus of \$25 for each student taught by a teacher who provided instruction in a course that led to the attainment of a CAPE industry certification on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List with a weight of 0.1.
- b. A bonus of \$50 for each student taught by a teacher who provided instruction in a course that led to the attainment of a CAPE industry certification on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List with a weight of 0.2.
- c. A bonus of \$75 for each student taught by a teacher who provided instruction in a course that led to the attainment of a CAPE industry certification on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List with a weight of 0.3.
- d. A bonus of \$100 for each student taught by a teacher who provided instruction in a course that led to the attainment of a CAPE industry certification on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List with a weight of 0.5 or 1.0.

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Bonuses awarded pursuant to this paragraph must shall be provided to teachers who are employed by the district in the year in which the additional FTE membership calculation is included in the calculation. Bonuses shall be calculated based upon the associated weight of a CAPE industry certification on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List for the year in which the certification is earned by the student. Any bonus awarded to a teacher pursuant to this paragraph is in addition to any regular wage or other bonus the teacher received or is scheduled to receive. A bonus may not be awarded to a teacher who fails to maintain the security of any CAPE industry certification examination or who otherwise violates the security or administration protocol of any assessment instrument that may result in a bonus being awarded to the teacher under this paragraph.

Section 23. Paragraph (b) of subsection (7) and paragraph (a) of subsection (8) of section 1011.80, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1011.80 Funds for operation of workforce education programs.-

(7)

- (b) Performance funding for industry certifications for school district workforce education programs is contingent upon specific appropriation in the General Appropriations Act and shall be determined as follows:
- 1. Occupational areas for which industry certifications may be earned, as established in the General Appropriations Act, are eligible for performance funding. Priority shall be given to the occupational areas emphasized in state, national, or corporate

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grants provided to Florida educational institutions.

- 2. The Chancellor of Career and Adult Education shall identify the industry certifications eligible for funding on the CAPE Postsecondary Industry Certification Funding List approved by the State Board of Education pursuant to s. 1008.44, based on the occupational areas specified in the General Appropriations Act.
- 3.a. Except as provided in sub-subparagraph b., each school district shall be provided \$1,000 for each industry certification earned by a workforce education student. If funds are insufficient to fully fund the calculated total award, such funds shall be prorated.
- b. For each industry certification earned by a workforce education student which is identified as leading to employment in occupations in critical industry sectors, each school district shall be provided a total of \$3,000. If funds are insufficient to fully fund the calculated total award, such funds shall be prorated.
- (8) (a) A school district or Florida College System institution that receives workforce education funds must use the money to benefit the workforce education programs it provides. The money may be used for equipment upgrades, program expansions, or any other use that would result in workforce education program improvement. The district school board or Florida College System institution board of trustees may not withhold any portion of the performance funding for indirect costs. A district school board or Florida College System institution board of trustees that receives workforce performance funding must use at least 70 percent of the funds

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received to directly support the program that generated the funds.

Section 24. Present subsection (4) of section 1011.802, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as subsection (5), a new subsection (4) is added to that section, and subsection (3) of that section is amended, to read:

1011.802 Florida Pathways to Career Opportunities Grant Program.-

- (3) The department shall give priority to apprenticeship programs with demonstrated regional demand. Grant funds may be used for instructional equipment, supplies, instructional personnel, student services, and other expenses associated with the creation or expansion of an apprenticeship program. Grant funds may not be used for recurring instructional costs or for indirect costs. Grant recipients must submit quarterly reports in a format prescribed by the department.
- (4) Up to \$200,000 of the total amount allocated may be used by the department to administer the grant program.

Section 25. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 1011.81, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 1011.81 Florida College System Program Fund.-
- (2) Performance funding for industry certifications for Florida College System institutions is contingent upon specific appropriation in the General Appropriations Act and shall be determined as follows:
- (c) 1. Except as provided in subparagraph 2., each Florida College System institution shall be provided \$1,000 for each industry certification earned by a student. If funds are insufficient to fully fund the calculated total award, such



funds shall be prorated.

2. For each industry certification earned by a workforce education student which is identified as leading to employment in occupations in critical industry sectors, each Florida College System institution shall be provided a total of \$3,000. If funds are insufficient to fully fund the calculated total award, such funds shall be prorated.

Section 26. This act shall take effect July 1, 2021.

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> ======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ============ And the title is amended as follows:

Delete everything before the enacting clause and insert:

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to educational opportunities leading to employment; amending s. 446.011, F.S.; revising legislative intent related to apprenticeship training; amending s. 446.021, F.S.; defining and redefining terms; amending s. 446.032, F.S.; revising the general duties of the Department of Education with regard to apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs; amending s. 446.041, F.S.; requiring the department to regularly review and evaluate its uniform minimum standards for apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; requiring the department to ensure that equal opportunity for apprentices, preapprentices, and applicants for apprenticeship and preapprenticeship is provided for the apprenticeship and preapprenticeship

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programs; amending s. 446.045, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; revising the membership of the State Apprenticeship Advisory Council; revising meeting requirements; amending s. 446.051, F.S.; providing that apprenticeship or preapprenticeship program sponsors are responsible for the selection and training of certain personnel, as approved by the department; encouraging district school boards and postsecondary educational institutions to cooperate in providing certain equipment, supplies, and instructor salaries; amending s. 446.052, F.S.; encouraging specified entities to cooperate in developing and establishing apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs that include career instruction; encouraging specified entities to work together toward specified goals relating to apprenticeship programs; amending s. 446.071, F.S.; providing that certain entities may be approved as apprenticeship sponsors if they meet certain uniform minimum standards; removing the definition of the term "need"; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 446.081, F.S.; revising construction; repealing s. 446.091, F.S., relating to the adaptation and applicability of certain provisions to on-the-job training programs; amending s. 446.092, F.S.; revising criteria for apprenticeship occupations; creating s. 446.54, F.S.; providing legislative intent; defining the term "workbased learning"; providing that certain individuals

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enrolled in work-based learning are deemed to be employees of the state for purposes of receiving certain medically necessary care under workers' compensation coverage; amending s. 1003.01, F.S.; defining the term "work-based learning"; amending s. 1003.491, F.S.; authorizing the department to adopt rules; amending s. 1004.02, F.S.; defining the term "cooperative method of instruction"; amending s. 1007.23, F.S.; requiring that the statewide articulation agreement specify three mathematics pathways that meet a certain requirement upon which degree-seeking students must be placed; amending s. 1007.263, F.S.; requiring admissions counseling to use certain tests or alternative methods to measure achievement of college-level communication and computation by students entering college programs; requiring that such counseling measure achievement of certain basic skills; revising requirements for admission to associate degree programs; amending s. 1007.271, F.S.; revising eligibility requirements for initial enrollment in college-level dual enrollment courses; revising requirements for home education students seeking dual enrollment in certain postsecondary institutions; amending s. 1008.30, F.S.; requiring the State Board of Education to adopt, by a specified date, rules establishing alternative methods for assessing computation and communication skills of certain students; authorizing Florida College System institutions to use such alternative methods in lieu

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of the common placement test to assess a student's readiness to perform college-level work in computation and communication; deleting obsolete provisions; requiring Florida College System institutions to use placement test results or alternative methods to determine the extent to which certain students demonstrate sufficient computation and communication skills to indicate readiness for their meta-major; requiring Florida College System institutions to counsel and place certain students in specified college courses; limiting students' developmental education to content needed for success in their metamajor; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; making technical changes; amending s. 1008.44, F.S.; requiring the Commissioner of Education to identify certain certifications as those leading to occupations in specified industry sectors; requiring the commissioner to identify such certifications on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List; authorizing the commissioner to limit certain certifications for the purpose of specified calculations; amending s. 1009.25, F.S.; authorizing technical centers operated by school districts, Florida College System institutions, or state universities to enter into specified agreements with other entities; authorizing the State Board of Education to adopt specified rules and the Board of Governors to adopt specified regulations; amending s. 1011.62, F.S.; revising the calculation of certain

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additional full-time equivalent membership relating to funding for the operation of schools; deleting a provision relating to full-time equivalent membership calculation for elementary and middle grades students; requiring that a specified supplemental value for full-time equivalent student membership be calculated for certain industry certifications leading to employment in critical industry sectors; authorizing the use of a specified percentage of certain funds for CAPE program expenses; limiting the amount of funds that may be used for administrative costs; prohibiting the use of CAPE funding to supplant funds provided for basic operation of the CAPE program; amending s. 1011.80, F.S.; providing for an appropriation to a school district or Florida College System institution from the General Appropriations Act for certain industry certifications; requiring a district school board or Florida College System institution board of trustees that receives certain funding to use the funding in a specified manner; amending s. 1011.802, F.S.; specifying that Florida Pathways to Career Opportunities Grant Program funds may be used for instructional personnel; specifying the maximum amount of funds that may be used by the department to administer the Florida Pathways to Career Opportunities Grant Program; amending s. 1011.81, F.S.; providing for an appropriation to each Florida College System institution from the General Appropriations Act for certain industry



1085	certifications; providing an effective date.

LEGISLATIVE ACTION				
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The Committee on Education (Hutson) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment to Amendment (285652) (with title amendment)

Delete lines 688 - 694

and insert:

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(f) Industry certifications leading to occupations in critical industry sectors which, if earned by a student, are eligible for additional full-time equivalent student membership pursuant to s. 1011.62(1)(0)1.e.

========= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ============



12	And the title is amended as follows:
13	Delete lines 1041 - 1045
14	and insert:
15	F.S.; requiring the Department of Education to
16	identify certain certifications as those leading to
17	occupations in specified industry sectors;
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By Senator Hutson

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to apprenticeship and preapprenticeship training; amending s. 446.011, F.S.; revising legislative intent related to apprenticeship training; amending s. 446.021, F.S.; defining and redefining terms; amending s. 446.032, F.S.; revising the general duties of the Department of Education with regard to apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs; amending s. 446.041, F.S.; requiring the department to periodically review and evaluate its uniform minimum standards for apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs; amending s. 446.045, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; revising the membership of the State Apprenticeship Advisory Council; revising meeting requirements; amending s. 446.051, F.S.; providing that apprenticeship or preapprenticeship program sponsors are responsible for the selection and training of certain personnel, as approved by the department; encouraging district school boards and Florida College System institution and state university boards of trustees to cooperate in providing certain equipment, supplies, and instructor salaries; amending s. 446.052, F.S.; encouraging state university boards of trustees and apprenticeship program sponsors to cooperate in developing and establishing apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs that include career instruction; encouraging school boards and boards of trustees to cooperate with certain

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7-00010A-21 2021366 30 degree programs and career certificate programs to 31 ensure that certain individuals receive certain 32 college credit; requiring that certain qualified 33 veterans be given the same priority as preapprentices; 34 amending s. 446.071, F.S.; providing that certain 35 organizations may be approved as apprenticeship 36 sponsors if they meet certain uniform minimum 37 standards; updating terminology; removing the 38 definition of the term "need"; amending s. 446.081, 39 F.S.; revising the applicability of specified 40 provisions to apprenticeship provisions in collective 41 agreements between employers and employees; making technical changes; repealing s. 446.091, F.S., 42 4.3 relating to the adaptation and applicability of 44 certain provisions to on-the-job training programs; 45 amending s. 446.092, F.S.; revising criteria for 46 apprenticeship occupations; creating s. 446.541, F.S.; 47 providing legislative intent; defining the term "work-48 based learning"; providing that certain individuals 49 enrolled in work-based learning are deemed to be 50 employees of the state for purposes of receiving 51 medically necessary care under workers' compensation 52 coverage; amending s. 455.213, F.S.; creating an 53 alternative licensing method for apprentice applicants 54 who meet certain requirements; amending s. 1003.4156, 55 F.S.; encouraging, rather than requiring, that middle 56 grades students complete one course in career and 57 education planning; authorizing the Florida Virtual 58 School to offer such course; amending s. 1003.4282,

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F.S.; authorizing school districts and regional consortium organizations to work with national providers to submit to the department for approval recommended career-themed courses that satisfy high school credit requirements; amending s. 1007.23, F.S.; requiring that the statewide articulation agreement specify three mathematics pathways that meet a certain requirement upon which degree seeking students must be placed; amending s. 1007.2616, F.S.; requiring public schools to include computational thinking and foundational computer science skills in instruction to students; deleting obsolete language; authorizing school districts to apply to the department for funding for specified purposes; requiring the department to award funding to school districts or consortia using specified criteria; amending s. 1008.44, F.S.; requiring that the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List incorporate by reference the industry certifications on the career pathways list approved for the Florida Gold Seal CAPE Scholars award; providing requirements for industry certifications associated with aviation-related and aerospace-related occupations; providing that such certifications are eligible for additional full-time equivalent membership; authorizing the Commissioner of Education to limit CAPE industry certifications and CAPE Digital Tool certificates to students in certain grades for a specified purpose; amending s. 1009.25, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the

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88 act; amending s. 1011.62, F.S.; revising the 89 calculation of certain additional full-time equivalent 90 membership relating to funding for the operation of 91 schools; deleting a provision relating to full-time 92 equivalent membership calculation for elementary and 93 middle students; requiring that a specified 94 supplemental value for full-time equivalent student 95 membership be calculated for certain industry 96 certifications leading to employment in aviation-97 related or aerospace-related occupations; authorizing 98 the use of a specified percentage of certain funds for 99 CAPE program expenses; limiting the amount of funds that may be used for administrative costs; prohibiting 100 101 the use of CAPE funding to supplant funds provided for 102 basic operation of the CAPE program; amending s. 103 1011.80, F.S.; revising performance funding for 104 industry certifications for school district workforce 105 education programs to provide for Federal Aviation 106 Administration (FAA) industry certifications; amending 107 s. 1011.802, F.S.; specifying that Florida Pathways to 108 Career Opportunities Grant Program funds may be used 109 for instructional personnel; specifying the maximum 110 amount of funds that may be used by the department to 111 administer the Florida Pathways to Career 112 Opportunities Grant Program; amending s. 1011.81, 113 F.S.; revising performance funding for industry 114 certifications for Florida College System institutions 115 to provide for professional-level FAA industry 116 certifications; requiring the Articulation

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Coordinating Committee to convene a representative workgroup composed of academic affairs administrators and faculty from state universities and Florida College System institutions by a specified date for a specified purpose; requiring the workgroup to report its recommendations to the committee, the Board of Governors, and the State Board of Education by a specified date; requiring the Articulation Coordinating Committee to approve the mathematics pathways by a specified date; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 446.011, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

446.011 Legislative intent regarding apprenticeship $\underline{\text{and}}$ preapprenticeship training.—

- (1) It is the intent of the State of Florida to provide educational opportunities for its residents so that they can be trained for trades, occupations, and professions suited to their abilities.
- (2) Through ss. 446.011-446.092, the Legislature intends to do all of the following:
- (a) It is the intent of this act to Promote the mode of training known as apprenticeship in occupations throughout industry in this the state that require physical manipulative skills. by doing all of the following:
 - 1. Broadening job training opportunities by increasing and

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146	providing for increased coordination between secondary and
147	postsecondary educational institutions and businesses and
148	industries participating in apprenticeship programs. public
149	school academic programs, career programs, and registered
150	apprenticeship programs, The residents of this state will
151	benefit from an additional point of entry to obtaining a
152	postsecondary credential or degree when on-the-job training is
153	combined with related technical and theoretical instruction
154	provided by a school district, a Florida College System
155	institution, or a state university.
156	2. Encouraging the establishment of apprenticeship programs
157	that lead to college credit or a college degree the valuable
158	training opportunities developed when on the job training is
159	combined with academic-related classroom experiences.
160	3. Encouraging the development of this act is intended to
161	develop the apparent potentials in apprenticeship training by
162	assisting in the establishment of preapprenticeship programs in
163	the public school system and elsewhere and by expanding
164	presently registered programs as well as promoting new
165	registered programs in jobs that lend themselves to
166	apprenticeship training.

(b) (2) Require It is the intent of the Legislature that the Department of Education to develop have responsibility for the development of the apprenticeship and preapprenticeship uniform minimum standards for the apprenticeable occupations trades and to assist eligible program sponsors approved pursuant to s.

446.071 that the department have responsibility for assisting district school boards and Florida College System institution boards of trustees in developing preapprenticeship programs.

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 $\underline{\text{(c)}}$ (3) Require It is the further intent of ss. 446.011-446.092 that the department $\underline{\text{to}}$ ensure quality training through the adoption and enforcement of uniform minimum standards and $\underline{\text{to}}$ that the department promote, register, monitor, and service apprenticeship and preapprenticeship training programs and ensure that the programs adhere to the standards.

(d) (4) It is the intent of the Legislature that this act
Not require the use of apprentices on construction projects
financed by the state or any county, municipality, town or
township, public authority, special district, municipal service
taxing unit, or other agency of state or local government.
Notwithstanding this intent, whenever any government or agency
of government employs, of its own choice, apprentices or employs
contractors who employ apprentices, the behavior of the
government and the contractors employed by the government shall
be governed by ss. 446.011-446.092 the provisions of this act.

Section 2. Section 446.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

(Substantial rewording of section. See

s. 446.021, F.S., for present text.)

446.021 Definitions of terms used in ss. 446.011-446.092.-

As used in ss. 446.011-446.092, the term:

(1) "Apprentice" means a person at least 16 years of age who enters into an apprenticeship agreement with an approved apprenticeship sponsor, who is engaged in learning an apprenticeable occupation through actual work experience under the supervision of journeyworkers, and who is enrolled in an apprenticeship program in which he or she receives an organized and systematic form of instruction designed to provide

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204	theoretical and technical knowledge related to the occupation.
205	(2) "Apprenticeship program" means a program that is
206	$\underline{\text{registered}}$ with the department on the basis of submission to the
207	department of a plan that contains the terms and conditions for
208	the qualification, recruitment, selection, employment, and
209	training of apprentices and requirements for a written
210	apprenticeship agreement.
211	(3) "Cancellation" means the termination or deregistration
212	of an apprenticeship program at the request of the program
213	$\underline{\text{sponsor}}$ or the termination of an apprenticeship agreement at the
214	request of the apprentice.
215	(4) "Department" means the Department of Education.
216	(5) "Journeyworker" means a person working in an
217	apprenticeable occupation who has successfully completed an
218	apprenticeship program or who has worked the number of years
219	required by established industry practices for the particular
220	trade or occupation.
221	(6) "On-the-job training" means a structured system of work
222	processes, under the supervision of a journeyworker, which
223	provides the experience and knowledge necessary to meet the
224	training objective of learning a specific skill, trade, or
225	occupation.
226	(7) "Preapprentice" means a person at least 16 years of age
227	who enters into a preapprenticeship agreement with a
228	preapprenticeship program sponsor approved by the department and
229	who is engaged in learning an apprenticeable occupation in any
230	course of instruction in the public school system or elsewhere.
231	(8) "Preapprenticeship program" means a program that is

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sponsored by an apprenticeship program in the same occupation

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which is registered with the department, and such registration
included the submission of a plan to the department which
contains the terms and conditions of instruction in the public
school system or elsewhere and is designed to prepare qualified
individuals to become apprentices in an apprenticeship program.

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- (9) "Related technical instruction" means an organized and systematic form of instruction designed to provide an apprentice or preapprentice with knowledge of the theoretical subjects related to a specific trade or occupation.
- (10) "Uniform minimum standards" means the minimum requirements established by the department for all occupations under which an apprenticeship or a preapprenticeship program is administered. The term applies to admission standards, training goals and objectives, curriculum outlines, the standards used to measure successful completion of the apprenticeship or preapprenticeship program, and the credits that may be given to apprentices and preapprentices.

Section 3. Section 446.032, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

446.032 General duties of the department for apprenticeship training.—The department shall:

(1) Establish uniform minimum standards and policies governing apprenticeship apprentice programs and agreements which apply to. The standards and policies shall govern the terms and conditions of the apprentice's employment and training, including the quality training of the apprentice for, but not limited to, such matters related to the quality of training, such as ratios of apprentices to journeyworkers, safety, related technical instruction, and on-the-job training.

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but These standards and policies may not include rules, standards, or guidelines that require the use of apprentices and job trainees on state, county, or municipal contracts to require the use of apprentices. The department may adopt rules necessary to administer the standards and policies.

(2) By September 1 of each year, publish an annual report on registered apprenticeship and registered preapprenticeship programs. The report must be published on the department's website and, at a minimum, include at least all of the following:

2.68

- (a) A list of registered apprenticeship and <u>registered</u> preapprenticeship programs, sorted by local educational agency, as defined in s. 1004.02(18), and apprenticeship sponsor, <u>as</u> described in under s. 446.071.
- (b) A detailed summary of each local educational agency's expenditure of funds for <u>registered</u> apprenticeship and registered preapprenticeship programs, including:
- 1. The total amount of funds received for $\underline{\text{registered}}$ apprenticeship and $\underline{\text{registered}}$ preapprenticeship programs;
- 2. The total amount of funds allocated to each trade or apprenticeable occupation;
- 3. The total amount of funds expended for administrative costs per apprenticeable $\frac{1}{2}$ cocupation; and
- 4. The total amount of funds expended for instructional costs per apprenticeable $\frac{1}{2}$
- (c) The number of apprentices and preapprentices per apprenticeable $\frac{1}{2}$ cocupation.
- (d) The percentage of $\underline{\text{registered}}$ apprentices and preapprentices who complete their respective programs $\underline{\text{in the}}$

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appropriate timeframe.

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(e) Information and resources related to applications for new registered apprenticeship programs and technical assistance and requirements for potential registered apprenticeship programs applicants.

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- (f) Documentation of activities conducted by the department to promote registered apprenticeship and registered preapprenticeship programs through public engagement, communitybased partnerships, and other initiatives.
- (3) Provide assistance to district school boards, Florida College System institution boards of trustees, eligible program sponsors approved under s. 446.071, and local workforce development boards in notifying students, parents, and members of the community of the availability of apprenticeship and preapprenticeship opportunities, including data provided in the economic security report prepared pursuant to s. 445.07.
- (4) Establish procedures to be used by the State Apprenticeship Advisory Council.

Section 4. Section 446.041, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

446.041 Apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs; program, duties of the department. - The department shall:

- (1) Administer ss. 446.011-446.092.
- (2) Periodically review and evaluate Administer the uniform minimum standards established by the department for apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs.
- (3) Register, in accordance with ss. 446.011-446.092, this chapter any apprenticeship or preapprenticeship program that, regardless of affiliation, which meets the uniform minimum

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7-00010A-21 2021366 320 standards established by the department. 321 (4) Investigate complaints concerning the failure of any 322 registered program to meet the uniform minimum standards 323 established by the department. 324 (5) Cancel the registration of any program that fails to 325 comply with the uniform minimum standards and policies of the 326 department or that unreasonably fails or refuses to cooperate 327 with the department in monitoring and enforcing compliance with the uniform minimum standards. 328 329 (6) Encourage potential sponsors to develop and encourage 330 apprenticeship or preapprenticeship programs. 331 (7) Lead and coordinate outreach efforts to educate veterans about apprenticeship programs and career opportunities. 332 333 (8) Cooperate with and assist registered local 334 apprenticeship sponsors in the development of their apprenticeship uniform minimum standards and their training 335 requirements. 336 337 (9) Encourage registered apprenticeship programs to grant 338 consideration and credit to individuals completing registered 339 preapprenticeship programs. 340 (10) Monitor registered apprenticeship programs to ensure that they are being operated in compliance with all applicable 341 342 uniform minimum standards. 343 (11) Supervise all apprenticeship programs that are 344 registered with the department. 345 (12) Ensure that minority and gender diversity are 346 considered in apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs 347 administering this program. (12) (13) Adopt rules required to administer ss. 446.011-

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349 446.092.

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Section 5. Paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of subsection (2) of section 446.045, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

446.045 State Apprenticeship Advisory Council.—

- (2) (a) There is created a State Apprenticeship Advisory Council to be composed of 10 voting members appointed by the Governor and two ex officio nonvoting members. The purpose of the advisory council is to advise the department on matters relating to apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs. The advisory council may not establish policy, adopt rules, or consider whether particular registered apprenticeship or registered preapprenticeship programs should be approved by the department.
- (b) The Commissioner of Education or the commissioner's designee shall serve ex officio as chair of the State Apprenticeship Advisory Council, but may not vote. A representative The state director of the Office of Apprenticeship of the United States Department of Labor shall serve ex officio as a nonvoting member of the council. The Governor shall appoint to the council four members representing employee organizations and four members representing employer organizations. Each of these eight members shall represent industries that have registered apprenticeship programs. The Governor shall also appoint two public members who are knowledgeable about registered apprenticeship and apprenticeable occupations and who are independent of any joint or nonjoint organization. Members shall be appointed for 4-year staggered terms. A vacancy shall be filled for the remainder of the unexpired term.

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378	(c) The council shall meet at the call of the chair $\underline{\text{or the}}$
379	$\underline{\text{chair's designee,}}$ or at the request of a majority of its $\underline{\text{voting}}$
380	membership, but at least twice a year. A majority of the voting
381	members constitutes shall constitute a quorum, and the
382	affirmative vote of a majority of a quorum is necessary to take
383	action.
384	Section 6. Section 446.051, Florida Statutes, is amended to
385	read:
386	446.051 Related instruction for apprentices
387	(1) The administration and supervision of related and
388	supplemental instruction for apprentices, $\underline{\text{the}}$ coordination of
389	such instruction with job experiences, and \underline{the} selection and
390	training of teachers, instructors, and coordinators for such
391	instruction, all as approved by the $\underline{\text{department, are}}$
392	program sponsor, shall be the responsibility of the
393	apprenticeship or preapprenticeship program sponsor appropriate
394	career education institution.
395	(2) District school boards and Florida College System
396	$\underline{\text{institution}}$ and state university boards of trustees are
397	appropriate career education institution shall be encouraged to
398	cooperate with and assist in providing to any registered program
399	sponsor facilities, equipment and supplies, and instructors'
400	salaries for the performance of related and supplemental
401	instruction associated with the apprenticeship or
402	<pre>preapprenticeship registered program.</pre>
403	Section 7. Section 446.052, Florida Statutes, is amended to
404	read:
405	446.052 Preapprenticeship program

(1) There is created and established a preapprenticeship ${\tt Page} \ \, 14 \ \, {\tt of} \ \, 35$

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education program, as defined in s. 446.021.

- (2) The department, under regulations established by the State Board of Education, may administer the provisions of ss. 446.011-446.092 which relate to preapprenticeship programs in cooperation with district school boards and Florida College System institution boards of trustees. District school boards, Florida College System institution and state university boards of trustees, and approved apprenticeship registered program sponsors are encouraged to shall cooperate in developing and establishing preapprenticeship programs that include career instruction and general education courses required to obtain a high school diploma.
- (3) The department, the district school boards, and the Florida College System institution and state university boards of trustees shall work together with existing registered apprenticeship programs in order that individuals completing the preapprenticeship programs may be able to receive credit toward towards completing an a registered apprenticeship program. In addition, such boards and boards of trustees are encouraged to cooperate with established associate of science or associate of applied science degree programs and career certificate programs to ensure that individuals completing an apprenticeship program receive college credit toward a technical degree education program.
- (4) <u>If qualified</u>, veterans who have received discharges other than dishonorable discharges <u>must be given</u> shall, if <u>qualified</u>, receive the same <u>priority as</u> <u>priorities given to registered</u> preapprentices.

Section 8. Section 446.071, Florida Statutes, is amended to

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read:

446.071 Apprenticeship sponsors.-

- (1) Upon a determination of need, the department shall approve one or more local apprenticeship sponsors in one or more apprenticeable occupations shall be approved in any trade or group of trades by the department, upon a determination of need, if the apprenticeship sponsor meets all of the uniform minimum standards established by the department or obtains a variance as provided in subsection (3). The term "need" refers to the need of state residents for apprenticeship training. In the absence of proof to the contrary, it shall be presumed that there is need for apprenticeship and preapprenticeship training in each county in this state.
- (2) An A local apprenticeship sponsor may be a committee, a group of employers, an employer, ex a group of employees, an educational institution, a local workforce board, a community-based or faith-based organization, an association, or any entity preapproved by the department as meeting the requirements of this section combination thereof.
- (3) The department may grant a variance from the $\underline{\text{uniform}}$ $\underline{\text{minimum}}$ standards upon a showing of good cause for the variance by program sponsors in nonconstruction trades. The purpose of this subsection is to recognize the unique and varying training requirements in nontraditional apprenticeable occupations and to authorize the department to adapt the standards to the needs of the programs.

Section 9. Section 446.081, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

446.081 Limitation.-

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(1) Nothing in ss. 446.011-446.092 or in any <u>apprenticeship</u> <u>apprentice</u> agreement approved under those sections <u>invalidates</u> <u>may invalidates</u>

- (a) any apprenticeship provision in any collective agreement between employers and employees <u>establishing</u> setting up higher apprenticeship standards.
- (b) Any special provision for veterans, minority persons, or women in the standards, apprenticeship qualifications, or operation of the program that is not otherwise prohibited by law, executive order, or authorized regulation.
- (2) A No person may not shall institute any action for the enforcement of any apprenticeship apprentice agreement, or for damages for the breach of any apprenticeship apprentice agreement, made under ss. 446.011-446.092, unless he or she has first exhausted all administrative remedies provided by this section.
- $\hspace{0.1in}$ (3) Any person aggrieved by any determination or act of the department has the right to an administrative hearing.
- (4) Nothing in ss. 446.011-446.092 or in any rules adopted or contained in any approved <u>apprenticeship</u> <u>apprentices</u> agreement under such sections invalidates any special provision for veterans, minority persons, or women in the standards, qualifications, or operation of the apprenticeship program which is not otherwise prohibited by any applicable general law, executive order, rule, or regulation.

Section 10. <u>Section 446.091</u>, <u>Florida Statutes</u>, <u>is repealed</u>. Section 11. Section 446.092, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

446.092 Criteria for apprenticeship occupations.—At a

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494	minimum, an apprenticeable occupation must meet is a skilled
495	trade which possesses all of the following criteria
496	characteristics:
497	(1) $\underline{\text{Be}}$ It is customarily learned in a practical way through
498	a structured, systematic program of on-the-job, supervised
499	training.
500	(2) $\underline{\text{Be}}$ It is clearly identified and commonly recognized
501	throughout an industry.
502	(3) Involve It involves manual, mechanical, or technical
503	skills and knowledge $\underline{\text{that}}$ which, in accordance with the industry
504	standards for the occupation, $\underline{\text{require}}$ would require a minimum of
505	2,000 hours of on-the-job training. Such training does not
506	$\underline{\text{include}}$, which hours are excluded from the time spent $\underline{\text{on}}$ at
507	related technical or supplementary related instruction.
508	(4) Require It requires related technical instruction to
509	supplement on-the-job training. Such instruction may be given in
510	a classroom $\underline{\text{or}}_{\overline{\tau}}$ through occupational or industrial courses or
511	correspondence courses of equivalent value, through electronic
512	media, or through other forms of self-study approved by the
513	department.
514	Section 12. Section 446.541, Florida Statutes, is created
515	to read:
516	446.541 Work-based learning.—
517	(1) It is the intent of the Legislature that, to the extent
518	possible, school districts place students in paid work
519	experiences, including apprenticeships and preapprenticeships,
520	for purposes of educational training and work-based learning.
521	(2) For purposes of this section, the term "work-based
522	learning" is synonymous with the term "on-the-job training" and

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523 means interactions with industry or community professionals in 524 off-campus workplaces which foster in-depth, firsthand 525 engagement with the tasks required in a given career field and 526 are aligned to curriculum and instruction. 527 (3) (a) A student in grades 6 through 12 who is enrolled in a course identified in the Course Code Directory which 528 529 incorporates a work-based learning component or an activity that 530 is unpaid and who suffers a work-related injury in the course of 531 his or her enrollment is deemed to be an employee of the state 532 for purposes of workers' compensation coverage. Such coverage 533 applies only to medically necessary care rendered as a direct 534 result of that injury. 535 (b) An individual 18 years of age or younger who is 536 enrolled in a preapprenticeship program, as defined in s. 537 446.021, which requires work-based learning or in an apprenticeship program as defined in that section and who 538 539 suffers a work-related injury in the course of his or her 540 enrollment is deemed to be an employee of the state for purposes 541 of workers' compensation coverage. Such coverage applies only to 542 medically necessary care rendered as a direct result of that 543 injury. 544 Section 13. Subsection (15) is added to section 455.213, 545 Florida Statutes, to read: 546 455.213 General licensing provisions.-547 (15) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the 548 applicable board shall issue a license to any applicant who 549 meets all of the following criteria: 550 (a) Has completed an apprenticeship program as defined in 551 s. 446.021.

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552	(b) Has passed any required examination. The applicable
553	board may not establish a higher passing score for applicants
554	who apply for licensure under this subsection.
555	(c) Has paid any applicable application fee, as determined
556	by the applicable board. Such fee may not exceed the amount
557	charged to other applicants.
558	Section 14. Present paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of
559	section 1003.4156, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as
560	subsection (2) and amended, present subsection (2) is
561	redesignated as subsection (4) , and subsection (3) is added to
562	that section, to read:
563	1003.4156 General requirements for middle grades
564	promotion
565	(1) In order for a student to be promoted to high school
566	from a school that includes middle grades 6, 7, and 8, the
567	student must successfully complete the following courses:
568	(2) (e) Students are encouraged to complete one course in
569	career and education planning which may be offered in grade ${\color{black} \text{to}}$
570	be completed in grades 6, 7, or 8, $\underline{\text{and}}$ which may be taught by
571	any member of the instructional staff. The course $\underline{\text{should}}$ $\underline{\text{must}}$ be
572	Internet-based, customizable to each student, and include
573	research-based assessments to assist students in determining
574	educational and career options and goals. In addition, the
575	course $\underline{\text{should}}$ $\underline{\text{must}}$ result in a completed personalized academic
576	and career plan for the student $\underline{\text{which}}$ $\underline{\text{that}}$ may be revised as the
577	student progresses through middle school and high school; must
578	emphasize the importance of entrepreneurship and employability

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skills; and must include information from the Department of Economic Opportunity's economic security report prepared under

7-00010A-21 2021366 s. 445.07. The required personalized academic and career plan should must inform students of high school graduation requirements, including a detailed explanation of the requirements for earning a high school diploma designation under s. 1003.4285; the requirements for each scholarship in the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program; state university and Florida College System institution admission requirements; available opportunities to earn college credit in high school, including Advanced Placement courses; the International Baccalaureate Program; the Advanced International Certificate of Education Program; dual enrollment, including career dual enrollment; and career education courses, including careerthemed courses, preapprenticeship and apprenticeship programs, and course sequences that lead to industry certification pursuant to s. 1003.492 or s. 1008.44. The course may be implemented as a stand-alone course or integrated into another course or courses.

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Section 15. Paragraph (d) is added to subsection (8) of section 1003.4282, Florida Statutes, to read:

1003.4282 Requirements for a standard high school diploma.-

- (8) CAREER EDUCATION COURSES THAT SATISFY HIGH SCHOOL CREDIT REQUIREMENTS.—
- (d) School districts or regional consortium organizations may work with national providers to submit recommended career—themed courses to the department for state board approval. Each district school board shall ensure that recommended courses meet the requirements set forth in s. 1003.493(2), (4), and (5) and

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610	that students can take such courses to earn the required high
611	school course credits.
612	Section 16. Present subsections (3) through (8) of section
613	1007.23, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (4)
614	through (9), respectively, and a new subsection (3) is added to
615	that section, to read:
616	1007.23 Statewide articulation agreement
617	(3) To facilitate seamless transfer, reduce excess credit
618	hours, and ensure that students are taking the relevant courses
619	needed for their future careers, the articulation agreement must
620	specify three mathematics pathways aligned to programs, meta-
621	majors, and careers on which degree seeking students must be
622	placed.
623	Section 17. Subsections (2) and (4) of section 1007.2616,
624	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
625	1007.2616 Computer science and technology instruction
626	(2)(a) Public schools shall provide students in grades K-12
627	opportunities for learning computer science, including, but not
628	limited to, computer coding and computer programming. Such
629	opportunities $\underline{\text{must}}$ $\underline{\text{may}}$ include $\underline{\text{computational thinking and}}$
630	$\underline{\text{foundational computer science skills}} \ \underline{\text{coding}} \ \text{instruction in}$
631	elementary school and middle school and instruction to develop
632	students' computer usage and digital literacy skills in middle
633	school, and must include courses in computer science in middle
634	school and high school, and must include the ability to earn
635	$\underline{\text{related}}$ including earning-related industry certifications. Such
636	courses must be integrated into each school district's middle

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and high schools, including combination schools in which any of

grades 6 through 12 are taught.

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(b) Computer science courses must be identified in the Course Code Directory and published on the Department of Education's website no later than July 1, 2018. Additional computer science courses may be subsequently identified and posted on the department's website.

- (4) (a) Subject to legislative appropriation, a school district or a consortium of school districts may apply to the department, in a format prescribed by the department, for funding to deliver or facilitate training for classroom teacher training that leads teachers to earn an educator certificate in computer science pursuant to s. 1012.56, or training that leads to an industry certification associated with a course identified in the Course Code Directory pursuant to paragraph (2)(b); to provide, or for professional development for classroom teachers who to provide instruction in computer science courses and content to students in grades K-12; or to purchase technology, including hardware and software, directly related to computer science instruction. Such funding may shall only be used only to provide training for classroom teachers, or to pay fees for examinations that lead to a credential, or to provide professional development as provided in, pursuant to this paragraph.
- (b) The department shall award funding to school districts or consortia using criteria developed by the department Once the department has identified courses in the Course Code Directory pursuant to paragraph (2)(b), the department shall establish a deadline for submitting applications. The department shall award funding to school districts in a manner that allows for an equitable distribution of funding statewide based on student

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population.

Section 18. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 1008.44, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (f) is added to subsection (1) of that section, to read:

1008.44 CAPE Industry Certification Funding List and CAPE Postsecondary Industry Certification Funding List.—

- (1) Pursuant to ss. 1003.4203 and 1003.492, the Department of Education shall, at least annually, identify, under rules adopted by the State Board of Education, and the Commissioner of Education may at any time recommend adding the following certificates, certifications, and courses:
- (a) CAPE industry certifications identified on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List that must be applied in the distribution of funding to school districts pursuant to s. 1011.62(1)(o). The CAPE Industry Certification Funding List shall incorporate by reference the industry certifications on the career pathways list approved for the Florida Gold Seal CAPE Vecational Scholars award. In addition, by August 1 of each year, the not-for-profit corporation established pursuant to s. 445.004 may annually select one industry certification, that does not articulate for college credit, for inclusion on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List for a period of 3 years unless otherwise approved by the curriculum review committee pursuant to s. 1003.491. Such industry certifications, if earned by a student, shall be eligible for additional full-time equivalent membership, pursuant to s. 1011.62(1)(o)1.
- (f) Industry certifications associated with aviation-related and aerospace-related occupations. Such industry

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certifications must be identified by the Commissioner of

Education and, if earned by a student, are eligible for
additional full-time equivalent membership as provided in s.

1011.62(1)(0)1.e. The industry certifications must be identified
on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List.

(4)

(b) For the purpose of calculating additional full-time equivalent membership pursuant to s. 1011.62(1)(0)1.e., the Commissioner of Education may limit the awarding of CAPE industry certifications and CAPE Digital Tool certificates to students in certain grades based on formal recommendations by providers of CAPE industry certifications and CAPE Digital Tool certificates.

Section 19. Section 1009.25, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1009.25 Fee exemptions.-

- (1) The following students are exempt from the payment of tuition and fees, including lab fees, at a school district that provides workforce education programs, \underline{a} Florida College System institution, or a state university:
- (a) A student enrolled in a dual enrollment or early admission program pursuant to s. 1007.271.
- (b) A student enrolled in an approved apprenticeship program, as defined in s. 446.021.
- (c) A student who is or was at the time he or she reached 18 years of age in the custody of the Department of Children and Families or who, after spending at least 6 months in the custody of the department after reaching 16 years of age, was placed in a guardianship by the court. Such exemption includes fees

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associated with enrollment in applied academics for adult education instruction. The exemption remains valid until the student reaches 28 years of age.

- (d) A student who is or was at the time he or she reached 18 years of age in the custody of a relative or nonrelative under s. 39.5085 or s. 39.6225 or who was adopted from the Department of Children and Families after May 5, 1997. Such exemption includes fees associated with enrollment in applied academics for adult education instruction. The exemption remains valid until the student reaches 28 years of age.
- (e) A student enrolled in an employment and training program under the welfare transition program. The local workforce development board shall pay the state university, Florida College System institution, or school district for costs incurred for welfare transition program participants.
- (f) A student who lacks a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence or whose primary nighttime residence is a public or private shelter designed to provide temporary residence, a public or private transitional living program, or a public or private place not designed for, or ordinarily used as, a regular sleeping accommodation for human beings. This includes a student who would otherwise meet the requirements of this paragraph, as determined by a college or university, but for his or her residence in college or university dormitory housing.
- (g) A student who is a proprietor, owner, or worker of a company whose business has been at least 50 percent negatively financially impacted by the buyout of property around Lake Apopka by the State of Florida. Such student may receive a fee exemption only if the student has not received compensation

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because of the buyout, the student is designated a Florida resident for tuition purposes, pursuant to s. 1009.21, and the student has applied for and been denied financial aid, pursuant to s. 1009.40, which would have provided, at a minimum, payment of all student fees. The student is responsible for providing evidence to the postsecondary education institution verifying that the conditions of this paragraph have been met, including supporting documentation provided by the Department of Revenue. The student must be currently enrolled in, or begin coursework within, a program area by fall semester 2000. The exemption is valid for a period of 4 years after the date that the postsecondary education institution confirms that the conditions of this paragraph have been met.

- (h) Pursuant to s. 402.403, child protection and child welfare personnel as defined in s. 402.402 who are enrolled in an accredited bachelor's degree or master's degree in social work program, provided that the student attains at least a grade of "B" in all courses for which tuition and fees are exempted.
- (2) Each Florida College System institution may is authorized to grant student fee exemptions from all fees adopted by the State Board of Education and its the Florida College System institution board of trustees for up to 54 full-time equivalent students or 1 percent of the institution's total full-time equivalent enrollment, whichever is greater, at that each institution.

Section 20. Paragraph (o) of subsection (1) of section 1011.62. Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1011.62 Funds for operation of schools.—If the annual allocation from the Florida Education Finance Program to each

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district for operation of schools is not determined in the annual appropriations act or the substantive bill implementing the annual appropriations act, it shall be determined as follows:

(1) COMPUTATION OF THE BASIC AMOUNT TO BE INCLUDED FOR OPERATION.—The following procedure shall be followed in determining the annual allocation to each district for operation:

- (o) Calculation of additional full-time equivalent membership based on successful completion of a career-themed course pursuant to ss. 1003.491, 1003.492, and 1003.493, or courses with embedded CAPE industry certifications or CAPE Digital Tool certificates, and issuance of industry certification identified on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List pursuant to rules adopted by the State Board of Education or CAPE Digital Tool certificates pursuant to s. 1003.4203.—
- 1.a. A value of 0.025 full-time equivalent student membership shall be calculated for CAPE Digital Tool certificates earned by students in elementary and middle school grades.
- b. A value of 0.1 or 0.2 full-time equivalent student membership shall be calculated for each student who completes a course as defined in s. 1003.493(1)(b) or courses with embedded CAPE industry certifications and who is issued an industry certification identified annually on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List approved under rules adopted by the State Board of Education. For a CAPE industry certification that has a statewide articulation agreement for 4 to 14 college

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7-00010A-21 2021366 813 credits and for a CAPE industry certification that has a 814 statewide articulation agreement for 1 to 3 college credits and 815 that is deemed by the department to be of sufficient rigor and 816 to be linked to a high-skill occupation, a value of 0.2 full-817 time equivalent membership shall be calculated. For all other 818 CAPE industry certifications with a statewide articulation 819 agreement for 1 to 3 college credits, a value of 0.1 full-time 820 equivalent membership shall be calculated A value of 0.2 full-821 time equivalent membership shall be calculated for each student 822 who is issued a CAPE industry certification that has a statewide 823 articulation agreement for college credit approved by the State 824 Board of Education. For CAPE industry certifications that do not 825 articulate for college credit, the Department of Education shall 82.6 calculate assign a full-time equivalent value of 0.1 for each 827 certification. Middle grades students who earn additional FTE 828 membership for a CAPE Digital Tool certificate pursuant to subsubparagraph a. may not use the previously funded examination to 829 830 satisfy the requirements for earning an industry certification 831 under this sub-subparagraph. Additional FTE membership for an 832 elementary or middle grades student may not exceed 0.1 for 833 certificates or certifications carned within the same fiscal 834 year. The State Board of Education shall include the assigned 835 values on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List under 836 rules adopted by the state board. Such value shall be added to 837 the total full-time equivalent student membership for grades 6 838 through 12 in the subsequent year. CAPE industry certifications 839 earned through dual enrollment must be reported and funded 840 pursuant to s. 1011.80. However, if a student earns a 841 certification through a dual enrollment course and the

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842 certification is not a fundable certification on the 843 postsecondary certification funding list, or the dual enrollment 844 certification is earned as a result of an agreement between a school district and a nonpublic postsecondary institution, the 846 bonus value shall be funded in the same manner as other nondual enrollment course industry certifications. In such cases, the 847 848 school district may provide for an agreement between the high school and the technical center, or the school district and the 850 postsecondary institution may enter into an agreement for 851 equitable distribution of the bonus funds.

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- c. A value of 0.3 full-time equivalent student membership shall be calculated for student completion of the courses and the embedded certifications identified on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List and approved by the commissioner pursuant to ss. 1003.4203(5)(a) and 1008.44.
- d. A value of 0.5 full-time equivalent student membership shall be calculated for CAPE Acceleration Industry Certifications that articulate for 15 to 29 college credit hours, and 1.0 full-time equivalent student membership shall be calculated for CAPE Acceleration Industry Certifications that articulate for 30 or more college credit hours pursuant to CAPE Acceleration Industry Certifications approved by the commissioner pursuant to ss. 1003.4203(5)(b) and 1008.44.
- e. In addition to the full-time equivalent student membership calculated under paragraphs (a)-(d), a supplemental value of 0.2 full-time equivalent student membership shall be calculated for industry certifications identified on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List as leading to employment in aviation-related or aerospace-related occupations and meeting

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specified criteria prescribed by the department.

- 2. Each district must allocate, in accordance with this paragraph, at least 80 percent of the funds provided for CAPE industry certification, in accordance with this paragraph, to the program that generated the funds. The remaining 20 percent may be used for general CAPE program expenses, such as administrative costs and new industry certification programs; however, administrative costs may not exceed 5 percent of the total funds provided for CAPE industry certification. Funds provided for CAPE industry certification may not be used for any other purpose and, specifically, This allocation may not be used to supplant funds provided for basic operation of the program, such as teacher salaries and other costs that are funded for other courses with non-CAPE funds.
- 3. For CAPE industry certifications earned in the 2013-2014 school year and in subsequent years, the school district shall distribute to each classroom teacher who provided direct instruction toward the attainment of a CAPE industry certification that qualified for additional full-time equivalent membership under subparagraph 1.:
- a. A bonus of \$25 for each student taught by a teacher who provided instruction in a course that led to the attainment of a CAPE industry certification on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List with a weight of 0.1.
- b. A bonus of \$50 for each student taught by a teacher who provided instruction in a course that led to the attainment of a CAPE industry certification on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List with a weight of 0.2.
 - c. A bonus of \$75 for each student taught by a teacher who

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900	provided instruction in a course that led to the attainment of a
901	CAPE industry certification on the CAPE Industry Certification
902	Funding List with a weight of 0.3.
903	d. A bonus of \$100 for each student taught by a teacher who
904	provided instruction in a course that led to the attainment of a
905	CAPE industry certification on the CAPE Industry Certification
906	Funding List with a weight of 0.5 or 1.0.
907	
908	Bonuses awarded pursuant to this paragraph shall be provided to
909	teachers who are employed by the district in the year in which
910	the additional FTE membership calculation is included in the
911	calculation. Bonuses awarded to teachers pursuant to this
912	<pre>paragraph shall be calculated based upon the associated weight</pre>
913	of a CAPE industry certification on the CAPE Industry
914	Certification Funding List for the year in which the
915	certification is earned by the student. Any bonus awarded to a
916	teacher pursuant to this paragraph is in addition to any regular
917	wage or other bonus the teacher received or is scheduled to
918	receive. A bonus may not be awarded to a teacher who fails to
919	maintain the security of any CAPE industry certification
920	examination or who otherwise violates the security or
921	administration protocol of any assessment instrument that may
922	result in a bonus being awarded to the teacher under this
923	paragraph.
924	Section 21. Paragraph (b) of subsection (7) of section
925	1011.80, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
926	1011.80 Funds for operation of workforce education
927	programs
928	(7)

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(b) Performance funding for industry certifications for school district workforce education programs is contingent upon specific appropriation in the General Appropriations Act and shall be determined as follows:

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- 1. Occupational areas for which industry certifications may be earned, as established in the General Appropriations Act, are eligible for performance funding. Priority shall be given to the occupational areas emphasized in state, national, or corporate grants provided to Florida educational institutions.
- 2. The Chancellor of Career and Adult Education shall identify the industry certifications eligible for funding on the CAPE Postsecondary Industry Certification Funding List approved by the State Board of Education pursuant to s. 1008.44, based on the occupational areas specified in the General Appropriations Act.
- 3.a. Except as provided in sub-subparagraph b., each school district shall be provided \$1,000 for each industry certification earned by a workforce education student. If funds are insufficient to fully fund the calculated total award, such funds shall be prorated.
- b. For professional-level Federal Aviation Administration industry certification earned by a workforce education student in a school district, that school district shall be provided \$6,000. If funds are insufficient to fully fund the calculated total award, such funds must be prorated.

Section 22. Present subsection (4) of section 1011.802, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as subsection (5), a new subsection (4) is added to that section, and subsection (3) of that section is amended, to read:

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7-00010A-21 2021366 958 1011.802 Florida Pathways to Career Opportunities Grant 959 Program.-960 (3) The department shall give priority to apprenticeship 961 programs with demonstrated regional demand. Grant funds may be 962 used for instructional equipment, supplies, instructional 963 personnel, student services, and other expenses associated with 964 the creation or expansion of an apprenticeship program. Grant funds may not be used for recurring instructional costs or for 966 indirect costs. Grant recipients must submit quarterly reports 967 in a format prescribed by the department. 968 (4) Up to \$200,000 of the total amount allocated may be 969 used by the department to administer the grant program. 970 Section 23. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 971 1011.81, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 972 1011.81 Florida College System Program Fund.-973 (2) Performance funding for industry certifications for Florida College System institutions is contingent upon specific 974 975 appropriation in the General Appropriations Act and shall be 976 determined as follows: 977 (c)1. Except as provided in subparagraph 2., each Florida 978 College System institution shall be provided \$1,000 for each 979 industry certification earned by a student. If funds are 980 insufficient to fully fund the calculated total award, such 981 funds shall be prorated. 982 2. For professional-level Federal Aviation Administration industry certification earned by a student at a Florida College 983

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System institution, such institution shall be provided \$6,000.

If funds are insufficient to fully fund the calculated total

award, such funds must be prorated.

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7-00010A-21 2021366 987 Section 24. By September 31, 2021, the Articulation 988 Coordinating Committee shall convene a representative workgroup 989 composed of academic affairs administrators and faculty from 990 Florida College System institutions and state universities to 991 identify the three mathematics pathways specified in s. 992 1007.23(3). The workgroup shall report its recommendations to 993 the Articulation Coordinating Committee, the Board of Governors, 994 and the State Board of Education by March 31, 2022. The 995 Articulation Coordinating Committee shall approve the pathways 996 by May 31, 2022.

Section 25. This act shall take effect July 1, 2021.

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THE FLORIDA SENATE

APPEARANCE RECORD

3/2/2021 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senato	or or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Apprentice ship and Re	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Khanh-Lien C'Con Lynn") Banko
Job Title Treasurer	
Address 1747 Driando Central	2 Parkeray Phone 8 407-855-6703
Street City State	32809 Email treasurer effondent
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Florida PTA	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, tim meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remains	e may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this rks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)

YOU MUST PRINT AND DELIVER THIS FORM TO THE ASSIGNED TESTIMONY ROOM

THE FLORIDA SENATE

3/2/21	APPEARANCE RECO		ORD SB 366
Meeting Date			Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Apprenticeshipt and Prea	pprenticeship Trainin	g	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Jorge Chamizo			_
Job Title Attorney			_
Address 108 S Monroe St			Phone 850-681-0024
Street Tallahassee	FL	32301	Email jorge@flapartners.com
City	State	Zip	
Speaking: For Against	Information		Speaking: In Support Against air will read this information into the record.)
Representing Opportunity So	olutions Project	3-447mm	
Appearing at request of Chair:	Yes 🗸 No	Lobbyist regis	stered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encoura meeting. Those who do speak may be a	- '		Il persons wishing to speak to be heard at this y persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record	for this meeting.		S-001 (10/14/14)

YOU MUST PRINT AND DELIVER THIS FORM TO THE ASSIGNED TESTIMONY ROOM

THE FLORIDA SENATE

3/2/2021	APPEARAI	VCE RECO	RD 366
Meeting Date			Bill Number (if applicable) 285652
Topic SB 366 Amendment 2856	352	State and the state of the stat	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Bethany Swonson			
Job Title Deputy Chief of Staff			
Address 325 West Gaines St St	uite 1520		Phone 850-621-2556
Tallahassee	FL	32399	Email Bethany.swonson@fldoe.org
City Speaking: For Against	State Information		peaking: In Support Against ir will read this information into the record.)
Representing Florida Depart	tment of Education		
Appearing at request of Chair:	Yes ✓ No	Lobbyist regist	ered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encoura meeting. Those who do speak may be			persons wishing to speak to be heard at this persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record	d for this meeting.		S-001 (10/14/14)

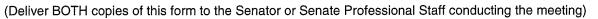
YOU MUST PRINT AND DELIVER THIS FORM TO THE ASSIGNED TESTIMONY ROOM

THE FLORIDA SENATE

3/2/2021	APPEARA	NCE RECO	RD 366
Meeting Date			Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Apprenticeship and Preap	prenticeship Traini	ng	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Matthew Choy			· ·
Job Title Policy Director			
Address 136 South Bronugh St			Phone 5613863451
Tallahassee	FL	32301	Email mchoy@flchamber.com
Speaking: For Against	State Information		peaking: In Support Against ir will read this information into the record.)
Representing The Florida Ch	amber of Commer	ce	
Appearing at request of Chair:	Yes No	Lobbyist regist	ered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage meeting. Those who do speak may be a			persons wishing to speak to be heard at this persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record	for this meeting.		S-001 (10/14/14)

THE FLORIDA SENATE

APPEARANCE RECORD



366

Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Appantice Ship and Pre apprentueSnip	285657 Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Yala Olevick	
Job Title Attorney lossyst	
Address 2155 Adams St	Phone
Street FL 32301	Email
City State Zip	
Speaking: For Against Information Waive Sp	eaking In Support Against will read this information into the record.)
	cicton (FEA)
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist register	ered with Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/14/14)

YOU MUST PRINT AND DELIVER THIS FORM TO THE ASSIGNED TESTIMONY ROOM

THE FLORIDA SENATE

3/2/21 Meeting Date	APPEARANC	E RECORD	SB 366 Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Apprentil	shipt preapprentices	hip_	Amendment Barcode (if applicable
Name <u>JEFFVEY</u>	Sharkey		
Job Title			
Address 100 E	collège Ave suite	MID Phone	850)224-1660
Tanahas	SSPE FL 32301 State	Email <u></u>	effreyShark@gmai
Speaking: For	Against Information	Waive Speaking:	In Support Against Against information into the record.)
Representing NA	tional Electrical	contractor	Association

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

Lobbyist registered with Legislature:

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

Appearing at request of Chair:

S-001 (10/14/14)

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prepared B	y: The Professional	Staff of the Commit	tee on Education	on
BILL:	CS/SB 486				
INTRODUCER:	Education Committee and Senator Bradley				
SUBJECT:	Juvenile Justice I	Education Progran	ns		
DATE:	March 4, 2021	REVISED:			
ANAL	YST S	TAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION
l. Jahnke	Во	uck	ED	Fav/CS	
2.			AED		
3.			AP		
				-	

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

CS/SB 486 modifies the way juvenile justice education programs may be operated and funded. These modifications include how instructional time is defined and how funds are allocated between school districts and educational providers. Specifically, the bill:

- Provides for equivalent hours of instruction in the definition of "juvenile justice education programs or schools" for nonresidential programs.
- Requires that at least 95 percent of Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) funds generated by student in Department of Juvenile Justice programs or specified education program for juveniles must be spent on instructional costs.
- Requires all contracts between district school boards and juvenile justice education programs to be in writing.
- Requires timely satisfaction of invoices by district school boards, with a penalty for late payments.
- Specifies that district school boards may not delay payment of funds owed to juvenile justice education programs pending receipt of local funds.

The bill has no impact on state revenues or expenditures.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2021.

II. Present Situation:

Juvenile Justice Education Programs and Schools

Juvenile justice education programs or schools operate for the purpose of providing educational services to youth in Department of Juvenile Justice (DJJ) programs, for a school year comprised of 250 days of instruction distributed over 12 months. ¹ At the request of the provider, a district school board may decrease the minimum number of days of instruction by up to 10 days for teacher planning for residential programs and up to 20 days for teacher planning for nonresidential programs, subject to the approval of the DJJ and the Department of Education (DOE).²

A juvenile justice provider is the DJJ, the sheriff, or a private, public, or other governmental organization under contract with the DJJ or the sheriff that provides treatment, care and custody, or educational programs for youth in juvenile justice intervention, detention, or commitment programs.³

Educational Services in DJJ Programs

The DOE acts as the lead agency for juvenile justice education programs and sets the standards for curriculum and other support services.⁴

Students who do not attend a local public school due to their placement in a DJJ detention, prevention, residential, or day treatment program are provided high-quality and effective educational programs by the local school district in which the DJJ facility is located or by an education provider through a contract with the local school district.⁵ Each program must be conducted according to applicable law providing for the operation of public schools and rules of the State Board of Education.⁶

The district school board must make provisions for each student to participate in basic, Career and Professional Education (CAPE), and exceptional student programs as appropriate. Students served in DJJ education programs have access to the appropriate courses and instruction to prepare them for the high school equivalency examination. School districts must provide the high school equivalency examination exit option for all juvenile justice education programs.⁷

With the assistance of the school districts and juvenile justice education providers, the DOE must select a common student assessment instrument and protocol for measuring student learning gains and student progression while a student is in a juvenile justice education program.⁸

¹ Section 1003.01(11)(a), F.S.

 $^{^{2}}$ Id

³ Section 1003.01(11)(b), F.S.

⁴ Section 1003.52(1), F.S.

⁵ Rule 6A-6.05281(2), F.A.C.

⁶ Section 1003.52(3)(a), F.S.

⁷ *Id*.

⁸ Section 1003.52(3)(b), F.S.

Funding of Students Enrolled in Juvenile Justice Education Programs

Funding for eligible students enrolled in juvenile justice education programs is provided through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP). Students participating in high school equivalency examination preparation programs are funded at the basic program cost factor for DJJ programs in the FEFP. 10

At least 90 percent of the FEFP funds generated by students in DJJ programs or in an education program for juveniles must be spent on instructional costs for those students.¹¹

One hundred percent of the formula-based categorical funds¹² generated by students in DJJ programs must be spent on appropriate categoricals such as instructional materials and public school technology for those students.¹³

Contracts with Providers

Each school district that provides educational services to students in a DJJ facility must negotiate a cooperative agreement with DJJ and may negotiate educational service contracts with private education service providers if they do not directly provide the education services. ¹⁴ The district school board of the county in which the juvenile justice education prevention, day treatment, residential, or detention program is located must provide or contract for appropriate educational assessments and an appropriate program of instruction and special education services. ¹⁵ Such contracts must include the following: ¹⁶

- Payment structure and amounts;
- Access to district services:
- Contract management provisions;
- Data maintenance and reporting requirements;
- Administrative guidelines and oversight of federal programs; and
- Require that all educational services comply with this rule.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

CS/SB 486 modifies the way juvenile justice education programs may be operated and funded. These modifications include how instructional time is defined and how funds are allocated between school districts and educational providers.

The bill modifies the definition of "juvenile justice education programs or schools" by allowing for the number of instructional days, currently 250 days over 12 months, to be expressed in equivalent hours for nonresidential programs. These hours must be specified by the State Board

⁹ Section 1011.62, F.S.

¹⁰ Section 1003.52(3)(a), F.S.

¹¹ Section 1003.51(2)(i), F.S.

¹² Section 1011.62(10), F.S.

¹³ Section 1003.51(2)(i), F.S.

¹⁴ Florida Department of Education, *Developing Effective Education in the Department of Juvenile Justice Annual Report* 2019-2019 available at http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/7567/urlt/DevEffEduDJJ1819.pdf.

¹⁵ Section 1003.52(3), F.S. and Rule 6A-6.05281(9), F.A.C.

¹⁶ Rule 6A-6.05281(9), F.A.C.

of Education (SBE) and reviewed annually. Further, the bill specifies that current law authorizing a district school board to decrease the minimum number of days of instruction by up to 20 days for nonresidential programs may also be expressed in hours, subject to SBE rule.

The bill adjusts the requirements for Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) funds generated by students in Department of Juvenile Justice (DJJ) or juvenile delinquency education programs. The bill increases the funding requirement that must be spent on instructional cost for students from 90 percent to 95 percent of the funds generated. Increasing the percentage of FEFP dollars that must be provided to a DJJ educational program for instructional cost from 90 percent to 95 percent would have a 5 percent reduction for school districts in administrative dollars which are often used to provide accountability oversight.¹⁷

The bill clarifies that DJJ education programs are entitled to 100 percent of the categorical funds generated by DJJ students, and such funds must be spent on the appropriate categorical, such as instructional materials and public school technology for those students.

The bill provides additional requirements for contracts between district school boards and juvenile justice education programs. Specifically, the bill requires:

- All contracts to be in writing between district school boards desiring to contract directly with juvenile justice education programs to provide academic instruction.
- New or renewal contracts to be executed and negotiated within 40 days after the district school board provides the proposal, unless both parties agree to an extension.
- District school boards to satisfy invoices issued by the juvenile justice education program within 15 working days after receipt; and
 - If a district school board does not timely issue a warrant for payment, it must pay to the
 juvenile justice education program interest at a rate of one percent per month, calculated
 on a daily basis, on the unpaid balance until such time as a warrant is issued for the
 invoice and accrued interest amount.
 - O District school boards may not delay payment to a juvenile justice education program of any portion of funds owed pending the district's receipt of local funds.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2021.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A.

	None.	
B.	Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:	
	None.	

Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

¹⁷ Department of Juvenile Justice, Legislative Bill Analysis for SB 486 (Jan. 25, 2021).

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

None.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 1003.01, 1003.51, and 1003.52.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Education on March 2, 2021

The committee substitute:

- Clarifies that the use of equivalent instructional days expressed in hours is only applicable to nonresidential programs.
- Removes redundant language regarding equivalent hours as specified in the State Board of Education rule.
- o Modifies the length of time district school boards must satisfy invoices issued by juvenile justice programs from 10 working days to 15 working days.
- Removes the requirement that district school boards provide proposed contracts to juvenile justice education programs by April 1.

R	Amend	ments.
1).		111121113

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: RCS		
03/02/2021	•	
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The Committee on Education (Bradley) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

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10 11 Delete lines 42 - 100

4 and insert:

of Education must review the calculation annually. The use of the equivalent expressed in hours is only applicable to nonresidential programs. At the request of the provider, a district school board may decrease the minimum number of days of instruction by up to 10 days for teacher planning for residential programs and up to 20 days or equivalent hours as specified in the State Board of Education rule for teacher

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planning for nonresidential programs, subject to the approval of the Department of Juvenile Justice and the Department of Education.

Section 2. Paragraph (i) of subsection (2) of section 1003.51, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.51 Other public educational services.

- (2) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules articulating expectations for effective education programs for students in Department of Juvenile Justice programs, including, but not limited to, education programs in juvenile justice prevention, day treatment, residential, and detention programs. The rule shall establish policies and standards for education programs for students in Department of Juvenile Justice programs and shall include the following:
- (i) Funding requirements, which must provide shall include the requirement that at least 95 90 percent of the FEFP funds generated by students in Department of Juvenile Justice programs or in an education program for juveniles under s. 985.19 must be spent on instructional costs for those students. Department of Juvenile Justice education programs are entitled to 100 one hundred percent of the formula-based categorical funds generated by students in Department of Juvenile Justice programs. Such funds must be spent on appropriate categoricals, such as instructional materials and public school technology for those students.

Section 3. Present paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (3) of section 1003.52, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as paragraphs (c) and (d), respectively, and new paragraphs (a) and (b) are added to that subsection, and paragraph (a) of

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subsection (17) is amended, to read:

1003.52 Educational services in Department of Juvenile Justice programs. -

- (3) The district school board of the county in which the juvenile justice education prevention, day treatment, residential, or detention program is located shall provide or contract for appropriate educational assessments and an appropriate program of instruction and special education services.
- (a) All contracts between a district school board desiring to contract directly with juvenile justice education programs to provide academic instruction for students in such programs must be in writing. Unless both parties agree to an extension of time, the district school board and the juvenile justice education program shall negotiate and execute a new or renewal contract within 40 days after the district school board provides the proposal to the juvenile justice education program. The Department of Education shall provide mediation services for any disputes relating to this paragraph.
- (b) District school boards shall satisfy invoices issued by juvenile justice education programs within 15 working days after

======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========= And the title is amended as follows:

Delete lines 12 - 15

and insert:

education programs be in writing; providing a timeframe within which district

By Senator Bradley

29

5-00790-21 2021486

A bill to be entitled An act relating to juvenile justice education programs; amending s. 1003.01, F.S.; redefining the term "juvenile justice education programs or schools"; amending s. 1003.51, F.S.; increasing the percentage of certain funds that must be spent on specified costs; clarifying that Department of Juvenile Justice education programs are entitled to certain funds; requiring such funds to be spent in a certain manner; 10 amending 1003.52, F.S.; requiring that contracts 11 between district school boards and juvenile justice 12 education programs be in writing; requiring that 13 district school boards provide proposed contracts to 14 juvenile justice education programs by a specified 15 date; providing a timeframe within which district 16 school boards and juvenile justice education programs 17 must negotiate and execute their contracts; 18 authorizing an extension of time; requiring the 19 Department of Education to provide mediation services 20 for certain disputes; requiring district school boards 21 satisfy certain invoices within a specified timeframe; 22 requiring district school boards that fail to timely 23 issue a warrant for payment to also pay interest at a 24 specified rate to the juvenile justice education 25 program; prohibiting school boards from delaying 26 certain payments pending receipt of local funds; 27 conforming a cross-reference; providing an effective 28 date.

Page 1 of 5

 ${\bf CODING:}$ Words ${\bf stricken}$ are deletions; words ${\bf \underline{underlined}}$ are additions.

Florida Senate - 2021 SB 486

5-00790-21

2021486

30	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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32	Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (11) of section
33	1003.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
34	1003.01 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:
35	(11)(a) "Juvenile justice education programs or schools"
36	means programs or schools operating for the purpose of providing
37	educational services to youth in Department of Juvenile Justice
38	programs, for a school year <u>composed</u> comprised of 250 days of
39	instruction, or the equivalent expressed in hours as specified
40	in State Board of Education rule, distributed over 12 months. If
41	the period of operation is expressed in hours, the State Board
42	of Education must review the calculation annually. At the
43	request of the provider, a district school board may decrease
44	the minimum number of days or hours, as applicable, of
45	instruction by up to 10 days or equivalent hours as specified in
46	the State Board of Education rule for teacher planning for
47	residential programs and up to 20 days or equivalent hours as
48	specified in the State Board of Education rule for teacher
49	planning for nonresidential programs, subject to the approval of
50	the Department of Juvenile Justice and the Department of
51	Education.
52	Section 2. Paragraph (i) of subsection (2) of section
53	1003.51, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
54	1003.51 Other public educational services.—
55	(2) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules
56	articulating expectations for effective education programs for
57	students in Department of Juvenile Justice programs, including,
58	but not limited to, education programs in juvenile justice

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 ${\tt CODING:}$ Words ${\tt stricken}$ are deletions; words ${\tt \underline{underlined}}$ are additions.

5-00790-21 2021486

prevention, day treatment, residential, and detention programs. The rule shall establish policies and standards for education programs for students in Department of Juvenile Justice programs and shall include the following:

8.3

(i) Funding requirements, which <u>must provide</u> shall include the requirement that at least <u>95</u> 90 percent of the FEFP funds generated by students in Department of Juvenile Justice programs or in an education program for juveniles under s. <u>985.19 must</u> be spent on instructional costs for those students. <u>Department of Juvenile Justice education programs are entitled to 100 one hundred</u> percent of the formula-based categorical funds generated by students in Department of Juvenile Justice programs. <u>Such funds</u> must be spent on appropriate categoricals, such as instructional materials and public school technology for those students.

Section 3. Present paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (3) of section 1003.52, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as paragraphs (c) and (d), respectively, and new paragraphs (a) and (b) are added to that subsection, and paragraph (a) of subsection (17) is amended, to read:

1003.52 Educational services in Department of Juvenile Justice programs.—

- (3) The district school board of the county in which the juvenile justice education prevention, day treatment, residential, or detention program is located shall provide or contract for appropriate educational assessments and an appropriate program of instruction and special education services
 - (a) All contracts between a district school board desiring

Page 3 of 5

 ${\tt CODING:}$ Words ${\tt stricken}$ are deletions; words ${\tt \underline{underlined}}$ are additions.

Florida Senate - 2021 SB 486

	5-00790-21 2021486_
88	to contract directly with juvenile justice education programs to
89	provide academic instruction for students in such programs must
90	be in writing. A district school board shall provide a juvenile
91	justice education program with proposed new or renewal contracts
92	by each April 1. Unless both parties agree to an extension of
93	time, the district school board and the juvenile justice
94	education program shall negotiate and execute the new or renewal
95	contract within 40 days after the district school board provides
96	the proposal to the juvenile justice education program. The
97	Department of Education shall provide mediation services for any
98	disputes relating to this paragraph.
99	(b) District school boards shall satisfy invoices issued by
100	juvenile justice education programs within 10 working days after
101	receipt. If a district school board does not timely issue a
102	warrant for payment, it must pay to the juvenile justice

education program interest at a rate of 1 percent per month,

calculated on a daily basis, on the unpaid balance until such

amount. The district school board may not delay payment to a

time as a warrant is issued for the invoice and accrued interest

juvenile justice education program of any portion of funds owed

pending the district's receipt of local funds.

(17) The department, in collaboration with the Department of Juvenile Justice, shall collect data and report on commitment, day treatment, prevention, and detention programs. The report shall be submitted to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Governor by February 1 of each year. The report must include, at a minimum:

(a) The number and percentage of students who:

1. Return to an alternative school, middle school, or high

Page 4 of 5

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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18	before and after participation in juvenile justice education
19	programs.
20	2. Receive a standard high school diploma or a high school
21	equivalency diploma.
22	3. Receive industry certification.
23	4. Enroll in a postsecondary educational institution.
24	5. Complete a juvenile justice education program without
25	reoffending.
26	6. Reoffend within 1 year after completion of a day
27	treatment or residential commitment program.
28	7. Remain employed 1 year after completion of a day
29	treatment or residential commitment program.
30	8. Demonstrate learning gains pursuant to paragraph (3)(d
31	(3) (b) .
32	Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2021.

school upon release and the attendance rate of such students

5-00790-21

Page 5 of 5

 ${f CODING:}$ Words ${f stricken}$ are deletions; words ${f underlined}$ are additions.

THE FLORIDA SENATE

APPEARANCE RECORD

Meeting Date (Deliver BOTH copies	of this form to the So	enator or Senate Professional	Staff conducting the r	SB	nber (if applicable)
Topic <u>Juvenile</u> Justic	e Educ	ation Progra	<u>ro</u> S	Amendment Bai	code (if applicable)
Name Khash-Lien Bo	NO ("	2001 Lynn			
Job Title Treasures, FL	PTA	,			
Address 1747 Orlando	Centro	4 Pkuy	Phone	107-85	55-7604
Orlando	State	32809 Zip		_	Frondapta.
Speaking: For Against] Information		Speaking: Value of this		Against the record.)
Representing Florida	PTA				
Appearing at request of Chair:	res No	Lobbyist regis	stered with Le	gislature:	Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage preeting. Those who do speak may be aske	•	- -	•	-	
This form is part of the public record for	this meeting.				S-001 (10/14/14)

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prepare	ed By: Th	ne Professional	Staff of the Commit	tee on Education				
BILL:	SB 532								
INTRODUCER:	Senator Burgess								
SUBJECT:	Workforce Education								
DATE:	March 1, 2021	1	REVISED:						
ANALYST		STAFF DIRECTOR		REFERENCE		ACTION			
. Sagues		Bouck		ED	Pre-meeting				
2.				HP					
3.				RC					

I. Summary:

SB 532 authorizes school district career centers to offer an associate in applied science or associate in science degree program in nursing, but restricts offering the degree program to graduates of a licensed practical nursing program offered at that same career center.

The bill has no impact on state revenues or expenditures.

The bill takes effect on July 1, 2021.

II. Present Situation:

Workforce Education

Workforce education includes adult general education and career education, and may consist of a course or a program of study leading to an occupational completion point (OCP),¹ a career certificate, an applied technology diploma, or a career degree.² Specifically, workforce education includes:³

- Adult general education programs;⁴
- Career certificate programs;⁵

¹ An "occupational completion point" (OCP) means the occupational competencies that qualify a person to enter an occupation that is linked to a career and technical program. Section 1004.02(21), F.S.

² Section 1004.02(25), F.S.

³ Section 1011.80(1), F.S.

⁴ "Adult general education" means comprehensive instructional programs designed to improve the employability of the state's workforce through adult basic education, adult secondary education, English for Speakers of Other Languages, applied academics for adult education instruction, and instruction for adults with disabilities. Section 1004.02(3), F.S.

⁵ A "career certificate program" means a course of study that leads to at least one OCP. The program may also confer credit that may articulate with a diploma or career degree education program. Section 1004.02(20), F.S.

- Applied technology diploma (ATD) programs;⁶
- Continuing workforce education courses;⁷
- Degree career education programs;⁸ and
- Apprenticeship⁹ and preapprenticeship¹⁰ programs.

Any workforce education program may be conducted by a Florida College System (FCS) institution or a school district, except that college credit in an associate in applied science (AAS) or an associate in science (AS) degree may be awarded only by an FCS institution. However, if an AAS or an AS degree program contains within it an OCP that confers a certificate or an ATD, that portion of the program may be conducted by a school district career center.¹¹

Career Centers

A district school board may, as a part of the district school system, operate a career center.¹² A career center is an educational institution offering terminal courses of a technical nature and courses for out-of-school youth and adults. A career center is administered by a director responsible through the district school superintendent to the local district school board.¹³

Currently, there are 48 career centers accredited by the Council on Occupational Education (COE) operating in 32 school districts in Florida. The COE accredits postsecondary occupational institutions that offer career certificate, diploma, or applied associate degree programs. The associate degree includes both an AAS and AS degree. The COE does not

⁶ An "applied technology diploma (ATD) program" means a course of study that is part of a technical degree program, is less than 60 credit hours, and leads to employment in a specific occupation. An ATD program may consist of either technical credit or college credit. A public school district may offer an ATD program only as technical credit, with college credit awarded to a student upon articulation to a Florida College System (FCS) institution. Section 1004.02(7), F.S.

⁷ "Continuing workforce education" means instruction that does not result in a technical certificate, diploma, associate in applied science (AAS) degree, or associate in science (AS) degree. Continuing workforce education is for: (1) individuals who are required to have training for licensure renewal or certification renewal by a regulatory agency or credentialing body; (2) new or expanding businesses; (3) business, industry, and government agencies whose products or services are changing so that retraining of employees is necessary or whose employees need training in specific skills to increase efficiency and productivity; or (4) individuals who are enhancing occupational skills necessary to maintain current employment, to cross train, or to upgrade employment. Section 1004.02(12), F.S.

⁸ A "degree career education program" or "technical degree education program" means a course of study that leads to an AAS degree or an AS degree. A technical degree program may contain within it one or more program progression points and may lead to certificates or diplomas within the course of study. Section 1004.02(13), F.S.

⁹ Registered apprenticeship programs enable employers to develop and apply industry standards to training programs for registered apprentices that can increase productivity and improve the quality of the workforce. Apprentices who complete registered apprenticeship programs are accepted by the industry as journey workers. Florida Department of Education, *Apprenticeship Programs*, http://fldoe.org/academics/career-adult-edu/apprenticeship-programs/ (last visited Feb. 04, 2021). ¹⁰ Registered pre-apprenticeship programs provide an avenue for both adults and youth who are at least 16 years old to

become qualified to enter registered apprenticeship programs. Pre-apprenticeship programs are sponsored and operated by registered apprenticeship programs in the same trade or trades. Florida Department of Education, *Preapprenticeship*, http://fldoe.org/academics/career-adult-edu/apprenticeship-programs/preapprenticeship.stml (last visited Feb. 04, 2021).

¹¹ Section 1011.80(2), F.S.

¹² Section 1001.44(1), F.S.

¹³ Section 1001.44(3)(a), F.S.

¹⁴ Florida Department of Education, *District Postsecondary Institutions*, http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/5398/urlt/DistPSInstMap.pdf (last visited Feb. 23, 2021),

¹⁵ Council on Occupational Education, *Handbook of Accreditation* (2020), *available at* https://council.org/wp-content/uploads/2020/07/2020-Handbook-of-Accreditation Generic FINAL-w-Covers 7-26-20.pdf, at 58.

accredit institutions that offer credentials above an applied associate degree.¹⁶ The COE is one of the national accrediting agencies recognized by the U.S. Department of Education for eligibility to offer federal student financial aid.¹⁷

Florida College System Institutions

The FCS is composed of 28 colleges and 72 campuses that serve each of Florida's counties. ¹⁸ The purpose of the FCS is to maximize open access for students, respond to community needs for postsecondary academic education and career degree education, and provide associate and baccalaureate degrees that will best meet the state's employment needs. ¹⁹ The State Board of Education supervises the FCS, and each FCS institution is governed by a local board of trustees. ²⁰ Each FCS institution is accredited by the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools Commission on Colleges. ²¹

Articulation of Career Education to Degree Programs

Florida law guarantees that students who complete specified career certificate programs or ATDs at a career center or FCS institution are able to articulate the non-college-credit program into a college-credit AAS or AS degree program at an FCS institution.²² There are currently 33 career certificate program to AAS/AS degree articulation agreements, and 8 ATD program to AAS/AS degree articulation agreements.²³ The amount of credit applied to the degree program varies by program and is determined by school district career center and FCS institution college faculty. According to the Practical Nursing certificate program articulation agreement, students who complete the 1,350-clock hour Practical Nursing program are guaranteed 10 college credits upon

¹⁶ Council on Occupational Education, *FAQs*, https://council.org/accreditation-frequently-asked-questions/ (last visited Feb. 04, 2021).

¹⁷ Id.

¹⁸ Florida Department of Education, *Division of Florida Colleges*, http://www.fldoe.org/schools/higher-ed/fl-college-system/ (last visited Feb. 4, 2021). Each Florida College System institution is assigned one or more counties as a part of its service delivery area. Section 1000.21(3), F.S.

¹⁹ Section 1001.60(1), F.S.

²⁰ Art. IX, s. 8, Fla. Const.

²¹ The Southern Association of Colleges and Schools Commission on Colleges (SACSCOC) is the regional body for the accreditation of degree-granting higher education institutions in the southern states. It serves as the common denominator of shared values and practices among the diverse institutions in Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia and Latin America and other international sites approved by the SACSCOC Board of Trustees that award associate, baccalaureate, master's, or doctoral degrees. Southern Association of Colleges and Schools Commission on Colleges, http://sacscoc.org/ (last visited Feb. 4, 2021). All FCS institutions except Hillsborough Community College are accredited to the baccalaureate degree level. SACSCOC, *Florida*, https://sacscoc.org/institutions/?state=FL&results_per_page=25&curpage=1 (last visited Feb. 4, 2021).

²² Section 1007.23(4), F.S. The statewide articulation agreement guarantees the statewide articulation of appropriate workforce development programs and courses between school districts and FCS institutions and specifically provide that every ATD graduate must be granted the same amount of credit upon admission to an AAS or AS degree program.

²³ Florida Department of Education, *Career Certificate Program to AAS/AS Degree*, http://www.fldoe.org/academics/career-adult-edu/career-technical-edu-agreements/psav-to-aas-as-degree.stml (last visited Feb. 4, 2021), and *Applied Technology Diploma to Associate in Science or Associate in Applied Science Program Articulation* (Feb. 2020), *available at* http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/7525/urlt/atd-to-asandaas-articulationagreemts.pdf.

entrance into the 72-credit AS degree program in Nursing.²⁴ Twenty-eight districts offered Licensed Practical Nursing (LPN) career certificate programs with close to 4,000 students enrolled in 2018-2019.²⁵

Florida Public Postsecondary Nursing Programs

Any educational institution that wishes to conduct a program in Florida for the pre-licensure education of professional or practical nurses must apply to the Department of Health, and be approved by the Florida Board of Nursing.²⁶

Each FCS institution offers a 72-credit hour AS degree in nursing to prepare students for employment as Registered Nurses (RN).²⁷ FCS institutions enrolled 13,619 student in the AS nursing degree program in 2018-2019.²⁸

Each AS degree must also include a minimum of 15 college credits of general education coursework.²⁹ The standards for all Florida AS degree programs, including nursing, are determined in the curriculum frameworks maintained by the Department of Education (DOE).³⁰ All Florida AS nursing degree programs are accredited by the Accreditation Commission for Education in Nursing (ACEN).³¹ There is currently no curriculum framework for an AAS degree in nursing, and no AAS degree programs in nursing are offered by FCS institutions.³²

²⁴ Florida Department of Education, *Postsecondary Adult Vocational (PSAV) to AAS/AS Degree Articulation, Statewide Agreement Worksheet Summary* (Feb. 28, 2018), *available at* http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/7525/urlt/p1-practicalnursing.rtf.

²⁵ Department of Education, 2020 Legislative Bill Analysis of SB 418 (Oct. 8, 2019) at 3.

²⁶ Section 464.019, F.S. The Florida Board of Nursing is a 13-member board within the Department of Health that licenses, monitors, disciplines, educates and, when appropriate, rehabilitates its licensees to assure their fitness and competence in providing health care services for the people of Florida. Section 464.004, F.S., and Florida Board of Nursing, https://floridasnursing.gov/ (last visited Feb. 4, 2021).

²⁷ Twenty-seven FCS institutions are approved to offer the bachelor of science degree for nursing (BSN). In 2018-2019, 6,429 students were enrolled in FCS BSN programs. Department of Education, *2020 Legislative Bill Analysis of SB 418* (Feb 22, 2021) at 3.

²⁸ *Id*.

²⁹ Rule 6A-14.030(4), F.A.C.

³⁰ The Career & Technical Education (CTE) Programs section in the DOE is responsible for developing and maintaining educational programs that prepare individuals for occupations important to Florida's economic development. These programs are organized into 17 different career clusters and are geared toward middle school, high school, district technical school, and FCS students throughout the state. With the help of partners in education, business and industry, and trade associations, each program includes the academic and technical skills required to be successful in today's economy. Florida Department of Education, *Career & Technical Education*, http://www.fldoe.org/academics/career-adult-edu/career-tech-edu/ (last visited Feb. 4, 2021).

³¹ The purpose of the ACEN is to provide specialized accreditation for all levels of nursing education and transition-to-practice programs. The ACEN accredits nursing education programs in secondary, postsecondary, and hospital-based governing organizations that offer certificates, diplomas, or degrees. The ACEN serves as a Title IV gatekeeper for all types of nursing education programs offered by certain institutions that are eligible to participate in financial aid programs administered by the United States Department of Education or other federal agencies. Accreditation Commission for Education in Nursing, *Mission, Purpose, Goals*, https://www.acenursing.org/about/mission-purpose-goals/ (last visited Feb. 4, 2021).

³² In 2012, Florida nursing programs were leveled at the AS degree level in order the facilitate student transfer to aligned baccalaureate degrees. Florida Department of Education, *2020 Agency Analysis of SB 418* (Oct. 8, 2019).

Occupational Outlook

There were 49,549 LPNs employed in Florida in 2020. By 2028, it is expected that there will be a need for 56,043 LPNs, growing the profession by 13.1 percent.³³ Total job openings over this period is expected to be 38,674.³⁴ In addition, it is estimated that 1,984 practical nursing students will annually complete their program to fill 4,165 LPN job openings through 2027, placing the profession in the "moderate" supply gap category.³⁵

There were 194,146 RNs employed in Florida, in 2020. By 2028, it is expected that there will be a need for 215,063 RNs, growing the profession by 10.8 percent.³⁶ Total job openings over this period is expected to be 108,324.³⁷ In addition, it is estimated that 15,011 professional nursing students will annually complete their educational program to fill 14,094 RN job openings through 2027, placing the profession in the "very low or none" supply gap category.³⁸

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

SB 532 amends s. 1011.80, F.S., to authorize school district career centers to offer an associate in applied science (AAS) or associate in science (AS) degree program, but restricts offering the degree program to graduates of a licensed practical nursing (LPN) program offered at that same career center.

The bill expands the number of institutions that may offer an associate degree in nursing, and so may increase access to such programs for students. Students who complete such programs and are licensed may increase the supply of nurses in Florida. Career centers that implement associate degree programs will be required to comply with additional requirements related to college credit programs and to institution and program accreditation.

Associate Degree Program Requirements

Students entering a college-credit nursing program who are not otherwise exempt would be required to complete a common placement test to assess basic mathematics and communication

³³ Florida Department of Economic Opportunity, *Employment Projections*, https://floridajobs.org/workforce-statistics/data-center/statistical-programs/employment-projections (last visited Feb. 22, 2021).

³⁴ *Id.*

The Workforce Potential Supply Gap Analysis groups occupations into categories (high, moderate, low, very low/no potential gaps) based on the relative difference between employment demand and potential supply as provided from Florida educational and training institutions. The annual occupational job opening is the main source of demand and based on the annualized 10-year projections. This number takes into account occupational growth, transfers between occupations, and exits from an occupation. Supply data are based on completion tabulations from programs within the District Postsecondary, Florida College System, Commission for Independent Education, Independent Colleges & Universities of Florida, and the State University System institutions. Supply counts do not represent the total availability of labor for a given occupation. Other sources of labor supply may include individuals currently employed in similar occupations, migration, military separations or others currently outside the labor force. Florida Department of Economic Opportunity, Supply and Demand, https://floridajobs.org/workforce-statistics/products-and-services/supply-and-demand (last visited Feb. 19, 2021).

³⁶ Florida Department of Economic Opportunity, *Employment Projections*, https://floridajobs.org/workforce-statistics/data-center/statistical-programs/employment-projections (last visited Feb. 22, 2021).

³⁷ *Id*.

³⁸ Supra note 36.

skills.³⁹ In addition, a career center offering an AS nursing degree would be required to include in the program 15 credit hours of general education coursework. This general education coursework requirement would also apply to an AAS nursing program. However, since there is currently no curriculum framework for an AAS degree program in nursing, there is no mechanism to offer an AAS program.

In addition, the career center that offers the college-credit (professional) nursing program would be required to meet faculty qualifications that are more rigorous than those required for a practical nursing program.⁴⁰

Institution Accreditation

A career center seeking to offer an associate degree in nursing would need approval from the Board of Nursing. In addition, the career center would be required to obtain accreditation for its associate degree (professional) nursing program. Florida law requires that a nursing education program that prepares students for the practice of professional nursing and that is approved by the Board of Nursing must become an accredited program within 5 years after the date of enrolling the program's first students.⁴¹

A career center would not, however, be required to seek institutional accreditation other than its existing accreditation by the Council on Occupational Education (COE). COE accreditation authorizes member institutions to offer both the AAS and AS degree.

College Credit Program Tuition and Fees

Florida law⁴² specifies tuition that applies to students enrolled in workforce education programs who are reported for funding. College credit fees for associate degree programs are determined in law and are specific only to Florida College System (FCS) institutions.⁴³ It is unclear if such fees currently applied to FCS institution college-credit programs would be applied to school district career center college-credit degree programs.

³⁹ Section 1008.30, F.S. The State Board of Education, in conjunction with the Board of Governors, is required to develop and implement a common placement test for the purpose of assessing the basic computation and communication skills of students who intend to enter a degree program at any public postsecondary educational institution. A student who entered 9th grade in a Florida public school in the 2003-2004 school year, or any year thereafter, and earned a Florida standard high school diploma or a student who is serving as an active duty member of any branch of the United States Armed Services is not be required to take the common placement test. *Id*.

⁴⁰ An associate degree program requires the program director and at least 50 percent of the faculty to be registered nurses who have a master's or higher degree in nursing or a bachelor's degree in nursing and a master's or higher degree in a field related to nursing; a practical nursing program requires similar faculty to have bachelor's degrees. Section 464.019(1)(a), F.S. ⁴¹ Section 464.019(11), F.S.

⁴² Section 1009.22, F.S. The tuition for programs leading to a career certificate or an ATD is \$2.33 per contact hour for residents and nonresidents and the out-of-state fee is \$6.99 per contact hour. Adult general education programs have a block tuition of \$45 per half year or \$30 per term. Fees are determined by the district school board or FCS institution.

⁴³ Section 1009.23, F.S. For FCS institution college credit, developmental education, and educator preparation institute programs, the standard tuition is \$71.98 per credit hour for residents and nonresidents, and the out-of-state fee is \$215.94 per credit hour. Fees are specified in law.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

School district career centers that choose to implement an associate degree nursing program would likely incur expenses related Board of Nursing approval and nursing program accreditation. For example:

- There is a \$1,000 application fee to the Board of Nursing.
- Accreditation Commission for Education in Nursing fees include \$3,500 for candidacy and initial accreditation, plus additional fees for site visits and full accreditation.⁴⁴

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

The bill authorizes a career center to offer an associate in applied science (AAS) or associate in science (AS) degree program in nursing. However, the bill specifies that a career center offering only the AS degree may offer such degree to graduates of a licensed practical nursing program at

⁴⁴ Accreditation Commission for Education in Nursing, *2020 Schedule of Fees*, https://www.acenursing.org/for-programs/general-resources/2020-schedule-of-fees/ (last visited Feb. 4, 2021).

that career center, and appears to omit that restriction for a career center offering the AAS degree. Although there are currently no AAS degrees in nursing offered at Florida College System institutions and career centers, the sponsor may want to add the degree for consistency and account for possible future offerings.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends section 1011.80 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate	-	House
Comm: RCS	-	
03/02/2021	-	
	•	
	•	
	•	

The Committee on Education (Burgess) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment

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Delete line 25

4 and insert:

associate in applied science or associate in science nursing

degree program offers it only to

By Senator Burgess

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20-00590-21 2021532

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to workforce education; amending s.

1011.80, F.S.; revising the workforce education
programs that school district career centers are
authorized to conduct; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (2) of section 1011.80, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1011.80 Funds for operation of workforce education programs.—

- (2) Any workforce education program may be conducted by a Florida College System institution or a school district, except that college credit in an associate in applied science or an associate in science degree may be awarded only by a Florida College System institution. However, a school district career center may conduct the following:
- (a) Portions of if an associate in applied science or an associate in science degree program which contain contains within it an occupational completion point that confers a certificate or an applied technology diploma.
- (b) An associate in applied science or an associate in science degree nursing program if the career center offering the associate in science nursing degree program offers it only to graduates of a licensed practical nursing program offered by the same, that portion of the program may be conducted by a school district career center. Any instruction designed to articulate to a degree program is subject to guidelines and standards

Page 1 of 2

 ${\tt CODING:}$ Words ${\tt stricken}$ are deletions; words ${\tt \underline{underlined}}$ are additions.

Florida Senate - 2021 SB 532

20-00590-21 2021532_ 30 adopted by the State Board of Education pursuant to s. 1007.25. 31 Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2021.

Page 2 of 2

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

Prepa	red By: Th	ne Professional	Staff of the Commit	tee on Educ	cation				
SB 886									
Senator Thurston									
COVID-19 Impact on School Accountability									
March 1, 202	21	REVISED:							
/ST	STAFF	DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION				
	Bouck		ED	Fav					
			AED						
			AP						
	SB 886 Senator Thur COVID-19 I	SB 886 Senator Thurston COVID-19 Impact of March 1, 2021	SB 886 Senator Thurston COVID-19 Impact on School According to the service of t	SB 886 Senator Thurston COVID-19 Impact on School Accountability March 1, 2021 REVISED: YST STAFF DIRECTOR REFERENCE Bouck ED AED	SB 886 Senator Thurston COVID-19 Impact on School Accountability March 1, 2021 REVISED: YST STAFF DIRECTOR REFERENCE Bouck ED Fav AED	Senator Thurston COVID-19 Impact on School Accountability March 1, 2021 REVISED: YST STAFF DIRECTOR REFERENCE ACTION Bouck ED Fav AED			

I. Summary:

SB 866 amends accountability provisions in recognition of the public health emergency caused by COVID-19. The bill provides that school grades, school improvement ratings, and student performance results from the statewide, standardized assessments for the 2020-2021 school year may not be used for specified purposes, including:

- School turnaround options;
- Charter school system and school district high-performing designations;
- Grade 3 retention;
- High school graduation; and
- Personnel evaluations.

The provisions of this bill will be repealed July 1, 2023.

The bill has no impact on state revenues or expenditures.

The bill takes effect upon becoming a law.

II. Present Situation:

Every Student Succeeds Act

The Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA), which reauthorized the Elementary and Secondary Education Act, was signed into law on December 10, 2015. ESSA includes provisions to:¹

• Help ensure success for students and schools through advancing equity by upholding protections for disadvantaged and high-need students.

¹ U.S. Department of Education, *Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA)*, https://www.ed.gov/essa?src=rn (last visited Feb. 22, 2021).

• Require that all students be taught to high academic standards that will prepare them to succeed in college and careers.

- Ensure that vital information is provided to educators, families, students, and communities through annual statewide assessments that measure students' progress.
- Support and grow local innovations.
- Increase access to high-quality preschool.
- Maintain an expectation that there will be accountability and action to effect positive change in the lowest-performing schools.

ESSA requires that statewide mathematics and English language arts (ELA) assessments be administered in each of grades 3 through 8 and at least once in grades 9 through 12. Statewide science assessments must be administered at least once in grades 3 through 5, grades 6 through 9, and grades 10 through 12.²

ESSA allows flexibility for locally selected, nationally recognized high school academic assessments. Under ESSA, a state may permit districts to use a nationally recognized high school academic assessments in place of the statewide high school assessments. A school district using this flexibility, however, must use the same locally selected, nationally recognized assessment in all of its high schools.³ To ensure these tests are truly "nationally recognized," they must be given in multiple states, be recognized by institutions of higher education for the purposes of entrance or placement into courses in postsecondary education or training programs, and provide the same benefits to all students – including English learners and children with disabilities.⁴

Florida's ESSA plan received approval from the United States Department of Education (USDOE) on September 26, 2018.⁵

Authority to Enforce Public School Improvement

The State Board of Education (SBE) complies with the federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA),⁶ its implementing regulations, and the ESEA flexibility waiver approved for Florida by the United States Secretary of Education.⁷ The SBE may adopt rules to maintain compliance with the ESEA and the ESEA flexibility waiver.

The SBE holds all school districts and public schools accountable for student performance and is responsible for a state system of school improvement and education accountability that assesses student performance by school, identifies schools that are not meeting accountability standards, and institutes appropriate measures for enforcing improvement.⁸ School districts must be held

² U.S. Department of Education, *Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965*, *As Amended Through P.S. 114-95*, *Enacted December 10*, 2015 (2015), *available at* https://www2.ed.gov/documents/essa-act-of-1965.pdf.

³ U.S. Department of Education, Every Student Succeeds Act, Assessments under Title I, Part A and B: Summary of Final Regulations (December, 2017), available at https://www2.ed.gov/policy/elsec/leg/essa/essaassessmentfactsheet1207.pdf.

⁴ Id.

⁵ Florida Department of Education, *Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA)*, http://www.fldoe.org/academics/essa.stml (last visited Feb. 22, 2021).

⁶ U.S. Department of Education, *Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965*, *As Amended Through P.S. 114-95*, *Enacted December 10*, 2015 (2015), *available at* https://www2.ed.gov/documents/essa-act-of-1965.pdf.

⁷ Section 1008.33(1), F.S.

⁸ Section 1008.33(2)(a), F.S.

accountable for improving the academic performance of all students and for identifying and improving schools that fail to meet accountability standards.⁹

The SBE has a duty to supervise Florida's public school system, equitably enforce the accountability requirements of the state school system, and impose state requirements on school districts in order to improve the academic performance of all districts, schools, and students. DOE annually identifies each public school in need of intervention and support to improve student academic performance. 11

Statewide Assessment Program

The primary purpose of the student assessment program is to provide student academic achievement and learning gains data to students, parents, teachers, school administrators, and school district staff. The data is to be used by districts to improve instruction; by students, parents, and teachers to guide learning objectives; by education researchers to assess national and international education comparison data; and by the public to assess the cost benefit of the expenditure of taxpayer dollars.¹²

The statewide assessment program for Florida's public schools includes statewide, standardized assessments for ELA (grades 3-10) and mathematics (grades 3-8); end-of-course (EOC) assessments for Algebra I, Geometry, Biology I, Civics, and U.S. History; and the Statewide Science Assessment (grades 5 and 8). Results from the assessments are used to calculate school grades and school improvement ratings, and determine student readiness for promotion to 4th grade and high school graduation. Is

Student Progression Measured by Statewide Assessments

To be promoted to grade 4, a student must score a Level 2 or higher on the statewide, standardized ELA assessment required for grade 3.¹⁶ The student must be retained if the student's reading deficiency is not remedied by the end of grade 3, by scoring a Level 2 or higher on the statewide, standardized assessment required for grade 3.¹⁷

The district school board may only exempt students from mandatory retention in grade 3 for good cause. A student who is promoted to grade 4 with a good cause exemption must be provided intensive reading instruction and intervention. Good cause exemptions are limited to

⁹ Section 1008.33(2)(c), F.S.

¹⁰ Section 1008.33(3)(a), F.S. Based upon the provisions of the Florida K-20 Education Code, chapters 1000-1013; the federal ESEA and its implementing regulations; and the ESEA flexibility waiver approved for Florida by the United States Secretary of Education.

¹¹ Section 1008.33(4), F.S.

¹² Section 1008.22(1), F.S.

¹³ Section 1008.22(3), F.S. and Florida Department of Education, *Statewide Assessment Program 2019-2020*, available at http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/5663/urlt/swapig.pdf.

¹⁴ See ss. 1008.34 and 1008.341, F.S.

¹⁵ See ss. 1008.25(5) and 1003.4282(3), F.S.

¹⁶ Section 1008.25(5)(b), F.S.

¹⁷ *Id*.

students in grade 3 and relate to limited English proficiency students, students with disabilities, the use of alternative assessments or portfolios, and students previously retained in grades K-3.¹⁸

Receipt of a standard high school diploma requires successful completion of 24 credits, ¹⁹ including passing statewide, standardized assessments. Specifically, a student must pass the grade 10 ELA statewide, standardized assessment and the Algebra I end-of-course (EOC) assessment. ²⁰

School Grading System

School grades provide an easily understandable way to measure the performance of a school. Parents and the general public can use the school grade and its components to understand how well each school is serving its students. School grades are used in the state system of school improvement and accountability to determine the need for school intervention and support, or to determine whether a school is eligible for school recognition funds.

Schools are graded using one of the following grades:²⁴

- "A," schools making excellent progress (62 percent or higher of total applicable points).
- "B," schools making above average progress (54 to 61 percent of total applicable points).
- "C," schools making satisfactory progress (41 to 53 percent of total applicable points).
- "D," schools making less than satisfactory progress (32 to 40 percent of total applicable points).
- "F," schools failing to make adequate progress (31 percent or less of total applicable points).

Elementary schools, middle schools, and high schools each share a basic model for determining school grades, based on the percentage of total points earned by a school for each component in the model. All schools are graded on the percentage of eligible students who pass assessments in ELA, mathematics, science, and social studies; student learning gains in ELA and mathematics; and students in the lowest 25 percent of ELA and mathematics performers who make learning gains.²⁵ Middle and high school models include additional components beyond the basic model.²⁶

For a high school comprised of grades 9 through 12 or grades 10 through 12, the school's grade is also based on following components:²⁷

¹⁸ Section 1008.25(6)(b), F.S.

¹⁹ Section 1003.4282(1)(a), F.S.

²⁰ Section 1003.4282(3)(a) and (b), F.S.

²¹ Florida Department of Education, *2019 School Grades Overview* (2019), *available at* http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/18534/urlt/SchoolGradesOverview19.pdf.

²² See s. 1008.33(4), F.S.

²³ See s. 1008.36, F.S.

²⁴ Section 1008.34(2), F.S.; Rule 6A-1.09981(4)(d), F.A.C.

²⁵ Section 1008.34(3)(b), F.S. If a school does not have at least 10 students with complete data for one or more of the components, those components may not be used in calculating the school's grade. Section 1008.34(3)(a), F.S.

²⁶ See s. 1008.34(3)(b), F.S.; Rule 6A-1.09981(4)(a)-(c), F.A.C.

²⁷ Section 1008.34(3)(b)2., F.S., and Rule 6A-1.09981(4)(c)2. and 3., F.A.C.

- The 4-year high school graduation rate of the school as defined by SBE rule. 28
- The percentage of students who were eligible to earn college and career credit through College Board Advanced Placement examinations, International Baccalaureate examinations, dual enrollment courses, including career dual enrollment courses resulting in the completion of 300 or more clock hours, or Advanced International Certificate of Education examinations; who, at any time during high school, earned national industry certification identified in the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List; or, beginning with the 2022-2023 school year, who earned an Armed Services Qualification Test score that falls within Category II or higher on the Armed Services Vocational Aptitude Battery and earned a minimum of two credits in Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps courses from the same branch of the United States Armed Forces.

School improvement rating

School improvement ratings are calculated for alternative schools and exceptional student education (ESE) center schools that choose to receive a school improvement rating in lieu of a school grade.²⁹ The commissioner prepares an annual report on the performance of each school receiving a school improvement rating.³⁰

Schools that elect a school improvement rating in lieu of a school grade will have the rating based on student learning gains for statewide, standardized assessments for ELA and mathematics; schools will be rated on only those components for which they have sufficient data.³¹ School improvement ratings must identify an alternative school or ESE center school as having one of the following ratings:³²

- "Commendable" a significant percentage of students attending the school are making learning gains
- "Maintaining" a sufficient percentage of students attending the school are making learning gains
- "Unsatisfactory" an insufficient percentage of students attending the school are making learning gains

A school having an insufficient percentage of students making learning gains³³ must have a school improvement plan, which is developed and implemented by the school's advisory

²⁸ The four-year high school graduation rate of the school as measured according to 34 CFR §200.19, Other Academic Indicators, effective November 28, 2008. Rule 6A-1.09981(4)(c)1., F.A.C.

²⁹ Section 1008.341; 1008.3415, F.S.; Rule 6A-1.099822 and 6A-1.099828, F.A.C.

³⁰ Section 1008.341(1), F.S.

³¹ Florida Department of Education, *2018-19 Guide to Calculating School Improvement Ratings*, *July 2019*, *available at* http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/18534/urlt/SIRCalcGuide19.pdf.

³² Section 1008.341(2), F.S.

³³ "Learning Gains," "annual learning gains," or "student learning gains" means the degree of student learning growth occurring from one school year to the next as required by state board rule for purposes of calculating school grades under section 1008.349(1)(b), F.S.

council. 34 It is the responsibility of each district school board to approve school improvement plans. 35

School Personnel Evaluations

School districts establish procedures for evaluating the performance of instructional, administrative, and supervisory personnel in order to increase student academic performance by improving the quality of services in public schools.³⁶

Instructional personnel and school administrator performance evaluations must be based upon the performance of students assigned to their classrooms or schools.³⁷ A school district's performance evaluation system is not limited to student performance, but may include other criteria to evaluate instructional personnel and school administrators' performance.³⁸ The performance evaluation must be based upon sound educational principles and contemporary research in effective educational practices. The evaluation criteria must include:³⁹

- At least one-third based on performance of students;
- At least one-third based on instructional practice;
- At least one-third based on instructional leadership (administrators only); and
- Other indicators of performance.⁴⁰

The Commissioner of Education (commissioner) has approved a formula to measure individual student learning growth on the statewide, standardized assessments in English Language Arts and mathematics. ⁴¹ Each school district may, but is not required to, measure student growth using the formula approved by the commissioner. ⁴² The commissioner approved using a value-added model (VAM) to measure learning growth for purposes of teacher evaluation, in part because of the model's capacity to reflect an individual educator's contribution to that learning growth. ⁴³ Use of the VAM data as part of the performance of student's component in a teacher's evaluation is a local district decision.

³⁴ Sections 1001.42(18)(a) and 1001.452(2), F.S. School advisory councils (SACs) are composed of principals, teachers, educational support personnel, parents, students, local business representatives, and community members. Section 1001.452(1)(a), F.S. SACs are responsible for developing and implementing the school's improvement plan, assisting in the development of the school's budget, and assisting in determinations regarding the use of school improvement funds and school recognition awards. Sections 1001.452(2) and 1008.36(4), F.S. *See also* Section 1002.33(9)(n), F.S. Requires a charter school earning a "D" or "F" to submit a school improvement plan to the sponsor.

³⁵ Section 1001.42(18)(a), F.S.

³⁶ Section 1012.34, F.S.

³⁷ Section 1012.34(3), F.S.

³⁸ *Id*.

³⁹ Section 1012.34(3)(a), F.S.

⁴⁰ For instructional personnel and school administrators, the remainder of a performance evaluation may include, but is not limited to, professional and job responsibilities as recommended by the State Board of Education or identified by the district school board and, for instructional personnel, peer reviews, objectively reliable survey information from students and parents based on teaching practices that are consistently associated with higher student achievement, and other valid and reliable measures of instructional practice. *Id.*

⁴¹ Section 1012.34(7)(a), F.S.

⁴² Section 1012.34(7)(b), F.S.

⁴³ Florida Department of Education, *Performance Evaluation, Why do we have VAM?* http://www.fldoe.org/teaching/performance-evaluation/ (last visited Feb. 23, 2021).

High-Performing School Districts and Charter School Systems

A high-performing school district meets the following criteria⁴⁴:

- Earns a grade of "A" for 2 consecutive years; and
- Has no district-operated school that earns a grade of "F";
- Complies with all class size requirements; and
- Has no material weaknesses or instances of material noncompliance noted in the annual financial audit conducted.

The SBE annually designates academically high-performing school districts. Seventeen school districts were designated as high-performing school districts for the 2018-2019 school year.⁴⁵

A high-performing charter school system means an entity⁴⁶ that:⁴⁷

- Operated at least three high-performing charter schools in the state during each of the previous 3 school years;
- Operated a system of charter schools in which at least 50 percent of the charter schools were designated as high-performing charter schools, and no charter school earned a school grade of "D" or "F" in any of the previous 3 school year, with exceptions identified in law;⁴⁸ and
- Did not receive a financial audit that revealed one or more of the financial emergency conditions specified in law⁴⁹ in the most recent 3 fiscal years for which such audits are available.

The commissioner must verify all charter schools served by an entity, verify that the entity meets the specified criteria, and provide a letter to the entity stating that it is a high-performing charter school system. The commissioner must annually determine whether a high-performing charter school system continues to meet specified criteria. Five entities were designated as high-performing charter school systems for the 2018-2019 school year. Five entities were designated as high-performing charter school systems for the 2018-2019 school year.

Improvement of Low Performing Schools

Florida's system of improving low-performing schools is referred to as "school improvement" (SI),⁵² Under SI, intervention and support is provided to traditional public schools earning a letter grade of "D," or "F."⁵³ Intensive intervention and support strategies are applied to schools that earn two consecutive grades of "D" or a grade of "F" through turnaround option plans.⁵⁴

⁴⁴ Section 1003.621(1)(a), F.S.

⁴⁵ State Board of Education, *Consent Item, Designation of 2018-2019 Academically High-Performing School Districts available at* http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/19916/urlt/19-1.PDF.

⁴⁶ "Entity" means a municipality or other public entity that is authorized by law to operate a charter school; a private, nonprofit corporation with tax-exempt status under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code; or a private, for-profit education management corporation. Section 1002.332(1)(a), F.S.

⁴⁷ Section 1002.332(1)(b), F.S.

⁴⁸ Section 1002.332(1)(b)2.a. and b., F.S.

⁴⁹ Section 218.503(1), F.S.

⁵⁰ Section 1002.332(2)(a), F.S.

⁵¹ Email, Florida Department of Education (Feb. 25, 2021).

⁵² Rule 6A-1.099811(1), F.A.C.

⁵³ Section 1008.33(3)(b), F.S.

⁵⁴ Section 1008.33(3)(c), F.S.

All Florida public schools that earn a grade of "D" or "F" must have a school improvement plan, which is developed and implemented by the school's advisory council.⁵⁵ It is the responsibility of each district school board to approve school improvement plans.⁵⁶

DOE may not release funds from the Educational Enhancement Trust Fund to any district in which a school, does not have an approved school improvement plan, after one full school year of planning and development, or does not comply with school advisory council membership composition requirements.⁵⁷ The department must send a technical assistance team to each school without an approved plan to develop such school improvement plan or to each school without appropriate school advisory council membership composition to develop a strategy for corrective action.⁵⁸

The commissioner is required to assign a community assessment team to each school district or governing board with a school that earned a grade of "D" or "F" to review the school performance data and determine causes for the low performance, including the role of school, area, and district administrative personnel.⁵⁹

A school district may not assign a higher percentage than the school district average of temporarily certified teachers, teachers in need of improvement, or out-of-field teachers to schools graded "D" or "F."⁶⁰

Intervention and Support Strategies

If a school earns two consecutive grades of "D" or a grade of "F," it must immediately implement a differentiated matrix of intervention and support strategies. ⁶¹ Districts with a school improvement school must coordinate with the Department of Education (DOE), the Regional Executive Director or designee, and the school to identify and implement tailored support and improvement strategies designed to address low performance at the school. ⁶²

Florida law specifies seven general types of intervention and support strategies for traditional public schools to address student performance. The intervention and support strategies may include school improvement planning; leadership and educator quality improvement; professional development; curriculum review, pacing and alignment across grade levels to improve background knowledge in social studies, science, and the arts; and the use of continuous improvement and monitoring plans and processes. ⁶³

⁵⁵ Sections 1001.42(18)(a) and 1001.452(2), F.S. School advisory councils (SACs) are composed of principals, teachers, educational support personnel, parents, students, local business representatives, and community members. Section 1001.452(1)(a), F.S. SACs are responsible for developing and implementing the school's improvement plan, assisting in the development of the school's budget, and assisting in determinations regarding the use of school improvement funds and school recognition awards. Sections 1001.452(2) and 1008.36(4), F.S. *See also* Section 1002.33(9)(n), F.S. Requires a charter school earning a "D" or "F" to submit a school improvement plan to the sponsor.

⁵⁶ Section 1001.42(18)(a), F.S.

⁵⁷ Section 1008.345(6)(c), F.S.

⁵⁸ *Id*.

⁵⁹ Section 1008.345(6)(d), F.S.

⁶⁰ Section 1012.2315(2), F.S.

⁶¹ Section 1008.33(4)(a), F.S.

⁶² Rule 6A-1.099811(5)(a), F.A.C.

⁶³ Section 1008.33(3)(c), F.S.; see Rule 6A-1.099811(5)(b)1.-9., F.A.C.

School Turnaround Options

Schools that earn two consecutive grades of "D" or a grade of "F" must also implement a district managed turnaround plan through which the school district manages the two-year turnaround plan at the school.⁶⁴ The school district must submit a district-managed turnaround plan to the SBE for approval by October 1.⁶⁵

Once the district-managed turnaround plan is approved by the SBE, the school district must implement the plan for the remainder of the year and continue implementation for the next full school year. ⁶⁶ If the school's grade does not improve to a "C", the school must select from the following turnaround options: ⁶⁷

- Reassign students to another school and monitor the progress of each student.
- Close the school and reopen as one or more charter schools with a governing board that has a demonstrated record of effectiveness.
- Contract with an external operator that has a demonstrated record of effectiveness to operate the school.
 - The external operator may include a district-managed charter school in which all instructional personnel are not employees of the school district, but are employees of an independent governing board composed of members who did not participate in the review or approval of the charter.

Based on traditional public schools that received grades in 2018 and 2019:⁶⁸

- 70 percent of schools graded "D" or "F" improved their grade in 2019;
- 77 percent of schools graded "F" in 2018 improved their grade in 2019; and
- 85 percent of first-year turnaround schools in 2018 improved their grade to a "C" or higher and exited turnaround in 2019.

For the 2019-2020 school year, 142 schools are in SI requiring intervention and support, including:⁶⁹

- 91 schools earning a grade of "D" for the first time.
- 3 schools earning a grade of "F" for the first time.
- 20 schools earning two grades of "D" or a "D" and an "F" for their last two school grades.

https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?PublicationType=Committees&CommitteeId=3017&Ses sion=2020&DocumentType=Meeting Packets&FileName=pki 10-16-19.pdf
⁶⁹ Id.

⁶⁴ Rule 6A-1.099811(5)(a)-(b), F.A.C.

⁶⁵ Section 1008.33(4)(a), F.S.

⁶⁶ The state board may allow a school an additional year of implementation before the school must implement a turnaround option required under paragraph if it determines that the school is likely to improve to a grade of "C" or higher after the first full school year of implementation. *Id*.

⁶⁷ Section 1008.33(4)(b)1.-3., F.S.

⁶⁸ Florida Department of Education, *School Improvement Presentation to the House PreK-12 Innovation Subcommittee* (October 16, 2019), *available at*

COVID-19 Public Health Emergency

Emergency Order - March 2020

In response to the COVID-19 emergency, the DOE issued an Emergency Order (EO),⁷⁰ which cancelled remaining K-12 state assessments for the 2019-2020 school year.⁷¹ The EO also authorized school districts and other educational entities to evaluate students for promotion, graduation, and final course grades for the 2019-2020 school year as though those assessments which were cancelled did not exist.⁷²

DOE also requested that the USDOE approve Florida's requested waiver⁷³ of statewide assessment, accountability, and reporting requirements in ESEA for the 2019-2020 school year due to widespread school closures related to COVID-19.

Resulting guidance⁷⁴ relating to the cancellation of state assessments specified that, because the Grade 3 ELA FSA was a key component districts used to make promotion decisions, and such data would not be available due to the cancellation of statewide assessments for the 2019-2020 school year, promotion decisions should be made in consultation with parents, teachers, and school leaders based on the students' classroom performance and progress monitoring data.

Emergency Order - February 2021

An EO⁷⁵ was issued by the DOE to provide school districts with expanded statewide testing windows to ensure every student can be safely tested. The following modified testing windows for the spring of 2021 for paper-based testing (PBT) and computer based testing (CBT)⁷⁶ will allow for more district flexibility in scheduling tests.

	Extended Schedule
Assessment	(+2 weeks for each Subject)
Grade 3 English Language Arts (ELA) Reading (PBT)	April 5-30
Grades 4-10 Writing (PBT and CBT)	April 5-30
Grades 4-6 ELA, 3-6 Math, grades 5 and 8 Science (PBT)	May 3-28
Grades 7-10 ELA/Math, EOCs (CBT)	May 3-June 11

⁷⁰ Florida Department of Education, *Emergency Order No. 2020-EO-01*, *March 23*, 2020 available at http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/19861/urlt/DOEORDERNO2020-EO-01.pdf.

⁷¹ *Id.*, *Section 4. Assessment, Accountability and Promotion, March 23, 2020 available at* http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/19861/urlt/DOEORDERNO2020-EO-01.pdf.

⁷² Florida Department of Education, Coronavirus (COVID-19), K-12 Public, Private & Charter Schools, Assessments, Accountability and Promotion http://www.fldoe.org/em-response/schools.stml (last visited Feb. 22, 2021).

⁷³ Florida Department of Education, *COVID-19 Waiver Response from Assistant Secretary Frank T. Brogan Assistant Secretary for Elementary and Secondary Education, March 27*, 2020 available at http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/19861/urlt/FLCovid19WaiverResponse.pdf.

⁷⁴ Florida Department of Education, *Florida Department of Education (FDOE) Q&A Guidance, March 19*, 2020 available at http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/19861/urlt/FDOE-COVID-QAl.pdf at p. 2.

⁷⁵ Florida Department of Education, *Emergency Order No. 2021-EO-01*, *February 15*, 2021 available at http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/19861/urlt/2021-EO-01.pdf.

⁷⁶ *Id.*, *Modified Spring 2021 Testing Windows, February 15*, 2021 available at http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/19861/urlt/2021-EO-01.pdf.

The release of the testing results will occur later than the statutory deadlines. Grade 3 ELA assessment will be available no later than June 30 and the results of the remaining assessments will be made available no later than July 31.⁷⁷ The EO does not address any other aspect of statewide, standardized testing.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

SB 886 amends s. 1008.34, F.S., in recognition of the impact of the COVID-19 public health emergency on school accountability.

The bill removes the requirement for a school to select and implement a turnaround option in the 2021-2022 school year based on the school's 2020-2021 school grade or improvement rating.

The bill specifies that a school or approved virtual instruction provider that receives the same or lower grade or school improvement rating for the 2020-2021 school year compared to the 2018-2019 school year is not subject to sanctions or penalties that would occur as a result of the 2020-2021 school grade or school improvement rating.

The bill does not allow for a charter school system or school district designated as high performing to lose its designation as based on 2020-2021 school grades.

The bill specifies student performance results from the 2020-2021 statewide, standardized assessments may not be used for determining grade 3 retention or high school graduation. In the 2019-2020 school year, student performance results on the statewide, standardized assessments were not used for student progression. As a result, there was a 77 percent reduction in grade 3 student retentions compared to the previous 5-year average. Similarly, there was also a 27 percent reduction in grade 12 student retentions, contributing to an increase in the state's high school graduation rate for the 2019-2020 school year.⁷⁸

Additionally, the bill specifies student performance results from the 2020-2021 statewide, standardized assessments may not be used for calculating student performance measurement and evaluating personnel. Thus, limiting personnel evaluations to only be based on instructional practice, instructional leadership, and professional and job responsibilities.

The bill is also consistent with United States Department of Education (USDOE) guidance⁷⁹ to states emphasizing the importance of flexibility in administering assessments in 2020-2021 as a result of the pandemic, and supporting the use of assessment data as a source of information for

⁷⁷ Florida Department of Education, *Emergency Order No. 2021-EO-01*, *February 15, 2021 available at* http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/19861/urlt/2021-EO-01.pdf. *Modified Spring 2021 Testing Windows*, *February 15, 2021 available at* http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/19861/urlt/2021-EO-01.pdf.

⁷⁸ Florida's high school graduation rate for 2019-2020 was 90 percent, which is a 3.1 percentage points increase over the previous year. Students in the 2019-20 graduating class were exempt from statewide, standardized assessment requirements; approximately 7.1 percent of the 2019-20 graduating class graduated with this exemption. Florida Department of Education, 2019-20 Graduate Rate (January 2021), available at https://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/7584/urlt/GradRates1920.pdf. ⁷⁹ U.S. Department of Education, U.S. Department of Education Releases Guidance to States on Assessing Student Learning During the Pandemic, February 22, 2021, https://www.ed.gov/news/press-releases/us-department-education-releases-guidance-states-assessing-student-learning-during-pandemic (last visited Feb. 23, 2021).

parents and educators to target resources and support, rather than for accountability purposes this year.

USDOE guidance makes clear that states should consider the ways they can do things differently this year. Flexibility available to states includes:

- Extending the testing window and moving assessments to the summer or fall,
- Giving the assessment remotely, where feasible,
- Shortening the state assessment, to make testing more feasible to implement and prioritize inperson learning time.

The USDOE guidance invited states to request a waiver for the 2020-2021 school year of the accountability and school identification requirements in the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (ESEA). A state receiving this waiver would not be required to implement and report the results of its accountability system, including calculating progress toward long-term goals and measurements of interim progress or indicators, or to annually meaningfully differentiate among its public schools using data from the 2020-2021 school year. The state would also not be required to identify schools for comprehensive support and improvement (CSI), targeted support and improvement (TSI), and additional targeted support and improvement (ATSI) based on data from the 2020-2021 school year. Each state that receives the accountability and school identification waivers would be required to continue to support previously identified schools in the 2021-2022 school year, resume school identification in the fall of 2022, and ensure transparency to parents and the public.⁸⁰

The provisions of this bill will be repealed July 1, 2023.

The bill has no impact on state revenues or expenditures.

The bill takes effect upon becoming a law.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A.	Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:
	None.
B.	Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:
	None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

⁸⁰ U.S. Department of Education, U.S. Department of Education Releases Guidance to States on Assessing Student Learning During the Pandemic, February 22, 2021 available at https://www2.ed.gov/policy/elsec/guid/stateletters/dcl-assessments-and-acct-022221.pdf.

	D.	State Tax or Fee Increases:
		None.
	E.	Other Constitutional Issues:
		None.
٧.	Fisca	I Impact Statement:
	A.	Tax/Fee Issues:
		None.
	B.	Private Sector Impact:
		None.
	C.	Government Sector Impact:
		None.
VI.	Techi	nical Deficiencies:
	None.	
VII.	Relat	ed Issues:
	None.	
/III.	Statu	tes Affected:
	This b	ill substantially amends section 1008.34 of the Florida Statutes.
IX.	Addit	ional Information:
	A.	Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)
		None.
	B.	Amendments:
		None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

Florida Senate - 2021 SB 886

By Senator Thurston

33-00877A-21 2021886 A bill to be entitled

accountability; amending s. 1008.34, F.S.; prohibiting a school from being required to select and implement a

An act relating to COVID-19 impact on school

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turnaround option in the 2021-2022 school year based on the school's 2020-2021 school grade or improvement rating; prohibiting a school or an approved provider from being subject to sanctions or penalties as a result of its 2020-2021 school grade or improvement rating; prohibiting a high-performing charter school system or school district from losing such designation based on 2020-2021 school grades; prohibiting student performance results from the 2020-2021 statewide, standardized assessments from being used for determining grade 3 retention or high school graduation or for calculating student performance measurement and evaluating personnel; providing an effective date. Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Present subsection (6) of section 1008.34, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as subsection (7), and a new subsection (6) is added to that section, to read:

1008.34 School grading system; school report cards; district grade .-

(6) HEALTH EMERGENCY PROVISION. - In recognition of the public health emergency caused by COVID-19, and notwithstanding any other provision of law:

Page 1 of 2

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

Florida Senate - 2021 SB 886

	33-00877A-21 2021886_
30	(a) A school may not be required to select and implement a
31	turnaround option pursuant to s. 1008.33 in the 2021-2022 school
32	year based on the school's 2020-2021 school grade or school
33	improvement rating pursuant to s. 1008.341, as applicable.
34	(b) A school or approved provider under s. 1002.45 that
35	receives the same or a lower school grade or school improvement
36	rating for the 2020-2021 school year compared to the 2018-2019
37	school year is not subject to sanctions or penalties that would
38	otherwise occur as a result of the 2020-2021 school grade or
39	school improvement rating. A charter school system or a school
40	district designated as high performing may not lose the
41	designation based on the 2020-2021 school grade of any of the
42	schools within the charter school system or school district, as
43	applicable.
44	(c) Student performance results from the 2020-2021
45	statewide, standardized assessments may not be used for purposes
46	of determining grade 3 retention pursuant to s. 1008.25(5) and
47	high school graduation pursuant to s. 1003.4282 or for

calculating student performance measurement and evaluating

personnel pursuant to s. 1012.34.

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(d) This subsection is repealed July 1, 2023. Section 2. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

Page 2 of 2

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

S-001 (10/14/14)

YOU MUST PRINT AND DELIVER THIS FORM TO THE ASSIGNED TESTIMONY ROOM

THE FLORIDA SENATE

3/2/2021	APPEARAI	NCE RECO	PRD 886
Meeting Date			Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Covid-19 Impact on School	ol Accountability		Amendment Barcode (if applicable
Name BillieAnne Gay			_
Job Title Director of Advocacy &	Legislative Service	S	_
Address 203 S Monroe Street Street			Phone 850.528.9104
Tallahassee	FL	32301	Email gay@fsba.org
Speaking: For Against	State Information	Zip Waive S (The Cha	speaking: In Support Against air will read this information into the record.)
Representing The Florida Sc	hool Boards Associ	ation	
Appearing at request of Chair:	Yes No	Lobbyist regist	ered with Legislature: 🗹 Yes 🗌 No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage meeting. Those who do speak may be a	ge public testimony, tim asked to limit their rema	e may not permit al rks so that as many	persons wishing to speak to be heard at this persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record			S-001 (10/14/14

YOU MUST PRINT AND DELIVER THIS FORM TO THE ASSIGNED TESTIMONY ROOM

THE FLORIDA SENATE

Meeting Date AF	PPEARAN	CE RECO	RD	SO 28 φ Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic COID 19 Impact Name Alejandro D. González	on School	Accountabil	its	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Job Title Director of Public Policy				
Address 1300 S. Andrews Avenue			Phone	954.308.9277
Ft. Lauderdale	FL	33316	Email_ ^a	agonzalez@unitedwaybroward.org
Speaking: For Against Inf	State formation	^{Zip} Waive Sp (The Chair	eaking:	In Support Against this information into the record.)
Representing United Way of Browa	rd County			,
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes	✓ No	Lobbyist registe	ered with	Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to	c testimony time i	may not permit all i	oreone w	violating to analyte by the state of
This form is part of the public record for this				S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

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	Meet	ting L	Date	•	

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

Bill Number (if applicable) Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Job Title Address Street State ☐X In Support Speaking: For Against Information Waive Speaking: (The Chair will read this information into the record.) Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Appearing at request of Chair: Yes While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. This form is part of the public record for this meeting. S-001 (10/14/14)

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THE FLORIDA SENATE

3/2/2021	APPEARAI	NCE RECO)RD	886
Meeting Date			Bill N	Number (if applicable)
Topic COVID-19 Impact on Sc	hool Accountability		Amendment	Barcode (if applicable)
Name Jessica Janasiewicz			_	
Job Title Governmental Consu	tant		_	
Address 119 South Monroe St	reet, Suite 202		Phone <u>850-681-6788</u>	}
Street Tallahassee	FL	32301	_ Email jessica@rutled	ge-ecenia.com
Speaking: For Against	State Information		Speaking: In Supportair will read this information i	_
Representing Florida Association	ciation of School Adm	inistrators		
Appearing at request of Chair:	Yes No	Lobbyist regis	tered with Legislature:	✓ Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encountered meeting. Those who do speak may be	• .	-	•	
This form is part of the public reco	rd for this meeting.			S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

3/2/21 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting	the meeting)
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Covid -19 Impact on School	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Yale Olenick	
Job Title Attornal / lobbyish	
Address 215 S. edams St Phone	850-220-2376
Street [allehe)ia FC 3230 Email _	
City State Zip	h /
Speaking: Against Information Waive Speaking:	In Support Against this information into the record.)
Representing Florida Education Associa	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registered with	Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons with meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as	shing to speak to be heard at this possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)

S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

	this form to the Senator or Ser	nate Professional Staff conducting the	e meeting)	SB	886
Meeting Date				Bill Nur	mber (if applicable)
Topic <u>SB 886 - Education -</u> Name <u>Damian</u> Jane	- Sen. Thurston	n	Amendi	ment Bai	rcode (if applicable)
Job Title <u>District Coordinator</u>	/				
Address		Phone			
City	State	Email	oine @	dades	chocls.net
Speaking: For Against Ir	nformation	Waive Speaking (X) (The Chair will read this] In Sup <i>informa</i>	port) [Against
Representing Miami-Dade	County Publi				,
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes	S No Lob	byist registered with Le	gislatu	re: X	Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage pub meeting. Those who do speak may be asked t	lic testimony, time may o limit their remarks so	not permit all persons wishi that as many persons as po	ng to spe ssible ca	eak to b an be he	e heard at this eard.
This form is part of the public record for thi					S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

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Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic School Accountability	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name John Sullivan	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Job Title Drector, Legislative Affairs	
Address GCC SE 3rd Ave	Phone 754-321-26CE
Ft. Lauderdale Fc 3330	Email J. Myosullien & Bravald sensel
Speaking: For Against Information Waiv	re Speaking: In Support Against Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Broward County Public	•
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist re	gistered with Legislature: Ves No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not perm meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as m	nit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this nany persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

Meeting Date (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional	Staff conducting the meeting) SB 589 Bill Number (if applicable)
$A \cap A \cap A$	outsb. Wymendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Brita (Breeta") Lincoln	<u> </u>
Job Title FL PTA Committee member	-
Address 1747 Orlando Central Pikmy	Phone 407-855-7604
	_ Email <u>builkins lincoln</u> @ mail.com
Speaking: V For Against Information Waive S	Speaking: In Support Against air will read this information into the record.)
Representing Forida PTA (Parent Teas	her association)
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes Vo No Lobbyist regis	tered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit a meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many	ll persons wishing to speak to be heard at this persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)

S-001 (10/14/14)

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THE FLORIDA SENATE

March 2 2021	APPEARA	NCE DEGG		000
Meeting Date	ALLANA	NCE RECO	RD	886
Topic K-12 School Accountability				Bill Number (if applicable)
Name Marie-Claire Leman			-	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Job Title Parent			-	
Address 1911 Wahalaw Court			Phone	850-728-7514
Tallahassee City	FL	32301	•	narieclaireleman@gmail.com
Speaking: For Against	State Information	<i>Zip</i> Waive S _I (The Chai	oeaking:	In Support Against
Representing Fund Education	Now			
Appearing at request of Chair:	Yes No	Lobbyist registe	ered with	Legislature: Yes V No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage meeting. Those who do speak may be asked	public testimony, time ed to limit their reman			
This form is part of the public record for	r this meeting.	to do that as many p	reisulis as	possible can be heard.

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)	886
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic ASSESSMENTS and Accountability Amend	dment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Wayne Bertsch (Birch)	
Job Title <u>Gov Relations</u> Dir	
Address 7227 Land O Lakes Blue Phone 45025	51/835
Street LOL FL 34638 Email Jhertso	di C/5/2, FL. C5
City State Zip	4000
Speaking: For Against Information Waive Speaking: In Su (The Chair will read this inform	
Representing Pasco County Schools	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registered with Legislat	ure: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

Meeting Date (Deliver BOTH	copies of this form to the Senator	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic <u>986</u>		Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Beanany S	wensen	
Job Title Dept C	doep to St	tal -
Address 325 WC	St Chaine	Phone 950-012556
City	F U State	32399 Email Browns Comer
Speaking: For Against	Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
RepresentingFDO		
Appearing at request of Chair: [Yes No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encoura meeting. Those who do speak may be	age public testimony, time asked to limit their remar	ne may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this arks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

S-001 (10/14/14)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

Prepared By: The Professional Staff of the Committee on Education						
BILL:	SB 918					
INTRODUCER:	Senator Bra	dley				
SUBJECT:	Education					
DATE:	March 2, 20	021	REVISED:			
ANAL	YST	STAFI	DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION
1. Westmark		Bouck		ED	Favorable	
2.				AED		
3.				AP		

I. Summary:

SB 918 provides additional requirements for school district allocation of Advanced International Certificate of Education (AICE) bonus funds to school programs, and expands these school programs to include those administered by the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate which prepare prospective students to enroll in AICE courses. The bill also provides a specified bonus for classroom teachers who teach International General Certificate of Secondary Education (pre-AICE) courses.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2021.

II. Present Situation:

Advanced International Certificate of Education (AICE)

Successful completion of an Advanced International Certificate of Education (AICE) curriculum¹ is one option for a student to graduate from high school in Florida with a standard high school diploma.² The Cambridge AICE Diploma is a certificate that requires learners to study a compulsory core subject with specified Cambridge subjects drawn from the curriculum areas of mathematics and science, languages, and arts and humanities, with the option to study interdisciplinary subjects.³ In order to achieve the Cambridge AICE Diploma, learners must

¹ Cambridge International AS and A Level qualifications offer a choice of 55 subjects, which schools can offer in almost any combination. An AS Level course typically lasts one academic year; an A Level course typically takes two years. Cambridge Assessment International Assessment, *Curriculum*, https://www.cambridgeinternational.org/programmes-and-qualifications/cambridge-advanced/cambridge-international-as-and-a-levels/curriculum/ (last visited Feb. 23, 2021).

² Section 1003.4282(1)(a), F.S.

³ Cambridge Assessment International Education, *Cambridge AICE Diploma qualification*, https://www.cambridgeinternational.org/programmes-and-qualifications/cambridge-advanced/cambridge-aice-diploma/qualification/ (last visited Feb. 23, 2021).

achieve a minimum of seven credits, with at least one credit from each group.⁴ Prior to enrolling in Cambridge AICE courses, a student can enroll in Cambridge IGCSE, the International General Certificate of Secondary Education (pre-AICE).⁵ Cambridge IGCSE examination sessions occur twice a year in June and in November.⁶

Over 700 universities in the United States formally accept Cambridge AS and A Levels and the Cambridge AICE Diploma.⁷

AICE in Florida

The AICE program is one of a number of articulated acceleration programs, which are intended to shorten the time necessary for a student to earn a high school diploma and a postsecondary degree, broaden the scope of curricular options available, or increase the depth of study available for a particular subject. The law provides the following benefits to schools and students engaged in the AICE program:

- Successful completion of a course examination in any of these programs qualifies for college credit.⁹
- The percentage of a school's students eligible to earn college credit through any of these programs favorably affects the school's grade. 10
- A grade earned in AICE or pre-AICE is assigned additional weight for determining student eligibility for a Bright Futures Scholarship.¹¹
- Classroom teachers and school districts receive funding incentives based on the performance of each student in AICE examinations. 12

At least 177 high schools in 31 Florida school districts currently offer the AICE program.¹³ Almost 40 percent of AICE program participants in Florida are considered eligible for free or reduced-price meals.¹⁴ During the 2019-2020 fiscal year, 63,212 students in Florida participated in the AICE program.¹⁵

⁴ *Id*.

⁵ Cambridge Assessment International Education, *Cambridge IGCSE*, https://www.cambridgeinternational.org/programmes-and-qualifications/cambridge-upper-secondary/cambridge-igcse/ (last visited Feb. 23, 2021).

⁶ Cambridge Assessment International Education, *Cambridge IGCSE qualification*, https://www.cambridgeinternational.org/programmes-and-qualifications/cambridge-upper-secondary/cambridge-igcse/qualification/ (last visited Feb. 23, 2021).

⁷ Cambridge Assessment International Education, *Guidance for schools and students*, https://www.cambridgeinternational.org/programmes-and-qualifications/recognition-and-acceptance/schools-and-students/ (last visited Feb. 23, 2021).

⁸ Section 1007.27(1), F.S. Accelerated mechanisms include, but are not limited to, dual enrollment and early admission, advanced placement (AP), credit by examination, the International Baccalaureate (IB) Program, and the Advanced International Certificate of Education (AICE) Program. *Id*.

⁹ Section 1003.4295, F.S.

¹⁰ Section 1008.34(3)(b)2.b., F.S.

¹¹ Section 1009.531(3)(a), F.S.

¹² Section 1011.62(1)(m), F.S.

¹³ Email, Angela Dempsey, PooleMcKinley (Feb. 12, 2021).

¹⁴ Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability, School Choice Landscape (Feb. 15, 2021), at 39.

¹⁵ *Id.*, at 38. Palm Beach County School District accounts for one-third of all AICE students in the state with 20,993 program participants. *Id.*, at 39.

In spring 2020, 47,577 students enrolled in pre-AICE courses in Florida. ¹⁶ In fall 2020, 54,046 students enrolled in pre-AICE courses in Florida. ¹⁷ In the 2019-2020 school year, 668 end-of-course pre-AICE exams were taken in Florida, of which 440 scored grade E or above. ¹⁸

Funds for the Operation of Schools - AICE Incentive Funding

The Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) provides a funding incentive for school districts with students in AICE courses who successfully complete AICE examinations or earn an AICE diploma. A value of 0.16 FTE student membership is calculated for each student enrolled in a full-credit AICE course who receives a score of E, and 0.08 FTE student membership for each student enrolled in a half-credit AICE course who receives a score of E or higher on a subject examination. A value of 0.3 FTE student membership is calculated for each student who receives an AICE diploma. A value of 0.3 FTE student membership is calculated for each student who receives an AICE diploma.

Current law requires each school district to allocate at least 80 percent of the funds received from the AICE bonus FTE funding to the school program that generated the funds.²¹

Additionally, classroom teachers receive bonus funds for the performance of their students on AICE examinations, in the amount of \$50 for each student taught by the AICE teacher in each full-credit AICE course, and \$25 for each student taught by the AICE teacher in each half-credit AICE course, who receives a score of E or higher on the AICE examination. An additional bonus of \$500 is allotted to each AICE teacher in a school designated with a grade of "D" or "F" who has at least one student scoring E or higher on the full-credit AICE examination, regardless of the number of classes taught or number of such students, or an additional \$250 to each AICE teacher in such a school who has at least one student scoring E or higher on the half-credit AICE examination in that class.²²

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

SB 918 expands the requirement in law that each school district allocate at least 80 percent of the funds received from the Advanced International Certificate of Education (AICE) bonus FTE funding to the school program that generated the funds to include school programs administered

¹⁶ Email, Angela Dempsey, PooleMcKinley (Feb 19, 2021).

¹⁷ *Id.* Some IGCSE syllabuses, such as Cambridge pre-AICE Spanish Level 1, 2, or 3 and Cambridge pre-AICE Mathematics Levels 1, 2, or 3, expand beyond one year, meaning the exam may not be administered until the end of the course sequence. However, the enrollment data would reflect each of these courses. Additionally, many schools offer the IGCSE curriculum to develop the skills and content mastery required for future AICE courses without administering the IGCSE exams. In 2019, 668 end-of-course IGCSE exams were taken in Florida, of which 440 obtained a score grade E or higher. *Id.*¹⁸ *Id.* Cambridge International A Level and AS Level subjects are graded from A* to E or A to E, respectively, and the Cambridge AICE Diploma is awarded on a points system, such that each grade is converted to points to award a Cambridge AICE Diploma at one of three levels based on the overall score. Cambridge Assessment International Education, *Cambridge AICE Diploma qualification*, https://www.cambridgeinternational.org/programmes-and-qualifications/cambridge-advanced/cambridge-aice-diploma/qualification/ (last visited Feb. 23, 2021).

¹⁹ See 1011.62, F.S. Florida also provides incentive funds for dual enrollment, exploratory career education, the International Baccalaureate Program, advanced placement courses, and career-themed courses, among others. Section 1011.62(1), F.S. ²⁰ Section 1011.62(1)(m), F.S.

²¹ *Id*.

²² *Id*.

by the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate that prepare prospective students to enroll in AICE courses.

The bill requires such funds to be expended solely for the payment of costs associated with the:

- Application and registration process;
- Program fees and site licenses;
- Training, professional development, salaries, benefits, and bonuses for instructional personnel and program coordinators;
- Examination and diploma fees;
- Membership fees;
- Supplemental books;
- Instructional supplies, materials, and equipment; and
- Other activities that identify prospective AICE students or prepare prospective students to enroll in AICE courses.

The bill specifies that the school district is required to distribute bonus funds to each classroom teacher who provided AICE or International General Certificate of Secondary Education (pre-AICE) instruction.

The bill updates language concerning the distribution to teachers of bonus funds generated by successful completion of AICE examinations and AICE Diplomas by removing references to full-credit and half-credit courses and exams, to reflect that Cambridge no longer offers half-credit courses. Accordingly, the bill changes the designation from half-credit AICE courses to pre-AICE courses the \$25 and \$250 bonus awards for specified students who successfully complete examinations.²³

Expanding the use of existing bonus funding to school programs administered by the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate may require school districts to increase the support of pre-AICE instruction, which prepares prospective students to enroll in AICE courses.

The financial supports for pre-AICE instruction and related activities may increase opportunities for Florida secondary students to take Cambridge courses and prepare for AICE courses.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2021.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

²³ Florida law does not provide similar funding incentives for pre-IB courses. Section 1011.62(1)(1), F.S. However, a value of 0.16 FTE is calculated for each student enrolled in an IB course who receives a score of 4 or higher on a subject examination, and a value of 0.3 FTE is calculated for each student who receives an IB diploma, which value is added to the FTE in basic programs from grades 9 through 12. *Id*.

	B.	Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:
		None.
	C.	Trust Funds Restrictions:
		None.
	D.	State Tax or Fee Increases:
		None.
	E.	Other Constitutional Issues:
		None.
٧.	Fisc	al Impact Statement:
	A.	Tax/Fee Issues:
		None.
	B.	Private Sector Impact:
		None.
	C.	Government Sector Impact:
		The bill has no immediate impact on state funds. Expanding the distribution of financial incentives to apply to International General Certificate of Secondary Education (pre-AICE) programs may affect how school districts allocate bonus funds towards Advanced International Certificate of Education (AICE) and pre-AICE activities.
VI.	Tech	nical Deficiencies:
	None	•
VII.	Rela	ted Issues:
	None	
VIII.	Statı	utes Affected:

This bill substantially amends section 1011.62 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. **Additional Information:**

Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.) A.

None.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

Florida Senate - 2021 SB 918

By Senator Bradley

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follows:

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to education; amending s. 1011.62, F.S.; requiring school districts to allocate a certain amount of specified funds to certain programs that prepare prospective students to enroll in Advanced International Certificate of Education courses: requiring such funds to be spent on specified costs; requiring school districts to distribute specified bonuses to certain classroom teachers providing International General Certificate of Secondary Education instruction; requiring bonuses based on a student's specified score on the Advanced International Certificate of Education examination to be paid to all Advanced International Certificate of Education teachers instead of only full-credit Advanced International Certificate of Education teachers; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraph (m) of subsection (1) of section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1011.62 Funds for operation of schools.—If the annual allocation from the Florida Education Finance Program to each district for operation of schools is not determined in the annual appropriations act or the substantive bill implementing the annual appropriations act, it shall be determined as

(1) COMPUTATION OF THE BASIC AMOUNT TO BE INCLUDED FOR

Page 1 of 4

 ${\tt CODING:}$ Words ${\tt stricken}$ are deletions; words ${\tt \underline{underlined}}$ are additions.

Florida Senate - 2021 SB 918

2021918

OPERATION.—The following procedure shall be followed in determining the annual allocation to each district for operation:

(m) Calculation of additional full-time equivalent

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membership based on Advanced International Certificate of 35 Education examination scores of students.-A value of 0.16 fulltime equivalent student membership shall be calculated for each student enrolled in a full-credit Advanced International 38 Certificate of Education course who receives a score of E or 39 higher on a subject examination. A value of 0.08 full-time equivalent student membership shall be calculated for each student enrolled in a half-credit Advanced International Certificate of Education course who receives a score of E or 42 higher on a subject examination. A value of 0.3 full-time equivalent student membership shall be calculated for each student who receives an Advanced International Certificate of Education diploma. Such value shall be added to the total full-46 47 time equivalent student membership in basic programs for grades 9 through 12 in the subsequent fiscal year. Each school district 49 shall allocate at least 80 percent of the funds received from the Advanced International Certificate of Education bonus FTE funding, in accordance with this paragraph, to the school program that generated the funds and to school programs 53 administered by the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate that prepare prospective students to enroll in Advanced International Certificate of Education courses. These 55 56 funds shall be expended solely for the payment of costs 57 associated with the application and registration process; program fees and site licenses; training, professional

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Florida Senate - 2021 SB 918

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development, salaries, benefits, and bonuses for instructional personnel and program coordinators; examination and diploma fees; membership fees; supplemental books; instructional supplies, materials, and equipment; and other activities that identify prospective Advanced International Certificate of Education students or prepare prospective students to enroll in Advanced International Certificate of Education courses. The school district shall distribute to each classroom teacher who provided Advanced International Certificate of Education or International General Certificate of Secondary Education (pre-AICE) instruction:

- 1. A bonus in the amount of \$50 for each student taught by the Advanced International Certificate of Education teacher in each full-credit Advanced International Certificate of Education course who receives a score of E or higher on the Advanced International Certificate of Education examination. A bonus in the amount of \$25 for each student taught by the pre-AICE Advanced International Certificate of Education teacher in each pre-AICE half-credit Advanced International Certificate of Education course who receives a score of E or higher on the pre-AICE Advanced International Certificate of Education examination.
- 2. An additional bonus of \$500 to each Advanced International Certificate of Education teacher in a school designated with a grade of "D" or "F" who has at least one student scoring E or higher on the full-credit Advanced International Certificate of Education examination, regardless of the number of classes taught or of the number of students scoring an E or higher on the full-credit Advanced International

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

Florida Senate - 2021 SB 918

5-00782A-21 2021918

Certificate of Education examination.

3. Additional bonuses of \$250 each to teachers of pre-AICE half-credit Advanced International Certificate of Education classes in a school designated with a grade of "D" or "F" which has at least one student scoring an E or higher on the pre-AICE half-credit Advanced International Certificate of Education examination in that class. Teachers receiving an award under subparagraph 2. are not eligible for a bonus under this subparagraph.

Bonuses awarded to a teacher according to this paragraph shall be in addition to any regular wage or other bonus the teacher received or is scheduled to receive.

Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2021.

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

YOU MUST PRINT AND DELIVER THIS FORM TO THE ASSIGNED TESTIMONY ROOM

THE FLORIDA SENATE

March 2, 2021	APPEARAN	ICE RECC)RD	SB918
Meeting Date				Bill Number (if applicable
Topic Education		***************************************	_	Amendment Barcode (if applicable
Name Sherry Reach			_	
Job Title Deputy Regional Dire	ctor, North America		_	
Address 131 Bid A Wee Lane	V 100 - 1000		_ Phone <u>85</u>	0 624-4410
Panama City Beach	FL	32413	_ Email sher	ry.reach@cambridgeinternational.org
Speaking: For Agains	State Information			In Support Against sinformation into the record.)
Representing Cambridge	Assessment International	Education	<u></u>	
Appearing at request of Chair	Yes No	Lobbyist regis	tered with Le	egislature: Yes 🗹 No
While it is a Senate tradition to enco		•	•	•
This form is part of the public rec	ord for this meeting.			S-001 (10/14/1

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prepare	d By: The Professional	Staff of the Commit	ttee on Educat	ion	
BILL:	CS/SB 934					
INTRODUCER:	Education Committee and Senator Wright					
SUBJECT:	Education					
DATE:	March 4, 2021	REVISED:				
ANAL	YST	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION	
. Westmark		Bouck	ED	Fav/CS		
2.			AED			
3.			AP			

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

CS/SB 934 modifies provisions related to educator certification and nondegreed career teacher qualifications, teacher preparation programs and educator preparation institutes (EPIs), and school leadership. Specifically, the bill:

- Modifies the uniform core curricula for state-approved teacher preparation programs and EPI competency-based program requirements.
- Removes the General Knowledge Test as an admission requirement to a teacher preparation program.
- Provides that completion of an EPI may demonstrate education and successful occupational
 experience for nondegreed teachers of career education, and also professional preparation
 and education competence toward an educator certificate.
- Specifies that a master's degree or higher degree may demonstrate mastery of general knowledge toward an educator certificate.
- Authorizes an organization of private schools or a consortium of charter schools as specified
 to design alternative preparation programs for certified teachers to add on additional
 coverages to their certificate.
- Modifies the William Cecil Golden Professional Development Program for School Leaders to expand the definition of an educational leader and expand the collaborative network.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2021.

II. Present Situation:

Educator Certification Requirements

Initial Eligibility

To be eligible to seek certification of an educator in Florida, a person must:¹

• Meet general eligibility criteria to ensure competence and capability to perform the duties, functions, and responsibilities as an educator, including a minimum age, an oath of loyalty, , demonstration of a bachelor's or higher degree, and background screening.

- Demonstrate mastery of general knowledge if the person serves as a classroom teacher.
- Demonstrate mastery of subject area knowledge.
- Demonstrate mastery of professional preparation and education competence.

Mastery of General Knowledge

To demonstrate mastery of general knowledge to meet educator certification requirements, the following means are acceptable:²

- Achievement of passing scores on the general knowledge examination required by State Board of Education (SBE) rule;
- Documentation of a valid professional standard teaching certificate issued by another state;
- Documentation of a valid certificate issued by the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards or a national educator credentialing board approved by the SBE;
- Documentation of two semesters of successful, full-time or part-time teaching in a Florida College System (FCS) institution, state university, or private college or university that awards an associate or higher degree and is an accredited institution or an institution of higher education identified by the Department of Education (DOE) as having a quality program; or
- Achievement of passing scores, identified in SBE rule, on national or international examinations that test comparable content and relevant standards in verbal, analytical writing, and quantitative reasoning skills, including, but not limited to, the verbal, analytical writing, and quantitative reasoning portions of the Graduate Record Examination.

Mastery of Subject Area Knowledge

Acceptable means of demonstrating mastery of subject area knowledge to meet educator certification requirements include:³

• For a subject requiring only a baccalaureate degree, a passing score on an examination specified in SBE rule,⁴ and may include passing scores on foreign language proficiency examinations, if applicable, or verification of the attainment of subject matter competencies.

¹ Section 1012.56(2), F.S.

² Section 1012.56(3), F.S. A school district that employs an individual who does not achieve passing scores on any subtest of the general knowledge examination must provide information regarding the availability of state-level and district-level supports and instruction to assist him or her in achieving a passing score. Such information must include, but need not be limited to, state-level test information guides, school district test preparation resources, and preparation courses offered by state universities and Florida College System institutions. Section 1012.56(3)(e), F.S.

 ³ Section 1012.56(5), F.S.
 ⁴ Subject area examinations are required to be aligned to the Next Generation Sunshine State Standards. Section 1012.56(4), F.S.

• For a subject requiring a master's or higher degree, completion of the subject area specialization requirements specified in SBE rule and achievement of a passing score on the Florida-developed subject area examination or a standardized examination specified in SBE rule;

- Documentation of a valid professional standard teaching certificate issued by another state;
- Documentation of a valid certificate issued by the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards or a national educator credentialing board approved by the SBE;
- Documentation of successful completion of a United States Defense Language Institute Foreign Language Center program; or
- Documentation of a passing score on the Defense Language Proficiency Test.

Mastery of Professional Preparation

Acceptable means of demonstrating mastery of professional preparation and education competence to meet educator certification requirements are:⁵

- Successful completion of an approved teacher preparation program at a postsecondary educational institution within Florida and achievement of a passing score on the professional education competency examination required by SBE rule;
- Successful completion of a teacher preparation program at a postsecondary educational institution outside Florida and achievement of a passing score on the professional education competency examination required by SBE rule;
- Documentation of a valid professional standard teaching certificate issued by another state;
- Documentation of a valid certificate issued by the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards or a national educator credentialing board approved by the SBE;
- Documentation of two semesters of successful, full-time or part-time teaching in a FCS institution, state university, or private college or university that awards an associate or higher degree and is an accredited institution or an institution of higher education identified by the DOE as having a quality program and achievement of a passing score on the professional education competency examination required by SBE rule;
- Successful completion of professional preparation courses as specified in state board rule, successful completion of a specified professional preparation and education competence program, and achievement of a passing score on the professional education competency examination required by SBE rule;
- Successful completion of a specified professional development certification and education competency program; or
- Successful completion of a specified competency-based certification program and achievement of a passing score on the professional education competency examination required by rule of the SBE.

⁵ Section 1012.56(6), F.S.

District Alternative Certification Programs

Educators who currently hold a valid Florida Temporary or Professional Certificate may be eligible to add another subject coverage or endorsement, 6 according to subject specialization requirements outlined in SBE rule. 7

Professional Development Certification Programs, formally known as District Alternative Certification Programs, are offered by Florida public school districts, charter school, or charter management organizations to provide instruction for members of its instructional staff who are non-education baccalaureate or higher degree holders as specified in law,⁸ resulting in qualification for an initial Florida Professional Educator's Certificate.⁹ Certified teachers may add additional coverage through alternative preparation programs as defined in law.¹⁰ Each alternative teacher preparation program is required to be reviewed and approved by DOE to assure that persons who complete it are competent in the necessary areas of subject matter specialization.¹¹

DOE-approved district add-on programs include those offered by colleges, universities, and school districts. ¹² Of the 91 providers of teacher preparation programs in Florida for 2020, 23 are districts that run their own programs. ¹³

Nondegreed Teachers of Career Education

Qualifications for part-time and full-time nondegreed teachers of career programs are based primarily on successful occupational experience rather than academic training.¹⁴ The qualifications for such teachers require:¹⁵

- The filing of a complete set of fingerprints as specified in law.
- Documentation of education and successful occupational experience, including:
 - o A high school diploma or the equivalent.

⁶ An endorsement is a rider on a Florida certificate with a full subject coverage and denotes a particular expertise in an instructional level or methodology. Florida Department of Education, *Certificate Additions*,

https://www.fldoe.org/teaching/certification/additions/ (last visited March 3, 2021). Endorsements may include, but are not limited to, Autism Spectrum Disorders, English for Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL), Gifted, and Reading.

⁷ Florida Department of Education, *Certificate Additions*, http://www.fldoe.org/teaching/certification/additions/ (last visited March 3, 2021). Educator certification requirements are addressed in s. 1012.56, F.S. *See also* Florida Department of Education, *Certificate Subjects*, http://www.fldoe.org/teaching/certification/certificate-subjects/ (last visited March 3, 2021); Rules 6A-4.001 - 6A-4.078, F.A.C.

⁸ See s. 1012.56(8), F.S.

⁹ Florida Department of Education, *Professional Development Certification Programs*, http://www.fldoe.org/teaching/preparation/pdcp.stml (last visited March 3, 2021).

¹⁰ Section 1012.575, F.S.

¹¹ *Id.* Two or more school districts may jointly participate in an alternative preparation program for teachers. *Id.*

¹² See Florida Department of Education, State-Approved Educator Preparation Programs, http://www.fldoe.org/teaching/preparation/initial-teacher-preparation-programs/approved-teacher-edu-programs.stml (last visited March 3, 2021). See also Rule 6A-5.066, F.A.C.

¹³ Sandi Jacobs, EducationCounsel, *A Summary and Analysis of Program Performance* (December 2020), *available at* http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/7502/urlt/2020FloridaTeacherPrepReport.pdf, at 3.

¹⁴ Section 1012.39(1)(c), F.S.

¹⁵ *Id*.

 Completion of six years of full-time successful occupational experience or the equivalent of part-time experience in the teaching specialization area.¹⁶

- Completion of career education training conducted through the local school district inservice master plan.
- For full-time teachers, completion of professional education training in teaching methods, course construction, lesson planning and evaluation, and teaching special needs students.¹⁷
- Demonstration of successful teaching performance.
- o Documentation of industry certification when state or national industry certifications are available and applicable.

Teacher Preparation Programs

The SBE maintains a system for development and approval of teacher preparation programs, ¹⁸ and each teacher preparation program must be approved by the DOE as specified in law. ¹⁹ Continued approval of a teacher preparation program is based on evidence that the program continues to implement the requirements for initial approval and upon significant, objective, and quantifiable measures of the program and the performance of the program completers. ²⁰

The SBE establishes in rule uniform core curricula for each state-approved teacher preparation program.²¹ Such rules must include, but are not limited to, the following:²²

- Candidate instruction and assessment in the Florida Educator Accomplished Practices across content areas.
- The use of state-adopted content standards to guide curricula and instruction.
- Scientifically researched and evidence-based reading instructional strategies that improve reading performance for all students, including explicit, systematic, and sequential approaches to teaching phonemic awareness, phonics, vocabulary, fluency, and text comprehension and multisensory intervention strategies.
- Content literacy and mathematics practices.
- Strategies appropriate for the instruction of English language learners.
- Strategies appropriate for the instruction of students with disabilities.
- Strategies to differentiate instruction based on student needs.
- The use of character-based classroom management.

Each teacher preparation program approved by the DOE must require students to meet, at a minimum, the following as prerequisites for admission into the program:²³

¹⁶ The district school board may establish alternative qualifications for teachers with an industry certification in the career area in which they teach. *Id*.

¹⁷ This training may be completed through coursework from an accredited or approved institution or an approved district teacher education program. *Id*.

¹⁸ Section 1004.04(1)(b), F.S.

¹⁹ Section 1004.04(3)(c), F.S.

²⁰ Section 1004.04(4), F.S.

²¹ Section 1004.04(2)(a), F.S.

²² Section 1004.04(2)(b), F.S.

²³ Section 1004.04(3)(b), F.S.

• Have a grade point average of at least 2.5 on a 4.0 scale in coursework and at an institution specified in law.

Demonstrate mastery of general knowledge sufficient for entry into the program, including
the ability to read, write, and perform in mathematics, by passing the General Knowledge
Test of the Florida Teacher Certification Examination or, for a graduate level program,
obtain a baccalaureate degree from an institution that is accredited or approved pursuant to
the rules of the SBE.

Postsecondary Educator Preparation Institutes

Educator Preparation Institutes (EPIs) provide an alternate route to teacher certification.²⁴ EPIs are created by a postsecondary institution or a qualified private provider and approved by the DOE.²⁵ Postsecondary institutions that are accredited or approved as described in SBE rule may seek approval from the DOE to create EPIs for the purpose of providing:²⁶

- Professional development instruction to assist teachers in improving classroom instruction and in meeting certification or recertification requirements.
- Instruction to assist potential and existing substitute teachers in performing their duties.
- Instruction to assist paraprofessionals in meeting education and training requirements.
- Instruction for baccalaureate degree holders to become certified teachers as provided in this section in order to increase routes to the classroom for mid-career professionals who hold a baccalaureate degree and college graduates who were not education majors.

Approved EPIs may offer competency-based certification programs specifically designed for noneducation major baccalaureate degree holders to enable program participants to meet the educator certification requirements. The DOE is required to approve the program if the EPI includes each of the following:²⁷

- Participant instruction and assessment in the Florida Educator Accomplished Practices across content areas.
- The use of state-adopted student content standards to guide curriculum and instruction.
- Scientifically researched and evidence-based reading instructional strategies that improve reading performance for all students, including explicit, systematic, and sequential approaches to teaching phonemic awareness, phonics, vocabulary, fluency, and text comprehension and multisensory intervention strategies.
- Content literacy and mathematical practices.
- Strategies appropriate for instruction of English language learners.
- Strategies appropriate for instruction of students with disabilities.
- Strategies to differentiate instruction based on student needs.
- The use of character-based classroom management.

A private provider that has a proven history of delivering high-quality teacher preparation may also seek approval to offer a competency-based certification program specifically designed for

²⁴ Florida Department of Education, *Educator Preparation Institutes (EPIs)*, http://www.fldoe.org/schools/higher-ed/flcollege-system/academic-student-affairs/educator-preparation-institutes-epis/ (last visited Feb. 26, 2021).

²⁵ Section 1004.85(1), F.S.

²⁶ Section 1004.85(2)(a), F.S.

²⁷ Section 1004.85(3), F.S.

noneducation major baccalaureate degree holders to enable program participants to meet educator certification requirements.²⁸

School Leadership Programs

Public accountability and state approval of school leader preparation programs are outlined in law, ²⁹ and their purpose is to: ³⁰

- Increase the supply of effective school leaders in the public schools of this state.
- Produce school leaders who are prepared to lead the state's diverse student population in meeting high standards for academic achievement.
- Enable school leaders to facilitate the development and retention of effective and highly effective classroom teachers.
- Produce leaders with the competencies and skills necessary to achieve the state's education goals.
- Sustain the state system of school improvement and education accountability.

William Cecil Golden Professional Development Program for School Leaders

The William Cecil Golden Professional Development Program for School Leaders was established to provide high standards and sustained support for principals as instructional leaders.³¹ The program consists of a collaborative network of state and national professional leadership organizations and supports the human-resource development needs of principals, principal leadership teams, and candidates for principal leadership positions using the framework of leadership standards adopted by the SBE, the Southern Regional Education Board, and the National Staff Development Council.³²

The DOE coordinates the network as specified in law,³³ and the goal of the network leadership program is to:³⁴

- Provide resources to support and enhance the principal's role as the instructional leader.
- Maintain a clearinghouse and disseminate data-supported information related to enhanced student achievement, based on educational research and best practices.
- Build the capacity to increase the quality of programs for preservice education for aspiring principals and inservice professional development for principals and principal leadership teams.
- Support best teaching and research-based instructional practices through dissemination and modeling at the preservice and inservice levels for both teachers and principals.

²⁸ Section 1004.85(2)(b), F.S.

²⁹ Section 1012.562, F.S.

³⁰ Section 1012.562(1), F.S.

³¹ Section 1012.986(1), F.S.

³² *Id*.

³³ Section 1012.986(2), F.S.

³⁴ Section 1012.986(1), F.S.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

CS/SB 934 modifies s. 1004.04, F.S., to add to the uniform core curricula for each state-approved teacher preparation program, strategies:

- Appropriate for the early identification of students in crisis or experiencing a mental health challenge and the referral of such student to a mental health professional for support.
- To support the use of technology in education and distance learning.

The bill makes it easier for a student to be admitted to an approved teacher preparation program. Specifically, the bill alters the admissions requirement to a program, which requires students to demonstrate mastery of general knowledge by passing the General Knowledge Test, instead requiring the test to be passed by the time of graduation. However, the bill removes the option to waive admissions requirements for up to 10 percent of admitted students and provide assistance to those who receive waivers to demonstrate competencies, as well as report the status of these annually to the Department of Education (DOE).

The bill modifies provisions relating to educator preparation institutes (EPIs). Specifically, the bill modifies:

- Section 1004.85, F.S., to expand the purpose for which a postsecondary institution may seek
 DOE approval for an EPI, to include instruction and professional development for part-and
 full-time nondegreed teachers of career programs. The bill also adds to the requirement that
 if an EPI implements a competency-based program, it must include strategies appropriate for
 the early identification of students in crisis or experiencing a mental health challenge and the
 referral of such students to a mental health professional for support, and strategies to support
 the use of technology in education and distance learning.
- Section 1012.39, F.S., to add completion of an EPI program approved by the State Board of Education (SBE) as a means of documenting education and successful occupational experience, in addition to completion of career education training conducted through the local school district inservice master plan.

The bill modifies s. 1012.56, F.S., relating to educator certification requirements to:

- Add, as an acceptable means of demonstrating mastery of general knowledge, documentation
 of receipt of a master's or higher degree from an accredited postsecondary educational
 institution that the DOE has identified as having a quality program resulting in a
 baccalaureate degree or higher.
- Add completion of an EPI approved by the DOE as an optional means to demonstrate professional preparation and education competence. Additionally, a student who meets the requirement through an EPI is not required to take or achieve a passing score on the professional education competency examination to be awarded a professional certificate.

The bill modifies s. 1012.575, F.S., relating to alternative preparation programs for certified teachers, to authorize an organization of private schools or a consortium of charter schools with an approved professional development system³⁵ to design alternative preparation programs for certified teachers to add an additional coverage to their certificates.

³⁵ An organization of private schools or consortium of charter schools which has no fewer than 10 member schools in this state, which publishes and files with the DOE copies of its standards, and the member schools of which comply with the

The bill modifies s. 1012.986, F.S., relating to the William Cecil Golden Professional Development Program for School Leaders. The bill:

- Alters the purpose of the program to specify high-quality standards for educational leaders, and expands the definition of an "educational leader" from a principal to include also teacher leaders, assistant principals, or school district leaders.
- Expands the program collaborative network to include school districts, state-approved educational leadership programs, regional consortia, and charter management organizations.
- The bill removes the Southern Regional Education Board and the National Staff Development Council as adopters of the framework of leadership standards, but retains adoption by the SBE.
- Modifies the goal of the network leadership program to:
 - Provide resources to support educational leaders and increase the capacity of educational leadership programs.
 - o Expand the information maintained by the program to specify continued enhancement of learning, civic education, coaching and mentoring, mental health awareness, technology in education, distance learning, and school safety.
 - Support evidence-based leadership practices for educational leaders.
- Modifies the delivery systems by which the DOE must coordinate program components to add universities and educational leadership coaching and mentoring, and specifies that local leadership academies are educational.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2021.

IV.

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Cons	Constitutional Issues:				
A.	Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:				
	None.				
B.	Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:				
	None.				
C.	Trust Funds Restrictions:				
	None.				
D.	State Tax or Fee Increases:				
	None.				
E.	Other Constitutional Issues:				
	None.				

provisions specified in law relating to compulsory school attendance, may also develop a professional development system that includes a master plan for inservice activities. The system and inservice plan must be submitted to the commissioner for approval pursuant to SBE rules. Section 1012.98(6), F.S.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

None.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 1004.04, 1004.85, 1012.39, 1012.56, 1012.575, and 1012.986.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Education on March 3, 2021:

The committee substitute:

- Adds to the requirement that if an educator preparation institute implements a
 competency-based program, it must include strategies appropriate for the early
 identification of students in crisis or experiencing a mental health challenge and the
 referral of such students to a mental health professional for support, and strategies to
 support the use of technology in education and distance learning.
- Authorizes an organization of private schools or a consortium of charter schools with an approved professional development system to design alternative preparation programs for certified teachers to add an additional coverage to their certificates.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

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	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: RCS		
03/02/2021		
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The Committee on Education (Wright) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

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Delete lines 101 - 123

and insert:

Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) and paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 1004.85, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1004.85 Postsecondary educator preparation institutes.-

(2) (a) Postsecondary institutions that are accredited or approved as described in State Board of Education rule may seek approval from the Department of Education to create educator

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preparation institutes for the purpose of providing any or all of the following:

- 1. Professional development instruction to assist teachers in improving classroom instruction and in meeting certification or recertification requirements.
- 2. Instruction to assist potential and existing substitute teachers in performing their duties.
- 3. Instruction to assist paraprofessionals in meeting education and training requirements.
- 4. Instruction for baccalaureate degree holders to become certified teachers as provided in this section in order to increase routes to the classroom for mid-career professionals who hold a baccalaureate degree and college graduates who were not education majors.
- 5. Instruction and professional development for part-time and full-time nondegreed teachers of career programs under s. 1012.39(1)(c).
- (3) Educator preparation institutes approved pursuant to this section may offer competency-based certification programs specifically designed for noneducation major baccalaureate degree holders to enable program participants to meet the educator certification requirements of s. 1012.56. An educator preparation institute choosing to offer a competency-based certification program pursuant to the provisions of this section must implement a program previously approved by the Department of Education for this purpose or a program developed by the institute and approved by the department for this purpose. Approved programs shall be available for use by other approved educator preparation institutes.

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- (a) Within 90 days after receipt of a request for approval, the Department of Education shall approve a preparation program pursuant to the requirements of this subsection or issue a statement of the deficiencies in the request for approval. The department shall approve a certification program if the institute provides evidence of the institute's capacity to implement a competency-based program that includes each of the following:
- 1.a. Participant instruction and assessment in the Florida Educator Accomplished Practices across content areas.
- b. The use of state-adopted student content standards to quide curriculum and instruction.
- c. Scientifically researched and evidence-based reading instructional strategies that improve reading performance for all students, including explicit, systematic, and sequential approaches to teaching phonemic awareness, phonics, vocabulary, fluency, and text comprehension and multisensory intervention strategies.
 - d. Content literacy and mathematical practices.
- e. Strategies appropriate for instruction of English language learners.
- f. Strategies appropriate for instruction of students with disabilities.
- g. Strategies to differentiate instruction based on student needs.
 - h. The use of character-based classroom management.
- i. Strategies appropriate for the early identification of students in crisis or experiencing a mental health challenge and the referral of such students to a mental health professional



for support.

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- j. Strategies to support the use of technology in education and distance learning.
- 2. An educational plan for each participant to meet certification requirements and demonstrate his or her ability to teach the subject area for which the participant is seeking certification, which is based on an assessment of his or her competency in the areas listed in subparagraph 1.
- 3. Field experiences appropriate to the certification subject area specified in the educational plan with a diverse population of students in a variety of challenging environments, including, but not limited to, high-poverty schools, urban schools, and rural schools, under the supervision of qualified educators.
- 4. A certification ombudsman to facilitate the process and procedures required for participants who complete the program to meet any requirements related to the background screening pursuant to s. 1012.32 and educator professional or temporary certification pursuant to s. 1012.56.

90 ======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =========

And the title is amended as follows:

Delete line 17

and insert:

nondegreed teachers of career programs; requiring the Department of Education to approve a certification program if an institute provides evidence of its capacity to implement a competency-based program that includes specified strategies; amending s.

961124

	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: RCS	•	
03/02/2021	•	
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The Committee on Education (Wright) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

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Between lines 263 and 264

4 insert: 5

Section 5. Section 1012.575, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1012.575 Alternative preparation programs for certified teachers to add additional coverage.—A district school board, or an organization of private schools or a consortium of charter schools with an approved professional development system as described in s. 1012.98(6), may design alternative teacher



preparation programs to enable persons already certificated to add an additional coverage to their certificates. Each alternative teacher preparation program shall be reviewed and approved by the Department of Education to assure that persons who complete the program are competent in the necessary areas of subject matter specialization. Two or more school districts may jointly participate in an alternative preparation program for teachers.

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======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ==========

And the title is amended as follows:

Between lines 25 and 26

24 insert:

> amending s. 1012.575, F.S.; authorizing an organization of private schools or a consortium of charter schools with an approved professional development system to design alternative teacher preparation programs;

By Senator Wright

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to education; amending s. 1004.04, F.S.; requiring additional specified strategies to be included in rules establishing uniform core curricula for each state-approved teacher preparation program; requiring that certain teacher preparation programs require students to demonstrate mastery of general knowledge by passing the General Knowledge Test of the Florida Teacher Certification Examination by the time of graduation; deleting a provision authorizing a teacher preparation program to waive certain admissions requirements for up to 10 percent of admitted students; amending s. 1004.85, F.S.; expanding the instruction that an educator preparation institute may provide to include instruction and professional development for part-time and full-time nondegreed teachers of career programs; amending s. 1012.39, F.S.; revising the minimum qualifications for part-time and full-time nondegreed teachers of career programs; amending s. 1012.56, F.S.; revising the acceptable means of demonstrating mastery of general knowledge to include documentation of receipt of a master's or higher degree from certain postsecondary institutions; revising the criteria for the Department of Education to issue a professional certificate; amending s. 1012.986, F.S.; defining the term "educational leader"; providing that the William Cecil Golden Professional Development Program for School Leaders must consist of a network of specified

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CODING: Words $\underline{\textbf{stricken}}$ are deletions; words $\underline{\textbf{underlined}}$ are additions.

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30	entities; revising the goals of the program; requiring
31	the department to also offer program components
32	through university or educational leadership academies
33	and through educational leadership coaching and
34	mentoring; making technical changes; providing an
35	effective date.
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37	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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39	Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) and paragraph
40	(b) of subsection (3) of section 1004.04, Florida Statutes, are
41	amended to read:
42	1004.04 Public accountability and state approval for
43	teacher preparation programs
44	(2) UNIFORM CORE CURRICULA AND CANDIDATE ASSESSMENT
45	(b) The rules to establish uniform core curricula for each
46	state-approved teacher preparation program must include, but are
47	not limited to, the following:
48	1. Candidate instruction and assessment in the Florida
49	Educator Accomplished Practices across content areas.
50	2. The use of state-adopted content standards to guide
51	curricula and instruction.
52	3. Scientifically researched and evidence-based reading
53	instructional strategies that improve reading performance for
54	all students, including explicit, systematic, and sequential
55	approaches to teaching phonemic awareness, phonics, vocabulary,
56	fluency, and text comprehension and multisensory intervention
57	strategies.
58	4. Content literacy and mathematics practices.

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- 5. Strategies appropriate for the instruction of English language learners.
- 6. Strategies appropriate for the instruction of students with disabilities.
- 7. Strategies to differentiate instruction based on student needs.
 - 8. The use of character-based classroom management.
- 9. Strategies appropriate for the early identification of students in crisis or experiencing a mental health challenge and the referral of such student to a mental health professional for support.
- 10. Strategies to support the use of technology in education and distance learning.
 - (3) INITIAL STATE PROGRAM APPROVAL .-

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- (b) Each teacher preparation program approved by the Department of Education, as provided for by this section, shall require students to meet, at a minimum, the following requirements as prerequisites for admission into the program:
- 1. For admission into the program, have a grade point average of at least 2.5 on a 4.0 scale for the general education component of undergraduate studies or have completed the requirements for a baccalaureate degree with a minimum grade point average of 2.5 on a 4.0 scale from any college or university accredited by a regional accrediting association as defined by State Board of Education rule or any college or university otherwise approved pursuant to State Board of Education rule.
- 2. Demonstrate mastery of general knowledge $\frac{1}{2}$ sufficient for $\frac{1}{2}$ entry into the program, including the ability to read, write,

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14-00473B-21 2021934 and perform in mathematics, by passing the General Knowledge Test of the Florida Teacher Certification Examination by the 90 time of graduation or, for a graduate level program, obtain a baccalaureate degree from an institution that is accredited or approved pursuant to the rules of the State Board of Education. 92 93 Each teacher preparation program may waive these admissions 95 requirements for up to 10 percent of the students admitted. Programs shall implement strategies to ensure that students 96 97 admitted under a waiver receive assistance to demonstrate competencies to successfully meet requirements for certification and shall annually report to the Department of Education the 99 100 status of each candidate admitted under such a waiver. 101 Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 102 1004.85, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 103 1004.85 Postsecondary educator preparation institutes.-104 (2) (a) Postsecondary institutions that are accredited or approved as described in State Board of Education rule may seek 105 106 approval from the Department of Education to create educator 107 preparation institutes for the purpose of providing any or all 108 of the following: 109 1. Professional development instruction to assist teachers 110 in improving classroom instruction and in meeting certification 111 or recertification requirements. 2. Instruction to assist potential and existing substitute 112 113 teachers in performing their duties. 114 3. Instruction to assist paraprofessionals in meeting 115 education and training requirements.

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4. Instruction for baccalaureate degree holders to become

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certified teachers as provided in this section in order to increase routes to the classroom for mid-career professionals who hold a baccalaureate degree and college graduates who were not education majors.

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 $\underline{5}$. Instruction and professional development for part-time and full-time nondegreed teachers of career programs under s. 1012.39(1)(c).

Section 3. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 1012.39, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1012.39 Employment of substitute teachers, teachers of adult education, nondegreed teachers of career education, and career specialists; students performing clinical field experience.—

- (1) Notwithstanding ss. 1012.32, 1012.55, 1012.56, and 1012.57, or any other provision of law or rule to the contrary, each district school board shall establish the minimal qualifications for:
- (c) Part-time and full-time nondegreed teachers of career programs. Qualifications shall be established for nondegreed teachers of career and technical education courses for program clusters that are recognized in the state and are based primarily on successful occupational experience rather than academic training. The qualifications for such teachers shall require:
- 1. The filing of a complete set of fingerprints in the same manner as required by s. 1012.32. Faculty employed solely to conduct postsecondary instruction may be exempted from this requirement.
 - 2. Documentation of education and successful occupational

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146 experience including documentation of: 147 a. A high school diploma or the equivalent. 148 b. Completion of 6 years of full-time successful 149 occupational experience or the equivalent of part-time 150 experience in the teaching specialization area. The district 151 school board may establish alternative qualifications for 152 teachers with an industry certification in the career area in 153 which they teach. 154 c. Completion of career education training conducted 155 through the local school district inservice master plan or 156 through an educator preparation institute approved by the State Board of Education pursuant to s. 1004.85. 157 d. For full-time teachers, completion of professional 158 159 education training in teaching methods, course construction, lesson planning and evaluation, and teaching special needs

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teacher education program.

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e. Demonstration of successful teaching performance.

an accredited or approved institution or an approved district

students. This training may be completed through coursework from

f. Documentation of industry certification when state or national industry certifications are available and applicable.

Section 4. Subsection (3) and paragraph (a) of subsection (7) of section 1012.56, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1012.56 Educator certification requirements.—

- (3) MASTERY OF GENERAL KNOWLEDGE.—Acceptable means of demonstrating mastery of general knowledge are:
- (a) Achievement of passing scores on the general knowledge examination required by state board rule;
 - (b) Documentation of a valid professional standard teaching

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certificate issued by another state;

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- (c) Documentation of a valid certificate issued by the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards or a national educator credentialing board approved by the State Board of Education;
- (d) Documentation of two semesters of successful, full-time or part-time teaching in a Florida College System institution, state university, or private college or university that awards an associate or higher degree and is an accredited institution or an institution of higher education identified by the Department of Education as having a quality program; $\frac{1}{100}$
- (e) Achievement of passing scores, identified in state board rule, on national or international examinations that test comparable content and relevant standards in verbal, analytical writing, and quantitative reasoning skills, including, but not limited to, the verbal, analytical writing, and quantitative reasoning portions of the Graduate Record Examination. Passing scores identified in state board rule must be at approximately the same level of rigor as is required to pass the general knowledge examinations; or
- (f) Documentation of receipt of a master's or higher degree from an accredited postsecondary educational institution that the Department of Education has identified as having a quality program resulting in a baccalaureate degree or higher.

A school district that employs an individual who does not achieve passing scores on any subtest of the general knowledge examination must provide information regarding the availability of state-level and district-level supports and instruction to

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204	assist him or her in achieving a passing score. Such information
205	must include, but need not be limited to, state-level test
206	information guides, school district test preparation resources,
207	and preparation courses offered by state universities and
208	Florida College System institutions.
209	(7) TYPES AND TERMS OF CERTIFICATION
210	(a) The Department of Education shall issue a professional
211	certificate for a period not to exceed 5 years to any applicant
212	who fulfills one of the following:
213	1. Meets all the applicable requirements outlined in
214	subsection (2).
215	2. For a professional certificate covering grades 6 through
216	12:
217	a. Meets the applicable requirements of paragraphs (2)(a)-
218	(h).
219	b. Holds a master's or higher degree in the area of
220	science, technology, engineering, or mathematics.
221	c. Teaches a high school course in the subject of the
222	advanced degree.
223	d. Is rated highly effective as determined by the teacher's
224	performance evaluation under s. 1012.34, based in part on
225	student performance as measured by a statewide, standardized
226	assessment or an Advanced Placement, Advanced International
227	Certificate of Education, or International Baccalaureate
228	examination.
229	e. Achieves a passing score on the Florida professional
230	education competency examination required by state board rule.
231	3. Meets the applicable requirements of paragraphs (2)(a)-
232	(h) and completes a professional preparation and education

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233 competence program approved by the department pursuant to 234 paragraph (8)(c) or an educator preparation institute approved 235 by the department pursuant to s. 1004.85. An applicant who 236 completes one of these programs the program and is rated highly 237 effective as determined by his or her performance evaluation 238 under s. 1012.34 is not required to take or achieve a passing 239 score on the professional education competency examination in 240 order to be awarded a professional certificate.

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242 Each temporary certificate is valid for 3 school fiscal years 243 and is nonrenewable. At least 1 year before an individual's 244 temporary certificate is set to expire, the department shall electronically notify the individual of the date on which his or 245 246 her certificate will expire and provide a list of each method by 247 which the qualifications for a professional certificate can be 248 completed. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules to 249 allow the department to extend the validity period of a 250 temporary certificate for 2 years when the requirements for the 251 professional certificate were not completed due to the serious 252 illness or injury of the applicant, the military service of an 253 applicant's spouse, other extraordinary extenuating 254 circumstances, or if the certificateholder is rated highly 255 effective in the immediate prior year's performance evaluation 256 pursuant to s. 1012.34 or has completed a 2-year mentorship 2.57 program pursuant to s. 1012.56(8). The department shall extend 258 the temporary certificate upon approval by the Commissioner of 259 Education. A written request for extension of the certificate

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shall be submitted by the district school superintendent, the governing authority of a university lab school, the governing

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262	authority of a state-supported school, or the governing
263	authority of a private school.
264	Section 5. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 1012.986,
265	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
266	1012.986 William Cecil Golden Professional Development
267	Program for School Leaders
268	(1) There is established the William Cecil Golden
269	Professional Development Program for School Leaders to provide
270	$\underline{\text{high-quality}}$ $\underline{\text{high}}$ standards and sustained support for
271	<pre>educational principals as instructional leaders. For purposes of</pre>
272	this section, "educational leader" means teacher leaders,
273	assistant principals, principals, or school district leaders.
274	The program shall consist of a collaborative network of $\underline{\text{school}}$
275	districts, state-approved educational leadership programs,
276	regional consortia, charter management organizations, and state
277	and national professional leadership organizations to respond to
278	$\underline{\mathtt{educational}}$ $\underline{\mathtt{instructional}}$ leadership needs throughout the state.
279	The network shall support the human-resource development needs
280	of <u>educational leaders</u> principals, principal leadership teams,
281	and candidates for principal leadership positions using the
282	framework of leadership standards adopted by the State Board of
283	Education, the Southern Regional Education Board, and the
284	National Staff Development Council. The goal of the network
285	leadership program is to:
286	(a) Provide resources to support and enhance the $\underline{\text{roles of}}$
287	educational leaders principal's role as the instructional
288	leader .
289	(b) Maintain a clearinghouse and disseminate data-supported
290	information related to $\underline{\text{the continued enhancement of}}$ $\underline{\text{enhanced}}$

Page 10 of 11

	14-004/38-21 2021934
291	student achievement and learning, civic education, coaching and
292	mentoring, mental health awareness, technology in education,
293	distance learning, and school safety, based on educational
294	research and best practices.
295	(c) Build the capacity to Increase the quality and capacity
296	of <u>educational leadership development</u> programs for preservice
297	education for aspiring principals and inservice professional
298	development for principals and principal leadership teams.
299	(d) Support evidence-based leadership best teaching and
300	research-based instructional practices through dissemination and
301	modeling at the preservice and inservice levels for educational
302	<u>leaders</u> both teachers and principals.
303	(2) The Department of Education shall coordinate through
304	the network identified in subsection (1) to offer the program
305	<u>components</u> through multiple delivery systems, including:
306	(a) Approved school district training programs.
307	(b) Interactive technology-based instruction.
308	(c) Regional consortium service organizations pursuant to
309	s. 1001.451.
310	(d) State, regional, <u>university</u> , or local <u>educational</u>
311	leadership academies.
312	(e) Educational leadership coaching and mentoring.
313	Section 6. This act shall take effect July 1, 2021.

Page 11 of 11

THE FLORIDA SENATE

APPEARANCE RECORD

322 Meeting Date (Deliver BOT)	H copies of this form to the Senator	or Senate Professional Sta	aff conducting the meeting	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic <u>Education</u> Name <u>Khanh-Lie</u>		ON Lynn	Amer	ndment Barcode (if applicable)
Job Title Treasurer,	Legislative (Immittee		
Address 1747 Oct	Jarlo Central	PKWY	Phone 407	855.7604
Drando		382809	Email trasi	wer@ Floridapta.d
City Speaking: For Against	State Information	<i>Zip</i> Waive Sp <i>(The Chai</i> i	eaking: \boxed{V} In Sur will read this inform	upport Against mation into the record.)
Representing — Floric	la PM			
Appearing at request of Chair:	Yes No	Lobbyist registe	ered with Legisla	ture: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encountering. Those who do speak may b				

S-001 (10/14/14)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

YOU MUST PRINT AND DELIVER THIS FORM TO THE ASSIGNED TESTIMONY ROOM

THE FLORIDA SENATE

3/2/202	21	APPEARANCE	RECO	RD	934
Me	eting Date				Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic S	SB 934			_	Amendment Barcode (if applicable
Name [Bethany Swonson		Alles College		
Job Titl	e Deputy Chief of Staff		NECHNOLOGY STAMMONICON MONTH SELECTION OF SE		
Address	325 West Gaines St Suit	e 1520		Phone 850	-621-2556
	Street Tallahassee	FL	32399	Email Beth	any.swonson@fldoe.org
Speakin	<i>City</i> g: ☐For ☐Against [State Information		peaking: V	In Support Against information into the record.)
Rep	resenting Florida Departm	ent of Education			
While it is	ng at request of Chair: s a Senate tradition to encourage Those who do speak may be as	e public testimony, time may i	not permit all	persons wishir	

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/14/14)

YOU MUST PRINT AND DELIVER THIS FORM TO THE ASSIGNED TESTIMONY ROOM

THE FLORIDA SENATE

2 Mar 21	APPEARA	NCE RECOR	PD 934
Meeting Date			Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Educator Training	g		Amendment Barcode (if applicable
Name Debbie Mortham	2000		
Job Title Florida Legisla	ative Director		
Address 215 S Monroe	St, Suite 420		Phone 8503913077
Tallahassee	FL	32301	mail Debbie@afloridapromise.org
City Speaking: For	State Against Information		aking: In Support Against will read this information into the record.)
Representing Found	dation for Florida's Future		
Appearing at request of	Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registere	ed with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition t meeting. Those who do spea	to encourage public testimony, t k may be asked to limit their ren	ime may not permit all pe narks so that as many pe	rsons wishing to speak to be heard at this rsons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the pub	lic record for this meeting.		S-001 (10/14/14)

THE FLORIDA SENATE

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Topic EduCATION Amendment Barcode (if applicable) LUBBYIST Job Title _ Phone 850-264-2184 State Zip Waive Speaking: | In Support For Information Speaking: Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.) Representing FLORIDA COUNCI Lobbyist registered with Legislature: X Yes Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. This form is part of the public record for this meeting. S-001 (10/14/14)

YOU MUST PRINT AND DELIVER THIS FORM TO THE ASSIGNED TESTIMONY ROOM

THE FLORIDA SENATE

3/2/2021	APPEARAN	ICE RECO	SB 934
Meeting Date			Bill Number (if applicable) 961124
Topic Teacher Certification and	Professional Develo	pment	Amendment Barcode (if applicable
Name Michael Barrett	CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF		_
Job Title Associate for Education		7	_
Address 201 W. Park Ave.	- 14-14-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	Phone (850) 205-6823
Street Tallahassee	FL	32301	Email mbarrett@flacathconf.org
Speaking: For Against	State Information		Speaking: In Support Against air will read this information into the record.)
Representing Florida Conference	ence of Catholic Bish	nops	
Appearing at request of Chair:	Yes ✓ No	Lobbyist regis	tered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage meeting. Those who do speak may be a		•	Il persons wishing to speak to be heard at this persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record	for this meeting.		S-001 (10/14/14

THE FLORIDA SENATE

APPEARANCE RECORD

3/a/a (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator o	r Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) 934
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Education	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name James Herzog	
Job Title Director of Legislative s	Services
Address 464 Bay Point Way	N Phone (850) 339-1217
Saint Johns FL	32259 Email jherzog @fagns.org
City State	Zip
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Florida Association a	of Academic Nonpublic Schools
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/14/14)

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prep	pared By: T	he Professional	Staff of the Commit	tee on Educ	cation
BILL:	SB 1436	SB 1436				
INTRODUCER:	Senator Gr	Senator Gruters				
SUBJECT:	Florida Postsecondary Academic Library Network					
DATE:	March 1, 2	021	REVISED:			
ANAL	YST	STAF	F DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION
1. Westmark		Bouck		ED	Fav	
2.	_			AED		
3.				AP		

I. Summary:

SB 1436 establishes the Florida Postsecondary Academic Library Network (Network) under the joint oversight of the Office of the Board of Governors (BOG) and the Department of Education, and repeals the Complete Florida Plus Program (Complete Florida Plus). The bill retains certain functions from Complete Florida Plus Program, with modifications, and adds new functions. The bill:

- Maintains Complete Florida Plus purposes related to distance learning courses and degree
 programs, and online academic support services, but specifies Network purposes must
 include providing recommendations on the use and distribution of open-access textbooks and
 education resources to reduce costs.
- Specifies the Network single library automation system and associated resources and services
 must include a shared Internet-based catalog and discovery tool, an Internet-based searchable
 collection of electronic resources, an integrated library management system, and a statewide
 searchable database that includes an inventory of digital archives and collections that public
 postsecondary education institutions hold.
- Increases reporting requirements on host entity performance in delivering specified services.
- Maintains an online admissions and computer-assisted student advising system, but removes the Complete Florida Plus requirement that the advising system support K-12 education.
- Requires, by June 1, 2022, the Commissioner of Education and the Chancellor of the BOG to
 provide a joint recommendation for a process by which school district career centers and
 charter technical career centers would access appropriate Network services.

See Section V for fiscal comments.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2021.

II. Present Situation:

Florida Virtual Campus

The Florida Virtual Campus (FLVC) was created in 2012 by the Florida Legislature through the consolidation of four statewide organizations: the College Center for Library Automation, the Florida Center for Library Automation, the Florida Center for Advising and Academic Support, and the Florida Distance Learning Consortium.¹

In 2014, the Legislature amended the FLVC to be a Complete Florida Plus Program (Complete Florida Plus) and in 2015 moved management of the FLVC to the University of West Florida's (UWF's) Division of Research and Strategic Innovation, where its mission and purpose remained the same. The units under FLVC included the Florida Academic Library Services Cooperative, Distance Learning and Student Services.²

Complete Florida Plus Program

Complete Florida Plus was created at the UWF to:³

- Facilitate degree completion for Florida's adult learners through the Complete Florida Degree Initiative;⁴
- Maintain and manage Florida's online catalog of distance learning courses, degree programs, and resources:
- Provide statewide online student advising services and support;
- Provide information regarding and access to distance learning courses and degree programs offered by public postsecondary education institutions within the state;
- Coordinate with the Florida College System (FCS) and the State University System (SUS) to identify and provide online academic support services and resources when the multiinstitutional provision of such services and resources is more cost effective or operationally effective; and
- Administer the Florida Academic Library Services Cooperative and consult with the chancellors of the FCS and the SUS regarding the implementation and operations of the cooperative.

Complete Florida Plus is required to make available online student advising services and support, including:⁵

A streamlined online admissions application process, to be used by all postsecondary
institutions, for undergraduate transient students currently enrolled and pursuing a degree at a
public postsecondary education institution who enroll in a course offered by a public
postsecondary education institution that is not the student's degree-granting institution. UWF
is required to work with FCS institutions and state universities as specified in law.

¹ Florida Virtual Campus, Organization Profile, https://www.flvc.org/organization-profile (last visited Feb. 26, 2021).

 $^{^{2}}$ Id.

³ Distance Learning and Student Services, *Complete Florida Plus Program*, https://dlss.flvc.org/about/legislation-regulation/complete-florida-plus-program (last visited Feb. 25, 2021). *See also* s. 1006.735(1), F.S.

⁴ See s. 1006.735(2), F.S.

⁵ Section 1006.735(4), F.S.

A K-20 statewide computer-assisted student advising system to support career and education
planning for the K-12 system and the process of advising, registering, and certifying
postsecondary students for graduation and to include a degree audit and an articulation
component. FCS institutions and state universities are to interface institutional advising
systems with the statewide computer-assisted student advising system that meets minimum
specified requirements.

- A method for identifying and evaluating new technologies and instructional methods for improving distance learning instruction and development for faculty, student learning outcomes, student access, the efficient delivery of student support services, the alignment of degrees to career needs, and the overall quality of postsecondary distance learning courses and degree programs.
- Help desk support and training and consultation services to institutions and students using Complete Florida Plus services and resources.
- Negotiation of statewide licensing resources and preferred pricing agreements, issuing
 purchase orders, and entering into contracts for the acquisition of distance learning resources,
 student and support services, electronic resources, and other goods and services necessary.
- Development and implementation of a plan, in consultation with public postsecondary education institutions, that describes the services and resources available through Complete Florida Plus to encourage current and prospective students' use.

Complete Florida Plus develops and manages a statewide Internet-based catalog of distance learning courses, degree programs, and resources offered by public postsecondary education institutions which is intended to assist in the coordination and collaboration of articulation and access.⁶ Operational procedures for the catalog must:⁷

- Require participating institutions to provide specified information concerning the distance learning course or degree program.
- Require that distance learning courses and degree programs meet applicable accreditation standards and criteria.
- Require that the catalog is reviewed and updated frequently to ensure compliance with operational procedures.
- Define and describe the catalog's search and retrieval options that will allow users to search by specified criteria, at a minimum.
- Use an Internet-based analytic tool that allows the collection and analysis of specified data.

The UWF is required to submit a report on an annual basis to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives regarding the implementation and operation of all components of Complete Florida Plus, including, but not limited to, information and associated costs relating to the services and functions of the program.⁸

⁶ Section 1006.735(3), F.S.

⁷ *Id*.

⁸ Section 1006.735(5), F.S. *See* Florida Virtual Campus, *Complete Florida Plus Program 2019 Annual Report* (2019), *available at* https://www.flvc.org/documents/96858/1300774/CFPP+2019+Annual+Report.pdf/fcdee5fd-f6e4-014d-89c1-0efbc42f9b58.

The Northwest Regional Data Center⁹ is required by law to provide all data center services necessary to support the statewide Internet-based catalog established and the statewide online student advising services and support.¹⁰

In 2020, the Governor vetoed the \$29.4 million in the 2020-2021 budget for Complete Florida Plus. ¹¹ In July 2020, Complete Florida Plus was decommissioned, and the FLVC was moved to a new host organization, the Northwest Regional Data Center at Florida State University. ¹² Since that time, Complete Florida Plus has operated on \$9.8 million in carry-forward accounts. ¹³

Florida Academic Library Services Cooperative

The Florida Academic Library Services Cooperative (FALSC) provides a single library automation system and associated resources and services for all public postsecondary institutions to use to support learning, teaching, and research needs. ¹⁴ The FALSC develops and manages a library information portal and automated library management tools for use by FCS institutions and state universities. ¹⁵

The FALSC is a unit of the FLVC which operates the integrated library system used by public colleges and university libraries statewide. The FALSC also provides more than 150,000 unique, digital archive and collection items and a statewide collection of over 400,000 online journals, e-books, and e-resources, available to assist nearly 1.3 million students, faculty, and staff throughout Florida.¹⁶

Products and services offered by the FALSC include: 17

- Management and maintenance of the statewide collection of e-resources available to students at all 40 public colleges and universities. ¹⁸
- A shared catalog of library holdings for students to search for materials owned by any college or university in Florida.
- An integrated library system used by libraries to manage their local collections.
- Collaboration with public post-secondary education institutions to create and support Florida libraries' digital archives and collections.

⁹ See s. 1004.649, F.S.

¹⁰ Section 1006.735(6), F.S.

¹¹ Governor Ron DeSantis, 2020 Veto List (2020), available at https://www.flgov.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/06/2020-Veto-List.pdf, at 5.

¹² Florida Virtual Campus, Organization Profile, https://www.flvc.org/organization-profile (last visited Feb. 26, 2021).

¹³ Andrew Atterbury, *Florida to rescue 'essential' online education programs after veto*, Politico, July 1, 2020, *available at* https://www.politico.com/states/florida/story/2020/07/01/florida-to-rescue-essential-online-education-programs-after-veto-1296642.

¹⁴ Section 1006.73(1), F.S.

¹⁵ Section 1006.73(2), F.S.

¹⁶ Florida Academic Library Services Cooperative, *About FALSC*, https://libraries.flvc.org/about-false (last visited Feb. 25, 2021).

¹⁷ Id.

¹⁸ Students enrolled in Florida public secondary schools are required to have access to state funded electronic library resources licensed by the Florida Academic Library Services Cooperative. Rule 6A-7.077, F.A.C. Public secondary school students enrolled in the articulated acceleration programs are also eligible to use electronic library resources funded by the Florida Center for Library Automation. Board of Governors Regulation 6.012.

• Negotiation and procurement of e-resources for individual institutions through a group licensing process.

- In-person training and consultation on the FALSC products and services, in addition to online webinars, instruction, and self-paced training for all college and university libraries.
- A centralized Help Desk providing user and technical support for the FALSC library services.
- A statewide open education community to promote and support textbook affordability and Open Educational Resources.

The UWF is tasked with hiring a director for the FALSC to report to and be under the supervision and direction of the director of Complete Florida Plus, ¹⁹ and the UWF is required to submit on an annual basis a report to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives describing the implementation and operation of the FALSC.²⁰

Distance Learning and Student Services

Distance Learning and Student Services (DLSS) provides an array of innovative educational services for students, educators, and administrators in the sunshine state. The DLSS operates several statewide services that impact the success of the state's students, of which one of the more popular is FloridaShines.²¹

FloridaShines

FloridaShines works with the state's public colleges and universities and other partners as a website where students can check their transcripts, register for online courses, search academic libraries across the state, and compare colleges and universities, among other activities, at no cost to the student.²²

MyCareerShines

MyCareerShines provides career education and associated academic advising as a portal for Complete Florida Plus.²³ The FLVC's MyCareerShines career exploration system allows individuals to take skill and interest assessments and match their results to profiles of potential careers, while emphasizing those with high-growth potential in Florida. Cost-free resources available assist in creating an education plan, searching for scholarships, writing a resume, interviewing, and locating available jobs in Florida. MyCareerShines offers specialized modules for PreK-5 students, middle and high school students, college and university students, and adults.²⁴

¹⁹ Section 1006.73(3), F.S.

²⁰ Section 1006.73(4), F.S.

²¹ Florida Virtual Campus, *Organization Profile*, https://www.flvc.org/organization-profile (last visited Feb. 26, 2021).

²³ Florida Virtual Campus, *Complete Florida Plus Program 2019 Annual Report* (2019), *available at* https://www.flvc.org/documents/96858/1300774/CFPP+2019+Annual+Report.pdf/fcdee5fd-f6e4-014d-89c1-0efbc42f9b58, at 1.

²⁴ *Id.*, at 3.

MyCareerShines has registered more than 859,000 users, with more than 1.2 million career assessments completed by middle school, high school, college, and adult users of the system. MyCareerShines is being used in approximately 3,400 middle school, high school and postsecondary institutions throughout Florida.²⁵

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

SB 1436 establishes the Florida Postsecondary Academic Library Network (Network) under the joint oversight of the Office of the Board of Governors (BOG) and the Department of Education (DOE) in place of the Florida Academic Library Services Cooperative, and repeals the Complete Florida Plus Program (Complete Florida Plus).

The bill declares the purpose of the Network to deliver specified services to public postsecondary education institutions in Florida, namely all Florida College System (FCS) and State University System (SUS) institutions. The bill retains the general purpose of Complete Florida Plus, which includes the following services:

- Provision of information regarding and access to distance learning courses and degree programs offered by public postsecondary education institutions within the state.
- Coordination with the FCS and SUS to identify and provide online academic support services and resources when the multi-institutional provision of such services and resources is more cost effective or operationally effective.
- Administration of a single library automation system and associated resources and services
 that all public postsecondary institutions use to support learning, teaching, and research
 needs, and development of automated library management tools.

The bill also adds to the Network the following services and functions:

- To the single library automation system:
 - A shared Internet-based catalog and discovery tool that allows a user to search and, if authorized, access the aggregate library holdings of the state's public postsecondary education institutions. The catalog and discovery tool must allow a user to search the library holdings of one institution, selected institutions, or all institutions and, to the extent feasible, must include an interlibrary loan function that ensures an authorized user can access the required library holding.
 - An Internet-based searchable collection of electronic resources which must include, but not be limited to, full-text journals, articles, databases, and electronic books licensed as specified.
 - An integrated library management system and its associated services that all public postsecondary education institution academic libraries must use for purposes of acquiring, cataloging, circulating, and tracking library material.
 - A statewide searchable database that includes an inventory of digital archives and collections held by public postsecondary education institutions.
- Coordination, with FCS institutions' and state universities' library staff, of the negotiation of statewide licensing of electronic library resources and preferred pricing agreements, issue

²⁵ Florida Virtual Campus, *Complete Florida Plus Program 2019 Annual Report* (2019), *available at* https://www.flvc.org/documents/96858/1300774/CFPP+2019+Annual+Report.pdf/fcdee5fd-f6e4-014d-89c1-0efbc42f9b58, at 13.

purchase orders, and entering into contracts for the acquisition of library support services, electronic resources, and other goods and services necessary to carry out its authorized duties.

- Promotion and provision of recommendations concerning the use and distribution of openaccess textbooks and education resources as a method for reducing costs.
- Provision of appropriate help desk support and training and consultation services to institutions and students.

The bill maintains from Complete Florida Plus a statewide Internet-based catalog of distance learning courses, degree programs, and resources offered by public postsecondary education institutions, intended to assist in the coordination and collaboration of articulation and access specified in law.²⁶

In addition, the bill expands on functions in the Complete Florida Plus catalog of distance learning courses, to specify that the host entity is responsible for developing and disseminating operational procedures and technical guidelines for the catalog, to be followed by all participating institutions, which guidelines must address the following:

- Specific information concerning the distance learning course or degree program, including but not limited to course number, classification of instructional programs number, and information on the availability of the course or degree program; any prerequisite course or technology competency or skill; the availability of academic support services and financial aid resources; and course costs, fees, and payment policies.
- Definitions and descriptions of the catalog's search and retrieval options that will at a
 minimum allow users to search by academic term or course start date; institution, multiple
 institutions, or all institutions; and course or program delivery methods, course type, course
 availability, subject or discipline, and course number or classification of instructional
 programs number.
- An Internet-based analytic tool that allows for the collection and analysis of data as to usage
 of resources accessed or interaction with constituent institutions whose courses and programs
 are listed in the catalog.
- Frequent review and updates to institution catalogs to ensure that distance learning courses and degree programs comply with operational procedures.

The bill retains Complete Florida Plus student advising and support, with some modifications. Specifically, the bill requires the student advising services to provide:

- A streamlined online admissions application process, to be used by all public postsecondary
 institutions, for undergraduate transient students currently enrolled and pursuing a degree at a
 public postsecondary education institution who enroll in a course offered by a public
 postsecondary education institution that is not the student's degree-granting institution,
 which must:
 - Use the transient student admissions application available through the statewide computer-assisted student advising system as specified. This admissions application is the only application required for enrollment of a transient student as described.
 - Implement the financial aid procedures required by the transient student admissions application process.

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²⁶ Sections 1007.01 - 1007.273, F.S.

 Transfer credit awarded by the institution offering the course to the transient student's degree-granting institution.

- Provide an interface between the institutional advising system and the statewide computer-assisted student advising system established, in order to electronically send, receive, and process the transient student admissions application.
- A statewide computer-assisted student advising system to support the process of advising, registering, and capturing student progression toward a degree and career and which must include a degree audit and an articulation component. The bill removes from the Complete Florida Plus student advising system a requirement for K-12 support. FCS institutions and state universities are required to interface institutional advising systems with the statewide computer-assisted student advising system, which must, at a minimum:
 - o Allow a student to access the system at any time.
 - Allow a student to search public postsecondary education institutions and identify course options that will meet the requirements of a selected path toward a degree.
 - Audit transcripts of students enrolled in a public postsecondary education institution to assess current academic standing, the requirements for a student to transfer to another institution, and all requirements necessary for graduation.
 - Serve as the official statewide repository for the common prerequisite manual, admissions information for transferring programs, foreign language requirements, residency requirements, and statewide articulation agreements.
 - Provide information relating to career descriptions and corresponding educational requirements, admissions requirements, and available student financial assistance sources.
 - Provide the admissions application for transient students as specified, which must include the electronic transfer and receipt of information and records for admissions and readmissions, financial aid, and transfer of credit awarded by the institution offering the course to the transient student's degree-granting institution using the Florida Automated System for Transferring Educational Records (the "FASTER System").
- A method for identifying and evaluating new technologies and instructional methods for improving distance learning instruction and development for faculty, student learning outcomes, student access, the efficient delivery of student support services, and the overall quality of postsecondary distance learning courses and degree programs.
- Negotiation of statewide licensing resources and preferred pricing agreements, issuing
 purchase orders, and entering into contracts for the acquisition of distance learning resources,
 student and support services, electronic resources, and other goods and services necessary.

The bill changes the host from the UWF but retains a reporting requirement similar to Complete Florida Plus. The bill requires the host entity, beginning December 31, 2021 and each year thereafter, to submit a report to the Chancellors of the SUS and FCS regarding the implementation and operation of all components described, including but not limited to usage information collected, information and associated costs relating to the services and functions of the program, and the implementation and operation of the automated library services. The chancellors are required to provide an annual report on the performance of the host entity in delivering the services and any recommendations for changes needed to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the BOG, and the State Board of Education.

The bill assigns the Office of the BOG and the DOE joint responsibility for determining the host entity for the services described and sharing in the receipt and administration of an associated appropriation as described in the General Appropriations Act. The Chancellors of the FCS and BOG are required to provide oversight for successful delivery by the host entity of the services described. The bill also removes the requirement under Complete Florida Plus that the Northwest Regional Data Center support the Network.

The bill adds a new requirement that the Commissioner of Education and the Chancellor of the SUS must, by June 1, 2022, provide a joint recommendation for a process by which school district career centers operated pursuant to state law and charter technical career centers operated pursuant to state law would access appropriate postsecondary distance learning, student support services, and library assets described. The recommendation must include an analysis of the resources necessary to expand access and assets to centers and their students.

Where applicable, the bill updates statutory references to specified services provided by the Network to read Florida Postsecondary Academic Library Network.

In accordance with the repeal of Complete Florida Plus, the bill removes statutory references to Complete Florida Plus and to the Complete Florida Degree Initiative, removes statutory requirements to use a graphic and description provided by Complete Florida Plus to inform students of the catalog, and removes a directive in law that encouraged veterans, if appropriate, to participate in the Complete Florida Degree Program.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2021.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

None.

Α.	Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:
	None.
B.	Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:
	None.
C.	Trust Funds Restrictions:
	None.
D.	State Tax or Fee Increases:
	None.
E.	Other Constitutional Issues:

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The Governor has recommended funding to cover costs associated with the Florida Postsecondary Academic Library Network in the amount of \$9,076,322 for Florida College System institutions and \$11,836,500 for state universities.²⁷

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 257.02, 295.22, 1004.013, 1006.73, 1007.01, 1007.27, 1009.23, and 1009.24.

This bill repeals section 1006.735 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

²⁷ Governor Ron DeSantis, *Fiscal Year 2021-2022 Governor's Recommended General Appropriations Act* (2021), *available at* http://www.bolderbrighterbetterfuture.com/content/Current/reports/Governors-Bill.pdf, Section 1, at 4 and 5.

By Senator Gruters

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to the Florida Postsecondary Academic Library Network; amending ss. 257.02 and 295.22, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 1004.013, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the awareness of certain postsecondary education programs and initiatives; amending s. 1006.73, F.S.; deleting provisions relating to the Florida Academic Library Services Cooperative; providing responsibilities for the Florida Postsecondary Academic Library Network; providing that the Board of Governors and the Department of Education will oversee a host entity chosen to deliver certain services; providing the services to be provided by the host entity; transferring responsibility for the statewide Internet-based catalog of distance learning courses to the host entity; providing requirements for such catalog; transferring responsibility for certain statewide online student advising services to the host entity; providing requirements for such services; requiring the host entity to annually submit a certain report by a specified date; providing requirements for such report; requiring the chancellors of the State University System and the Florida College System to provide a certain report; providing that specified entities have responsibility for the governance and administration of the provided services; requiring specified entities to issue a recommendation and report on expanding organizations who may access the

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30	provided services; repealing s. 1006.735, F.S.,		
31	relating to the Complete Florida Plus Program;		
32	amending s. 1007.01, F.S.; conforming a cross-		
33	reference; amending s. 1007.27, F.S.; conforming a		
34	provision to changes made by the act; amending ss.		
35	1009.23 and 1009.24, F.S.; conforming cross-		
36	references; revising a requirement to include a		
37	certain graphic on specified websites; providing an		
38	effective date.		
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40	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:		
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42	Section 1. Subsection (1) of section 257.02, Florida		
43	Statutes, is amended to read:		
44	257.02 State Library Council		
45	(1) There shall be a State Library Council to advise and		
46	assist the division with planning, policy, and priorities		
47	related to the development of statewide information services.		
48	The council shall consist of nine members who shall be appointed		
49	by the Secretary of State. Of the nine members, three members		
50	must represent Florida public libraries, two members must		
51	represent the Florida $\underline{Postsecondary}$ Academic Library $\underline{Network}$		
52	Services Cooperative, one member must represent a multitype		
53	library cooperative, one member must represent a school library		
54	media center, one member must represent the Independent Colleges		
55	and Universities of Florida, and one member must represent a		
56	Florida library professional association. Members shall be		
57	appointed for 4-year terms. A vacancy on the council shall be		
58	filled for the period of the unexpired term. A person may not be		

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appointed to serve more than two consecutive terms as a member of the council. The secretary may remove from office any council member for malfeasance, misfeasance, neglect of duty, incompetence, permanent inability to perform official duties, or pleading guilty or nolo contendere to, or being found guilty of, a felony.

Section 2. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 295.22, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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295.22 Veterans Employment and Training Services Program.-

- (3) ADMINISTRATION.—Florida Is For Veterans, Inc., shall administer the Veterans Employment and Training Services Program and perform all of the following functions:
- (b) Assist veterans who reside in or relocate to this state and who are seeking employment. The corporation shall offer skills assessments to veterans and assist them in establishing employment goals and applying for and achieving gainful employment.
- 1. Assessment may include skill match information, skill gap analysis, resume creation, translation of military skills into civilian workforce skills, and translation of military achievements and experience into generally understood civilian workforce skills.
- 2. Assistance may include providing the veteran with information on current workforce demand by industry or geographic region, creating employment goals, and aiding or teaching general knowledge related to completing applications. The corporation may provide information related to industry certifications approved by the Department of Education under s. 1008.44 as well as information related to earning academic

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college credit at public postsecondary educational institutions for college-level training and education acquired in the military under s. 1004.096. 3. The corporation shall encourage veterans to register with the state's job bank system and may refer veterans to local one-stop career centers for further services. The corporation 93 shall provide each veteran with information about state workforce programs and shall consolidate information about all available resources on one website that, if possible, includes a 97 hyperlink to each resource's website and contact information, if available. If appropriate, a veteran shall be encouraged to participate in the Complete Florida Degree Program established under s. 1006.735. 100 101 4. Assessment and assistance may be in person or by electronic means, as determined by the corporation to be most efficient and best meet the needs of veterans. 103 104 Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 1004.013, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 105 106 1004.013 SAIL to 60 Initiative.-107 (2) The State Board of Education and the Board of Governors shall work collaboratively to, at a minimum: 108 109 (a) Increase the awareness and use of: 110 1. The student advising system established under s. 1006.73 111 s. 1006.735(4)(b). 112 2. The Complete Florida Degree Initiative established under s. 1006.735(2) that facilitates degree completion for the 113 114 state's adult learners. The Chancellor of the State University 115 System and the Chancellor of the Florida College System shall consult with the Complete Florida Degree Initiative to identify 116

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117	barriers to program expansion and develop recommendations to				
118	increase the number of participating institutions and students				
119	served by the program. The recommendations must consider, at a				
120	minimum, methods for increasing outreach efforts to help				
121	students complete the "last mile" by providing financial				
122	assistance to students who are within 12 credit hours of				
123	completing their first associate or baccalaureate degree, but				
124	have separated from their institution of enrollment for more				
125	than one semester. Recommendations must be submitted to the				
126	Board of Governors, the State Board of Education, and the				
127	Governor no later than October 1, 2019.				
128	2.3. Summer bridge programs at state universities and				
129	Florida College System institutions that help students				
130	transition to postsecondary education.				
131	Section 4. Section 1006.73, Florida Statutes, is amended to				
132	read:				
133	(Substantial rewording of section. See				
134	s. 1006.73, F.S., for present text.)				
135	1006.73 Florida Postsecondary Academic Library Network.				
136	(1) PURPOSE.—The Board of Governors and the Department of				
137	Education shall jointly oversee the host entity in accordance				
138	with subsection (5) which will deliver the following services to				
139	<pre>public postsecondary education institutions in this state,</pre>				
140	which, for the purposes of this section, means all Florida				
141	College System and State University System institutions:				
142	(a) Provide information regarding and access to distance				
143	learning courses and degree programs offered by public				
144	postsecondary education institutions within this state.				
145	(b) Coordinate with the Florida College System and the				

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146	State University System to identify and provide online academic
147	support services and resources when the multi-institutional
148	provision of such services and resources is more cost effective
149	or operationally effective.
150	(c) Administer a single library automation system and
151	associated resources and services that all public postsecondary
152	institutions shall use to support learning, teaching, and
153	research needs and develop automated library management tools
154	that shall include, but are not limited to, the following
155	services and functions:
156	1. A shared Internet-based catalog and discovery tool that
157	allows a user to search and, if authorized, access the aggregate
158	library holdings of this state's public postsecondary education
159	institutions. The catalog and discovery tool shall allow a user
160	to search the library holdings of one institution, selected
161	institutions, or all institutions and, to the extent feasible,
162	shall include an interlibrary loan function that ensures an
163	authorized user can access the required library holding.
164	2. An Internet-based searchable collection of electronic
165	resources which shall include, but not be limited to, full-text
166	journals, articles, databases, and electronic books licensed
167	pursuant to paragraph (d).
168	3. An integrated library management system and its
169	associated services that all public postsecondary education
170	institution academic libraries shall use for purposes of
171	acquiring, cataloging, circulating, and tracking library
172	material.
173	4. A statewide searchable database that includes an
174	inventory of digital archives and collections held by public
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postsecondary education institutions.

- (d) In collaboration with library staff from Florida
 College System institutions and state universities, coordinate
 the negotiation of statewide licensing of electronic library
 resources and preferred pricing agreements, issue purchase
 orders, and enter into contracts for the acquisition of library
 support services, electronic resources, and other goods and
 services necessary to carry out its duties under this section.
- (e) Promote and provide recommendations concerning the use and distribution of open-access textbooks and education resources as a method for reducing costs.
- (f) Provide appropriate help desk support, training, and consultation services to institutions and students.
- (2) STATEWIDE INTERNET-BASED CATALOG OF DISTANCE LEARNING COURSES.—There is established a statewide Internet-based catalog of distance learning courses, degree programs, and resources offered by public postsecondary education institutions which is intended to assist in the coordination and collaboration of articulation and access pursuant to parts II and III of chapter 1007. The host entity is responsible for developing and disseminating operational procedures and technical guidelines for the catalog, to be followed by all participating institutions. Operating procedures and technical guidelines will address the following:
- (a) Specific information concerning the distance learning course or degree program, including, but not limited to, course number, classification of instructional programs number, and information on the availability of the course or degree program; any prerequisite course or technology competency or skill; the

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availability of academic support services and financial aid resources; and course costs, fees, and payment policies. (b) Definitions and descriptions of the catalog's search and retrieval options that, at a minimum, will allow users to search by academic term or course start date; institution, multiple institutions, or all institutions; and course or program delivery methods, course type, course availability, subject or discipline, and course number or classification of instructional programs number. (c) An Internet-based analytic tool that allows for the collection and analysis of data as to usage of resources accessed or interaction with constituent institutions whose courses and programs are listed in the catalog. (d) Frequent review and updates to institution catalogs to ensure that distance learning courses and degree programs comply with operational procedures.

- (3) STATEWIDE ONLINE STUDENT ADVISING SERVICES AND SUPPORT.—The following online services and support shall be made available on a statewide basis:
- (a) A streamlined online admissions application process, which shall be used by all public postsecondary institutions, for undergraduate transient students currently enrolled and pursuing a degree at a public postsecondary education institution who enroll in a course offered by a public postsecondary education institution that is not the student's degree-granting institution, which shall:
- 1. Use the transient student admissions application available through the statewide computer-assisted student advising system established pursuant to paragraph (b). This

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admissions application is the only application required for enrollment of a transient student as described in this paragraph.

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- 2. Implement the financial aid procedures required by the transient student admissions application process.
- 3. Transfer credit awarded by the institution offering the course to the transient student's degree-granting institution.
- 4. Provide an interface between the institutional advising system and the statewide computer-assisted student advising system established pursuant to paragraph (b) in order to electronically send, receive, and process transient student admissions application.
- (b) A statewide computer-assisted student advising system that shall support the process of advising, registering, and capturing student progression toward a degree and career and shall include a degree audit and an articulation component.

 Florida College System institutions and state universities shall interface institutional advising systems with the statewide computer-assisted student advising system. At a minimum, the statewide computer-assisted student advising system shall:
 - 1. Allow a student to access the system at any time.
- 2. Allow a student to search public postsecondary education institutions and identify course options that will meet the requirements of a selected path toward a degree.
- 3. Audit transcripts of students enrolled in a public postsecondary education institution to assess current academic standing, the requirements for a student to transfer to another institution, and all requirements necessary for graduation.
 - 4. Serve as the official statewide repository for the

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262 common prerequisite manual, admissions information for
263 transferring programs, foreign language requirements, residency
264 requirements, and statewide articulation agreements.
265 5. Provide information relating to career descriptions and
266 corresponding educational requirements, admissions requirements,
267 and available sources of student financial assistance.
268 6. Provide the admissions application for transient

- 6. Provide the admissions application for transient students pursuant to paragraph (a) which must include the electronic transfer and receipt of information and records for:
- 271 a. Admissions and readmissions.
- b. Financial aid.

- c. Transfer of credit awarded by the institution offering the course to the transient student's degree-granting institution using the Florida Automated System for Transferring Educational Records (the "FASTER System").
- (c) A method for identifying and evaluating new technologies and instructional methods for improving distance learning instruction and development for faculty, student learning outcomes, student access, the efficient delivery of student support services, and the overall quality of postsecondary distance learning courses and degree programs.
- (d) Negotiation of statewide licensing resources and preferred pricing agreements, issuing purchase orders, and entering into contracts for the acquisition of distance learning resources, student and support services, electronic resources, and other goods and services necessary to carry out duties under this section.
- 289 (4) REPORTING.—Beginning December 31, 2021, and each year 290 thereafter, the host entity shall submit a report to the

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chancellors of the State University System and the Florida College System regarding the implementation and operation of all components described in this section, including, but not limited to, usage information collected under paragraph (2)(c), information and associated costs relating to the services and functions of the program, and the implementation and operation of the automated library services. The chancellors will provide an annual report on the performance of the host entity in

299 delivering the services and any recommendations for changes 300 needed to this section to the Governor, the President of the

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- 301 Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Board 302 of Governors, and the State Board of Education.
 - (5) GOVERNANCE AND ADMINISTRATION.—The Office of the Board of Governors and the Department of Education shall have joint responsibility for determining the host entity for the services described in this section and shall share in the receipt and administration of an associated appropriation as described in the General Appropriations Act. The chancellors of the Florida College System and the Board of Governors shall provide oversight for successful delivery by the host entity of the services described in this section.
 - (6) RECOMMENDATION ON OTHER EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS TO BE INCLUDED WITHIN THE FLORIDA POSTSECONDARY ACADEMIC LIBRARY NETWORK.-By June 1, 2022, the Commissioner of Education and the Chancellor of the State University System shall provide a joint recommendation for a process by which school district career centers operated under s. 1001.44 and charter technical career centers under s. 1002.34 would access appropriate postsecondary distance learning, student support services, and library assets

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described in this section. The recommendation must include an

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320 321 analysis of the resources necessary to expand access and assets 322 to centers and their students.

Section 5. Section 1006.735, Florida Statutes, is repealed. Section 6. Paragraph (h) of subsection (3) of section 1007.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1007.01 Articulation; legislative intent; purpose; role of the State Board of Education and the Board of Governors; Articulation Coordinating Committee .-

- (3) The Commissioner of Education, in consultation with the Chancellor of the State University System, shall establish the Articulation Coordinating Committee, which shall make recommendations related to statewide articulation policies and issues regarding access, quality, and reporting of data maintained by the K-20 data warehouse, established pursuant to ss. 1001.10 and 1008.31, to the Higher Education Coordination Council, the State Board of Education, and the Board of Governors. The committee shall consist of two members each representing the State University System, the Florida College System, public career and technical education, K-12 education, and nonpublic postsecondary education and one member representing students. The chair shall be elected from the membership. The Office of K-20 Articulation shall provide administrative support for the committee. The committee shall:
- (h) Recommend roles and responsibilities of public 345 education entities in interfacing with the single, statewide computer-assisted student advising system established pursuant to s. 1006.73 s. 1006.735.

Section 7. Subsection (1) of section 1007.27, Florida

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349 Statutes, is amended to read:

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1007.27 Articulated acceleration mechanisms.-

(1) It is the intent of the Legislature that a variety of articulated acceleration mechanisms be available for secondary and postsecondary students attending public educational institutions. It is intended that articulated acceleration serve to shorten the time necessary for a student to complete the requirements associated with the conference of a high school diploma and a postsecondary degree, broaden the scope of curricular options available to students, or increase the depth of study available for a particular subject. Articulated acceleration mechanisms shall include, but are not limited to, dual enrollment and early admission as provided for in s. 1007.271, advanced placement, credit by examination, the International Baccalaureate Program, and the Advanced International Certificate of Education Program. Credit earned through the Florida Virtual School shall provide additional opportunities for early graduation and acceleration. Students of Florida public secondary schools enrolled pursuant to this subsection shall be deemed authorized users of the state-funded electronic library resources that are licensed for Florida College System institutions and state universities by the Florida Postsecondary Academic Library Network Services Cooperative. Verification of eligibility shall be in accordance with rules established by the State Board of Education and regulations established by the Board of Governors and processes implemented by Florida College System institutions and state universities.

Section 8. Paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (16) and

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378	subsection (17) of section 1009.23, Florida Statutes, are			
379	amended to read:			
380	1009.23 Florida College System institution student fees.—			
381	(16)(a) Each Florida College System institution may assess			
382	a student who enrolls in a course listed in the distance			
383	learning catalog, established pursuant to $\underline{\text{s. }1006.73}$ s.			
384	1006.735, a per-credit-hour distance learning course user fee.			
385	For purposes of assessing this fee, a distance learning course			
386	is a course in which at least 80 percent of the direct			
387	instruction of the course is delivered using some form of			
388	technology when the student and instructor are separated by time			
389	or space, or both.			
390	(c) If an institution assesses the distance learning fee,			
391	the institution must provide a link to the catalog within the			
392	advising and distance learning sections of the institution's			
393	website, using a graphic and description provided by the			
394	Complete Florida Plus Program, to inform students of the			
395	catalog.			
396	(17) Each Florida College System institution that accepts			
397	transient students, pursuant to $\underline{\text{s. }1006.73}$ $\underline{\text{s. }1006.735}$, may			
398	establish a transient student fee not to exceed \$5 per course			
399	for processing the transient student admissions application.			
400	Section 9. Paragraph (t) of subsection (14) and paragraphs			
401	(a) and (c) of subsection (17) of section 1009.24, Florida			
402	Statutes, are amended to read:			
403	1009.24 State university student fees			
404	(14) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (15), each			
405	university board of trustees is authorized to establish the			
406	following fees:			

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(t) A transient student fee that may not exceed \$5 per course for accepting a transient student and processing the transient student admissions application pursuant to $\underline{s.\ 1006.735}$.

With the exception of housing rental rates and except as otherwise provided, fees assessed pursuant to paragraphs (h)-(s) shall be based on reasonable costs of services. The Board of Governors shall adopt regulations and timetables necessary to implement the fees and fines authorized under this subsection. The fees assessed under this subsection may be used for debt only as authorized under s. 1010.62.

- (17) (a) A state university may assess a student who enrolls in a course listed in the distance learning catalog, established pursuant to $\underline{s.\ 1006.73}$ $\underline{s.\ 1006.735}$, a per-credit-hour distance learning course fee. For purposes of assessing this fee, a distance learning course is a course in which at least 80 percent of the direct instruction of the course is delivered using some form of technology when the student and instructor are separated by time or space, or both.
- (c) If an institution assesses the distance learning fee, the institution must provide a link to the catalog within the advising and distance learning sections of the institution's website, using a graphic and description provided by the Complete Florida Plus Program, informing students of the catalog.

Section 10. This act shall take effect July 1, 2021.

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YOU MUST PRINT AND DELIVER THIS FORM TO THE ASSIGNED TESTIMONY ROOM

THE FLORIDA SENATE APPEARANCE RECO Meeting Date	RD	I 436 Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic _ 5B 1436		Amendment Barcode (if applicable
Name Kristin Dintain		
Job Title 1351. Vice Chanceller		
Address	Phone	850-566-5017
	Email_	
Speaking: For Against Information Waive S (The Chair		In Support Against this information into the record.)
Representing State University System of FC		
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist register		Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/14/14)

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THE FLORIDA SENATE

3/2/20)21	APPEARAN	ICE RECO	RD		1436
N	leeting Date	2 			Bill I	Number (if applicable)
Topic	SB 1436				Amendment	Barcode (if applicable)
Name	Bethany Swonson					
Job Ti	tle Deputy Chief of Staff					
Addre	ss <u>325 West Gaines St St</u>	uite 1520	All plants	Phone 850)-621-2556	5
	Street Tallahassee	FL	32399	Email Beth	any.swon	son@fldoe.org
Speaki	ng: For Against	State Information			In Suppor information	t Against into the record.)
Re	presenting Florida Depar	tment of Education	- Allendary - Alle			
Appea	ring at request of Chair:	Yes 🗸 No	Lobbyist regist	ered with Le	gislature:	✓ Yes No
While it	is a Senate tradition to encoura g. Those who do speak may be	age public testimony, time asked to limit their remar	e may not permit all ks so that as many	persons wishi persons as po	ng to speak ssible can b	to be heard at this e heard.
This fo	rm is part of the public record	d for this meeting.				S-001 (10/14/14

CourtSmart Tag Report

Room: KB 412 Case No.: -Type: Caption: Senate Education Committee Judge: Started: 3/2/2021 4:00:52 PM Ends: 3/2/2021 5:08:23 PM Length: 01:07:32 4:00:51 PM Meeting called to order by Chair Gruters 4:00:55 PM Roll call 4:00:58 PM Quorum announced 4:01:19 PM SB 532 is TP'd 4:01:55 PM Tab 1 CS 170 by Health Policy/Senator Hooper Podiatric Medicine 4:02:02 PM Senator Hooper explains the bill 4:03:00 PM Appearance Forms 4:03:15 PM Chris Hansen, Florida Podiatric Medical Association speaks in support Senator Hooper waives close 4:04:24 PM 4:04:31 PM CS/SB 170 is reported favorably 4:04:36 PM Tab 2 SB 188 by Senator Berman - Solar Energy Systems Located on the Property of an Educational 4:04:53 PM Facility 4:05:03 PM Senator Berman explains the bill 4:05:35 PM Senator Diaz with question 4:05:43 PM Senator Berman responds 4:07:38 PM Senator Diaz with follow-up Senator Berman responds 4:07:47 PM 4:08:58 PM Appearance Forms 4:09:11 PM Gianna Trourp, The CLEO Institute waives in support 4:09:16 PM Debate on the bill 4:09:18 PM Senator Diaz in debate Senator Hutson in debate 4:10:13 PM 4:10:40 PM Senator Berman closes on bill 4:11:03 PM Additional Forms - Jonathan Webber, Florida Conservation Voters, waives in support 4:11:44 PM Jessica Lewis, Sierra Club waives in support 4:11:46 PM Roll call 4:11:49 PM SB 188 is reported favorably Tab 3 SB 366 by Senator Hutson, Apprenticeship and Preapprenticeship Training 4:12:13 PM Senator Hutson explains the bill 4:12:16 PM 4:12:32 PM Amendment Barcode 285652 4:13:30 PM Senator Hutson explains the amendment Late-filed AA Barcode 321820 4:13:41 PM 4:14:11 PM Without objection taken up 4:14:20 PM Senator Hutson explains the AA Amendment to the Amendment adopted 4:14:46 PM Back on amendment as amended 4:14:53 PM 4:15:10 PM Amendment is adopted 4:15:29 PM Khanh-Lien Banko, Florida PTA waives in support 4:15:34 PM Jorge Chamizo, Opportunity Solutions Project waives in support 4:15:40 PM Bethany Swonson, Deputy Chief of Staff, FLDOE waives in support Matthew Choy, Policy Director, Florida Chamber of Commerce 4:15:45 PM 4:15:54 PM Yale Olenick, Attorney, Florida Education Association 4:15:57 PM Jeffrey Sharkey, National Electrical Contractor Association 4:18:51 PM Senator Hutson closes on the bill 4:18:58 PM Roll call 4:19:08 PM CS/SB 366 is reported favorably 4:19:32 PM Tab 4 SB 486 by Senator Bradley - Juvenile Justice Education Programs

4:19:38 PM

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Senator Bradley explains the bill

Senator Bradley explains the amendment

Senator Bradley waives close on the amendment

Amendment Barcode 120818

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4:21:32 PM
                Amendment is adopted
 4:21:40 PM
                Appearance Forms
 4:21:46 PM
                Khanh-Lien Banko, Florida PTA waives in support
 4:22:00 PM
                Senator Bradley closes
 4:22:10 PM
                Roll call
 4:22:14 PM
                CS/SB 436 is reported favorably
 4:22:30 PM
                Tab 8 SB 934 by Senator Wright - Education
 4:22:33 PM
                Senator Wright explains the bill
 4:24:58 PM
                Amendment Barcode 741120
 4:25:58 PM
                Senator Wright explains the amendment
 4:27:32 PM
                Senator Wright waives close
 4:27:37 PM
                Amendment adopted
                Amendment Barcode 961124
 4:27:43 PM
 4:27:52 PM
                Senator Wright explains the amendment
 4:28:09 PM
                Appearance Forms
                Brenda Dickinson, Florida Council of Independent Schools waives in support
 4:28:18 PM
4:28:22 PM
                Michael Barrett Florida Conference of Catholic Bishops waives in support
4:28:27 PM
                James Herzog, Florida Association of Academic Nonpublic Schools waives in support
4:28:43 PM
                Senator Wright waives close
4:28:48 PM
                Amendment Adopted
4:28:53 PM
                Back on the bill
                Senator Jones with question
4:28:58 PM
4:29:20 PM
                Senator Wright responds
                Senator Diaz with question
4:29:42 PM
                Senator Wright responds
4:29:50 PM
4:30:51 PM
                Appearance Forms
                Khanh-Lien Banko, Florida PTA waives in support
4:30:53 PM
                Bethany Swonson, Deputy Chief of Staff, FLDOE
4:30:54 PM
4:31:01 PM
                Debbie Mortham Foundation for Florida's Future
4:31:16 PM
               Senator Jones in debate
4:32:01 PM
               Senator Wright waives close
4:32:08 PM
               Roll call
4:32:13 PM
               CS/SB 934 reported favorably
4:32:28 PM
               Tab 6 SB 886 by Senator Thurston - COVID-19 Impact on School Accountability
4:32:38 PM
               Senator Thurston explains the bill
4:33:42 PM
               Senator Diaz with question
4:33:48 PM
               Senator Thurston responds
4:34:47 PM
               Senator Diaz with follow-up
4:34:53 PM
               Senator Thurston responds
               Senator Diaz with follow-up
4:35:18 PM
4:35:24 PM
               Senator Thurston responds
4:36:06 PM
               Senator Diaz with follow-up
4:37:07 PM
               Senator Thurston responds
4:38:30 PM
               Senator Diaz with question
4:38:35 PM
               Senator Thurston responds
4:38:54 PM
               Senator Diaz with question
4:38:58 PM
               Senator Thurston responds
4:39:05 PM
               Senator Diaz with question
4:39:14 PM
               Senator Thurston responds
4:39:22 PM
               Senator Diaz with follow-up
4:39:30 PM
               Senator Thurston responds
               Senator Diaz with question
4:40:26 PM
               Senator Thurston responds
4:40:33 PM
4:40:52 PM
               Senator Diaz with follow-up
4:40:55 PM
               Senator Thurston responds
4:41:01 PM
               Senator Passidomo with question
4:41:14 PM
               Senator Thurston responds
4:42:45 PM
               Senator Hutson with question
4:42:51 PM
               Senator Thurston responds
4:43:21 PM
               Senator Hutson with question
4:43:27 PM
               Senator Thurston responds
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4:43:40 PM

Senator Broxson with question

4:43:47 PM	Senator Thurston responds
4:44:50 PM	Senator Broxson with follow-up
4:44:56 PM	Chair with comments
4:45:47 PM	Senator Thurston responds
4:46:18 PM	Appearance Forms .
4:46:28 PM	Wendy Dodge, Polk County Public Schools waives in support
4:46:32 PM	Jessica Janasiewicz, Florida Association of School Administrators, waives in support
4:46:38 PM	Yale Olenick, Florida Education Association waives in support
4:46:44 PM	Alejandro Gonzales, United Way of Broward County waives in support
4:46:46 PM	BillieAnne Gay, Florida School Boards Association waives in support
4:46:52 PM	Damien Jane Miami-Dade District Schools waives in support
4:46:57 PM	John Sullivan, Broward County Schools speaks in support
4:47:56 PM	Brita Lincoln Florida PTA speaks in support
4:49:29 PM	Marie-Claire Leman Fund Education now, speaking in support
4:51:35 PM	Wayne Bertsch Pasco County Schools speaks in support
4:52:31 PM	Bethany Swonson, FLDOE with information
4:53:40 PM	Senator Jones in debate
4:55:36 PM	Senator Polsky in debate
4:57:10 PM	Senator Passidomo in debate
4:58:42 PM	Senator Diaz in debate
5:01:21 PM	Senator Thurston closes on bill
5:01:55 PM	Roll call
5:02:37 PM	SB 886 is reported favorably
5:02:56 PM	Tab 7 SB 918 by Senator Bradley- Education
5:03:03 PM	Senator Bradley explains the bill
5:04:24 PM	Appearance Forms
5:04:29 PM	Sherry Reach, Cambridge Assessment International Education waives in support
5:04:41 PM	Senator Jones in debate
5:05:01 PM	Senator Bradley closes
5:05:06 PM	Roll call
5:05:09 PM	SB 918 is reported favorably
5:05:24 PM	Chair to Vice-Chair Jones
5:05:42 PM	Tab 9 by Senator Gruters Florida Postsecondary Academic Library Network
5:05:51 PM	Senator Gruters explains the bill
5:06:26 PM	Appearance Forms
5:06:29 PM	Kristin Whitaker, State University System of Florida waives in support
5:06:39 PM 5:06:55 PM	Bethany Swonson, FLDOE waives in support Senator Berman in debate
5:07:21 PM	Chair Gruters closes
5:07:31 PM	Roll call
5:07:31 PM 5:07:38 PM	SB 1436 is reported favorably
5:07:38 PM 5:08:01 PM	Vice-Chair returns chair
5:08:07 PM	Senator Jones moves to adjourn
5:08:12 PM	Meeting adjourned
0.00.12 I W	moding adjourned