Env Pres Cons - 02/17/2016 1:30 PM Customized Agenda Order

Tab 1	SB 1	L260 by Si	mpson;	(Similar to CS/H 1051) Recreat	cional Boating Zones	
854416	D	S	RCS	EP, Simpson	Delete everything after	02/17 02:51 PM

The Florida Senate

COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA

ENVIRONMENTAL PRESERVATION AND CONSERVATION Senator Dean, Chair

Senator Simpson, Vice Chair

Wednesday, February 17, 2016 **MEETING DATE:**

TIME:

1:30—3:30 p.m.

Mallory Horne Committee Room, 37 Senate Office Building PLACE:

Senator Dean, Chair; Senator Simpson, Vice Chair; Senators Altman, Evers, Hays, Hutson, Simmons, Smith, and Soto **MEMBERS:**

TAB	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION
	SB 1260 Simpson (Similar CS/H 1051)	Recreational Boating Zones; prohibiting overnight anchoring or mooring of vessels in specified recreational boating zones, etc. EP 02/17/2016 Fav/CS ATD	Fav/CS Yeas 5 Nays 4
	Other Related Meeting Documents	FP	

APPEARANCE RECORD

Meeting Date (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or S	Senate Professional Sta	aff conducting the meeting) Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Amendment 85446	7	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name DAVID CHILDS		
Job Title Coursel		
Address 119 5 Monroe St Suite	300	Phone 850 222-7500
City State	32303 Zip	Email DAVIDE a HOSLAWEDS
Speaking: For Against Information		eaking: In Support Against will read this information into the record.)
Representing <u>Vational</u> Marine	Manufa	roles Association
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No L	obbyist registe	red with Legislature: Ves No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Meeting Date Bill Number (if applicable) Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Name Job Title Address Street Email M State Against Speaking: Information XFor Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.) Representing \(\lambda \) Appearing at request of Chair: Lobbyist registered with Legislature: While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. This form is part of the public record for this meeting. S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Topic Recreational Boating Zones Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Name Phillip Werndl Job Title Member, Concern Cruisers Committee Address 1028 apollo Beach Blud #3 Phone 850 519 8398
Street

apollo Beach FL 33572 Email

City State Zin Speaking: Against Information Waive Speaking: | In Support | Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.) Representing Seven Seas Cruising association Appearing at request of Chair: | Yes | X | NoLobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

S-001 (10/14/14)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional S Meeting Date	Staff conducting the meeting) $\frac{581260}{\textit{Bill Number (if applicable)}}$
Topic Recreational Boating Zones	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Fings/ey Ross	
Job Title	
Address 234 Harbour Pt Dr	Phone 856-300-1378
Street Raw Fordville, FL 32327 City State Zip	Email KingsleyRR Dhotmail.
	peaking: In Support Against ir will read this information into the record.)
Representing	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist regist	ered with Legislature: Yes 🔀 No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many	persons wishing to speak to be heard at this persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) 2-17-2016 SR1260

Meeting Date		Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic RECREATIONAL BOATING Name JOHN SCOTT	Sones	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Job Title Col, USAF (RET) Mumber	AGLCA	
Address 1265 Lockhart Ave		Phone 802 310 7409
The Villagues , FL State	32162 Zip	Email Johne KAJOLIE, com
Speaking: For Against Information		eaking: In Support Against r will read this information into the record.)
Representing AMERICA GREAT LOOP	CRUISING	Assoc.
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes 🔀 No	Lobbyist registe	ered with Legislature: Yes 🔀 No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

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APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

	-miramizer (ii applicazio)
Topic	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
NameBonnie BasHAM	
Job Title	
Address 133 OAK ST, #15	Phone 850 933 7277
1A la hasse 7 32301 City State Zip	Email Capital. 1 deas @Att. Net
	peaking: In Support Against ir will read this information into the record.)
Representing BOAT US	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registe	ered with Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator	or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic RELACATIONAL BOSSI Name BILL TLERNEY	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Job Title RETTRED - memp	ber 55LR, WORC
Address Street Street WA GNOTA SAL	RES DR, Phone 620 506 8800
	32678 Email Dill TURNCY WASL, C
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remark	may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this ks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

S-001 (10/14/14)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Sena	te Professional Staff conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Anchonius	
Topic Anchonius Name Kelly Mallette	
Job Title	
Address 104 West Jefferson Street	Phone (850) 224-3427
Address 104 West Jefferson Street Street Tauahanee, Rt 32301 City State	Email Kelly @ rlbookpa. Long
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing City of Ft. Landerdale and	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobb	oyist registered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may r neeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so to	not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hat as many persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senat	or or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	954416
Topic	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name GENARA M. Works	
Job Title	
Address 3930 N. Occor Drive	Phone 56 863-1215
City State	Phone 56 863-1215 Email Wardgne, gatenes
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Sec	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, tim meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their rema	ne may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this arks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Job Title Email For Against Speaking: Information Waive Speaking: | In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.) Representing Appearing at request of Chair: Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes 📉 No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

CourtSmart Tag Report

Case No.: Room: LL 37 Type: Caption: Senate Environmental Preservation and Conservation Committee Judge:

Started: 2/17/2016 1:35:45 PM

Ends: Length: 00:59:14 2/17/2016 2:34:58 PM

1:35:44 PM Order 1:35:49 PM Roll Call

1:35:51 PM **Quorum Present**

1:36:27 PM SB 1260

1:36:51 PM Senator Simpson Amendment 1:37:00 PM 1:37:01 PM Strike all 854416 1:37:08 PM Senator Simpson

1:38:01 PM Questions 1:38:04 PM **Appearance**

1:38:14 PM Missy Timmins - Marine Industries Assoc. of FL (For) 1:38:23 PM David Childs - Nat'l Marine Manufacturers Assoc. (For)

1:38:33 PM Debate 1:38:35 PM Senator Havs

Senator Smith 1:40:41 PM

1:42:57 PM Close

1:43:01 PM Senator Simpson 1:43:36 PM Voice Vote

Roll Call 1:43:42 PM

Amendment Adopted 1:43:51 PM

Back on the Bill as Amended 1:44:08 PM

1:44:13 PM Questions 1:44:39 PM Senator Soto 1:44:57 PM Senator Simpson 1:46:24 PM Senator Hutson 1:46:48 PM Senator Simpson

1:47:35 PM Chair Dean

1:48:08 PM Senator Simmons

1:49:09 PM Staff

1:49:37 PM Senator Evers 1:49:50 PM Senator Simpson 1:50:21 PM Senator Evers 1:50:36 PM Senator Dean Senator Simpson 1:51:43 PM 1:52:08 PM **Senator Simmons** 1:53:14 PM **Appearance**

1:53:25 PM Phillip Werndli - Seven Seas Cruising Assoc. (Against)

1:58:22 PM Kingsley Ross - Crawfordville, FL (Against)

2:01:05 PM John Scott - America Great Loop Cruising Assoc. (Against)

2:02:46 PM Bonnie Basham - Boat US (Against)

Senator Evers 2:05:20 PM Senator Hutson 2:06:15 PM 2:06:52 PM Bonnie Basham 2:07:00 PM Senator Hutson 2:07:11 PM Bonnie Basham

2:08:20 PM Bill Turney - Niceville, FL (Against)

2:09:20 PM Kelly Mallette - City of Ft. Lauderdale/ Concerned Property Owns Assoc. (For)

2:13:21 PM Senator Hays 2:14:44 PM Kelly Mallette **Senator Simmons** 2:15:35 PM 2:16:13 PM Kelly Mallette

2:16:40 PM Garald M. Ward (Against)

2:18:52 PM	Sue Ross - Crawfordville (Against)
2:19:10 PM	Debate
2:19:13 PM	Senator Hutson
2:20:28 PM	Senator Evers
2:25:47 PM	Senator Smith
2:28:40 PM	Senator Dean
2:29:18 PM	Senator Simmons
2:30:22 PM	Senator Hays
2:32:48 PM	Close
2:32:57 PM	Senator Simpson
2:33:24 PM	Roll Call CS/SB 1260
2:34:24 PM	CS/SB 1260 Reported Favorably
2:34:50 PM	Meeting Adjourned

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

Prepare	d By: The Professi	onal Staff of the Comm	ittee on Environme	ntal Preservation and Conservation
BILL:	CS/SB 1260			
INTRODUCER:	Environmental	Preservation and Co	onservation Com	mittee and Senator Simpson
SUBJECT: Anchoring		nitation Areas		
DATE:	February 18, 2	016 REVISED:		
ANAL	YST	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION
. Istler		Rogers	EP	Fav/CS
 3.			ATD	
			FP	

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

CS/SB 1260 establishes anchoring limitation areas in sections of Broward and Miami-Dade Counties. The bill prohibits a person from anchoring a vessel at any time between the hours from one-half hour after sunset to one-half hour before sunrise in any such anchoring limitation area. The bill authorizes vessels under certain circumstances to anchor overnight in an anchoring limitation area and provides an exemption for certain vessels.

The effective date of the bill is July 1, 2016.

II. Present Situation:

Article X, section 11 of the Florida Constitution authorizes the private use of portions of sovereign lands, but only if not contrary to the public interest. The term "sovereignty submerged lands" means "those lands including but not limited to, tidal lands, islands, sand bars, shallow banks, and lands waterward of the ordinary or mean high water line, beneath navigable fresh water or beneath tidally-influenced waters, to which the State of Florida acquired title on March 3, 1845, by virtue of statehood, and which have not been heretofore conveyed or alienated."²

¹ Fla. Admin. Code R 18-21.003(51), defines the term "public interest" as "demonstrable environmental, social, and economic benefits which would accrue to the public at large as a result of a proposed action, and which would clearly exceed all demonstrable environmental, social, and economic costs of the proposed action."

² Fla. Admin. Code R. 18-21.003(61); the Submerged Lands Act, 43 U.S.C. §1301 and 1311(a) (confirmed state ownership).

Riparian rights are those incident to land bordering upon navigable waters.³ Under Florida law, riparian rights specifically include the right to an unobstructed view and the right of ingress to and egress from the water.⁴ The Court in *Hayes v. Bowman* held that this right only extends over an area "as near practicable in the direction" of the Channel so as to distribute equitably the submerged lands between the upland and the Channel.⁵ A riparian owner's rights are concurrent with that of the public, not superior to that of the public.⁶ A riparian owner's right to use the navigable waters abutting his or her property may not obstruct or unreasonably impede lawful navigation by others.⁷ The public has the right to use navigable waters for navigation or commerce.⁸ Anchoring is considered to be incidental to the right of navigation.⁹

The anchoring of vessels has created conflicts in some areas of the state related to the use and enjoyment of the waters of this state for many years. These issues include, but are not limited to:

- The locations where anchored vessels accumulate:
- Unattended vessels:
- Anchored vessels that are dragging anchor or not showing proper lighting;
- Vessels that are not maintained properly or become derelict;
- Interpretation of state laws leading to inconsistent regulation of anchoring on state waters and confusion among the boating community; and
- Questions about local governmental authority to regulate anchoring.¹⁰

Balancing the interests of the state, local governments, homeowners, and boaters is complex.¹¹ The policy debate concerning the scope of state and local government regulation of the anchoring of vessels has been ongoing for decades.¹²

State Regulation of the Anchoring or Mooring of Vessels

The Governor and the Cabinet, sitting as the Board of Trustees of Internal Improvement (board), is responsible for administering, controlling, and managing sovereignty submerged lands. ¹³ Section 253.03, F.S., authorizes the board to adopt rules governing all uses of sovereignty submerged lands by vessels, floating homes, or any other watercraft. However, the board is limited to adopting regulations for anchoring, mooring, or otherwise attaching to the bottom; the establishment of anchorages; and the discharge of sewage, pump-out requirements, and facilities associated with anchorages. ¹⁴ Such regulations are prohibited from interfering with commerce or the transitory operation of vessels through navigable water but are required to control the use of

³ Section 253.141, F.S.

⁴ Hayes v. Bowman, 91 So.2d 795 (Fla. 1975).

⁵ I.d

⁶ Harbor Beach Surf Club, Inc. v. Water Taxi of Ft. Lauderdale, Inc., 711 So.2d 1230 (Fla. 4th DCA 1998).

⁷ *Id*.

⁸ Brannon v. Boldt, 958 So.2d 367, 372 (Fla. 2d DCA 2007).

⁹ Ankersen, Hamann, & Flagg, *Anchoring Away: Government Regulation and the Rights of Navigation in Florida*, pg. 2 (Rev. May 2012) *available at* http://nsgl.gso.uri.edu/flsgp/flsgpt12001.pdf.

¹⁰ FWC, *Anchoring and Mooring Pilot Program, Report of Findings and Recommendations*, pg. 3 (Dec. 31, 2013) *available at* http://myfwc.com/media/2704721/FindingsRecommendations.pdf.

¹¹ *Id*. at 1.

¹² *Id*.

¹³ Section 253.03, F.S.

¹⁴ Section 253.03(7)(b), F.S.

sovereignty submerged lands as a place of business or residence.¹⁵ The board has adopted rules requiring a permit for the construction of mooring pilings or docks, but the board has not adopted rules regulating the anchoring of vessels.¹⁶

Section 327.44, F.S., prohibits a person from anchoring a vessel, except in case of emergency, in a manner which unreasonably or unnecessarily constitutes a navigational hazard or interferes with another vessel. Anchoring under bridges or in or adjacent to heavily traveled channels constitutes interference, if unreasonable under the prevailing circumstances.¹⁷ Interference with navigation is a noncriminal infraction, punishable by a civil penalty of \$50.¹⁸

Local Regulation of the Anchoring or Mooring of Vessels

Local governments by general permit are authorized to construct, operate, and maintain public mooring fields, each for up to 100 vessels. ¹⁹ Mooring fields are required to be located where navigational access already exists between the mooring field and the nearest customarily used access channel or navigable waters for which the mooring field is designed to serve. ²⁰ Each mooring field must be associated with a land-based support facility that provides amenities and conveniences, such as parking, bathrooms, showers, and laundry facilities. ²¹ Major boat repairs and maintenance, fueling activities other than from the land-based support facility, and boat hull scrapping and painting are not authorized within such mooring fields. ²²

Local governments are authorized to enact and enforce ordinances that prohibit or restrict the mooring or anchoring of floating structures or live-aboard vessels within their jurisdiction and vessels that are within the marked boundaries of permitted mooring fields.²³ However, local governments are prohibited from enacting, continuing in effect, or enforcing any ordinance or local regulation that regulates the anchoring of vessels other than live-aboard vessels outside the marked boundaries of permitted mooring fields.²⁴

Anchoring and Mooring Pilot Program

In an effort to seek resolution of the policy debate over how much authority should appropriately be granted to local governments with respect to vessels anchoring within their jurisdictions, the

¹⁵ Id.

¹⁶ See Fla. Admin. Code Ch. 18-21 for rules regulating the construction of structures used for mooring or accessing vessels.

¹⁷ Section 327.44(2), F.S.

¹⁸ Section 327.73, F.S.

¹⁹ Section 373.118, F.S.; Fla. Admin. Code R. 62-330.420.

²⁰ Fla. Admin. Code R. 62-330.420.

²¹ *Id*.

²² *Id*.

²³ Section 327.60(3), F.S.; s. 327.02, F.S., defines the term "floating structure" to mean a floating entity, with or without accommodations built thereon, which is not primarily used as a means of transportation on water but which serves purposes or provides services typically associated with a structure or other improvement to real property. The term includes, but is not limited to, an entity used as a residence, place of business or office with public access; a hotel or motel; a restaurant or lounge; a clubhouse; a meeting facility; a storage or parking facility; or a mining platform, dredge, dragline, or similar facility or entity represented as such.

²⁴ Section 327.60(2)(f), F.S.; s. 327.02, F.S., defines the term "live-aboard vessel" to mean "a vessel used solely as a residence and not for navigation; a vessel represented as a place of business or a professional or other commercial enterprise; or a vessel for which a declaration of domicile has been filed." The definition expressly excludes commercial fishing boats.

Legislature in 2009, enacted s. 327.4105, F.S., to create the Anchoring and Mooring Pilot Program.²⁵ The goal of the program is to explore potential options authorizing local governments to regulate the anchoring and mooring of non-live-aboard vessels outside the marked boundaries of public mooring fields.²⁶ The pilot program is directed by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC) in cooperation with the Department of Environmental Preservation (DEP).²⁷

The following local governments, as participants of the pilot program, are authorized to regulate anchoring and mooring outside the marked boundaries of permitted mooring fields:

- The City of St. Augustine.
- The City of St. Petersburg.
- The City of Sarasota.
- Monroe County in partnership with the cities of Marathon and Key West.
- Martin County in partnership with the City of Stuart. 28

The pilot program was set to expire on July 1, 2014. However, the program was extended, on recommendation of the FWC, to provide more time to fully evaluate each pilot program location.²⁹ The pilot program and the local government ordinances developed under the program are set to expire July 1, 2017, unless reenacted by the Legislature.³⁰

FWC Public Survey

The FWC engaged the public through a series of open public meetings to explore potential options for regulating the anchoring of non-live-aboard vessels outside the marked boundaries of public mooring fields.³¹ The following concepts were contemplated in relation to the granting of limited authority to local governments to regulate anchoring within their jurisdiction:

- A setback distance where the anchoring of vessels would be prohibited in the vicinity of public boating access infrastructure, such as boat ramps, hoists, mooring fields and marinas.
 - Sixty-six percent of respondents somewhat or strongly agreed that this concept was appropriate and 44 percent of respondents identified 150 feet as the most appropriate setback distance.
- A setback distance where the anchoring of vessels overnight in close proximity to waterfront residential property would be prohibited.
 - Fifty-one percent of respondents somewhat are strongly agreed that this concept was appropriate and 32 percent of respondents identified 150 feet as the most appropriate setback distance.
- The storing of vessels on the water in deteriorating condition would be prohibited.
 - Eighty-six percent of respondents somewhat or strongly agreed that this concept was appropriate.

²⁵ FWC, *Anchoring and Mooring Pilot Program, Report of Findings and Recommendations*, pg. 1 (Dec. 31, 2013) *available at* http://myfwc.com/media/2704721/FindingsRecommendations.pdf.

²⁶ Chapter 2009-86, s. 48, Laws of Fla.

²⁷ Section 327.4105, F.S.

²⁸ FWC, *Anchoring and Mooring Pilot Program, Report of Findings and Recommendations*, pg. 1 (Dec. 31, 2013) *available at* http://myfwc.com/media/2704721/FindingsRecommendations.pdf.

²⁹ Chapter 2014-136, s. 2, F.S.

³⁰ Section 327.4105(6), F.S.

³¹ FWC, Stakeholder Survey-Anchoring, Executive Summary, pg. 1 (Jan. 29, 2015) available at http://myfwc.com/media/2981012/Anchoring-Survey-Executive-Summary.pdf.

 The timeframe for storing vessels on the water would be limited unless relocated a specified distance away.

- Sixty-six percent of respondents somewhat or strongly agreed that this concept was appropriate and 31 percent of the respondents identified 60 days as most appropriate.
- If authority was granted to local governments to regulate anchoring in their jurisdiction, an allowance could be created for other anchoring regulations where need is demonstrated.
 - Forty-eight percent of respondents somewhat or strongly agreed that this concept was appropriate.
- If authority was granted to local governments to regulate anchoring in their jurisdiction, the creation of an online, interactive map to help boat operators know which local areas were covered under local anchoring restrictions.
 - Eighty-eight percent of respondents somewhat or strongly agreed that this concept was appropriate.³²

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Section 1 creates s. 327.4108, F.S., to designate the following densely populated urban areas, which have narrow state waterways, residential docking facilities, and significant recreational boating traffic and which are located in counties with populations exceeding 1.5 million residents as anchoring limitation areas:

- The section of Middle River lying between Northeast 21st Court and the Intracoastal Waterway in Broward County.
- Sunset Lake in Miami-Dade County.
- The sections of Biscayne Bay in Miami-Dade County lying between:
 - Rivo Alto Island and Di Lido Island.
 - San Marino Island and San Marco Island.
 - San Marco Island and Biscayne Island.

The bill prohibits a person from anchoring a vessel at any time during the period between one-half hour after sunset and one-half hour before sunrise in an anchoring limitation area to promote the public's use and enjoyment of the designated waterways.

The bill authorizes vessels to anchor overnight in an anchoring limitation area under the following circumstances:

- If a vessel suffers a mechanical failure that poses an unreasonable risk of harm to the vessel or persons onboard the vessel unless the vessel anchors.
 - A vessel may anchor for three business days or until the vessel is repaired, whichever occurs first.
- If imminent or existing weather conditions in the vicinity of the vessel pose an unreasonable risk of harm to the vessel or the persons onboard the vessel unless the vessel anchors.
 - A vessel may anchor until weather conditions no longer pose such risk. During a hurricane or a tropical storm, weather conditions are deemed to no longer pose an unreasonable risk of harm when the hurricane or tropical storm warning affecting the area has expired.

 $^{^{32}}$ *Id*.

• During events described in s. 327.48, F.S., relating to regattas, races, marine parades, tournaments, and exhibitions, or other special events including, but not limited to, public music performances, local government waterfront activities, or fireworks displays.

o A vessel may anchor for the lesser of the duration of the special event or for three days.

The bill exempts the following vessels:

- Vessels owned or operated by a governmental entity for law enforcement, firefighting, military, or rescue purposes.
- o Construction or dredging vessels on an active job site.
- o Vessels actively engaged in commercial fishing.
- Vessels engaged in recreational fishing, if the persons onboard are actively tending hook and line fishing gear or nets.

The bill authorizes a law enforcement officer or agency to remove a vessel from an anchoring limitation area and impound the vessel for up to 48 hours, or cause such removal and impoundment, if the vessel operator, after being issued a citation for a violation:

- Anchors the vessel unlawfully in an anchoring limitation area within 12 hours after being issued the citation; or
- Refuses to leave the anchoring limitation area after being directed to do so by a law enforcement officer or agency.

The bill provides a limitation on liability to a law enforcement officer or agency for any damage to the vessel, other than damage resulting from gross negligence or willful misconduct, resulting from the removal or impoundment of the vessel.

For the purposes of such removal or impoundment, the bill defines the term "law enforcement officer or agency" to mean the following officers or agencies:

- The Division of Law Enforcement of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission and its officers;
- The sheriffs of the various counties and their deputies;
- The municipal police officers; and
- Any other law enforcement officer described in s. 943.10, F.S.³³

The bill provides the following requirements for contractors performing removal or impoundment services at the direction of a law enforcement officer or agency:

- Be licensed in accordance with United States Coast Guard regulations, as applicable;
- Obtain and carry a current policy issued by a licensed insurance carrier in this state to insure against any accident, loss, injury, property damage, or other casualty caused by or resulting from the contractor's actions; and
- Be properly equipped to perform such services.

³³ Section 943.10, F.S., defines the term "law enforcement officer" as "any person who is elected, appointed, or employed full time by any municipality or the state or any political subdivision thereof; who is vested with authority to bear arms and make arrests; and whose primary responsibility is the prevention and detection of crime or the enforcement of the penal, criminal, traffic, or highway laws of the state…."

The bill requires the operator of a vessel that is removed and impounded, in addition to a civil penalty, to pay all removal and storage fees before the vessel may be released.

Section 2 amends s. 327.70, F.S., to authorize a violation of s. 327.4108, F.S., relating to the anchoring of vessels in anchoring limitation areas, to be enforced by a uniform boating citation issued to the operator of a vessel unlawfully anchored in an anchoring limitation area.

Section 3 amends s. 327.73, F.S., to provide the following civil penalties for the unlawful anchoring of vessels in an anchoring limitation area:

- For a first offense, a maximum fine of \$50.
- For a second offense, a maximum fine of \$100.
- For a third or subsequent offense, a maximum fine of \$250.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2016.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. Other Constitutional Issues:

Article III, section 10 of the Florida Constitution prohibits the Legislature from enacting any special law unless notice is first published or a referendum is conducted. A special law, or "local law" does not apply with geographic uniformity across the state; it operates only upon designated persons or discrete regions, and bears no reasonable relationship to differences in population or other legitimate criteria.³⁴ On the other hand, general laws of local application do not require published notice or referendum.³⁵ A general law of location applies to a distinct region or set of subdivisions within the state and its classification scheme is based on population or some other reasonable characteristic which distinguishes one locality from another.³⁶ If particular conditions exist in only a portion of the state, enactments with reference thereto nonetheless may be general laws.³⁷ If a law utilizes a classification that is geographical in its term but its purpose is one of

³⁴ Lawnwood Medical Center, Inc. v. Seeger, 990 So.2d 503 (Fla. 2008).

³⁵ Dept. of Business Regulation v. Classic Mile, Inc., 541 So.2d 1155 (Fla. 1989).

³⁶ City of Miami Beach v. Frankel, 363 So.2d 55 (Fla. 1978).

³⁷ Schrader v. Florida Keys Aqueduct Authority, 840 So.2d 1050, 1055 (Fla. 2003).

statewide import and impact, and the classification is reasonably related to the law's purpose, it is a valid general law.³⁸

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The FWC or other law enforcement agencies that monitor anchoring in an anchoring limitation area may experience an indeterminate positive fiscal impact resulting from the issuance of boating citations for violations relating to the unlawful anchoring of vessels in an anchoring limitation area. Additionally, the FWC or other law enforcement agencies may experience increased costs as a result of enforcing anchoring in these areas.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill creates section 327.4108 of the Florida Statutes.

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 327.70 and 327.73.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Environmental Preservation and Conservation on February 17, 2016: The CS:

- Designates anchoring limitation areas, rather than recreational boating zones, and provides a limitation to areas that are in densely populated urban areas, which have narrow state waterways, residential docking facilities, and significant boating traffic and are located in counties with populations exceeding 1.5 million residents.
- Removes Crab Island in Okaloosa County as a designated area.

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³⁸ *Id*. at 1056.

 Authorizes vessels under certain circumstances to anchor overnight in anchoring limitation areas.

- Exempts certain vessels.
- Authorizes law enforcement officers or agencies to remove or cause the removal of vessels from an anchoring limitation area and impound such vessels for up to 48 hours under certain circumstances.
- Provides a limitation on liability for law enforcement officers or agencies that remove or impound a vessel.
- Provides requirements for contractors performing removal or impoundment services.
- Requires a vessel operator to pay all removal and storage fees for removed or impounded vessels.
- Amends s. 327.70, F.S., to authorize violations of s. 327.4108, F.S. to be enforced by a uniform boating citation.
- Revises the penalty for violations to a tiered structure for repeat offenders.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

LEGISLATIVE ACTION House Senate Comm: RCS 02/17/2016

The Committee on Environmental Preservation and Conservation (Simpson) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

3 Delete everything after the enacting clause 4 and insert:

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Section 1. Section 327.4108, Florida Statutes, is created

to read:

327.4108 Anchoring or mooring of vessels in anchoring limitation areas.—

(1) The following densely populated urban areas, which have narrow state waterways, residential docking facilities, and

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- 11 significant recreational boating traffic and are located in counties with populations exceeding 1.5 million residents, are 12 13 designated as anchoring limitation areas:
 - (a) The section of Middle River lying between Northeast 21st Court and the Intracoastal Waterway in Broward County.
 - (b) Sunset Lake in Miami-Dade County.
 - (c) The sections of Biscayne Bay in Miami-Dade County lying between:
 - 1. Rivo Alto Island and Di Lido Island.
 - 2. San Marino Island and San Marco Island.
 - 3. San Marco Island and Biscayne Island.
 - (2) To promote the public's use and enjoyment of the designated waterway, except as provided in subsections (3) and (4), a person may not anchor a vessel at any time during the period between one-half hour after sunset and one-half hour before sunrise in an anchorage limitation area.
 - (3) Notwithstanding subsection (2), a person may anchor a vessel in an anchorage limitation area:
 - (a) If the vessel suffers a mechanical failure that poses an unreasonable risk of harm to the vessel or the persons onboard unless the vessel anchors. The vessel may anchor for 3 business days or until the vessel is repaired, whichever occurs first.
 - (b) If imminent or existing weather conditions in the vicinity of the vessel pose an unreasonable risk of harm to the vessel or the persons onboard unless the vessel anchors. The vessel may anchor until weather conditions no longer pose such risk. During a hurricane or a tropical storm, weather conditions are deemed to no longer pose an unreasonable risk of harm when

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the hurricane or tropical storm warning affecting the area has expired.

- (c) During events described in s. 327.48 or other special events, including, but not limited to, public music performances, local government waterfront activities, or fireworks displays. A vessel may anchor for the lesser of the duration of the special event or for 3 days.
 - (4) This section does not apply to:
- (a) Vessels owned or operated by a governmental entity for law enforcement, firefighting, military, or rescue purposes.
 - (b) Construction or dredging vessels on an active job site.
 - (c) Vessels actively engaged in commercial fishing.
- (d) Vessels engaged in recreational fishing, if the persons onboard are actively tending hook and line fishing gear or nets.
- (5) (a) As used in this subsection, the term "law enforcement officer or agency" means an officer or agency authorized to enforce this section pursuant to s. 327.70.
- (b) A law enforcement officer or agency may remove a vessel from an anchorage limitation area and impound the vessel for up to 48 hours, or cause such removal and impoundment, if the vessel operator, after being issued a citation for a violation of this section:
- 1. Anchors the vessel in violation of this section within 12 hours after being issued the citation; or
- 2. Refuses to leave the anchorage limitation area after being directed to do so by a law enforcement officer or agency.
- (c) A law enforcement officer or agency acting under this subsection to remove or impound a vessel, or to cause such removal or impoundment, shall be held harmless for any damage to

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the vessel resulting from such removal or impoundment unless the damage results from gross negligence or willful misconduct.

- (d) A contractor performing removal or impoundment services at the direction of a law enforcement officer or agency pursuant to this subsection must:
- 1. Be licensed in accordance with United States Coast Guard regulations, as applicable.
- 2. Obtain and carry a current policy issued by a licensed insurance carrier in this state to insure against any accident, loss, injury, property damage, or other casualty caused by or resulting from the contractor's actions.
 - 3. Be properly equipped to perform such services.
- (e) In addition to the civil penalty imposed under s. 327.73(1)(y), the operator of a vessel that is removed and impounded pursuant to paragraph (b) must pay all removal and storage fees before the vessel is released. A vessel removed pursuant to paragraph (b) may not be impounded for longer than 48 hours.
- (6) A violation of this section is punishable as provided in s. 327.73(1)(y).
- Section 2. Paragraph (c) is added to subsection (2) of section 327.70, Florida Statutes, to read:
 - 327.70 Enforcement of this chapter and chapter 328.-(2)
- (c) A noncriminal violation of s. 327.4108 may be enforced by a uniform boating citation issued to the operator of a vessel unlawfully anchored in an anchoring limitation area.
- Section 3. Paragraph (y) is added to subsection (1) of section 327.73, Florida Statutes, to read:



98 327.73 Noncriminal infractions. 99 (1) Violations of the following provisions of the vessel 100 laws of this state are noncriminal infractions: 101 (y) Section 327.4108, relating to the anchoring of vessels 102 in anchoring limitation areas, for which the penalty is: 103 1. For a first offense, up to a maximum of \$50. 104 2. For a second offense, up to a maximum of \$100. 105 3. For a third or subsequent offense, up to a maximum of 106 \$250. 107 108 Any person cited for a violation of any provision of this 109 subsection shall be deemed to be charged with a noncriminal 110 infraction, shall be cited for such an infraction, and shall be 111 cited to appear before the county court. The civil penalty for 112 any such infraction is \$50, except as otherwise provided in this 113 section. Any person who fails to appear or otherwise properly 114 respond to a uniform boating citation shall, in addition to the 115 charge relating to the violation of the boating laws of this 116 state, be charged with the offense of failing to respond to such 117 citation and, upon conviction, be guilty of a misdemeanor of the 118 second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 119 775.083. A written warning to this effect shall be provided at 120 the time such uniform boating citation is issued. 121 Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2016. 122 123 ======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ===== 124 And the title is amended as follows: 125 Delete everything before the enacting clause

and insert:

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A bill to be entitled	
An act relating to anchoring limitation areas;	
creating s. 327.4108, F.S.; prohibiting overnight	
anchoring or mooring of vessels in specified anchoring	3
limitation areas; providing exceptions; providing for	
the removal and impounding of vessels under certain	
circumstances; providing penalties; amending s.	
327.70, F.S.; providing for violations to be enforced	
by the issuance of a uniform boating citation;	
amending s. 327.73, F.S.; providing penalties;	
providing an effective date.	

By Senator Simpson

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18-01671-16 20161260 1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to recreational boating zones; creating s. 327.4107, F.S.; prohibiting overnight 3 4 anchoring or mooring of vessels in specified 5 recreational boating zones; amending s. 327.73, F.S.; 6 providing penalties; providing an effective date. 7 8 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 9 Section 1. Section 327.4107, Florida Statutes, is created 10 11 to read: 12 327.4107 Anchoring or mooring of vessels in recreational 13 boating zones.-14 (1) A person may not anchor or moor a vessel at any time 15 between the hours from one-half hour after sunset to one-half 16 hour before sunrise in the following recreational boating zones: 17 (a) The section of Middle River lying between Northeast 18 21st Court and the Intracoastal Waterway in Broward County. 19 (b) Sunset Lake in Miami-Dade County. 20 (c) The sections of Biscayne Bay in Miami-Dade County lying 21 between: 22 1. Rivo Alto Island and Di Lido Island. 23 2. San Marino Island and San Marco Island. 24 3. San Marco Island and Biscayne Island. 25 (d) Crab Island in Choctawhatchee Bay at the East Pass in 26 Okaloosa County. 27 (2) A violation of this section is punishable as provided 28 in s. 327.73(1)(y). 29 Section 2. Paragraph (y) is added to subsection (1) of 30 section 327.73, Florida Statutes, to read: 327.73 Noncriminal infractions.-31

Page 1 of 2

(1) Violations of the following provisions of the vessel

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

18-01671-16 20161260

laws of this state are noncriminal infractions:

(y) Section 327.4107, relating to the anchoring or mooring of vessels in recreational boating zones.

Any person cited for a violation of any provision of this subsection shall be deemed to be charged with a noncriminal infraction, shall be cited for such an infraction, and shall be cited to appear before the county court. The civil penalty for any such infraction is \$50, except as otherwise provided in this section. Any person who fails to appear or otherwise properly respond to a uniform boating citation shall, in addition to the charge relating to the violation of the boating laws of this state, be charged with the offense of failing to respond to such citation and, upon conviction, be guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. A written warning to this effect shall be provided at the time such uniform boating citation is issued.

Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2016.