CS/SB	1264 b	y ED, Le	gg ; Digita	l Classrooms		
849922	D	S	RCS	AED, Legg	Delete everything after	04/10 06:40 PM
SB 705	0 by G	D ; Digital	Classroor	ns		
CS/SB	948 by	HE, Gae	tz ; (Com	pare to CS/CS/1ST ENG/H 0587)	Education	
449092	D	S L	RCS	AED, Gaetz	Delete everything after	04/10 06:40 PM
645424	AA	S L	WD	AED, Legg	Delete L.639 - 655.	04/10 06:40 PM
SB 888	by Det	ert; (Con	npare to (CS/CS/1ST ENG/H 0587) Educato	or Professional Practices	
885500	А	S	WD	AED, Simmons	Delete L.30 - 98:	04/08 02:00 PM
CS/SB	1260 b	y CF, Bea	an ; (Simil	ar to H 0699) Florida Centers for	r Independent Living	
756620	А	S L	RCS	AED, Stargel	Delete L.105 - 116:	04/10 06:40 PM
CS/SB	1252 b	y HE, St a	argel; (Co	ompare to CS/1ST ENG/H 7125)	Higher Education	
383046	А	S		AED, Stargel	Delete L.112 - 170:	04/07 09:51 AM
204804	AA	S		AED, Stargel	Delete L.60:	04/08 07:58 AM
160058	А	S		AED, Stargel	Delete L.942 - 943:	04/07 09:52 AM
138510	А	S		AED, Stargel	Delete L.1115 - 1119:	04/07 09:52 AM
SB 942	by Gae	etz ; (Iden	tical to H	0993) Rapid Response Educatio	n and Training Program	
CD 70	-1	(7)				
SB 72 t	by Flore	es ; (Ident	ical to H :	(553) Relief of Altavious Carter b	y the Palm Beach County School Bo	ard
CS/SB	68 by J	U, Legg;	(Identica	l to CS/H 3511) Relief of Carl Ab	bott by the Palm Beach County Sch	ool Board

SB 152	2 2 by	Detert; (Co	ompare t	co CS/H 7125) Workforce Training		
786518	D	S	RCS	AED, Galvano	Delete everything after	04/10 06:40 PM

The Florida Senate

COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA

APPROPRIATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE ON EDUCATION Senator Gaetz, Chair Senator Montford, Vice Chair

	MEETING DATE: TIME: PLACE: MEMBERS:		12:00 noon Co <i>mmittee Room,</i> 412 Knott Building z, Chair; Senator Montford, Vice Chair; Senators Bullard	d, Galvano, Legg, Ring,
TAB	BILL NO. and INTR	ODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION
1	CS/SB 68 Judiciary / Legg (Similar H 3511)		Relief of Carl Abbott by the Palm Beach County School Board; Providing for the relief of Carl Abbott by the Palm Beach County School Board; providing for an appropriation to compensate Carl Abbott for injuries sustained as a result of the negligence of an employee of the Palm Beach County School District; providing a limitation on the payment of fees and costs, etc. SM 01/26/2015 Recommendation: Favorable	Favorable Yeas 6 Nays 0
			JU 02/03/2015 Fav/CS AED 04/08/2015 Favorable AP	
2	SB 72 Flores (Identical H 3553)		Relief of Altavious Carter by the Palm Beach County School Board; Providing for the relief of Altavious Carter by the Palm Beach County School Board; providing for an appropriation to compensate Mr. Carter for injuries sustained as a result of the negligence of a bus driver of the Palm Beach County School District; providing a limitation on the payment of fees and costs, etc.	Favorable Yeas 5 Nays 1
			SM02/26/2015 Recommendation: FavorableJU03/03/2015 FavorableAED04/08/2015 FavorableAP	
3	SB 888 Detert (Compare CS/CS/H 58	37, S 1262)	Educator Professional Practices; Authorizing certain employees or agents of the Department of Education to have access to certain reports and records; revising the membership of the Education Practices Commission; authorizing the Commissioner of Education to appoint emeritus members to the commission; authorizing the commissioner to issue a letter of guidance in response to a complaint against a teacher or administrator in lieu of a probable cause determination, etc. ED 03/31/2015 Favorable AED 04/08/2015 Favorable FP	Favorable Yeas 6 Nays 0

COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA

Appropriations Subcommittee on Education Wednesday, April 8, 2015, 10:00 a.m.—12:00 noon

TAB	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION
4	SB 942 Gaetz (Identical H 993, Compare H 7125, CS/S 948)	Rapid Response Education and Training Program; Establishing the Rapid Response Education and Training Program within the Complete Florida Plus Program; requiring the Complete Florida Plus Program to work with Enterprise Florida, Inc., to offer certain education and training commitments to businesses, etc. HE 03/23/2015 Favorable AED 04/08/2015 Favorable AP	Favorable Yeas 5 Nays 0
5	CS/SB 948 Higher Education / Gaetz (Compare H 993, H 5011, H 7125, H 7127, S 942, CS/S 1252, S 1522, S 2502, S 2508, S 7046)	Education; Revising characteristics of an apprenticeable occupation; requiring a low-performing elementary school to administer the required additional hours of instruction in a summer program during specified fiscal years; establishing the Rapid Response Education and Training Program within the Complete Florida Plus Program; requiring a state research university to enter into and maintain a formal agreement with a specified organization to offer college-sponsored merit scholarship awards as a condition of designation as a preeminent state research university, etc. HE 03/23/2015 Fav/CS AED 04/08/2015 Fav/CS	Fav/CS Yeas 5 Nays 0
6	CS/SB 1252 Higher Education / Stargel (Compare H 7125, H 7127, CS/S 948, S 2508, S 7046)	Higher Education; Revising the mission of the Florida K-20 education system; revising the duties of the State Board of Education with respect to the supervision of the divisions of the Department of Education; redesignating the "Florida College System" as the "Florida Community College System"; revising requirements for program standards for career, adult, and community education programs; revising provisions regarding baccalaureate degree programs that may be offered by a Florida Community College System institution, etc. HE 03/23/2015 Fav/CS AED 04/08/2015 Temporarily Postponed AP	Temporarily Postponed

COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA

Appropriations Subcommittee on Education Wednesday, April 8, 2015, 10:00 a.m.—12:00 noon

TAB	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION
7	CS/SB 1260 Children, Families, and Elder Affairs / Bean (Similar H 699)	Florida Centers for Independent Living; Providing that certain volunteers for centers for independent living do not have to undergo background screening; requiring that a specified agreement be maintained; renaming the James Patrick Memorial Work Incentive Personal Attendant Services Program as the James Patrick Memorial Work Incentive Personal Attendant Services and Employment Assistance Program; requiring the association, in consultation with the advisory group, to adopt and revise certain policies and procedures, etc. CF 04/02/2015 Fav/CS AED 04/08/2015 Fav/CS FP	Fav/CS Yeas 6 Nays 0
8	CS/SB 1264 Education Pre-K - 12 / Legg (Compare S 7050)	Digital Classrooms; Establishing requirements for digital classrooms technology infrastructure planning by the Agency for State Technology or a contracted organization; requiring the Office of Technology and Information Services of the Department of Education to consult with the Agency for State Technology in developing the 5-year strategic plan for Florida digital classrooms; specifying conditions for a school district to maintain eligibility for Florida digital classrooms allocation funds, etc.	Fav/CS Yeas 6 Nays 0
		 ED 03/11/2015 Temporarily Postponed ED 03/18/2015 Fav/CS AED 04/02/2015 Temporarily Postponed AED 04/08/2015 Fav/CS AP 	
9	SB 1522 Detert (Compare H 7125, H 7127, CS/S 948)	Workforce Training; Requiring the Department of Education, in collaboration with the Department of Economic Opportunity, to identify and recommend specified apprenticeship programs; requiring the Department of Education, in collaboration with the Department of Economic Opportunity, to identify and recommend specified preapprenticeship programs, etc.	Fav/CS Yeas 6 Nays 0
		HE 03/23/2015 Favorable AED 04/08/2015 Fav/CS AP	

COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA

Appropriations Subcommittee on Education Wednesday, April 8, 2015, 10:00 a.m.—12:00 noon

TAB	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION
10	SB 7050 Governmental Oversight and Accountability (Compare CS/CS/S 616, CS/S 1264)	Digital Classrooms; Requiring the Agency for State Technology to establish and publish information technology architecture standards for purposes of implementing digital classrooms by a specified date; requiring the agency's annual assessment of the Department of Education to review specified issues with respect to school district digital classrooms plans and to provide planning assistance to address and reduce issues identified by the assessment, etc. AED 04/02/2015 Temporarily Postponed AED 04/08/2015 Not Considered AP	Not Considered

Other Related Meeting Documents

	Prepared By: Th	ne Professional Staff of th	e Appropriations S	ubcommittee on Education	
BILL: PCS/CS/S		S/SB 1264 (368432)			
INTRODUCER:	Appropriatio Senator Legg		Education; Educa	tion Pre-K - 12 Committee; an	
SUBJECT:	Digital Class	rooms			
DATE:	April 10, 201	5 REVISED:			
ANAL	YST	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION	
Bailey		Klebacha	ED	Fav/CS	
. Sikes		Elwell	AED	Recommend: Fav/CS	
			AP		

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

PCS/CS/SB 1264 provides a mechanism for comparing the status of digital readiness of school districts and public schools, which is independently verified, based on technology infrastructure standards identified by the Agency for State Technology (AST or agency) or a professional organization that the agency contracts with (contracted organization). The digital readiness of school districts must be assessed using a digital readiness scorecard and uniform definitions of technology infrastructure components established by the Department of Education (DOE) in consultation with the agency.

Specifically, the bill requires the AST, or a contracted organization, to consult with the DOE to identify technology infrastructure standards for the successful implementation of digital classrooms in Florida. The bill also specifies that AST must collaborate with the DOE and the Department of Management Services (DMS) to identify state term procurement options and shared services available to school districts.

The bill appropriates \$9,953,566 to the AST. This appropriation is for AST, or a contracted organization, to perform the digital classrooms implementation and compliance assessment, provide planning guidance to address identified gaps, and recommend cost efficiency improvements as required in the bill.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2015.

II. Present Situation:

Florida Digital Classrooms Allocation

In 2014, the Legislature elevated policy and funding for technology-enhanced classroom teaching and learning by creating the Florida digital classrooms allocation (allocation) to support efforts and strategies of school districts and public schools in integrating technology into classroom instruction to improve student performance outcomes.¹ In response to the 2014 legislation that created the allocation,² the Department of Education (DOE or department) adopted a Strategic Technology Plan establishing the general parameters for digital classrooms which are used by the by the district school boards to adopt their district digital classrooms plan.³ For the 2014-2015 fiscal year, the Legislature appropriated \$40 million to school district and the remaining balance was allocated based on each district's share of the state's total unweighted student enrollment.⁵

State Digital Classrooms Plan

The Office of Technology and Information Services, within DOE, is responsible for developing a 5-year strategic plan (state plan) that must:⁶

- Describe how technology will be integrated into classroom teaching and learning to improve student performance outcomes and prepare students to be digital learners.
- Establish minimum technology requirements that include specifications for hardware, software, devices, networking, security, and bandwidth capacity and guidelines for the ratio of students per device.
- Establish minimum requirements for professional development opportunities and training to assist district instructional personnel staff with integrating technology into classroom teaching.
- Identify the types of digital tools and resources that can assist district instructional personnel and staff in management, assessment, and monitoring of student learning and performance.

DOE must update the state plan annually by January 1st.⁷

¹ Section 1011.62(12)(a), F.S.

² Sections 5 and 27, ch. 2014-56, L.O.F.

³ Florida Department of Education, *FDOE Digital Classrooms Plan*, <u>http://www.fldoe.org/about-us/division-of-technology-info-services/bureau-of-edu-tech.stml</u> (last visited March 6, 2015); *see* ss. 1001.20(4) and 1011.62(12)(b), F.S. The Department of Education (DOE) has provided to school districts, technical assistance memo and guidance document regarding digital classrooms. Florida Department of Education, *Digital Classrooms Plan (DCP) and Allocation*, <u>http://www.fldoe.org/about-us/division-of-technology-info-services/bureau-of-edu-tech.stml</u> (last visited March 9, 2015).

⁴ Specific Appropriation 96, s. 2, ch. 2014-51, LO.F.

⁵ Id.

⁶ Section 1001.20(4)(a)1., F.S.

⁷ Section 1001.20(4)(a)1., F.S

Technology Integration Matrix

To assist with integrating technology into curriculum, DOE has prepared a Technology Integration Matrix (TIM)⁸ for teachers to use technology to enhance learning by:⁹

- Providing a framework for defining and evaluating technology integration;
- Setting a clear vision for effective teaching with technology;
- Giving teachers and administrators a common language for setting goals; and
- Helping target professional development resources effectively.

District Digital Classrooms Plan

The 2014 legislation required each district school board to adopt a district digital classrooms plan (DCP) that meets the unique needs of students, schools, and personnel and submit the district DCP to DOE for approval.¹⁰ By permitting the customization of district digital classrooms plan to meet local needs, the legislation promoted local control of targeted and purposeful technology enhancements in Florida's classrooms. At a minimum, the district DCPs must be updated annually to include the following:¹¹

- Measurable student performance outcomes, including the outcomes for students with disabilities.
- Digital learning and technology infrastructure purchases and operational activities including, but not limited to, connectivity, broadband access, wireless capacity, internet speed, and data security, all of which must meet or exceed the minimum requirements and protocols established by the department.
- Professional development purchases and operational activities including, but not limited to, using technology in the classroom and improving digital literacy and competency.
- Digital tool purchases and operational activities including, but not limited to, competencybased credentials that measure and demonstrate digital competency and certifications; thirdparty assessments that demonstrate acquired knowledge and use of digital applications; and devices that meet or exceed the minimum requirements and protocols established by the department.
- Online assessment-related purchases and operational activities including, but not limited to, expanding the capacity to administer assessments and compatibility with minimum assessment requirements and protocols established by the department.

Each district superintendent must certify to the Commissioner of Education (commissioner) that "the district school board has approved a comprehensive district digital classrooms plan that

⁸ Florida Department of Education, *Presentation to the Florida Senate Appropriations Subcommittee on Education* (March 4, 2015), *available at* <u>http://www.flsenate.gov/PublishedContent/Committees/2014</u>

^{2016/}AED/MeetingRecords/MeetingPacket 2873.pdf, at 115 of 120.

⁹ Florida Department of Education, *The Technology Integration Matrix*, <u>http://fcit.usf.edu/matrix/index.php</u> (last visited March 10, 2015). The five interdependent characteristics of meaningful learning environments are: active, constructive, goal directed (i.e., reflective), authentic, and collaborative. The five levels of technology integration (i.e., entry, adoption, adaptation, infusion, and transformation) with each of the five characteristics of meaningful learning environments. Together, the five levels of technology integration and the five characteristics of meaningful learning environments create a matrix of 25 cells to set a clear vision for effective teaching with technology. Florida Department of Education, *The Technology Integration Matrix* (March 9, 2015), *available at http://fcit.usf.edu/matrix/matrix.php*.

¹⁰ Section 1011.62(12)(b), F.S.

supports the fidelity of implementation of the Florida digital classrooms allocation."¹² In addition, each district's DCP must include a formal verification of the district superintendent's approval of the DCP for each charter school in the district.¹³ DOE must approve the DCPs before distributing the allocation funds to the school districts.¹⁴

For the 2014-2015 school year, the deadline for submitting district DCPs was October 1, 2014.¹⁵ All 67 district school boards have submitted their district DCP and DOE has approved all district DCPs.¹⁶ For the 2015-2016 school year and each year thereafter, the district school boards must submit their district DCPs annually by March 1.¹⁷

In addition to submitting DCPs, beginning in the 2015-2016 fiscal year, each district school board must report to the department its use of allocation funds and student performance outcomes.¹⁸ The department may contract with an independent third-party entity to conduct an annual independent verification of the district's use of allocation funds in accordance with the district's DCP.¹⁹ If an independent third-party verification is not conducted, the Auditor General must, during scheduled operational audits of school districts, verify compliance of the use of allocation funds in accordance with the district's DCP.²⁰

Annually, by October 1, beginning in the 2015-2016 fiscal year, the commissioner must provide to the Governor, President of the Senate, and Speaker of the House of Representatives, a summary of each district's use of funds, student performance outcomes, and progress toward meeting statutory requirements and timelines.²¹

Local Capital Improvement Revenue for Computer Hardware and Enterprise Software

School districts are authorized to use local improvement revenue to purchase, lease-purchase, or lease:

- New and replacement equipment;
- Computer hardware; and
- Enterprise resource software applications that are classified as capital assets, have a useful life of at least 5 years, and are used to support districtwide administration or state-mandated reporting requirements.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill provides a mechanism for assessing and comparing the status of digital readiness of school districts and public schools based on technology infrastructure standards identified by the

¹² Section 1011.62(12)(c), F.S.

¹³ Section 1011.62(12)(b)5(c), F.S.

¹⁴ *Id*.

¹⁵ Section 1011.62(12)(b), F.S.

¹⁶ Florida Department of Education, *Approved Districts' Digital Classroom Plans*, <u>http://www.fldoe.org/about-us/division-of-technology-info-services/dcp.stml</u> (last visited March 6, 2015).

¹⁷ Section 1011.62(12)(b), F.S.

¹⁸ Section 1011.62(12)(e), F.S.

¹⁹ *Id*.

 $^{^{20}}$ Id.

 $^{^{21}}$ *Id*.

Agency for State Technology (AST or agency) or a professional organization that the agency contracts with (contracted organization). The digital readiness of school districts must be assessed using a digital readiness scorecard and uniform definitions of technology infrastructure components established by the Department of Education (DOE or department) in consultation with the agency.

Specifically, the bill requires the AST, or a contracted organization, to consult with the department to identify technology infrastructure standards for the successful implementation of digital classrooms. These standards must include, but are not limited to, device recommendations, security and connectivity requirements, and browser expectations. This provision will likely facilitate a collaboration between AST, the agency that establishes the standards for the most efficient use of state's information technology resources,²² and DOE, the department that is familiar with public schools' instructional needs.

Requirements for the Agency for State Technology

The AST was established in 2014 by the Legislature to oversee the state's essential technology projects and is responsible for establishing standards and processes for information technology (IT).²³ The agency is responsible for establishing technology architecture standards to provide the most efficient use of the state's IT resources which must include, but not be limited to, performance measurements and metrics that objectively reflect the status of an IT project based on a defined and documented scope, cost, and schedule.²⁴

In addition to identifying the technology infrastructure standards and targets, the bill requires AST, or a contracted organization, to:

- Perform an annual assessment of DOE's 5-year strategic plan for establishing Florida digital classrooms and the districts' and charter schools' digital classrooms plans for the 2015-2016 school year, and annually thereafter, to determine the status of technology infrastructure and digital readiness of school districts. The retrospective analyses will likely provide the state with an independent assessment of the districts' and schools' technology infrastructure and digital readiness status and needs. Currently, technology readiness data are self-reported by the school districts. In addition, the retrospective analyses will likely assist with identifying gaps in technology infrastructure relative to the identified standards and targets. The bill requires school districts to be assessed using a digital readiness scorecard to provide a mechanism for comparing the status of school districts' digital readiness.
- Provide prospective planning guidance and technical assistance to the department, school districts, and public schools regarding identified gaps in technology infrastructure and recommended improvements to meet the standards identified by AST or a contracted

²² Section 282.0051(2), F.S. The Agency for State Technology is responsible for developing and publishing "information technology policy for the management of the state's information technology resources." Section 282.0051(1), F.S.

²³ Section 10, ch. 2014-221, L.O.F.; Agency for State Technology, *About Us*, <u>http://www.ast.myflorida.com/about.asp</u> (lasted visited March 9, 2015) Information technology means " equipment, hardware, software, firmware, programs, systems, networks, infrastructure, media, and related material used to automatically, electronically, and wirelessly collect, receive, access, transmit, display, store, record, retrieve, analyze, evaluate, process, classify, manipulate, manage, assimilate, control, communicate, exchange, convert, converge, interface, switch, or disseminate information of any kind or form." Section 282.0041, F.S.

²⁴ Section 282.0051(2)-(3), F.S.

organization. The guidance and technical assistance will likely help DOE, school districts, and public schools to make strategic and purposeful investments in technology infrastructure.

- Submit a report by May 1, 2016, for the 2015-2016 school year, and annually by December 1 thereafter, to the Governor, President of the Senate, and Speaker of the House of Representatives, summarizing the status of technology infrastructure and recommending strategies for improving cost efficiencies and maximizing the state's and school districts' investments in technology to establish digital classrooms. The annual report, which AST must provide to the Commissioner of Education (commissioner) by November 1 of each year, will likely help to inform the state about the school districts' and public schools' technology infrastructure status and progress toward meeting the technology infrastructure standards and targets that are identified by AST or a contracted organization in consultation with DOE. Additionally, the recommendations regarding cost efficiencies may help inform strategic budgetary investments in technology infrastructure.
- Collaborate with the DOE and the Department of Management Services (DMS) to identify:
 - State term contract procurement options available to school districts that provide information technology commodities, consultant services, or staff augmentation contractual services that support the information technology architecture standards applicable to digital classrooms.
 - Shared services available to school districts through the State Data Center to facilitate the implementation of school district digital classrooms plans.

Requirements for the Department of Education

The bill specifies requirements for the DOE regarding incorporating the identified technology infrastructure standards and targets in the department's 5-year strategic plan (state plan), establishing uniform definitions of technology infrastructure components, creating a digital readiness scorecard, and providing access to statewide procurement service agreements:

- The DOE must include the identified technology infrastructure standards and targets in the state plan for successful implementation of digital classrooms to improve student performance outcomes. In addition to the components that must be included in the state plan, which are specified in law,²⁵ the bill clarifies that the state plan must also identify minimum technology infrastructure requirements in consultation with AST. The minimum technology infrastructure requirements will likely help the school districts and public schools strategically plan for technology investments and allocate funds purposefully.
- The DOE must coordinate with AST to facilitate school districts' access to statewide procurement service agreements. Access to competitively procured service agreements may result in cost savings and efficiencies for the school districts.
- The DOE must consult with AST to establish uniform definitions of technology infrastructure components which must be incorporated into the state plan. The uniform definitions must also be used by charter schools that seek Florida digital classrooms allocation funds and by each district school board in the technology information submitted annually to DOE. Uniform definitions will allow for comparability of technology infrastructure components across school districts to assess the status of districts' digital readiness.

²⁵ Section 1001.20(4)(a)1., F.S.

- The DOE must consult with AST to create a digital readiness scorecard to compare the digital readiness of school districts within the state. The scorecard must use the uniform definitions and identified technology infrastructure standards and targets identified by the department in consultation with AST. At a minimum, the scorecard must include the student-to-device ratio, the percentage of schools within each district that meet bandwidth standards, the percentage of classrooms within each district that must meet wireless standards, the refresh rate of devices, network capacity, information storage capacity, and information security services.
- The DOE must provide each school district with their information technology architecture standards compliance status by June 1, 2016, for the 2015-2016 school year, and annually by January 1 thereafter.
- The DOE, if it determines the administration of online assessments after January 1, 2015, does not comply with the minimum assessment protocols and requirements it established, must contract with an independent, auditing entity that has expertise in the area to evaluate the extent of the noncompliance and provide recommendations to remediate the noncompliance in future administrations of online assessments.

Requirements for School Districts

Beginning in the 2016-2017 school year, each school district must undergo an annual assessment and independent verification of its use of Florida digital classrooms allocation funds (digital classrooms funds) for the district to be eligible to receive digital classrooms funds. An independent assessment of the districts' use of digital classrooms funds will likely help inform the state about school districts' technology needs and investments to improve student performance outcomes. Access to such information will also likely assist the state with budgetary decisions concerning school districts' and public schools' preparedness to integrate technology into classroom teaching and learning and administer computer-based assessments.

Requirements for Submitting Digital Classrooms Plans

The bill also makes modifications to the format and deadline for submitting digital classrooms plans:

- The DOE must develop a streamlined format for charter schools to use for submitting their digital classrooms plan. This process may result in creating a precise accountability measurement tool matching the charter school's mission, program, goals, students served, methods of assessment and ways to measure success of charter schools.²⁶
- The commissioner must implement an online, web-based portal for school districts and charter schools to submit their digital classrooms plan. The online submission system may result in a cost-effective method for the school districts to timely report their digital classrooms plan information to the department.
- District school boards must submit their digital classrooms plan annually to DOE by August 1, instead of the March 1 deadline which is the current statutory deadline. The August 1 deadline will likely assist the districts with budgetary planning by taking into consideration allocation funds appropriated for the next school year.

²⁶ Florida Department of Education, *General Information* (March 9, 2015), *available at* <u>http://www.fldoe.org/schools/school-choice/charter-schools/charter-school-faqs.stml</u>.

Finally, the bill clarifies that the annual report the commissioner must provide to the Governor, President of the Senate, and Speaker of the House of Representatives, by October 1 of each year, include a summary of each district's:

- Student performance goals and outcomes; and
- Use of funds in support of such goals and outcomes.

The clarification emphasizes that improving student performance outcomes should be the goal that drives technology integration in classroom teaching and learning.

The bill appropriates \$9,993,566 for the AST to perform the digital classrooms implementation and compliance assessment, provide planning guidance to address identified gaps, and recommend cost efficiency improvements.

Local Capital Improvement Revenue for Computer Hardware and Enterprise Software

School districts are currently authorized to purchase enterprise resource software with their local capital improvement revenue, however, it is unclear as to whether annual license fees, maintenance fees, or lease agreements for enterprise resource software are authorized uses of these funds. The bill specifically authorizes school districts to use their local capital improvement revenue for enterprise resource software annual license fees, maintenance fees, or lease agreements.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2015.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

PCS/CS/SB 1264 appropriates nearly \$10 million to the Agency for State Technology (AST). This appropriation is for AST, or a contracted organization, to perform the digital classrooms implementation and compliance assessment, provide planning guidance to address identified gaps, and recommend cost efficiency improvements as required in the bill.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 282.0051, 282.00515, 1001.20, 1011.62, and 1011.71.

This bill creates section 282.0052 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

Recommended CS/CS by Appropriations Subcommittee on Education on April 8, 2015:

The committee substitute:

- Perform annual assessment of state and school district digital classrooms plans.
- Requires the Agency for State Technology (AST) to:
 - Establish information technology architecture standards for purposes of implementing digital classrooms, including but not limited to, device recommendations, security requirements, connectivity requirements, and browser expectations.
 - Collaborate with the Department of Education (DOE) and Department of Management Services (DMS) to identify state term contract procurement and shared services options for school districts.
 - Include, in the annual assessment of DOE, the status of statewide implementation of digital classrooms and recommendations for improving cost efficiencies.
- Requires the DOE to contract with independent auditing entity to make recommendations to remediate technology infrastructure issues associated with the administration of 2014-15 online assessments.
- Authorizes school districts to use their local capital improvement revenue for enterprise resource software annual license fees, maintenance fees, or lease agreements.

• Appropriates nearly \$10 million for AST to conduct the duties outlines in the bill.

CS by Education Pre-K – 12 on March 18, 2015:

The committee substitute maintains the original substance of SB 1264 with the following modifications:

- Requires the Department of Education's technology office to consult with the Agency for State Technology (AST) to:
 - Establish uniform definitions of technology infrastructure components. The uniform definitions must be incorporated into the state and local digital classrooms plans and technology resources inventory.
 - Create a digital readiness scorecard to compare school districts' digital readiness and include specified information in the scorecard.
- Modifies a requirement in the bill that requires AST, or an independent organization that the agency contracts with, to perform retrospective analyses of the state and local digital classrooms plans by clarifying that the retrospective analyses must also include an assessment of the digital readiness of school districts using the digital readiness scorecard.
- B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

House

Florida Senate - 2015 Bill No. CS for SB 1264

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate Comm: RCS 04/10/2015

Appropriations Subcommittee on Education (Legg) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Subsections (2), (7), and (10) of section 282.0051, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

282.0051 Agency for State Technology; powers, duties, and functions.—The Agency for State Technology shall have the following powers, duties, and functions:

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2 3

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(2) Establish and publish information technology



11 architecture standards that: 12 (a) to Provide for the most efficient use of the state's 13 information technology resources and that to ensure 14 compatibility and alignment with the needs of state agencies. 15 The agency shall assist state agencies in complying with the 16 standards. 17 (b) Address for purposes of implementing digital classrooms 18 under s. 1011.62(12) issues that include, but are not limited to, device recommendations, security requirements, connectivity 19 20 requirements, and browser expectations. Such standards must be 21 published by December 1, 2015. 22 (7) (a) Participate with the Department of Management 23 Services in evaluating, conducting, and negotiating competitive 24 solicitations for state term contracts for information 25 technology commodities, consultant services, or staff 26 augmentation contractual services pursuant to s. 287.0591. 27 (b) Collaborate with the Department of Management Services 28 in information technology resource acquisition planning. 29 (c) Collaborate with the Department of Education and the 30 Department of Management Services to identify: 31 1. State term contract procurement options that are 32 available to school districts which provide information 33 technology commodities, consultant services, or staff 34 augmentation contractual services that support the information 35 technology architecture standards applicable to digital 36 classrooms. 37 2. Shared services available to school districts through 38 the State Data Center to facilitate the implementation of school 39 district digital classrooms plans.



40 (10) (a) Beginning July 1, 2016, and annually thereafter, 41 conduct annual assessments of state agencies to determine compliance with all information technology standards and 42 43 quidelines developed and published by the agency, and beginning December 1, 2016, and annually thereafter, provide results of 44 45 the assessments to the Executive Office of the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of 46 47 Representatives. 48 (b) Include in the annual assessment of the Department of 49 Education under paragraph (a), the status of statewide 50 implementation of digital classrooms and each school district's 51 status of compliance with the information technology 52 architecture standards identified under paragraph (2)(b), 53 planning guidance to address identified gaps, and 54 recommendations for improving cost efficiencies pursuant to s. 55 282.0052. 56 Section 2. Section 282.00515, Florida Statutes, is amended 57 to read: 58 282.00515 Duties of Cabinet agencies.-The Department of 59 Legal Affairs, the Department of Financial Services, and the 60 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall adopt the standards established in s. 282.0051(2)(a) s. 282.0051(2), (3), 61 62

and (8) or adopt alternative standards based on best practices and industry standards, and may contract with the Agency for State Technology to provide or perform any of the services and functions described in s. 282.0051 for the Department of Legal Affairs, the Department of Financial Services, or the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.

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Section 3. Section 282.0052, Florida Statutes, is created

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69	to read:
70	282.0052 Digital classrooms information technology
71	architecture standards
72	(1) Beginning July 1, 2015, the Agency for State
73	Technology, or an independent third-party professional
74	organization that the agency contracts with, shall:
75	(a) Consult with the Department of Education to identify
76	information technology architecture standards pursuant to s.
77	282.0051 for the successful implementation of digital
78	classrooms, pursuant to s. 1011.62(12), in public schools within
79	the state beginning in the 2016-2017 school year. Such standards
80	must include, but are not limited to, device recommendations,
81	security requirements, connectivity requirements, and browser
82	expectations.
83	(b) Perform an annual assessment of the state 5-year
84	strategic plan developed pursuant to s. 1001.20 and school
85	district digital classrooms plan adopted pursuant to s.
86	1011.62(12) to determine the digital readiness of school
87	districts and their compliance with the information technology
88	architecture standards identified under paragraph (a). The
89	digital readiness of school districts must be assessed using the
90	digital readiness scorecard established under s. 1001.20(4)(a).
91	(c) Provide prospective planning guidance and technical
92	assistance to the Department of Education, school districts, and
93	public schools regarding identified gaps in technology
94	infrastructure and recommended improvements to meet the
95	information technology architecture standards identified under
96	paragraph (a).
97	(d) Summarize and report, by May 1, 2016, for the 2015-2016

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schoo	l year, and by December 1 for each school year thereafter,
to th	e Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of
the H	ouse of Representatives:
	1. The status of technology infrastructure of school
distr	icts and public schools within the state.
	2. Recommendations for improving cost efficiencies and
maxim	izing investments in technology by the state and school
distr	icts to establish digital classrooms.
	(2) For the 2015-2016 school year, the Agency for State
Techn	ology must provide the status of technology infrastructure
infor	mation regarding implementation of digital classrooms
state	wide and by each school district to the Commissioner of
Educa	tion by April 1, 2016. For each school year thereafter, the
statu	s of technology infrastructure information must be provided
to th	e commissioner by November 1 of each year.
	(3) For the 2015-2016 school year, the Department of
Educa	tion must provide to each school district the status of the
state	wide implementation of digital classrooms and the school
distr	ict's status regarding compliance with the information
techn	ology architecture standards identified under paragraph
(1) (a) by June 1, 2016. For each school year thereafter, the
Depar	tment of Education must notify a school district regarding
compl	iance with the information technology architecture
stand	ards by January 1 of each year. In addition, the Department
of Ed	ucation must provide planning guidance to address
ident	ified gaps and recommendations for improving cost
effic	iencies in accordance with subsection (1) to each school
distr	ict. If the annual assessment indicates that a school
distr	ict is not in compliance with the information technology

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127 architecture standards identified under paragraph (1)(a), the school district must, within 60 days from the date of receipt of 128 such notification from the Department of Education become 129 130 compliant; obtain an exemption to waive compliance from the 131 Department of Education; or procure services through the agency 132 or the Department of Management Services to achieve compliance. 133 Section 4. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 134 1001.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 135 1001.20 Department under direction of state board.-136 (4) The Department of Education shall establish the 137 following offices within the Office of the Commissioner of 138 Education which shall coordinate their activities with all other 139 divisions and offices: 140 (a) Office of Technology and Information Services.-141 1. Responsible for developing a 5-year strategic plan, in 142 consultation with the Agency for State Technology, to incorporate the minimum information technology architecture 143 144 standards for the successful implementation of digital 145 classrooms to improve student performance outcomes under s. 146 1011.62(12) for establishing Florida digital classrooms by 147 October 1, 2014, and annually updating the plan by January 1 each year thereafter. The Florida digital classrooms plan shall 148 149 be provided to each school district and published on the 150 department's website. The plan must: 151 a. Describe how technology will be integrated into 152 classroom teaching and learning to assist the state in improving 153

153 student performance outcomes and enable all students in Florida 154 to be digital learners with access to digital tools and 155 resources.

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156 b. Identify minimum information technology architecture standards requirements, which that include specifications for 157 158 hardware, software, devices, networking, security, and bandwidth 159 capacity and quidelines for the ratio of students per device. 160 The Office of Technology and Information Services shall consult 161 with the Agency for State Technology in identifying minimum 162 information technology architecture standards. 163 c. Establish minimum requirements for professional 164 development opportunities and training to assist district 165 instructional personnel and staff with the integration of 166 technology into classroom teaching. 167 d. Identify the types of digital tools and resources that 168 can assist district instructional personnel and staff in the 169 management, assessment, and monitoring of student learning and 170 performance. 171 2. Responsible for making budget recommendations to the 172 commissioner, providing data collection and management for the 173 system, assisting school districts in securing Internet access and telecommunications services, including those eligible for 174 175 funding under the Schools and Libraries Program of the federal 176 Universal Service Fund, and coordinating services with other 177 state, local, and private agencies.

<u>3. Responsible for coordinating with the Agency for State</u> <u>Technology to facilitate school districts' access to state term</u> <u>contract procurement options and shared services pursuant to s.</u> <u>282.0051(7)(c).</u>

4. Responsible for consulting with the Agency for State Technology to establish uniform definitions of information technology architecture components which must be incorporated

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185 into the department's 5-year strategic plan. The uniform definitions must be incorporated by each charter school that 186 187 seeks Florida digital classrooms allocation funds and by each 188 district school board in the technology information annually 189 submitted to the department which includes, but is not limited 190 to, digital classroom plans and technology resources inventory. 191 5. Responsible for consulting with the Agency for State 192 Technology to create a digital readiness scorecard to compare the digital readiness of school districts within the state. The 193 194 scorecard must use the uniform definitions identified under this 195 section and information technology architecture standards 196 identified under s. 282.0052(1)(a). At a minimum, the scorecard 197 must include the student-to-device ratio, the percentage of 198 schools within each district that meet bandwidth standards, the 199 percentage of classrooms within each district that meet wireless 200 standards, the refresh rate of devices, network capacity, 201 information storage capacity, and information security services.

Section 5. Paragraphs (b) through (e) of subsection (12) of section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1011.62 Funds for operation of schools.—If the annual allocation from the Florida Education Finance Program to each district for operation of schools is not determined in the annual appropriations act or the substantive bill implementing the annual appropriations act, it shall be determined as follows:

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(12) FLORIDA DIGITAL CLASSROOMS ALLOCATION.-

(b) Each district school board shall adopt a district digital classrooms plan that meets the unique needs of students, schools, and personnel and submit the plan for approval to the

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214 Department of Education. In addition, each district school board 215 must, at a minimum, seek input from the district's 216 instructional, curriculum, and information technology staff to 217 develop the district digital classrooms plan. The district's 218 plan must be within the general parameters established in the 219 Florida digital classrooms plan pursuant to s. 1001.20. In 220 addition, if the district participates in federal technology 221 initiatives and grant programs, the district digital classrooms plan must include a plan for meeting requirements of such 2.2.2 223 initiatives and grant programs. Funds allocated under this 224 subsection must be used to support implementation of district 225 digital classrooms plans. By August October 1, 2014, and by 226 March 1 of each year thereafter, on a date determined by the 227 department, each district school board shall submit to the 228 department, in a format prescribed by the department, a digital 229 classrooms plan. At a minimum, such plan must include, and be 230 annually updated to reflect, the following:

1. Measurable student performance outcomes. Outcomes related to student performance, including outcomes for students with disabilities, must be tied to the efforts and strategies to improve outcomes related to student performance by integrating technology in classroom teaching and learning. Results of the outcomes shall be reported at least annually for the current school year and subsequent 3 years and be accompanied by an independent evaluation and validation of the reported results.

239 2. Digital learning and technology infrastructure purchases
240 and operational activities. Such purchases and activities must
241 be tied to the measurable outcomes under subparagraph 1.,
242 including, but not limited to, connectivity, broadband access,

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243 wireless capacity, Internet speed, and data security, all of 244 which must meet or exceed minimum requirements and protocols 245 established by the department. For each year that the district 246 uses funds for infrastructure, a third-party, independent 247 evaluation of the district's technology inventory and 248 infrastructure needs must accompany the district's plan.

3. Professional development purchases and operational activities. Such purchases and activities must be tied to the measurable outcomes under subparagraph 1., including, but not limited to, using technology in the classroom and improving digital literacy and competency.

4. Digital tool purchases and operational activities. Such purchases and activities must be tied to the measurable outcomes under subparagraph 1., including, but not limited to, competency-based credentials that measure and demonstrate digital competency and certifications; third-party assessments that demonstrate acquired knowledge and use of digital applications; and devices that meet or exceed minimum requirements and protocols established by the department.

262 5. Online assessment-related purchases and operational 263 activities. Such purchases and activities must be tied to the 264 measurable outcomes under subparagraph 1., including, but not 265 limited to, expanding the capacity to administer assessments and 266 compatibility with minimum assessment protocols and requirements 267 established by the department. If the administration of online 268 assessments after January 1, 2015, does not comply with the 269 minimum assessment protocols and requirements established by the 270 department, the department shall contract with an independent 271 auditing entity that has expertise in the area of the

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272 <u>noncompliance to evaluate the extent of the noncompliance and</u> 273 <u>provide recommendations to remediate the noncompliance in future</u> 274 <u>administrations of online assessments.</u>

275 (c) The Legislature shall annually provide in the General 276 Appropriations Act the FEFP allocation for implementation of the 277 Florida digital classrooms plan to be calculated in an amount up 278 to 1 percent of the base student allocation multiplied by the 279 total K-12 full-time equivalent student enrollment included in 280 the FEFP calculations for the legislative appropriation or as 281 provided in the General Appropriations Act. Each school district 282 shall be provided a minimum of \$250,000, with the remaining 283 balance of the allocation to be distributed based on each 284 district's proportion of the total K-12 full-time equivalent 285 student enrollment. Distribution of funds for the Florida 286 digital classrooms allocation shall begin following submittal of 287 each district's digital classrooms plan, which must include 288 formal verification of the superintendent's approval of the 289 digital classrooms plan of each charter school in the district, 290 and approval of the plan by the department. A charter school 291 shall submit the school's digital classrooms plan, in a 292 streamlined format prescribed by the department, to the 293 applicable school district. Prior to the distribution of the 294 Florida digital classrooms allocation funds, each district 295 school superintendent shall certify to the Commissioner of 296 Education that the district school board has approved a 297 comprehensive district digital classrooms plan that supports the 298 fidelity of implementation of the Florida digital classrooms 299 allocation. District allocations shall be recalculated during 300 the fiscal year consistent with the periodic recalculation of

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301 the FEFP. School districts shall provide a proportionate share 302 of the digital classrooms allocation to each charter school in 303 the district, as required for categorical programs in s. 304 1002.33(17)(b). A school district may use a competitive process 305 to distribute funds for the Florida digital classrooms 306 allocation to the schools within the school district. Beginning 307 in the 2016-2017 school year, to be eligible to receive Florida 308 digital classrooms allocation funds, a school district must 309 undergo an annual assessment pursuant to s. 282.0052 and an 310 annual independent verification of its use of Florida digital 311 classrooms allocation funds pursuant to paragraph (e).

312 (d) To facilitate the implementation of the district 313 digital classrooms plans and charter school digital classrooms 314 plans, the commissioner shall support statewide, coordinated 315 partnerships and efforts of this state's education practitioners 316 in the field, including, but not limited to, superintendents, 317 principals, and teachers, to identify and share best practices, 318 corrective actions, and other identified needs. By August 1, 319 2016, the commissioner shall implement an online, web-based 320 portal for school districts and charter schools to submit their 321 digital classrooms plan.

322 (e) Beginning in the 2015-2016 fiscal year and each year 323 thereafter, each district school board and charter school shall report to the department its use of funds provided through the 324 325 Florida digital classrooms allocation and student performance 326 outcomes in accordance with the district's digital classrooms 327 plan. The department may contract with an independent third-328 party entity to conduct an annual independent verification of 329 the district's use of Florida digital classrooms allocation

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330 funds in accordance with the district's digital classrooms plan. 331 In the event an independent third-party verification is not conducted, the Auditor General shall, during scheduled 332 333 operational audits of the school districts, verify compliance of 334 the use of Florida digital classrooms allocation funds in 335 accordance with the district's digital classrooms plan. No later 336 than October 1 of each year, beginning in the 2015-2016 fiscal 337 year, the commissioner shall provide to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of 338 339 Representatives a summary of each district's student performance goals and outcomes, use of funds $_{ au}$ in support of such student 340 341 performance goals and outcomes, and progress toward meeting 342 statutory requirements and timelines.

343 Section 6. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section 344 1011.71, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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1011.71 District school tax.-

(2) In addition to the maximum millage levy as provided in subsection (1), each school board may levy not more than 1.5 mills against the taxable value for school purposes for district schools, including charter schools at the discretion of the school board, to fund:

351 (d) The purchase, lease-purchase, or lease of new and 352 replacement equipment; computer hardware, including electronic 353 hardware and other hardware devices necessary for gaining access 354 to or enhancing the use of electronic content and resources or 355 to facilitate the access to and the use of a school district's 356 digital classrooms plan pursuant to s. 1011.62, excluding 357 software other than the operating system necessary to operate 358 the hardware or device; and enterprise resource software

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359	applications that are classified as capital assets in accordance
360	with definitions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board,
361	have a useful life of at least 5 years, and are used to support
362	districtwide administration or state-mandated reporting
363	requirements. Enterprise resource software may be acquired by
364	annual license fees, maintenance fees, or lease agreements.
365	Section 7. For the 2015-2016 fiscal year, the sum of
366	\$9,993,566 from the General Revenue Fund is appropriated in the
367	"Special Categories - Contracted Services" appropriation
368	category to the Agency for State Technology to conduct the
369	agency's duties under s. 282.0051(10)(b) and (c), Florida
370	Statutes.
371	Section 8. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.
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374	And the title is amended as follows:
375	Delete everything before the enacting clause
376	and insert:
377	A bill to be entitled
378	An act relating to digital classrooms; amending s.
379	282.0051, F.S.; requiring the Agency for State
380	Technology to establish and publish information
381	technology architecture standards for purposes of
382	implementing digital classrooms by a specified date;
383	requiring the agency to collaborate with the
384	Department of Education and the Department of
385	Management Services to identify certain state contract
386	procurement options for services that support such
387	standards and to identify certain shared services

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388 available through the State Data Center to facilitate 389 the implementation of school district digital classrooms plans; requiring the agency's annual 390 391 assessment of the Department of Education to review 392 specified issues with respect to school district 393 digital classrooms plans and to provide planning 394 assistance to address and reduce issues identified by 395 the assessment; amending s. 282.00515, F.S.; 396 conforming a cross-reference to changes made by the 397 act; creating s. 282.0052, F.S.; establishing 398 requirements for the agency or a contracted 399 organization with respect to the establishment and 400 assessment of digital classrooms information 401 technology architecture standards; requiring the 402 agency or contracted organization to annually submit a 403 report to the Governor and the Legislature; 404 prescribing report requirements; requiring the agency 405 to annually update the Commissioner of Education on 406 the status of technology infrastructure; requiring the 407 Department of Education to annually update school 408 districts regarding compliance with information 409 technology architecture standards and provide planning 410 quidance; requiring a school district to take certain 411 action in the event of noncompliance with information 412 technology architecture standards; amending s. 413 1001.20, F.S.; requiring the Office of Technology and 414 Information Services of the Department of Education to 415 consult with the Agency for State Technology in 416 developing the 5-year strategic plan for Florida

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417 digital classrooms; removing an obsolete date; 418 revising requirements for the 5-year strategic plan; 419 expanding the list of responsibilities of the Office 420 of Technology and Information Services; amending s. 421 1011.62, F.S.; revising the date by which district 422 school boards must annually submit a digital 423 classrooms plan to the Department of Education; 424 requiring the department to contract with an 42.5 independent auditing entity in the event of 426 noncompliance with minimum protocols and requirements 427 in the administration of online assessments; requiring 428 a charter school to submit the school's digital 429 classrooms plan to the applicable school district; 430 specifying required format for the plan; specifying 431 conditions for a school district to maintain 432 eligibility for Florida digital classrooms allocation 433 funds; requiring the Commissioner of Education to 434 implement an online portal for electronic submission 435 of digital classrooms plans by a specified date; 436 requiring a charter school to annually report to the 437 department regarding the use of specified funds; 438 revising requirements for the commissioner's annual 439 report to the Governor and the Legislature regarding 440 the digital classrooms plan; amending s. 1011.71, 441 F.S.; authorizing enterprise resource software to be 442 acquired by certain fees and agreements; providing an 443 appropriation; providing an effective date.

By the Committee on Education Pre-K - 12; and Senator Legg

581-02517-15 20151264c1 1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to digital classrooms; creating s. 282.0052, F.S.; establishing requirements for digital 3 classrooms technology infrastructure planning by the Agency for State Technology or a contracted organization; requiring the agency or contracted organization to annually submit a report to the Governor and the Legislature; prescribing report 8 ç requirements; requiring the agency to annually update 10 the Commissioner of Education on the status of 11 technology infrastructure; amending s. 1001.20, F.S.; 12 requiring the Office of Technology and Information 13 Services of the Department of Education to consult 14 with the Agency for State Technology in developing the 15 5-year strategic plan for Florida digital classrooms; 16 removing an obsolete date; revising requirements for 17 the 5-year strategic plan; expanding the list of 18 responsibilities of the Office of Technology and 19 Information Services; amending s. 1011.62, F.S.; 20 revising the date by which district school boards must 21 annually submit a digital classrooms plan to the 22 Department of Education; requiring a charter school to 23 submit the school's digital classrooms plan to the 24 applicable school district; specifying required format 25 for the plan; specifying conditions for a school 26 district to maintain eligibility for Florida digital 27 classrooms allocation funds; requiring the 28 Commissioner of Education to implement an online 29 portal for electronic submission of digital classrooms Page 1 of 10 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

	581-02517-15 20151264c
0	plans by a specified date; requiring a charter school
1	to annually report to the department regarding the use
2	of specified funds; revising requirements for the
3	commissioner's annual report to the Governor and the
4	Legislature regarding the digital classrooms plan;
5	providing an effective date.
6	
7	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
8	
9	Section 1. Section 282.0052, Florida Statutes, is created
0	to read:
1	282.0052 Digital classrooms technology infrastructure
2	planning
3	(1) The Agency for State Technology, or an independent
4	third-party professional organization that the agency contracts
5	with, shall:
6	(a) Consult with the Department of Education to identify
7	technology infrastructure standards and targets for the
8	successful implementation of digital classrooms, pursuant to s.
9	1011.62(12), in public schools within the state beginning in the
0	2016-2017 school year.
1	(b) Perform retrospective analyses of the state 5-year
2	strategic plan developed pursuant to s. 1001.20 and school
3	district digital classrooms plan adopted pursuant to s.
4	1011.62(12) for the 2014-2015 and 2015-2016 school years to
5	determine the status of technology infrastructure and digital
6	readiness of school districts relative to the standards and
7	targets identified under paragraph (a). The digital readiness of
8	school districts must be assessed using the digital readiness
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scorecard established under s. 1001.20(4)(a).	88	student performance outcomes under s. 1011.62(12) for
(c) Provide prospective planning guidance and technical	89	establishing Florida digital classrooms by October 1, 2014, and
assistance to the Department of Education, school districts, and	90	annually updating the plan by January 1 cach year thereafter.
public schools regarding identified gaps in technology	91	The Florida digital classrooms plan shall be provided to each
infrastructure and recommended improvements to meet the	92	school district and published on the department's website. The
standards and targets identified under paragraph (a).	93	plan must:
(d) Summarize and report, by October 1 of each year, to the	94	a. Describe how technology will be integrated into
Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the	95	classroom teaching and learning to assist the state in improving
House of Representatives:	96	student performance outcomes and enable all students in Florida
1. The status of technology infrastructure of school	97	to be digital learners with access to digital tools and
districts and public schools within the state.	98	resources.
2. Recommendations for improving cost efficiencies and	99	b. Identify minimum technology <u>infrastructure</u> requirements <u>,</u>
maximizing investments in technology by the state and school	100	which that include specifications for hardware, software,
districts to establish digital classrooms.	101	devices, networking, security, and bandwidth capacity and
(2) The Agency for State Technology must provide the status	102	guidelines for the ratio of students per device. The Office of
of technology infrastructure information to the Commissioner of	103	Technology and Information Services shall consult with the
Education by September 1 of each year.	104	Agency for State Technology in identifying minimum technology
Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section	105	infrastructure requirements.
1001.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:	106	c. Establish minimum requirements for professional
1001.20 Department under direction of state board	107	development opportunities and training to assist district
(4) The Department of Education shall establish the	108	instructional personnel and staff with the integration of
following offices within the Office of the Commissioner of	109	technology into classroom teaching.
Education which shall coordinate their activities with all other	110	d. Identify the types of digital tools and resources that
divisions and offices:	111	can assist district instructional personnel and staff in the
(a) Office of Technology and Information Services	112	management, assessment, and monitoring of student learning and
1. Responsible for developing a 5-year strategic plan <u>, in</u>	113	performance.
consultation with the Agency for State Technology, to establish	114	2. Responsible for making budget recommendations to the
technology infrastructure standards and targets for the	115	commissioner, providing data collection and management for the
successful implementation of digital classrooms to improve	116	system, assisting school districts in securing Internet access
Page 3 of 10		Page 4 of 10
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581-02517-15 20151264c1 117 and telecommunications services, including those eligible for 118 funding under the Schools and Libraries Program of the federal 119 Universal Service Fund, and coordinating services with other 120 state, local, and private agencies. 121 3. Responsible for coordinating with the Agency for State Technology to facilitate school districts' access to statewide 122 123 procurement service agreements. 124 4. Responsible for consulting with the Agency for State 125 Technology to establish uniform definitions of technology 126 infrastructure components which must be incorporated into the 127 department's 5-year strategic plan. The uniform definitions must 128 be incorporated by each charter school that seeks Florida 129 digital classrooms allocation funds and by each district school 130 board in technology information annually submitted to the 131 department which includes, but is not limited to, digital 132 classroom plans and technology resources inventory. 133 5. Responsible for consulting with the Agency for State 134 Technology to create a digital readiness scorecard to compare 135 the digital readiness of school districts within the state. The 136 scorecard must use the uniform definitions identified under this 137 section and technology infrastructure standards and targets 138 identified under s. 282.0052(1)(a). At a minimum, the scorecard 139 must include the student-to-device ratio, the percentage of 140 schools within each district that meet bandwidth standards, the 141 percentage of classrooms within each district that meet wireless 142 standards, the refresh rate of devices, network capacity, 143 information storage capacity, and information security services. 144 Section 3. Paragraphs (b) through (e) of subsection (12) of 145 section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: Page 5 of 10

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581-02517-15 20151264c1 146 1011.62 Funds for operation of schools.-If the annual 147 allocation from the Florida Education Finance Program to each 148 district for operation of schools is not determined in the 149 annual appropriations act or the substantive bill implementing 150 the annual appropriations act, it shall be determined as 151 follows: 152 (12) FLORIDA DIGITAL CLASSROOMS ALLOCATION.-153 (b) Each district school board shall adopt a district 154 digital classrooms plan that meets the unique needs of students, 155 schools, and personnel and submit the plan for approval to the 156 Department of Education. In addition, each district school board 157 must, at a minimum, seek input from the district's instructional, curriculum, and information technology staff to 158 159 develop the district digital classrooms plan. The district's 160 plan must be within the general parameters established in the 161 Florida digital classrooms plan pursuant to s. 1001.20. In addition, if the district participates in federal technology 162 163 initiatives and grant programs, the district digital classrooms 164 plan must include a plan for meeting requirements of such 165 initiatives and grant programs. Funds allocated under this subsection must be used to support implementation of district 166 digital classrooms plans. By September October 1, 2014, and by 167 168 March 1 of each year thereafter, on a date determined by the 169 department, each district school board shall submit to the 170 department, in a format prescribed by the department, a digital 171 classrooms plan. At a minimum, such plan must include, and be 172 annually updated to reflect, the following: 173 1. Measurable student performance outcomes. Outcomes related to student performance, including outcomes for students 174

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ategies to	204	5. Online assessment-related purchases and operational
egrating	205	activities. Such purchases and activities must be tied to the
of the	206	measurable outcomes under subparagraph 1., including, but not
irrent	207	limited to, expanding the capacity to administer assessments and
by an	208	compatibility with minimum assessment protocols and requirements
results.	209	established by the department.
purchases	210	(c) The Legislature shall annually provide in the General
les must	211	Appropriations Act the FEFP allocation for implementation of the
• ,	212	Florida digital classrooms plan to be calculated in an amount up
access,	213	to 1 percent of the base student allocation multiplied by the
all of	214	total K-12 full-time equivalent student enrollment included in
cocols	215	the FEFP calculations for the legislative appropriation or as
listrict	216	provided in the General Appropriations Act. Each school district
ent	217	shall be provided a minimum of \$250,000, with the remaining
	218	balance of the allocation to be distributed based on each
1.	219	district's proportion of the total K-12 full-time equivalent
onal	220	student enrollment. Distribution of funds for the Florida
to the	221	digital classrooms allocation shall begin following submittal of
out not	222	each district's digital classrooms plan, which must include
oving	223	formal verification of the superintendent's approval of the
	224	digital classrooms plan of each charter school in the district,
es. Such	225	and approval of the plan by the department. A charter school
e outcomes	226	shall submit the school's digital classrooms plan, in a
	227	streamlined format prescribed by the department, to the
ate	228	applicable school district. Prior to the distribution of the
essments	229	Florida digital classrooms allocation funds, each district
	230	school superintendent shall certify to the Commissioner of
	231	Education that the district school board has approved a
nt.	232	comprehensive district digital classrooms plan that supports the
		Page 8 of 10
re additions.		CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.

581-02517-15 175 with disabilities, must be tied to the efforts and strat 176 improve outcomes related to student performance by integ 177 technology in classroom teaching and learning. Results o 178 outcomes shall be reported at least annually for the cur school year and subsequent 3 years and be accompanied by 179 independent evaluation and validation of the reported re 180 181 2. Digital learning and technology infrastructure p 182 and operational activities. Such purchases and activitie 183 be tied to the measurable outcomes under subparagraph 1 184 including, but not limited to, connectivity, broadband a 185 wireless capacity, Internet speed, and data security, al which must meet or exceed minimum requirements and proto 186 established by the department. For each year that the di 187 188 uses funds for infrastructure, a third-party, independen 189 evaluation of the district's technology inventory and 190 infrastructure needs must accompany the district's plan 191 3. Professional development purchases and operation 192 activities. Such purchases and activities must be tied t 193 measurable outcomes under subparagraph 1., including, bu 194 limited to, using technology in the classroom and improv 195 digital literacy and competency. 196 4. Digital tool purchases and operational activitie 197 purchases and activities must be tied to the measurable 198 under subparagraph 1., including, but not limited to, 199 competency-based credentials that measure and demonstrat 200 digital competency and certifications; third-party asses 201 that demonstrate acquired knowledge and use of digital 202 applications; and devices that meet or exceed minimum 203 requirements and protocols established by the department

Page 7 of 10

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	581-02517-15 20151264c1
233	fidelity of implementation of the Florida digital classrooms
234	allocation. District allocations shall be recalculated during
235	the fiscal year consistent with the periodic recalculation of
236	the FEFP. School districts shall provide a proportionate share
237	of the digital classrooms allocation to each charter school in
238	the district, as required for categorical programs in s.
239	1002.33(17)(b). A school district may use a competitive process
240	to distribute funds for the Florida digital classrooms
241	allocation to the schools within the school district. Beginning
242	in the 2016-2017 school year, to be eligible to receive Florida
243	digital classrooms allocation funds, a school district must
244	undergo retrospective and prospective analyses pursuant to s.
245	282.0052 and an annual independent verification of its use of
246	Florida digital classrooms allocation funds pursuant to
247	paragraph (e).
248	(d) To facilitate the implementation of the district
249	digital classrooms plans and charter school digital classrooms
250	plans, the commissioner shall support statewide, coordinated
251	partnerships and efforts of this state's education practitioners
252	in the field, including, but not limited to, superintendents,
253	principals, and teachers, to identify and share best practices,
254	corrective actions, and other identified needs. By August 1,
255	2016, the commissioner shall implement an online, web-based
256	portal for school districts and charter schools to submit their
257	digital classrooms plan.
258	(e) Beginning in the 2015-2016 fiscal year and each year
259	thereafter, each district school board $\underline{and charter school}$ shall
260	report to the department its use of funds provided through the
261	Florida digital classrooms allocation and student performance
I	Page 9 of 10
	rage 3 OI IU

 $\textbf{CODING:} \text{ Words } \frac{}{\text{stricken}} \text{ are deletions; words } \underline{\text{underlined}} \text{ are additions.}$

	581-02517-15 20151264c1
262	outcomes in accordance with the district's digital classrooms
263	plan. The department may contract with an independent third-
264	party entity to conduct an annual independent verification of
265	the district's use of Florida digital classrooms allocation
266	funds in accordance with the district's digital classrooms plan.
267	In the event an independent third-party verification is not
268	conducted, the Auditor General shall, during scheduled
269	operational audits of the school districts, verify compliance of
270	the use of Florida digital classrooms allocation funds in
271	accordance with the district's digital classrooms plan. No later
272	than October 1 of each year, beginning in the 2015-2016 fiscal
273	year, the commissioner shall provide to the Governor, the
274	President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of
275	Representatives a summary of each district's student performance
276	goals and outcomes, use of funds, in support of such student
277	performance goals and outcomes, and progress toward meeting
278	statutory requirements and timelines.
279	Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.

Page 10 of 10 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions. THE FLORIDA SENATE

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator Meeting Date	or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Image: Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Image: Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Image: Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Image: Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Image: Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Image: Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Image: Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Image: Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Image: Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Image: Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Image: Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Image: Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Image: Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Image: Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Image: Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Image: Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Image: Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Image: Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Image: Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Image: Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Image: Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting th
Topic <u>Disital Classrooms</u>	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name <u>SimMorne</u>	
Job Title	
Address	Phone <u>904-759-4596</u> Email <u>Juicne @ stratesssor</u>
City State	Zip
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: Y In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing <u>ATF</u>	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: 🔀 Yes 🦳 No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/14/14)

THE FLORIDA	SENATE
4815 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or S Meeting Date	
Topic 58 1264	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Saka Clements	
Job Title Legislative Director	
Address 2155, Manue St.	Phone 850-391-0329
TUH FL City State	32301 Email Sara@aflouidapromise an
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Foundation for Florida's Fl	iture
Appearing at request of Chair: Ses X No Lo	bbyist registered with Legislature: 🏹 Yes 🚺 No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/14/14)

	Prepared By: Th	ne Professional Staff of th	e Appropriations S	ubcommittee on Education	
BILL:	SB 7050				
INTRODUCER:	Governmental Oversight and Accountability Committee				
SUBJECT:	Digital Class	brooms			
DATE:	April 1, 2015	5 REVISED:			
ANALYST		STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION	
Peacock McVaney		McVaney		GO SPB 7050 as introduced	
. Sikes		Elwell	AED	Pre-meeting	
•			AP		

I. Summary:

SB 7050 requires the Agency for State Technology (AST) to establish and publish information technology architecture standards for purposes of implementing digital classrooms plans by July 1, 2016. The bill requires AST to collaborate with the Department of Education (DOE or department) and the Department of Management Services (DMS) to identify certain state contract procurement options for services that support such standards and to identify certain shared services available through the State Data Center to facilitate the implementation of school district digital classrooms plans.

The bill also requires AST's annual assessment of DOE to include a review of specified issues with respect to school district digital classrooms plans and to provide planning assistance to address and reduce issues identified by the assessment. AST must provide the assessment to DOE by December 1, 2016, and annually thereafter. The bill authorizes AST to contract for assistance with the annual assessment if needed.

The bill requires that, if the DOE determines the administration of online assessments after January 1, 2015, does not comply with the minimum assessment protocols and requirements established by the department, the department will contract with an independent, auditing entity that has expertise in the area to evaluate the extent of the noncompliance and provide recommendations to remediate the noncompliance in future administrations of online assessments.

The bill appropriates \$9,993,566 from the General Revenue Fund to AST to conduct its duties required under this legislation. According to information provided by AST, the requirements specified in the bill will cost an estimated \$11.5 million. This cost is derived primarily from the staff augmentation that AST, or the contracted organization, will require to fulfill the technology assessment and audit responsibilities outlined in the bill.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2015.

II. Present Situation:

Agency for State Technology

The AST was created by HB 7073 with an effective date of July 1, 2014.¹ The executive director of AST is appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate. The duties and responsibilities of AST include:²

- Developing and publishing information technology (IT) policy for management of the state's IT resources.
- Establishing and publishing IT architecture standards.
- Establishing project management and oversight standards with which state agencies must comply when implementing IT projects.
- Performing project oversight on all state IT projects with total costs of \$10 million or more.
- Identifying opportunities for standardization and consolidation of IT services that support common business functions and operations.
- Establishing best practices for procurement of IT products in collaboration with DMS.
- Participating with DMS in evaluating, conducting and negotiating competitive solicitations for state term contracts for IT commodities, consultant services, or staff augmentation contractual services.
- Collaborating with DMS in IT resource acquisition planning.
- Developing standards for IT reports and updates.
- Upon request, assisting state agencies in development of IT related legislative budget requests.
- Conducting annual assessments of state agencies to determine compliance with IT standards and guidelines developed by AST.
- Providing operational management and oversight of the state data center.
- Recommending other IT services that should be designed, delivered, and managed as enterprise IT services.
- Recommending additional consolidations of agency data centers or computing facilities into the state data center.
- In consultation with state agencies, proposing methodology for identifying and collecting current and planned IT expenditure data at the state agency level.
- Performing project oversight on any cabinet agency IT project that has a total project cost of \$25 million or more and impacts one or more other agencies.
- Consulting with departments regarding risks and other effects for IT projects implemented by an agency that must be connected to or accommodated by an IT system administered by a cabinet agency.
- Reporting annually to the Governor, the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House regarding state IT standards or policies that conflict with federal regulations or requirements.

¹ Chapter 2014-221, Laws of Florida.

² Section 282.0051, F.S.

Florida Digital Classrooms Allocation

In 2014, the Legislature elevated policy and funding for technology-enhanced classroom teaching and learning by creating the Florida digital classrooms allocation to support efforts and strategies of school districts and public schools in integrating technology into classroom instruction to improve student performance outcomes.³ The DOE has adopted a Strategic Technology Plan that establishes the general parameters for digital classrooms which are used by the district school boards to adopt their district digital classrooms plan.⁴

For the 2014-2015 fiscal year, the Legislature appropriated \$40 million to school districts to support digital classrooms.⁵ A minimum of \$250,000 was provided to each school district and the remaining balance was allocated based on each district's share of the state's total unweighted student enrollment.⁶

State Digital Classrooms Plan

The Office of Technology and Information Services, within DOE, is responsible for developing a 5-year strategic plan (state plan) that must:⁷

- Describe how technology will be integrated into classroom teaching and learning to improve student performance outcomes and prepare students to be digital learners.
- Establish minimum technology requirements that include specifications for hardware, software, devices, networking, security, and bandwidth capacity and guidelines for the ratio of students per device.
- Establish minimum requirements for professional development opportunities and training to assist district instructional personnel staff with integrating technology into classroom teaching.
- Identify the types of digital tools and resources that can assist district instructional personnel and staff in management, assessment, and monitoring of student learning and performance.

DOE must update the state plan annually by January 1st.8

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Section 1 amends s. 282.0051, F.S., to require the Agency for State Technology (AST) to establish and publish information technology architecture standards, by July 1, 2016, that address issues relating to the implementation of the digital classrooms plans including, but not limited to, the following:

• Device recommendations.

³ Section 1011.62(12)(a), F.S.

⁴ DOE Digital Classrooms Plan, <u>http://www.fldoe.org/about-us/division-of-technology-info-services/bureau-of-edu-tech.stml</u> (last visited March 6, 2015); Also, see ss. 1001.20(4) and 1011.62(12)(b), F.S. DOE has provided a technical assistance memo and guidance document regarding digital classrooms to school districts. See, *DOE Digital Classrooms Plan (DCP) and Allocation*, <u>http://www.fldoe.org/about-us/division-of-technology-info-services/bureau-of-edu-tech.stml</u> (last visited March 9, 2015).

⁵ Specific Appropriation 96, s. 2, ch. 2014-51, LO.F.

⁶ Id.

⁷ Section 1001.20(4)(a)1., F.S.

⁸ *Id*.

- Security requirements.
- Connectivity requirements.
- Browser expectations.

The bill also requires AST to collaborate with the DOE and the DMS to identify:

- State term contract procurement options available to school districts that provide information technology commodities, consultant services, or staff augmentation contractual services that support the information technology architecture standards applicable to digital classrooms.
- Shared services available to school districts through the State Data Center to facilitate the implementation of school district digital classrooms plans.

Additionally, the bill requires AST to include the following in its annual assessment of DOE:

- A review each school district's digital classrooms plan submitted to DOE under s. 1011.62(12), F.S., to determine the school district's compliance with the information technology architecture standards adopted and to ensure accuracy of the school district's information technology resources inventory as submitted to DOE's Technology Resources Inventory System.
- Planning assistance to DOE, school districts, and public schools to address and reduce any issues identified by the annual assessments.

The bill authorizes AST to contract with one or more independent, third-party professional organizations if assistance with the annual assessment is needed. AST is required to provide the assessment to DOE by December 1, 2016, and annually thereafter.

The bill also provides that within 60 days after notification by DOE that a school district is not in compliance with the information technology architecture standards, the school district must either become compliant, obtain an exemption from compliance from DOE or procure services through AST or DMS to achieve compliance.

Section 2 amends s. 1011.62(12)(b), F.S., to require that, if the DOE determines the administration of online assessments after January 1, 2015, does not comply with the minimum assessment protocols and requirements established by the department, the department will contract with an independent, auditing entity that has expertise in the area to evaluate the extent of the noncompliance and provide recommendations to remediate the noncompliance in future administrations of online assessments.

Section 3 amends s. 282.00515, F.S., to make conforming changes regarding duties of cabinet agencies to adopt standards established in s. 282.0051(2)(a), (3), and (8), F.S., as required by this bill.

Section 4 appropriates \$9,993,566 from the General Revenue Fund to AST to conduct the agency's duties under s. 282.0051(10)(b) and (c), F.S.

Section 5 provides an effective date of July 1, 2015.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

SB 7050 appropriates \$9,993,566 from the General Revenue Fund to the Agency for State Technology (AST) to conduct its duties required by this legislation. According to information provided by AST, the requirements specified in the bill will cost an estimated \$11.5 million. This cost is derived primarily from the staff augmentation that AST, or the contracted organization, will require to fulfill the technology assessment and audit responsibilities outlined in the bill.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends sections 282.0051, 282.00515 and 1011.62 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. **Additional Information:**

Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.) Α.

None.

Β. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

Florida Senate - 2015

SB 7050

By the Committee on Governmental Oversight and Accountability

585-02415-15 20157050 1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to digital classrooms; amending s. 282.0051, F.S.; requiring the Agency for State Technology to establish and publish information technology architecture standards for purposes of implementing digital classrooms by a specified date; requiring the agency to collaborate with the Department of Education and the Department of ç Management Services to identify certain state contract 10 procurement options for services that support such 11 standards and to identify certain shared services 12 available through the State Data Center to facilitate 13 the implementation of school district digital 14 classrooms plans; requiring the agency's annual 15 assessment of the Department of Education to review 16 specified issues with respect to school district 17 digital classrooms plans and to provide planning 18 assistance to address and reduce issues identified by 19 the assessment; authorizing the agency to contract for 20 assistance with the annual assessment if needed; 21 requiring the agency to provide the annual assessment 22 to the Commissioner of Education by a specified date; 23 requiring a school district to take specified action 24 within a certain period if the district is notified by 2.5 the Department of Education that it is not in 26 compliance with the information technology 27 architecture standards; amending s. 1011.62, F.S.; 28 requiring the Department of Education to contract with 29 an independent, auditing entity if the administration Page 1 of 7

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

20157050 585-02415-15 30 of online assessments after a certain date does not 31 comply with the minimum assessment protocols and 32 requirements established by the department; requiring 33 the auditing entity to perform certain duties; 34 amending s. 282.00515, F.S.; conforming a cross-35 reference; providing an appropriation to the agency; 36 providing an effective date. 37 38 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 39 40 Section 1. Subsections (2), (7), and (10) of section 41 282.0051, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 282.0051 Agency for State Technology; powers, duties, and 42 43 functions.-The Agency for State Technology shall have the 44 following powers, duties, and functions: 45 (2) Establish and publish information technology 46 architecture standards that: 47 (a) to Provide for the most efficient use of the state's 48 information technology resources and that to ensure 49 compatibility and alignment with the needs of state agencies. 50 The agency shall assist state agencies in complying with the 51 standards. 52 (b) Address for purposes of implementing digital classrooms 53 under s. 1011.62(12) issues that include, but are not limited 54 to, device recommendations, security requirements, connectivity requirements, and browser expectations. Such standards must be 55 56 published by July 1, 2016. 57 (7) (a) Participate with the Department of Management 58 Services in evaluating, conducting, and negotiating competitive Page 2 of 7 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

SB 7050

	585-02415-15 20157050_
59	solicitations for state term contracts for information
60	technology commodities, consultant services, or staff
61	augmentation contractual services pursuant to s. 287.0591.
62	(b) Collaborate with the Department of Management Services
63	in information technology resource acquisition planning.
64	(c) Collaborate with the Department of Education and the
65	Department of Management Services to identify:
66	1. State term contract procurement options that are
67	available to school districts which provide information
68	technology commodities, consultant services, or staff
69	augmentation contractual services that support the information
70	technology architecture standards applicable to digital
71	classrooms.
72	2. Shared services available to school districts through
73	the State Data Center to facilitate the implementation of school
74	district digital classrooms plans.
75	(10) (a) Beginning July 1, 2016, and annually thereafter,
76	conduct annual assessments of state agencies to determine
77	compliance with all information technology standards and
78	guidelines developed and published by the agency, and beginning
79	December 1, 2016, and annually thereafter, provide results of
80	the assessments to the Executive Office of the Governor, the
81	President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of
82	Representatives.
83	(b) Include in the annual assessment of the Department of
84	Education under paragraph (a):
85	1. A review of each school district's digital classrooms
86	plan submitted to the Department of Education under s.
87	1011.62(12), to determine the school district's compliance with
I	Page 3 of 7

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i	585-02415-15 20157050
88	the information technology architecture standards adopted under
89	paragraph (2)(b) and to ensure the accuracy of the school
90	district's information technology resources inventory as
91	submitted to the Department of Education's Technology Resources
92	Inventory System.
93	2. Planning assistance to the Department of Education,
94	school districts, and public schools to address and reduce any
95	issues identified by the annual assessment.
96	(c) Contract, if assistance with the completion of the
97	annual assessment under paragraph (b) is needed, with one or
98	more independent, third-party professional organizations.
99	(d) Provide the annual assessment under paragraph (b) to
100	the Commissioner of Education by December 1, 2016, and annually
101	thereafter. If the Department of Education notifies a school
102	district that the district is not in compliance with the
103	information technology architecture standards adopted under
104	paragraph (2)(b), the district, within 60 days after such
105	notification, must become compliant, obtain an exemption from
106	such compliance from the Department of Education, or procure
107	services through the agency or the Department of Management
108	Services to achieve compliance.
109	Section 2. Paragraph (b) of subsection (12) of section
110	1011.62, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
111	1011.62 Funds for operation of schoolsIf the annual
112	allocation from the Florida Education Finance Program to each
113	district for operation of schools is not determined in the
114	annual appropriations act or the substantive bill implementing
115	the annual appropriations act, it shall be determined as
116	follows:
I	Page 4 of 7
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585-02415-15

SB 7050

20157050 585-02415-15 20157050 (12) FLORIDA DIGITAL CLASSROOMS ALLOCATION.-146 2. Digital learning and technology infrastructure purchases 147 and operational activities. Such purchases and activities must 148 be tied to the measurable outcomes under subparagraph 1., 149 including, but not limited to, connectivity, broadband access, wireless capacity, Internet speed, and data security, all of 150 151 which must meet or exceed minimum requirements and protocols 152 established by the department. For each year that the district 153 uses funds for infrastructure, a third-party, independent 154 evaluation of the district's technology inventory and 155 infrastructure needs must accompany the district's plan. 156 3. Professional development purchases and operational 157 activities. Such purchases and activities must be tied to the measurable outcomes under subparagraph 1., including, but not 158 159 limited to, using technology in the classroom and improving 160 digital literacy and competency. 161 4. Digital tool purchases and operational activities. Such purchases and activities must be tied to the measurable outcomes 162 163 under subparagraph 1., including, but not limited to, 164 competency-based credentials that measure and demonstrate 165 digital competency and certifications; third-party assessments 166 that demonstrate acquired knowledge and use of digital 167 applications; and devices that meet or exceed minimum 168 requirements and protocols established by the department. 169 5. Online assessment-related purchases and operational 170 activities. Such purchases and activities must be tied to the 171 measurable outcomes under subparagraph 1., including, but not 172 limited to, expanding the capacity to administer assessments and 173 compatibility with minimum assessment protocols and requirements established by the department. If the administration of online 174 Page 6 of 7 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

117 118 (b) Each district school board shall adopt a district 119 digital classrooms plan that meets the unique needs of students, 120 schools, and personnel and submit the plan for approval to the Department of Education. In addition, each district school board 121 122 must, at a minimum, seek input from the district's 123 instructional, curriculum, and information technology staff to 124 develop the district digital classrooms plan. The district's 125 plan must be within the general parameters established in the 126 Florida digital classrooms plan pursuant to s. 1001.20. In 127 addition, if the district participates in federal technology 128 initiatives and grant programs, the district digital classrooms 129 plan must include a plan for meeting requirements of such 130 initiatives and grant programs. Funds allocated under this 131 subsection must be used to support implementation of district 132 digital classrooms plans. By October 1, 2014, and by March 1 of 133 each year thereafter, on a date determined by the department, 134 each district school board shall submit to the department, in a 135 format prescribed by the department, a digital classrooms plan. 136 At a minimum, such plan must include, and be annually updated to 137 reflect, the following: 138 1. Measurable student performance outcomes. Outcomes 139 related to student performance, including outcomes for students 140 with disabilities, must be tied to the efforts and strategies to 141 improve outcomes related to student performance by integrating 142 technology in classroom teaching and learning. Results of the 143 outcomes shall be reported at least annually for the current 144 school year and subsequent 3 years and be accompanied by an 145 independent evaluation and validation of the reported results. Page 5 of 7

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	585-02415-15 20157050
175	assessments after January 1, 2015, does not comply with the
176	minimum assessment protocols and requirements established by the
177	department, the department shall contract with an independent,
178	auditing entity that has expertise in the area of the
179	noncompliance to evaluate the extent of the noncompliance and
180	provide recommendations to remediate the noncompliance in future
181	administrations of online assessments.
182	Section 3. Section 282.00515, Florida Statutes, is amended
183	to read:
184	282.00515 Duties of Cabinet agenciesThe Department of
185	Legal Affairs, the Department of Financial Services, and the
186	Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall adopt the
187	standards established in s. $282.0051(2)(a)$, (3), and (8) or
188	adopt alternative standards based on best practices and industry
189	standards, and may contract with the Agency for State Technology
190	to provide or perform any of the services and functions
191	described in s. 282.0051 for the Department of Legal Affairs,
192	the Department of Financial Services, or the Department of
193	Agriculture and Consumer Services.
194	Section 4. For the 2015-2016 fiscal year, the sum of
195	\$9,993,566, from the General Revenue Fund is appropriated in the
196	"Special Categories - Contracted Services" appropriation
197	category to the Agency for State Technology to conduct the
198	agency's duties under s. 282.0051(10)(b) and (c), Florida
199	Statutes.
200	Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.

Page 7 of 7 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.

	Prepared By: T	he Profes	ssional Staff of th	e Appropriations S	ubcommittee o	on Education
BILL:	PCS/CS/SB 948 (689974)					
INTRODUCER: Appropriations Gaetz			committee on H	Education; Highe	r Education	Committee; and Sena
SUBJECT:	Education					
DATE:	April 10, 20	15	REVISED:			
ANAL	YST	STAF	F DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION
Scott		Kleba	cha	HE	Fav/CS	
beon	Sikes		1	AED	Recommend: Fav/CS	
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Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

PCS/CS/SB 948 updates and establishes numerous public K-12 and postsecondary education statutes relating to Florida digital classrooms, apprenticeships, public school funding and policy issues, preeminent state research university designation, postsecondary affordability, postsecondary performance-based incentive funding models, a Rapid Response Education and Training Program, educator liability insurance, and the Florida Best and Brightest Teacher Scholarship Program.

Florida Digital Classrooms

The bill provides a mechanism for comparing the status of digital readiness of school districts and public schools, which is independently verified, based on technology infrastructure standards identified by the Agency for State Technology (Agency), or a contracted organization. The digital readiness of school districts must be assessed using a digital readiness scorecard and uniform definitions of technology infrastructure components established by the Department of Education (DOE) in consultation with the Agency.

Apprenticeships

The bill updates definitions, authorizes the appointment of independent public members to the State Apprenticeship Advisory Council, and revises the criteria for an apprenticeable occupation.

The bill also creates the Florida Apprenticeship Grant (FLAG) Program to provide competitive grants to career centers, charter technical career centers and Florida College System (FCS) institutions for the purpose of expanding existing programs and establishing new apprenticeship programs.

Public School Funding and Policy Issues.

The bill modifies the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) funding formula by:

- Extending and expanding the requirement of providing an additional hour of intensive reading instruction to students enrolled in the 300 lowest-performing elementary schools.
- Authorizing performance funding for a career and professional education (CAPE) industry certification earned through a dual enrollment course.
- Establishing two new tiers of bonuses and raises the maximum annual bonus for CAPE industry certification teachers.
- Increasing the discretionary millage compression supplement above the state average.
- Revising the formula for calculating the sparsity supplement.
- Revising the formula for calculating the virtual education contribution.
- Creating the federally connected student supplement.

The bill also:

- Clarifies that annual license fees, maintenance fees, and lease agreements for enterprise resource software are allowable uses of local capital improvement funds.
- Provides audit protection for teachers under the Florida Teacher Classroom Supply Assistance Program by requiring teachers to provide the school district with receipts for the expenditure of the funds.
- Authorizes a district school board to adopt policies for standard student attire.
- Requires the DOE to administer an educator liability insurance program. Requires public school instruction on the events surrounding the terrorist attacks occurring on September 11, 2001, and the impact of those events on the nation.
- Provides an exemption for the performance of students with excessive absences from counting against a teacher's performance evaluation.

Preeminent State Research University Designation

The bill adds a requirement that a state research university enter into and maintain a formal agreement with the National Merit Scholarship Corporation for designation as a preeminent state research university.

Performance-Based Funding

The bill establishes the State University System and Florida College System Performance-Based Incentive funding models based on metrics adopted by the Board of Governors and the State Board of Education (State Board), respectively.

Rapid Response Education and Training Program

The bill creates the Rapid Response Education and Training Program (Program) within the Complete Florida Plus Program to recruit and retain employees through industry-specific education and training. The bill:

- Specifies the responsibilities of the Program.
- Requires DOE to evaluate and report on the effectiveness of the Program.
- Requires DOE to develop standards.
- Requires the State Board to adopt rules.

Florida Best and Brightest Teacher Scholarship Program

The bill creates the Florida Best and Brightest Teacher Scholarship Program (Scholarship Program) to award teachers who demonstrate a high level of academic achievement, authorizes funding for the Scholarship Program, and, and, for teachers other than first-year teachers, have been evaluated as highly effective.

The Senate's Fiscal Year 2015-2016 proposed General Appropriations Bill, SB 2500, appropriates a total of \$90 million for the additional hour of intensive reading instruction through the Supplemental Academic Instruction (SAI) and the Research-Based Reading Instruction Allocation categoricals in the FEFP. The increase in the discretionary millage supplement is funded at \$34 million and the federally connected student supplement categorical is funded at \$12.4 million. The State University System and Florida College System Performance-Based Incentive funding models are funded at \$400 million and \$60 million respectively. The Rapid Response Education and Training Program is funded at \$19.2 million.

The Florida Best and Brightest Program and the educator liability insurance program, which do not have an appropriation in SB 2500, have an estimated cost of \$45.5 million and \$1.2 million respectively for the 2015-2016 fiscal year.

The bill provides an effective date of July 1, 2015.

II. Present Situation:

Florida Digital Classrooms Allocation

In 2014, the Legislature elevated policy and funding for technology-enhanced classroom teaching and learning by creating the Florida digital classrooms allocation (allocation) to support efforts and strategies of school districts and public schools in integrating technology into classroom instruction to improve student performance outcomes.¹ In response to the 2014 legislation that created the allocation,² the Department of Education (DOE or department) adopted a Strategic Technology Plan establishing the general parameters for digital classrooms which are used by the by the district school boards to adopt their district digital classrooms plan.³

¹ Section 1011.62(12)(a), F.S.

² Sections 5 and 27, ch. 2014-56, L.O.F.

³ Florida Department of Education, *FDOE Digital Classrooms Plan*, <u>http://www.fldoe.org/about-us/division-of-technology-info-services/bureau-of-edu-tech.stml</u> (last visited March 6, 2015); *see* ss. 1001.20(4) and 1011.62(12)(b), F.S. The

For the 2014-2015 fiscal year, the Legislature appropriated \$40 million to school districts to support digital classrooms.⁴ A minimum of \$250,000 was provided to each school district and the remaining balance was allocated based on each district's share of the state's total unweighted student enrollment.⁵

State Digital Classrooms Plan

The Office of Technology and Information Services, within the DOE, is responsible for developing a 5-year strategic plan (state plan) that must:⁶

- Describe how technology will be integrated into classroom teaching and learning to improve student performance outcomes and prepare students to be digital learners.
- Establish minimum technology requirements that include specifications for hardware, software, devices, networking, security, and bandwidth capacity and guidelines for the ratio of students per device.
- Establish minimum requirements for professional development opportunities and training to assist district instructional personnel staff with integrating technology into classroom teaching.
- Identify the types of digital tools and resources that can assist district instructional personnel and staff in management, assessment, and monitoring of student learning and performance.

DOE must update the state plan annually by January 1st.⁷

Technology Integration Matrix

To assist with integrating technology into curriculum, the DOE has prepared a Technology Integration Matrix (TIM)⁸ for teachers to use technology to enhance learning by:⁹

- Providing a framework for defining and evaluating technology integration;
- Setting a clear vision for effective teaching with technology;
- Giving teachers and administrators a common language for setting goals; and
- Helping target professional development resources effectively.

Department of Education has provided to school districts, technical assistance memo and guidance document regarding digital classrooms. Florida Department of Education, *Digital Classrooms Plan (DCP) and Allocation*, http://www.fldoe.org/about-us/division-of-technology-info-services/bureau-of-edu-tech.stml (last visited March 9, 2015).

⁴ Specific Appropriation 96, s. 2, ch. 2014-51, LO.F.

⁵ Id.

⁶ Section 1001.20(4)(a)1., F.S.

⁷ Section 1001.20(4)(a)1., F.S

⁸ Florida Department of Education, *Presentation to the Florida Senate Appropriations Subcommittee on Education* (March 4, 2015), *available at* <u>http://www.flsenate.gov/PublishedContent/Committees/2014-</u>2016/AED/MeetingRecords/MeetingPacket_2873.pdf, at 115 of 120.

⁹ Florida Department of Education, *The Technology Integration Matrix*, <u>http://fcit.usf.edu/matrix/index.php</u> (last visited March 10, 2015). The five interdependent characteristics of meaningful learning environments are: active, constructive, goal directed (i.e., reflective), authentic, and collaborative. The five levels of technology integration (i.e., entry, adoption, adaptation, infusion, and transformation) with each of the five characteristics of meaningful learning environments. Together, the five levels of technology integration and the five characteristics of meaningful learning environments create a matrix of 25 cells to set a clear vision for effective teaching with technology. Florida Department of Education, *The Technology Integration Matrix* (March 9, 2015), *available at <u>http://fcit.usf.edu/matrix/matrix.php</u>.*

District Digital Classrooms Plan

The 2014 legislation required each district school board to adopt a district digital classrooms plan (DCP) that meets the unique needs of students, schools, and personnel and submit the district DCP to the DOE for approval.¹⁰ By permitting the customization of district digital classrooms plan to meet local needs, the legislation promoted local control of targeted and purposeful technology enhancements in Florida's classrooms. At a minimum, the district DCPs must be updated annually to include the following:¹¹

- Measurable student performance outcomes, including the outcomes for students with disabilities.
- Digital learning and technology infrastructure purchases and operational activities including, but not limited to, connectivity, broadband access, wireless capacity, internet speed, and data security, all of which must meet or exceed the minimum requirements and protocols established by the department.
- Professional development purchases and operational activities including, but not limited to, using technology in the classroom and improving digital literacy and competency.
- Digital tool purchases and operational activities including, but not limited to, competencybased credentials that measure and demonstrate digital competency and certifications; thirdparty assessments that demonstrate acquired knowledge and use of digital applications; and devices that meet or exceed the minimum requirements and protocols established by the department.
- Online assessment-related purchases and operational activities including, but not limited to, expanding the capacity to administer assessments and compatibility with minimum assessment requirements and protocols established by the department.

Each district superintendent must certify to the Commissioner of Education (commissioner) that "the district school board has approved a comprehensive district digital classrooms plan that supports the fidelity of implementation of the Florida digital classrooms allocation."¹² In addition, each district's DCP must include a formal verification of the district superintendent's approval of the DCP for each charter school in the district.¹³ The DOE must approve the DCPs before distributing the allocation funds to the school districts.¹⁴

For the 2014-2015 school year, the deadline for submitting district DCPs was October 1, 2014.¹⁵ All 67 district school boards have submitted their district DCP and the DOE has approved all district DCPs.¹⁶ For the 2015-2016 school year and each year thereafter, the district school boards must submit their district DCPs annually by March 1.¹⁷

In addition to submitting DCPs, beginning in the 2015-2016 fiscal year, each district school board must report to the department its use of allocation funds and student performance

¹⁰ Section 1011.62(12)(b), F.S.

¹¹ Id.

¹² Section 1011.62(12)(c), F.S.

¹³ Section 1011.62(12)(b)5(c), F.S.

¹⁴ *Id*.

¹⁵ Section 1011.62(12)(b), F.S.

¹⁶ Florida Department of Education, *Approved Districts' Digital Classroom Plans*, <u>http://www.fldoe.org/about-us/division-of-technology-info-services/dcp.stml</u> (last visited March 6, 2015).

¹⁷ Section 1011.62(12)(b), F.S.

outcomes.¹⁸ The department may contract with an independent third-party entity to conduct an annual independent verification of the district's use of allocation funds in accordance with the district's DCP.¹⁹ If an independent third-party verification is not conducted, the Auditor General must, during scheduled operational audits of school districts, verify compliance of the use of allocation funds in accordance with the district's DCP.²⁰

Annually, by October 1, beginning in the 2015-2016 fiscal year, the commissioner must provide to the Governor, President of the Senate, and Speaker of the House of Representatives, a summary of each district's use of funds, student performance outcomes, and progress toward meeting statutory requirements and timelines.²¹

Apprenticeship Programs

Registered Apprenticeship (RA) "connects job seekers looking to learn new skills with employers looking for qualified workers, resulting in a workforce with industry-driven training and employers with a competitive edge."²²

Federal Program Requirements

The United States Congress enacted the National Apprenticeship Act (also known as the Fitzgerald Act in honor of its author, Congressman William J. Fitzgerald)²³ in 1937.²⁴ Following the passage of the act, RA programs consisted mainly of manufacturing, construction, and utilities industries.²⁵ Since 1937, RA programs have grown to 24,000 programs providing education and training to approximately 400,000 apprentices in emerging and high-growth sectors such as energy conservation, health care, and information technology, in addition to traditional industries such as manufacturing and construction.²⁶ "As the need for skilled workers increases and our economy faces greater global competition, RA continues to be a competitive advantage for all parties-individuals, businesses, labor management organizations, education, the workforce investment system and government. For these reasons, [the Employment and Training Administration, U.S. Department of Labor] issued revised regulations that increase program flexibility to better serve the needs of today's apprentices and program sponsors."²⁷

For apprentices and program sponsors, the regulations:²⁸

²² U.S. Department of Labor, *Apprentices*, <u>http://www.doleta.gov/oa/apprentices.cfm</u> (last visited March 2, 2015).

²³ U.S. Department of Labor, *Workforce System Results* (Sep. 30, 2012), *available at*

http://www.doleta.gov/Farmworker/pdf/workforceSystemResultsSept2012.pdf, at 4 of 38.

²⁴ U.S. Department of Labor, *Registered Apprenticeship*, <u>http://www.doleta.gov/oa/history.cfm</u> (last visited March 2, 2015); see 29 U.S.C., s. 50.

²⁷ *Id.* "These revised regulations published, on October 29, 2008, update Title 29 CFR, part 29 and provide a framework that supports an enhanced, modernized apprenticeship system." U.S. Department of Labor, *Regulations*, http://www.doleta.gov/oa/regulations.cfm (last visited March 2, 2015).

²⁸ U.S. Department of Labor, *Apprenticeship Final Rule Fact Sheet, available at* <u>http://www.doleta.gov/oa/pdf/Apprenticeship Final Fact Sheet.pdf</u>, at 1-2 of 4.

¹⁸ Section 1011.62(12)(e), F.S.

¹⁹ Id.

 $^{^{20}}$ *Id*.

 $^{^{21}}$ Id.

 ²⁵ U.S. Department of Labor, *Registered Apprenticeship*, <u>http://www.doleta.gov/oa/history.cfm</u> (last visited March 2, 2015).
 ²⁶ Id.

- Incorporate technology-based learning;
- Provide additional pathways to certification;
- Introduce interim credentials;
- Improve registration and review process;
- Update the reciprocal registration provision; and
- Introduce provisional registration.

For State Apprenticeship Agencies (SSAs), the regulations:²⁹

- Increase linkages with the workforce investment system;
- Redefine the roles and responsibilities of SSAs and State Apprenticeship Councils (SACs);
- Establish a process for continued recognition; and
- Increase flexibility for location of an SSA.

For the U.S. Department of Labor, the regulations:³⁰

- Enhance program accountability; and
- Ensure national conformity with federal apprenticeship legislation and regulations.

Registered apprenticeship program sponsors (i.e., employers, employer associations, and labor management organizations)³¹ identify the minimum qualifications to apply into their apprenticeship program.³² An individual must be at least 16 years of age to be an apprentice.³³ In hazardous occupations, individuals must generally be 18 years of age.³⁴ Program sponsors may also identify additional minimum qualifications and credentials to apply (e.g., education, ability to physically perform the essential functions of the occupation, and proof of age). All applicants are required to meet the minimum qualifications. Additional qualification standards, such as fair aptitude tests and interviews, school grades, and previous work experience may be identified.³⁵ Apprenticeship programs range from 1 year to 6 years, but the majority are 4 years in length.³⁶ During the program, the apprentice receives both structured, on-the-job learning and related classroom instruction.³⁷ For each year of the apprenticeship, the apprentice typically receives 2,000 hours of on-the-job learning and a recommended minimum of 144 hours of related classroom instruction.³⁸

³⁷ Id.

 ²⁹ U.S. Department of Labor, Apprenticeship Final Rule Fact Sheet, available at http://www.doleta.gov/oa/pdf/Apprenticeship Final Fact Sheet, at 2-3 of 4.
 ³⁰ U.S. Department of Labor, Apprenticeship Final Rule Fact Sheet, available at U.S. Department of Labor, Apprenticeship Final Rule Fact Sheet, available at http://www.doleta.gov/oa/pdf/Apprenticeship Final Rule Fact Sheet, available at

http://www.doleta.gov/oa/pdf/Apprenticeship_Final_Fact_Sheet.pdf, at 3 of 4.

³¹ Registered Apprenticeship program sponsors vary from small, privately owned businesses to national employer and industry associations. There are nearly 29,000 sponsors representing more than 250,000 employers, such as UPS, the United States Military Apprenticeship Program, Werner Enterprises, and CVS/pharmacy. U.S. Department of Labor, *Apprentices*, http://www.doleta.gov/oa/apprentices.cfm (last visited March 2, 2015).

 ³² U.S. Department of Labor, *Apprentices*, <u>http://www.doleta.gov/oa/apprentices.cfm</u> (last visited March 2, 2015).
 ³³ Id.

 ³⁴ U.S. Department of Labor, *Apprentices*, <u>http://www.doleta.gov/oa/apprentices.cfm</u> (last visited March 2, 2015).
 ³⁵ Id.

³⁶ U.S. Department of Labor, *Apprentices*, <u>http://www.doleta.gov/oa/apprentices.cfm</u> (last visited March 2, 2015).

³⁸ Id.

State Law

Florida law provides educational and training opportunities, in the form of apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs, to prepare individuals for trades, occupations, and professions suited to their abilities.³⁹

An apprenticeship program means "an organized course of instruction, registered and approved by the department, which course shall contain all terms and conditions for the qualifications, recruitment, selection, employment, and training of apprentices⁴⁰ including such matters as the requirements for a written apprenticeship agreement."⁴¹ A preapprenticeship program means "an organized course of instruction in the public school system or elsewhere, which course is designed to prepare a person 16 years of age or older to become an apprentice and which course is approved by and registered with the department and sponsored by a registered apprenticeship program."⁴²

The DOE is responsible for administering, facilitating, and supervising registered apprenticeship programs (e.g., developing and encouraging apprenticeship programs, cooperating with and assisting apprenticeship sponsors to develop apprenticeship standards and training requirements, monitoring RA programs, investigating complaints regarding failure to meet the standards⁴³ established by the department, and canceling registration of programs that fail to comply with the standards and policies of the department).⁴⁴

Additionally, the department, the district school boards, and the community college district boards of trustees must work together with existing apprenticeship programs so that individuals

³⁹ Section 446.011(1), F.S.

⁴⁰ An apprentice means "a person at least 16 years of age who is engaged in learning a recognized skilled trade through actual work experience under the supervision of journeyman craftsmen, which training should be combined with properly coordinated studies of technical and supplementary subjects, and who has entered into a written agreement, which may be cited as an apprentice agreement, with a registered apprenticeship sponsor who may be either an employer, an association of employers, or a local joint apprenticeship committee." Section 446.021(2), F.S. A journeyman means "a person working in an apprenticeable occupation who has successfully completed a registered apprenticeship program or who has worked the number of years required by established industry practices for the particular trade or occupation." Section 446.021(4), F.S. An apprenticeable occupation is a skilled trade which possesses all of the characteristics that are specified in law (e.g., customarily learned in a practical way through a structures, systemic program of on-the-job, supervised training and involves manual, mechanical, or technical skills and knowledge which require a minimum of 2,000 hours of work and training, which hours are excluded from the time spent at related instruction). Section 446.092, F.S.

⁴¹ Section 446.021(6), F.S. An apprenticeship agreement may not operate to invalidate any apprenticeship provision in a collective agreement between employers and employees which establishes higher apprenticeship standards. Section 446.081(1), F.S.

⁴² Section 446.021(5), F.S.

⁴³ The Department of Education (DOE or department) is responsible for developing apprenticeship and preapprenticeship uniform minimum standards for the apprenticeable trades and assisting district school boards and community college district boards of trustees in developing preapprenticeship programs. Sections 446.011(2), 446.032, and 446.052, F.S. Uniform minimum preapprenticeship standards means "the minimum requirements established uniformly for each craft under which a preapprenticeship program is administered and includes standards for admission, training goals, training objectives, curriculum outlines, objective standards to measure successful completion of the preapprenticeship program, and the percentage of credit which may be given to preapprenticeship graduates upon acceptance into the apprenticeship program." Section 446.021(8), F.S.

⁴⁴ Section 446.041, F.S.

completing the preapprenticeship programs may be able to receive credit towards completing a registered apprenticeship program.⁴⁵

The State Apprenticeship Advisory Council (Council) advises the department on matters related to apprenticeship.⁴⁶ The Council is comprised of 10 voting members appointed by the Governor and two ex officio nonvoting members.⁴⁷ The Commissioner of Education (commissioner) or the commissioner's designee must serve ex officio as chair of the Council, but may not vote.⁴⁸ Two public members who are knowledgeable about registered apprenticeship and apprenticeable occupations are appointed by the Governor to the Council.⁴⁹ One of the public members must be recommended by joint organizations and one must be recommended by nonjoint organizations.⁵⁰

Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP)

Intensive Reading Instruction

A school district that has one or more of the 300 lowest-performing elementary schools based on the state reading assessment is required to provide an additional hour of intensive reading instruction beyond the normal school day for each day of the entire school year in those schools.⁵¹ Funds for this program are designated in the Supplemental Academic Instruction and the Research-Based Reading Instruction Allocation categoricals in the FEFP within the General Appropriations Act (GAA).⁵²

Dual Enrollment Industry Certification Funding

In 2007, the Legislature created the Florida Career and Professional Education (CAPE) Act to:⁵³

- Improve middle and high school academic performance by providing rigorous and relevant curriculum opportunities;
- Provide rigorous and relevant career-themed courses⁵⁴ that articulate to postsecondary-level coursework and lead to industry certification⁵⁵;
- Support local and regional economic development;
- Respond to Florida's critical workforce needs; and
- Provide state residents with access to high-wage and high-demand careers.

⁴⁷ Id.

 ${}^{50}Id$. A "joint organization" means an apprenticeship sponsor who participates in a collective bargaining agreement. Section 446.045(1)(a), F.S. A "nonjoint organization" means an apprenticeship sponsor who does not participate in a collective bargaining agreement. *Id.* at (1)(b).

⁵¹ Section 1011.62(1)(f) and (9), F.S.

⁵³ Section 1003.491(1), F.S.

⁵⁴ A "career-themed course" is a course, or a course in a series of courses, that leads to an industry certification identified in the Industry Certification Funding List pursuant to rules adopted by the State Board of Education. Career-themed courses have industry-specific curriculum aligned directly to priority workforce needs established by the regional workforce board or the Department of Economic Opportunity. Section 1003.493(1)(b), F.S.

⁵⁵ Through third-party assessments called industry certifications, students demonstrate competency to perform specific industry-endorsed and -recognized skills and abilities required to perform particular jobs. Sections 1003.4203(8)(b) and 1003.492(2), F.S.

⁴⁵ Section 446.052(3), F.S.

⁴⁶ Section 446.045(2)(a), F.S.

⁴⁸ Section 446.045(2)(b), F.S.

⁴⁹ Id.

⁵² Chapter 2014-51, L.O.F.

The State Board of Education (SBE or State Board) adopts by rule, the list of industry certifications that are eligible for funding through the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP).⁵⁶ The list of industry certifications approved by Workforce Florida, Inc., and the DOE, called the Industry Certification Funding List, is updated annually.⁵⁷ Industry certifications on the "Gold Standard Career Pathways" list, which is incorporated by reference in SBE rule,⁵⁸ articulate to Associate in Applied Science and Associate in Science degree programs and are a subset of the Industry Certification Funding List.⁵⁹

Performance funding for a CAPE industry certification earned through dual enrollment is allocated to the Florida College System institution or district career center providing the instruction only if the industry certification is eligible for funding on the Postsecondary Industry Certification Funding List approved by the State Board.⁶⁰

Bonus Funding

Bonus funding is authorized for school districts and for teachers if a student earns a qualifying score on the following examinations and certifications: International Baccalaureate (IB) examinations; Advanced International Certificate of Education (AICE) examinations; Advance Placement (AP) examinations; and CAPE industry certifications.⁶¹

School District Bonus Funding

School district bonus funding is awarded as follows:⁶²

- 0.16 full-time equivalent (FTE) bonus funding for every qualifying score earned on an IB or AP examination or full-credit AICE examination.
- 0.8 FTE bonus funding for every qualifying score earned on a half-credit AICE examination.
- 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.5, or 1.0 FTE for CAPE industry certifications.

Teacher Bonus Funding

Teacher bonus funding is awarded for IB, AICE, and AP examinations, and CAPE industry certifications.⁶³ For IB examinations, a bonus in the amount of \$50 is awarded for each student taught by the IB teacher who receives a qualifying score on the IB examination.⁶⁴ An additional bonus of \$500 is awarded to each IB teacher in a school designated with a grade of "D" or "F" who has at least one student earning a qualifying score on the IB examination.⁶⁵ IB bonuses must not exceed \$2,000 given to a teacher in any given school year. However, the maximum bonus

http://www.fldoe.org/workforce/dwdframe/pdf/GSCPICprocess.pdf.

⁶³ *Id*.

⁶⁴ Id. ⁶⁵ Id.

⁵⁶ Sections 1008.44 and 1003.492, F.S.

⁵⁷ Section 1003.492(2), F.S.

⁵⁸ Rule 6A-10.0401, F.A.C.

⁵⁹ Florida Department of Education, *Process for Establishing Gold Standard Career Pathways Industry Certification to* AAS/AS Degree Statewide Articulation Agreements, available at

⁶⁰ Section 1011.80, F.S.

⁶¹ Section 1011.62(1)(l)-(o), F.S.

⁶² Id.

shall be \$3,000 if at least 50 percent of the students enrolled in a teacher's course earn a qualifying score in a school designated with a grade of "A," "B," or "C"; or if at least 25 percent of the students enrolled in a teacher's course earn a qualifying score in a school designated with a grade of "D" or "F."⁶⁶

For AICE examinations, a bonus in the amount of \$50 is awarded for each student taught by the AICE teacher in each full-credit AICE course who receives a qualifying score on the AICE examination.⁶⁷ A bonus in the amount of \$25 is awarded for each student taught by the AICE teacher in each half-credit AICE course who receives a qualifying score on the AICE examination.⁶⁸ An additional bonus of \$500 is awarded to each AICE teacher in a school designated with a grade of "D" or "F" who has at least one student earning a qualifying score on the full-credit AICE examination, or \$250 is awarded each to teachers of half-credit AICE classes in a school designated with a grade of "D" or "F" which has at least one student earning a qualifying score on the half-credit AICE examination.⁶⁹ AICE bonuses must not exceed \$2,000 given to a teacher in any given school year.⁷⁰

For AP examinations, a bonus in the amount of \$50 is awarded for each student taught by the AP teacher who receives a qualifying score on the AP examination.⁷¹ An additional bonus of \$500 is awarded to each AP teacher in a school designated with a grade of "D" or "F" who has at least one student earning a qualifying score on the AP examination.⁷² AP bonuses must not exceed \$2,000 given to a teacher in any given school year.⁷³ However, the maximum bonus shall be \$3,000 if at least 50 percent of the students enrolled in a teacher's course earn a qualifying score in a school designated with a grade of "A," "B," or "C"; or if at least 25 percent of the students enrolled in a teacher's course earn of the students enrolled in a teacher's course earn of the students enrolled in a teacher's course earn of the students enrolled in a teacher's course earn of the students enrolled in a teacher's course earn of the students enrolled in a teacher's course earn of the students enrolled in a teacher's course earn of the students enrolled in a teacher's course earn of the students enrolled in a teacher's course earn of the students enrolled in a teacher's course earn of the students enrolled in a teacher's course earn of the students enrolled in a teacher's course earn of the students enrolled in a teacher's course earn of the students enrolled in a teacher's course earn of the students enrolled in a teacher's course earn a qualifying score in a school designated with a grade of "D" or "F."⁷⁴

For CAPE Industry Certifications, a bonus in the amount of \$25 is awarded for each student taught by a teacher who provided instruction in a course that led to the attainment of a CAPE industry certification on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List with a weight of 0.1.⁷⁵ A bonus in the amount of \$50 is awarded for each student taught by a teacher who provided instruction in a course that led to the attainment of a CAPE industry certification on the CAPE Industry Certification for each student taught by a teacher who provided instruction in a course that led to the attainment of a CAPE industry certification on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List with a weight of 0.2, 0.3, 0.5, and 1.0.⁷⁶ CAPE industry certification bonuses must not exceed \$2,000 given to a teacher in any given school year.⁷⁷

- ⁶⁶ Id.
- ⁶⁷ *Id*.
- ⁶⁸ Id.
- ⁶⁹ Id.
- ⁷⁰ Id. ⁷¹ Id.
- 72 Id.
- ⁷³ Id.
- ⁷⁴ Id.
- ⁷⁵ Id.
- ⁷⁶ Id.
- ⁷⁷ Id.

Discretionary Millage Compression Supplement

A school district that levies the full 0.748 discretionary millage authorized under s. 1011.71(1), F.S., and prescribed in the GAA,⁷⁸ and generates an amount of funds per unweighted FTE student that is less than the state average amount per unweighted FTE student, receives a discretionary millage compression supplement that brings the district up to the state average.⁷⁹

Sparsity Supplement

The FEFP recognizes the relatively higher operating cost of smaller districts due to sparse student populations through a statutory formula in which the variable factor is a sparsity index.⁸⁰ This index is computed by dividing the FTE student membership of the qualified district by the number of permanent senior high school centers (not to exceed three).⁸¹ A qualified district's FTE shall equal or be less than that prescribed annually by the Legislature in the GAA.⁸² The amount prescribed annually by the Legislature shall be no less than 17,000, but no more than 24,000 FTE.⁸³

Virtual Education Contribution

The virtual education contribution is calculated within the FEFP for the Florida Virtual School and its franchises, as well as other virtual instruction programs and options.⁸⁴ The virtual education contribution is the difference between the amount per FTE established in the GAA for virtual education and the amount per FTE for each district and the Florida Virtual School, which is calculated by taking the sum of the base FEFP allocation, the discretionary local effort, the state-funded discretionary contribution, the discretionary millage compression supplement, the research-based reading instruction allocation, and the instructional materials allocation, and then dividing by the total unweighted FTE.⁸⁵ In the 2014-2015 fiscal year, funding for virtual education was established at \$5,230 per FTE.⁸⁶

Federally Connected Students

Title VIII of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 authorizes certain school districts to receive federal Impact Aid funding to support the education of students whose parents are employed by the federal government, including active duty uniformed services, or who live or work on federally owned property, such as military installations, National Aeronautics and Space Administration property, and Indian lands.⁸⁷

⁷⁸ Chapter 2014-51, L.O.F.

⁷⁹ Florida Department of Education, 2014-15 Funding for Florida School Districts, Statistical Report, *available at* <u>http://fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/7507/urlt/Fefpdist.pdf.</u>

⁸⁰ Section 1011.62(7)(a), F.S. Florida Department of Education, 2014-15 Funding for Florida School Districts, Statistical Report, *available at* <u>http://fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/7507/urlt/Fefpdist.pdf</u>.

⁸¹ Section 1011.62(7)(b), F.S.

 $^{^{82}}$ Id. at (7)(a).

⁸³ Id.

⁸⁴ Section 1011.62(11), F.S. Students are eligible to participate in: (a) school-district operated part-time and full-time kindergarten through grade 12 virtual instruction programs, if enrolled in the school district; (b) full-time virtual charter school instruction programs; or (c) virtual courses offered in the course code directory within the school district or other school districts throughout the state. Section 1002.455(3), F.S.

⁸⁵ Section 1011.62(11), F.S.

⁸⁶ Chapter 2014-51, L.O.F., see Specific Appropriations 9 and 96 of the 2014-2015 GAA.

⁸⁷ 20 U.S.C. s. 7703.

The Impact Aid funding for Florida school districts has decreased by 50 percent from \$13.9 million in the 1993-1994 fiscal year to \$6.9 million in the 2013-2014 fiscal year.⁸⁸ Currently, 14 school districts in Florida qualify for federal Impact Aid funding.⁸⁹

Local Capital Improvement Revenue for Computer Hardware and Enterprise Software

School districts are authorized to use local improvement revenue to purchase, lease-purchase, or lease:

- New and replacement equipment;
- Computer hardware; and
- Enterprise resource software applications that are classified as capital assets, have a useful life of at least 5 years, and are used to support districtwide administration or state-mandated reporting requirements.

Florida Classroom Teacher Supply Program

Under the Florida Teachers Classroom Supply Assistance Program, each school district is provided an allocation based on the prorated total of each school district's share of the total K-12 unweighted FTE student enrollment. These funds are to be used only by classroom teachers for the purchase of classroom instructional materials and supplies for use in teaching students.⁹⁰ Teachers are required to sign an acknowledgement stating they understand the appropriate use of these funds and that they will keep all receipts for expenditures of the funds for at least four years.⁹¹

Student Safety & Discipline

Each district school board is authorized to adopt policies requiring students to wear uniforms or policies imposing other dress-related requirements, if a district school board finds that the policies are necessary for the safety and welfare of the students or school personnel.⁹² However, students are permitted to wear sunglasses, hats, or other sun-protective wear while outdoors during school hours.⁹³

A district school board must adopt rules and policies relating to the control, discipline, suspension, and expulsion of students.⁹⁴ The district school board must decide on the expulsion of a student based on the school superintendent's recommendation.⁹⁵ In addition, a district school board must adopt a student code of conduct for elementary, middle, and high schools and

⁸⁸ Florida Department of Education, presentation to the Senate Appropriations Subcommittee on Education (January 22, 2015), *available at <u>http://www.flsenate.gov/PublishedContent/Committees/2014-</u>2016/AED/MeetingRecords/MeetingPacket_2761.pdf.*

⁸⁹ Id.

⁹⁰ 2014-15 Funding for Florida School Districts, Florida Department of Education. http://fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/7507/urlt/Fefpdist.pdf

⁹¹ s. 1012.71 (5), F.S.

⁹² Section 1001.43(1)(b), F.S.

⁹³ Id.

⁹⁴ Section 1006.07(1), F.S.

⁹⁵ Id.

distribute the code to teachers, school personnel, students, and parents at the beginning of the school year.⁹⁶

The student code of conduct must include a dress code policy prohibiting a student, while on the grounds of a public school during a regular school day, from wearing clothing that exposes underwear or body parts in an indecent or vulgar manner or that disrupts the orderly learning environment.⁹⁷ Any student who violates the dress code policy is subject to specified disciplinary actions determined by the number of violations committed by the student.⁹⁸ If a student wears clothing or an accessory that causes a substantial disruption to student learning, the district school board may discipline such student in a manner consistent with its policies for similar infractions.⁹⁹

Preeminent State Research Universities

The preeminent state research university program is a collaborative partnership between the Board of Governors (BOG) of the State University System of Florida and the Legislature to elevate the academic and research preeminence of Florida's highest performing state research universities.¹⁰⁰ A state research university that meets at least 11 of the 12 academic and research excellence standards specified in law is designated as a preeminent state research university.¹⁰¹

The academic and research excellence standards are:¹⁰²

- An average weighted grade point average of 4.0 or higher on a 4.0 scale and an average SAT score of 1800 or higher for fall semester incoming freshmen, as reported annually.
- A top-50 ranking on at least two well-known and highly respected national public university rankings, reflecting national preeminence, using most recent rankings.
- A freshman retention rate of 90 percent or higher for full-time, first-time-in-college students, as reported annually to the Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS).
- A 6-year graduation rate of 70 percent or higher for full-time, first-time-in-college students, as reported annually to the IPEDS.
- Six or more faculty members at the state university who are members of a national academy, as reported by the Center for Measuring University Performance in the Top American Research Universities (TARU) annual report.
- Total annual research expenditures, including federal research expenditures, of \$200 million or more, as reported annually by the National Science Foundation (NSF).
- Total annual research expenditures in diversified nonmedical sciences of \$150 million or more, based on data reported annually by the NSF.
- A top-100 university national ranking for research expenditures in five or more science, technology, engineering, or mathematics fields of study, as reported annually by the NSF.
- One hundred or more total patents awarded by the United States Patent and Trademark Office for the most recent 3-year period.

⁹⁸ Id.

⁹⁶ *Id.* at (2).

⁹⁷ *Id.* at (2)(d).

⁹⁹ *Id.* at (2)(g).

¹⁰⁰ Section 1001.7065(1), F.S.

¹⁰¹ *Id.* at (3).

¹⁰² *Id.* at (2).

- Four hundred or more doctoral degrees awarded annually, as reported in the BOG Annual Accountability Report.
- Two hundred or more postdoctoral appointees annually, as reported in the TARU annual report.
- An endowment of \$500 million or more, as reported in the BOG Annual Accountability Report.

A preeminent state research university receives \$5 million in recurring funds annually, subject to appropriation in the GAA.¹⁰³ Currently, only the Florida State University and University of Florida meet the standards for preeminent state research university designation and are Florida's only two preeminent state research universities.¹⁰⁴

Florida National Merit Scholarship Incentive Program

The Florida National Merit Scholarship Incentive Program is a merit scholarship for 2013-14 and later Florida high school graduates who achieved the National Merit or National Achievement Finalist designation. The scholarship award is equal to the per term cost of institutional attendance minus the sum of Bright Futures and the award associated with the National Merit/Achievement process.

Postsecondary Textbooks

Florida College System (FCS) institutions and state universities must post on their websites, not less than 30 days prior to the first day of class for each term, a list of each textbook required for each course for the term.¹⁰⁵ The list must include the International Standard Book Number (ISBN) for each required textbook and specific information necessary to identify the specific textbook required for each course.¹⁰⁶

The State Board and the BOG must adopt policies, procedures, principles, and guidelines for implementation by FCS institutions and state universities that further efforts to minimize the costs of textbooks for students attending such institutions while maintaining the quality of education and academic freedom.¹⁰⁷ The policies, procedures, and guidelines must provide for the following:¹⁰⁸

- That textbook adoptions are made with sufficient lead time to bookstores so as to confirm availability of the requested materials and ensure maximum availability of used books.
- That, in the textbook adoption process, the intent to use all items ordered, is confirmed by the course instructor or academic department offering the course before the adoption is finalized.
- That a course instructor or the academic department offering the course, determines, before a textbook is adopted, the extent to which a new edition differs significantly and substantively

¹⁰⁴ Florida Board of Governors, Strategic Planning Committee, Agenda Item 7, *Preeminent State Research University Benchmark Plans* (November 20, 2013) *available at*

http://www.flbog.edu/documents_meetings/0184_0752_5480_399%20SPC%20Packet.pdf.

¹⁰³ Section 1001.7065, F.S.

¹⁰⁵ Section 1004.085(3), F.S.

 $^{^{106}}$ Id.

¹⁰⁷ Section 1004.085(3)-(4), F.S.

¹⁰⁸ Section 1004.085(3)-(4), F.S.

from earlier versions and the value of changing to a new edition or the extent to which an open access textbook may exist and be used.

- That the establishment of policies shall address the availability of required textbooks to students who are otherwise unable to afford the cost, including consideration of the extent to which an open-access textbook may be used.
- The course instructors and academic departments are encouraged to participate in the development, adaptation, and review of open-access textbooks, especially open-access textbooks for high-demand general education courses.

Tuition and Fees

Under Florida law, "tuition" is defined as "the basic fee charged to a student for instruction provided by a public postsecondary educational institution in this state."¹⁰⁹ A student who is classified as a "resident for tuition purposes" is a student who qualifies for the in-state tuition rate.¹¹⁰ An "out-of-state fee" is "the additional fee for instruction provided by a public postsecondary education institution in this state, which fee is charged to a student who does not qualify for the in-state tuition rate."¹¹¹

Workforce Education Postsecondary Fees

A student who enrolls in workforce education postsecondary programs is charged tuition and other fees, unless the student is eligible for an exemption or a waiver.¹¹² The Legislature establishes the standard tuition and out-of-state fee per contact hour. Since July 1, 2014, for programs leading to a career certificate or an applied technology diploma, the standard tuition is \$2.33 per contact hour for residents and nonresidents. The out-of-state fee for such programs is \$6.99 per contact hour.¹¹³ For adult general education programs, a block tuition of \$45 per half year or \$30 per term is assessed.¹¹⁴

Each district school board and each FCS System institution board of trustees are authorized to adopt tuition and out-of-state fees that vary no more than 5 percent below of 5 percent above the combined total of the standard tuition and out-of-state fees.¹¹⁵

Florida College System Institution Student Fees

A student who enrolls in a college credit course, a college preparatory course, or an educator preparation institute (EPI) program at a FCS institution is charged tuition and other fees, unless the student is eligible for an exemption or a waiver.¹¹⁶ The Legislature establishes the standard tuition and out-of-state fee per credit hour. Since July 1, 2014, the standard tuition per credit hour for residents and non-residents enrolled in advanced and professional, postsecondary

 $^{^{109}}$ Section 1009.01(1), F.S. Additionally, the definition of tuition states that "[a] charge for any other purpose shall not be included within this fee." *Id*.

¹¹⁰ Section 1009.21(1)(g), F.S.

¹¹¹ Section 1009.01(2), F.S. Additionally, the definition of out-of-state fee states that "[a] charge for any other purpose shall not be included within this fee." *Id.*

¹¹² Sections 1009.22(1)-(2), 1009.25, and 1009.26, F.S.

¹¹³ Section 1009.22(3)(c), F.S.

¹¹⁴ Id.

¹¹⁵ Section 1009.22(3)(d), F.S.

¹¹⁶ Sections 1009.23(1)-(2)(a), 1009.25, and 1009.26, F.S.

vocational, developmental education, and EPI programs is \$71.98. The out-of-state fees for such programs is \$215.94 per credit hour.¹¹⁷ For baccalaureate programs, the tuition per credit hour for resident students is \$91.79 per credit hour.¹¹⁸ The sum of tuition and out-of-state fee per credit hour for non-resident students must not be more than 85 percent of the sum of tuition and out-of-state fee at a state university nearest to the FCS institution.¹¹⁹

Each FCS system institution board of trustees must establish tuition and out-of-state fees, which may vary no more than 10 percent below and 15 percent above the combined total of the standard tuition and fees.¹²⁰

State University Student Fees

A student who enrolls in a college credit course at a state university is charged tuition and other fees, unless the student is eligible for an exemption or a waiver.¹²¹ The amount of resident undergraduate tuition per credit hour is established by the Legislature. Since July 1, 2014, the resident undergraduate tuition is \$105.07 per credit hour for lower-level and upper-level coursework at a state university.¹²²

The BOG is authorized to establish tuition for graduate and professional programs, and out-ofstate fees for all programs.¹²³ The sum of tuition and out-of-state fees assessed to nonresident students must be sufficient to offset the full instructional cost of serving such students.¹²⁴ However, adjustments to out-of-state fees or tuition for graduate programs and professional programs must not exceed 15 percent in a year.¹²⁵

Performance-Based Funding

Performance-based funding models include performance metrics that evaluate the achievement and improvement of public postsecondary educational institutions.¹²⁶

State University System

In the 2014-2015 GAA, proviso specifically required performance funding be allocated based on the BOG's model approved on January 16, 2014.¹²⁷ The BOG model contained 10 performance metrics, which included the following:¹²⁸

¹¹⁷ Section 1009.23(3)(a), F.S.

¹¹⁸ Section 1009.23(3)(b)1., F.S.

¹¹⁹ Section 1009.23(3)(b)2., F.S.

¹²⁰ Section 1009.23(4), F.S.

¹²¹ Sections 1009.24(1)-(2), 1009.25, and 1009.26, F.S.

¹²² Section 1009.24(4)(a), F.S.

¹²³ Section 1009.24(4)(b), F.S.

¹²⁴ Id.

¹²⁵ Id.

¹²⁶ Chapters 2013-40 and 2014-51, L.O.F.

¹²⁷ Chapter. 2014-51, L.O.F.

¹²⁸ See Florida Board of Governors, Meeting Archives (January 15-16, 2014) available at

http://www.flbog.edu/pressroom/meeting_items.php?id=185&agenda=765&type=Past (last visited March 23, 2015); see also Florida Board of Governors, Meeting Minutes (January 16, 2014) available at

http://www.flbog.edu/documents meetings/0187 0790 5874 10.2.2%20BOG%202014 01 16 Board of Governors minut es.pdf.

- Percent of bachelor's degree graduates employed and/or continuing their education;
- Average wages of employed baccalaureate graduates;
- Cost per undergraduate degree;
- Six-year graduation rate (full-time and part-time first time in college (FTIC));
- Academic Progress Rate (second year retention with a grade point average above 2.0);
- Bachelor's degrees awarded in areas of strategic emphasis (including Science, Technology, Engineering and Math (STEM) education);
- University access rate (percent of undergraduates with a Pell Grant);
- Graduate degrees awarded in areas of strategic emphasis (including STEM);
- Two additional metrics, one chosen by each of the following:
 - o Board of Governors, and
 - o University Board of Trustees

SUS institutions will be evaluated for their performance based on benchmarks adopted by the BOG for achievement of excellence or improvement these specified metrics. The 2014-2015 GAA appropriated \$200 million for State University Performance Based Incentives in the 2014-2015 fiscal year, which included \$100 million in new funding and \$100 million redistributed from the state university's base funds.¹²⁹ Institutions qualifying for new funding also have their base funding restored. Any institution which fails to meet the minimum threshold set by the BOG will have a portion of its base funding withheld and must submit an improvement plan to the BOG. The BOG must approve the improvement plan and conduct progress monitoring of the improvement plan's implementation. An institution will have its full base funding restored upon BOG approval of the improvement plan monitoring report. Any institution that fails to make satisfactory progress will not have its full base funding restored.

Florida College System

In the 2014-2015 GAA, proviso directed the Commissioner of Education to recommend a performance funding formula that may be used to allocate funds to Florida College System institutions.¹³⁰ The commissioner's recommendations were to include up to ten performance measures, appropriate performance benchmarks for each measure, and a detailed methodology for allocating performance funds to the colleges.¹³¹ At a minimum, the measures were to include job placement rates, cost per degree, and graduation / retention rates. In January 2015, these recommendations were finalized and included the required measures, as well as additional measures for:¹³²

- Pell Grant student graduation rate,
- Program completer entry level wages,

¹²⁹ ch. 2014-51, L.O.F.

 $^{^{130}}$ Id.

¹³¹ Chapter 2014-51, L.O.F., *see* Florida Department of Education, Division of Colleges, *Florida College System Performance Funding Commissioner's Recommendations*, presentation to the Senate Appropriations Subcommittee on Education (February 11, 2015) *available at* <u>http://www.floridahighereducation.org/_doc_meetings/20150223/Senate-</u> Education-Appropriations-Commissioners-FCS-Performance-Funding.pptx (last visited March 23, 2015).

¹³² Florida Department of Education, Division of Colleges, *Florida College System Performance Funding Commissioner's Recommendations*, presentation to the Senate Appropriations Subcommittee on Education (February 11, 2015) *available at* <u>http://www.floridahighereducation.org/ doc meetings/20150223/Senate-Education-Appropriations-Commissioners-FCS-</u> <u>Performance-Funding.pptx</u> (last visited March 23, 2015).

- Time to degree, •
- Credit milestones, and a
- Local measure selected by each college's board of trustees.

Career and Workforce Education

The Legislature has established mechanisms to facilitate coordination between public and private postsecondary education institutions and employment agencies to assist students in completing degree programs to meet the state's workforce needs.

In 2012, the Legislature created the Complete Florida Plus Program¹³³ at the University of West Florida (UWF) for the purpose of:¹³⁴

- Facilitating degree completion for the state's adult learners through the Complete Florida Degree Initiative.
- Providing information relating to and access to distance learning courses and degree programs offered by public postsecondary education institutions.
- Coordinating with the Florida College System (FCS) and the State University System (SUS) to identify and provide online academic support services and resources when the multiinstitutional provision of such services and resources is more cost effective or operationally effective.
- Administering the Florida Academic Library Services Cooperative¹³⁵ (Cooperative) and consulting with the chancellors of the FCS and the SUS regarding the Cooperative.

The UWF must submit annual reports to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives relating to the implementation and operation of the components of the Complete Florida Plus Program and the Cooperative.¹³⁶

Complete Florida Degree Initiative

In 2014, the Legislature established the Complete Florida Degree Initiative ("Initiative") within the Complete Florida Plus Program for the purpose of recruiting, recovering, and retaining the state's adult learners¹³⁷ and assisting them in completing an associate degree or a baccalaureate degree aligned to the state's high-wage, high-skill workforce needs.¹³⁸ The Initiative coordinates with FCS institutions, state universities, and private postsecondary institutions and partners with public and private job recruitment and placement agencies to identify associate, applied baccalaureate, and baccalaureate degree programs that meet the state's workforce needs.¹³⁹

¹³³ The program was formerly established as the Degree Completion Pilot Project pursuant to s. 15, ch. 2012-34, L.O.F. ¹³⁴ Section 1006.735(1), F.S.

¹³⁵ Section 1006.73, F.S. The cooperative provides a single library automation system and associated resources and services for public postsecondary institutions to use to support learning, teaching, and research needs. Id. at (1).

¹³⁶ Sections 1006.73(4) and 1006.735(5), F.S.

¹³⁷ Section 1006.735(2), F.S. Adult learners who are veterans or active duty members of the United States Armed Forces are given priority. Id. An "adult learner" is defined as "a student who has successfully completed college-level coursework in multiple semesters but has left an institution in good standing before completing his or her degree." Id.

¹³⁸ Section 1006.735(2), F.S.; see also, s. 16, ch. 2014-56, L.O.F.

¹³⁹ Section 1006.735(2)(a), F.S.

Specifically, the Initiative must:¹⁴⁰

- Give priority to degree programs using labor market data and projections, including data and projections included in the Board of Governor's gap analysis,¹⁴¹ to identify the specific workforce needs and targeted occupations of the state.
- Provide adult learners with a single point of access to information and links to innovative online and accelerated distance learning courses,¹⁴² student and library support services, and electronic resources¹⁴³ that will aid them in completing a postsecondary degree.
- Use existing or develop new competency-based instructional and evaluation tools to assess prior performance, experience, and education to award college credit and reduce the time required for adults to complete degrees.
- Develop and implement an evaluation process to collect and analyze appropriate data to report the effectiveness of the Initiative to the chancellors of the FCS and the SUS, the participating postsecondary education institutions, the chairs of the legislative appropriations committees, and the Executive Office of the Governor.
- Develop and implement a statewide student recruitment campaign targeted toward adult learners, particularly veterans and active duty members of the United States Armed Forces, for enrollment in degree programs offered through the Initiative.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill updates and establishes numerous K-12 and postsecondary education statutes relating to Florida digital classrooms, apprenticeships, public school funding and policy issues, preeminent state research university designation, postsecondary affordability, postsecondary performance-based incentive funding models, a Rapid Response Education and Training Program, educator liability insurance, and the Florida Best and Brightest Teacher Scholarship Program.

Florida Digital Classrooms

The bill provides a mechanism for assessing and comparing the status of digital readiness of school districts and public schools based on technology infrastructure standards and targets identified by the Agency for State Technology (AST or agency) or a professional organization that the agency contracts with (contracted organization). The digital readiness of school districts must be assessed using a digital readiness scorecard and uniform definitions of technology infrastructure components established by the Department of Education (DOE or department) in consultation with the agency.

Specifically, the bill requires the AST, or a contracted organization, to consult with the department to identify technology infrastructure standards for the successful implementation of

¹⁴³ Section 1006.735(4), F.S. Statewide online services and support include a streamlined online admissions application process for undergraduate transient students and a K-20 statewide computer-assisted student advising system that supports K-12 career and education planning and the advisement, registration, and certification of postsecondary students for graduation. *Id.*

¹⁴⁰ Section 1006.735(2), F.S.

¹⁴¹ Section 1001.706(5), F.S.

¹⁴² Section 1006.735(3), F.S. The Complete Florida Plus Program manages a statewide Internet-based catalog of distance learning courses, degree programs, and resources offered by public postsecondary education institutions to facilitate the institutions' efforts in developing a statewide articulation system that allows students to rapidly proceed toward their educational objectives and transfer between institutions. *Id.*; *see also*, s. 1007.01, F.S.

digital classrooms. These standards must include, but are not limited to, device recommendations, security and connectivity requirements, and browser expectations. This provision will likely facilitate a collaboration between AST, the agency that establishes the standards for the most efficient use of state's information technology resources,¹⁴⁴ and DOE, the department that is familiar with public schools' instructional needs.

Requirements for the Agency for State Technology

The AST was established in 2014 by the Legislature to oversee the state's essential technology projects and is responsible for establishing standards and processes for information technology (IT).¹⁴⁵ The agency is responsible for establishing technology architecture standards to provide the most efficient use of the state's IT resources which must include, but not be limited to, performance measurements and metrics that objectively reflect the status of an IT project based on a defined and documented scope, cost, and schedule.¹⁴⁶

In addition to identifying the technology infrastructure standards and targets, the bill requires AST, or a contracted organization, to:

- Perform an annual assessment of the DOE's 5-year strategic plan for establishing Florida digital classrooms and the districts' and charter schools' digital classrooms plans for the 2015-2016 school year, and annually thereafter, to determine the status of technology infrastructure and digital readiness of school districts. The retrospective analyses will likely provide the state with an independent assessment of the districts' and schools' technology infrastructure and digital readiness status and needs. Currently, technology readiness data are self-reported by the school districts. In addition, the retrospective analyses will likely assist with identifying gaps in technology infrastructure relative to the identified standards and targets. The bill requires school districts to be assessed using a digital readiness scorecard to provide a mechanism for comparing the status of school districts' digital readiness.
- Provide prospective planning guidance and technical assistance to the department, school districts, and public schools regarding identified gaps in technology infrastructure and recommended improvements to meet the standards and targets identified by AST or a contracted organization. The guidance and technical assistance will likely help the DOE, school districts, and public schools to make strategic and purposeful investments in technology infrastructure.
- Submit a report by May 1, 2016, for the 2015-2016 school year, and annually by December 1 thereafter, to the Governor, President of the Senate, and Speaker of the House of Representatives, summarizing the status of technology infrastructure and recommending strategies for improving cost efficiencies and maximizing the state's and school districts' investments in technology to establish digital classrooms. The annual report, which AST must provide to the Commissioner of Education (commissioner) by November 1 of each

¹⁴⁴ Section 282.0051(2), F.S. The Agency for State Technology is responsible for developing and publishing "information technology policy for the management of the state's information technology resources." Section 282.0051(1), F.S.

¹⁴⁵ Section 10, ch. 2014-221, L.O.F.; Agency for State Technology, *About Us*, <u>http://www.ast.myflorida.com/about.asp</u> (lasted visited March 9, 2015) Information technology means " equipment, hardware, software, firmware, programs, systems, networks, infrastructure, media, and related material used to automatically, electronically, and wirelessly collect, receive, access, transmit, display, store, record, retrieve, analyze, evaluate, process, classify, manipulate, manage, assimilate, control, communicate, exchange, convert, converge, interface, switch, or disseminate information of any kind or form." Section 282.0041, F.S.

¹⁴⁶ Section 282.0051(2)-(3), F.S.

year, will likely help to inform the state about the school districts' and public schools' technology infrastructure status and progress toward meeting the technology infrastructure standards and targets that are identified by AST or a contracted organization in consultation with the DOE. Additionally, the recommendations regarding cost efficiencies may help inform strategic budgetary investments in technology infrastructure.

- Collaborate with the DOE and the Department of Management Services (DMS) to identify:
 - State term contract procurement options available to school districts that provide information technology commodities, consultant services, or staff augmentation contractual services that support the information technology architecture standards applicable to digital classrooms.
 - Shared services available to school districts through the State Data Center to facilitate the implementation of school district digital classrooms plans.

Requirements for the Department of Education

The bill specifies requirements for the DOE regarding incorporating the identified technology infrastructure standards and targets in the department's 5-year strategic plan (state plan), establishing uniform definitions of technology infrastructure components, creating a digital readiness scorecard, and providing access to statewide procurement service agreements:

- The DOE must include the identified technology infrastructure standards and targets in the state plan for successful implementation of digital classrooms to improve student performance outcomes. In addition to the components that must be included in the state plan, which are specified in law,¹⁴⁷ the bill clarifies that the state plan must also identify minimum technology infrastructure requirements in consultation with the AST. The minimum technology infrastructure requirements will likely help the school districts and public schools strategically plan for technology investments and allocate funds purposefully.
- The DOE must coordinate with the AST to facilitate school districts' access to statewide procurement service agreements. Access to competitively procured service agreements may result in cost savings and efficiencies for the school districts.
- The DOE must consult with the AST to establish uniform definitions of technology infrastructure components which must be incorporated into the state plan. The uniform definitions must also be used by charter schools that seek Florida digital classrooms allocation funds and by each district school board in the technology information submitted annually to the DOE. Uniform definitions will allow for comparability of technology infrastructure components across school districts to assess the status of districts' digital readiness.
- The DOE must consult with the AST to create a digital readiness scorecard to compare the digital readiness of school districts within the state. The scorecard must use the uniform definitions and identified technology infrastructure standards and targets identified by the department in consultation with the AST. At a minimum, the scorecard must include the student-to-device ratio, the percentage of schools within each district that meet bandwidth standards, the percentage of classrooms within each district that must meet wireless standards, the refresh rate of devices, network capacity, information storage capacity, and information security services.

¹⁴⁷ Section 1001.20(4)(a)1., F.S.

• The DOE if it determines the administration of online assessments after January 1, 2015, does not comply with the minimum assessment protocols and requirements it established must contract with an independent, auditing entity that has expertise in the area to evaluate the extent of the noncompliance and provide recommendations to remediate the noncompliance in future administrations of online assessments.

Requirements for School Districts

Beginning in the 2016-2017 school year, each school district must undergo an annual assessment and independent verification of its use of Florida digital classrooms allocation funds (digital classrooms funds) for the district to be eligible to receive digital classrooms funds. An independent assessment of the districts' use of digital classrooms funds will likely help inform the state about school districts' technology needs and investments to improve student performance outcomes. Access to such information will also likely assist the state with budgetary decisions concerning school districts' and public schools' preparedness to integrate technology into classroom teaching and learning and administer computer-based assessments.

Requirements for Submitting Digital Classrooms Plans

The bill also makes modifications to the format and deadline for submitting digital classrooms plans:

- The DOE must develop a streamlined format for charter schools to use for submitting their digital classrooms plan. This process may result in creating a precise accountability measurement tool matching the charter school's mission, program, goals, students served, methods of assessment and ways to measure success of charter schools.¹⁴⁸
- The commissioner must implement an online, web-based portal for school districts and charter schools to submit their digital classrooms plan. The online submission system may result in a cost-effective method for the school districts to timely report their digital classrooms plan information to the department.
- District school boards must submit their digital classrooms plan annually to the DOE by August 1, instead of the March 1 deadline which is the current statutory deadline. The August 1 deadline will likely assist the districts with budgetary planning by taking into consideration allocation funds appropriated for the next school year.

Finally, the bill clarifies that the annual report the commissioner must provide to the Governor, President of the Senate, and Speaker of the House of Representatives, by October 1 of each year, include a summary of each district's:

- Student performance goals and outcomes; and
- Use of funds in support of such goals and outcomes.

The clarification emphasizes that improving student performance outcomes should be the goal that drives technology integration in classroom teaching and learning.

¹⁴⁸ Florida Department of Education, *General Information* (March 9, 2015), *available at* <u>http://www.fldoe.org/schools/school-choice/charter-schools/charter-school-faqs.stml</u>.

Apprenticeships

The bill changes the term "journeyman" to "journeyworker." Also, the bill clarifies the definition of the term "journeyworker" as a worker who has mastered the skills, abilities, and competencies required for an occupation through a formal apprenticeship or on-the-job experience or formal training. Such skills, abilities, and competencies may be evidenced through a formal apprenticeship, attainment of a nationally recognized industry certification, or through practical, on-the-job experience or formal training. The revised definition may benefit apprentices and apprenticeship programs by clarifying the criteria and enhancing the qualifications of "journeyworkers."

The bill redefines "related instruction" by specifying that such instruction may be given in occupational or industrial courses taught in the classroom or by correspondence courses, including electronic media or other forms of self-study instruction approved by the Department of Education (DOE). The bill expands the definition to broaden the types of courses and options for receiving instruction on those courses, which may benefit people who would not otherwise have the opportunity to receive such instruction in a traditional setting.

The bill revises the criteria for an apprenticeable occupation as a skilled trade that is clearly defined and:

- May be associated with a nationally recognized industry certification.
- Involves skills and knowledge in accordance with the applicable industry standards.
- Includes a minimum number of hours of on-the-job training.
- Includes related instruction through occupational or industrial courses.

Also, the bill authorizes the Governor to appoint two public members to the State Apprenticeship Advisory Council who are independent of, rather than recommended by, joint or nonjoint organizations affiliated with apprenticeship sponsors.

The bill prohibits an apprenticeship program or agreement from invalidating special provisions for veterans, minority persons, or women.

Florida Apprenticeship Grant Program

The bill creates the Florida Apprenticeship Grant (FLAG) Program to provide competitive grants to career centers, charter technical career centers and Florida College System (FCS) institutions for the purpose of expanding existing programs and establishing new apprenticeship programs. Program applications must contain projected enrollment and cost data and funds may be used for instructional equipment, supplies, personnel, student services or other administrative costs. The Division of Career and Adult Education within the DOE shall administer the program and give priority to applications for programs in the critical need areas of information technology, health, and machining and manufacturing. Grant recipients must submit quarterly reports to the DOE.

FEFP Funding

Intensive Reading Instruction

The bill extends the requirement of providing an additional hour of intensive reading instruction daily to students enrolled in the 300 lowest-performing elementary schools through the 2017-2018 academic year.

Additionally, the bill requires participating schools to:

- Provide additional reading instruction through an equivalent number of hours in a summer program; and
- Continue to provide the additional hour of instruction to all students who have level 1 or 2 reading assessment scores in the subsequent year after the school is no longer classified as one of the 300 lowest performing.

Dual Enrollment Industry Certification Funding

The bill authorizes performance funding for a career and professional education (CAPE) industry certification earned through a dual enrollment course, which is not a fundable certification on the Postsecondary Industry Certification Funding List or is earned as a result of an agreement between a school district and a nonpublic postsecondary institution, to be funded in the same manner as a non-dual enrollment course industry certification. The bill authorizes a school district to provide for an agreement between a high school and a technical center, or the school district and the postsecondary institution may enter into an agreement for equitable distribution of the bonus funds.

CAPE Teacher Bonus Funding

The bill establishes two new tiers of bonuses available to CAPE industry certification teachers. A teacher providing in instruction to a student in a course that led to the attainment of a CAPE industry certification on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List with a weight of 0.3 will earn a \$75 bonus, which is \$25 more than currently authorized. A teacher providing instruction to a student in a course that led to the attainment of a CAPE Industry Certification Funding List with a weight of 0.5 or 1.0 will earn a \$100 bonus, which is \$50 more than currently authorized. The maximum annual bonus for teachers providing instruction in courses leading to these CAPE industry certifications is increased from \$2,000 to \$4,000.

Discretionary Millage Compression Supplement

The bill increases the discretionary millage compression supplement for the school district 0.748 mill discretionary levy for operations from the state average to five percent above the state average funds per full-time equivalent (FTE) student membership.

Sparsity Supplement

The bill modifies the calculation for determining the sparsity supplement for larger eligible districts with between 20,000 and 24,000 FTE, by dividing the total number of FTE by the number of permanent senior high school centers in the district, not in excess of four rather than three.

The bill modifies the virtual education contribution calculation within the FEFP by including the declining enrollment supplement and exceptional student education (ESE) guaranteed allocation.

Federally Connected Student Supplement

The bill creates the federally connected student supplement categorical within the FEFP. Fourteen school districts, which currently receive federal impact aid under Title VIII of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, could be eligible for additional FEFP funding under this new categorical.

The supplement is based on two components: a student allocation and an exempt-property allocation. The student allocation is based on the number of students in the district reported for federal impact aid, including students with disabilities, who

- Reside with a parent who is on active duty in the uniformed services or is an accredited foreign government official and military officer;
- Reside on eligible federally-owned Indian lands; or
- Reside with a civilian parent who lives or works on eligible federal property connected with a military installation or NASA. The number of these students shall be multiplied by a factor of 0.5.

The exempt-property allocation is based on the district's real property value of exempt federal property of federal impact aid lands reserved as military installations, NASA properties, or federally-owned Indian lands, multiplied by the millage authorized and levied under s. 1011.71 (2), F.S. The student allocation and the exempt-property allocation will be added together for each eligible district to produce the federally connected student supplement.

Local Capital Improvement Revenue for Computer Hardware and Enterprise Software

School districts are currently authorized to purchase enterprise resource software with their local capital improvement revenue, however, it is unclear as to whether annual license fees, maintenance fees, or lease agreements for enterprise resource software are authorized uses of these funds. The bill specifically authorizes school districts to use their local capital improvement revenue for enterprise resource software annual license fees, or lease agreements.

Florida Classroom Teacher Supply Program

The bill requires classroom teachers to provide receipts for the expenditure of Florida Teachers Classroom Supply Assistance Program funds to the school district, in place of the currently required signed acknowledgement that the teacher understands the appropriate use of the funds and will keep all receipts for expenditures of the funds for at least four years. This change, while requiring additional effort from the school district, protects teachers from potential income tax audit issues arising from situations in which the teacher has not retained receipts, and has the funds counted as taxable income.

Student Safety & Discipline

The bill authorizes a district school board to adopt and implement a standard school attire policy that requires students to conform to wearing specific types and styles of clothing. Furthermore, the bill grants a district school board immunity from civil liability for implementing a districtwide standard school attire policy in at least kindergarten through grade 8.

Educator Liability Insurance Program

The bill requires the DOE to administer an educator liability insurance program, as provided in the General Appropriations Act, to protect full-time instructional personnel from liability for monetary damages and the costs of defending actions resulting from claims made against the instructional personnel's professional capacity. The bill provides that liability coverage of at least \$2 million shall be provided to all full-time instructional personnel and may be provided to part time instructional personnel, administrative personnel, and students enrolled in a state-approved teacher preparation program that choose to participate in the program.

Preeminent State Research Universities

The bill specifies that any institution that meets the required academic and research excellence standards for consideration of preeminent status must also enter into, and maintain, a formal agreement with the National Merit Scholarship Corporation to offer College-sponsored Merit Scholarship® awards to be designated as a preeminent state research university.

Florida National Merit Scholarship Incentive Program

The Florida National Merit Scholarship Incentive Program is renamed as the Benacquisto Scholarship Program, and a recipient of an award is identified as a Benacquisto Scholar.

Postsecondary Affordability

The bill includes provisions related to textbooks and tuition and fees, both of which serve to improve postsecondary affordability.

Textbook Affordability

The bill promotes public awareness about textbook and instructional material costs by requiring each FCS institution and state university to prominently post on the institution's website for course registration, a hyperlink to lists of required and recommended textbooks and instructional materials for at least 90 percent of the courses and course sections offered by the institution. The bill also changes the deadline for posting the textbook information online from at least 30 days to at least 14 days before the first day of class for each term. Such information will help students with financial planning for course registrations.

Additionally, the bill:

• Requires that the lists of required and recommended textbooks include new and used retail price and rental price, if applicable, for a required or recommended textbook or instructional

materials for purchase at an institution's designated bookstore or other specified vendor. The lists must also include website or other contact information for the bookstore.

- Requires institutions that are unable to provide the specified information on textbooks within the specified timeframe (i.e., at least 14 days before the first day of student registration for each term) by the 2015 fall semester, to provide the required information to students at least 60 days before the first day of classes. The bill requires institutions to submit quarterly reports to the applicable board, the Board of Governors (BOG) or the State Board of Education (SBE), to document institutions' efforts to comply with the specified requirements by 2016 fall semester.
- Requires postsecondary institutions to consult with school districts regarding textbooks and instructional materials used for dual enrollment courses (e.g., the length of time that textbooks and instructional materials remain in use and the cost associated with digital materials).
- Requires regular cost-benefit analyses to help students receive the highest quality product at the lowest available price.
- Requires the policies, procedures, and guidelines that are adopted by the BOG and the SBE to include instructional materials in addition to textbooks; and requires state universities and FCS institutions to annually send to the BOG or SBE, as applicable, electronic copies of the institutional policies regarding textbooks and instructional materials, which must be available on the boards' websites.
- Requires each FCS institution and state university to annually report specified textbook and instructional material information to the Chancellor of the Florida College System or the Chancellor of the State University System, as applicable (e.g., cost of undergraduate textbooks and instructional materials by course and course section, textbook and instructional material selection process for high-enrollment courses as determined by the chancellors, and specific initiatives to reduce the cost of textbooks and instructional materials). The chancellors must compile the information and report to the Governor, President of the Senate, and Speaker of the House of Representatives by December 31 of each year.

College Affordability Strategies

The bill promotes strategies to maintain college affordability for all Floridians by requiring BOG and SBE to identify strategies and initiatives that must include consideration of the following:

- The impact of tuition and fee increases at state colleges and universities, including graduate, professional, medical, and law schools.
- The total cost of fees, including orientation fees, to a student and family at a state university and a state college.
- The cost of textbooks and instructional materials for all students. To determine the best methods to reduce costs, BOG and SBE must consult with students, faculty, bookstores, and publishers, at a minimum, consider specified options (e.g., purchasing e-textbooks in bulk, expanding the use of open-access textbooks and instructional materials, rental options for textbook and instructional materials, and supporting efficient used book sales, buy-back sales, student-to-student sales, and the cost of instructional materials for dual enrollment students to school districts).

BOG and SBE must annually, by December 31, report on the boards' college affordability efforts to the Governor, President of the Senate, and Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Tuition and Fees

The bill caps tuition and out-of-state fees for workforce education at no more than 5 percent above the combined total of standard tuition and out-of-state fees. For FCS institutions, tuition must not exceed \$91.79 per credit hour and the tuition and out-of-state fees must not be more than 15 percent above the combined total of standard tuition and out-of-state fees. For state universities, the resident undergraduate tuition for lower-level and upper-level coursework must not exceed \$105.07 per credit hour. Establishing tuition caps rather than a set tuition amount per credit hour may allow postsecondary institutions to charge lower tuition than currently established. The bill prohibits adjustments to the resident tuition for graduate program and professional programs which is set on July 1, 2015.

The bill requires FCS institutions and state universities to notify students and the public about any institutional boards of trustees meeting regarding votes on proposed increases in tuition and fees. The notice must be posted on the institutions' website homepage 28 days before the scheduled meeting of the institutions' boards of trustees. Additionally, the notice must specify the date and time of the meeting, and clearly outline the tuition and fee details and the rationale for the proposed increase. The tuition and fee information may help students and their families plan for higher education at public postsecondary institutions within the state.

Performance-Based Funding

State University System

The bill statutorily establishes State University System (SUS) Performance Based Incentive, which is based on indicators of institutional attainment of performance metrics adopted by the BOG. These performance metrics include, but are not limited to, metrics that measure graduation and retention rates; degree production; affordability; postgraduation employment, salaries, or further education; student loan default rates; access; and any other metrics approved by the BOG. SUS institutions will be evaluated for their performance based on benchmarks adopted by the BOG for achievement of excellence or improvement on specified metrics.

Each fiscal year, the amount of funds available for allocation to universities based upon the performance funding model consists of a state investment, plus an institutional investment consisting of funds redistributed from the base funding for the SUS, as determined in the General Appropriations Act (GAA). Institutions qualifying for the state's investment will also have their institutional investment restored. The institutional investment will be restored for all institutions that meet the board's minimum performance funding threshold under the performance funding model. Any institution that is in the bottom three or fails to meet the board's minimum performance funding threshold will not be eligible for the state's investment, will have a portion of its institutional investment withheld, and must submit an improvement plan to the board that specifies the activities and strategies for improving the institution's performance.

Florida College System

The bill establishes Florida College System (FCS) Performance Based Incentive, which is based on indicators of institutional attainment of performance metrics adopted by the State Board of Education (state board). These performance metrics include, but are not limited to, metrics that

measure retention; program completion and graduation rates; student loan default rates; job placement; and post-graduation employment, salaries, or further education. FCS institutions will be evaluated for their performance based on benchmarks adopted by the state board for achievement of excellence or improvement on specified metrics.

Each fiscal year, the amount of funds available for allocation to institutions based upon the performance funding model consists of a state investment, plus an institutional investment consisting of funds redistributed from the base funding for the Florida College System Program Fund, as determined in the GAA. Institutions qualifying for the state investment shall also have their institutional investment restored. Any institution which fails to meet the minimum threshold set by the state board will have a portion of its institutional investment withheld and must submit an improvement plan to the state board. The state board must approve the improvement plan and conduct progress monitoring of the improvement plan's implementation. An institution will have its full institutional investment restored upon state board approval of the improvement plan monitoring report. Any institution that fails to make satisfactory progress will not have its full institutional investment restored.

Rapid Response Education and Training Program

The bill creates the Rapid Response Education and Training Program (Program) within the Complete Florida Plus Program to work with Enterprise Florida, Inc., to recruit and retain employees through industry-specific education and training.

Specifically, the bill requires that the Program:

- Award matching grants to public and private education and training providers.
- Submit to the Legislature periodic reports generated by an independent forensic accounting or auditing entity.
- Keep administrative costs to a minimum through the use of existing organizational structures.
- Work with businesses to recruit individuals for education and training.
- Terminate an education and training program by giving 30-days' notice.
- Survey businesses regarding the effectiveness of the education and training programs.

Additionally, the bill requires that the Division of Career and Adult Education within DOE analyze and assess the effectiveness of the education and training programs offered through the Program in meeting labor market and occupational trends and gaps.

Finally, the bill requires the DOE to develop career education program standards that reflect the quality components of a career and technical education program, and requires the State Board of Education to adopt rules.

Florida Best and Brightest Teacher Scholarship Program

The bill creates the Florida Best and Brightest Teacher Scholarship Program (Scholarship Program) to reward teachers who demonstrate a high level of academic achievement and, for teachers other than first-year teachers, who have been evaluated as highly effective. The bill requires that the Scholarship Program be administered by the DOE. Also, the bill authorizes

funding for the Scholarship Program as provided in the GAA, beginning in the 2015-2016 school year, and establishes reporting and payment deadlines for school districts.

The bill provides an effective date of July 1, 2015.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

PCS/CS/SB 948 increases the bonus funding for teachers who provide instruction to a student in a course that led to the attainment of a 0.3, 0.5, or 1.0 weighted industry certification. These teachers are eligible for up to an additional \$2,000 annually in bonus funding.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The bill modifies the calculation for the sparsity supplement to continue to include the Hernando County School District. The Hernando County School District would be eligible for an estimated \$2 million in sparsity supplement funds in the 2015-2016 fiscal year.

The bill modifies the virtual education contribution calculation in the Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) by including the declining enrollment supplement and the exceptional student education (ESE) guaranteed allocation in the calculation to maintain funding for virtual education at 5,230 per full-time equivalent (FTE) student.

The bill extends the requirement of providing an additional hour of intensive reading instruction daily to students enrolled in the 300 lowest performing elementary schools through the 2017-2018 academic year, requires participating schools to also provide the required additional instruction through an equivalent number of hours in a summer program, and requires participating schools to continue to provide the additional hour of

instruction to all students who have level 1 or 2 reading assessment scores in the subsequent year after the school is no longer classified as one of the 300 lowest performing. This additional hour of reading instruction is funded through the Supplemental Academic Instruction (SAI) and the Research-Based Reading Instruction Allocation categoricals in the FEFP. A total of \$90 million is provided for this instruction in SB 2500, the Senate's 2015-2016 fiscal year Fiscal Year General Appropriations Bill.

The bill increases the discretionary millage compression supplement for the school district 0.748 mill discretionary levy for operations from the state average to five percent above the state average funds per FTE student. This change will increase the discretionary millage supplement by approximately \$34 million.

The bill creates the federally connected student supplement categorical within the FEFP. The school districts eligible for funding through the categorical will receive their proportional share of the \$12,441,144, as proposed in SB 2500, allocated through the FEFP.

The bill statutorily establishes the State University Performance Based Incentive, which is funded at \$400 million in SB 2500. The state's investment consists of \$200 million and the institutional investment constitutes the remaining \$200 million. The funds received by an individual state university will be contingent upon the university's performance on the established metrics.

The bill establishes the Florida College System Performance Based Incentive, which is funded at \$60 million in SB 2500. The state's investment consists of \$30 million and the institutional investment constitutes the remaining \$30 million. The funds received by each institution will be contingent upon the institution's performance on the established metrics.

The bill establishes the Rapid Response Education and Training Program, which is funded at \$19.2 million in SB 2500.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

The bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 282.0051, 282.00515, 446.021, 446.032, 446.045, 446.052, 446.081, 446.091, 446.092, 1001.20, 1001.43, 1001.7065, 1003.42, 1004.085, 1004.92, 1006.735, 1009.22, 1009.23, 1009.24, 1009.893, 1011.62, 1011.71, 1012.34, 1012.3401, 1012.39, 1012.71, and 1012.75.

The bill creates the following sections of the Florida Statute: 282.0052, 1004.084, 1011.802, and 1012.731.

The bill creates undesignated sections of law.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

Recommended CS/CS by Appropriations Subcommittee on Education on April 8, 2015:

The committee substitute:

- Renames the Florida National Merit Scholarship Incentive Program as the Benacquisto Scholarship Program.
- Clarifies that annual license fees, maintenance fees, and lease agreements for enterprise resource software are allowable uses of local capital improvement funds.
- Provides audit protection for teachers under the Florida Teacher Classroom Supply Assistance Program by requiring teachers to provide the school district with receipts for the expenditure of the funds.
- Authorizes a district school board to adopt policies for standard student attire.
- Requires the Department of Education (DOE) to administer an educator liability insurance program.
- Requires public school instruction on the events surrounding the terrorist attacks occurring on September 11, 2001, and the impact of those events on the nation.
- Provides an exemption for the performance of students with excessive absences from counting against a teacher's performance evaluation.
- Requires the Agency for State Technology (AST), or contracted entity, to:
 - Consult with the DOE to identify information technology architectural standards for the successful implementation of digital classrooms.
 - Perform annual assessment of state and school district digital classrooms plans.
 - Provide prospective planning guidance and technical assistance to the DOE, school districts, and public schools.
 - Provide technology infrastructure implementation reports and recommendations to the Legislature, Governor; and the Commissioner of Education regarding the implementation of digital classrooms and status of technology infrastructure.
 - Establish information technology architecture standards for purposes of implementing digital classrooms, including but not limited to, device recommendations, security requirements, connectivity requirements, and browser expectations.
 - Collaborate with the DOE and the Department of Management Services (DMS) to identify state term contract procurement and shared services options for school districts.
 - Include, in the annual assessment of DOE, the status of statewide implementation of digital classrooms and recommendations for improving cost efficiencies.
- Requires the DOE to:

- Consult with the AST to incorporate the minimum information technology architecture standards into the state strategic plan.
- Facilitate school district access to state term contract and shared service options and consult with the AST to establish uniform definitions and create digital readiness scorecard to facilitate implementation of digital classrooms.
- Implement online, web-based portal for submission of digital classroom plans.
- \circ Highlight student performance goals and outcomes in its annual report.
- Contract with independent auditing entity to make recommendations to remediate technology infrastructure issues associated with the administration of 2014-15 online assessments.
- Clarifies the responsibilities of the DOE regarding collaboration with the Department of Economic Opportunity (DEO) to identify, develop, and register apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs.
- Clarifies that the annual accountability report must include regional information related to program usage, student demographics and performance outcomes, and program requirements for existing and new programs.
- Requires the DOE to collaborate with CareerSource Florida, Inc., in addition to the DEO, to prepare an operational report which must <u>also</u> include:
 - A summary of activities and coordination between the DOE and the DEO to identify, develop, register, and administer apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs over the last 5 years.
 - Recommendations to maximize resources of the DOE and the DEO to gain efficiencies in program development, administration, and funding.
 - An evaluation of the feasibility of linking the DOE's information on apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs with the DEO and CareerSource Florida, Inc. workforce information system.
- Establishes the Florida Apprenticeship Grant Program to provide competitive grants to career centers, charter technical career centers and Florida College System (FCS) institutions for the purpose of expanding existing programs and establishing new apprenticeship programs.
- Requires the Board of Governors of the State University System of Florida (BOG) and the State Board of Education (SBE) to identify strategies and initiatives to maintain college affordability for all Floridians and annually report on the boards' college affordability efforts to the Governor, President of the Senate, and Speaker of the House of Representatives.
- Modifies current law regarding a postsecondary educational institution's responsibility to post textbook information online by requiring each FCS institution and state university to prominently post on the institution's website for course registration, a hyperlink to lists of required and recommended textbooks and instructional materials for at least 90 percent of the courses and course sections offered by the institution. The bill also changes the deadline for posting the textbook information online from at least 30 days before the first day of class for each term to at least 14 days before the first day of student registration for each term.
- Specifies modifications to postsecondary educational institutions' policies and procedures for instructional materials.

- Specifies reporting requirements for FCS institutions; state universities; president of a college or university, or his or her designee; Chancellor of the Florida College System, and the Chancellor for the State University System regarding college affordability efforts, and textbooks and instructional materials costs and selection process.
- Establishes caps for tuition and out-of-state workforce education fees, FCS institution fees, and state university tuition per credit hour.
- Requires the FCS institutions and state universities to notify students and the public about any institutional boards of trustees meeting regarding votes on proposed increases in tuition and fees; and provides specifications and timelines for such notifications.

CS by Higher Education on March 23, 2015:

The committee substitute makes the following substantial changes to the bill:

Apprenticeships

Maintains the substance of the provisions of the bill relating to apprenticeships, except that a nationally recognized industry certification is added to the criteria indicating a journeyworker's or apprentice's skills, abilities, and competencies required for an occupation.

Florida Education Finance Program Funding

Includes FEFP funding provisions that:

- Expand the requirement that an additional hour of intensive reading instruction be provided for the 300 lowest-performing elementary schools.
- Authorize performance funding for a career and professional education (CAPE) industry certification earned through a dual enrollment course.
- Add tiers for and raise the cap on CAPE bonus funding that teachers may earn for instructing students who attain industry certifications.
- Increase the discretionary millage compression supplement.
- Modify the formula for calculating the K-12 sparsity supplement.
- Modify the formula for calculating the virtual education contribution.
- Create supplemental funding for students connected with federally owned military installations, National Aeronautics and Space Administration property, and Indian lands.

Preeminent State Research University Designation

Adds provisions requiring participation in the National Merit Scholarship Program for designation as a preeminent state research university or as a preeminent state research university institute for online learning.

Postsecondary Performance-Based Funding

Adds undesignated sections of law that establish State University System and Florida College System Performance-Based Incentive funding models based on metrics adopted by the Board of Governors and the State Board of Education ("State Board"), respectively, which include, but are not limited to, metrics that measure:

- Graduation and retention rates;
- Degree production;
- Affordability;
- Postgraduation employment, salaries, or continued education;
- Student loan default rates; and
- Access.

Florida Best and Brightest Teacher Scholarship Program

Adds a new section creating the Florida Best and Brightest Teacher Scholarship Program ("Scholarship Program") to award teachers who demonstrate a high level of academic achievement; authorizing funding for the Scholarship Program; and requiring the State Board to adopt rules relating to reports, eligibility criteria for scholarship recipients, and distribution of scholarship funds.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

House

Florida Senate - 2015 Bill No. CS for SB 948

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LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate Comm: RCS 04/10/2015

Appropriations Subcommittee on Education (Gaetz) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Subsections (2), (7), and (10) of section 282.0051, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

282.0051 Agency for State Technology; powers, duties, and functions.—The Agency for State Technology shall have the following powers, duties, and functions:

(2) Establish and publish information technology

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11 architecture standards that: 12 (a) to Provide for the most efficient use of the state's 13 information technology resources and that to ensure 14 compatibility and alignment with the needs of state agencies. 15 The agency shall assist state agencies in complying with the 16 standards. 17 (b) Address for purposes of implementing digital classrooms 18 under s. 1011.62(12) issues that include, but are not limited to, device recommendations, security requirements, connectivity 19 20 requirements, and browser expectations. Such standards must be 21 published by December 1, 2015. 22 (7) (a) Participate with the Department of Management 23 Services in evaluating, conducting, and negotiating competitive 24 solicitations for state term contracts for information 25 technology commodities, consultant services, or staff 26 augmentation contractual services pursuant to s. 287.0591. 27 (b) Collaborate with the Department of Management Services 28 in information technology resource acquisition planning. 29 (c) Collaborate with the Department of Education and the 30 Department of Management Services to identify: 31 1. State term contract procurement options that are 32 available to school districts which provide information 33 technology commodities, consultant services, or staff 34 augmentation contractual services that support the information 35 technology architecture standards applicable to digital 36 classrooms. 37 2. Shared services available to school districts through 38 the State Data Center to facilitate the implementation of school 39 district digital classrooms plans.



40 (10) (a) Beginning July 1, 2016, and annually thereafter, 41 conduct annual assessments of state agencies to determine compliance with all information technology standards and 42 43 quidelines developed and published by the agency, and beginning December 1, 2016, and annually thereafter, provide results of 44 45 the assessments to the Executive Office of the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of 46 47 Representatives. 48 (b) Include in the annual assessment of the Department of 49 Education under paragraph (a), the status of statewide 50 implementation of digital classrooms and each school district's 51 status of compliance with the information technology 52 architecture standards identified under paragraph (2)(b), 53 planning guidance to address identified gaps, and 54 recommendations for improving cost efficiencies pursuant to s. 55 282.0052. 56 Section 2. Section 282.00515, Florida Statutes, is amended 57 to read: 58 282.00515 Duties of Cabinet agencies.-The Department of 59 Legal Affairs, the Department of Financial Services, and the 60 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall adopt the standards established in s. 282.0051(2)(a) s. 282.0051(2), (3), 61 62 and (8) or adopt alternative standards based on best practices and industry standards, and may contract with the Agency for 63 64 State Technology to provide or perform any of the services and 65 functions described in s. 282.0051 for the Department of Legal 66 Affairs, the Department of Financial Services, or the Department

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of Agriculture and Consumer Services.

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70	Section 3. Section 282.0052, Florida Statutes, is created
71	to read:
72	282.0052 Digital classrooms information technology
73	architecture standards
74	(1) Beginning July 1, 2015, the Agency for State
75	Technology, or an independent third-party professional
76	organization that the agency contracts with, shall:
77	(a) Consult with the Department of Education to identify
78	information technology architecture standards pursuant to s.
79	282.0051 for the successful implementation of digital
80	classrooms, pursuant to s. 1011.62(12), in public schools within
81	the state beginning in the 2016-2017 school year. Such standards
82	must include, but are not limited to, device recommendations,
83	security requirements, connectivity requirements, and browser
84	expectations.
85	(b) Perform an annual assessment of the state 5-year
86	strategic plan developed pursuant to s. 1001.20 and school
87	district digital classrooms plan adopted pursuant to s.
88	1011.62(12) to determine the digital readiness of school
89	districts and their compliance with the information technology
90	architecture standards identified under paragraph (a). The
91	digital readiness of school districts must be assessed using the
92	digital readiness scorecard established under s. 1001.20(4)(a).
93	(c) Provide prospective planning guidance and technical
94	assistance to the Department of Education, school districts, and
95	public schools regarding identified gaps in technology
96	infrastructure and recommended improvements to meet the
97	information technology architecture standards identified under

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98	paragraph (a).
99	(d) Summarize and report, by May 1, 2016, for the 2015-2016
100	school year, and by December 1 for each school year thereafter,
101	to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of
102	the House of Representatives:
103	1. The status of technology infrastructure of school
104	districts and public schools within the state.
105	2. Recommendations for improving cost efficiencies and
106	maximizing investments in technology by the state and school
107	districts to establish digital classrooms.
108	(2) For the 2015-2016 school year, the Agency for State
109	Technology must provide the status of technology infrastructure
110	information regarding implementation of digital classrooms
111	statewide and by each school district to the Commissioner of
112	Education by April 1, 2016. For each school year thereafter, the
113	status of technology infrastructure information must be provided
114	to the commissioner by November 1 of each year.
115	(3) For the 2015-2016 school year, the Department of
116	Education must provide to each school district the status of the
117	statewide implementation of digital classrooms and the school
118	district's status regarding compliance with the information
119	technology architecture standards identified under paragraph
120	(1)(a) by June 1, 2016. For each school year thereafter, the
121	Department of Education must notify a school district regarding
122	compliance with the information technology architecture
123	standards by January 1 of each year. In addition, the Department
124	of Education must provide planning guidance to address
125	identified gaps and recommendations for improving cost
126	efficiencies in accordance with subsection (1) to each school

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127 district. If the annual assessment indicates that a school district is not in compliance with the information technology 128 129 architecture standards identified under paragraph (1)(a), the 130 school district must, within 60 days from the date of receipt of 131 such notification from the Department of Education become 132 compliant; obtain an exemption to waive compliance from the 133 Department of Education; or procure services through the agency 134 or the Department of Management Services to achieve compliance.

Section 4. Subsections (2), (4), (5), (6), and (9) of section 446.021, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

446.021 Definitions of terms used in ss. 446.011-446.092.-As used in ss. 446.011-446.092, the term:

139 (2) "Apprentice" means a person at least 16 years of age 140 who is engaged in learning a recognized skilled trade through 141 actual work experience under the supervision of journeyworker 142 journeymen craftsmen, which training should be combined with 143 properly coordinated studies of related technical and 144 supplementary subjects, and who has entered into a written 145 agreement, which may be cited as an apprentice agreement, with a 146 registered apprenticeship sponsor who may be either an employer, 147 an association of employers, or a local joint apprenticeship 148 committee.

(4) <u>"Journeyworker"</u> <u>"Journeyman"</u> means <u>a worker who has</u>
attained certain skills, abilities, and competencies and who is
recognized within an industry as having mastered the skills and
competencies required for the occupation, including, but not
limited to, attainment of a nationally recognized industry
certification. The term includes a mentor, technician,
specialist, or other skilled worker who has documented

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156 sufficient skills and knowledge of an occupation, through formal apprenticeship, attainment of a nationally recognized industry 157 158 certification, or through practical, on-the-job experience or 159 formal training a person working in an apprenticeable occupation 160 who has successfully completed a registered apprenticeship 161 program or who has worked the number of years required by 162 established industry practices for the particular trade or 163 occupation.

(5) "Preapprenticeship program" means an organized course of instruction, including, but not limited to, industry certifications identified under s. 1008.44, in the public school system or elsewhere, which course is designed to prepare a person 16 years of age or older to become an apprentice and which course is approved by and registered with the department and sponsored by a registered apprenticeship program.

(6) "Apprenticeship program" means an organized course of instruction, including, but not limited to, industry certifications identified under s. 1008.44, registered and approved by the department, which course shall contain all terms and conditions for the qualifications, recruitment, selection, employment, and training of apprentices including such matters as the requirements for a written apprenticeship agreement.

(9) "Related instruction" means an organized and systematic form of instruction designed to provide the apprentice with knowledge of the theoretical <u>and technical</u> subjects related to a specific trade or occupation. <u>Such instruction may be given in a</u> classroom, through occupational or industrial courses, or by correspondence courses of equivalent value, including electronic media or other forms of self-study instruction approved by the



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186 Section 5. Section 446.032, Florida Statutes, is amended to 187 read:

446.032 General duties of the department for apprenticeship training.-The department shall:

190 (1) Establish uniform minimum standards and policies 191 governing apprentice programs and agreements. The standards and 192 policies shall govern the terms and conditions of the apprentice's employment and training, including the quality 193 194 training of the apprentice for, but not limited to, such matters as ratios of apprentices to journeyworkers journeymen, safety, 195 196 related instruction, and on-the-job training; but these 197 standards and policies may not include rules, standards, or 198 guidelines that require the use of apprentices and job trainees 199 on state, county, or municipal contracts. The department may 200 adopt rules necessary to administer the standards and policies.

(2) Establish procedures to be used by the State Apprenticeship Advisory Council.

(3) Collaborate with the Department of Economic Opportunity to identify, develop, and register apprenticeship programs that are aligned with statewide demand for a skilled labor force in high-demand occupations and with regional workforce needs. Beginning in the 2015-2016 fiscal year, the department shall annually, by December 31, submit an accountability report, which must include information related to program usage, student demographics and performance outcomes, and program requirements for the existing apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs and the development of new programs. The report must include regional information about program and student performance

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214	outcomes. The report must be submitted to the Governor, the
215	President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of
216	Representatives, and the Higher Education Coordinating Council.
217	(4) Post on its Internet website information regarding
218	apprenticeship programs, which must, at a minimum, include:
219	(a) Program admission requirements;
220	(b) Program standards and training requirements; and
221	(c) A summary of program and student performance outcomes.
222	Section 6. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section
223	446.045, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
224	446.045 State Apprenticeship Advisory Council
225	(2)
226	(b) The Commissioner of Education or the commissioner's
227	designee shall serve ex officio as chair of the State
228	Apprenticeship Advisory Council, but may not vote. The state
229	director of the Office of Apprenticeship of the United States
230	Department of Labor shall serve ex officio as a nonvoting member
231	of the council. The Governor shall appoint to the council four
232	members representing employee organizations and four members
233	representing employer organizations. Each of these eight members
234	shall represent industries that have registered apprenticeship
235	programs. The Governor shall also appoint two public members who
236	are knowledgeable about registered apprenticeship and
237	apprenticeable occupations, who are independent of any joint or
238	nonjoint organization one of whom shall be recommended by joint
239	organizations, and one of whom shall be recommended by nonjoint
240	organizations. Members shall be appointed for 4-year staggered
241	terms. A vacancy shall be filled for the remainder of the
242	unexpired term.
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243	Section 7. Subsections (5) and (6) are added to section
244	446.052, Florida Statutes, to read:
245	446.052 Preapprenticeship program.—
246	(5) The department shall collaborate with the Department of
247	Economic Opportunity to identify, develop, and register
248	preapprenticeship programs that are aligned with statewide
249	demand for a skilled labor force in high-demand occupations and
250	with regional workforce needs. Beginning in the 2015-2016 fiscal
251	year, the department shall annually, by December 31, submit an
252	accountability report, which must include information related to
253	program usage, student demographics and performance outcomes,
254	and program requirements for the existing apprenticeship and
255	preapprenticeship programs and the development of new programs.
256	The report must include regional information about program and
257	student performance outcomes. The report must be submitted to
258	the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the
259	House of Representatives, and the Higher Education Coordinating
260	Council.
261	(6) The department shall post on its Internet website
262	information regarding preapprenticeship programs, which must, at
263	a minimum, include:
264	(a) Program admission requirements;
265	(b) Program standards and training requirements; and
266	(c) A summary of program and student performance outcomes.
267	Section 8. Preapprenticeship and apprenticeship operational
268	report(1) By December 31, 2015, the Department of Education,
269	in collaboration with the Department of Economic Opportunity and
270	CareerSource Florida, Inc., shall submit an operational report
271	to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the

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272	House of Representatives, and the Higher Education Coordinating
273	Council providing:
274	(a) A summary of the activities and coordination between
275	the two agencies to identify, develop, register, and administer
276	preapprenticeship and apprenticeship programs over the last 5
277	years.
278	(b) The strategies employed by the two agencies to engage
279	school districts, Florida College System institutions, technical
280	centers, businesses, and other stakeholders as partners in the
281	workforce system to expand employment opportunities for
282	individuals, including, but not limited to, those individuals
283	with unique abilities, which must include work-based learning
284	experiences, such as preapprenticeships and apprenticeships.
285	(c) Recommendations to maximize the resources of the two
286	agencies to gain efficiency in program development,
287	administration, and funding and make program governance changes
288	to improve the delivery and management of preapprenticeship and
289	apprenticeship programs based on workforce demands. These
290	recommendations must take into account federal resources and
291	must include any necessary or suggested changes to the programs
292	ensuing from implementation of the Workforce Innovation and
293	Opportunity Act of 2014 and related regulations.
294	(d) Recommendations and strategies for the two agencies to
295	communicate effectively with employers in this state and ensure
296	that employers have access to information and consultative
297	services, at no cost to the employers, regarding sponsorship of
298	demand-driven, registered preapprenticeship and apprenticeship
299	programs and information about the availability of program
300	students for employment.

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301	(e) An evaluation of the feasibility of linking or
302	incorporating, and of the resources necessary to link or
303	incorporate, the Department of Education's website information
304	on preapprenticeship and apprenticeship programs with the
305	Department of Economic Opportunity and CareerSource Florida,
306	Inc., workforce information system required under chapter 445,
307	Florida Statutes.
308	(2) This section expires on July 1, 2016.
309	Section 9. Subsection (4) is added to section 446.081,
310	Florida Statutes, to read:
311	446.081 Limitation
312	(4) Nothing in ss. 446.011-446.092 or the implementing
313	rules in these sections shall operate to invalidate any special
314	provision for veterans, minority persons, or women in the
315	standards, qualifications, or operation of the apprenticeship
316	program or in the apprenticeship agreement which is not
317	otherwise prohibited by law, executive order, or authorized
318	regulation.
319	Section 10. Section 446.091, Florida Statutes, is amended
320	to read:
321	446.091 On-the-job training program.—All provisions of ss.
322	446.011-446.092 relating to apprenticeship and
323	preapprenticeship, including, but not limited to, programs,
324	agreements, standards, administration, procedures, definitions,
325	expenditures, local committees, powers and duties, limitations,
326	grievances, and ratios of apprentices and job trainees to
327	journeyworkers journeymen on state, county, and municipal
328	contracts, shall be appropriately adapted and made applicable to
329	a program of on-the-job training authorized under those



330	provisions for persons other than apprentices.
331	Section 11. Section 446.092, Florida Statutes, is amended
332	to read:
333	446.092 Criteria for apprenticeship occupations.—An
334	apprenticeable occupation is a skilled trade which possesses all
335	of the following characteristics:
336	(1) It is customarily learned in a practical way through a
337	structured, systematic program of on-the-job, supervised
338	training.
339	(2) It is <u>clearly identified and</u> commonly recognized
340	throughout <u>an</u> the industry, and may be associated with a
341	nationally recognized industry certification or recognized with
342	a positive view towards changing technology.
343	(3) It involves manual, mechanical, or technical skills and
344	knowledge which, in accordance with the industry standard for
345	the occupation, requires require a minimum of 2,000 hours of on-
346	the-job work and training, which hours are excluded from the
347	time spent at related instruction.
348	(4) It requires related instruction to supplement on-the-
349	job training. Such instruction may be given in a classroom <u>,</u>
350	through occupational or industrial courses, or through
351	correspondence courses of equivalent value, including electronic
352	media or other forms of self-study instruction approved by the
353	department.
354	(5) It involves the development of skill sufficiently broad
355	to be applicable in like occupations throughout an industry,
356	rather than of restricted application to the products or
357	services of any one company.
358	(6) It does not fall into any of the following categories:

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359	(a) Selling, retailing, or similar occupations in the
360	distributive field.
361	(b) Managerial occupations.
362	(c) Professional and scientific vocations for which
363	entrance requirements customarily require an academic degree.
364	Section 12. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section
365	1001.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
366	1001.20 Department under direction of state board
367	(4) The Department of Education shall establish the
368	following offices within the Office of the Commissioner of
369	Education which shall coordinate their activities with all other
370	divisions and offices:
371	(a) Office of Technology and Information Services
372	1. Responsible for developing a 5-year strategic plan <u>, in</u>
373	consultation with the Agency for State Technology, to
374	incorporate the minimum information technology architecture
375	standards for the successful implementation of digital
376	classrooms to improve student performance outcomes under s.
377	1011.62(12) for establishing Florida digital classrooms by
378	October 1, 2014, and annually updating the plan by January 1
379	each year thereafter. The Florida digital classrooms plan shall
380	be provided to each school district and published on the
381	department's website. The plan must:
382	a. Describe how technology will be integrated into
383	classroom teaching and learning to assist the state in improving
384	student performance outcomes and enable all students in Florida
385	to be digital learners with access to digital tools and
386	resources.
387	b. Identify minimum <u>information</u> technology <u>architecture</u>

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388 standards requirements, which that include specifications for 389 hardware, software, devices, networking, security, and bandwidth capacity and guidelines for the ratio of students per device. 390 391 The Office of Technology and Information Services shall consult 392 with the Agency for State Technology in identifying minimum 393 information technology architecture standards.

394 c. Establish minimum requirements for professional 395 development opportunities and training to assist district 396 instructional personnel and staff with the integration of 397 technology into classroom teaching.

d. Identify the types of digital tools and resources that can assist district instructional personnel and staff in the management, assessment, and monitoring of student learning and performance.

2. Responsible for making budget recommendations to the commissioner, providing data collection and management for the system, assisting school districts in securing Internet access and telecommunications services, including those eligible for funding under the Schools and Libraries Program of the federal Universal Service Fund, and coordinating services with other state, local, and private agencies.

409 3. Responsible for coordinating with the Agency for State Technology to facilitate school districts' access to state term 411 contract procurement options and shared services pursuant to s. 412 282.0051(7)(c).

413 4. Responsible for consulting with the Agency for State 414 Technology to establish uniform definitions of information 415 technology architecture components which must be incorporated 416 into the department's 5-year strategic plan. The uniform

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417 definitions must be incorporated by each charter school that 418 seeks Florida digital classrooms allocation funds and by each district school board in the technology information annually 419 420 submitted to the department which includes, but is not limited 421 to, digital classroom plans and technology resources inventory. 422 5. Responsible for consulting with the Agency for State 423 Technology to create a digital readiness scorecard to compare 424 the digital readiness of school districts within the state. The 425 scorecard must use the uniform definitions identified under this

426 section and information technology architecture standards 427 identified under s. 282.0052(1)(a). At a minimum, the scorecard 428 must include the student-to-device ratio, the percentage of 429 schools within each district that meet bandwidth standards, the 430 percentage of classrooms within each district that meet wireless 431 standards, the refresh rate of devices, network capacity, 432 information storage capacity, and information security services. 433 Section 13. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section

434 1001.43, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1001.43 Supplemental powers and duties of district school board.-The district school board may exercise the following supplemental powers and duties as authorized by this code or State Board of Education rule.

(1) STUDENT MANAGEMENT.—The district school board may adopt programs and policies to ensure the safety and welfare of individuals, the student body, and school personnel, which programs and policies may:

(b) Require that the attire uniforms to be worn by the
student body conform to a standard student attire policy that
prohibits certain types or styles of clothing and requires solid

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446	colored clothing and fabrics for pants, skirts, shorts, or
447	similar clothing and short or long sleeved shirts with collars.
448	The policy may authorize a small logo but may not authorize a
449	motto or slogan. The purpose of a standard student attire policy
450	is to provide a safe environment that fosters learning and
451	improves school safety and discipline by:
452	1. Encouraging students to express their individuality
453	through personality and academic achievements, rather than
454	outward appearance.
455	2. Enabling students to focus on academics, rather than
456	fashion, because they are able to project a neat, serious, and
457	studious image.
458	3. Minimizing disciplinary problems because students are
459	not distracted by clothing.
460	4. Reducing the time needed to correct dress code
461	violations through a readily available inventory of compliant
462	attire.
463	5. Minimizing visible differences and eliminating social
464	pressures to wear brand name clothing or "gang colors," thereby
465	easing financial pressures on parents and enhancing school
466	safety.
467	6. Creating a sense of school pride and belonging.
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469	A district school board may implement a standard student attire
470	policy as part of an overall program to foster and promote
471	desirable school operating conditions and a safe and supportive
472	educational environment. A standard student attire policy must
473	allow a parent to opt his or her student out of the policy for
474	religious purposes or by reason of a disability. A district

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475 school board that implements a districtwide standard student 476 attire policy for all students in at least kindergarten through eighth grade is immune from civil liability resulting from 477 478 adoption of the policy in accordance with this paragraph, or 479 impose other dress-related requirements, if the district school 480 board finds that those requirements are necessary for the safety 481 or welfare of the student body or school personnel. However, 482 Students may wear sunglasses, hats, or other sun-protective wear while outdoors during school hours, such as when students are at 483 484 recess.

Section 14. Subsections (3) and (4) of section 1001.7065, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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1001.7065 Preeminent state research universities program.-

(3) PREEMINENT STATE RESEARCH UNIVERSITY DESIGNATION.-The 489 Board of Governors shall designate each state research 490 university that meets at least 11 of the 12 academic and 491 research excellence standards identified in subsection (2) and 492 that enters into and maintains a formal agreement with the 493 National Merit Scholarship Corporation to offer college-494 sponsored merit scholarship awards a preeminent state research 495 university.

496 (4) PREEMINENT STATE RESEARCH UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE FOR 497 ONLINE LEARNING .- A state research university that, as of July 1, 498 2013, met meets all 12 of the academic and research excellence 499 standards identified in subsection (2), as verified by the Board 500 of Governors, shall establish an institute for online learning. 501 Continuation of the institute for online learning is contingent 502 upon a state research university entering into and maintaining a 503 formal agreement with the National Merit Scholarship Corporation

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504 to offer college-sponsored merit scholarship awards. The 505 institute shall establish a robust offering of high-quality, 506 fully online baccalaureate degree programs at an affordable cost 507 in accordance with this subsection. 508 (a) By August 1, 2013, the Board of Governors shall convene 509 an advisory board to support the development of high-quality, 510 fully online baccalaureate degree programs at the university. 511 (b) The advisory board shall: 512 1. Offer expert advice, as requested by the university, in 513 the development and implementation of a business plan to expand 514 the offering of high-quality, fully online baccalaureate degree 515 programs. 516 2. Advise the Board of Governors on the release of funding 517 to the university upon approval by the Board of Governors of the 518 plan developed by the university. 519 3. Monitor, evaluate, and report on the implementation of 520 the plan to the Board of Governors, the Governor, the President 521 of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. 522 (c) The advisory board shall be composed of the following 523 five members: 524 1. The chair of the Board of Governors or the chair's 525 permanent designee. 526 2. A member with expertise in online learning, appointed by the Board of Governors. 527 528 3. A member with expertise in global marketing, appointed 529 by the Governor. 530 4. A member with expertise in cloud virtualization, appointed by the President of the Senate. 531 532 5. A member with expertise in disruptive innovation,

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533 appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives. 534 (d) The president of the university shall be consulted on 535 the advisory board member appointments. 536 (e) A majority of the advisory board shall constitute a 537 quorum, elect the chair, and appoint an executive director. 538 (f) By September 1, 2013, the university shall submit to 539 the advisory board a comprehensive plan to expand high-quality, 540 fully online baccalaureate degree program offerings. The plan 541 shall include: 542 1. Existing on-campus general education courses and 543 baccalaureate degree programs that will be offered online. 544 2. New courses that will be developed and offered online. 545 3. Support services that will be offered to students 546 enrolled in online baccalaureate degree programs. 547 4. A tuition and fee structure that meets the requirements 548 in paragraph (k) for online courses, baccalaureate degree 549 programs, and student support services. 550 5. A timeline for offering, marketing, and enrolling 551 students in the online baccalaureate degree programs. 552 6. A budget for developing and marketing the online 553 baccalaureate degree programs. 554 7. Detailed strategies for ensuring the success of students 555 and the sustainability of the online baccalaureate degree 556 programs.

558 Upon recommendation of the plan by the advisory board and 559 approval by the Board of Governors, the Board of Governors shall 560 award the university \$10 million in nonrecurring funds and \$5 561 million in recurring funds for fiscal year 2013-2014 and \$5

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562 million annually thereafter, subject to appropriation in the 563 General Appropriations Act.

(g) Beginning in January 2014, the university shall offer high-quality, fully online baccalaureate degree programs that:

1. Accept full-time, first-time-in-college students.

2. Have the same rigorous admissions criteria as equivalent on-campus degree programs.

569 3. Offer curriculum of equivalent rigor to on-campus degree 570 programs.

4. Offer rolling enrollment or multiple opportunities for enrollment throughout the year.

573 5. Do not require any on-campus courses. However, for 574 courses or programs that require clinical training or 575 laboratories that cannot be delivered online, the university 576 shall offer convenient locational options to the student, which 577 may include, but are not limited to, the option to complete such 578 requirements at a summer-in-residence on the university campus. 579 The university may provide a network of sites at convenient 580 locations and contract with commercial testing centers or 581 identify other secure testing services for the purpose of 582 proctoring assessments or testing.

6. Apply the university's existing policy for accepting credits for both freshman applicants and transfer applicants.

585 (h) The university may offer a fully online Master's in 586 Business Administration degree program and other master's degree 587 programs.

(i) The university may develop and offer degree programs
and courses that are competency based as appropriate for the
quality and success of the program.

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591 (j) The university shall periodically expand its offering 592 of online baccalaureate degree programs to meet student and 593 market demands.

(k) The university shall establish a tuition structure for its online institute in accordance with this paragraph, notwithstanding any other provision of law.

597 1. For students classified as residents for tuition 598 purposes, tuition for an online baccalaureate degree program 599 shall be set at no more than 75 percent of the tuition rate as 600 specified in the General Appropriations Act pursuant to s. 601 1009.24(4) and 75 percent of the tuition differential pursuant 602 to s. 1009.24(16). No distance learning fee, fee for campus 603 facilities, or fee for on-campus services may be assessed, 604 except that online students shall pay the university's 605 technology fee, financial aid fee, and Capital Improvement Trust 606 Fund fee. The revenues generated from the Capital Improvement 607 Trust Fund fee shall be dedicated to the university's institute 608 for online learning.

609 2. For students classified as nonresidents for tuition
610 purposes, tuition may be set at market rates in accordance with
611 the business plan.

612 3. Tuition for an online degree program shall include all 613 costs associated with instruction, materials, and enrollment, 614 excluding costs associated with the provision of textbooks <u>and</u> 615 <u>instructional materials</u> pursuant to s. 1004.085 and physical 616 laboratory supplies.

617 4. Subject to the limitations in subparagraph 1., tuition
618 may be differentiated by degree program as appropriate to the
619 instructional and other costs of the program in accordance with

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620 the business plan. Pricing must incorporate innovative 621 approaches that incentivize persistence and completion, 622 including, but not limited to, a fee for assessment, a bundled 623 or all-inclusive rate, and sliding scale features.

5. The university must accept advance payment contracts and 625 student financial aid.

626 6. Fifty percent of the net revenues generated from the 627 online institute of the university shall be used to enhance and 62.8 enrich the online institute offerings, and 50 percent of the net 629 revenues generated from the online institute shall be used to 630 enhance and enrich the university's campus state-of-the-art 631 research programs and facilities.

7. The institute may charge additional local user fees pursuant to s. 1009.24(14) upon the approval of the Board of Governors.

635 8. The institute shall submit a proposal to the president 636 of the university authorizing additional user fees for the 637 provision of voluntary student participation in activities and additional student services. 638

Section 15. Paragraph (u) is added to subsection (2) of section 1003.42, Florida Statutes, to read:

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1003.42 Required instruction.-

642 (2) Members of the instructional staff of the public 643 schools, subject to the rules of the State Board of Education 644 and the district school board, shall teach efficiently and 645 faithfully, using the books and materials required that meet the 646 highest standards for professionalism and historic accuracy, 647 following the prescribed courses of study, and employing approved methods of instruction, the following: 648

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(u) The events surrounding the terrorist attacks occurring
on September 11, 2001, and the impact of those events on the
nation. This paragraph may be cited as the "Representative Clay
Ford, Jr., Memorial Act."
The State Board of Education is encouraged to adopt standards
and pursue assessment of the requirements of this subsection.
Section 16. Section 1004.084, Florida Statutes, is created
to read:
1004.084 College affordabilityThe Board of Governors and
State Board of Education shall continue to identify strategies
and initiatives to further ensure college affordability for all
Floridians.
(1) Specific strategies and initiatives to reduce the cost
of higher education must include, at a minimum, consideration of
the following:
(a) The impact of tuition and fee increases at state
colleges and universities, including graduate, professional,
medical, and law schools.
(b) The total cost of fees to a student and family at a
state university or a state college, including orientation fees.
(c) The cost of textbooks and instructional materials for
all students. The Board of Governors and State Board of
Education shall use the information provided pursuant to s.
1004.085(5) and (6) and consult with students, faculty,
bookstores, and publishers, to determine the best methods to
reduce costs and must, at a minimum, consider the following:
1. Any existing Florida College System or State University
System initiatives to reduce the cost of textbooks and

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678	instructional materials.
679	2. Purchasing e-textbooks in bulk.
680	3. Expanding the use of open-access textbooks and
681	instructional materials.
682	4. The rental options for textbook and instructional
683	
	<u>materials.</u>
684	5. Increasing the availability and use of affordable
685	digital textbooks and learning objects for faculty and students.
686	6. Supporting efficient used book sales, buy-back sales,
687	and student-to-student sales.
688	7. Developing online portals at each institution to assist
689	students in buying, renting, selling, and sharing textbooks and
690	instructional materials.
691	8. The feasibility of expanding and enhancing digital
692	access platforms that are used by campus stores to help students
693	acquire the correct and least expensive required course
694	materials.
695	9. The cost to school districts of instructional materials
696	for dual enrollment students.
697	(2) By December 31, 2015, and annually thereafter, the
698	Board of Governors and State Board of Education shall submit a
699	report on their respective college affordability efforts, which
700	must include recommendations, to the Governor, the President of
701	the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.
702	Section 17. Section 1004.085, Florida Statutes, is amended
703	to read:
704	1004.085 Textbook and instructional materials
705	affordability
706	(1) As used in this section, the term "instructional
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707 materials" means educational materials, in printed or digital
708 format, which are required or recommended for use within a
709 course.

710 <u>(2) (1) An No employee of a Florida College System</u> 711 institution or <u>a</u> state university may <u>not</u> demand or receive any 712 payment, loan, subscription, advance, deposit of money, service, 713 or anything of value, present or promised, in exchange for 714 requiring students to purchase a specific textbook <u>or</u> 715 <u>instructional material</u> for coursework or instruction.

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(3) (2) An employee may receive:

(a) Sample copies, instructor copies, or instructional materials. These materials may not be sold for any type of compensation if they are specifically marked as free samples not for resale.

(b) Royalties or other compensation from sales of textbooks or instructional materials that include the instructor's own writing or work.

(c) Honoraria for academic peer review of course materials.

(d) Fees associated with activities such as reviewing, critiquing, or preparing support materials for textbooks <u>or</u> <u>instructional materials</u> pursuant to guidelines adopted by the State Board of Education or the Board of Governors.

729 (e) Training in the use of course materials and learning730 technologies.

731 <u>(4) (3) Each</u> Florida College System <u>institution</u> institutions 732 and state <u>university</u> universities shall <u>prominently</u> post <u>in the</u> 733 <u>course registration system and on its website</u> on their websites, 734 as early as is feasible, but <u>at least 14</u> not less than 30 days 735 <u>before prior to</u> the first day of <u>student registration</u> class for

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736 each term, a <u>hyperlink to lists</u> list of each textbook required 737 and recommended textbooks and instructional materials for <u>at</u> 738 least 90 percent of the courses and course sections each course 739 offered at the institution during the upcoming term.

(a) These lists The posted list must include:

<u>1.</u> The International Standard Book Number (ISBN) for each required and recommended textbook and instructional materials.

2. For a textbook or instructional materials for which an <u>ISBN is not available</u>, textbook or other identifying information, which must include, at a minimum, all of the following: the title, all authors listed, publishers, edition number, copyright date, published date, and other relevant information necessary to identify the specific textbook or <u>instructional materials</u> textbooks required <u>and recommended</u> for each course.

3. The new and used retail price and the rental price, if applicable, for a required or recommended textbook or instructional materials for purchase at the institution's designated bookstore or other specified vendor, including the website or other contact information for the bookstore.

(b) The State Board of Education and the Board of Governors shall include in the policies, procedures, and guidelines adopted under subsection (5) (4) certain limited exceptions to this notification requirement for courses classes added after the notification deadline.

761 (c) An institution that is unable to comply with this 762 subsection by the 2015 fall semester must provide the 763 information required by this subsection to students, in a format 764 determined by the institution, at least 60 days before the first

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765 <u>day of classes. The institution must also submit a quarterly</u> 766 <u>report to the State Board of Education or to the Board of</u> 767 <u>Governors, as applicable, documenting the institution's efforts</u> 768 <u>to comply with this subsection by the 2016 fall semester.</u>

<u>(5)</u>(4) The State Board of Education and the Board of Governors each shall adopt <u>textbook and instructional materials</u> <u>affordability</u> policies, procedures, and guidelines for implementation by Florida College System institutions and state universities, respectively, <u>which</u> that further efforts to minimize the cost of textbooks <u>and instructional materials</u> for students attending such institutions, while maintaining the quality of education and academic freedom. The policies, procedures, and guidelines <u>must</u>, at a minimum, require shall provide for the following:

(a) That textbook <u>and instructional materials</u> adoptions are made with sufficient lead time to bookstores so as to confirm availability of the requested materials and, <u>if where</u> possible, ensure maximum availability of used <u>textbooks and instructional</u> materials books.

(b) That, in the textbook <u>and instructional material</u> adoption process, the intent to use all items ordered, particularly each individual item sold as part of a bundled package, is confirmed by the course instructor or the academic department offering the course before the adoption is finalized.

(c) That a course instructor or the academic department offering the course <u>determine</u> determines, before a textbook <u>or</u> instructional materials are is adopted, the extent to which a new edition differs significantly and substantively from earlier versions and the value <u>to the student</u> of changing to a new

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794 edition or the extent to which an open-access textbook <u>or</u> 795 instructional materials may exist and be used.

(d) That the establishment of policies shall address the availability of required <u>and recommended</u> textbooks <u>and</u> <u>instructional materials</u> to students otherwise unable to afford the cost, including consideration of the extent to which an open-access textbook or instructional materials may be used.

(e) That course instructors and academic departments are encouraged to participate in the development, adaptation, and review of open-access textbooks <u>and instructional materials</u> and, in particular, open-access textbooks <u>and instructional materials</u> for high-demand general education courses.

(f) That postsecondary institutions consult with school districts with which they have a dual enrollment articulation agreement to identify practices that impact the cost to school districts of dual enrollment textbooks and instructional materials, including, but not limited to, the length of time that textbooks and instructional materials remain in use and the costs associated with digital materials.

(g) That cost-benefit analyses be conducted regularly in comparing options to ensure that students receive the highest quality product at the lowest available price.

(6) Each Florida College System institution and each state university shall report annually to the Chancellor of the Florida College System or the Chancellor of the State University System, as applicable, the cost of undergraduate textbooks and instructional materials, by course and course section; the textbook and instructional materials selection process for highenrollment courses as determined by the chancellors; specific

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initiatives of the institution which reduce the cost of
textbooks and instructional materials; the number of courses a
course sections that were not able to meet the textbook and
instructional materials posting deadline; and additional
information as determined by the chancellors. Annually, by
December 31, the chancellors shall compile the institution
reports and submit a comprehensive report to the Governor, the
President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of
Representatives.
(7) Each Florida College System institution and state
university shall annually send the State Board of Education or
the Board of Governors, as applicable, electronic copies of it
current textbook and instructional materials affordability
policies and procedures. The State Board of Education and the
Board of Governors shall provide a link to this information on
their respective websites.
Section 18. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section
1004.92, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1004.92 Purpose and responsibilities for career education
(2)
(b) Department of Education accountability for career
education includes, but is not limited to:
1. The provision of timely, accurate technical assistance
to school districts and Florida College System institutions.
2. The provision of timely, accurate information to the
State Board of Education, the Legislature, and the public.
3. The development of policies, rules, and procedures that
facilitate institutional attainment of the accountability
standards and coordinate the efforts of all divisions within t



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853 4. The development of program standards and industry-driven 854 benchmarks for career, adult, and community education programs, 855 which must be updated every 3 years. The standards must include 856 career, academic, and workplace skills; viability of distance 857 learning for instruction; and work/learn cycles that are 858 responsive to business and industry; and reflect the quality 859 components of a career and technical education program. The 860 State Board of Education shall adopt rules to administer this 861 section.

5. Overseeing school district and Florida College System institution compliance with the provisions of this chapter.

6. Ensuring that the educational outcomes for the technical component of career programs are uniform and designed to provide a graduate who is capable of entering the workforce on an equally competitive basis regardless of the institution of choice.

Section 19. Present subsections (5) and (6) of section 1006.735, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (6) and (7), respectively, and a new subsection (5) is added to that section, to read:

873 1006.735 Complete Florida Plus Program.-The Complete
874 Florida Plus Program is created at the University of West
875 Florida.

876 (5) RAPID RESPONSE EDUCATION AND TRAINING PROGRAM.-The
 877 Rapid Response Education and Training Program is established
 878 within the Complete Florida Plus Program. Under the Rapid
 879 Response Education and Training Program, the Complete Florida
 880 Plus Program shall work directly with Enterprise Florida, Inc.,

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881	in project-specific industry recruitment and retention efforts
882	to offer credible education and training commitments to
883	businesses.
884	(a) The Rapid Response Education and Training Program must:
885	1. Issue challenge grants through requests for proposals
886	that are open to all education and training providers, public or
887	private. These grants match state funding with education and
888	training provider funds to implement particular education and
889	training programs.
890	2. Generate periodic reports from an independent forensic
891	accounting or auditing entity to ensure transparency of the
892	program. These periodic reports must be submitted to the
893	President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of
894	Representatives.
895	3. Keep administrative costs to a minimum through the use
896	of existing organizational structures.
897	4. Work directly with businesses to recruit individuals for
898	education and training.
899	5. Be able to terminate an education and training program
900	by giving 30 days' notice.
901	6. Survey employers after completion of an education and
902	training program to ascertain the effectiveness of the program.
903	(b) The Division of Career and Adult Education within the
904	Department of Education shall conduct an analysis and assessment
905	of the effectiveness of the education and training programs
906	under this section in meeting labor market and occupational
907	trends and gaps.
908	Section 20. Paragraph (d) of subsection (3) of section
909	1009.22, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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910 1009.22 Workforce education postsecondary student fees.-911 (3) 912 (d) Each district school board and each Florida College 913 System institution board of trustees may adopt tuition and out-914 of-state fees that vary no more than 5 percent below or no more 915 than 5 percent above the combined total of the standard tuition 916 and out-of-state fees established in paragraph (c). 917 Section 21. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) and subsection (4) of section 1009.23, Florida Statutes, are amended, and 918 919 subsection (20) is added to that section, to read: 920 1009.23 Florida College System institution student fees.-921 (3) 922 (b) Effective July 1, 2014, For baccalaureate degree 923 programs, the following tuition and fee rates shall apply: 924 1. The tuition may not exceed shall be \$91.79 per credit 925 hour for students who are residents for tuition purposes. 926 2. The sum of the tuition and the he out-of-state fee per 927 credit hour for students who are nonresidents for tuition 928 purposes shall be no more than 85 percent of the sum of the 929 tuition and the out-of-state fee at the state university nearest 930 the Florida College System institution. 931 (4) Each Florida College System institution board of 932 trustees shall establish tuition and out-of-state fees, which 933 may vary no more than 10 percent below and no more than 15 934 percent above the combined total of the standard tuition and 935 fees established in subsection (3). 936 (20) Each Florida College System institution shall notice 937 to the public and to all enrolled students any board of trustees 938 meeting that votes on proposed increases in tuition or fees. The

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939	noticed meeting must allow for public comment on the proposed
940	increase and must:
941	(a) Be posted 28 days before the board of trustees meeting
942	takes place.
943	(b) Include the date and time of the meeting.
944	(c) Be clear and specifically outline the details of the
945	original tuition or fee, the rationale for the proposed
946	increase, and what the proposed increase will fund.
947	(d) Be posted on the institution's website homepage and
948	issued in a press release.
949	Section 22. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (4) of
950	section 1009.24, Florida Statutes, are amended, present
951	subsection (19) of that section is redesignated as subsection
952	(20), and a new subsection (19) is added to that section, to
953	read:
954	1009.24 State university student fees
955	(4)(a) Effective July 1, 2014, The resident undergraduate
956	tuition for lower-level and upper-level coursework may not
957	exceed shall be \$105.07 per credit hour.
958	(b) The Board of Governors , or the board's designee, may
959	establish tuition for graduate and professional programs, and
960	out-of-state fees for all programs. Except as otherwise provided
961	in this section, the sum of tuition and out-of-state fees
962	assessed to nonresident students must be sufficient to offset
963	the full instructional cost of serving such students. However,
964	adjustments to out-of-state fees or tuition for graduate
965	programs and professional programs may not exceed 15 percent in
966	any year. Adjustments to the resident tuition for graduate
967	programs and professional programs may not exceed the tuition

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968	amount set on July 1, 2015.
969	(19) Each university shall publicly notice to the public
970	and to all enrolled students any board of trustees meeting that
971	votes on proposed increases in tuition or fees. The noticed
972	meeting must allow for public comment on the proposed increase
973	and must:
974	(a) Be posted 28 days before the board of trustees meeting
975	takes place.
976	(b) Include the date and time of the meeting.
977	(c) Be clear and specifically outline the details of the
978	original tuition or fee, the rationale for the proposed
979	increase, and what the proposed increase will fund.
980	(d) Be posted on the institution's website homepage and
981	issued in a press release.
982	Section 23. Section 1009.893, Florida Statutes, is amended
983	to read:
984	1009.893 <u>Benacquisto Scholarship</u> Florida National Merit
985	Scholar Incentive Program
986	(1) As used in this section, the term:
987	(a) "Department" means the Department of Education.
988	(b) " <u>Scholarship</u> Incentive program" means the <u>Benacquisto</u>
989	Scholarship Florida National Merit Scholar Incentive Program.
990	(2) The <u>Benacquisto Scholarship</u> Florida National Merit
991	Scholar Incentive Program is created to reward any Florida high
992	school graduate who receives recognition as a National Merit
993	Scholar or National Achievement Scholar and who initially
994	enrolls in the 2014-2015 academic year or, later, in a
995	baccalaureate degree program at an eligible Florida public or
996	independent postsecondary educational institution.

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997 (3) The department shall administer the scholarship 998 incentive program according to rules and procedures established 999 by the State Board of Education. The department shall advertise 1000 the availability of the scholarship incentive program and notify 1001 students, teachers, parents, certified school counselors, and principals or other relevant school administrators of the 1002 1003 criteria. 1004 (4) In order to be eligible for an award under the 1005 scholarship incentive program, a student must: 1006 (a) Be a state resident as determined in s. 1009.40 and 1007 rules of the State Board of Education; 1008 (b) Earn a standard Florida high school diploma or its 1009 equivalent pursuant to s. 1002.3105, s. 1003.4281, s. 1003.4282, 1010 or s. 1003.435 unless: 1011 1. The student completes a home education program according 1012 to s. 1002.41; or 1013 2. The student earns a high school diploma from a non-1014 Florida school while living with a parent who is on military or 1015 public service assignment out of this state; 1016 (c) Be accepted by and enroll in a Florida public or 1017 independent postsecondary educational institution that is 1018 regionally accredited; and 1019 (d) Be enrolled full-time in a baccalaureate degree program 1020 at an eligible regionally accredited Florida public or 1021 independent postsecondary educational institution during the 1022 fall academic term following high school graduation. 1023 (5) (a) An eligible student who is a National Merit Scholar 1024 or National Achievement Scholar and who attends a Florida public postsecondary educational institution shall receive a 1025

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1026 <u>scholarship</u> an incentive award equal to the institutional cost 1027 of attendance minus the sum of the student's Florida Bright 1028 Futures Scholarship and National Merit Scholarship or National 1029 Achievement Scholarship.

1030 (b) An eligible student who is a National Merit Scholar or 1031 National Achievement Scholar and who attends a Florida 1032 independent postsecondary educational institution shall receive 1033 a scholarship an incentive award equal to the highest cost of 1034 attendance at a Florida public university, as reported by the 1035 Board of Governors of the State University System, minus the sum 1036 of the student's Florida Bright Futures Scholarship and National 1037 Merit Scholarship or National Achievement Scholarship.

(6) (a) To be eligible for a renewal award, a student mustearn all credits for which he or she was enrolled and maintain a3.0 or higher grade point average.

(b) A student may receive the <u>scholarship</u> incentive award for a maximum of 100 percent of the number of credit hours required to complete a baccalaureate degree program, or until completion of a baccalaureate degree program, whichever comes first.

(7) The department shall annually issue awards from the <u>scholarship</u> incentive program. Before the registration period each semester, the department shall transmit payment for each award to the president or director of the postsecondary educational institution, or his or her representative, except that the department may withhold payment if the receiving institution fails to report or to make refunds to the department as required in this section.

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(a) Each institution shall certify to the department the

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1055 eligibility status of each student to receive a disbursement 1056 within 30 days before the end of its regular registration 1057 period, inclusive of a drop and add period. An institution is 1058 not required to reevaluate the student eligibility after the end 1059 of the drop and add period.

(b) An institution that receives funds from the <u>scholarship</u> incentive program must certify to the department the amount of funds disbursed to each student and remit to the department any undisbursed advances within 60 days after the end of regular registration.

(c) If funds appropriated are not adequate to provide the maximum allowable award to each eligible student, awards must be prorated using the same percentage reduction.

(8) Funds from any award within the <u>scholarship</u> incentive program may not be used to pay for remedial coursework or developmental education.

(9) A student may use an award for a summer term if funds are available and appropriated by the Legislature.

(10) The department shall allocate funds to the appropriate institutions and collect and maintain data regarding the <u>scholarship</u> incentive program within the student financial assistance database as specified in s. 1009.94.

(11) Section 1009.40(4) does not apply to awards issued under this section.

(12) A student who receives an award under the scholarship program shall be known as a Benacquisto Scholar.

(13) (12) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules necessary to administer this section.

Section 24. Paragraphs (f) and (o) of subsection (1),

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1084 paragraph (a) of subsection (4), subsection (5), paragraph (b) 1085 of subsection (7), paragraph (a) of subsection (9), subsection 1086 (11), paragraphs (b) through (e) of subsection (12), and present 1087 subsection (13) of section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, are 1088 amended, present subsections (13), (14), and (15) of that 1089 section are redesignated as subsections (14), (15), and (16), 1090 respectively, and a new subsection (13) is added to that 1091 section, to read:

1011.62 Funds for operation of schools.-If the annual 1093 allocation from the Florida Education Finance Program to each district for operation of schools is not determined in the annual appropriations act or the substantive bill implementing the annual appropriations act, it shall be determined as follows:

(1) COMPUTATION OF THE BASIC AMOUNT TO BE INCLUDED FOR OPERATION.-The following procedure shall be followed in determining the annual allocation to each district for operation:

(f) Supplemental academic instruction; categorical fund.-1. There is created a categorical fund to provide supplemental academic instruction to students in kindergarten through grade 12. This paragraph may be cited as the "Supplemental Academic Instruction Categorical Fund."

2. Categorical funds for supplemental academic instruction shall be allocated annually to each school district in the amount provided in the General Appropriations Act. These funds shall be in addition to the funds appropriated on the basis of FTE student membership in the Florida Education Finance Program and shall be included in the total potential funds of each



1113 district. These funds shall be used to provide supplemental 1114 academic instruction to students enrolled in the K-12 program. For the 2014-2015, 2015-2016, 2016-2017, and 2017-2018 fiscal 1115 1116 years year, each school district that has one or more of the 300 1117 lowest-performing elementary schools based on the state reading 1118 assessment shall use these funds, together with the funds 1119 provided in the district's research-based reading instruction 1120 allocation and other available funds, to provide an additional 1121 hour of instruction beyond the normal school day for each day of 1122 the entire school year, and to provide the equivalent hours of 1123 instruction in a summer program, for intensive reading 1124 instruction for the students in each of these schools. If a 1125 participating school is no longer classified as one of the 300 1126 lowest-performing elementary schools in the subsequent year, the 1127 school must continue to provide the additional hour of intensive 1128 reading instruction to all students who have Level 1 or Level 2 1129 reading assessment scores. This additional hour of instruction 1130 must be provided by teachers or reading specialists who are 1131 effective in teaching reading or by a K-5 mentoring reading 1132 program that is supervised by a teacher who is effective at 1133 teaching reading. Students enrolled in these schools who have 1134 level 5 assessment scores may participate in the additional hour 1135 of instruction on an optional basis. Exceptional student 1136 education centers may shall not be included in the 300 schools. 1137 After this requirement has been met, supplemental instruction 1138 strategies may include, but are not limited to: modified 1139 curriculum, reading instruction, after-school instruction, tutoring, mentoring, class size reduction, extended school year, 1140 1141 intensive skills development in summer school, and other methods

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1142 for improving student achievement. Supplemental instruction may be provided to a student in any manner and at any time during or 1143 1144 beyond the regular 180-day term identified by the school as 1145 being the most effective and efficient way to best help that 1146 student progress from grade to grade and to graduate.

1147 3. Effective with the 1999-2000 fiscal year, funding on the 1148 basis of FTE membership beyond the 180-day regular term shall be 1149 provided in the FEFP only for students enrolled in juvenile 1150 justice education programs or in education programs for 1151 juveniles placed in secure facilities or programs under s. 985.19. Funding for instruction beyond the regular 180-day 1152 1153 school year for all other K-12 students shall be provided 1154 through the supplemental academic instruction categorical fund 1155 and other state, federal, and local fund sources with ample 1156 flexibility for schools to provide supplemental instruction to 1157 assist students in progressing from grade to grade and 1158 graduating.

4. The Florida State University School, as a lab school, is authorized to expend from its FEFP or Lottery Enhancement Trust Fund allocation the cost to the student of remediation in reading, writing, or mathematics for any graduate who requires 1163 remediation at a postsecondary educational institution.

5. Beginning in the 1999-2000 school year, dropout prevention programs as defined in ss. 1003.52, 1003.53(1)(a), (b), and (c), and 1003.54 shall be included in group 1 programs under subparagraph (d)3.

(o) Calculation of additional full-time equivalent membership based on successful completion of a career-themed course pursuant to ss. 1003.491, 1003.492, and 1003.493, or

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1171 courses with embedded CAPE industry certifications or CAPE 1172 Digital Tool certificates, and issuance of industry 1173 certification identified on the CAPE Industry Certification 1174 Funding List pursuant to rules adopted by the State Board of 1175 Education or CAPE Digital Tool certificates pursuant to s. 1176 1003.4203.-

1.a. A value of 0.025 full-time equivalent student membership shall be calculated for CAPE Digital Tool certificates earned by students in elementary and middle school grades.

1181 b. A value of 0.1 or 0.2 full-time equivalent student 1182 membership shall be calculated for each student who completes a 1183 course as defined in s. 1003.493(1)(b) or courses with embedded 1184 CAPE industry certifications and who is issued an industry 1185 certification identified annually on the CAPE Industry 1186 Certification Funding List approved under rules adopted by the 1187 State Board of Education. A value of 0.2 full-time equivalent 1188 membership shall be calculated for each student who is issued a 1189 CAPE industry certification that has a statewide articulation 1190 agreement for college credit approved by the State Board of 1191 Education. For CAPE industry certifications that do not 1192 articulate for college credit, the Department of Education shall 1193 assign a full-time equivalent value of 0.1 for each 1194 certification. Middle grades students who earn additional FTE 1195 membership for a CAPE Digital Tool certificate pursuant to subsubparagraph a. may not use the previously funded examination to 1196 1197 satisfy the requirements for earning an industry certification under this sub-subparagraph. Additional FTE membership for an 1198 elementary or middle grades student may shall not exceed 0.1 for 1199

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1200 certificates or certifications earned within the same fiscal 1201 year. The State Board of Education shall include the assigned 1202 values on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List under 1203 rules adopted by the state board. Such value shall be added to 1204 the total full-time equivalent student membership for grades 6 1205 through 12 in the subsequent year for courses that were not 1206 provided through dual enrollment. CAPE industry certifications 1207 earned through dual enrollment must be reported and funded 1208 pursuant to s. 1011.80. However, if a student earns a 1209 certification through a dual enrollment course and the 1210 certification is not a fundable certification on the postsecondary certification funding list, or the dual enrollment 1211 1212 certification is earned as a result of an agreement between a 1213 school district and a nonpublic postsecondary institution, the 1214 bonus value shall be funded in the same manner as for other 1215 nondual enrollment course industry certifications. In such 1216 cases, the school district may provide for an agreement between 1217 the high school and the technical center, or the school district 1218 and the postsecondary institution may enter into an agreement 1219 for equitable distribution of the bonus funds.

1220 c. A value of 0.3 full-time equivalent student membership 1221 shall be calculated for student completion of the courses and 1222 the embedded certifications identified on the CAPE Industry 1223 Certification Funding List and approved by the commissioner 1224 pursuant to ss. 1003.4203(5)(a) and 1008.44.

1225 d. A value of 0.5 full-time equivalent student membership 1226 shall be calculated for CAPE Acceleration Industry 1227 Certifications that articulate for 15 to 29 college credit 1228 hours, and 1.0 full-time equivalent student membership shall be

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1229 calculated for CAPE Acceleration Industry Certifications that 1230 articulate for 30 or more college credit hours pursuant to CAPE 1231 Acceleration Industry Certifications approved by the 1232 commissioner pursuant to ss. 1003.4203(5)(b) and 1008.44.

2. Each district must allocate at least 80 percent of the funds provided for CAPE industry certification, in accordance with this paragraph, to the program that generated the funds. This allocation may not be used to supplant funds provided for basic operation of the program.

1238 3. For CAPE industry certifications earned in the 2013-2014 1239 school year and in subsequent years, the school district shall 1240 distribute to each classroom teacher who provided direct 1241 instruction toward the attainment of a CAPE industry 1242 certification that qualified for additional full-time equivalent 1243 membership under subparagraph 1.:

a. A bonus in the amount of \$25 for each student taught by a teacher who provided instruction in a course that led to the attainment of a CAPE industry certification on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List with a weight of 0.1.

b. A bonus in the amount of \$50 for each student taught by a teacher who provided instruction in a course that led to the attainment of a CAPE industry certification on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List with a weight of 0.2, 0.3, 0.5, and 1.0.

<u>c. A bonus of \$75 for each student taught by a teacher who</u> provided instruction in a course that led to the attainment of a <u>CAPE industry certification on the CAPE Industry Certification</u> <u>Funding List with a weight of 0.3.</u>

d. A bonus of \$100 for each student taught by a teacher who

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1258 provided instruction in a course that led to the attainment of a 1259 CAPE industry certification on the CAPE Industry Certification 1260 Funding List with a weight of 0.5 or 1.0.

1262 Bonuses awarded pursuant to this paragraph shall be provided to 1263 teachers who are employed by the district in the year in which 1264 the additional FTE membership calculation is included in the 1265 calculation. Bonuses shall be calculated based upon the 1266 associated weight of a CAPE industry certification on the CAPE 1267 Industry Certification Funding List for the year in which the 1268 certification is earned by the student. In a single school year, 1269 a Any bonus awarded to a teacher under sub-subparagraph 3.a. or 1270 sub-subparagraph 3.b. this paragraph may not exceed \$2,000 or 1271 under sub-subparagraph 3.c. or sub-subparagraph 3.d. may not 1272 exceed \$4,000. The maximum bonus that may be awarded to a 1273 teacher under this paragraph is \$4,000 in a single school year. 1274 This bonus in any given school year and is in addition to any 1275 regular wage or other bonus the teacher received or is scheduled 1276 to receive.

(4) COMPUTATION OF DISTRICT REQUIRED LOCAL EFFORT.—The
Legislature shall prescribe the aggregate required local effort
for all school districts collectively as an item in the General
Appropriations Act for each fiscal year. The amount that each
district shall provide annually toward the cost of the Florida
Education Finance Program for kindergarten through grade 12
programs shall be calculated as follows:

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(a) Estimated taxable value calculations.-

1285 1.a. Not later than 2 working days prior to July 19, the 1286 Department of Revenue shall certify to the Commissioner of



1287 Education its most recent estimate of the taxable value for 1288 school purposes in each school district and the total for all 1289 school districts in the state for the current calendar year 1290 based on the latest available data obtained from the local 1291 property appraisers. The value certified shall be the taxable 1292 value for school purposes for that year, and no further 1293 adjustments shall be made, except those made pursuant to 1294 paragraphs (c) and (d), or an assessment roll change required by 1295 final judicial decisions as specified in paragraph (15) (b) 1296 (14) (b). Not later than July 19, the Commissioner of Education 1297 shall compute a millage rate, rounded to the next highest one 1298 one-thousandth of a mill, which, when applied to 96 percent of 1299 the estimated state total taxable value for school purposes, 1300 would generate the prescribed aggregate required local effort 1301 for that year for all districts. The Commissioner of Education 1302 shall certify to each district school board the millage rate, 1303 computed as prescribed in this subparagraph, as the minimum 1304 millage rate necessary to provide the district required local 1305 effort for that year.

b. The General Appropriations Act shall direct the 1306 1307 computation of the statewide adjusted aggregate amount for 1308 required local effort for all school districts collectively from 1309 ad valorem taxes to ensure that no school district's revenue 1310 from required local effort millage will produce more than 90 1311 percent of the district's total Florida Education Finance 1312 Program calculation as calculated and adopted by the 1313 Legislature, and the adjustment of the required local effort millage rate of each district that produces more than 90 percent 1314 of its total Florida Education Finance Program entitlement to a 1315



1316 level that will produce only 90 percent of its total Florida1317 Education Finance Program entitlement in the July calculation.

2. On the same date as the certification in subsubparagraph 1.a., the Department of Revenue shall certify to the Commissioner of Education for each district:

a. Each year for which the property appraiser has certified the taxable value pursuant to s. 193.122(2) or (3), if applicable, since the prior certification under sub-subparagraph 1.a.

b. For each year identified in sub-subparagraph a., the taxable value certified by the appraiser pursuant to s. 193.122(2) or (3), if applicable, since the prior certification under sub-subparagraph 1.a. This is the certification that reflects all final administrative actions of the value adjustment board.

1331 (5) DISCRETIONARY MILLAGE COMPRESSION SUPPLEMENT.-The Legislature shall prescribe in the General Appropriations Act, 1332 1333 pursuant to s. 1011.71(1), the rate of nonvoted current 1334 operating discretionary millage that shall be used to calculate 1335 a discretionary millage compression supplement. If the 1336 prescribed millage generates an amount of funds per unweighted 1337 FTE for the district that is less than 105 percent of the state 1338 average, the district shall receive an amount per FTE that, when 1339 added to the funds per FTE generated by the designated levy, 1340 shall equal 105 percent of the state average.

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(7) DETERMINATION OF SPARSITY SUPPLEMENT.-

(b) The district sparsity index shall be computed by
dividing the total number of full-time equivalent students in
all programs in the district by the number of senior high school

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1345 centers in the district, not in excess of three, which centers are approved as permanent centers by a survey made by the 1346 1347 Department of Education. For districts with a full-time 1348 equivalent student membership of at least 20,000, but no more 1349 than 24,000, the index shall be computed by dividing the total 1350 number of full-time equivalent students in all programs by the 1351 number of permanent senior high school centers in the district, 1352 not to exceed four.

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(9) RESEARCH-BASED READING INSTRUCTION ALLOCATION.-

1354 (a) The research-based reading instruction allocation is 1355 created to provide comprehensive reading instruction to students 1356 in kindergarten through grade 12. For the 2014-2015, 2015-2016, 1357 2016-2017, and 2017-2018 fiscal years year, in each school 1358 district that has one or more of the 300 lowest-performing 1359 elementary schools based on the state reading assessment, 1360 priority shall be given to providing an additional hour per day 1361 of intensive reading instruction beyond the normal school day 1362 for each day of the entire school year, and to providing the 1363 equivalent hours of instruction in a summer program, for the 1364 students in each school. If a participating school is no longer 1365 classified as one of the 300 lowest-performing elementary 1366 schools in the subsequent year, the school must continue to 1367 provide the additional hour of intensive reading instruction to all students who have Level 1 or Level 2 reading assessment 1368 1369 scores. Students enrolled in these schools who have level 5 1370 assessment scores may participate in the additional hour of 1371 instruction on an optional basis. Exceptional student education centers may shall not be included in the 300 schools. The 1372 intensive reading instruction delivered in this additional hour 1373

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1374 and for other students shall include: research-based reading 1375 instruction that has been proven to accelerate progress of 1376 students exhibiting a reading deficiency; differentiated instruction based on student assessment data to meet students' 1377 1378 specific reading needs; explicit and systematic reading 1379 development in phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, 1380 and comprehension, with more extensive opportunities for guided 1381 practice, error correction, and feedback; and the integration of 1382 social studies, science, and mathematics-text reading, text 1383 discussion, and writing in response to reading. For the 2012-1384 2013 and 2013-2014 fiscal years, a school district may not hire 1385 more reading coaches than were hired during the 2011-2012 fiscal 1386 year unless all students in kindergarten through grade 5 who 1387 demonstrate a reading deficiency, as determined by district and 1388 state assessments, including students scoring Level 1 or Level 2 1389 on the statewide, standardized reading assessment or, upon 1390 implementation, the English Language Arts assessment, are provided an additional hour per day of intensive reading 1391 1392 instruction beyond the normal school day for each day of the 1393 entire school year.

1394 (11) VIRTUAL EDUCATION CONTRIBUTION. - The Legislature may 1395 annually provide in the Florida Education Finance Program a 1396 virtual education contribution. The amount of the virtual education contribution shall be the difference between the 1397 1398 amount per FTE established in the General Appropriations Act for 1399 virtual education and the amount per FTE for each district and 1400 the Florida Virtual School, which may be calculated by taking 1401 the sum of the base FEFP allocation, the declining enrollment supplement, the discretionary local effort, the state-funded 1402



1403 discretionary contribution, the discretionary millage 1404 compression supplement, the research-based reading instruction allocation, the exceptional student education guaranteed 1405 1406 allocation, and the instructional materials allocation, and then 1407 dividing by the total unweighted FTE. This difference shall be 1408 multiplied by the virtual education unweighted FTE for programs and options identified in s. 1002.455(3) and the Florida Virtual 1409 1410 School and its franchises to equal the virtual education 1411 contribution and shall be included as a separate allocation in 1412 the funding formula.

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(12) FLORIDA DIGITAL CLASSROOMS ALLOCATION.-

1414 (b) Each district school board shall adopt a district digital classrooms plan that meets the unique needs of students, 1415 1416 schools, and personnel and submit the plan for approval to the 1417 Department of Education. In addition, each district school board 1418 must, at a minimum, seek input from the district's 1419 instructional, curriculum, and information technology staff to 1420 develop the district digital classrooms plan. The district's 1421 plan must be within the general parameters established in the 1422 Florida digital classrooms plan pursuant to s. 1001.20. In 1423 addition, if the district participates in federal technology 1424 initiatives and grant programs, the district digital classrooms 1425 plan must include a plan for meeting requirements of such 1426 initiatives and grant programs. Funds allocated under this 1427 subsection must be used to support implementation of district 1428 digital classrooms plans. By August October 1, 2014, and by 1429 March 1 of each year thereafter, on a date determined by the department, each district school board shall submit to the 1430 1431 department, in a format prescribed by the department, a digital

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1432 classrooms plan. At a minimum, such plan must include, and be 1433 annually updated to reflect, the following:

1. Measurable student performance outcomes. Outcomes related to student performance, including outcomes for students with disabilities, must be tied to the efforts and strategies to improve outcomes related to student performance by integrating technology in classroom teaching and learning. Results of the outcomes shall be reported at least annually for the current school year and subsequent 3 years and be accompanied by an independent evaluation and validation of the reported results.

2. Digital learning and technology infrastructure purchases and operational activities. Such purchases and activities must be tied to the measurable outcomes under subparagraph 1., including, but not limited to, connectivity, broadband access, wireless capacity, Internet speed, and data security, all of which must meet or exceed minimum requirements and protocols established by the department. For each year that the district uses funds for infrastructure, a third-party, independent evaluation of the district's technology inventory and infrastructure needs must accompany the district's plan.

3. Professional development purchases and operational activities. Such purchases and activities must be tied to the measurable outcomes under subparagraph 1., including, but not limited to, using technology in the classroom and improving digital literacy and competency.

1457 4. Digital tool purchases and operational activities. Such
1458 purchases and activities must be tied to the measurable outcomes
1459 under subparagraph 1., including, but not limited to,
1460 competency-based credentials that measure and demonstrate



1461 digital competency and certifications; third-party assessments 1462 that demonstrate acquired knowledge and use of digital 1463 applications; and devices that meet or exceed minimum 1464 requirements and protocols established by the department.

1465 5. Online assessment-related purchases and operational 1466 activities. Such purchases and activities must be tied to the 1467 measurable outcomes under subparagraph 1., including, but not 1468 limited to, expanding the capacity to administer assessments and 1469 compatibility with minimum assessment protocols and requirements 1470 established by the department. If the administration of online 1471 assessments after January 1, 2015, does not comply with the 1472 minimum assessment protocols and requirements established by the 1473 department, the department shall contract with an independent 1474 auditing entity that has expertise in the area of the 1475 noncompliance to evaluate the extent of the noncompliance and 1476 provide recommendations to remediate the noncompliance in future 1477 administrations of online assessments.

(c) The Legislature shall annually provide in the General 1478 1479 Appropriations Act the FEFP allocation for implementation of the 1480 Florida digital classrooms plan to be calculated in an amount up 1481 to 1 percent of the base student allocation multiplied by the 1482 total K-12 full-time equivalent student enrollment included in 1483 the FEFP calculations for the legislative appropriation or as 1484 provided in the General Appropriations Act. Each school district 1485 shall be provided a minimum of \$250,000, with the remaining 1486 balance of the allocation to be distributed based on each 1487 district's proportion of the total K-12 full-time equivalent 1488 student enrollment. Distribution of funds for the Florida digital classrooms allocation shall begin following submittal of 1489

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1490 each district's digital classrooms plan, which must include 1491 formal verification of the superintendent's approval of the digital classrooms plan of each charter school in the district, 1492 1493 and approval of the plan by the department. A charter school 1494 shall submit the school's digital classrooms plan, in a 1495 streamlined format prescribed by the department, to the 1496 applicable school district. Prior to the distribution of the 1497 Florida digital classrooms allocation funds, each district 1498 school superintendent shall certify to the Commissioner of 1499 Education that the district school board has approved a 1500 comprehensive district digital classrooms plan that supports the 1501 fidelity of implementation of the Florida digital classrooms 1502 allocation. District allocations shall be recalculated during 1503 the fiscal year consistent with the periodic recalculation of 1504 the FEFP. School districts shall provide a proportionate share 1505 of the digital classrooms allocation to each charter school in 1506 the district, as required for categorical programs in s. 1507 1002.33(17)(b). A school district may use a competitive process 1508 to distribute funds for the Florida digital classrooms 1509 allocation to the schools within the school district. Beginning 1510 in the 2016-2017 school year, to be eligible to receive Florida digital classrooms allocation funds, a school district must 1511 1512 undergo an annual assessment pursuant to s. 282.0052 and an 1513 annual independent verification of its use of Florida digital 1514 classrooms allocation funds pursuant to paragraph (e). 1515

(d) To facilitate the implementation of the district
digital classrooms plans and charter school digital classrooms
plans, the commissioner shall support statewide, coordinated
partnerships and efforts of this state's education practitioners

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1519 in the field, including, but not limited to, superintendents, 1520 principals, and teachers, to identify and share best practices, 1521 corrective actions, and other identified needs. <u>By August 1,</u> 1522 <u>2016, the commissioner shall implement an online, web-based</u> 1523 <u>portal for school districts and charter schools to submit their</u> 1524 digital classrooms plan.

1525 (e) Beginning in the 2015-2016 fiscal year and each year 1526 thereafter, each district school board and charter school shall 1527 report to the department its use of funds provided through the 1528 Florida digital classrooms allocation and student performance 1529 outcomes in accordance with the district's digital classrooms 1530 plan. The department may contract with an independent third-1531 party entity to conduct an annual independent verification of 1532 the district's use of Florida digital classrooms allocation 1533 funds in accordance with the district's digital classrooms plan. 1534 In the event an independent third-party verification is not 1535 conducted, the Auditor General shall, during scheduled 1536 operational audits of the school districts, verify compliance of 1537 the use of Florida digital classrooms allocation funds in 1538 accordance with the district's digital classrooms plan. No later 1539 than October 1 of each year, beginning in the 2015-2016 fiscal 1540 year, the commissioner shall provide to the Governor, the 1541 President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of 1542 Representatives a summary of each district's student performance 1543 goals and outcomes, use of funds $_{\overline{\tau}}$ in support of such student 1544 performance goals and outcomes, and progress toward meeting 1545 statutory requirements and timelines.

1546 (13) FEDERALLY CONNECTED STUDENT SUPPLEMENT.—The federally 1547 connected student supplement is created to provide supplemental

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1548	funding for school districts to support the education of
1549	students connected with federally owned military installations,
1550	National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) property,
1551	and Indian lands. To be eligible for this supplement, the
1552	district must be eligible for federal Impact Aid Program funds
1553	under s. 8003, Title VIII of the Elementary and Secondary
1554	Education Act of 1965. The supplement shall be the sum of the
1555	student allocation and an exempt property allocation.
1556	(a) The student allocation shall be calculated based on the
1557	number of students reported for federal Impact Aid Program
1558	funds, including students with disabilities, who meet one of the
1559	following criteria:
1560	1. Resides with a parent who is on active duty in the
1561	uniformed services or is an accredited foreign government
1562	official and military officer. Students with disabilities shall
1563	also be reported separately for this condition.
1564	2. Resides on eligible federally owned Indian lands.
1565	Students with disabilities shall also be reported separately for
1566	this condition.
1567	3. Resides with a civilian parent who lives or works on
1568	eligible federal property connected with a military installation
1569	or NASA. The number of these students shall be multiplied by a
1570	factor of 0.5.
1571	(b) The total number of federally connected students
1572	calculated under paragraph (a) shall be multiplied by a
1573	percentage of the base student allocation as provided in the
1574	General Appropriations Act. The total of the number of students
1575	with disabilities as reported separately under subparagraphs
1576	(a)1. and (a)2. shall be multiplied by an additional percentage
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1577 of the base student allocation as provided in the General 1578 Appropriations Act. The base amount and the amount for students 1579 with disabilities shall be summed to provide the student 1580 allocation.

(c) The exempt-property allocation shall be equal to the tax-exempt value of federal Impact Aid lands reserved as military installations, real property owned by NASA, or eligible federally owned Indian lands located in the district, as of January 1 of the previous year, multiplied by the millage authorized and levied under s. 1011.71(2).

(14) (13) QUALITY ASSURANCE GUARANTEE. - The Legislature may 1587 1588 annually in the General Appropriations Act determine a 1589 percentage increase in funds per K-12 unweighted FTE as a 1590 minimum guarantee to each school district. The guarantee shall 1591 be calculated from prior year base funding per unweighted FTE 1592 student which shall include the adjusted FTE dollars as provided 1593 in subsection $(15) \cdot (14)$, quality guarantee funds, and actual 1594 nonvoted discretionary local effort from taxes. From the base 1595 funding per unweighted FTE, the increase shall be calculated for 1596 the current year. The current year funds from which the 1597 guarantee shall be determined shall include the adjusted FTE 1598 dollars as provided in subsection (15) (14) and potential 1599 nonvoted discretionary local effort from taxes. A comparison of 1600 current year funds per unweighted FTE to prior year funds per 1601 unweighted FTE shall be computed. For those school districts 1602 which have less than the legislatively assigned percentage 1603 increase, funds shall be provided to guarantee the assigned 1604 percentage increase in funds per unweighted FTE student. Should 1605 appropriated funds be less than the sum of this calculated

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1606 amount for all districts, the commissioner shall prorate each 1607 district's allocation. This provision shall be implemented to 1608 the extent specifically funded.

Section 25. Subsection (1) and paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section 1011.71, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 1011.71 District school tax.-

(1) If the district school tax is not provided in the 1612 1613 General Appropriations Act or the substantive bill implementing 1614 the General Appropriations Act, each district school board 1615 desiring to participate in the state allocation of funds for 1616 current operation as prescribed by s. 1011.62(15) s. 1011.62(14) 1617 shall levy on the taxable value for school purposes of the 1618 district, exclusive of millage voted under the provisions of s. 1619 9(b) or s. 12, Art. VII of the State Constitution, a millage 1620 rate not to exceed the amount certified by the commissioner as 1621 the minimum millage rate necessary to provide the district 1622 required local effort for the current year, pursuant to s. 1623 1011.62(4)(a)1. In addition to the required local effort millage 1624 levy, each district school board may levy a nonvoted current 1625 operating discretionary millage. The Legislature shall prescribe 1626 annually in the appropriations act the maximum amount of millage 1627 a district may levy.

(2) In addition to the maximum millage levy as provided in subsection (1), each school board may levy not more than 1.5 mills against the taxable value for school purposes for district schools, including charter schools at the discretion of the school board, to fund:

1633 (d) The purchase, lease-purchase, or lease of new and 1634 replacement equipment; computer hardware, including electronic

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1635 hardware and other hardware devices necessary for gaining access 1636 to or enhancing the use of electronic content and resources or 1637 to facilitate the access to and the use of a school district's 1638 digital classrooms plan pursuant to s. 1011.62, excluding 1639 software other than the operating system necessary to operate 1640 the hardware or device; and enterprise resource software applications that are classified as capital assets in accordance 1641 1642 with definitions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, 1643 have a useful life of at least 5 years, and are used to support 1644 districtwide administration or state-mandated reporting 1645 requirements. Enterprise resource software may be acquired by 1646 annual license fees, maintenance fees, or lease agreements.

Section 26. Section 1011.802, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1011.802 Florida Apprenticeship Grant (FLAG) Program.-

(1) The Florida Apprenticeship Grant Program is created to provide grants, as provided in the General Appropriations Act, to career centers, charter technical career centers, and Florida College System institutions on a competitive basis to establish new apprenticeship programs and expand existing apprenticeship programs. The Division of Career and Adult Education within the Department of Education shall administer the grant program.

(2) Applications from career centers, charter technical career centers, and Florida College System institutions must contain projected enrollment and projected costs for the new or expanded apprenticeship program.

(3) The department shall give priority to apprenticeship programs in the areas of information technology, health, and machining and manufacturing. Grant funds may be used for

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1664 <u>instructional equipment, supplies, personnel, student services,</u> 1665 <u>and other expenses associated with the creation or expansion of</u> 1666 <u>an apprenticeship program. Grant funds may not be used for</u> 1667 <u>recurring instructional costs or for a center's or an</u> 1668 <u>institution's indirect costs. Grant recipients must submit</u> 1669 <u>quarterly reports in a format prescribed by the department.</u>

Section 27. Paragraph (e) is added to subsection (3) of section 1012.34, Florida Statutes, to read:

1012.34 Personnel evaluation procedures and criteria.-

(3) EVALUATION PROCEDURES AND CRITERIA.—Instructional personnel and school administrator performance evaluations must be based upon the performance of students assigned to their classrooms or schools, as provided in this section. Pursuant to this section, a school district's performance evaluation is not limited to basing unsatisfactory performance of instructional personnel and school administrators solely upon student performance, but may include other criteria approved to evaluate instructional personnel and school administrators' performance, or any combination of student performance and other approved criteria. Evaluation procedures and criteria must comply with, but are not limited to, the following:

(e) A classroom teacher's performance evaluation must be based upon the performance of students with fewer than 25 absences within the school year, or, for schools with block scheduling, fewer than 10 absences within the school year, assigned to their classrooms, as provided in this section.

Section 28. Subsection (4) is added to section 1012.3401,
Florida Statutes, to read:

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1012.3401 Requirements for measuring student performance in

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1693 instructional personnel and school administrator performance 1694 evaluations; performance evaluation of personnel for purposes of 1695 performance salary schedule.—Notwithstanding any provision to 1696 the contrary in ss. 1012.22 and 1012.34 regarding the 1697 performance salary schedule and personnel evaluation procedures 1698 and criteria:

(4) A classroom teacher's performance evaluation must be based upon the performance of students with fewer than 25 absences within the school year, or, for schools with block scheduling, fewer than 10 absences within the school year, assigned to their classrooms.

Section 29. Subsection (3) of section 1012.39, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1012.39 Employment of substitute teachers, teachers of adult education, nondegreed teachers of career education, and career specialists; students performing clinical field experience.-

1710 (3) A student who is enrolled in a state-approved teacher 1711 preparation program in a postsecondary educational institution 1712 that is approved by rules of the State Board of Education and 1713 who is jointly assigned by the postsecondary educational 1714 institution and a district school board to perform a clinical 1715 field experience under the direction of a regularly employed and 1716 certified educator shall, while serving such supervised clinical 1717 field experience, be accorded the same protection of law as that 1718 accorded to the certified educator except for the right to 1719 bargain collectively as an employee of the district school 1720 board. The district school board providing the clinical field experience shall notify the student electronically or in writing 1721

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1722	of the availability of educator liability insurance under s.
1723	1012.75. A postsecondary educational institution or district
1724	school board may not require a student enrolled in a state-
1725	approved teacher preparation program to purchase liability
1726	insurance as a condition of participation in any clinical field
1727	experience or related activity on the premises of an elementary
1728	or secondary school.
1729	Section 30. Subsections (4), (5), and (6) of section
1730	1012.71, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1731	1012.71 The Florida Teachers Classroom Supply Assistance
1732	Program
1733	(4) Each classroom teacher must provide the school district
1734	with receipts for the expenditure of the funds. If the classroom
1735	teacher is provided funds in advance of expenditure, the Each
1736	classroom teacher must sign a statement acknowledging receipt of
1737	the funds, provide keep receipts as requested by the school
1738	district for no less than 4 years to show that funds expended
1739	meet the requirements of this section, and return any unused
1740	funds to the district school board \underline{by} at the end of the regular
1741	school year. Any unused funds that are returned to the district
1742	school board shall be deposited into the school advisory council
1743	account of the school at which the classroom teacher returning
1744	the funds was employed when that teacher received the funds or
1745	deposited into the Florida Teachers Classroom Supply Assistance
1746	Program account of the school district in which a charter school
1747	is sponsored, as applicable.
1748	(5) The statement must be signed and dated by each

1749 classroom teacher before receipt of the Florida Teachers
1750 Classroom Supply Assistance Program funds and shall include the

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1751 wording: "I, ... (name of teacher)..., am employed by the 1752County District School Board or by theCharter School as 1753 a full-time classroom teacher. I acknowledge that Florida 1754 Teachers Classroom Supply Assistance Program funds are 1755 appropriated by the Legislature for the sole purpose of 1756 purchasing classroom materials and supplies to be used in the 1757 instruction of students assigned to me. In accepting custody of 1758 these funds, I agree to keep the receipts for all expenditures for no less than 4 years. I understand that if I do not keep the 1759 1760 receipts, it will be my personal responsibility to pay any 1761 federal taxes due on these funds. I also agree to return any 1762 unexpended funds to the district school board at the end of the 1763 regular school year for deposit into the school advisory council 1764 account of the school where I was employed at the time I 1765 received the funds or for deposit into the Florida Teachers 1766 Classroom Supply Assistance Program account of the school 1767 district in which the charter school is sponsored, as 1768 applicable." 1769 (5) (6) The Department of Education and district school 1770

boards may, and are encouraged to, enter into public-private partnerships in order to increase the total amount of Florida Teachers Classroom Supply Assistance Programs funds available to 1773 classroom teachers.

Section 31. Section 1012.731, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1012.731 The Florida Best and Brightest Teacher Scholarship Program.-

(1) The Legislature recognizes that, second only to parents, teachers play the most critical role within schools in

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1780	preparing students to achieve a high level of academic
1781	performance. The Legislature further recognizes that research
1782	has linked student outcomes to a teacher's own academic
1783	achievement. Therefore, it is the intent of the Legislature to
1784	designate teachers who have achieved high academic standards
1785	during their own education as Florida's best and brightest
1786	teacher scholars.
1787	(2) There is created the Florida Best and Brightest Teacher
1788	Scholarship Program to be administered by the Department of
1789	Education. Beginning in the 2015-2016 school year, the
1790	scholarship program shall provide categorical funding for
1791	scholarships to be awarded to teachers who have demonstrated a
1792	high level of academic achievement.
1793	(3)(a) To be eligible for a scholarship, a teacher:
1794	1. Must have scored at or above the 80th percentile on
1795	either the SAT or the ACT based upon the percentile ranks in
1796	effect when the teacher took the assessment and have been
1797	evaluated as highly effective pursuant to s. 1012.34; or
1798	2. If the teacher is a first-year teacher who has not been
1799	evaluated pursuant to s. 1012.34, must have scored at or above
1800	the 80th percentile on either the SAT or the ACT based upon the
1801	percentile ranks in effect when the teacher took the assessment.
1802	(b) In order to demonstrate eligibility for an award, an
1803	eligible teacher must submit to the school district, no later
1804	than October 1, an official record of his or her SAT or ACT
1805	score demonstrating that the teacher scored at or above the 80th
1806	percentile based upon the percentile ranks in effect when the
1807	teacher took the assessment. Once a teacher is deemed eligible
1808	by the school district, the teacher shall remain eligible as

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1809	long as he or she is employed by the school district and
1810	maintains or, if the teacher is a first-year teacher, earns the
1811	evaluation designation of highly effective pursuant to s.
1812	1012.34.
1813	(4) Annually, by December 1, each school district shall
1814	submit to the department the number of eligible teachers who
1815	qualify for the scholarship.
1816	(5) Annually, by February 1, the department shall disburse
1817	scholarship funds, in an amount prescribed annually by the
1818	Legislature in the General Appropriations Act, to each school
1819	district for each eligible teacher to receive a scholarship. If
1820	the number of eligible teachers exceeds the total appropriation
1821	authorized in the General Appropriation Act, the department
1822	shall prorate the per teacher scholarship amount.
1823	(6) Annually, by April 1, each school district shall
1824	provide payment of the scholarship to each eligible teacher.
1825	(7) For purposes of this section, the term "school
1826	district" includes the Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind
1827	and charter school governing boards.
1828	Section 32. Section 1012.75, Florida Statutes, is amended
1829	to read:
1830	1012.75 Liability of teacher or principal; excessive
1831	force
1832	(1) Except in the case of excessive force or cruel and
1833	unusual punishment, a teacher or other member of the
1834	instructional staff, a principal or the principal's designated
1835	representative, or a bus driver shall not be civilly or
1836	criminally liable for any action carried out in conformity with
1837	State Board of Education and district school board rules
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1838 regarding the control, discipline, suspension, and expulsion of 1839 students, including, but not limited to, any exercise of 1840 authority under s. 1003.32 or s. 1006.09.

1841 (2) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules that 1842 outline administrative standards for the use of reasonable force 1843 by school personnel to maintain a safe and orderly learning 1844 environment. Such standards shall be distributed to each school 1845 in the state and shall provide guidance to school personnel in 1846 receiving the limitations on liability specified in this 1847 section.

(3) Beginning with the 2015-2016 school year, the Department of Education shall administer an educator liability insurance program, as provided in the General Appropriation Act, to protect full-time instructional personnel from liability for monetary damages and the costs of defending actions resulting from claims made against the instructional personnel arising out of occurrences in the course of activities within the instructional personnel's professional capacity. For purposes of this subsection, the terms "full-time," "part-time," and "administrative personnel" shall be defined by the individual district school board. For purposes of this subsection, the term "instructional personnel" has the same meaning as provided in s. 1012.01(2).

1861 (a) Liability coverage of at least \$2 million shall be 1862 provided to all full-time instructional personnel. Liability 1863 coverage may be provided to the following individuals who choose 1864 to participate in the program, at cost: part-time instructional 1865 personnel, administrative personnel, and students enrolled in a 1866 state-approved teacher preparation program pursuant to s.

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1867 1012.39(3).

(b) Annually, by August 1, each district school board shall 1868 1869 notify personnel specified in paragraph (a) of the liability 1870 coverage provided pursuant to this subsection. The department 1871 shall develop the form of the notice which each district school 1872 board must use. The notice must be on an 8 1/2-inch by 5 1/2-1873 inch postcard and include the amount of coverage, a general 1874 description of the nature of the coverage, and the contact 1875 information for coverage and claims questions. The notification 1876 must be provided separately from any other correspondence. Each 1877 district school board shall certify to the department, by August 1878 5 of each year, that the notification required by this paragraph 1879 has been provided. 1880 (c) The department shall consult with the Department of 1881 Financial Services to select the most economically prudent and 1882 cost-effective means of implementing the program through self-1883 insurance, a risk management program, or competitive 1884 procurement. 1885 Section 33. (1) The State University System Performance 1886 Based Incentive shall be based on indicators of institutional 1887 attainment of performance metrics adopted by the Board of 1888 Governors. The performance-based funding metrics must include, 1889 but are not limited to, metrics that measure graduation and retention rates; degree production; affordability; 1890 1891 postgraduation employment, salaries, or further education; 1892 student loan default rates; access; and any other metrics 1893 approved by the board. 1894 (2) The Board of Governors shall evaluate the institutions' performance on the metrics based on benchmarks adopted by the 1895



1896 board which measure the achievement of institutional excellence or improvement. Each fiscal year, the amount of funds available 1897 1898 for allocation to the institutions based on the performance 1899 funding model shall consist of the state's investment in 1900 performance funding, plus an institutional investment consisting 1901 of funds to be redistributed from the base funding of the State 1902 University System, as determined in the General Appropriations 1903 Act. The institutional investment shall be restored for all 1904 institutions that meet the board's minimum performance threshold 1905 under the performance funding model. An institution that is one 1906 of the bottom three institutions or fails to meet the board's 1907 minimum performance funding threshold is not eligible for the 1908 state's investment, shall have a portion of its institutional 1909 investment withheld, and shall submit an improvement plan to the 1910 board that specifies the activities and strategies for improving 1911 the institution's performance. 1912 (3) By October 1 of each year, the Board of Governors shall submit to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the 1913 1914 Speaker of the House of Representatives a report on the previous 1915 year's performance funding allocation which reflects the 1916 rankings and award distributions. 1917 (4) The Board of Governors shall adopt a regulation to 1918 implement this section. 1919 Section 34. (1) The Florida College System Performance 1920 Based Incentive shall be based on indicators of institutional 1921 attainment of performance metrics adopted by the State Board of 1922 Education. The performance-based funding metrics must be limited 1923 to metrics that measure retention; program completion and 1924 graduation rates; student loan default rates; job placement; and

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1925 postgraduation employment, salaries, or further education. 1926 (2) The State Board of Education shall evaluate the 1927 institutions' performance on the metrics based on benchmarks 1928 adopted by the board which measure the achievement of 1929 institutional excellence or improvement. Each fiscal year, the 1930 amount of funds available for allocation to the institutions 1931 based on the performance funding model shall consist of the 1932 state's investment in performance funding, plus an institutional 1933 investment consisting of funds to be redistributed from the base 1934 funding of the Florida College System Program Fund, as 1935 determined in the General Appropriations Act. The board shall 1936 establish a minimum performance threshold that institutions must 1937 meet in order to be eligible for the state's investment in 1938 performance funds. The institutional investment shall be 1939 restored for all institutions eligible for the state's 1940 investment under the performance funding model. Any institution that fails to meet the board's minimum performance funding 1941 1942 threshold is not eligible for the state's investment, shall have 1943 a portion of its institutional investment withheld, and shall 1944 submit an improvement plan to the board that specifies the 1945 activities and strategies for improving the institution's 1946 performance. 1947 (3) The State Board of Education must review the improvement plan, and if approved, must monitor the 1948 1949 institution's progress on implementing the specified activities 1950 and strategies. The institutions shall submit monitoring reports 1951 to the board no later than December 31 and May 31 of each year. 1952 (4) The Commissioner of Education shall withhold 1953 disbursement of the institutional investment until such time as

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1954	the monitoring report for the institution is approved by the
1955	State Board of Education. Any institution that fails to make
1956	satisfactory progress will not have its full institutional
1957	investment restored. If all institutional investment funds are
1958	not restored, any remaining funds shall be redistributed in
1959	accordance with the board's performance funding model.
1960	(5) By October 1 of each year, the State Board of Education
1961	shall submit to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and
1962	the Speaker of the House of Representatives a report on the
1963	previous year's performance funding allocation which reflects
1964	the rankings and award distributions.
1965	(6) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules to
1966	implement this section.
1967	Section 35. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.
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1969	======================================
1970	And the title is amended as follows:
1971	Delete everything before the enacting clause
1972	and insert:
1973	A bill to be entitled
1974	An act relating to education; amending s. 282.0051,
1975	F.S.; requiring the Agency for State Technology to
1976	establish and publish information technology
1977	architecture standards for purposes of implementing
1978	digital classrooms by a specified date; requiring the
1979	agency to collaborate with the Department of Education
1980	and the Department of Management Services to identify
1981	certain state contract procurement options for
1982	services that support such standards and to identify

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2015 Bill No. CS for SB 948



1983 certain shared services available through the State 1984 Data Center to facilitate the implementation of school 1985 district digital classrooms plans; requiring the 1986 agency's annual assessment of the Department of 1987 Education to review specified issues with respect to 1988 school district digital classrooms plans and to 1989 provide planning assistance to address and reduce 1990 issues identified by the assessment; amending s. 1991 282.00515, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference to 1992 changes made by the act; creating s. 282.0052, F.S.; 1993 establishing requirements for the agency or a 1994 contracted organization with respect to the 1995 establishment and assessment of digital classrooms 1996 information technology architecture standards; 1997 requiring the agency or contracted organization to 1998 annually submit a report to the Governor and the 1999 Legislature; prescribing report requirements; 2000 requiring the agency to annually update the 2001 Commissioner of Education on the status of technology 2002 infrastructure; requiring the Department of Education 2003 to annually update school districts regarding 2004 compliance with information technology architecture 2005 standards and provide planning guidance; requiring a school district to take certain action in the event of 2006 2007 noncompliance with information technology architecture 2008 standards; amending s. 446.021, F.S.; revising terms; 2009 amending s. 446.032, F.S.; conforming a provision to 2010 changes made by the act; requiring the Department of Education, in collaboration with the Department of 2011



2012 Economic Opportunity, to identify, develop, and 2013 register specified apprenticeship programs; requiring 2014 the department to annually submit an accountability 2015 report with specified requirements to the Governor, 2016 the Legislature, and the Higher Education Coordinating 2017 Council; requiring the department to post on its 2018 Internet website specified information regarding 2019 apprenticeship programs; amending s. 446.045, F.S.; 2020 clarifying State Apprenticeship Advisory Council 2021 membership; amending s. 446.052, F.S.; requiring the 2022 Department of Education, in collaboration with the 2023 Department of Economic Opportunity, to identify, 2024 develop, and register specified preapprenticeship 2025 programs; requiring the department to annually submit 2026 an accountability report with specified requirements 2027 to the Governor, the Legislature, and the Higher 2028 Education Coordinating Council; requiring the 2029 department to post on its Internet website specified 2030 information regarding preapprenticeship programs; requiring the Department of Education, in 2031 2032 collaboration with the Department of Economic 2033 Opportunity and CareerSource Florida, Inc., to submit 2034 an operational report to the Governor, the 2035 Legislature, and the Higher Education Coordinating 2036 Council with specified information; providing for 2037 expiration; amending s. 446.081, F.S.; clarifying the 2038 limitations of certain provisions; amending s. 2039 446.091, F.S.; conforming a provision to a change made by the act; amending s. 446.092, F.S.; revising 2040

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2041 characteristics of an apprenticeable occupation; 2042 amending s. 1001.20, F.S.; requiring the Office of 2043 Technology and Information Services of the Department 2044 of Education to consult with the Agency for State 2045 Technology in developing the 5-year strategic plan for 2046 Florida digital classrooms; removing an obsolete date; 2047 revising requirements for the 5-year strategic plan; 2048 expanding the list of responsibilities of the Office 2049 of Technology and Information Services; amending s. 2050 1001.43, F.S.; authorizing district school boards to 2051 adopt a standard student attire policy; establishing 2052 criteria for and the purpose of the policy; providing 2053 immunity from civil liability for district school 2054 boards that implement a standard student attire policy 2055 under certain conditions; amending s. 1001.7065, F.S.; 2056 requiring a state research university to enter into 2057 and maintain a formal agreement with a specified 2058 organization to offer college-sponsored merit 2059 scholarship awards as a condition of designation as a 2060 preeminent state research university; specifying that 2061 continuation of a state research university's 2062 institute for online learning is contingent on the 2063 university entering into and maintaining such an 2064 agreement; conforming provisions to changes made by 2065 the act; amending s. 1003.42, F.S.; requiring that 2066 instructional staff of public schools provide 2067 instruction to students about the terrorist attacks 2068 occurring on September 11, 2001, and the impact of those events; providing a short title; creating s. 2069

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2070 1004.084, F.S.; requiring the Board of Governors and 2071 the State Board of Education to identify strategies 2072 and initiatives to reduce the cost of higher 2073 education; requiring the Board of Governors and the 2074 state board to annually submit a report to the 2075 Governor and the Legislature; amending s. 1004.085, 2076 F.S.; defining the term "instructional materials"; 2077 revising policies and procedures relating to 2078 textbooks; requiring a public postsecondary 2079 institution to post information relating to required 2080 and recommended textbooks and instructional materials 2081 and prices in its course registration system and on 2082 its website; requiring the state board and the Board 2083 of Governors to adopt textbook and instructional 2084 materials affordability policies, procedures, and 2085 quidelines; providing requirements for the use of 2086 adopted undergraduate textbooks and instructional 2087 materials; requiring annual reporting of textbook and instructional materials cost information and 2088 2089 affordability policies and procedures to the 2090 Chancellor of the Florida College System or the 2091 Chancellor of the State University System; requiring 2092 electronic copies of the affordability policies and 2093 procedures be sent annually to the state board or the 2094 Board of Governors; amending s. 1004.92, F.S.; 2095 requiring the State Board of Education to adopt rules 2096 relating to accountability for career education; 2097 amending s. 1006.735, F.S.; establishing the Rapid 2098 Response Education and Training Program within the

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2099 Complete Florida Plus Program; requiring the Complete 2100 Florida Plus Program to work with Enterprise Florida, 2101 Inc., to offer credible education and training 2102 commitments to businesses; specifying the duties of 2103 the Rapid Response Education and Training Program; 2104 requiring reports to the Legislature; requiring the 2105 Division of Career and Adult Education within the 2106 Department of Education to conduct an analysis and 2107 assessment of the effectiveness of the education and training programs; amending s. 1009.22, F.S.; revising 2108 2109 the amount tuition may vary for the combined total of 2110 the standard tuition and out-of-state fees; amending 2111 s. 1009.23, F.S.; prohibiting resident tuition at a 2112 Florida College System institution from exceeding a 2113 specified amount per credit hour; revising the amount 2114 tuition may vary for the combined total of the 2115 standard tuition and out-of-state fees; requiring a 2116 Florida College System institution to publicly notice 2117 meetings at which votes on proposed tuition or fee 2118 increases are scheduled; amending s. 1009.24, F.S.; 2119 prohibiting resident undergraduate tuition at a state 2120 university from exceeding a specified amount per 2121 credit hour; removing authority for a designee of the 2122 Board of Governors to establish graduate and 2123 professional tuition and out-of-state fees; 2124 prohibiting graduate and professional program tuition 2125 from exceeding a specified amount; requiring a state 2126 university to publicly notice meetings at which votes 2127 on proposed tuition or fee increases are scheduled;



2128 amending s. 1009.893, F.S., changing the name of the 2129 "Florida National Merit Scholar Incentive Program" to 2130 the "Benacquisto Scholarship Program"; providing that 2131 a student who receives the scholarship award under the 2132 program be referred to as a Benacquisto Scholar; 2133 conforming provisions to changes made by the act; 2134 amending s. 1011.62, F.S.; requiring supplemental 2135 academic instruction categorical funds and research-2136 based reading instruction allocation funds to be used 2137 by a school district with at least one of certain 2138 lowest-performing elementary schools for additional 2139 intensive reading instruction at such school during 2140 the summer program in addition to the school year; 2141 providing that the additional instruction requirements 2142 continue in the subsequent year for certain students; 2143 revising the funding of full-time equivalent values 2144 for students who earn CAPE industry certifications 2145 through dual enrollment; increasing the bonus awarded 2146 to teachers who provided instruction in courses that 2147 led to certain CAPE industry certifications; 2148 specifying a maximum bonus amount per teacher per 2149 school year; revising the calculation of the 2150 discretionary millage compression supplement amount; 2151 revising the computation of district sparsity index 2152 for districts with a specified full-time equivalent 2153 student membership; deleting obsolete language; 2154 revising the calculation of the virtual education 2155 contribution; revising the date by which district 2156 school boards must annually submit a digital

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2157 classrooms plan to the Department of Education; requiring the department to contract with an 2158 2159 independent auditing entity in the event of 2160 noncompliance with minimum protocols and requirements 2161 in the administration of online assessments; requiring 2162 a charter school to submit the school's digital 2163 classrooms plan to the applicable school district; 2164 specifying required format for the plan; specifying 2165 conditions for a school district to maintain eligibility for Florida digital classrooms allocation 2166 2167 funds; requiring the Commissioner of Education to 2168 implement an online portal for electronic submission 2169 of digital classrooms plans by a specified date; 2170 requiring a charter school to annually report to the 2171 department regarding the use of specified funds; 2172 revising requirements for the commissioner's annual report to the Governor and the Legislature regarding 2173 the digital classrooms plan; creating a federally 2174 2175 connected student supplement for school districts; 2176 specifying eligibility requirements and calculations 2177 for the supplement; providing for the withholding of a 2178 district's safe schools funding for failure to comply 2179 with certain reporting requirements with respect to 2180 school safety and student discipline; amending s. 2181 1011.71, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; 2182 authorizing enterprise resource software to be 2183 acquired by certain fees and agreements; creating s. 2184 1011.802, F.S.; creating the Florida Apprenticeship 2185 Grant Program within the Department of Education to



2186 provide grants to specific centers and institutions 2187 for the creation of new apprenticeship programs or the 2188 expansion of existing apprenticeship programs; 2189 providing funding for the program; providing 2190 requirements related to applications, program 2191 priority, use of grant funds, and quarterly reports; 2192 amending ss. 1012.34 and 1012.3401, F.S.; requiring 2193 that classroom teacher performance evaluations be 2194 based upon the performance of students with fewer than 2195 a specified number of absences; amending s. 1012.39, 2196 F.S.; providing requirements regarding liability 2197 insurance for students performing clinical field 2198 experience; amending s. 1012.71, F.S.; requiring a 2199 classroom teacher to provide the school district with 2200 receipts for the expenditure of certain funds; 2201 creating s. 1012.731, F.S.; providing legislative 2202 intent; establishing the Florida Best and Brightest 2203 Teacher Scholarship Program; providing eligibility 2204 criteria; requiring a school district to annually 2205 submit the number of eligible teachers to the 2206 department; providing for funding and the disbursement 2207 of funds; defining the term "school district" for 2208 purposes of the act; amending s. 1012.75, F.S.; 2209 requiring the department to administer an educator 2210 liability insurance program; defining terms; 2211 specifying program administration and eligibility 2212 requirements; requiring the Board of Governors and the 2213 State Board of Education to base state performance 2214 funds for the State University System and the Florida



2215 College System, respectively, on specified metrics 2216 adopted by each board; specifying allocation of the 2217 funds; requiring certain funds to be withheld from an 2218 institution based on specified performance; requiring 2219 the boards to submit reports by a specified time to 2220 the Governor and the Legislature; requiring the boards 2221 to adopt rules; providing an effective date.



LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate House • Comm: WD 04/10/2015 Appropriations Subcommittee on Education (Legg) recommended the following: Senate Amendment to Amendment (449092) (with title amendment) Delete lines 639 - 655. And the title is amended as follows: Delete lines 2065 - 2069

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the act; creating s.

and insert:

By the Committee on Higher Education; and Senator Gaetz

589-02765A-15 2015948c1 1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to education; amending s. 446.021, F.S.; revising terms; amending s. 446.032, F.S.; 3 conforming a provision to a change made by the act; amending s. 446.045, F.S.; clarifying State Apprenticeship Advisory Council membership; amending s. 446.081, F.S.; clarifying the limitations of certain provisions; amending s. 446.091, F.S.; ç conforming a provision to a change made by the act; 10 amending s. 446.092, F.S.; revising characteristics of 11 an apprenticeable occupation; amending s. 1011.62, 12 F.S.; requiring a low-performing elementary school to 13 administer the required additional hours of 14 instruction in a summer program during specified 15 fiscal years; requiring a school to continue to 16 provide the additional instruction to certain students 17 in the subsequent year if the school is no longer 18 classified as one of the 300 lowest-performing 19 elementary schools; revising the types and amounts of 20 bonuses that a teacher may receive in any given school 21 year; revising the discretionary millage compression 22 supplement; revising a district sparsity index 23 calculation; deleting obsolete language; revising the 24 virtual education contribution calculation; creating 2.5 the federally connected student supplement; providing 26 eligibility requirements for and components of the 27 supplement; amending s. 1011.71, F.S.; conforming a 28 cross-reference; amending s. 1004.92, F.S.; requiring 29 the State Board of Education to adopt rules for Page 1 of 33 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

589-02765A-15 2015948c1 30 administration; amending s. 1006.735, F.S.; 31 establishing the Rapid Response Education and Training 32 Program within the Complete Florida Plus Program; 33 requiring the Complete Florida Plus Program to work 34 with Enterprise Florida, Inc., to offer education and 35 training programs to businesses' employees; specifying 36 the duties of the Rapid Response Education and 37 Training Program; requiring reports to the 38 Legislature; requiring the Division of Career and 39 Adult Education within the Department of Education to 40 conduct an analysis and assessment of the 41 effectiveness of the education and training programs; amending s. 1001.7065, F.S.; requiring a state 42 43 research university to enter into and maintain a 44 formal agreement with a specified organization to 45 offer college-sponsored merit scholarship awards as a 46 condition of designation as a preeminent state 47 research university; specifying that continuation of a 48 state research university's institute for online 49 learning is contingent on the university entering into 50 and maintaining such an agreement; requiring the Board 51 of Governors and the State Board of Education to base 52 state performance funds for the State University 53 System and the Florida College System on specified 54 metrics adopted by each board; specifying allocation 55 of the funds; requiring the Chancellor of the State 56 University System and the Commissioner of Education to 57 withhold disbursement of certain funds; requiring the 58 boards to submit reports by a specified time to the Page 2 of 33

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ecialist, or other skilled worker who has documented
fficient skills and knowledge of an occupation, through form
prenticeship, attainment of a nationally recognized industry
rtification, or through practical, on-the-job experience or
rmal training a person working in an apprenticeable occupat:
has successfully completed a registered apprenticeship
ogram or who has worked the number of years required by
cablished industry practices for the particular trade or
cupation.
(9) "Related instruction" means an organized and systematic
rm of instruction designed to provide the apprentice with
owledge of the theoretical and technical subjects related to
ecific trade or occupation. Such instruction may be given in
assroom, through occupational or industrial courses, or by
rrespondence courses of equivalent value, including electron
dia or other forms of self-study instruction approved by the
partment.
Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 446.032, Florida
atutes, is amended to read:
446.032 General duties of the department for apprentices
ainingThe department shall:
(1) Establish uniform minimum standards and policies
verning apprentice programs and agreements. The standards as
licies shall govern the terms and conditions of the
prentice's employment and training, including the quality
aining of the apprentice for, but not limited to, such matte
ratios of apprentices to journeyworkers journeymen, safety,
lated instruction, and on-the-job training; but these
andards and policies may not include rules, standards, or
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117	guidelines that require the use of apprentices and job	
118	on state, county, or municipal contracts. The departme	
119	adopt rules necessary to administer the standards and	-
120	Section 3. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of sec	
121	446.045, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:	C1011
122	446.045 State Apprenticeship Advisory Council	
123	(2)	
124	(b) The Commissioner of Education or the commissi	oner's
125	designee shall serve ex officio as chair of the State	
126	Apprenticeship Advisory Council, but may not vote. The	state
127	director of the Office of Apprenticeship of the United	
128	Department of Labor shall serve ex officio as a nonvot	
129	of the council. The Governor shall appoint to the coun	5
130	members representing employee organizations and four m	
31	representing employer organizations. Each of these eig	
132	shall represent industries that have registered appren	
133	programs. The Governor shall also appoint two public m	-
134	are knowledgeable about registered apprenticeship and	
135	apprenticeable occupations, who are independent of any	joint or
136	nonjoint organization one of whom shall be recommended	
137	organizations, and one of whom shall be recommended by	1 2
138	organizations. Members shall be appointed for 4-year s	5
139	terms. A vacancy shall be filled for the remainder of	
140	unexpired term.	
141	Section 4. Subsection (4) is added to section 446	.081,
142	Florida Statutes, to read:	
143	446.081 Limitation	
144	(4) Nothing in ss. 446.011-446.092 or the impleme	nting
145	rules in these sections shall operate to invalidate an	
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175	(3) It involves manual, mechanical, or technical skills and	204 1011.62 Funds for operation of schoolsIf the annual
176	knowledge which, in accordance with the industry standard for	205 allocation from the Florida Education Finance Program to eac
177	the occupation, requires require a minimum of 2,000 hours of on-	206 district for operation of schools is not determined in the
178	the-job work and training, which hours are excluded from the	207 annual appropriations act or the substantive bill implementi
179	time spent at related instruction.	208 the annual appropriations act, it shall be determined as
180	(4) It requires related instruction to supplement on-the-	209 follows:
181	job training. Such instruction may be given in a classroom,	210 (1) COMPUTATION OF THE BASIC AMOUNT TO BE INCLUDED FOR
182	through occupational or industrial courses, or through	211 OPERATIONThe following procedure shall be followed in
183	correspondence courses of equivalent value, including electronic	212 determining the annual allocation to each district for
184	media or other forms of self-study instruction approved by the	213 operation:
185	department.	214 (f) Supplemental academic instruction; categorical fund
186	(5) It involves the development of skill sufficiently broad	215 1. There is created a categorical fund to provide
187	to be applicable in like occupations throughout an industry,	216 supplemental academic instruction to students in kindergarte
188	rather than of restricted application to the products or	217 through grade 12. This paragraph may be cited as the
189	services of any one company.	218 "Supplemental Academic Instruction Categorical Fund."
190	(6) It does not fall into any of the following categories:	219 2. Categorical funds for supplemental academic instruct
191	(a) Selling, retailing, or similar occupations in the	220 shall be allocated annually to each school district in the
192	distributive field.	221 amount provided in the General Appropriations Act. These fun
193	(b) Managerial occupations.	222 shall be in addition to the funds appropriated on the basis
194	(c) Professional and scientific vocations for which	223 FTE student membership in the Florida Education Finance Prog
195	entrance requirements customarily require an academic degree.	224 and shall be included in the total potential funds of each
196	Section 7. Paragraphs (f) and (o) of subsection (1),	225 district. These funds shall be used to provide supplemental
197	paragraph (a) of subsection (4), subsection (5), paragraph (b)	226 academic instruction to students enrolled in the K-12 progra
198	of subsection (7), paragraph (a) of subsection (9), subsection	227 For the 2014-2015, 2015-2016, 2016-2017, and 2017-2018 fisca
199	(11), and subsection (13) of section 1011.62, Florida Statutes,	228 years year, each school district that has one or more of the
200	are amended, present subsections (13), (14), and (15) of that	229 lowest-performing elementary schools based on the state read
201	section are redesignated as subsections (14), (15), and (16),	230 assessment shall use these funds, together with the funds
202	respectively, and a new subsection (13) is added to that	231 provided in the district's research-based reading instructio
203	section, to read:	232 allocation and other available funds, to provide an addition
	Page 7 of 33	Page 8 of 33
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589-02765A-15 2015948c1 233 hour of instruction beyond the normal school day for each day of 234 the entire school year, and provide the equivalent hours of 235 instruction in a summer program, for intensive reading 236 instruction for the students in each of these schools. In the 237 subsequent year, if a participating school is no longer classified as one of the 300 lowest-performing elementary 238 239 schools, the school must continue to provide the additional hour 240 of instruction to all students who have Level 1 or Level 2 241 reading assessment scores. This additional hour of instruction 242 must be provided by teachers or reading specialists who are 243 effective in teaching reading or by a K-5 mentoring reading 244 program that is supervised by a teacher who is effective at 245 teaching reading. Students enrolled in these schools who have 246 level 5 assessment scores may participate in the additional hour 247 of instruction on an optional basis. Exceptional student 248 education centers may shall not be included in the 300 schools. 249 After this requirement has been met, supplemental instruction 250 strategies may include, but are not limited to: modified 251 curriculum, reading instruction, after-school instruction, 252 tutoring, mentoring, class size reduction, extended school year, 253 intensive skills development in summer school, and other methods for improving student achievement. Supplemental instruction may 254 255 be provided to a student in any manner and at any time during or 256 beyond the regular 180-day term identified by the school as 257 being the most effective and efficient way to best help that 258 student progress from grade to grade and to graduate. 259 3. Effective with the 1999-2000 fiscal year, funding on the 260 basis of FTE membership beyond the 180-day regular term shall be provided in the FEFP only for students enrolled in juvenile 261 Page 9 of 33

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262	justice education programs or in education programs for
263	juveniles placed in secure facilities or programs under s.
264	985.19. Funding for instruction beyond the regular 180-day
265	school year for all other K-12 students shall be provided
266	through the supplemental academic instruction categorical fund
267	and other state, federal, and local fund sources with ample
268	flexibility for schools to provide supplemental instruction to
269	assist students in progressing from grade to grade and
270	graduating.
271	4. The Florida State University School, as a lab school, is
272	authorized to expend from its FEFP or Lottery Enhancement Trust
273	Fund allocation the cost to the student of remediation in
274	reading, writing, or mathematics for any graduate who requires
275	remediation at a postsecondary educational institution.
276	5. Beginning in the 1999-2000 school year, dropout
277	prevention programs as defined in ss. 1003.52, 1003.53(1)(a),
278	(b), and (c), and 1003.54 shall be included in group 1 programs
279	under subparagraph (d)3.
280	(o) Calculation of additional full-time equivalent
281	membership based on successful completion of a career-themed
282	course pursuant to ss. 1003.491, 1003.492, and 1003.493, or
283	courses with embedded CAPE industry certifications or CAPE
284	Digital Tool certificates, and issuance of industry
285	certification identified on the CAPE Industry Certification
286	Funding List pursuant to rules adopted by the State Board of
287	Education or CAPE Digital Tool certificates pursuant to s.
288	1003.4203
289	1.a. A value of 0.025 full-time equivalent student
290	membership shall be calculated for CAPE Digital Tool

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291 certificates earned by students in elementary and middle school 292 grades.

293 b. A value of 0.1 or 0.2 full-time equivalent student 294 membership shall be calculated for each student who completes a course as defined in s. 1003.493(1)(b) or courses with embedded 295 296 CAPE industry certifications and who is issued an industry 297 certification identified annually on the CAPE Industry 298 Certification Funding List approved under rules adopted by the 299 State Board of Education. A value of 0.2 full-time equivalent 300 membership shall be calculated for each student who is issued a 301 CAPE industry certification that has a statewide articulation 302 agreement for college credit approved by the State Board of 303 Education. For CAPE industry certifications that do not articulate for college credit, the Department of Education shall 304 305 assign a full-time equivalent value of 0.1 for each 306 certification. Middle grades students who earn additional FTE 307 membership for a CAPE Digital Tool certificate pursuant to sub-308 subparagraph a. may not use the previously funded examination to 309 satisfy the requirements for earning an industry certification 310 under this sub-subparagraph. Additional FTE membership for an 311 elementary or middle grades student may shall not exceed 0.1 for 312 certificates or certifications earned within the same fiscal 313 year. The State Board of Education shall include the assigned 314 values on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List under 315 rules adopted by the state board. Such value shall be added to 316 the total full-time equivalent student membership for grades 6 317 through 12 in the subsequent year for courses that were not 318 provided through dual enrollment. CAPE industry certifications 319 earned through dual enrollment must be reported and funded

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589-02765A-15 pursuant to s. 1011.80. <u>However, if a student earns a</u> certification through a dual enrollment course and the certification is not a fundable certification on the postsocondary cortification funding list or the dual.

- 323 postsecondary certification funding list, or the dual enrollment
- 324 certification is earned as a result of an agreement between a
- 325 school district and a nonpublic postsecondary institution, the
- 326 bonus value shall be funded in the same manner as for other
- 327 <u>nondual enrollment course industry certifications. In such</u>
- 328 cases, the school district may provide for an agreement between
- 329 the high school and the technical center, or the school district
- and the postsecondary institution may enter into an agreement
- 331 for equitable distribution of the bonus funds.
- 332 c. A value of 0.3 full-time equivalent student membership
- 333 shall be calculated for student completion of the courses and
- 334 the embedded certifications identified on the CAPE Industry
- 335 Certification Funding List and approved by the commissioner
- 336 pursuant to ss. 1003.4203(5)(a) and 1008.44.
- d. A value of 0.5 full-time equivalent student membership
- 338 shall be calculated for CAPE Acceleration Industry
- 339 Certifications that articulate for 15 to 29 college credit
- 340 hours, and 1.0 full-time equivalent student membership shall be
- 341 calculated for CAPE Acceleration Industry Certifications that
- 342 articulate for 30 or more college credit hours pursuant to CAPE
- 343 Acceleration Industry Certifications approved by the
- 344 commissioner pursuant to ss. 1003.4203(5)(b) and 1008.44.
- 345 2. Each district must allocate at least 80 percent of the
- 346 funds provided for CAPE industry certification, in accordance
- 347 with this paragraph, to the program that generated the funds.
- 348 This allocation may not be used to supplant funds provided for

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basic operation of the program.	378	associated weight of a CAPE industry certification on the CAPE
3. For CAPE industry certifications earned in the 2013-2014	379	Industry Certification Funding List for the year in which the
school year and in subsequent years, the school district shall	380	certification is earned by the student. Any bonus awarded to a
distribute to each classroom teacher who provided direct	381	teacher under sub-subparagraph 3.a. or sub-subparagraph 3.b.
instruction toward the attainment of a CAPE industry	382	this paragraph may not exceed \$2,000 in any given school year,
certification that qualified for additional full-time equivalent	383	and a bonus awarded to a teacher under sub-subparagraph 3.c. or
membership under subparagraph 1.:	384	sub-subparagraph 3.d. may not exceed \$4,000 in a given school
a. A bonus in the amount of \$25 for each student taught by	385	year. The maximum bonus that may be awarded to a teacher under
a teacher who provided instruction in a course that led to the	386	this paragraph is \$4,000. This bonus and is in addition to any
attainment of a CAPE industry certification on the CAPE Industry	387	regular wage or other bonus the teacher received or is scheduled
Certification Funding List with a weight of 0.1.	388	to receive.
b. A bonus in the amount of \$50 for each student taught by	389	(4) COMPUTATION OF DISTRICT REQUIRED LOCAL EFFORTThe
a teacher who provided instruction in a course that led to the	390	Legislature shall prescribe the aggregate required local effort
attainment of a CAPE industry certification on the CAPE Industry	391	for all school districts collectively as an item in the General
Certification Funding List with a weight of 0.2 , 0.3, 0.5, and	392	Appropriations Act for each fiscal year. The amount that each
1.0 .	393	district shall provide annually toward the cost of the Florida
c. A bonus in the amount of \$75 for each student taught by	394	Education Finance Program for kindergarten through grade 12
a teacher who provided instruction in a course that led to the	395	programs shall be calculated as follows:
attainment of a CAPE industry certification on the CAPE Industry	396	(a) Estimated taxable value calculations
Certification Funding List with a weight of 0.3.	397	1.a. Not later than 2 working days prior to July 19, the
d. A bonus in the amount of \$100 for each student taught by	398	Department of Revenue shall certify to the Commissioner of
a teacher who provided instruction in a course that led to the	399	Education its most recent estimate of the taxable value for
attainment of a CAPE industry certification on the CAPE Industry	400	school purposes in each school district and the total for all
Certification Funding List with a weight of 0.5 or 1.0.	401	school districts in the state for the current calendar year
	402	based on the latest available data obtained from the local
Bonuses awarded pursuant to this paragraph shall be provided to	403	property appraisers. The value certified shall be the taxable
teachers who are employed by the district in the year in which	404	value for school purposes for that year, and no further
the additional FTE membership calculation is included in the	405	adjustments shall be made, except those made pursuant to
calculation. Bonuses shall be calculated based upon the	406	paragraphs (c) and (d), or an assessment roll change required by
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final judicial decisions as specified in paragraph (15)(b)		436	1.a.
(14)(b). Not later than July 19, the Commissioner of Education		437	b. For each year identified in sub-subparagraph a., the
shall compute a millage rate, rounded to the next highest one		438	taxable value certified by the appraiser pursuant to s.
one-thousandth of a mill, which, when applied to 96 percent of		439	193.122(2) or (3), if applicable, since the prior certification
the estimated state total taxable value for school purposes,		440	under sub-subparagraph 1.a. This is the certification that
would generate the prescribed aggregate required local effort		441	reflects all final administrative actions of the value
for that year for all districts. The Commissioner of Education		442	adjustment board.
shall certify to each district school board the millage rate,		443	(5) DISCRETIONARY MILLAGE COMPRESSION SUPPLEMENTThe
computed as prescribed in this subparagraph, as the minimum		444	Legislature shall prescribe in the General Appropriations Act,
millage rate necessary to provide the district required local		445	pursuant to s. 1011.71(1), the rate of nonvoted current
effort for that year.		446	operating discretionary millage that shall be used to calculate
b. The General Appropriations Act shall direct the		447	a discretionary millage compression supplement. If the
computation of the statewide adjusted aggregate amount for		448	prescribed millage generates an amount of funds per unweighted
required local effort for all school districts collectively from		449	FTE for the district that is less than $\underline{105 \text{ percent of}}$ the state
ad valorem taxes to ensure that no school district's revenue		450	average, the district shall receive an amount per FTE that, when
from required local effort millage will produce more than 90		451	added to the funds per FTE generated by the designated levy,
percent of the district's total Florida Education Finance		452	shall equal 105 percent of the state average.
Program calculation as calculated and adopted by the		453	(7) DETERMINATION OF SPARSITY SUPPLEMENT
Legislature, and the adjustment of the required local effort		454	(b) The district sparsity index shall be computed by
millage rate of each district that produces more than 90 percent		455	dividing the total number of full-time equivalent students in
of its total Florida Education Finance Program entitlement to a		456	all programs in the district by the number of senior high school
level that will produce only 90 percent of its total Florida		457	centers in the district, not in excess of three, which centers
Education Finance Program entitlement in the July calculation.		458	are approved as permanent centers by a survey made by the
2. On the same date as the certification in sub-		459	Department of Education. In districts with a full-time
subparagraph 1.a., the Department of Revenue shall certify to		460	equivalent student membership of at least 20,000, but no more
the Commissioner of Education for each district:		461	than 24,000, the index shall be computed by dividing the total
a. Each year for which the property appraiser has certified		462	number of full-time equivalent students in all programs by the
the taxable value pursuant to s. $193.122(2)$ or $(3),$ if		463	number of permanent senior high school centers in the district,
applicable, since the prior certification under sub-subparagraph		464	not to exceed four.
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589-02765A-15 2015948c1 465 (9) RESEARCH-BASED READING INSTRUCTION ALLOCATION.-466 (a) The research-based reading instruction allocation is 467 created to provide comprehensive reading instruction to students 468 in kindergarten through grade 12. For the 2014-2015, 2015-2016, 469 2016-2017, and 2017-2018 fiscal years year, in each school 470 district that has one or more of the 300 lowest-performing 471 elementary schools based on the state reading assessment, 472 priority shall be given to providing an additional hour per day 473 of intensive reading instruction beyond the normal school day 474 for each day of the entire school year, and provide the 475 equivalent hours of instruction in a summer program, for the 476 students in each school. In the subsequent year, if a participating school is no longer classified as one of the 300 477 478 lowest-performing elementary schools, the school must continue 479 to provide the additional hour of instruction to all students 480 who have Level 1 or Level 2 reading assessment scores. Students 481 enrolled in these schools who have level 5 assessment scores may 482 participate in the additional hour of instruction on an optional 483 basis. Exceptional student education centers may shall not be 484 included in the 300 schools. The intensive reading instruction 485 delivered in this additional hour and for other students shall 486 include: research-based reading instruction that has been proven 487 to accelerate progress of students exhibiting a reading 488 deficiency; differentiated instruction based on student 489 assessment data to meet students' specific reading needs; 490 explicit and systematic reading development in phonemic 491 awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension, with 492 more extensive opportunities for guided practice, error 493 correction, and feedback; and the integration of social studies, Page 17 of 33

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494	science, and mathematics-text reading, text discussion, and
495	writing in response to reading. For the 2012-2013 and 2013-2014
496	fiscal years, a school district may not hire more reading
490	coaches than were hired during the 2011-2012 fiscal year unless
498	all students in kindergarten through grade 5 who demonstrate a
499	reading deficiency, as determined by district and state
500	assessments, including students scoring Level 1 or Level 2 on
501	the statewide, standardized reading assessment or, upon
502	implementation, the English Language Arts assessment, are
503	provided an additional hour per day of intensive reading
504	instruction beyond the normal school day for each day of the
505	entire school year.
506	(11) VIRTUAL EDUCATION CONTRIBUTIONThe Legislature may
507	annually provide in the Florida Education Finance Program a
508	virtual education contribution. The amount of the virtual
509	education contribution shall be the difference between the
510	amount per FTE established in the General Appropriations Act for
511	virtual education and the amount per FTE for each district and
512	the Florida Virtual School, which may be calculated by taking
513	the sum of the base FEFP allocation, the declining enrollment
514	supplement, the discretionary local effort, the state-funded
515	discretionary contribution, the discretionary millage
516	compression supplement, the research-based reading instruction
517	allocation, the ESE guaranteed allocation, and the instructional
518	materials allocation, and then dividing by the total unweighted
519	FTE. This difference shall be multiplied by the virtual
520	education unweighted FTE for programs and options identified in
521	s. 1002.455(3) and the Florida Virtual School and its franchises
522	to equal the virtual education contribution and shall be

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523	included as a separate allocation in the funding formula.
524	(13) FEDERALLY CONNECTED STUDENT SUPPLEMENTThe federally
525	connected student supplement is created to provide supplemental
526	funding for school districts to support the education of
527	students connected with federally owned military installations,
528	National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) property,
529	and Indian lands. To be eligible for this supplement, the
530	district must also be eligible for federal Impact Aid program
531	funds pursuant to Title VIII of the Elementary and Secondary
532	Education Act of 1965. The supplement shall be the sum of the
533	student allocation and an exempt property allocation.
534	(a) The student allocation shall be calculated based on the
535	number of students reported for federal Impact Aid program
536	funds, including students with disabilities, who meet one of the
537	following criteria:
538	1. Resides with a parent who is on active duty in the
539	uniformed services or is an accredited foreign government
640	official and military officer. Students with disabilities shall
41	also be reported separately for this condition.
42	2. Resides on eligible federally owned Indian lands.
543	Students with disabilities shall also be reported separately for
544	this condition.
545	3. Resides with a civilian parent who lives or works on
546	eligible federal property connected with a military installation
547	or NASA. The number of these students shall be multiplied by a
548	factor of 0.5.
549	(b) The total number of federally connected students
550	calculated under paragraph (a) shall be multiplied by a
551	percentage of the base student allocation as provided in the
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552	General Appropriations Act. The total of the number of students
553	with disabilities as reported separately under subparagraphs
554	(a)1. and (a)2. shall be multiplied by an additional percentage
555	of the base student allocation as provided in the General
556	Appropriations Act. The base amount and the students-with-
557	disabilities amount shall be summed to provide the student
558	allocation.
559	(c) The exempt-property allocation shall be equal to the
560	tax-exempt value of federal Impact Aid lands reserved as
561	military installations, real property owned by NASA, or eligible
562	federally owned Indian lands located in the district, as of
563	January 1 of the previous year, multiplied by the millage
564	authorized and levied under s. 1011.71(2).
565	(14) (13) QUALITY ASSURANCE GUARANTEE The Legislature may
566	annually in the General Appropriations Act determine a
567	percentage increase in funds per K-12 unweighted FTE as a
568	minimum guarantee to each school district. The guarantee shall
569	be calculated from prior year base funding per unweighted FTE
570	student which shall include the adjusted FTE dollars as provided
571	in subsection (15) (14) , quality guarantee funds, and actual
572	nonvoted discretionary local effort from taxes. From the base
573	funding per unweighted FTE, the increase shall be calculated for
574	the current year. The current year funds from which the
575	guarantee shall be determined shall include the adjusted FTE
576	dollars as provided in subsection (15) (14) and potential
577	nonvoted discretionary local effort from taxes. A comparison of
578	current year funds per unweighted FTE to prior year funds per
579	unweighted FTE shall be computed. For those school districts
580	which have less than the legislatively assigned percentage
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31	increase, funds shall be provided to guarantee the assigned		610	(b) Department of Education accountability for career
32	percentage increase in funds per unweighted FTE student. Should		611	education includes, but is not limited to:
33	appropriated funds be less than the sum of this calculated		612	1. The provision of timely, accurate technical assistance
34	amount for all districts, the commissioner shall prorate each		613	to school districts and Florida College System institutions.
35	district's allocation. This provision shall be implemented to		614	2. The provision of timely, accurate information to the
36	the extent specifically funded.		615	State Board of Education, the Legislature, and the public.
37	Section 8. Subsection (1) of section 1011.71, Florida		616	3. The development of policies, rules, and procedures that
38	Statutes, is amended to read:		617	facilitate institutional attainment of the accountability
39	1011.71 District school tax		618	standards and coordinate the efforts of all divisions within the
90	(1) If the district school tax is not provided in the		619	department.
91	General Appropriations Act or the substantive bill implementing		620	4. The development of program standards and industry-driven
92	the General Appropriations Act, each district school board		621	benchmarks for career, adult, and community education programs,
93	desiring to participate in the state allocation of funds for		622	which must be updated every 3 years. The standards must include
94	current operation as prescribed by <u>s. 1011.62(15)</u> s. 1011.62(14)		623	career, academic, and workplace skills; viability of distance
95	shall levy on the taxable value for school purposes of the		624	learning for instruction; and work/learn cycles that are
96	district, exclusive of millage voted under the provisions of s.		625	responsive to business and industry; and reflect the quality
97	9(b) or s. 12, Art. VII of the State Constitution, a millage		626	components of a career and technical education program. The
98	rate not to exceed the amount certified by the commissioner as		627	State Board of Education shall adopt rules to administer this
99	the minimum millage rate necessary to provide the district		628	section.
00	required local effort for the current year, pursuant to s.		629	5. Overseeing school district and Florida College System
01	1011.62(4)(a)1. In addition to the required local effort millage		630	institution compliance with the provisions of this chapter.
)2	levy, each district school board may levy a nonvoted current		631	6. Ensuring that the educational outcomes for the technical
3	operating discretionary millage. The Legislature shall prescribe		632	component of career programs are uniform and designed to provide
)4	annually in the appropriations act the maximum amount of millage		633	a graduate who is capable of entering the workforce on an
)5	a district may levy.		634	equally competitive basis regardless of the institution of
06	Section 9. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section		635	choice.
)7	1004.92, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:		636	Section 10. Present subsections (5) and (6) of section
8(1004.92 Purpose and responsibilities for career education		637	1006.735, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (6)
9	(2)		638	and (7), respectively, and a new subsection (5) is added to that
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section, to read:	668	6. Survey employers after completion of an education and
1006.735 Complete Florida Plus ProgramThe Complete	669	training program to ascertain the effectiveness of the program.
Florida Plus Program is created at the University of West	670	(b) The Division of Career and Adult Education within the
Florida.	671	Department of Education shall conduct an analysis and assessment
(5) RAPID RESPONSE EDUCATION AND TRAINING PROGRAMThe	672	of the effectiveness of the education and training programs
Rapid Response Education and Training Program is established	673	under this section in meeting labor market and occupational
within the Complete Florida Plus Program. Under the Rapid	674	trends and gaps.
Response Education and Training Program, the Complete Florida	675	Section 11. Subsections (3) and (4) of section 1001.7065,
Plus Program shall work directly with Enterprise Florida, Inc.,	676	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
in project-specific industry recruitment and retention efforts	677	1001.7065 Preeminent state research universities program
to offer education and training programs to businesses'	678	(3) PREEMINENT STATE RESEARCH UNIVERSITY DESIGNATIONThe
employees.	679	Board of Governors shall designate each state research
(a) The Rapid Response Education and Training Program must:	680	university that meets at least 11 of the 12 academic and
1. Issue challenge grants through requests for proposals	681	research excellence standards identified in subsection (2) \underline{and}
that are open to all education and training providers, public or	682	that enters into and maintains a formal agreement with the
private. These grants match state funding with education and	683	National Merit Scholarship Corporation to offer college-
training provider funds to implement particular education and	684	sponsored merit scholarship awards a preeminent state research
training programs.	685	university.
2. Generate periodic reports from an independent forensic	686	(4) PREEMINENT STATE RESEARCH UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE FOR
accounting or auditing entity to ensure transparency of the	687	ONLINE LEARNINGA state research university that, as of July 1,
program. These periodic reports must be submitted to the	688	2013, $\underline{\text{met}}$ meets all 12 of the academic and research excellence
President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of	689	standards identified in subsection (2), as verified by the Board
Representatives.	690	of Governors, shall establish an institute for online learning.
3. Keep administrative costs to a minimum through the use	691	Continuation of the institute for online learning is contingent
of existing organizational structures.	692	upon a state research university entering into and maintaining a
4. Work directly with businesses to recruit individuals for	693	formal agreement with the National Merit Scholarship Corporation
education and training.	694	to offer college-sponsored merit scholarship awards. The
5. Be able to terminate an education and training program	695	institute shall establish a robust offering of high-quality,
by giving 30 days' notice.	696	fully online baccalaureate degree programs at an affordable cost
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in accordance with this subsection.		72	(e) A majority of the advisory board shall constitute a
(a) By August 1, 2013, the Board of Governors sh	nall convene	72	quorum, elect the chair, and appoint an executive director.
an advisory board to support the development of high-	-quality,	72	(f) By September 1, 2013, the university shall submit to
fully online baccalaureate degree programs at the unit	iversity.	72	the advisory board a comprehensive plan to expand high-quality,
(b) The advisory board shall:		73	fully online baccalaureate degree program offerings. The plan
1. Offer expert advice, as requested by the univ	versity, in	73	31 shall include:
the development and implementation of a business plan	n to expand	73	1. Existing on-campus general education courses and
the offering of high-quality, fully online baccalaure	eate degree	73	baccalaureate degree programs that will be offered online.
programs.		73	2. New courses that will be developed and offered online.
2. Advise the Board of Governors on the release	of funding	73	3. Support services that will be offered to students
to the university upon approval by the Board of Gover	rnors of the	73	enrolled in online baccalaureate degree programs.
plan developed by the university.		73	4. A tuition and fee structure that meets the requirements
3. Monitor, evaluate, and report on the implement	ntation of	73	in paragraph (k) for online courses, baccalaureate degree
the plan to the Board of Governors, the Governor, the	e President	73	9 programs, and student support services.
of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Repres	sentatives.	74	0 5. A timeline for offering, marketing, and enrolling
(c) The advisory board shall be composed of the	following	74	11 students in the online baccalaureate degree programs.
five members:		74	6. A budget for developing and marketing the online
1. The chair of the Board of Governors or the ch	nair's	74	baccalaureate degree programs.
permanent designee.		74	7. Detailed strategies for ensuring the success of students
2. A member with expertise in online learning, a	appointed by	74	and the sustainability of the online baccalaureate degree
the Board of Governors.		74	16 programs.
3. A member with expertise in global marketing,	appointed	74	17
by the Governor.		74	Upon recommendation of the plan by the advisory board and
4. A member with expertise in cloud virtualizat:	ion,	74	approval by the Board of Governors, the Board of Governors shall
appointed by the President of the Senate.		75	award the university \$10 million in nonrecurring funds and \$5
5. A member with expertise in disruptive innovat	cion,	75	million in recurring funds for fiscal year 2013-2014 and \$5
appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representat:	ives.	75	million annually thereafter, subject to appropriation in the
(d) The president of the university shall be con	nsulted on	75	General Appropriations Act.
the advisory board member appointments.		75	(g) Beginning in January 2014, the university shall offer
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55	high-quality, fully online baccalaureate degree programs that:	784	(k) The university shall establish a tuition structure for
56	1. Accept full-time, first-time-in-college students.	785	its online institute in accordance with this paragraph,
57	2. Have the same rigorous admissions criteria as equivalent	786	notwithstanding any other provision of law.
58	on-campus degree programs.	787	1. For students classified as residents for tuition
59	3. Offer curriculum of equivalent rigor to on-campus degree	788	purposes, tuition for an online baccalaureate degree program
50	programs.	789	shall be set at no more than 75 percent of the tuition rate as
51	4. Offer rolling enrollment or multiple opportunities for	790	specified in the General Appropriations Act pursuant to s.
52	enrollment throughout the year.	791	1009.24(4) and 75 percent of the tuition differential pursuant
53	5. Do not require any on-campus courses. However, for	792	to s. 1009.24(16). No distance learning fee, fee for campus
54	courses or programs that require clinical training or	793	facilities, or fee for on-campus services may be assessed,
55	laboratories that cannot be delivered online, the university	794	except that online students shall pay the university's
56	shall offer convenient locational options to the student, which	795	technology fee, financial aid fee, and Capital Improvement Trust
57	may include, but are not limited to, the option to complete such	796	Fund fee. The revenues generated from the Capital Improvement
58	requirements at a summer-in-residence on the university campus.	797	Trust Fund fee shall be dedicated to the university's institute
59	The university may provide a network of sites at convenient	798	for online learning.
70	locations and contract with commercial testing centers or	799	2. For students classified as nonresidents for tuition
71	identify other secure testing services for the purpose of	800	purposes, tuition may be set at market rates in accordance with
72	proctoring assessments or testing.	801	the business plan.
73	6. Apply the university's existing policy for accepting	802	3. Tuition for an online degree program shall include all
74	credits for both freshman applicants and transfer applicants.	803	costs associated with instruction, materials, and enrollment,
75	(h) The university may offer a fully online Master's in	804	excluding costs associated with the provision of textbooks
76	Business Administration degree program and other master's degree	805	pursuant to s. 1004.085 and physical laboratory supplies.
77	programs.	806	4. Subject to the limitations in subparagraph 1., tuition
78	(i) The university may develop and offer degree programs	807	may be differentiated by degree program as appropriate to the
79	and courses that are competency based as appropriate for the	808	instructional and other costs of the program in accordance with
30	quality and success of the program.	809	the business plan. Pricing must incorporate innovative
31	(j) The university shall periodically expand its offering	810	approaches that incentivize persistence and completion,
32	of online baccalaureate degree programs to meet student and	811	including, but not limited to, a fee for assessment, a bundled
33	market demands.	812	or all-inclusive rate, and sliding scale features.
	Page 27 of 33		Page 28 of 33
С	CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.	C	CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.

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813	5. The university must accept advance payment contracts and
814	student financial aid.
815	6. Fifty percent of the net revenues generated from the
816	online institute of the university shall be used to enhance and
817	enrich the online institute offerings, and 50 percent of the net
818	revenues generated from the online institute shall be used to
819	enhance and enrich the university's campus state-of-the-art
820	research programs and facilities.
821	7. The institute may charge additional local user fees
822	pursuant to s. 1009.24(14) upon the approval of the Board of
823	Governors.
824	8. The institute shall submit a proposal to the president
825	of the university authorizing additional user fees for the
826	provision of voluntary student participation in activities and
827	additional student services.
828	Section 12. (1) The State University System Performance-
829	Based Incentive shall be based on indicators of institutional
830	attainment of performance metrics adopted by the Board of
831	Governors. The performance-based funding metrics shall include,
832	but are not limited to, metrics that measure graduation and
833	retention rates; degree production; affordability;
834	postgraduation employment, salaries, or further education;
835	student loan default rates; access; and any other metrics
836	approved by the board.
837	(2) The Board of Governors shall evaluate the institutions'
838	performance on the metrics based on benchmarks adopted by the
839	board which measure the achievement of institutional excellence
840	or improvement. Each fiscal year, the amount of funds available
841	for allocation to the institutions based on the performance
I	Page 29 of 33

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

589-02765A-15 2015948c1 842 funding model shall consist of the state's investment in 843 performance funding, plus an institutional investment consisting 844 of funds to be redistributed from the base funding of the State 845 University System, as determined in the General Appropriations 846 Act. The institutional investment shall be restored for all institutions eligible for the state's investment under the 847 848 performance funding model. Any institution that fails to meet 849 the board's minimum performance funding threshold will not be 850 eligible for the state's investment, will have a portion of its 851 institutional investment withheld, and must submit an 852 improvement plan to the board that specifies the activities and 853 strategies for improving the institution's performance. 854 (3) The Board of Governors must review the improvement 855 plan, and if approved, must monitor the institution's progress 856 on implementing the specified activities and strategies. The 857 institutions shall submit monitoring reports to the board no 858 later than December 31 and May 31 of each year. 859 (4) The Chancellor of the State University System shall 860 withhold disbursement of the institutional investment until such 861 time as the monitoring report for the institution is approved by the Board of Governors. Any institution that fails to make 862 satisfactory progress will not have its full institutional 863 864 investment restored. If all institutional investment funds are 865 not restored, any remaining funds shall be redistributed in 866 accordance with the board's performance funding model. 867 (5) By October 1 of each year, the Board of Governors shall 868 submit to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives a report on the previous 869 870 year's performance funding allocation which reflects the

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871	rankings and award distributions.
872	(6) The Board of Governors shall adopt a regulation to
873	implement this section.
874	Section 13. (1) The Florida College System Performance-
875	Based Incentive shall be based on indicators of institutional
876	attainment of performance metrics adopted by the State Board of
877	Education. The performance-based funding metrics shall include,
878	but are not limited to, metrics that measure retention; program
879	completion and graduation rates; student loan default rates; job
880	placement; and postgraduation employment, salaries, or further
881	education.
882	(2) The State Board of Education shall evaluate the
883	institutions' performance on the metrics based on benchmarks
884	adopted by the board which measure the achievement of
885	institutional excellence or improvement. Each fiscal year, the
886	amount of funds available for allocation to the institutions
887	based on the performance funding model shall consist of the
888	state's investment in performance funding plus an institutional
889	investment consisting of funds to be redistributed from the base
890	funding of the Florida College System Program Fund, as
891	determined in the General Appropriations Act. The institutional
892	investment shall be restored for all institutions eligible for
893	the state's investment under the performance funding model. Any
894	institution that fails to meet the board's minimum performance
895	funding threshold will not be eligible for the state's
896	investment, will have a portion of its institutional investment
897	withheld, and must submit an improvement plan to the board that
898	specifies the activities and strategies for improving the
899	institution's performance.
I	Page 31 of 33
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902	institution's progress on implementing the specified activities
903	and strategies. The institutions shall submit monitoring reports
904	to the board no later than December 31 and May 31 of each year.
905	(4) The Commissioner of Education shall withhold
906	$\underline{\mbox{disbursement}}$ of the institutional investment until such time as
907	the monitoring report for the institution is approved by the
908	State Board of Education. Any institution that fails to make
909	satisfactory progress will not have its full institutional
910	investment restored. If all institutional investment funds are
911	not restored, any remaining funds shall be redistributed in
912	accordance with the board's performance funding model.
913	(5) By October 1 of each year, the State Board of Education
914	shall submit to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and
915	the Speaker of the House of Representatives a report on the
916	previous year's performance funding allocation which reflects
917	the rankings and award distributions.
918	(6) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules to
919	implement this section.
920	Section 14. Section 1012.731, Florida Statutes, is created
921	to read:
922	1012.731 The Florida Best and Brightest Teacher Scholarship
923	Program.—
924	(1) The Legislature recognizes that, second only to
925	parents, teachers play the most critical role in preparing
926	students to achieve a high level of academic performance. The
927	Legislature further recognizes that research has linked student

(3) The State Board of Education must review the

improvement plan, and if approved, must monitor the

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

outcomes to a teacher's own academic achievement. Therefore, it

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929	is the intent of the Legislature to designate teachers who have
930	achieved high academic standards during their own education as
931	Florida's best and brightest teacher scholars.
932	(2) There is created the Florida Best and Brightest Teacher
933	Scholarship Program to be administered by the Department of
934	Education. Beginning in the 2015-2016 school year, categorical
935	funds may be appropriated, as provided in the General
936	Appropriations Act, to award scholarships to teachers who have
937	demonstrated a high level of academic achievement.
938	(3) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules to
939	implement the program, which must include, but are not limited
940	to:
941	(a) Timeframes and requirements for submitting reports.
942	(b) Eligibility criteria for receiving the scholarship.
943	(c) Requirements for distributing scholarship funds.
944	Section 15. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.
	Page 33 of 33
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THE	FLORIDA	SENATE
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APPEARANCE RECORD

Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator	r or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) $\frac{SB948}{Bill Number (if applicable)}$
Topic <u>SB948</u>	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Soira Clements	
Job Title Legislative Director	
Address 215 S. Monroe St.	Phone 850-391-0329
TLH PL City State	32301 Email Sara Caflorida promise an
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: X In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Familation for Florida's Fu	fure
Appearing at request of Chair: 🗌 Yes 🔀 No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: 🔀 Yes 🥅 No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, tim meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remai	e may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this rks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

THE FLORIDA	Senate
/ APPEARANCE	RECORD
$\frac{1}{2}$ (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Sen	ate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Textloook Affordability	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Stefano Cavallaro	
Job Title Chairman, FL Studen	45 ADJOC
Address Gob W. St Ayusth 52	Phone
Street <u>(a)/charse</u> <u>City</u> State	JUDT Email S' elle My for. rd
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing	list Tissociation
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lot	obyist registered with Legislature: 🗌 Yes 📶 No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

(Deliver BOTH co	THE FLO APPEARAN pies of this form to the Senator			948
Meeting Date				Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Affordability	Language m	Amendment	Ameno	iment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Marshall (Hotree		-	
Job Title Interim Exe	cutin Direc	for		
Address <u>301 E.</u>	Park Ave		Phone (850)	224-8220
Street Tallahasse	FL	32301	Email Marshall .	gletme Of lorala eq. u
City	State	Zip		
Speaking: For Against	Information		peaking: In Su ir will read this inform	pport Against ation into the record.)
Representing				
Appearing at request of Chair:	Yes No	Lobbyist regist	ered with Legislat	ure: 🔀 Yes 🗌 No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

THE FLORIDA SENATE

AP	PE	AR/	ANC	ER	ECO	RD
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4 8 15 Meeting Date	(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator	or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)	94 Sill Number (if applicable)
Topic Educa	tion	Amena	ment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Jim M	orne		summer and the
Job Title			
Address Street	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		759-4596
City	State	Email <u>Stor</u>	reestratesoszione
Speaking: For	Against Information	Waive Speaking: YIn Su (The Chair will read this inform	
Representing	HIF		
Appearing at request of	of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registered with Legislate	ure: 📝 Yes 🗌 No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

(ALYSIS AND FIS		ST STATEMENT s of the latest date listed below.)
	Prepared By: Th	e Professional Staff of th	e Appropriations S	ubcommittee on Education
BILL:	SB 888			
INTRODUCER:	Senator Detert			
SUBJECT:	Educator Pro	fessional Practices		
DATE:	April 7, 2015	REVISED:		
ANAL	YST	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION
1. Scott		Klebacha	ED	Favorable
2. Sikes		Elwell	AED	Favorable
3.			FP	

I. Summary:

SB 888 modifies the membership of the Education Practices Commission (EPC).

Additionally, the bill:

- Adds Department of Education (DOE) employees and agents, who investigate or prosecute educator misconduct, to the list of individuals authorized to access records relating to child abuse, abandonment, or neglect.
- Authorizes the Commissioner of Education to issue a letter of guidance to an educator in lieu of finding probable cause to prosecute misconduct.

The bill has a minimal fiscal impact associated with the five new emeritus members which may be appointed to the EPC.

The bill provides an effective date of July 1, 2015.

II. Present Situation:

Florida law requires that each person¹ in a position who provides direct instruction to students meet the state's educator certification requirements and criteria.

¹ Such persons include instructional personnel (*e.g.*, classroom teachers, student advisors, or certified school counselors) or administrative personnel (*e.g.*, deputy superintendents, school principals, or assistance principals). Section 1012.01(2)-(3), F.S.

Education Practices Commission

Membership

The Education Practices Commission (EPC) consists of 25 members including:²

- Eight teachers;
- Five administrators, at least one of whom must represent a private school;
- Seven lay citizens, five of whom must be parents of public school students with no family relation to a public school employee and two of whom must be former district school board members; and
- Five sworn law enforcement officials.

The members are appointed by the State Board of Education (state board) based upon nominations made by the Commissioner of Education (commissioner), subject to confirmation by the Florida Senate.³ Teachers, school administrators, and lay citizens who wish to serve on the EPC must be Florida residents to be appointed; however, law enforcement officials are not required to be Florida residents, but they must have expertise in child safety.⁴

Duties and Responsibilities

The EPC interprets and applies the standards⁵ of professional practice established by the state board; revokes or suspends educator certificates, or takes other disciplinary action, for misconduct; reports to and meets with the state board; and adopts rules.⁶

The Department of Education (DOE) is required to investigate legally sufficient⁷ complaints of misconduct⁸ committed by certified educators and advise the commissioner on whether probable cause exists.⁹ Upon a finding of probable cause, the commissioner must file a formal compliant and prosecute the complaint pursuant to chapter 120, F.S.¹⁰ An administrative law judge assigned to hear the complaint makes recommendations to the EPC for review and preparation of final order issued by a panel of five EPC members.¹¹ Unless the complaint involves a felony or crime of moral turpitude, the commissioner may enter into a deferred prosecution agreement with the

² Section 1012.79(1), F.S.

³ *Id.* Before making nominations, the Commissioner must consult with teaching associations, parent organizations, law enforcement agencies, and other involved associations in the state. *Id.*

⁴ Section 1012.79(1)(a)-(d), F.S.

⁵ Code of Ethics of the Education Profession in Florida, Rule 6A-10.080, F.A.C., and Principles of Professional Conduct for the Education Profession in Florida, Rule 6A-10.081, F.A.C. *available at* <u>http://www.fldoe.org/teaching/professional-</u>practices/code-of-ethics-principles-of-professio.stml (last visited March 25, 2015).

⁶ Sections 1012.79(7) and 1012.795(1), F.S. A district school board retains its authority to discipline teachers and administrators. Section 1012.79(8)(b), F.S.

⁷ Section 1012.796(1)(a), F.S. The complaint is legally sufficient if it contains ultimate facts showing a violation has occurred. *Id.* and s. 1012.795, F.S.

⁸ Misconduct may include fraudulently obtaining an educator certificate, knowingly failing to report actual or suspected child abuse, or breach of contract. Section 1012.795(1), F.S.

⁹ Section 1012.796(3), F.S.

¹⁰ *Id.* at (6).

¹¹ Sections 1012.79(8)(a), 1012.795(6), and 1012.796(1), F.S. In 2014, 16 of the 19 hearings involved teacher misconduct. Florida Department of Education, Division of K-12 Educator Quality, *2015 Agency Legislative Bill Analysis* for HB 587 (March 16, 2015) at 2, on file with the Committee on Education Pre-K – 12.

certified educator in lieu of finding probable cause.¹² If the commissioner does not find probable cause, the complaint must be dismissed.¹³

Reports of Child Abuse, Abandonment, or Neglect

Any person who knows, or has reason to suspect, that a child is abused, abandoned, or neglected must report such knowledge or suspicion to the Department of Children and Families (DCF).¹⁴ School teachers and other school officials or personnel are required to make such reports and the failure to do so is a felony of the third degree.¹⁵

Records held by the DCF regarding such reports, including reports made to the Central Abuse Hotline, are confidential and exempt from public records requirements, unless specifically authorized in law.¹⁶ Access to records, excluding the name of the person reporting abuse, is granted to a limited list of persons, officials, and agencies (*e.g.*, Department of Health employees responsible for child protective investigations, criminal justice agencies, or school district employees designated as a liaison between the school district and DCF).¹⁷

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill modifies the membership of the Education Practices Commission (EPC); adds Department of Education (DOE) employees and agents, who investigate or prosecute educator misconduct, to the list of individuals authorized to access records relating to child abuse, abandonment, or neglect; and authorizes the Commissioner of Education (commissioner) to issue a letter of guidance to an educator in lieu of finding probable cause to prosecute misconduct.

EPC Membership

The bill diversifies the representation on the EPC by including virtual school administrators, former charter school governing board members, and public school officials, while also ensuring that members are citizens of the state. Specifically, the bill makes the following revisions to EPC membership:

- Redistributes the number of teacher, lay citizen, and sworn law enforcement members while retaining the existing number of members (25) as follows:
 - The number of teacher members is increased from 8 to 10.
 - The number of lay citizen members is reduced from 7 to 4, all of whom must be parents of public school students.
 - \circ The number of sworn law enforcement officials is reduced from 5 to 4.
- Revises the membership to include:

¹³ *Id*.

¹² Section 1012.796(3), F.S. An educator may be directed to participate through a deferred prosecution agreement or final order of the EPC in the recovery network program for assistance in obtaining treatment and services for alcohol abuse, drug abuse, or a mental condition. Section 1012.798(1), F.S. Voluntary participation in the program may be considered as a mitigating factor or a condition of disciplinary action. *Id.* at (5).

¹⁴ Section 39.201(1), F.S.

¹⁵ Sections 39.201(1)(d) and 39.205(2), F.S.

¹⁶ Sections 39.202(1) and 39.2021(1), F.S.

¹⁷ Section 39.202(2), F.S.

- Former charter governing board members or former superintendents, assistant superintendents, or deputy superintendents.
- Virtual school administrators.
- Requires all members to be Florida residents.
- Authorizes the commissioner, upon request or recommendation from the EPC, to appoint up to 5 emeritus members from previous membership of the EPC to serve 1-year terms and who:
 - May serve up to five 1-year terms;
 - Are voting members for discipline hearings; and
 - Are consulting, nonvoting members for business meetings.

Letter of Guidance

The bill authorizes the commissioner to issue a letter of guidance to a certified educator who has had a complaint of misconduct filed against him or her, rather than finding probable cause to prosecute. The bill may provide the commissioner with more flexibility in determining the course of action to take regarding complaints of educator misconduct by permitting him or her to issue a letter of guidance if deemed more appropriate under the circumstances.

Records of Child Abuse, Abandonment, or Neglect

In addition to other individuals and agencies authorized by law,¹⁸ the bill authorizes the Department of Children and Families to release records pertaining to child abuse, abandonment, or neglect, which are otherwise confidential and exempt from public records requirements, to DOE employees or agents who investigate or prosecute misconduct by certified educators. The bill may assist the DOE in its investigations of educator misconduct.

The bill provides for an effective date of July 1, 2015.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

¹⁸ Section 39.202(2), F.S.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

According to the Department of Education, under SB 888, the Education Practices Commission would incur minimal additional operational expenses to cover the estimated costs for travel and training of emeritus members.¹⁹ The additional training and travel costs for adding five emeritus members are estimated at \$3,500 per year. These costs are funded through the Education Certification and Service Trust Fund and can be absorbed within existing resources.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 39.202, 1012.79, and 1012.796.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

¹⁹ Florida Department of Education, Division of K-12 Educator Quality, 2015 Agency Legislative Bill Analysis for HB 587 (March 16, 2015; on file with the Committee on Education Pre-K – 12). As of the date of this committee staff analysis, an agency analysis has not been submitted for SB 888.

House



LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate . Comm: WD . 04/08/2015

Appropriations Subcommittee on Education (Simmons) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete lines 30 - 98

and insert:

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Section 2. Section 1012.731, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1012.731 The Florida Best and Brightest Teacher Scholarship Program.-

(1) The Legislature recognizes that, second only to parents, teachers play the most critical role in preparing



11 students to achieve a high level of academic performance in 12 school. The Legislature further recognizes that research has 13 linked student outcomes to a teacher's own academic achievement. 14 Therefore, it is the intent of the Legislature to designate 15 teachers who have achieved high academic standards during their 16 own education as Florida's best and brightest teacher scholars. (2) There is created the Florida Best and Brightest Teacher 17 18 Scholarship Program to be administered by the Department of 19 Education. Beginning in the 2015-2016 school year, the 20 scholarship program shall provide categorical funding for 21 scholarships to be awarded to teachers who have demonstrated a 22 high level of academic achievement. 23 (3) (a) To be eligible for a scholarship, a teacher: 24 1. Must have scored at or above the 80th percentile on 25 either the SAT or the ACT, based upon the percentile ranks in 26 effect when the teacher took the assessment, and have been 27 evaluated as highly effective pursuant to s. 1012.34; or 28 2. If the teacher is a first-year teacher who has not been evaluated pursuant to s. 1012.34, must have scored at or above 29 30 the 80th percentile on either the SAT or the ACT, based upon the 31 percentile ranks in effect when the teacher took the assessment. 32 (b) In order to demonstrate eligibility for an award, an 33 eligible teacher must submit to the school district no later 34 than October 1 an official record of his or her SAT or ACT score 35 demonstrating that the teacher scored at or above the 80th 36 percentile, based upon the percentile ranks in effect when the 37 teacher took the assessment. Once a teacher is deemed eligible 38 by the school district, the teacher shall remain eligible as 39 long as he or she is employed by the school district and

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40 maintains or, if the teacher is a first-year teacher, earns the 41 evaluation designation of highly effective pursuant to s. 42 1012.34. 43 (4) Annually, by December 1, each school district shall 44 submit to the department the number of eligible teachers who 45 qualify for the scholarship. 46 (5) Annually, by February 1, the department shall disburse 47 scholarship funds, in an amount prescribed annually by the 48 Legislature in the General Appropriations Act, to each school 49 district for each eligible teacher to receive a scholarship. If 50 the number of eligible teachers exceeds the total appropriation 51 authorized in the General Appropriation Act, the department 52 shall prorate the per teacher scholarship amount. 53 (6) Annually, by April 1, each school district shall 54 provide payment of the scholarship to each eligible teacher. (7) For purposes of this section, the term "school 55 56 district" includes the Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind 57 and charter school governing boards. Section 3. Subsection (3) of section 1012.39, Florida 58 59 Statutes, is amended to read: 60 1012.39 Employment of substitute teachers, teachers of 61 adult education, nondegreed teachers of career education, and 62 career specialists; students performing clinical field 63 experience.-64 (3) A student who is enrolled in a state-approved teacher 65 preparation program in a postsecondary educational institution 66 that is approved by rules of the State Board of Education and 67 who is jointly assigned by the postsecondary educational institution and a district school board to perform a clinical 68

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69 field experience under the direction of a regularly employed and 70 certified educator shall, while serving such supervised clinical 71 field experience, be accorded the same protection of law as that 72 accorded to the certified educator except for the right to 73 bargain collectively as an employee of the district school 74 board. The district school board providing the clinical field 75 experience shall notify the student electronically or in writing 76 of the availability of educator liability insurance under s. 77 1012.75. A postsecondary educational institution or district 78 school board may not require a student enrolled in a state-79 approved teacher preparation program to purchase liability 80 insurance as a condition of participation in any clinical field 81 experience or related activity on the premises of an elementary 82 or secondary school. Section 4. Section 1012.75, Florida Statutes, is amended to 83 84 read: 85 1012.75 Liability of teacher or principal; excessive 86 force.-87 (1) Except in the case of excessive force or cruel and unusual punishment, a teacher or other member of the 88 89 instructional staff, a principal or the principal's designated 90 representative, or a bus driver shall not be civilly or 91 criminally liable for any action carried out in conformity with State Board of Education and district school board rules 92 93 regarding the control, discipline, suspension, and expulsion of 94 students, including, but not limited to, any exercise of 95 authority under s. 1003.32 or s. 1006.09.

(2) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules that outline administrative standards for the use of reasonable force

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98 by school personnel to maintain a safe and orderly learning 99 environment. Such standards shall be distributed to each school 100 in the state and shall provide guidance to school personnel in 101 receiving the limitations on liability specified in this 102 section.

103 (3) Beginning with the 2015-2016 school year, the 104 Department of Education shall administer an educator liability 105 insurance program, as provided in the General Appropriation Act, 106 to protect full-time instructional personnel from liability for 107 monetary damages and the costs of defending actions resulting 108 from claims made against the instructional personnel arising out 109 of occurrences in the course of activities within the 110 instructional personnel's professional capacity. For purposes of 111 this subsection, the terms "full-time," "part-time," and 112 "administrative personnel" shall be defined by the individual 113 district school board. For purposes of this subsection, the term "instructional personnel" has the same meaning as provided in s. 114 115 1012.01(2).

(a) Liability coverage of at least \$2 million shall be provided to all full-time instructional personnel. Liability coverage may be provided to the following individuals who choose to participate in the program, at cost: part-time instructional personnel, administrative personnel, and students enrolled in a state-approved teacher preparation program pursuant to s. 1012.39(3).

(b) Annually, by August 1, each district school board shall notify personnel specified in paragraph (a) of the liability coverage provided pursuant to this subsection. The department shall develop the form of the notice which each district school

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127	board must use. The notice must be on an 8 1/2-inch by 5 1/2-
128	inch postcard and include the amount of coverage, a general
129	description of the nature of the coverage, and the contact
130	information for coverage and claims questions. The notification
131	must be provided separately from any other correspondence. Each
132	district school board shall certify to the department, by August
133	5 of each year, that the notification required by this paragraph
134	has been provided.
135	(c) The department shall consult with the Department of
136	Financial Services to select the most economically prudent and
137	cost-effective means of implementing the program through self-
138	insurance, a risk management program, or competitive
139	procurement.
140	Section 5. Subsection (1) of section 1012.79, Florida
141	Statutes, is amended to read:
142	1012.79 Education Practices Commission; organization
143	(1) The Education Practices Commission is composed consists
144	of the following 25 members: 10, including 8 teachers; 5
145	administrators, at least one of whom <u>represents</u> shall represent
146	a private or virtual school; <u>4</u> 7 lay citizens who are, 5 of whom
147	shall be parents of public school students and who are unrelated
148	to public school employees; and 2 of whom shall be former
149	charter school governing board or district school board members
150	or former superintendents, assistant superintendents, or deputy
151	superintendents; and $\frac{4}{5}$ sworn law enforcement officials,
152	appointed by the State Board of Education from nominations by
153	the Commissioner of Education and subject to Senate
154	confirmation. Prior to making nominations, the commissioner
155	shall consult with teaching associations, parent organizations,

156	law enforcement agencies, and other involved associations in the
157	state. In making nominations, the commissioner shall attempt to
158	achieve equal geographical representation, as closely as
159	possible.
160	(a) A teacher member, in order to be qualified for
161	appointment:
162	1. Must be certified to teach in the state.
163	2. Must be a resident of the state.
164	2.3. Must have practiced the profession in this state for
165	at least 5 years immediately preceding the appointment.
166	(b) A school administrator member, in order to be qualified
167	for appointment:
168	1. Must have an endorsement on the educator certificate in
169	the area of school administration or supervision.
170	2. Must be a resident of the state.
171	2.3. Must have practiced the profession as an administrator
172	for at least 5 years immediately preceding the appointment.
173	(c) The lay members must be residents of the state.
174	<u>(c)</u> The law enforcement official members must have
175	served in the profession for at least 5 years immediately
176	preceding appointment and have background expertise in child
177	safety.
178	(d) The Commissioner of Education, upon request or
179	recommendation from the commission, may also appoint up to five
180	emeritus members from the commission's prior membership to each
181	serve 1-year terms. Notwithstanding any prior service on the
182	commission, an emeritus member may serve up to five 1-year
183	terms. An emeritus member serves as a voting member at a
184	discipline hearing and as a consulting but nonvoting member



185 during a business meeting. 186 (e) All members must be residents of the state. Section 6. Subsection (3) of section 1012.796, Florida 187 188 Statutes, is amended to read: 189 1012.796 Complaints against teachers and administrators; 190 procedure; penalties.-191 (3) The department staff shall advise the commissioner 192 concerning the findings of the investigation. The department general counsel or members of that staff shall review the 193 194 investigation and advise the commissioner concerning probable 195 cause or lack thereof. The determination of probable cause shall 196 be made by the commissioner. The commissioner shall provide an 197 opportunity for a conference, if requested, prior to determining 198 probable cause. The commissioner may enter into deferred 199 prosecution agreements in lieu of finding probable cause if, in 200 his or her judgment, such agreements are in the best interests 201 of the department, the certificateholder, and the public. Such 202 deferred prosecution agreements shall become effective when 203 filed with the clerk of the Education Practices Commission. 204 However, a deferred prosecution agreement may shall not be 205 entered into if there is probable cause to believe that a felony 206 or an act of moral turpitude, as defined by rule of the State 207 Board of Education, has occurred. Upon finding no probable 2.08 cause, the commissioner shall dismiss the complaint and may 209 issue a letter of guidance to the certificateholder. 210

Page 8 of 9

602-03428-15



214 and insert: 215 have access to certain reports and records; creating 216 s. 1012.731, F.S.; providing legislative intent; 217 establishing the Florida Best and Brightest Teacher 218 Scholarship Program; providing eligibility criteria; 219 requiring a school district to annually submit the 220 number of eligible teachers to the department; 221 providing for funding and the disbursement of funds; 2.2.2 defining the term "school district" for purposes of 223 the act; amending s. 1012.39, F.S.; providing 224 requirements regarding liability insurance for 225 students performing clinical field experience; 226 amending s. 1012.75, F.S.; requiring the department to 227 administer an educator liability insurance program; 228 defining terms; specifying program administration and 229 eligibility requirements; amending s. 1012.79, F.S.; 230 revising the membership of the Education Practices 2.31 Commission; authorizing the Commissioner of Education 232 to appoint emeritus members to the commission; 233 amending s. 1012.796, F.S.; authorizing the 234 commissioner to issue a letter of guidance in response 235 to a complaint against a teacher or administrator; 236 providing an effective date.

SB 888

2015888

By Senator Detert

28-00850A-15 2015888 28-00850A-15 1 A bill to be entitled 30 Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 1012.79, Florida 2 An act relating to educator professional practices; 31 Statutes, is amended to read: amending s. 39.202, F.S.; authorizing certain 32 1012.79 Education Practices Commission; organization.employees or agents of the Department of Education to 33 (1) The Education Practices Commission is composed consists have access to certain reports and records; amending 34 of the following 25 members: 10, including 8 teachers; 5 s. 1012.79, F.S.; revising the membership of the administrators, at least one of whom represents shall represent 35 Education Practices Commission; authorizing the 36 a private or virtual school; 4 7 lay citizens who are, 5 of whom Commissioner of Education to appoint emeritus members 37 shall be parents of public school students and who are unrelated ç to the commission; amending s. 1012.796, F.S.; 38 to public school employees; and 2 of whom shall be former 10 authorizing the commissioner to issue a letter of 39 charter school governing board or district school board members 11 guidance in response to a complaint against a teacher 40 or former superintendents, assistant superintendents, or deputy 12 or administrator in lieu of a probable cause 41 superintendents; and 4 5 sworn law enforcement officials, 13 determination; providing an effective date. appointed by the State Board of Education from nominations by 42 14 43 the Commissioner of Education and subject to Senate 15 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 44 confirmation. Prior to making nominations, the commissioner 16 shall consult with teaching associations, parent organizations, 45 17 Section 1. Present paragraphs (g) through (s) of subsection 46 law enforcement agencies, and other involved associations in the 18 (2) of section 39.202, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as 47 state. In making nominations, the commissioner shall attempt to 19 paragraphs (r) through (t), respectively, and a new paragraph 48 achieve equal geographical representation, as closely as 20 (q) is added to that subsection, to read: 49 possible. 21 39.202 Confidentiality of reports and records in cases of 50 (a) A teacher member, in order to be qualified for 22 child abuse or neglect.appointment: 51 23 (2) Except as provided in subsection (4), access to such 52 1. Must be certified to teach in the state. 24 records, excluding the name of the reporter which shall be 53 2. Must be a resident of the state. 25 released only as provided in subsection (5), shall be granted 54 3. Must have practiced the profession in this state for at 26 only to the following persons, officials, and agencies: 55 least 5 years immediately preceding the appointment. 27 (q) An employee or agent of the Department of Education who 56 (b) A school administrator member, in order to be qualified 2.8 is responsible for the investigation or prosecution of 57 for appointment: 29 misconduct by a certified educator. 58 1. Must have an endorsement on the educator certificate in Page 1 of 4 Page 2 of 4 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions. CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

28-00850A-15 2015888 59 the area of school administration or supervision. 88 60 2. Must be a resident of the state. 89 61 3. Must have practiced the profession as an administrator 90 62 for at least 5 years immediately preceding the appointment. 91 63 (c) All The lay members must be residents of the state. 92 (d) The law enforcement official members must have served 64 93 65 in the profession for at least 5 years immediately preceding 94 66 appointment and have background expertise in child safety. 95 67 (e) The Commissioner of Education, upon request or 96 68 recommendation from the commission, may also appoint up to 5 97 69 emeritus members from the commission's prior membership to serve 98 70 1-year terms. Notwithstanding any prior service on the 99 71 commission, an emeritus member may serve up to five 1-year 72 terms. An emeritus member serves as a voting member at a 73 discipline hearing and as a consulting but nonvoting member 74 during a business meeting. 75 Section 3. Subsection (3) of section 1012.796, Florida 76 Statutes, is amended to read: 77 1012.796 Complaints against teachers and administrators; 78 procedure; penalties.-79 (3) The department staff shall advise the commissioner 80 concerning the findings of the investigation. The department 81 general counsel or members of that staff shall review the 82 investigation and advise the commissioner concerning probable 83 cause or lack thereof. The determination of probable cause shall 84 be made by the commissioner. The commissioner shall provide an 85 opportunity for a conference, if requested, prior to determining 86 probable cause. The commissioner may enter into deferred prosecution agreements in lieu of finding probable cause if, in 87 Page 3 of 4

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

28-00850A-15 2015888 his or her judgment, such agreements are in the best interests of the department, the certificateholder, and the public. Such deferred prosecution agreements shall become effective when filed with the clerk of the Education Practices Commission. However, a deferred prosecution agreement may shall not be entered into if there is probable cause to believe that a felony or an act of moral turpitude, as defined by rule of the State Board of Education, has occurred. Upon finding no probable cause, the commissioner shall dismiss the complaint. In lieu of a finding of probable cause, the commissioner may also issue a letter of guidance to the educator. Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.

Page 4 of 4 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

	Prepared By: Th	ne Professional Staff of th	ne Appropriations S	ubcommittee on Education
BILL:	PCS/CS/SB 1260 (875702)			
INTRODUCER:	Appropriations Subcommittee on E Committee; and Senator Bean		Education; Childi	ren, Families, and Elder Affai
SUBJECT:	Florida Centers for Independent Liv		ving	
DATE:	April 10, 201	5 REVISED:		
ANAL	YST	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION
. Crosier		Hendon	CF	Fav/CS
. Sikes		Kynoch	AED	Recommend: Fav/CS
			FP	

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

PCS/CS/SB 1260 renames the James Patrick Memorial Work Incentive Personal Attendant Services Program as the James Patrick Memorial Work Incentive Personal Attendant Services and Employment Assistance Program. An advisory committee is established and the Florida Association for Independent Living will provide administrative support. Additionally, the bill allows volunteers to provide assistance on an intermittent basis for less than 10 hours per month at centers for independent living under certain conditions.

The bill has no fiscal impact on state funds.

The bill has an effective date of July 1, 2015.

II. Present Situation:

Personal Care Attendance Program

Sections 413.402 and 413.4021, F.S., establish and provide a specific funding source for a personal care attendant program (PCA program) to provide personal care attendants to eligible persons with severe and chronic disabilities. The PCA program was established as a pilot in

2002¹ and made permanent and statewide in 2005.² Currently, there are 16 Centers for Independent Living (CILS) operating in Florida. The CILS provided independent living services to 21,938 people from October 1, 2013 to September 30, 2014.³

Pursuant to s. 413.402, F.S., the Florida Endowment Foundation for Vocational Rehabilitation (FEFVR, also known as the Able Trust)⁴ is required to enter into an agreement with the Florida Association for Centers for Independent Living (FACIL) to administer the program. The administrative expense of FACIL is paid from funds deposited with FEFVR pursuant to the Tax Collection Enforcement Diversion Program⁵ and the Motorcycle Specialty License Plate program.⁶

Persons eligible to participate in the program must:

- Be at least 18 years of age, a legal resident of this state and significantly and chronically disabled;
- Require a personal care attendant for assistance with or support for at least two activities of daily living such as bathing and dressing and as defined in s. 429.02, F.S.;
- Require a personal care attendant in order to maintain substantial gainful employment; and
- Be able to acquire and direct a personal care attendant.

Training for program participants on hiring and managing a personal care attendant shall be provided by FACIL. Additionally, FACIL coordinates with the Department of Revenue (DOR) and the Florida Prosecuting Attorneys Association (FPAA) on the selection of the judicial circuits in which to operate the program.

There are two funding sources for the PCA program:

- Tax Collection Enforcement Diversion Program; and
- Fees from the Motorcycle Specialty License Plate.⁷

Tax Collection Enforcement Diversion Program

In conjunction with the establishment of the PCA program, DOR was directed, in cooperation with FACIL and FPAA, to select judicial circuits in which to operate a tax collection enforcement diversion program ("tax diversion program") to collect unpaid sales taxes from delinquent business owners.⁸ Fifty percent of the collections from the tax diversion program are deposited into the operating account of FEFVR to be used to operate the PCA program and to

¹ Chapter 2002-286, L.O.F.

² Chapter 2005-172, L.O.F.

³ See E-mail from Tonya Cooper, Legislative Affairs Director, Florida Department of Education (March 30, 2015) (on filed with the Senate Committee on Children, Families, and Elder Affairs).

⁴ See <u>http://www.abletrust.org/links/AnnRept_011.pdf</u> (last visited March 30, 2015)

⁵ Section 413.4021(1), F.S.

⁶ Section 320.08068(4)(d), F.S.

⁷ Sections 413.4021(1) and 320.08068(4)(d), F.S.

⁸ Section 413.4021, F.S.

contract with the state attorneys participating in the tax diversion program.⁹ Sixteen centers in all 20 circuits participate in the tax diversion program.¹⁰

Motorcycle Specialty (Bikers Care) License Plate Fees

The Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles (DHSMV) offers a specialty tax to any owner or lessee of a motorcycle who chooses to pay the additional cost.¹¹ DHSMV collects an annual use fee of \$20 from the sale of each motorcycle specialty license plate and distributes the fees to the Able Trust. The Able Trust is permitted to retain a maximum of 10 percent of the funds for administrative costs and distribute the remaining funds as follows:

- Twenty percent to the Brain and Spinal Cord Injury Program Trust Fund;
- Twenty percent to Prevent Blindness Florida;
- Twenty percent to the Blind Services Foundation of Florida;
- Twenty percent to FEFVR to support the PCA program; and
- Twenty percent to FACIL.¹²

Background Screening Requirements for Service Providers

Service providers are persons or entities who provide employment services, supported employment services, independent living services, self-employment services, personal assistance services, vocational evaluation or tutorial services, or rehabilitation technology services on a contractual or fee-for-service basis to vulnerable persons.¹³ Service providers must register with the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation (DVR). As a condition of registration, level 2 background screening pursuant to s. 435, F.S., must be conducted by DVR on certain individuals and rescreening of these individuals must occur every five years following the initial screening.¹⁴

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Section 1 amends s. 413.208, F.S., to allow a volunteer for a center for independent living, who assists on an intermittent basis for less than 10 hours per month to not be subject to the background screening pursuant to ch. 435, F.S., if a provider's employee is present and has the volunteer within line of sight.

Section 2 amends s. 413.402, F.S., to rename the James Patrick Memorial Work Incentive Personal Attendant Services Program to the James Patrick Memorial Work Incentive Personal Attendant Services and Employment Assistance Program. In addition to the provision of personal care attendants, other support and services necessary to maintain competitive employment or self-employment are available to eligible persons in the program.

This section establishes eligibility requirements for participation in the program. A person must be:

⁹ Section 413.4021(1), F.S. The contract amount for each state attorney cannot exceed \$50,000.

¹⁰ See <u>http://rehabworks.org/cil_map.shtml</u> (last visited on March 30, 2015). A copy of the map is on filed with the Senate Committee on Children, Families, and Elder Affairs.

¹¹ Section 320.08068(2), F.S.

¹² Section 320.08069(4), F.S.

¹³ Section 413.20(20), F.S.

¹⁴ Section 413.208(1), F.S.

- At least 18 years of age, a legal resident of this state and significantly and chronically disabled.
- Determined by a physician, psychologist, or psychiatrist, to require a personal care attendant for at least two activities of daily living as defined in s. 429.02, F.S.
- Require a personal care attendant and may require other support and services to accept an offer of imminent employment, commence working or maintain competitive employment.

The Florida Association for Centers for Independent Living (FACIL) must provide training to program participants on the hiring and managing of a personal care attendant and other skills needed to effectively access and manage the support and services provided in the program.

Section 3 amends s. 413.4021, F.S., to increase the amount available to contract with the state attorneys participating in the tax collection enforcement diversion program to not more than \$75,000 per state attorney.

Section 4 amends s. 320.08068, F.S., to change the name of the entity receiving 20 percent of the funds distributed by the Able Trust to the James Patrick Memorial Work Incentive Personal Attendant Services and Employment Assistance Program.

Section 5 provides an effective date of July 1, 2015, for the bill.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None

C. Government Sector Impact:

PCS/CS/SB 1260 does not increase the funds raised through the Tax Collection Enforcement Diversion Program and the Motorcycle Specialty License Plate Program; however, it does expand the scope of services to include employment assistance to eligible program participants. The potential savings from increased employment of individuals with severe and chronic disabilities may be seen in reduced long-term care costs.

The bill also increases the amount of funds available to contract with the state attorneys participating in the tax collection enforcement diversion program from \$50,000 to not more than \$75,000 for each state attorney.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 413.402, 413.208, 413.4021, and 320.08068.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

Recommended CS/CS by Appropriations Subcommittee on Education on April 8, 2015:

The committee substitute removes the provision of the bill establishing an advisory group and reverts to current statute regarding an oversight group.

CS by Children, Families, and Elder Affairs on April 2, 2015:

- Allows a volunteer at a center for independent living to assist on an intermittent basis for less than 10 hours per month to not be background screened if a provider's employee is always present and the volunteer is within his or her line of sight.
- Provides that a person that is eligible for participation in the program must require a personal care attendant or other support services in order to accept an offer of imminent employment, commence working or maintain competitive employment.
- Increases the amount of funds available to contract with the state attorneys participating in the tax collection enforcement diversion program from \$50,000 to not more than \$75,000 for each state attorney.
- B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

House

Florida Senate - 2015 Bill No. CS for SB 1260



LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate Comm: RCS 04/10/2015

Appropriations Subcommittee on Education (Stargel) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete lines 105 - 116

and insert:

section and, in cooperation with the oversight group described in paragraph (b), adopt and revise the policies and procedures governing the personal care attendant and employment assistance program and the training program required by this paragraph. (b) The oversight group shall include, but need not be

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11	TITLE AMENDMENT ===============
12	And the title is amended as follows:
13	Delete lines 13 - 16
14	and insert:
15	eligibility requirements;

Page 2 of 2

 $\mathbf{B}\mathbf{y}$ the Committee on Children, Families, and Elder Affairs; and Senator Bean

586-03406-15 20151260c1 1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to Florida Centers for Independent Living; amending s. 413.208, F.S.; providing that 3 certain volunteers for centers for independent living do not have to undergo background screening; amending s. 413.402, F.S.; requiring that a specified agreement be maintained; renaming the James Patrick Memorial Work Incentive Personal Attendant Services Program as ç the James Patrick Memorial Work Incentive Personal 10 Attendant Services and Employment Assistance Program; 11 expanding the scope of, and support and services 12 provided by, the program; defining a term; revising 13 eligibility requirements; requiring the association, 14 in consultation with the advisory group, to adopt and 15 revise certain policies and procedures; replacing an 16 existing oversight group with an advisory group; 17 amending s. 413.4021, F.S.; revising the maximum 18 amount of specified funds for each attorney which may 19 be used to administer the personal attendant program 20 and to contract with the state attorneys participating 21 in the tax collection enforcement diversion program; 22 amending s. 320.08068, F.S.; conforming a provision to 23 changes made by the act; providing an effective date. 24 25 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 26 27 Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 28 413.208, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 29 413.208 Service providers; quality assurance; fitness for Page 1 of 6

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

586-03406-15 20151260c1 30 responsibilities; background screening.-31 (2) 32 (b) Level 2 background screening pursuant to chapter 435 is 33 not required for the following persons: 34 1. A licensed physician, nurse, or other professional who 35 is licensed by the Department of Health and who has undergone 36 fingerprinting and background screening as part of such 37 licensure if providing a service that is within the scope of her 38 or his licensed practice. 39 2. A relative of the vulnerable person receiving services. 40 For purposes of this section, the term "relative" means an 41 individual who is the father, mother, stepfather, stepmother, son, daughter, brother, sister, grandmother, grandfather, great-42 43 grandmother, great-grandfather, grandson, granddaughter, uncle, 44 aunt, first cousin, nephew, niece, husband, wife, father-in-law, 45 mother-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, brother-in-law, 46 sister-in-law, stepson, stepdaughter, stepbrother, stepsister, half-brother, or half-sister of the vulnerable person. 47 48 3. A volunteer for a center for independent living 49 designated in the state plan for independent living developed pursuant to Title VII(A) of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as 50 51 amended, who assists on an intermittent basis for less than 10 52 hours per month does not have to be screened if a provider's 53 employee is always present and has the volunteer within his or 54 her line of sight. 55 Section 2. Section 413.402, Florida Statutes, is amended to 56 read: 57 413.402 Personal care attendant and employment assistance program.-The Florida Endowment Foundation for Vocational 58 Page 2 of 6

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

586-03406-15 20151260c1 59 Rehabilitation shall maintain enter into an agreement, no later 60 than October 1, 2008, with the Florida Association of Centers 61 for Independent Living to administer the James Patrick Memorial 62 Work Incentive Personal Attendant Services and Employment 63 Assistance Program. The program shall to provide personal care attendants and other support and services necessary to enable to 64 persons eligible under subsection (2) who have severe and 65 66 chronic disabilities of any kind to obtain or maintain 67 competitive employment, including self-employment all kinds and 68 who are eligible under subsection (1). Effective July 1, 2008, 69 The Florida Association of Centers for Independent Living shall 70 receive 12 percent of the funds paid to or on behalf of 71 participants from funds to be deposited with the Florida 72 Endowment Foundation for Vocational Rehabilitation pursuant to 73 ss. 320.08068(4)(d) and 413.4021(1) to administer the program. 74 For the purpose of ensuring continuity of services, a memorandum 75 of understanding shall be executed between the parties to cover 76 the period between July 1, 2008, and the execution of the final 77 agreement. 78 (1) As used in this section, the term "competitive 79 employment" means employment in the public or private sector 80 earning comparable wages and benefits, consistent with the person's qualifications and experience, in comparable working 81 82 conditions to those experienced by the general workforce in that 83 industry or profession. 84 (2) (1) In order to be eligible to participate in the 85 program, a person must meet the following requirements: 86 (a) Be at least 18 years of age, be a legal resident of this state, and be significantly and chronically disabled.+ 87 Page 3 of 6

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

	586-03406-15 20151260c1
88	(b) As determined by a physician, psychologist, or
89	psychiatrist, require a personal care attendant for assistance
90	with or support for at least two activities of daily living as
91	defined in s. 429.02., as determined by a physician,
92	psychologist, or psychiatrist;
93	(c) Require a personal care attendant and may require other
94	support and services, in order to accept an offer of imminent
95	employment, commence working, or a job or maintain competitive
96	substantial gainful employment.; and
97	(d) Be able to acquire and direct the support and services
98	provided pursuant to this section, including the services of a
99	personal care attendant.
100	(3) (2) (a) The Florida Association of Centers for
101	Independent Living shall provide training, as appropriate, to
102	program participants on hiring and managing a personal care
103	attendant and other self-advocacy skills needed to effectively
104	access and manage the support and services provided under this
105	section. and,
106	(b) In consultation cooperation with the advisory group
107	established in oversight group described in paragraph (c), the
108	Florida Association of Centers for Independent Living shall $\frac{(b)}{r}$
109	adopt and revise the policies and procedures governing $\underline{\text{the}}$
110	operation of the personal care attendant program and the
111	training program required by paragraph (a).
112	(c) An advisory group is established to make
113	recommendations on the development and revision of policies and
114	procedures related to the provision of services pursuant to this
115	section. The membership of the advisory committee must
116	(b) The oversight group shall include, but need not be
'	Page 4 of 6

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586-03406-15 20151260c1 117 limited to, a member of the Florida Association of Centers for 118 Independent Living, a person who is participating in the 119 program, and one representative each from the Department of 120 Revenue, the Department of Children and Families, the Division 121 of Vocational Rehabilitation in the Department of Education, the 122 Medicaid program in the Agency for Health Care Administration, 123 the Florida Endowment Foundation for Vocational Rehabilitation, 124 and the Brain and Spinal Cord Injury Program in the Department 125 of Health. 126 Section 3. Subsection (1) of section 413.4021, Florida 127 Statutes, is amended to read: 128 413.4021 Program participant selection; tax collection 129 enforcement diversion program.-The Department of Revenue, in 130 coordination with the Florida Association of Centers for 131 Independent Living and the Florida Prosecuting Attorneys 132 Association, shall select judicial circuits in which to operate 133 the program. The association and the state attorneys' offices 134 shall develop and implement a tax collection enforcement 135 diversion program, which shall collect revenue due from persons 136 who have not remitted their collected sales tax. The criteria 137 for referral to the tax collection enforcement diversion program 138 shall be determined cooperatively between the state attorneys' 139 offices and the Department of Revenue. 140 (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 212.20, 50 percent 141 of the revenues collected from the tax collection enforcement 142 diversion program shall be deposited into the special reserve 143 account of the Florida Endowment Foundation for Vocational 144 Rehabilitation, to be used to administer the personal care attendant program and to contract with the state attorneys 145 Page 5 of 6

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

586-03406-15 20151260c1 146 participating in the tax collection enforcement diversion 147 program in an amount of not more than \$75,000 \$50,000 for each 148 state attornev. 149 Section 4. Paragraph (d) of subsection (4) of section 150 320.08068, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 151 320.08068 Motorcycle specialty license plates .-152 (4) A license plate annual use fee of \$20 shall be 153 collected for each motorcycle specialty license plate. Annual 154 use fees shall be distributed to The Able Trust as custodial 155 agent. The Able Trust may retain a maximum of 10 percent of the 156 proceeds from the sale of the license plate for administrative costs. The Able Trust shall distribute the remaining funds as 157 158 follows: 159 (d) Twenty percent to the Foundation for Vocational 160 Rehabilitation to support the James Patrick Memorial Work 161 Incentive Personal Care Attendant Services and Employment 162 Assistance Program pursuant to s. 413.402. 163 Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.

> Page 6 of 6 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

THE FLORIDA SENATE

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

	/7	62
Meeting Date /	Bill Numi	ber (if applicable)
Name Staphen Levise	Amendment Barc	ode (if applicable)
Job Title		
Address 4361 CHARLESTON LON	Phone <u>90</u> 9-77/-	-9400
Street TACKSONVille 71 City State	32210 Email 512 (w) 52 (e	DATT.NE
Speaking: 🏹 For 🗌 Against 🦉 Information	Waive Speaking: In Support	Against
Representing FACIL		
Appearing at request of Chair: 🔄 Yes 📃 No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: 🔀	Yes 📃 No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	ICNAIE
(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Sena Meeting Date	
Topic Disabled Adults Name Paul Wharton	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Job Title	
Address 2273 Saragossa Ave Street JAX FL	Phone <u>909 - 563 - 0627</u> 32217 Email
Speaking: For Against Information	Zip Waive Speaking: In Support Against
Representing Florida CUSP Florida Centers	(The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lob	oyist registered with Legislature: Yes No

THE FLORIDA CENARE

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

THE FLORIDA SENATE

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting

icting the meeting)	1260
	Bill Number (if applicable)

Topic <u>58 1260</u>	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Jim DeBEAUGNINE	
Job Title	
Address 101 A. Moncoe Street	Phone <u>850-508-8908</u>
TALLALASSEE FL City State	<u>3230/</u> Email <u>James</u> , <u>debegus</u> rine Zip <u>Dbipcecon</u>
Speaking: V For Against V Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Florida Assa. of	Lesters for Independent Living
Appearing at request of Chair: 🗌 Yes 🔽 No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Ves No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

Meeting Date

THE FLORIDA SENATE

APPEARANCE RECORD

4-8-15	(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator of	r Senate Professional Staff conduc	cting the meeting)	1260
Meeting Date			·	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic <u>SB</u> 12			Amendn	nent Barcode (if applicable)
Name Linda	, Reen			
Job Title Exec				
Address <u>637(</u> Street	Mallard Trace	Dy Phon	ie <u>850</u>	<u>894-0336</u>
<u></u>	<u> </u>	Emai	I	
City	State	Zip		
Speaking: K For	Against Information	Waive Speaking (The Chair will rea		oort Against
Representing	FL ABSNOF Con	turs for A	dip L	wing
Appearing at request o	of Chair: 🔄 Yes 🗌 No	Lobbyist registered w	ith Legislatu	re: 📈 Yes 🗌 No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

		ased on the provisions contain		s of the latest date	listed below.)
	• •		e Appropriations of		
BILL:	CS/SB 1252				
INTRODUCER:	Higher Educ	ation Committee and S	Senator Stargel		
SUBJECT:	Higher Educ	ation			
DATE:	April 7, 2015	5 REVISED:			
ANAL	YST	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION
. Graf		Klebacha	HE	Fav/CS	
2. Sikes		Elwell	AED	Pre-meetin	g
3.			AP		

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

CS/SB 1252 realigns the mission and roles of Florida's public postsecondary systems and institutions in meeting Florida's labor market demands and community and regional needs. Specifically, the bill:

- Clarifies the mission of state universities, Florida College System (FCS) institutions, career centers, and charter technical career centers regarding state expectations.
- Renames the FCS as the Florida Community College System (FCCS).
- Clarifies Florida's "2+2" system of articulation and guaranteed transfer of credit hours earned through acceleration mechanisms, CAPE industry certifications, and courses at FCCS institutions.
- Clarifies expectations and state oversight of baccalaureate degree programs offered by FCCS institutions. The bill eliminates the one-year moratorium on the State Board of Education's approval of new baccalaureate degree program offerings by FCCS institutions and aligns the baccalaureate degree approval process for St. Petersburg College with the approval process for other FCCS institutions.
- Prohibits the establishment of an enrollment cap in the collegiate high school program contract and requires school districts and colleges to report student enrollment information to the Florida Department of Education.
- Adds the Chancellor of Career and Adult Education as a member of the Higher Education Coordinating Council.
- Requires career education program standards and benchmarks to reflect the quality components of career and technical education.

The bill has no fiscal impact on state funds.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2015.

II. Present Situation:

The Legislature establishes education policies, enacts education laws, and appropriates and allocates education resources.¹ The Florida K-20 education system is established to provide high-quality education to students,² through publicly supported and controlled public K-12 schools, Florida College System (FCS) institutions, state universities, technical centers³ that are operated by district school boards or FCS institution boards of trustees, Florida Schools for the Deaf and the Blind, and the Florida Virtual School.⁴

The mission of Florida's K-20 education system is to provide to students opportunities to expand their knowledge and skills through rigorous and relevant learning opportunities in accordance with the mission statement and requirements of the K-20 education performance accountability system.⁵

In addition to the publicly supported colleges and universities, higher education in the state is also delivered by certain private postsecondary educational institutions that are authorized to operate in Florida.⁶

Governance

The oversight responsibilities for the state universities rest with the Board of Governors of the State University System of Florida (BOG)⁷ and the State Board of Education (SBE) is responsible for enforcing compliance with law by all school districts and public postsecondary educational institutions, except for the state universities.⁸

Board of Governors of the State University System of Florida

The BOG is a constitutionally created body to operate, regulate, control, be fully responsible for managing the whole university system.⁹ The BOG's responsibilities must "include, but not be limited to, defining the distinctive mission of each constituent university and its articulation with free public schools and community colleges, ensuring the well-planned coordination and operation of the system, and avoiding wasteful duplication of facilities or programs."¹⁰ The

¹ Section 1000.03(2)(a), F.S.

² Section 1000.01(3), F.S.

³ Technical centers mean career centers pursuant to s. 1001.44, F.S., and charter technical career centers pursuant to s. 1002.34, F.S.

⁴ Section 1000.04, F.S.

⁵ Section 1003.03(4), F.S.

⁶ Chapter 1005, F.S.

⁷ Art. IX, s. 7, Fla. Const.

⁸ Art. IX, s. 2, Fla. Const.; s. 1001.03(8), F.S.

⁹ Art. IX, s. 7(d), Fla. Const.

¹⁰ Art. IX, s. 7(d), Fla. Const.; s. 1001.705(2), F.S.

BOG's management is subject to the powers of the legislature to appropriate for the expenditure of funds, and BOG must account for such expenditures as provided by law.¹¹

State University System

The university system consists of 12 state universities.¹² The BOG is comprised of 17 members – the Commissioner of Education; the chair of the advisory council of faculty senates, or the equivalent; the president of the Florida student association, or the equivalent; and 14 citizen-appointments by the Governor.¹³

Each institution in the state university system is governed locally by a board of trustees¹⁴ comprised of 13 members – the chair of the faculty senate or the equivalent, the president of the student body of that institution, six citizen members appointed by the Governor, and five citizen members appointed by the BOG. The members appointed by the Governor and the BOG must be confirmed by the Florida Senate.¹⁵ The local boards of trustees must govern their institutions in accordance with BOG rules and regulations.¹⁶ Each local board's responsibilities include strategic planning and adopting policies regarding admissions, programs, administration, personnel, contracts, and facilities.¹⁷

Eleven of the 12 state universities are regionally accredited by the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools (SACS).¹⁸ Florida Polytechnic University, which was established in 2012, is expected to achieve accreditation from SACS by December 31, 2016.¹⁹

State Board of Education

The SBE is the "chief implementing and coordinating body of public education in Florida, except for the State University System" and is authorized to adopt rules to implement the provisions of law conferring duties upon the SBE to improve the state system of K-20 public education except for the state university system.²⁰ As such, the SBE has governing authority over the FCS institutions and districts school boards, and is authorized to delegate SBE's general powers to the Commissioner of Education or the directors of the divisions of the Florida Department of Education (DOE).²¹

¹¹ *Id*.

¹² The State University System of Florida consists of 12 state universities: Florida Agricultural and Mechanical University, Florida Atlantic University, Florida Gulf Coast University, Florida International University, Florida Polytechnic University, Florida State University, New College of Florida, University of Central Florida, University of Florida, University of North Florida, University of South Florida, and University of West Florida. Florida Board of Governors, State University System of Florida, <u>http://www.flbog.edu/aboutsus/universities/</u> (March 21, 2015).

¹³ Art. IX, s. 7(d), Fla. Const.

¹⁴ Art. IX, s. 7(c), Fla. Const.; s. 1001.71(1), F.S.

¹⁵ Id.

¹⁶ Art. IX, s. 7(c), Fla. Const.; *see also* Florida Board of Governors Regulation 1.001.

¹⁷ Florida Board of Governors Regulation 1.001(3)-(7).

¹⁸ Southern Association of Colleges and Schools, *Highest Degree Offered by an Institution*, <u>http://www.sacscoc.org/searchResults.asp</u> (last visited March 22, 2015).

¹⁹ Section 1, ch. 2012-129, L.O.F.

²⁰ Section 1001.02(1), F.S.

²¹ Section 1001.02((1) and (4), F.S.

Florida College System

There are 28 FCS institutions and their regional service areas are specified in law.²² Each FCS institution is governed by a local board of trustees.²³ Each FCS institution board of trustees must be comprised of 5 members if a FCS institution district is confined to one school board district; 7 members if a FCS institution district is confined to one school board district and the board of trustees so elects; and not more than 9 members if a FCS institution district contains two or more school board districts.²⁴ The FCS boards of trustees are appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate.²⁵ Each FCS board of trustees is responsible for cost-effective policy decisions regarding the FCS institution's mission, the implementation and maintenance of high-quality education programs within law and rules of the SBE, the measurement of performance, the reporting of information, and the provision of input on state policy, budgeting, and education standards.²⁶ FCS boards of trustees are authorized to adopt rules, procedures, and policies regarding admissions, programs, administration, personnel, contracts, and facilities.²⁷

All 28 FCS institutions are regionally accredited by SACS.²⁸

Technical Centers Operated by District School Boards

The state constitution provides that each county in Florida constitutes a school district and requires each district to be governed by a school board comprised of at least 5 members chosen by vote of the electors.²⁹ There are 67 district school boards. Each district school board must operate, control, and supervise all free public schools within the school district and determine the rate of school district taxes within the prescribed limits.³⁰ Florida law specifies the powers and duties of the districts school board.³¹

District school boards are authorized to establish or acquire career centers, after first obtaining approval from the DOE.³² A career center is a part of the district school system and offers terminal courses of a technical nature, and courses for out-of-school youth and adults.³³ A career center must be under the control of the district school board of the school district in which the

²² The 28 Florida College System (FCS) institutions are Eastern Florida State College; Broward College; College of Central Florida; Chipola College; Daytona State College; Florida SouthWestern State College; Florida State College at Jacksonville; Florida Keys Community College; Gulf Coast State College; Hillsborough Community College; Indian River State College; Florida Gateway College; Lake-Sumter State College; State College; Palm Beach State College; Pasco-Hernando State College; Pensacola State College; Polk State College; St. Johns River State College; St. Petersburg College; Santa Fe College; Seminole State College of Florida; South Florida State College; Tallahassee Community College; and Valencia College. Section 1000.21(3), F.S.

²³ Sections 1001.60(3), 1001.61(1), and 1004.65(1), F.S. FCS institutions are statutorily-designated as political subdivisions of the state. Section 1004.67, F.S.

²⁴ Section 1001.61(1), F.S. Florida State College at Jacksonville must have an odd number of trustees. *Id.*

²⁵ Section 1001.61(2), F.S.

²⁶ Section 1001.64(1), F.S.

²⁷ Section 1001.64(4), F.S.

²⁸ Southern Association of Colleges and Schools, *Highest Degree Offered by an Institution*, http://www.sacscoc.org/searchResults.asp (last visited March 22, 2015).

²⁹ Art. IX, s. 4(a), Fla. Const.

³⁰ Art. IX, s. 4(b), Fla. Const.

³¹ Part II, ch. 1001, F.S.

³² Section 1001.44(1)-(2), F.S.

³³ Section 1001.44(3)(a), F.S.

center is located, and must be directed by a director "responsible through the district school superintendent to the district school board of the school district in which the center is located."³⁴ There are 47 career centers that are operated by district school boards in Florida.³⁵

In addition, to career centers, the Legislature also authorized the creation of charter technical career centers that may be formed by creating a new school or converting an existing school district or FCS institution program to charter technical status.³⁶ According to legislative findings, a charter technical career center "can assist in promoting advances and innovations in workforce preparation and economic development."³⁷ Further, a charter technical career center "may provide a learning environment that better serves the needs of a specific population or a group of occupations, thus promoting diversity and choices within the public education and public postsecondary technical education community in this state."³⁸ There are 2 charter technical career centers that are operated by district school boards in Florida.³⁹

All 47 career centers and 2 charter technical career centers are accredited by the Council on Occupational Education (COE).⁴⁰

Mission

State University System

The purpose of the state university system is to "achieve excellence through teaching students, advancing research and providing public service for the benefit of Florida's citizens, their communities and economies."⁴¹

Florida College System

The primary mission and responsibility of FCS institutions is responding to community needs for postsecondary academic education and career degree education.⁴² Florida law specifies the following as the primary mission of FCS institutions:⁴³

- Providing lower level undergraduate instruction and awarding associate degrees.
- Preparing students directly for careers requiring less than baccalaureate degrees.

³⁴ Id.

³⁵ Florida Department of Education, 2013-14 Career and Adult Education Quick Facts, available at <u>http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/9904/urlt/1314quickfacts.pdf</u> (last visited March 22, 2015).

³⁶ Section 1002.34(1), F.S.

³⁷ Id.

³⁸ Section 1002.34(1), F.S.

³⁹ Florida Department of Education, A Comparison of State of Florida Charter Technical Career Centers to District Non-Charter Career Centers, 2013-14, available at <u>http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/9904/urlt/charterreview14.pdf</u>, at 2 of 25.

⁴⁰ Florida Department of Education, Presentation to the Florida House of Representatives Higher Education & Workforce Subcommittee (Jan. 7, 2015), *available at*

<u>http://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?PublicationType=Committees&CommitteeId=2853&Sess</u> <u>ion=2015&DocumentType=Meeting%20Packets&FileName=hews%201-7-15.pdf</u>, at 8 of 87; Florida Department of

Education, A Comparison of State of Florida Charter Technical Career Centers to District Non-Charter Career Centers, 2013-14, available at <u>http://www.fldoe.org/core/fileparse.php/9904/urlt/charterreview14.pdf</u>, at 3-4 of 25.

⁴¹ Art. IX, s. 7(a), Fla. Const.

⁴² Section 1004.65(5), F.S.

 $^{^{43}}$ *Id*.

- Providing student development services to ensure student success.
- Promoting economic development for the state through special programs (e.g., Enterprise Florida-related programs and workforce literacy programs).
- Providing dual enrollment instruction.
- Providing upper level instruction and awarding baccalaureate degrees that are authorized by law.

Additionally, a secondary mission of FCS institutions includes offering programs in:44

- Community services that are not directly related to academic or occupational advancement.
- Adult education services.
- Recreational and leisure services.

Florida College System Institution Baccalaureate Degree Programs

The Legislature created the site-determined baccalaureate degree access program in 1999 to authorize community colleges to offer baccalaureate degrees to meet the economic development and educational needs of place-bound, nontraditional students in areas of the state that are underserved by 4-year institutions.⁴⁵

In 2001, the Legislature redesignated St. Petersburg Junior College as St. Petersburg College and authorized community colleges to offer baccalaureate degrees in populous counties that are underserved by public baccalaureate degree granting institutions.⁴⁶ The legislative intent to provide access to baccalaureate degrees was to "address the state's workforce needs, especially the need for teachers, nurses, and business managers in agencies and firms that require expertise in technology."⁴⁷ St. Petersburg College was the first college that the Legislature authorized to offer baccalaureate degrees. ⁴⁸ The Legislature specified the purpose for authorizing St. Petersburg College to offer high quality undergraduate education at affordable prices is to "promote economic development by preparing people for occupations that require a bachelor's degree and are in demand by existing or emerging public and private employers in this state."⁴⁹

The SBE is responsible for reviewing and approving proposals by FCS institutions to offer baccalaureate degree programs.⁵⁰ The approval process requires the FCS institutions to submit a notice of intent to the Division of Florida Colleges (Division), within DOE, regarding the proposed baccalaureate degree program 100 days before the submission of the program proposal.⁵¹ Within 10 days after receipt of the notice, the Division must forward the notice of intent to the Chancellor of the State University System, the President of Independent Colleges and Universities of Florida (ICUF), and the Executive Director of the Commission for

⁴⁴ Section 1004.65(6), F.S.

⁴⁵ Section 1, ch. 99-290, L.O.F.

⁴⁶ Section 40, ch. 2001-170, L.O.F.

⁴⁷ Id.

⁴⁸ Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability, Presentation to the Florida Senate Committee on Higher Education (March 10, 2015), *available at* <u>http://www.flsenate.gov/PublishedContent/Committees/2014-2016/HE/MeetingRecords/MeetingPacket_2894.pdf</u>, at 48-49 of 97.

⁴⁹ Section 40, ch. 2001-170, L.O.F.

⁵⁰ Section 1001.03(15), F.S.

⁵¹ Section 1007.33(5)(a), F.S.

Independent Education.⁵² The state universities have 60 days, after receipt of the notice by the Chancellor of the State University system, to submit objections to the proposed program or submit an alternative proposal to offer the baccalaureate degree program. If the SBE does not receive a proposal from a state university within the 60-day period, the SBE is required to provide regionally accredited private colleges and universities 30 days to submit objections to the proposals must be submitted to the Division, and must be considered by the SBE in making its decision to approve or deny a FCS institution's baccalaureate degree program proposal.⁵³ The alternative proposal must address specified information (e.g., the extent to which the workforce demand and unmet need described in the notice of intent will be met; and the level of financial commitment of the college or university to develop, implement, and maintain the specified degree program).⁵⁴

Currently, 24 FCS institutions offer 175 baccalaureate degree programs.⁵⁵ In 2014, the Legislature placed a one-year moratorium on the State Board of Education's approval of new FCS baccalaureate degree programs.⁵⁶

Technical Centers Operated by District School Boards

Florida law does not provide a specific mission for the career centers.⁵⁷ However, the law specifies that career centers, under the control of district school boards, must offer terminal courses of a technical nature and courses for out-of-school youth and adults.⁵⁸

The purpose of charter technical career centers is to:59

- Develop a competitive workforce to support local business and industry and economic development.
- Create a training and education model that is reflective of marketplace realities.
- Offer a continuum of career educational opportunities using school-to-work, tech-prep, technical academy, and magnet school model.
- Provide career pathways for lifelong learning and career mobility.
- Enhance career and technical training.

⁵² Section 1007.33(5)(b), F.S.

⁵³ Id.

⁵⁴ Section 1007.33(5)(c), F.S.

⁵⁵ The 24 colleges that are authorized to offer baccalaureate degree programs include St. Petersburg College, Chipola College, Miami Dade College, Northwest Florida State College, Daytona State College, Florida SouthWestern State College, Florida State College at Jacksonville, Indian River State College, Broward College, Palm Beach State College, Polk State College, Santa Fe College, Seminole College, State College, of Florida-Manatee, College of Central Florida, Gulf Coast State College, Pensacola College, St. Johns River State College, Valencia College, Florida Gateway College, South Florida State College, Lake-Sumter State College, Eastern Florida State College, and Pasco-Hernando State College. Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability, Presentation to the Florida Senate Committee on Higher Education (March 10, 2015), *available at* http://www.flsenate.gov/PublishedContent/Committees/2014-

<u>2016/HE/MeetingRecords/MeetingPacket_2894.pdf</u>, at 49 of 97; Email, Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability (Feb. 13, 2015).

⁵⁶ Sections 3 and 22, ch. 2014-56, LO.F.

⁵⁷ Section 1001.44, F.S.

⁵⁸ Section 1001.44(3)(a), F.S.

⁵⁹ Section 1002.34(2), F.S.

Accountability

Board of Governors of the State University System of Florida

The BOG must develop a strategic plan specifying goals and objectives for the state university system and each constituent university, including each university's contribution to overall system goals and objectives.⁶⁰ The strategic plan must include specified information (e.g., performance metrics and standards common to all universities and standards unique to each university based on the core mission of each university, student enrollment and performance data, and criteria for designating baccalaureate and master's degree programs as high-demand programs of emphasis).⁶¹ Additionally, the BOG must develop an accountability plan for the state university system and each constituent university.⁶² The accountability plan, which must be submitted as part of the BOG's legislative budget request, must address each university's and the system's achievement of goals and objectives specified in the strategic plan.⁶³

The BOG has the authority to regulate the state university system and may adopt a regulation development procedure for the BOG and the university boards of trustees to use in implementing their constitutional duties and responsibilities.⁶⁴ If the BOG determines that a state university board of trustees is unwilling or unable to comply with any law or BOG rule or regulation or audit recommendation within the specified time, the BOG is authorized to initiate corrective actions (e.g., withhold the transfer of state funds, discretionary grant funds, discretionary lottery funds, or any other funds appropriated to the BOG by the Legislature, declare the university ineligible for competitive grants disbursed by the BOG; and report the university to the Legislature and recommend action to be taken by the Legislature).⁶⁵

State Board of Education

The SBE must adopt a strategic plan that specifies goals and objectives for the state's public schools and the FCS institutions.⁶⁶ The plan must be formulated in conjunction with the BOG plans to coordinate the roles of the state universities and FCS institutions to best meet state needs and reflect cost-effective use of state resources.⁶⁷ The strategic plan must clarify the mission statements of each FCS institution and the system as a whole and identify degree programs, including baccalaureate degree programs, to be offered at each FCS institution in accordance with law and the coordinated 5-year plan for postsecondary enrollment.⁶⁸ The 5-year plan must be submitted to the Legislature as part of the SBE's legislative budget request.⁶⁹

Additionally, the SBE must identify performance metrics for the FCS institutions and develop a plan that specifies the goals and objectives for each FCS institution. The plan include specified information (i.e., performance metrics and standards common for all FCS institutions and

⁶⁷ Id.

⁶⁰ Section 1001.706(5)(b), F.S.

⁶¹ Id.

⁶² Section 1001.706(5)(c), F.S.

⁶³ Id.

⁶⁴ Section 1001.706(2)(a), F.S.

⁶⁵ Section 1008.322(5), F.S.

⁶⁶ Section 1001.02(3)(a), F.S.

⁶⁸ Section 1001.02(2)(v) and (3)(a), F.S.

⁶⁹ Id.

metrics and standards unique to each institution based on the core mission of each institution, and student enrollment and performance data).⁷⁰

The SBE is entrusted with the oversight authority to enforce compliance with law and SBE rule by all district school boards and FCS institution boards of trustees.⁷¹ If the SBE determines that a district school board or a FCS institution board of trustees is unwilling or unable to comply with law or SBE rule within the specified time, the SBE is authorized to initiate corrective actions (e.g., withhold the transfer of state funds, discretionary grant funds, discretionary lottery funds, or any other funds specified as eligible for this purpose by the Legislature; declare the school district or the FCS institution ineligible for competitive grants; and report the school district or the FCS institution to the Legislature and recommend action to be taken by the Legislature).⁷²

Articulation

The SBE and the BOG must collaborate to create and adopt articulation policies with input from statewide K-20 advisory groups established by the Commissioner of Education and the Chancellor of the State University System, and recommend policies to the Legislature.⁷³ The policies must relate to:⁷⁴

- The alignment between exit requirements of one education system and the admissions requirements of another education system into which students typically transfer.
- The identification of common courses, the level of courses, institutional participation in the statewide course numbering system, and the transferability of credits among such institutions.
- Identification of courses that meet general education or common degree program prerequisite requirements at public postsecondary educational institutions.
- Dual enrollment course equivalencies.
- Articulation agreements.

The SBE, in conjunction with the BOG, must establish an articulation accountability process, which must address specified issues such as:⁷⁵

- The impact of articulation processes on educational continuity and the orderly and unobstructed transition of students between public secondary and postsecondary education systems and facilitating the transition of students between public and private sectors.
- The smooth transfer of FCS associate degree graduates to a state university.

Higher Education Coordinating Council

The Legislature created the Higher Education Coordinating Council (HECC or council) in 2010⁷⁶ to identify unmet needs; facilitate solutions to disputes regarding the creation of new degree programs and the establishment of new institutes, campuses, or centers; and facilitate solutions to

⁷⁰ Section 1001.03(16), F.S.

⁷¹ Sections 1001.03(8) and 1008.32, F.S.

⁷² Section 1008.32(4), F.S.

⁷³ Section 1007.01(2), F.S.

⁷⁴ *Id*.

⁷⁵ Section 1008.38, F.S.

⁷⁶ Section 12, ch. 2010-78, L.O.F.

- One member of the Board of Governors, appointed by the chair of the Board of Governors.
- The Chancellor of the State University System.
- The Chancellor of the Florida College System.
- One member of the State Board of Education (SBE), appointed by the chair of the SBE.
- The Executive Director of the Florida Association of Postsecondary Schools and Colleges.
- The president of the Independent Colleges and Universities of Florida.
- The president of Workforce Florida, Inc., or his or her designee.
- The president of Enterprise Florida, Inc., or a designated member of the Stakeholders Council appointed by the president.
- Three representatives of the business community, one appointed by the President of the Senate, one appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and one appointed by the Governor, who are committed to developing and enhancing world class workforce infrastructure necessary for Florida's citizens to compete and prosper in the ever-changing economy of the 21st century.

The appointed members serve 2-year terms and the chair of the HECC is elected annually by a majority of the council members.⁷⁹

Private Postsecondary Educational Institutions

A postsecondary educational institution must obtain licensure from the Commission for Independent Education (CIE or commission) to operate in the state of Florida, unless such institution is not under CIE's jurisdiction or purview.⁸⁰

The commission is responsible for developing minimum standards to evaluate institutions for licensure.⁸¹ Current law requires that the standards must, at a minimum, include the institution's name, financial stability, purpose, administrative organization, admissions and recruitment, educational programs and curricula, retention, completion, career placement, faculty, learning resources, student personnel services, physical plant and facilities, publications, and disclosure statements about the status of institutions related to professional certification and licensure.⁸²

Institutions that are exempt from licensure by the commission include, but are not limited to, Independent Colleges and Universities of Florida (ICUF) institutions that are eligible to participate in the William L. Boyd, IV, Florida Resident Access Grant Program.⁸³ Such colleges and universities must be not for profit, located and chartered in Florida, and accredited by SACS

- ⁷⁹ Section 1004.015(2), F.S.
- ⁸⁰ Sections 1005.31(1)(a) and 1005.06(1), F.S.
- ⁸¹ Section 1005.31(2), F.S.
- 82 *Id*.
- ⁸³ Section 1005.06(1)(c), F.S.

⁷⁷ Section 1004.015(1), F.S.

⁷⁸ Section 1004.015(2), F.S.

to grant baccalaureate degrees.⁸⁴ Currently, there are 31 ICUF institutions that are regionally accredited by SACS.⁸⁵

Career Education

The purpose of career education is to help individuals attain and sustain employment and realize economic self-sufficiency.⁸⁶ The Legislature intends that the standards that are provided in law⁸⁷ be considered in the development of accountability standards for public schools and for FCS institutions.⁸⁸

- For a school board, superintendent, career center, and FCS institution, accountability for career education programs includes, but is not limited to:
 - Student demonstration of the academic skills necessary to enter an occupation.
 - Student preparation to enter an occupation in an entry-level position or continue postsecondary study.
 - Career program articulation with other corresponding postsecondary programs and job training experiences.
 - Employer satisfaction with the performance of students who complete career education or reach occupational completion points.
 - Student completion, placement, and retention rates pursuant to career program reporting requirements.⁸⁹
- For the Florida Department of Education (DOE), accountability for career education includes, but is not limited to:
 - The provision of timely, accurate technical assistance to school districts and FCS institutions.
 - The provision of timely, accurate information to the SBE, the Legislature, and the public.
 - The development of policies, rules, and procedures that facilitate institutional attainment of the accountability standards and coordinate the efforts of all divisions within the department.
 - The development of program standards and industry-driven benchmarks for career, adult, and community education programs, which must be updated every 3 years. The standards must include career, academic, and workplace skills; viability of distance learning for instruction; and work/learn cycles that are responsive to business and industry.
 - Overseeing school district and FCS institution compliance with the provisions of public postsecondary education.

⁸⁸ Id.

⁸⁴ Id.

⁸⁵ The 31 ICUF institutions are Adventist University of Health Sciences, Ave Maria University, Barry University, Beacon College, Bethune-Cookman University, Clearwater Christian College, Eckerd College, Edward Waters College, Embry-Riddle Aeronautical University, Everglades University, Flagler College, Florida College, Florida Institute of Technology, Florida Memorial University, Florida Southern College, Hodges University, Jacksonville University, Keiser University, Lynn University, Nova Southeastern University, Palm Beach Atlantic University, Ringling College of Art and Design, Rollins College, Saint Leo University, Southeastern University, St. Thomas University, Stetson University, University of Miami, University of Tampa, Warner University, and Webber International University. Independent Colleges and Universities of Florida, *Institutions*, http://www.icuf.org/newdevelopment/schools/ (last visited March 22, 2015); Independent Colleges and Universities of Florida, *About Us*, http://www.icuf.org/newdevelopment/schools/ (last visited March 22, 2015).

⁸⁶ Section 1004.92(1), F.S.

⁸⁷ Id.

⁸⁹ Section 1008.43, F.S.

• Ensuring that the educational outcomes for the technical component of career programs are uniform and designed to provide a graduate who is capable of entering the workforce on an equally competitive basis regardless of the institution of choice.

Collegiate High School Program

In 2014, the Legislature established the collegiate high school program⁹⁰ that required each school district and its local Florida College System institution to execute a contract to establish one or more collegiate high school programs at a mutually agreed-upon location or locations.⁹¹ At a minimum, the collegiate high school program must include an option for public school students in grades 11 and 12 participating in the program, for at least one full school year, the opportunity to:⁹²

- Earn career and professional education (CAPE) industry certifications and
- Successfully complete 30 credit hours through the dual enrollment program toward the first year of college for an associate degree or a baccalaureate degree while enrolled in the collegiate high school program.

A Florida College System institution may execute a contract with a school district outside the FCS institution's designated service area if the local FCS institution for that school district does not execute a contract with the school district, beginning with the 2015-2016 school year.⁹³ Additionally, a district school board may execute a contract with a state university or an ICUF institution to establish a collegiate high school program.⁹⁴

A collegiate high school program contract must be executed by January 1 of each school year for implementation of the program during the next school year.⁹⁵

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill realigns the mission and roles of Florida's public postsecondary education systems and institutions in meeting Florida's labor market demands and community and regional needs. Specifically, the bill:

- Clarifies the mission of state universities, Florida College System (FCS) institutions, career centers, and charter technical career centers regarding state expectations.
- Renames the FCS as the Florida Community College System (FCCS).
- Strengthens Florida's "2+2" system of articulation and guaranteed transfer of credit hours earned through acceleration mechanisms (e.g., Advanced Placement, International Baccalaureate Program, Advanced International Certificate of Education Program, and dual enrollment), career and professional education (CAPE) industry certifications, and courses at FCCS institutions.
- Strengthens expectations and state oversight of baccalaureate degree programs offered by FCCS institutions.

⁹⁴ Section 1007.273(5), F.S.

⁹⁰ Section 10, ch. 2014-184, L.O.F.

⁹¹ Section 1007.273(1), F.S.

⁹² Section 1007.273(2), F.S.

⁹³ Section 1007.273(3), F.S.

⁹⁵ Section 1007.273(3), F.S.

- Modifies the purpose and responsibilities of career education.
- Emphasizes access to the collegiate high school program by prohibiting an enrollment cap on the collegiate high school program contract and requires school districts and colleges to report student enrollment information to the Florida Department of Education (DOE).

Mission

The bill reinforces the state's expectation that institutions within Florida's K-20 education system must avoid wasteful duplication of programs offered by state universities, FCS institutions, and technical centers that are operated by district school boards. Specifically, the bill:

- Reinforces the State Board of Education's (SBE) authority to monitor compliance, initiate action, and report to the legislature instances of noncompliance.
- Reinforces the mission of the state university system is to promote excellence through teaching students, advancing research, and providing public service for the benefit of Florida's citizens and their communities and economies, including offering undergraduate and graduate level instruction.

The bill renames the Florida College System (FCS) as the Florida Community College System (FCCS) and the Division of Florida Colleges as the Division of Florida Community Colleges, and directs the Division of Law Revision and Information to develop reviser's bill for the 2016 legislative session to codify the name change.

The bill also revises the mission statements of public postsecondary institutions by:

- Specifying that the primary mission of a career center or a charter technical career center that is operated by a district school board is to promote advances and innovations in workforce preparation and economic development; except that a career center or a charter technical career center may not award college credit.
- Changing from a primary to a secondary mission of FCCS institutions, the provision of upper level instruction and awarding of baccalaureate degrees.
- Requiring any institution that meets the academic and research excellence standards for consideration of preeminent status to enter into, and maintain, a formal agreement with the National Merit Scholarship Corporation to offer College-sponsored Merit Scholarship® awards to be designated as a preeminent state research university.

The bill defines "college" to accurately reflect the primary mission of public postsecondary institutions serving community and regional needs:

- A community college institution that offers a substantially complete program that confers at least an associate degree requiring at least 15 semester hours or the equivalent of general education, or that furnishes or offers to furnish instruction leading toward, or prerequisite to, college credit.
- Prohibits the use of the term "state," or otherwise indicating a statewide presence, in a community college institution name unless expressly authorized by law.
- Requires the community college institutions to change their names, by December 1, 2015, to accurately reflect the community college's service area in order to be eligible to receive state funds.

Florida's 2+2 System of Articulation

The bill reinforces a primary responsibility of the SBE and the BOG is to preserve Florida's "2+2" system of articulation and to improve and facilitate articulation systemwide. Specifically, the bill requires articulation policies to address the application of credit hours earned through acceleration mechanisms (e.g., Advanced Placement, International Baccalaureate Program, Advanced International Certificate of Education Program, and dual enrollment), CAPE industry certifications, and courses at FCCS institutions to general education, associate degree, or bachelor degree.

Baccalaureate Degree Programs Offered by Community Colleges

The bill prohibits colleges from offering Bachelor of Arts degrees and reinforces the primary mission of colleges to offer lower level instruction by establishing a five percent cap on upper level full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment at a college as a percentage of combined total lower level and upper level FTE enrollment at the college.

Additionally, the bill extends the timeline for approving baccalaureate degree programs proposed by FCCS institutions to provide sufficient time for objections by state universities or non-profit, SACS-accredited independent colleges and universities in the college's regional service area. Specifically, the bill:

- Requires colleges to provide at least one year notice before submitting a proposal to offer a bachelor degree to the Chancellor of the State University System, and the President of Independent Colleges and Universities of Florida (ICUF).
- Requires a college baccalaureate degree proposal to include a justification for the proposed program, including a data-driven analysis, verified by more than one third-party professional entity, of workforce demand and unmet need and to what extent the proposed program will meet the workforce demand and unmet need; requires the justification be forwarded to the Chancellor of the State University System, the President of ICUF, and Executive Director of the Commission for Independent Education.
- Eliminates the requirement that an alternative proposal be submitted by a state university or ICUF institution.

The bill also reinforces the state's expectation of college affordability by requiring the college's program enrollment projections and funding requirements to include the college's efforts to sustain the program at a cost of tuition and fees for Florida residents not to exceed \$10,000 for the entire degree program, including utilization of waivers authorized by law.

Finally, the bill strengthens state oversight responsibilities by requiring:

- The SBE to consult with the Chancellor of the State University System to consider objections raised by state universities before approving or denying a college's proposal.
- The SBE to annually review baccalaureate degree program performance and compliance indicators, and needs assessments.
- The SBE to direct a FCCS boards of trustees to terminate a baccalaureate degree program if the state's review indicates negative performance and compliance results and the college fails to demonstrate a need for the program.

Career Education

The bill modifies requirements for career education by:

- Adding the Chancellor of Career and Adult Education as a member of the Higher Education Coordinating Council, and
- Modifying the purpose and responsibilities of career education to require that the career education program standards and benchmarks developed by the Florida Department of Education (DOE) reflect the quality components of career and technical education, and requires the State Board of Education (SBE) to adopt rules.

Collegiate High School Program

The bill emphasizes access to the collegiate high school program by prohibiting establishment of an enrollment cap in the collegiate high school program contract. Additionally, the bill requires:

- Each school district to document and annually report to DOE the number of students accepted into or denied access to the collegiate high school program.
- Each FCCS institution to document and annually report to DOE the percent of collegiate high school program students in its institution relative to the total lower level full-time equivalent enrollment at that institution.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2015.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

CS/SB 1252 may require some current Florida College System (FCS) institutions to change their name. A required name change will likely result in costs associated with signage and other marketing materials; however, FCS institutions that previously elected to change their name did so without an appropriation of state funds. The bill has no fiscal impact on state funds.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 1000.03, 1000.21, 1001.02, 1001.03, 1001.42, 1001.44, 1001.60, 1001.705, 1001.7065, 1002.34, 1004.015, 1004.65, 1004.92, 1007.01, 1007.23, 1007.273, 1007.33, and 1008.38.

This bill creates two undesignated sections of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Higher Education on March 23, 2015:

The committee substitute maintains the original substance of SB 1252 with the following modifications:

- Clarifies the mission of state universities, Florida Community College System (FCCS) institutions, career centers, and charter technical career centers regarding state expectations.
- Clarifies Florida's "2+2" system of articulation and guaranteed transfer of credit hours earned through acceleration mechanisms (e.g., Advanced Placement, International Baccalaureate Program, Advanced International Certificate of Education Program, and dual enrollment), CAPE industry certifications, and courses at FCCS institutions.
- Clarifies expectations and state oversight of baccalaureate degree programs offered by FCCS institutions.
- Prohibits the establishment of an enrollment cap in the collegiate high school program contract and requires school districts and colleges to report student enrollment information to the Florida Department of Education.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate

House

Appropriations Subcommittee on Education (Stargel) recommended the following: Senate Amendment Delete lines 112 - 170 and insert: (a) Eastern Florida State College, which serves Brevard County. (b) Broward College, which serves Broward County. (c) College of Central Florida, which serves Citrus, Levy,

9 and Marion Counties.

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(d) Chipola College, which serves Calhoun, Holmes, Jackson,

383046

11	Liberty, and Washington Counties.
12	(e) Daytona State College, which serves Flagler and Volusia
13	Counties.
14	(f) Florida Southwestern State College, which serves
15	Charlotte, Collier, Glades, Hendry, and Lee Counties.
16	(g) Florida State College at Jacksonville, which serves
17	Duval and Nassau Counties.
18	(h) Florida Keys Community College, which serves Monroe
19	County.
20	(i) Gulf Coast State College, which serves Bay, Franklin,
21	and Gulf Counties.
22	(j) Hillsborough Community College, which serves
23	Hillsborough County.
24	(k) Indian River State College, which serves Indian River,
25	Martin, Okeechobee, and St. Lucie Counties.
26	(l) Florida Gateway College, which serves Baker, Columbia,
27	Dixie, Gilchrist, and Union Counties.
28	(m) Lake-Sumter State College, which serves Lake and Sumter
29	Counties.
30	(n) <u>Suncoast</u> State College of Florida , Manatee-Sarasota ,
31	which serves Manatee and Sarasota Counties.
32	(o) Miami Dade College, which serves Miami-Dade County.
33	(p) North Florida Community College, which serves Hamilton,
34	Jefferson, Lafayette, Madison, Suwannee, and Taylor Counties.
35	(q) Northwest Florida State College, which serves Okaloosa
36	and Walton Counties.
37	(r) Palm Beach State College, which serves Palm Beach
38	County.
39	(s) Pasco-Hernando State College, which serves Hernando and
	I

602-03565-15

383046

40	Pasco Counties.
41	(t) Pensacola State College, which serves Escambia and
42	Santa Rosa Counties.
43	(u) Polk State College, which serves Polk County.
44	(v) St. Johns River State College, which serves Clay,
45	Putnam, and St. Johns Counties.
46	(w) St. Petersburg College, which serves Pinellas County.
47	(x) Santa Fe College, which serves Alachua and Bradford
48	Counties.
49	(y) Seminole State College of Florida , which serves
50	Seminole County.
51	(z) South Florida State College, which serves DeSoto,
52	Hardee, and Highlands Counties.
53	(aa) Tallahassee Community College, which serves Gadsden,
54	Leon, and Wakulla Counties.
55	(bb) Valencia College, which serves Orange and Osceola
56	Counties.
57	
58	By December 1, 2015, a Florida Community College System
59	institution shall change its name to accurately reflect the
60	institution's regional service area in order to be eligible to
61	receive state funds. The institution may not, in its name,
62	include the terms "Florida" and "state" together unless
63	expressly authorized by law.

204804

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

. . . .

Senate

House

Appropriations	Subcommittee	on	Education	(Stargel)	recommended
the following:					

1 2 3

Delete line 60

4 and insert:

5 institution's service area in order to be eligible to

Senate Amendment to Amendment (383046)



LEGISLATIVE ACTION .

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Senate

House

Appropriations Subcommittee on Education (Stargel) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment

Delete lines 942 - 943

and insert:

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5 program to the Division of Florida <u>Community</u> Colleges at least
6 180 100 days before the submission of its proposal under

1:	38510
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LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate

House

Appropriations Subcommittee on Education (Stargel) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment

Delete lines 1115 - 1119

and insert:

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(6) (a) If the current total upper level, undergraduate full-time equivalent enrollment at a Florida Community College System institution is at or above 10 percent of the 2014-2015 combined total lower level and upper level full-time equivalent enrollment at that institution, the total upper level enrollment, as a percentage of the 2014-2015 combined



11 enrollment, may not increase by more than 2 percentage points 12 unless the institution obtains prior legislative approval. 13 (b) If the current total upper level, undergraduate fulltime equivalent enrollment at a Florida Community College System 14 15 institution is below 10 percent of the 2014-2015 combined total 16 lower level and upper level full-time equivalent enrollment at that institution, the total upper level enrollment, as a 17 18 percentage of the 2014-2015 combined enrollment, may not increase by more than 4 percentage points unless the institution 19 20 obtains prior legislative approval. 21 (c) A Florida Community College System institution may 22 exceed the enrollment threshold specified in this subsection if 23 the institution can demonstrate need that is independently 24 verified by a third-party professional entity and if a state 25 university that offers a similar program is not located in the 26 institution's regional service area.

20151252c1

By the Committee on Higher Education; and Senator Stargel

589-02768-15 20151252c1 1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to higher education; amending s. 1000.03, F.S.; revising the mission of the Florida K-3 20 education system; amending s. 1000.21, F.S.; revising definitions to conform to the renaming of "Florida College System institution" to "Florida Community College System institution"; requiring a Florida Community College System institution to change ç its name by a specified date to maintain eligibility 10 for state funding; amending s. 1001.02, F.S.; revising 11 the duties of the State Board of Education with 12 respect to the supervision of the divisions of the 13 Department of Education; amending s. 1001.03, F.S.; 14 revising requirements for the state board's 15 articulation accountability measures; authorizing the 16 state board to take certain action in the event of 17 noncompliance of a district school board or a Florida 18 Community College System institution board of 19 trustees; defining the term "college"; specifying 20 authorized and prohibited uses of the term; conforming 21 provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 22 1001.42, F.S.; prohibiting a technical center 23 governing board from approving specified courses and 24 programs; amending s. 1001.44, F.S.; prescribing the 25 mission and responsibilities of a career center 26 operated by a district school board; specifying 27 certain restrictions applicable to a career center; 28 amending s. 1001.60, F.S.; redesignating the "Florida 29 College System" as the "Florida Community College Page 1 of 41 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

589-02768-15

30 System"; revising provisions relating to the name 31 change of an institution; amending s. 1001.705, F.S.; 32 prescribing the mission and responsibilities of the 33 State University System; amending s. 1001.7065, F.S.; requiring a state research university to enter into 34 35 and maintain a formal agreement with a specified 36 organization to offer college-sponsored merit 37 scholarship awards as a condition of designation as a 38 preeminent state research university; specifying that 39 continuation of a state research university's 40 institute for online learning is contingent on the 41 university entering into and maintaining such an agreement; amending s. 1002.34, F.S.; prescribing the 42 43 mission and responsibilities of a charter technical 44 career center; specifying certain restrictions 45 applicable to a charter technical career center; 46 amending s. 1004.015, F.S.; revising the composition 47 of the Higher Education Coordinating Council; amending 48 s. 1004.65, F.S.; providing that Florida Community 49 College System institutions may offer upper level 50 instruction and award baccalaureate degrees, as 51 authorized; conforming provisions to changes made by 52 the act; amending s. 1004.92, F.S.; revising 53 requirements for program standards for career, adult, 54 and community education programs; requiring the state 55 board to adopt rules; amending s. 1007.01, F.S.; 56 revising required components for articulation policies 57 established and adopted by the state board and the 58 Board of Governors; amending s. 1007.23, F.S.;

Page 2 of 41

20151252c1 589-02768-15 20151252c1 88 89 Section 1. Subsection (4) of section 1000.03, Florida 90 Statutes, is amended to read: 91 1000.03 Function, mission, and goals of the Florida K-20 92 education system.-93 (4) The mission of Florida's K-20 education system is to 94 allow its students to increase their proficiency by allowing 95 them the opportunity to expand their knowledge and skills 96 through rigorous and relevant learning opportunities, in 97 accordance with the mission of the applicable center or system 98 statement and accountability requirements of s. 1008.31, and avoid wasteful duplication of programs offered by state 99 100 universities; Florida Community College System institutions; and 101 career centers and charter technical career centers that are 102 operated by district school boards. 103 Section 2. Subsection (3) of section 1000.21, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 104 105 1000.21 Systemwide definitions.-As used in the Florida K-20 106 Education Code: 107 (3) "Florida Community College System institution," except as otherwise specifically provided, includes all of the 108 109 following public postsecondary educational institutions in the 110 Florida Community College System and any branch campuses, 111 centers, or other affiliates of the institution: 112 (a) Brevard Eastern Florida State College, which serves 113 Brevard County. 114 (b) Broward College, which serves Broward County. 115 (c) College of Central Florida, which serves Citrus, Levy, and Marion Counties. 116 Page 3 of 41 Page 4 of 41 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

589-02768-15 59 revising requirements for the statewide articulation 60 agreement; amending s. 1007.273, F.S.; revising 61 requirements for a contract between a district school 62 board and a Florida Community College System 63 institution for the administration of collegiate high 64 school programs; requiring school districts and 65 Florida Community College System institutions to 66 annually report specified information regarding 67 collegiate high school programs to the Department of 68 Education; amending s. 1007.33, F.S.; revising 69 provisions regarding baccalaureate degree programs 70 that may be offered by a Florida Community College 71 System institution; prohibiting a Florida Community 72 College System institution from offering a Bachelor of 73 Arts degree program; removing obsolete language; 74 revising provisions regarding the approval process for 75 baccalaureate degree programs; restricting total upper 76 level, undergraduate full-time equivalent enrollment 77 at a Florida Community College System institution; 78 amending s. 1008.38, F.S.; revising minimum 79 requirements for an articulation accountability 80 process; requiring the state board and the Board of 81 Governors to submit a report to the Governor and the 82 Legislature by a specified date; prescribing report 83 requirements; providing a directive to the Division of 84 Law Revision and Information; providing an effective 85 date. 86 87 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

CS for SB 1252

589-02768-15 20151252c1 117 (d) Chipola College, which serves Calhoun, Holmes, Jackson, 118 Liberty, and Washington Counties. 119 (e) Daytona State College, which serves Flagler and Volusia 120 Counties. 121 (f) Florida Southwestern State College, which serves 122 Charlotte, Collier, Glades, Hendry, and Lee Counties. 123 (g) Florida State College at Jacksonville College, which 124 serves Duval and Nassau Counties. 125 (h) Florida Keys Community College, which serves Monroe 126 County. 127 (i) Gulf Coast State College, which serves Bay, Franklin, 128 and Gulf Counties. 129 (j) Hillsborough Community College, which serves 130 Hillsborough County. 131 (k) Indian River State College, which serves Indian River, 132 Martin, Okeechobee, and St. Lucie Counties. 133 (1) Lake City Florida Gateway College, which serves Baker, 134 Columbia, Dixie, Gilchrist, and Union Counties. 135 (m) Lake-Sumter State College, which serves Lake and Sumter 136 Counties. 137 (n) Manatee-Sarasota State College of Florida, Manatee-Sarasota, which serves Manatee and Sarasota Counties. 138 139 (o) Miami Dade College, which serves Miami-Dade County. 140 (p) North Florida Community College, which serves Hamilton, 141 Jefferson, Lafayette, Madison, Suwannee, and Taylor Counties. 142 (q) Northwest Florida State College, which serves Okaloosa 143 and Walton Counties. 144 (r) Palm Beach State College, which serves Palm Beach 145 County. Page 5 of 41

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

589-02768-15 20151252c1 146 (s) Pasco-Hernando State College, which serves Hernando and 147 Pasco Counties. 148 (t) Pensacola State College, which serves Escambia and 149 Santa Rosa Counties. 150 (u) Polk State College, which serves Polk County. (v) St. Johns River State College, which serves Clay, 151 152 Putnam, and St. Johns Counties. 153 (w) St. Petersburg College, which serves Pinellas County. 154 (x) Santa Fe College, which serves Alachua and Bradford 155 Counties. 156 (y) Seminole State College of Florida, which serves 157 Seminole County. 158 (z) South Florida State College, which serves DeSoto, 159 Hardee, and Highlands Counties. 160 (aa) Tallahassee Community College, which serves Gadsden, 161 Leon, and Wakulla Counties. 162 (bb) Valencia College, which serves Orange and Osceola 163 Counties. 164 165 By December 1, 2015, a Florida Community College System institution shall change its name to accurately reflect the 166 institution's regional service area in order to be eligible to 167 168 receive state funds. The institution may not, in its name, 169 include the term "state" or indicate a statewide presence unless 170 expressly authorized by law. 171 Section 3. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 172 1001.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 173 1001.02 General powers of State Board of Education.-174 (2) The State Board of Education has the following duties: Page 6 of 41

I.	589-02768-15 20151252c1
175	(c) To exercise general supervision over the divisions of
176	the Department of Education as necessary \underline{to} ensure that programs
177	offered by Florida Community College System institutions, and
178	career centers and charter technical career centers that are
179	operated by district school boards, are consistent with the
180	mission of the applicable system or center to avoid wasteful
181	duplication of programs; to ensure coordination of educational
182	plans and programs and resolve controversies and to minimize
183	problems of articulation and student transfers $\underline{:}_{\mathcal{T}}$ to ensure that
184	students moving from one level of education to the next have
185	acquired competencies necessary for satisfactory performance at
186	that level; $\overline{}_{\overline{}}$ and to ensure maximum utilization of facilities.
187	Section 4. Subsections (7), (8), (12), and (15) of section
188	1001.03, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
189	1001.03 Specific powers of State Board of Education
190	(7) ARTICULATION ACCOUNTABILITYThe State Board of
191	Education shall develop articulation accountability measures
192	that assess the status of systemwide articulation processes \underline{and}
193	preserve Florida's "2+2" system of articulation, in conjunction
194	with the Board of Governors regarding the State University
195	System, and shall establish an articulation accountability
196	process in accordance with the provisions of chapter 1008, in
197	conjunction with the Board of Governors regarding the State
198	University System.
199	(8) SYSTEMWIDE ENFORCEMENT
200	(a) The State Board of Education shall enforce compliance
201	with law and state board rule by all school districts and public
202	postsecondary educational institutions, except for the State
203	University System, in accordance with this subsection and the
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 $\textbf{CODING: Words } \underline{stricken} \text{ are deletions; words } \underline{underlined} \text{ are additions.}$

1	589-02768-15 20151252c1
204	provisions of s. 1008.32.
205	(b) If the State Board of Education determines that a
206	district school board or Florida Community College System
207	institution board of trustees is unwilling or unable to comply
208	with law or state board rule within the specified time, the
209	state board is authorized to initiate any of the following
210	actions:
211	1. Report to the Legislature that the school district or
212	Florida Community College System institution is unwilling or
213	unable to comply with law or state board rule and recommend
214	action to be taken by the Legislature.
215	2. Withhold the transfer of state funds, discretionary
216	grant funds, discretionary lottery funds, or any other funds
217	specified as eligible for this purpose by the Legislature until
218	the school district or Florida Community College System
219	institution complies with the law or state board rule.
220	3. Declare the school district or Florida Community College
221	System institution ineligible for competitive grants.
222	4. Require monthly or periodic reporting on the situation
223	related to noncompliance until it is remedied.
224	(12) COMMON POSTSECONDARY DEFINITIONS
225	(a) The term "college" means any Florida Community College
226	System institution offering a substantially complete program
227	that confers at least an associate degree requiring at least 15
228	semester hours or the equivalent of general education, or that
229	furnishes or offers to furnish instruction leading toward, or
230	prerequisite to, college credit. The use of the designation
231	"college" in combination with any series of letters, numbers, or
232	words is restricted in this state to Florida Community College
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33	System institutions and colleges as defined in s. 1005.03. An		262	businesses for employees holding industry certifications. A
34	entity may not use the designation "college" in its name without		263	technical center governing board shall be comprised of seven
35	prior approval by the Legislature or the Commission for		264	members, three of whom must be members of the district school
36	Independent Education pursuant to s. 1005.03, as applicable.		265	board or their designees and four of whom must be local business
37	(b) The State Board of Education shall adopt, by rule,		266	leaders. The district school board shall delegate to the
38	common definitions for associate in science degrees and for		267	technical center governing board decisions regarding entrance
39	certificates.		268	requirements for students, curriculum, program development,
10	(15) FLORIDA <u>COMMUNITY</u> COLLEGE SYSTEM INSTITUTION		269	budget and funding allocations, and the development with local
11	BACCALAUREATE DEGREE PROGRAMSThe State Board of Education		270	businesses of partnership agreements and appropriate industry
12	shall provide for the review and approval of proposals by		271	certifications in order to meet local and regional economic
13	Florida Community College System institutions to offer		272	needs. A technical center governing board may approve only
14	baccalaureate degree programs pursuant to s. 1007.33. A Florida		273	courses and programs that contain industry certifications. A
15	Community College System institution, as defined in s. 1000.21,		274	course may be continued if at least 25 percent of the students
16	that is approved to offer baccalaureate degrees pursuant to s.		275	enrolled in the course attain an industry certification. If
17	1007.33 remains under the authority of the State Board of		276	fewer than 25 percent of the students enrolled in a course
18	Education and the Florida Community College System institution's		277	attain an industry certification, the course must be
19	board of trustees. The State Board of Education may not approve		278	discontinued the following year. However, notwithstanding the
50	Florida College System institution baccalaureate degree program		279	authority to approve courses and programs under this subsection,
51	proposals from March 31, 2014, through May 31, 2015.		280	a technical center governing board may not approve college
52	Section 5. Subsection (26) of section 1001.42, Florida		281	credit courses or college credit certificate, associate degree,
53	Statutes, is amended to read:		282	or baccalaureate degree programs.
54	1001.42 Powers and duties of district school boardThe		283	Section 6. Section 1001.44, Florida Statutes is amended to
55	district school board, acting as a board, shall exercise all		284	read:
56	powers and perform all duties listed below:		285	1001.44 Career centers; governance, mission, and
57	(26) TECHNICAL CENTER GOVERNING BOARDMay appoint a		286	responsibilities
58	governing board for a school district technical center or a		287	(1) DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD MAY ESTABLISH OR ACQUIRE CAREER
59	system of technical centers for the purpose of aligning the		288	CENTERSAny district school board, after first obtaining the
50	educational programs of the technical center with the needs of		289	approval of the Department of Education, may, as a part of the
51	local businesses and responding quickly to the needs of local		290	district school system, organize, establish and operate a career
	Page 9 of 41		,	Page 10 of 41
С	CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.		С	CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.

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center, or acquire and operate a career center previously	320 courses of a technical nature which are not for college credit,
established.	321 and courses for out-of-school youth and adults; shall be subject
(a) The primary mission of a career center that is operated	322 to all applicable provisions of this code; shall be under the
by a district school board is to promote advances and	323 control of the district school board of the school district in
innovations in workforce preparation and economic development. A	324 which it is located; and shall be directed by a director
career center may provide a learning environment that serves the	325 responsible through the district school superintendent to the
needs of a specific population group or group of occupations,	326 district school board of the school district in which the center
thus promoting diversity and choices within the public technical	327 is located.
education community in this state.	328 (b) Each career center shall maintain an academic
(b) A career center that is operated by a district school	329 transcript for each student enrolled in the center. Such
board may not:	330 transcript shall delineate each course completed by the student.
1. Offer college credit courses or college credit	331 Courses shall be delineated by the course prefix and title
certificate, associate degree, or baccalaureate degree programs.	332 assigned pursuant to s. 1007.24. The center shall make a copy of
2. In its name, include the term "college" or indicate that	333 a student's transcript available to any student who requests it.
the center has the authority to offer college credit courses or	334 Section 7. Section 1001.60, Florida Statutes, is amended to
college credit certificate, associate degree, or baccalaureate	335 read:
degree programs.	336 1001.60 Florida Community College System
(2) DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARDS OF CONTIGUOUS DISTRICTS MAY	337 (1) PURPOSESIn order to maximize open access for
ESTABLISH OR ACQUIRE CAREER CENTERSThe district school boards	338 students, respond to community needs for postsecondary academic
of any two or more contiguous districts may, upon first	339 education and career degree education, and provide associate and
obtaining the approval of the department, enter into an	340 baccalaureate degrees that will best meet the state's employment
agreement to organize, establish and operate, or acquire and	341 needs, the Legislature establishes a system of governance for
operate, a career center under this section.	342 the Florida Community College System.
(3) CAREER CENTER PART OF DISTRICT SCHOOL SYSTEM DIRECTED	343 (2) FLORIDA <u>COMMUNITY</u> COLLEGE SYSTEM.—There shall be a
BY A DIRECTOR	344 single Florida Community College System comprised of the Florida
(a) A career center established or acquired under	345 Community College System institutions identified in s.
provisions of law and minimum standards prescribed by the	346 1000.21(3). A Florida Community College System institution may
commissioner shall comprise a part of the district school system	347 not offer graduate degree programs.
and shall mean an educational institution offering terminal	348 (a) The programs and services offered by Florida <u>Community</u>
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College System institutions in providing associate a	nd	37	8 with the State Board of Education t	o do the following:
baccalaureate degrees shall be delivered in a cost-e	ffective	37	9 a. Maintain as its primary mis	sion responsibility for
manner that demonstrates substantial savings to the	student and	38) responding to community needs for p	ostsecondary academic
to the state over the cost of providing the degree a	t a state	38	l education and career degree educati	on as prescribed in s.
university.		38:	2 1004.65(5).	
(b)1. With the approval of its district board o	f trustees,	38	b. Maintain an open-door admis	sions policy for associate-
a Florida Community College System institution that	is	38	4 level degree programs and workforce	education programs.
authorized by the State Board of Education to grant		38	5 c. Continue to provide outread	h to underserved populatior
baccalaureate degree programs pursuant to s. 1007.33	and has	38	d. Continue to provide remedia	l education.
been accredited as a baccalaureate-degree-granting i	nstitution	38	7 e. Comply with all provisions	of the statewide articulat
by the Commission on Colleges of the Southern Associ	ation of	38	agreement that relate to 2-year and	4-year public degree-
Colleges and Schools may, after prior approval by th	e	38	9 granting institutions as adopted by	' the State Board of Educat:
Legislature by law, may change the institution's nam	e to	39	pursuant to s. 1007.23.	
accurately reflect the institution's regional servic	e area set	39	(c) A district board of truste	es that approves a change t
forth in s. 1000.21(3) and <u>may</u> use the designation "	college" or	39	2 the name of an institution under pa	ragraph (b) must seek
`state college" if it has been authorized to grant b	accalaureate	39	3 statutory codification of such name	change in s. 1000.21(3)
degrees pursuant to s. 1007.33 and has been accredit	ed as a	39	4 during the next regular legislative	: session.
paccalaureate-degree-granting institution by the Com	mission on	39	5 (d) A Florida <u>Community</u> Colleg	je System institution may no
Colleges of the Southern Association of Colleges and	Schools.	39	6 use the designation "university."	
However, the institution may not, in its name, inclu	de the term	39	7 (3) LOCAL BOARDS OF TRUSTEES	Each institution within the
'state" or indicate a statewide presence unless expr	essly	39	B Florida <u>Community</u> College System sh	all be governed by a local
authorized by law.		39	9 board of trustees as provided in s.	1001.64. The membership of
2. With the approval of its district board of t	rustees, a	40	0 each local board of trustees shall	be as provided in s. 1001.0
Florida Community College System institution that do	es not meet	40	1 Section 8. Subsection (4) is a	dded to section 1001.705,
the criteria in subparagraph 1. may request approval	from the	40	2 Florida Statutes, to read:	
State Board of Education to change the institution's	name set	40	3 1001.705 Responsibility for th	e State University System
forth in s. 1000.21(3) and use the designation "coll	ege." The	40	4 under s. 7, Art. IX of the State Co	nstitution
State Board of Education may approve the request if	the Florida	40		
<u>Community</u> College System institution enters into an	agreement	40	6 <u>university system is to promote exc</u>	ellence through teaching
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407	students, advancing research, and providing public service for		436	(a) By August 1, 2013, the Board of Governors shall convene
408	the benefit of Florida's citizens and their communities and		437	an advisory board to support the development of high-quality,
409	economies. A state university may provide students undergraduate		438	fully online baccalaureate degree programs at the university.
410	and graduate level instruction leading to baccalaureate,		439	(b) The advisory board shall:
411	masters, doctoral, or professional degrees or certificates in		440	1. Offer expert advice, as requested by the university, in
412	accordance with the requirements of subsection (2).		441	the development and implementation of a business plan to expand
413	Section 9. Subsections (3) and (4) of section 1001.7065,		442	the offering of high-quality, fully online baccalaureate degree
414	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:		443	programs.
415	1001.7065 Preeminent state research universities program		444	2. Advise the Board of Governors on the release of funding
416	(3) PREEMINENT STATE RESEARCH UNIVERSITY DESIGNATIONThe		445	to the university upon approval by the Board of Governors of the
417	Board of Governors shall designate each state research		446	plan developed by the university.
418	university that meets at least 11 of the 12 academic and		447	3. Monitor, evaluate, and report on the implementation of
419	research excellence standards identified in subsection (2) and		448	the plan to the Board of Governors, the Governor, the President
420	that enters into and maintains a formal agreement with the		449	of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.
421	National Merit Scholarship Corporation to offer college-		450	(c) The advisory board shall be composed of the following
422	sponsored merit scholarship awards a preeminent state research		451	five members:
423	university.		452	1. The chair of the Board of Governors or the chair's
424	(4) PREEMINENT STATE RESEARCH UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE FOR		453	permanent designee.
425	ONLINE LEARNINGA state research university that, as of July 1,		454	2. A member with expertise in online learning, appointed by
426	2013, <u>met meets</u> all 12 of the academic and research excellence		455	the Board of Governors.
427	standards identified in subsection (2), as verified by the Board		456	3. A member with expertise in global marketing, appointed
428	of Governors, shall establish an institute for online learning.		457	by the Governor.
429	Continuation of the institute for online learning is contingent		458	4. A member with expertise in cloud virtualization,
430	upon a state research university entering into and maintaining a		459	appointed by the President of the Senate.
431	formal agreement with the National Merit Scholarship Corporation		460	5. A member with expertise in disruptive innovation,
432	to offer college-sponsored merit scholarship awards. The		461	appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives.
433	institute shall establish a robust offering of high-quality,		462	(d) The president of the university shall be consulted on
434	fully online baccalaureate degree programs at an affordable cost		463	the advisory board member appointments.
435	in accordance with this subsection.		464	(e) A majority of the advisory board shall constitute a
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programs.

20151252c1 589-02768-15 20151252c1 quorum, elect the chair, and appoint an executive director. 494 1. Accept full-time, first-time-in-college students. (f) By September 1, 2013, the university shall submit to 495 2. Have the same rigorous admissions criteria as equivalent the advisory board a comprehensive plan to expand high-quality, 496 on-campus degree programs. fully online baccalaureate degree program offerings. The plan 497 3. Offer curriculum of equivalent rigor to on-campus degree shall include: 498 programs. 1. Existing on-campus general education courses and 499 4. Offer rolling enrollment or multiple opportunities for baccalaureate degree programs that will be offered online. 500 enrollment throughout the year. 2. New courses that will be developed and offered online. 501 5. Do not require any on-campus courses. However, for 3. Support services that will be offered to students 502 courses or programs that require clinical training or enrolled in online baccalaureate degree programs. 503 laboratories that cannot be delivered online, the university 4. A tuition and fee structure that meets the requirements 504 shall offer convenient locational options to the student, which in paragraph (k) for online courses, baccalaureate degree may include, but are not limited to, the option to complete such 505 programs, and student support services. requirements at a summer-in-residence on the university campus. 506 5. A timeline for offering, marketing, and enrolling 507 The university may provide a network of sites at convenient students in the online baccalaureate degree programs. 508 locations and contract with commercial testing centers or 6. A budget for developing and marketing the online 509 identify other secure testing services for the purpose of baccalaureate degree programs. proctoring assessments or testing. 510 7. Detailed strategies for ensuring the success of students 511 6. Apply the university's existing policy for accepting and the sustainability of the online baccalaureate degree 512 credits for both freshman applicants and transfer applicants. 513 (h) The university may offer a fully online Master's in 514 Business Administration degree program and other master's degree Upon recommendation of the plan by the advisory board and 515 programs. approval by the Board of Governors, the Board of Governors shall 516 (i) The university may develop and offer degree programs award the university \$10 million in nonrecurring funds and \$5 517 and courses that are competency based as appropriate for the million in recurring funds for fiscal year 2013-2014 and \$5 518 quality and success of the program. (j) The university shall periodically expand its offering million annually thereafter, subject to appropriation in the 519 General Appropriations Act. 520 of online baccalaureate degree programs to meet student and (g) Beginning in January 2014, the university shall offer 521 market demands. high-quality, fully online baccalaureate degree programs that: 522 (k) The university shall establish a tuition structure for Page 17 of 41 Page 18 of 41 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions. CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions. notwithstanding any other provision of law.

except that online students shall pay the university's

the business plan. Pricing must incorporate innovative

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or all-inclusive rate, and sliding scale features.

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for online learning.

the business plan.

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part of the state's program of public education. A charter	610 (i) (h) The president of Enterprise Florida, Inc., or a
technical career center may be formed by creating a new school	611 designated member of the Stakeholders Council appointed by the
or converting an existing school district or Florida Community	612 president.
College System institution program to charter technical status.	613 (j) (i) Three representatives of the business community, one
(b) A charter technical career center that is operated by a	614 appointed by the President of the Senate, one appointed by the
district school board may not:	615 Speaker of the House of Representatives, and one appointed by
1. Offer college credit courses or college credit	616 the Governor, who are committed to developing and enhancing
certificate, associate degree, or baccalaureate degree programs.	617 world class workforce infrastructure necessary for Florida's
2. Include in its name the term "college" or indicate that	618 citizens to compete and prosper in the ever-changing economy of
the center has the authority to offer college credit courses or	619 the 21st century.
college credit certificate, associate degree, or baccalaureate	620 Section 12. Section 1004.65, Florida Statutes, is amended
degree programs.	621 to read:
Section 11. Subsection (2) of section 1004.015, Florida	622 1004.65 Florida <u>Community</u> College System institutions;
Statutes, is amended to read:	623 governance, mission, and responsibilities
1004.015 Higher Education Coordinating Council	624 (1) Each Florida <u>Community</u> College System institution shall
(2) Members of the council shall include:	625 be governed by a district board of trustees under statutory
(a) One member of the Board of Governors, appointed by the	626 authority and rules of the State Board of Education.
chair of the Board of Governors.	627 (2) Each Florida Community College System institution
(b) The Chancellor of the State University System.	628 district shall:
(c) The Chancellor of the Florida <u>Community</u> College System.	629 (a) Consist of the county or counties served by the Florida
(d) The Chancellor of Career and Adult Education.	630 <u>Community</u> College System institution pursuant to s. 1000.21(3).
(e)(d) One member of the State Board of Education,	(b) Be an independent, separate, legal entity created for
appointed by the chair of the State Board of Education.	632 the operation of a Florida <u>Community</u> College System institution.
(f) (c) The Executive Director of the Florida Association of	633 (3) Florida <u>Community</u> College System institutions are
Postsecondary Schools and Colleges.	634 locally based and governed entities with statutory and funding
(g) (f) The president of the Independent Colleges and	635 ties to state government. As such, the mission for Florida
Universities of Florida.	636 <u>Community</u> College System institutions reflects a commitment to
(h) (g) The president of Workforce Florida, Inc., or his or	637 be responsive to local educational needs and challenges. In
her designee.	638 achieving this mission, Florida <u>Community</u> College System
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institutions strive to maintain sufficient local authority and	668	background, or qualifications. A Florida <u>Community</u> College
flexibility while preserving appropriate legal accountability to	669	System institution may offer career education programs in fields
the state.	670	having lesser academic or technical requirements.
(4) As comprehensive institutions, Florida Community	671	(c) Providing student development services, including
College System institutions shall provide high-quality,	672	assessment, student tracking, support for disabled students,
affordable education and training opportunities, shall foster a	673	advisement, counseling, financial aid, career development, and
climate of excellence, and shall provide opportunities to all	674	remedial and tutorial services, to ensure student success.
while combining high standards with an open-door admission	675	(d) Promoting economic development for the state within
policy for lower-division programs. Florida Community College	676	each Florida Community College System institution district
System institutions shall, as open-access institutions, serve	677	through the provision of special programs, including, but not
all who can benefit, without regard to age, race, gender, creed,	678	limited to, the:
or ethnic or economic background, while emphasizing the	679	1. Enterprise Florida-related programs.
achievement of social and educational equity so that all can be	680	2. Technology transfer centers.
prepared for full participation in society.	681	3. Economic development centers.
(5) The primary mission and responsibility of Florida	682	4. Workforce literacy programs.
Community College System institutions is responding to community	683	(e) Providing dual enrollment instruction.
needs for postsecondary academic education and career degree	684	(f) Providing upper level instruction and awarding
education. This mission and responsibility includes being	685	baccalaurcate degrees as specifically authorized by law.
responsible for:	686	(6) A separate and secondary role for Florida Community
(a) Providing lower level undergraduate instruction and	687	College System institutions includes the offering of programs
awarding associate degrees.	688	in:
(b) Preparing students directly for careers requiring less	689	(a) Programs in community services that are not directly
than baccalaureate degrees. This may include preparing for job	690	related to academic or occupational advancement.
entry, supplementing of skills and knowledge, and responding to	691	(b) Programs in adult education services, including adult
needs in new areas of technology. Career education in a Florida	692	basic education, adult general education, adult secondary
Community College System institution shall consist of career	693	education, and high school equivalency examination instruction.
certificates, credit courses leading to associate in science	694	(c) Programs in recreational and leisure services.
degrees and associate in applied science degrees, and other	695	(d) Upper level instruction and awarding baccalaureate
programs in fields requiring substantial academic work,	696	degrees as specifically authorized by law.
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(7) Funding for Florida <u>Community</u> College System		726	Community College System institution with its district board of		
institutions shall reflect their mission as follows:		727	trustees or the State Board of Education.		
(a) Postsecondary academic and career education programs		728	Section 13. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section		
and adult general education programs shall have first priority		729	1004.92, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (4) is		
in Florida Community College System institution funding.		730	added to that section, to read:		
(b) Community service programs shall be presented to the		731	1004.92 Purpose and responsibilities for career education		
Legislature with rationale for state funding. The Legislature		732	(2)		
may identify priority areas for use of these funds.		733	(b) Department of Education accountability for career		
(c) The resources of a Florida Community College System		734	education includes, but is not limited to:		
institution, including staff, faculty, land, and facilities,		735	1. The provision of timely, accurate technical assistance		
shall not be used to support the establishment of a new		736	to school districts and Florida <u>Community</u> College System		
independent nonpublic educational institution. If any		737	institutions.		
institution uses resources for such purpose, the Division of		738	2. The provision of timely, accurate information to the		
Florida Community Colleges shall notify the President of the		739	State Board of Education, the Legislature, and the public.		
Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.		740	3. The development of policies, rules, and procedures that		
(8) Florida Community College System institutions are		741	facilitate institutional attainment of the accountability		
authorized to:		742	standards and coordinate the efforts of all divisions within the		
(a) Offer such programs and courses as are necessary to		743	department.		
fulfill their mission.		744	4. The development of program standards and industry-driven		
(b) Grant associate in arts degrees, associate in science		745	benchmarks for career, adult, and community education programs,		
degrees, associate in applied science degrees, certificates,		746	which must be updated every 3 years. The standards must include		
awards, and diplomas.		747	career, academic, and workplace skills; viability of distance		
(c) Make provisions for the high school equivalency		748	learning for instruction; and work/learn cycles that are		
examination.		749	responsive to business and industry; and provisions that reflect		
(d) Provide access to and award baccalaureate degrees in		750	the quality components of career and technical education		
accordance with law.		751	programs.		
		752	5. Overseeing school district and Florida Community College		
Authority to offer one or more baccalaureate degree programs		753	System institution compliance with the provisions of this		
does not alter the governance relationship of the Florida		754	chapter.		
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755	6. Ensuring that the educational outcomes for the technical			784	postsecondary educational institutions.
756	component of career programs are uniform and designed to provide			785	(d) Dual enrollment course equivalencies.
757	a graduate who is capable of entering the workforce on an			786	(e) Articulation agreements.
758	equally competitive basis regardless of the institution of			787	(f) The application of credit hours earned through CAPE
759	choice.			788	industry certifications pursuant to s. 1008.44 and acceleration
760	(4) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules to			789	mechanisms, including nationally standardized examinations, to
761	administer this section.			790	general education, associate degree, or baccalaureate degree
762	Section 14. Subsection (2) of section 1007.01, Florida			791	requirements.
763	Statutes, is amended to read:			792	(g) The application of credit hours earned at Florida
764	1007.01 Articulation; legislative intent; purpose; role of			793	Community College System institutions to general education,
765	the State Board of Education and the Board of Governors;			794	associate degree, or baccalaureate degree requirements at state
766	Articulation Coordinating Committee			795	universities.
767	(2) To preserve Florida's "2+2" system of articulation and			796	Section 15. Subsection (1) of section 1007.23, Florida
768	improve and facilitate articulation systemwide, the State Board			797	Statutes, is amended to read:
769	of Education and the Board of Governors shall collaboratively			798	1007.23 Statewide articulation agreement
770	establish and adopt policies with input from statewide K-20			799	(1) The State Board of Education and the Board of Governors
771	advisory groups established by the Commissioner of Education and			800	shall enter into a statewide articulation agreement which the
772	the Chancellor of the State University System and shall			801	State Board of Education shall adopt by rule. The agreement must
773	recommend the policies to the Legislature. The policies shall			802	preserve Florida's `2+2" system of articulation, facilitate the
774	relate to:			803	seamless articulation of student credit across and among
775	(a) The alignment between the exit requirements of one			804	Florida's educational entities, and reinforce the provisions of
776	education system and the admissions requirements of another			805	this chapter by governing:
777	education system into which students typically transfer.			806	(a) Articulation between secondary and postsecondary
778	(b) The identification of common courses, the level of			807	education;
779	courses, institutional participation in a statewide course			808	(b) Admission of associate in arts degree graduates from
780	numbering system, and the transferability of credits among such			809	Florida Community College System institutions and state
781	institutions.			810	universities;
782	(c) Identification of courses that meet general education			811	(c) Admission of applied technology diploma program
783	or common degree program prerequisite requirements at public			812	graduates from Florida <u>Community</u> College System institutions or
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career centers;	.23201	842		and annual
(d) Admission of associate in science degree and associ	iato	843		
in applied science degree graduates from Florida Community	.ace	844		
College System institutions;		845		
(e) The application use of credit hours earned through	CAPE	846		
industry certifications pursuant to s. 1008.44 and accelerat		84		
mechanisms, including nationally standardized examinations,		848	1 . 5	
general education, associate degree, or baccalaureate degree		849		
requirements through which students may earn credit;	<u>-</u>	850		
(f) General education requirements and statewide course		851		
numbers as provided for in ss. 1007.24 and 1007.25; and		852		
(g) Articulation among programs in nursing; and		853	-	
		854		
(h) The application of credit hours earned at Florida				ram wr
Community College System institutions to general education,		855	5	
associate degree, or baccalaureate degree requirements at st	late	856	(,	2
universities.		857		
Section 16. Subsection (3) of section 1007.273, Florida	i i	858		
Statutes, is amended to read:		859	5	
1007.273 Collegiate high school program		860		
(3) Each district school board and its local Florida		861	1	
Community College System institution shall execute a contract	t to	862	(1) 111 111 111 111	
establish one or more collegiate high school programs at a		863		
mutually agreed upon location or locations. The contract bet	ween	864	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
the district school board and the Florida Community College		865	on investment associated wi	.th pa
System institution may not establish an enrollment cap for t	:he	866	the information described i	n par
collegiate high school program. Each school district must		867	(d) Identify the deliv	ery m
document and annually report to the department the number of	:	868	instructors for all courses	i .
students accepted into or denied access to the collegiate hi	_gh	869) (e) Identify student a	dvisi
school program. Each Florida Community College System		870) monitoring mechanisms.	
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CS for SB 1252

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1 (f) Establish a program review and	reporting mechanism	900	(c) Beginning July 1, 2009	9, establish a first or subsequent
2 regarding student performance outcomes.		901	baccalaureate degree program fo	or purposes of meeting district,
(g) Describe the terms of funding	arrangements to implement	902	regional, or statewide workford	ce needs if approved by the State
the collegiate high school program.		903	Board of Education under this s	section. <u>However, a Florida</u>
Section 17. Subsections (1), (4),	and (5) of section	904	Community College System instit	tution may not offer a Bachelor of
1007.33, Florida Statutes, are amended,	present subsection (6)	905	Arts degree program.	
of that section is redesignated as subs	ection (7), and a new	906		
bsection (6) is added to that section	, to read:	907	Beginning July 1, 2009, the Boa	ard of Trustees of St. Petersburg
1007.33 Site-determined baccalaure	ate degree access	908	College is authorized to estable	lish one or more bachelor of
(1)(a) The Legislature recognizes	that public and private	909	applied science degree programs	s based on an analysis of
postsecondary educational institutions	play an essential role in	910	workforce needs in Pinellas, Pa	asco, and Hernando Counties and
improving the quality of life and econo	nic well-being of the	911	other counties approved by the	Department of Education. For each
state and its residents. The Legislatur	e also recognizes that	912	program selected, St. Petersbur	rg College must offer a related
economic development needs and the educ	ational needs of place-	913	associate in science or associa	ate in applied science degree
ound, nontraditional students have inc	reased the demand for	914	program, and the baccalaureate	-degree level program must be
cal access to baccalaureate degree pr	ograms. It is therefore	915	designed to articulate fully w	ith at least one associate in
he intent of the Legislature to furthe	r expand access to	916	science degree program. The co	llege is encouraged to develop
accalaureate degree programs through t	he use of Florida	917	articulation agreements for en	rollment of graduates of related
Community College System institutions.		918	associate in applied science do	egree programs. The Board of
(b) For purposes of this section,	the term "district"	919	Trustees of St. Petersburg Col	lege is authorized to establish
efers to the county or counties served	by a Florida <u>Community</u>	920	additional baccalaureate degree	e programs if it determines a
College System institution pursuant to	s. 1000.21(3).	921	program is warranted and feasily	ble based on each of the factors
(4) A Florida <u>Community</u> College Sy	stem institution may:	922	in paragraph (5)(d). However, 1	the Board of Trustees of St.
(a) Offer specified baccalaureate	degree programs through	923	Petersburg College may not esta	ablish any new baccalaureate
formal agreements between the Florida \underline{C}	ommunity College System	924	degree programs from March 31,	2014, through May 31, 2015. Prior
nstitution and other regionally accred	ited postsecondary	925	to developing or proposing a no	ew baccalaureate degree program,
educational institutions pursuant to s.	1007.22.	926	St. Petersburg College shall en	ngage in need, demand, and impact
(b) Offer baccalaureate degree pro	grams that <u>are</u> were	927	discussions with the state univ	versity in its service district
authorized by law prior to July 1, 2009	.	928	and other local and regional, a	accredited postsecondary providers

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929	in its region. Documentation, data, and other information from
930	inter-institutional discussions regarding program need, demand,
931	and impact shall be provided to the college's board of trustees
932	to inform the program approval process. Employment at St.
933	Petersburg College is governed by the same laws that govern
934	Florida College System institutions, except that upper-division
935	faculty are eligible for continuing contracts upon the
936	completion of the fifth year of teaching. Employee records for
937	all personnel shall be maintained as required by s. 1012.81.
938	(5) The approval process for baccalaureate degree programs
939	requires shall require:
940	(a) Each Florida Community College System institution to
941	submit a notice of its intent to propose a baccalaureate degree
942	program to the Division of Florida Community Colleges at least $\underline{1}$
943	year 100 days before the submission of its proposal under
944	paragraph (c)(d). The notice must include a brief description of
945	the program, the workforce demand and unmet need for graduates
946	of the program to include evidence from entities independent of
947	the institution, the geographic region to be served, and an
948	estimated timeframe for implementation. Notices of intent may be
949	submitted by a Florida Community College System institution at
950	any time throughout the year. The notice must also include
951	evidence that the Florida Community College System institution
952	engaged in need, demand, and impact discussions with the state
953	university and other regionally accredited postsecondary
954	education providers in its service district.
955	(b) The Division of Florida Community Colleges to forward
956	the notice of intent submitted pursuant to paragraph (a) and the
957	justification for the proposed baccalaureate degree program
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1	589-02768-15 20151252c1
958	submitted pursuant to paragraph (c) within 10 business days
959	after receiving such notice and justification to the Chancellor
960	of the State University System, the President of the Independent
961	Colleges and Universities of Florida, and the Executive Director
962	of the Commission for Independent Education. State universities
963	shall have 180 60 days following receipt of the justification
964	$\frac{1}{1}$ notice by the Chancellor of the State University System to
965	submit an objection, including a reason for such objection,
966	objections to the proposed new program or submit an alternative
967	proposal to offer the baccalaureate degree program. The
968	chancellor shall review the objection raised by a state
969	university and inform the Board of Governors of such objection
970	before the university submits its objection to the State Board
971	$\underline{\text{of Education.}}$ The State Board of Education must consult with the
972	Chancellor of the State University System to consider the
973	objection raised by a state university in making its decision to
974	approve or deny a Florida Community College System institution's
975	proposal. If a proposal from a state university is not received
976	within the 60-day period, The State Board of Education shall
977	also provide regionally accredited private colleges and
978	universities $\underline{180}$ $\underline{30}$ days to submit objections to the proposed
979	new program or submit an alternative proposal . Objections or
980	alternative proposals shall be submitted to the Division of
981	Florida Community Colleges and must be considered by the State
982	Board of Education in making its decision to approve or deny a
983	Florida Community College System institution's proposal.
984	(c) An alternative proposal submitted by a state university
985	or private college or university to adequately address:
986	1. The extent to which the workforce demand and unmet need
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987	described in the notice of intent will be met.
988	2. The extent to which students will be able to complete
989	the degree in the geographic region proposed to be served by the
990	Florida College System institution.
991	3. The level of financial commitment of the college or
992	university to the development, implementation, and maintenance
993	of the specified degree program, including timelines.
994	4. The extent to which faculty at both the Florida College
995	System institution and the college or university will
996	collaborate in the development and offering of the curriculum.
997	5. The ability of the Florida College System institution
998	and the college or university to develop and approve the
999	curriculum for the specified degree program within 6 months
000	after an agreement between the Florida College System
001	institution and the college or university is signed.
002	6. The extent to which the student may incur additional
003	costs above what the student would expect to incur if the
004	program were offered by the Florida College System institution.
005	(d) Each proposal submitted by a Florida Community College
006	System institution to, at a minimum, include:
007	1. A description of the planning process and timeline for
800	implementation.
009	2. <u>A justification for the proposed baccalaureate degree</u>
010	program including, at a minimum, a data-driven An analysis of
011	workforce demand and unmet need for graduates of the program on
012	a district, regional, or statewide basis, as appropriate, and
013	the extent to which the proposed program will meet the workforce
014	demand and unmet need. The analysis must include workforce and
015	employment data for the most recent 5 years and projections for
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1016	the next 3 years, and a summary of degree programs, similar to
1017	the proposed degree program, which are currently offered by
1018	state universities or by independent nonprofit colleges or
1019	universities that are eligible to participate in the William L.
1020	Boyd, IV, Florida Resident Access Grant Program, which are
1021	located in the Florida Community College System institution's
1022	regional service area. The analysis must be verified by more
1023	than one third-party professional entity that is including
1024	evidence from entities independent of the Florida Community
1025	College System institution. A Florida Community College System
1026	institution must submit the justification to the Division of
1027	Florida Community Colleges within 90 days after forwarding the
1028	institution's intent to propose a baccalaureate degree program.
1029	The division must forward the justification for the proposed
1030	baccalaureate degree program within 10 business days after
1031	receiving such justification to the Chancellor of the State
1032	University System, the President of the Independent Colleges and
1033	Universities of Florida, and the Executive Director of the
1034	Commission for Independent Education.
1035	3. Identification of the facilities, equipment, and library
1036	and academic resources that will be used to deliver the program.
1037	4. The program cost analysis of creating a new
1038	baccalaureate degree when compared to alternative proposals and
1039	other program delivery options.
1040	5. The program's admission requirements, academic content,
1041	curriculum, faculty credentials, student-to-teacher ratios, and
1042	accreditation plan.
1043	6. The program's enrollment projections and funding
1044	requirements, including the institution's efforts to sustain the
1	

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1045	589-02768-15 20151252c1 program at the cost of tuition and fees for students who are
1045	
1046	classified as residents for tuition purposes under s. 1009.21,
	not to exceed \$10,000 for the entire degree program, including
1048	utilization of waivers pursuant to s. 1009.26(11).
1049	7. A plan of action if the program is terminated.
1050	(d) (e) The Division of Florida Community Colleges to review
1051	the proposal, notify the Florida <u>Community</u> College System
1052	institution of any deficiencies in writing within 30 days
1053	following receipt of the proposal, and provide the Florida
1054	Community College System institution with an opportunity to
1055	correct the deficiencies. Within 45 days following receipt of a
1056	completed proposal by the Division of Florida Community
1057	Colleges, after consultation with the Chancellor of the State
1058	University System and the President of the Independent Colleges
1059	and Universities of Florida, the Commissioner of Education shall
1060	recommend approval or disapproval of the proposal to the State
1061	Board of Education. The State Board of Education shall consider
1062	such recommendation, the proposal, input from the chancellor and
1063	the president, and any objections or alternative proposals at
1064	its next meeting. If the State Board of Education disapproves
1065	the Florida Community College System institution's proposal, it
1066	shall provide the Florida Community College System institution
1067	with written reasons for that determination.
1068	(e) (f) The Florida Community College System institution to
1069	obtain from the Commission on Colleges of the Southern
1070	Association of Colleges and Schools accreditation as a
1071	baccalaureate-degree-granting institution if approved by the
1072	State Board of Education to offer its first baccalaureate degree
1073	program.
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1074	(f) (g) The Florida Community College System institution to
1074	notify the Commission on Colleges of the Southern Association of
1075	Colleges and Schools of subsequent degree programs that are
1070	approved by the State Board of Education and to comply with the
1078	association's required substantive change protocols for
1079	accreditation purposes.
1080	(g) (h) The Florida Community College System institution to
1081	annually <u>report to</u> , and upon request of the State Board of
1082	Education, the Commissioner of Education, the Chancellor of the
1083	Florida Community College System, the Chancellor of the State
1084	University System, and or the Legislature, report its status
1085	using the following performance and compliance indicators:
1086	1. Obtaining and maintaining appropriate Southern
1087	Association of Colleges and Schools accreditation;
1088	2. Maintaining qualified faculty and institutional
1089	resources;
1090	3. Maintaining enrollment in previously approved programs;
1091	 Managing fiscal resources appropriately;
1092	5. Complying with the primary mission and responsibility
1093	requirements in subsections (2) and (3); and
1094	6. Other indicators of success, including program
1095	completions, employment and earnings outcomes, acceptance into
1096	and performance in graduate programs placements, and surveys of
1097	graduates and employers; and
1098	7. Continuing to meet workforce demand, as provided in
1099	subparagraph (c)2., as demonstrated through a data-driven needs
1100	assessment by the Florida Community College System institution,
1101	which is verified by a third-party professional entity that is
1102	independent of the institution.
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1103	
1104	The State Board of Education, upon annual review of the
1105	baccalaureate degree program performance and compliance
1106	indicators and needs assessment, may require a Florida Community
1107	College System institution's board of trustees to modify or
1108	terminate a baccalaureate degree program authorized under this
1109	section. However, if the annual review indicates negative
1110	program performance and compliance results and the needs
1111	assessment fails to demonstrate a need for the program, the
1112	State Board of Education shall require a Florida Community
1113	College System institution's board of trustees to terminate that
1114	baccalaureate degree program.
1115	(6) The total upper level, undergraduate full-time
1116	equivalent enrollment at a Florida Community College System
1117	institution may not exceed 5 percent of the combined total lower
1118	level and upper level full-time equivalent enrollment at that
1119	institution.
1120	Section 18. Section 1008.38, Florida Statutes, is amended
1121	to read:
1122	1008.38 Articulation accountability processThe State
1123	Board of Education, in conjunction with the Board of Governors,
1124	shall develop articulation accountability measures which assess
1125	the status of systemwide articulation processes authorized under
1126	s. 1007.23, preserve Florida's "2+2" system of articulation, and
1127	establish an articulation accountability process which at a
1128	minimum shall address:
1129	(1) The impact of articulation processes on ensuring
1130	educational continuity and the orderly and unobstructed
1131	transition of students between public secondary and
I	
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I	589-02768-15 20151252c1			
1161	the Board of Governors shall submit their report to the			
1162	Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the			
1163	House of Representatives. The report must include findings			
1164	regarding the status of Florida's "2+2" system of articulation			
1165	and recommendations for improvement.			
1166	Section 20. The Division of Law Revision and Information is			
1167	directed to prepare a reviser's bill for the 2016 Regular			
1168	Session to conform the Florida Statutes to the changes in			
1169	terminology made by this act. The reviser's bill must substitute			
1170	the term "Division of Florida Community Colleges" for "Division			
1171	of Florida Colleges"; "Florida Community College System" for			
1172	"Florida College System"; and "Florida Community College System			
1173	institution" for "Florida College System institution" where			
1174	those terms appear in the Florida Statutes and reflect the			
1175				
1176	law.			
1177	Section 21. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.			
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THE FLORIDA SENATE

APPEARANCE RECORD

APREL 9, 2019 Meeting Date	(Deliver BOTH copies	of this form to the Sena	ator or Senate Professional S	taff conducting	the meeting) <u>1252</u> Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic					Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name CARUL	PROBSTFEI	-D			
Job Title PRESI	DENT, STAT	s Collece	OF FLORIDA, 1	MANAM	66 · SACASOTA
Address <u>5840</u>	26 M ST W			Phone_	941-752 . 5392
Street BRADE City	N CO N	FL	34207	Email	probate C scf. ed u
	Against	State Information			In Support Against
Representing	FLORSOA CO	LEGE SYST	EM COUNCIL	L OF	PR65206~TJ
Appearing at reques	t of Chair: [] Y	es Alo	Lobbyist registe	ered with	Legislature: 2 Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/14/14)

April 8,705 Meeting Date (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or S	
Торіс	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Shavon Hillstrom	
Job Title Pressi dent 4 CEO Bradenton	n Avea EDC
Address 4315 Concent Court	Phone 941-802-9031
Bracenton FL 34211	Email Shavon Ho think
City State Speaking: For Against Information	Zip Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Bradenton Area E	PC
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes Yoo L	obbyist registered with Legislature: Yes / No

THE FLORIDA SENATE

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/14/14)

(ALYSIS AND FIS		ST STATEMENT s of the latest date listed below.)
	Prepared By: Th	ne Professional Staff of th	e Appropriations S	ubcommittee on Education
BILL:	SB 942			
INTRODUCER:	Senator Gaet	Z		
SUBJECT:	Rapid Respo	nse Education and Tra	ining Program	
DATE:	April 7, 2015	REVISED:		
ANAL	YST	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION
1. Scott		Klebacha	HE	Favorable
2. Sikes		Elwell	AED	Favorable
3.			AP	

I. Summary:

SB 942 establishes the Rapid Response Education and Training Program within the Complete Florida Plus Program at the University of West Florida to recruit and retain employees through industry-specific education and training. Also, the bill requires that the Complete Florida Plus Program work directly with Enterprise Florida, Inc., in project-specific industry recruitment and retention efforts to offer credible education and training commitments to businesses.

Specifically, the bill requires that the Rapid Response Education and Training Program:

- Award matching grants to public and private education and training providers.
- Submit to the Legislature periodic reports generated by an independent forensic accounting or auditing entity.
- Keep administrative costs to a minimum through the use of existing organizational structures.
- Work with businesses to recruit individuals for education and training.
- Terminate an education and training program by giving 30-days' notice.
- Survey businesses regarding the effectiveness of the education and training programs.

Additionally, the bill requires that the Division of Career and Adult Education within the Department of Education analyze and assess the effectiveness of the education and training programs offered through the Rapid Response Education and Training Program in meeting labor market and occupational trends and gaps.

The Senate's Fiscal Year 2015-2016 proposed General Appropriations Bill, SB 2500, appropriates \$19.2 million for the Rapid Response Education and Training Program.

The bill provides for an effective date of July 1, 2015.

II. Present Situation:

The Legislature has established mechanisms to facilitate coordination between public and private postsecondary education institutions and employment agencies to assist students in completing degree programs to meet the state's workforce needs.

Complete Florida Plus Program

In 2012, the Legislature created the Complete Florida Plus Program¹ at the University of West Florida (UWF) for the purpose of:²

- Facilitating degree completion for the state's adult learners through the Complete Florida Degree Initiative.
- Providing information relating to and access to distance learning courses and degree programs offered by public postsecondary education institutions.
- Coordinating with the Florida College System (FCS) and the State University System (SUS) to identify and provide online academic support services and resources when the multi-institutional provision of such services and resources is more cost effective or operationally effective.
- Administering the Florida Academic Library Services Cooperative³ (Cooperative) and consulting with the chancellors of the FCS and the SUS regarding the Cooperative.

The UWF must submit annual reports to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives relating to the implementation and operation of the components of the Complete Florida Plus Program and the Cooperative.⁴

Complete Florida Degree Initiative

In 2014, the Legislature established the Complete Florida Degree Initiative (Initiative) within the Complete Florida Plus Program for the purpose of recruiting, recovering, and retaining the state's adult learners⁵ and assisting them in completing an associate degree or a baccalaureate degree aligned to the state's high-wage, high-skill workforce needs.⁶ The Initiative coordinates with FCS institutions, state universities, and private postsecondary institutions and partners with public and private job recruitment and placement agencies to identify associate, applied baccalaureate degree programs that meet the state's workforce needs.⁷

¹ The program was formerly established as the Degree Completion Pilot Project pursuant to s. 15, ch. 2012-34, L.O.F.

² Section 1006.735(1), F.S.

³ Section 1006.73, F.S. The cooperative provides a single library automation system and associated resources and services for public postsecondary institutions to use to support learning, teaching, and research needs. *Id.* at (1).

⁴ Sections 1006.73(4) and 1006.735(5), F.S.

⁵ Section 1006.735(2), F.S. Adult learners who are veterans or active duty members of the United States Armed Forces are given priority. *Id.* An "adult learner" is defined as "a student who has successfully completed college-level coursework in multiple semesters but has left an institution in good standing before completing his or her degree." *Id.*

⁶ Section 1006.735(2), F.S.; see also, s. 16, ch. 2014-56, L.O.F.

⁷ Section 1006.735(2)(a), F.S.

Specifically, the Initiative must:⁸

- Give priority to degree programs using labor market data and projections, including data and projections included in the Board of Governor's gap analysis,⁹ to identify the specific workforce needs and targeted occupations of the state.
- Provide adult learners with a single point of access to information and links to innovative online and accelerated distance learning courses, student and library support services, and electronic resources that will aid them in completing a postsecondary degree.
- Use existing or develop new competency-based instructional and evaluation tools to assess prior performance, experience, and education to award college credit and reduce the time required for adults to complete degrees.
- Develop and implement an evaluation process to collect and analyze appropriate data to report the effectiveness of the Initiative to the chancellors of the FCS and the SUS, the participating postsecondary education institutions, the chairs of the legislative appropriations committees, and the Executive Office of the Governor.
- Develop and implement a statewide student recruitment campaign targeted toward adult learners, particularly veterans and active duty members of the United States Armed Forces, for enrollment in degree programs offered through the Initiative.

Access to Resources & Support

Statewide Internet-Based Catalog of Distance Learning Courses

The Complete Florida Plus Program manages a statewide internet-based catalog of distance learning courses, degree programs, and resources offered by public postsecondary education institutions to assist in developing a statewide articulation system that allows students to rapidly proceed toward their educational objectives and transfer between institutions.¹⁰ Participating institutions must provide specific information regarding the distance learning courses and degree programs (*e.g.*, course numbers, availability, and costs).¹¹

The Complete Florida Plus Program must establish operational procedures for the catalog and must review and frequently ensure that distance learning courses and degree programs comply with the operational procedures. The operational procedures must include:¹²

- Courses and degree programs that meet applicable accreditation standards and criteria.
- User-friendly search and retrieval options for finding courses in a variety of ways.
- An internet-based analytic tool that analyzes and collects data relating to catalog use and requests.

⁸ Section 1006.735(2), F.S.

⁹ Section 1001.706(5), F.S.

¹⁰ Section 1006.735(3), F.S.; see also, s. 1007.01, F.S.

¹¹ Section 1006.735(3), F.S.

¹² Id.

Statewide Online Student Advising Services & Support

The Complete Florida Plus Program must make available statewide online services and support in coordination with FCS institutions and state universities which include:¹³

- A streamlined online admissions application process for undergraduate transient students who enroll in courses offered by public postsecondary education institutions that are not the students' degree-granting institution.
- A K-20 statewide computer-assisted student advising system that supports K-12 career and education planning and the advisement, registration, and certification of postsecondary students for graduation, including a degree audit and an articulation component.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill establishes the Rapid Response Education and Training Program within the Complete Florida Plus Program at the University of West Florida to recruit and retain employees through industry-specific education and training. Also, the bill requires that the Complete Florida Plus Program work directly with Enterprise Florida, Inc., in project-specific industry recruitment and retention efforts to offer credible education and training commitments to businesses.

The Complete Florida Plus Program and Complete Florida Degree Initiative currently assist in recruiting, recovering, and retaining individuals to meet the state's high-wage, high-skill workforce needs. The bill expands the Complete Florida Plus Program and further serves its purpose to include targeted education and training programs for industries and businesses in the state.

Specifically, the bill requires that the Rapid Response Education and Training Program:

- Award matching grants to public and private education and training providers.
- Submit to the Legislature periodic reports generated by an independent forensic accounting or auditing entity.
- Keep administrative costs to a minimum through the use of existing organizational structures.
- Work with businesses to recruit individuals for education and training.
- Terminate an education and training program by giving 30-days' notice.
- Survey businesses regarding the effectiveness of the education and training programs.

Additionally, the bill requires that the Division of Career and Adult Education within the Department of Education analyze and assess the effectiveness of the education and training programs offered through the Rapid Response Education and Training Program in meeting labor market and occupational trends and gaps.

The award of matching grants to public and private education and training providers and partnerships with businesses may assist individuals in retaining and securing employment.

The bill provides for an effective date of July 1, 2015.

¹³ *Id.* at (4).

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The Senate's Fiscal Year 2015-2016 proposed General Appropriations Bill, SB 2500, appropriates \$19.2 million for the Rapid Response Education and Training Program under SB 942.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

The bill substantially amends section 1006.735 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. **Additional Information:**

Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.) Α.

None.

Β. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

SB 942

By Senator Gaetz

1-00787A-15 2015942 1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to a Rapid Response Education and Training Program; amending s. 1006.735, F.S.; 3 establishing the Rapid Response Education and Training Program within the Complete Florida Plus Program; requiring the Complete Florida Plus Program to work with Enterprise Florida, Inc., to offer certain education and training commitments to businesses; ç specifying the duties of the program; requiring 10 reports to the Legislature; requiring the Division of 11 Career and Adult Education within the Department of 12 Education to conduct an analysis and assessment of the 13 effectiveness of the education and training programs; 14 providing an effective date. 15 16 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 17 18 Section 1. Present subsections (5) and (6) of section 19 1006.735, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (6) 20 and (7), respectively, and a new subsection (5) is added to that 21 section, to read: 22 1006.735 Complete Florida Plus Program.-The Complete 23 Florida Plus Program is created at the University of West 24 Florida. 25 (5) RAPID RESPONSE EDUCATION AND TRAINING PROGRAM.-The 26 Rapid Response Education and Training Program is established 27 within the Complete Florida Plus Program. Under this education 28 and training program, the Complete Florida Plus Program shall 29 work directly with Enterprise Florida, Inc., in project-specific Page 1 of 2

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

	1-00787A-15 2015942
30	industry recruitment and retention efforts to offer credible
31	education and training commitments to businesses.
32	(a) The Rapid Response Education and Training Program must:
33	1. Issue challenge grants through requests for proposals
34	that are open to all education and training providers, public or
35	private. These grants match state dollars with education and
36	training provider dollars to implement particular education and
37	training programs.
38	2. Generate periodic reports from an independent forensic
39	accounting or auditing entity to ensure transparency of the
40	program. These periodic reports must be submitted to the
41	President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of
42	Representatives.
43	3. Keep administrative costs to a minimum through the use
44	of existing organizational structures.
45	4. Work directly with businesses to recruit individuals for
46	education and training.
47	5. Be able to terminate an education and training program
48	by giving 30 days' notice.
49	6. Survey employers after completion of an education and
50	training program to ascertain the effectiveness of the program.
51	(b) The Division of Career and Adult Education within the
52	Department of Education shall conduct an analysis and assessment
53	of the effectiveness of the education and training programs
54	under this section in meeting labor market and occupational
55	trends and gaps.
56	Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.

Page 2 of 2

	ORIDA SENATE
APPEARA	NCE RECORD
(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Sena Meeting Date	tor or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) 9412 Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Rapid Response Education +	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Jin Horne	
Job Title	
Address	Phone <u>904-759-45</u>
City State	Email <u>JHone Estrates ssrup</u> .
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Appearing at request of Chair:Yes No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: 📝 Yes 🦳 No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/14/14)



THE FLORIDA SENATE

SPECIAL MASTER ON CLAIM BILLS

Location 302 Capitol

Mailing Address 404 South Monroe Street Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100 (850) 487-5237

DATE	COMM	ACTION
12/29/14	SM	Favorable
3/3/15	JU	Favorable
4/8/15	AED	Favorable
	AP	

April 7, 2015

The Honorable Andy Gardiner President, The Florida Senate Suite 409, The Capitol Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

Re: **SB 72** – Senator Flores Relief of Altavious Carter

SPECIAL MASTER'S FINAL REPORT

THIS IS A CONTESTED CLAIM FOR \$944,034.30 BASED ON A JURY AWARD FOR ALTAVIOUS CARTER (CLAIMANT) AGAINST THE SCHOOL BOARD OF PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA, TO COMPENSATE CLAIMANT FOR DAMAGES HE SUSTAINED WHEN A SCHOOL BUS CRASHED INTO THE REAR END OF A VAN IN WHICH HE WAS A PASSENGER.

<u>CURRENT STATUS:</u> On February 3, 2011, an administrative law judge from the Division of Administrative Hearings, serving as a Senate special master, held a de novo hearing on a previous version of this bill, SB 26 (2012). After the hearing, the judge issued a report containing findings of fact and conclusions of law and recommended that the bill be reported favorably with an amendment. That report is attached as an addendum to this report.

> Due to the passage of time since the hearing, the Senate President reassigned the claim to me, Jason Hand. My responsibilities were to review the records relating to the claim bill, be available for questions from the members, and determine whether any changes have occurred since the hearing, which if known at the hearing, might have

SPECIAL MASTER'S FINAL REPORT – SB 72 April 7, 2015 Page 2

significantly altered the findings or recommendation in the previous report.

According to counsel for the parties, no changes have occurred since the hearing which might have altered the findings and recommendations in the report.

Additionally, the prior claim bill, SB 26 (2012), is effectively identical to claim bill filed for the 2015 Legislative Session.

Respectfully submitted,

Jason Hand Senate Special Master

cc: Debbie Brown, Secretary of the Senate



THE FLORIDA SENATE

SPECIAL MASTER ON CLAIM BILLS

Location 402 Senate Office Building Mailing Address 404 South Monroe Street Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100 (850) 487-5237

DATE	COMM	ACTION
12/02/11	SM	Fav/1 amendment

December 2, 2011

The Honorable Mike Haridopolos President, The Florida Senate Suite 409, The Capitol Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

Re: SB 26 (2012) – Senator Ellyn Setnor Bogdanoff Relief of Altavious Carter

SPECIAL MASTER'S FINAL REPORT

THIS IS A CONTESTED CLAIM FOR \$944,034.30 BASED ON A JURY AWARD FOR ALTAVIOUS CARTER (CLAIMANT) AGAINST THE SCHOOL BOARD OF PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA, TO COMPENSATE CLAIMANT FOR DAMAGES HE SUSTAINED WHEN A SCHOOL BUS CRASHED INTO THE REAR END OF A VAN IN WHICH HE WAS A PASSENGER.

FINDINGS OF FACT:

Following a four-day trial in the Palm Beach County Circuit Court a jury found that Claimant had sustained a permanent injury in an accident that occurred December 15, 2005, and awarded him the following damages with the amount of the award in parentheses: past medical expenses (\$96,475.64); future medical expenses (\$175,892.00); past pain and suffering (\$478,333.33); and future pain and suffering (\$343,333.33). The award of damages totaled \$1,094,034.30. The verdict was dated February 12, 2010.

On February 25, 2010, Judge Thomas H. Barkdull entered final judgment for Claimant as follows: "Pursuant to the Jury Verdict rendered in this action, IT IS ADJUDGED: That [Claimant] recover from [the School Board] the sum of [\$1,094,034.30] that shall bear interest annually at the statutory rate and for which let execution issue for the first One Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00) of this judgment and that portion of the judgment that exceeds [\$100,000] may be reported to the legislature, but may not be paid in part or in whole except by further act of the legislature further [sic] to 768.28."

The court retained jurisdiction to determine taxable costs as well as to determine set offs, if any. On August 4, 2010, Judge Barkdull entered a "Final Cost Judgment" in the amount of \$50,394.52 with interest at the statutory rate with the following provision: "but for which execution shall not issue, but this judgment may be reported to the legislature, but may not be paid in part or in whole except by further act of the legislature pursuant to 768.28."

On April 14, 2010, the School Board paid to Claimant the sum of \$100,000.00 in partial satisfaction of the Final Judgment.

At the trial and in this claims proceeding, the School Board stipulated that it is liable for Claimant's damages.

In this claims proceeding, the School Board does not contest the award for Claimant's past medical expenses or the award for Claimant's past pain and suffering. The School Board asserts that the awards for future medical expenses and future pain and suffering are excessive.

Claimant, a male, born September 7, 1991, is a basketball player who currently plays for Santa Fe College. On December 15, 2005, Claimant was being transported from basketball practice to his home in a van being driven by Vincent Merriweather, a volunteer coach for Claimant's team. Mr. Merriweather served as a mentor to Claimant.

On that date Mr. Merriweather's van was stopped at a red light in a westbound lane at the intersection of Forest Hills Boulevard and Olympia Boulevard in Palm Beach County when a school bus owned and operated by the Palm Beach County School District rear-ended the van. It was estimated that the bus was traveling in excess of 45 MPH when it hit the van, and there was no credible evidence that the driver applied his brakes at any point before the accident. The negligence of the school bus driver was the cause of the accident and was the proximate cause of the damages suffered by Claimant.

Mr. Merriweather was also injured in the accident and suffered damages in excess of \$100,000.00. Mr. Merriweather was granted compensation for his excess damages by Chapter 2009-247, Laws of Florida.

Claimant was wearing a seat belt at the time of the crash. Claimant's seat failed as a result to the force of the impact, and he was thrown into the back of the van and briefly lost consciousness. When he regained consciousness, he began yelling for Mr. Merriweather, who was unable to respond. Claimant was able to exit the van, but he immediately experienced pain in his neck. An unidentified person assisted Claimant by helping him to lie down on the pavement. A person identified as a school nurse told Claimant to be still until emergency services arrived and advised him to stay still.

Emergency responders arrived on the scene in a timely fashion, stabilized Claimant's head and neck, and transported him to Wellington Regional Hospital.

Diagnostic testing at Wellington Regional Hospital reflected that Claimant had suffered a cervical fracture in the region of the neck referred to as C6-C7. The cervical area of the neck, consisting of seven vertebrae, is immediately above the thoracic region. The designation C6-7 (or C6-C7) indicates the area where the sixth cervical vertebrae and the seventh cervical vertebrae are located. Between the two vertebrae is a disc, which serves several purposes, including acting as a shock absorber between the two vertebrae. The spinal cord runs through the vertebrae of the cervical and thoracic regions.

Due to the severity of the injury, which included a risk of paralysis, Wellington Regional Hospital transferred Claimant to the trauma center at St. Mary's Hospital.

At St. Mary's, Claimant was placed in cervical traction consisting of immobilizing hardware being screwed into his skull and being strapped to a bed where he was unable to move. Dr. Bret Baynham, a certified pediatric orthopedic surgeon, performed the following procedures on Claimant: Open Reduction C6-7 Fracture-Dislocation; Anterior Cervical Discectomy C6-7; Anterior Cervical Decompression, C6-7; Anterior Cervical Interbody Fusion Device C6-7; and Anterior Cervical Fusion C6-7.

In layman's terms, Dr. Baynham fused Claimant's C6-C7 vertebrae. He removed the disc between C6-C7. In the area from which the disc had been removed, he inserted a hollowed metallic dowel, referred to as a cage, filled with particles of bones that were designed to allow the two vertebrae to eventually grow together. He then affixed a metal plate to stabilize C6-C7 using special bone screws. The metal plate is intended to be permanent.

Dr. Baynham provided Claimant excellent care.

Post-surgery, Claimant underwent a grueling rehabilitation. Claimant worked hard during rehabilitation and cooperated fully with his therapists and other treatment providers.

Dr. Baynham continued to follow Claimant's recovery postsurgery. On July 27, 2006, Dr. Baynham found Claimant to be pain free and gradually returning to normal activities. Dr. Baynham's office notes reflect the following recommendation: "At this point we are going to allow [Claimant] to return to full activity. Based on his clinical and radiographic findings he is found to have a stable healed injury without any evidence of any residual instability or neurologic compromise. If he should have any problems as we move forward he is to refrain from activity and contact us immediately. This would include pain recurrence or any signs or symptoms associated with spinal cord or nerve root irritation. Otherwise if he remains well we would like to have him follow up in six months for re-evaluation including radiographs if indicated."

After July 27, 2006, Claimant resumed playing basketball and became a star high school player and a full-scholarship player at Santa Fe College in Gainesville. Claimant has been cleared to play basketball without any medical restrictions attributable to the injuries he received in the 2005 accident. At present, Claimant experiences periodic neck pain.

Adjacent disc disease (also referred to in the record as "adjacent segment disease") can be a consequence of fusing two vertebrae. When two discs are fused, greater mechanical loading or stress is placed on the vertebrae above or below the fused discs, which may or may not cause disc degeneration and require further intervention. While adjacent disc disease may be discernable by a MRI relatively soon after the fusion, symptoms from the disease typically come later in life, but may not come at all.

Claimant was seen by Dr. Baynham on follow-up on November 27, 2007. His impression was that Claimant was stable with no residual neurologic impairment, no pain in the neck, and no functional loss of motion. His recommendation was that "Based on the clinical and radiographic findings [Claimant] is found to have a stable healed injury without evidence of any residual instability or neurologic compromise. No further treatment is indicated at this time. No restrictions to athletic participation. Follow up prn."

Claimant experienced neck and back pain in 2009 and returned to Dr. Baynham in January and June of that year. In June 2009, Dr. Baynham ordered an MRI for Claimant. Dr. Baynham observed changes in C7-T1 (T1 is the first thoracic vertebrae). Dr. Baynham testified that the changes could be the delayed manifestation of injuries from the initial injury. He also testified that the changes could be the result of adjacent segment disease phenomenon. Dr. Baynham testified that the changes "are certainly consistent with not only the zone of initial injury, but also some additional changes that are probably the result of this adjacent segment disease phenomenon, as best we know."

Dr. Baynham further testified that "based on his young age and his life expectancy and based on the current state of understanding of this phenomenon of the adjacent level disc disease, I think it is probable, most probable that he will continue to experience changes there. And it will, in time, probably rise to the level of becoming clinically significant, meaning a source of pain and potentially a source requiring additional treatment." Dr. Craig H. Lichtblau is a physiatrist who specializes in physical medicine, rehabilitation, and evaluation. Dr. Lichtblau was retained by Claimant to conduct a Comprehensive Rehabilitation Evaluation of Claimant, give an impairment rating of Claimant, and provide a Continuation of Care plan for Claimant

Dr. Lichtblau assigned Claimant a 4 percent permanent partial impairment of the whole person.

Dr. Lichtblau's Continuation of Care plan included the services that Dr. Lichtblau believed Claimant would or may need in the future. Dr. Lichtblau's plan included future epidural steroid injections and surgical intervention. Dr. Baynham testified that including epidural steroid injections is reasonable. Dr. Baynham also testified that Claimant is at an increased risk of future surgical intervention.

Bernard E. Pettingill, Jr., Ph.D. is a consulting economist who, on February 12, 2009, prepared an analysis entitled "The Present Value Analysis of the Future Medical Care Costs of [Claimant]". At the time of the analysis, Claimant's life expectancy was projected to by 53.6 years beyond the date of the report.

Claimant represented in his "Summary of Case" that the parties stipulated that Claimant's past medical expenses for purposes of trial were \$96,475.64.

Dr. Pettingill used Dr. Lichtblau's Continuation of Care plan to compute the present value of Claimant's "Total Economic Loss, Period II, Future Loss, After Trial Date". Claimant presented evidence to the jury that the correct total economic loss for the post-trial period, as computed by Dr. Pettingill, was \$363,487.00.

Claimant was examined by Dr. Jordan Grabel, a neurological surgeon, on July 17, 2008, at the request of the School Board. Dr. Grabel reviewed Claimant's medical records and took histories from Claimant and Claimant's mother. Dr. Grabel found that Claimant's surgery had healed and that there were no other abnormalities that could be associated with the accident. Dr. Grabel opined that there was a 50-50

chance that the onset of adjacent segment disease will be discernable by X-ray in future years. He further opined that there is no way to determine whether Claimant will become symptomatic or need future surgical treatment. Dr. Grabel was of the opinion that the Continuation of Care plan prepared by Dr. Lichtblau included non-invasive follow-up treatment that was unnecessary.

The School Board did not have a consulting economist estimate the present value of Claimant's future economic loss based on the services Dr. Grabel believed Claimant would need.

Dr. Mark Rubenstein conducted a compulsory medical examination Claimant of on August 11, 2008. Dr. Rubenstein's evaluation included a physical examination and review of Claimant's medical a records. Dr. Rubenstein's report reflects his opinion that Claimant's future medical care will be limited to physician visits on an as-needed basis and that Claimant will require future MRI studies and X-rays. Although he acknowledged the possibility of adjacent disc disease, he did not believe that intervention was medically probable. Dr. Rubenstein's report reflects the opinion that Claimant's future pain management will be limited to the use of anti-inflammatory medications.

In its position statement, the School Board represents that Dr. Rubenstein is a physiatrist retained by the School Board and that he believed that Claimant's future care not including surgery for adjacent segment disease would be approximately \$25,000.00. The undersigned did not find that figure in Dr. Rubenstein's report.

CLAIMANT'S POSITION:

1. The negligence of the school bus driver was the sole and proximate cause of the injuries and damages sustained by Claimant.

2. Claimant's future damages are not speculative, and the jury's verdict is supported by the evidence.

SCHOOL BOARD'S POSITION: 1. School Board stipulated that it is liable for Claimant's damages.

> 2. School Board does not dispute the jury award for past medical expenses or for past pain and suffering.

3. School Board asserts that Claimant has healed and has become a star basketball player.

4. School Board contends that awards for future medical expenses and future pain and suffering are excessive and speculative.

5. School Board argues that \$25,000.00 would suffice for future medical expenses and that \$50,000.00 would suffice for future pain and suffering.

6. School Board is self-insured and is experiencing a bleak fiscal year with expected shortfalls of over \$54,000,000.00.

The bus driver had a duty to exercise reasonable care in the operation of the bus. <u>See generally</u> s. 316.183(1), Fla. Stat. He breached this duty by crashing into the back of Mr. Merriweather's stopped van. <u>See Eppler v. Tarmac America, Inc.</u>, 752 So. 2d 592 (Fla. 2000) (rear driver is presumed to be negligent in rear-end collision case absent evidence of a sudden and unexpected stop by the front driver).

The school bus driver was an employee of the School Board acting within the course and scope of his employment at the time of the accident. As a result, the driver's negligence is attributable to the School Board.

Consistent with the School Board's stipulation as to its liability, it is concluded that the bus driver's negligence was the sole and proximate cause of the injuries and damages sustained by Claimant, and that the driver's negligence is attributable to the School Board.

The jury based its verdict on competent, substantial evidence.

This is the second year that this claim has been presented to the Legislature.

Claimant's attorney filed an affidavit stating that attorney's fees will be capped at 25 percent in accordance with s. 768.28(8), Florida Statutes. Lobbyist fees are incorporated into the attorney's fees cap.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY:

ATTORNEYS FEES:

SPECIAL MASTER'S FINAL REPORT – SB 26 (2012) December 2, 2011 Page 9

> The Legislature is free to limit those amounts as it sees fit. See <u>Gamble v.</u> Wells, 450 So. 2d 850 (Fla. 1984); <u>Noel v.</u> <u>Schlesinger</u>, 984 So. 2d 1265 (Fla. 4th DCA 2008). The bill provides that the total amount paid for attorney's fees, lobbying fees, costs, and other similar expenses relating to this claim may not exceed 25 percent of the total amount awarded under this act.

> The School Board is self-insured and has no liability insurance applicable to this claim. The School Board expects to face a substantial budgetary shortfall and the passage of this claim bill will add to its budgetary difficulties.

> The bill, as filed, does not include the sum of \$50,394.52, which is the amount of the "Final Cost Judgment" entered by Judge Barkdull on August 4, 2010. The bill should be amended to add costs in the sum of \$50,394.52, so that the total amount of the award will be increased from the sum of \$994,034.30 to the sum of \$1,044,428.82.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

Based upon the foregoing, I recommend that Senate Bill 26 be reported FAVORABLY, as amended.

Respectfully submitted,

Clude B. Cmit

Claude B. Arrington Senate Special Master

cc: Senator Ellyn Setnor Bogdanoff Debbie Brown, Interim Secretary of the Senate Counsel of Record

FISCAL IMPACT:

OTHER ISSUES:

The Florida Senate APPEARANCE RECO (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional S Meeting Date	
Topic <u>CLAIMS BIN-A.CARTER</u> Name Scott Krevens	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Job Title ATTORNey	Gen. Cli lind
Address 3440 Holywoos gwg Street (Aurywoos FL 33021	Phone <u>154 961 (400</u> Email <u>Skrevens</u> Conson Jungers
	peaking: In Support Against ir will read this information into the record.)
Representing PALA Bett CNTY SUPON B	2
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes Yo No Lobbyist regist	ered with Legislature: 🛄 Yes 💟 No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/14/14)

APPEARAN	ICE RECORD or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)	2 SB 72 Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic <u>Claims Bill - Carter</u>	Amend	Iment Barcode (if applicable,
Name JIMMy Gustafson		
Job Title Attorney		
Address 1567 Cristobal Drive	Phone <u>650-</u> 2	51-4011
Tallahussee FL City State	<u>32303</u> Email <u>نابن @96</u>	arcylaw.com
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Sup (The Chair will read this information)	
Representing Mr. Carter		8
Appearing at request of Chair: 🗌 Yes 🔀 No	Lobbyist registered with Legislate	ure: 🗌 Yes 🔀 No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/14/14)



THE FLORIDA SENATE

SPECIAL MASTER ON CLAIM BILLS

Location

402 Senate Office Building

Mailing Address 404 South Monroe Street

Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100 (850) 487-5237

407-3237

DATE	COMM	ACTION
12/29/14	SM	Favorable
2/3/15	JU	Fav/CS
4/8/15	AED	Favorable
	AP	

April 7, 2015

The Honorable Andy Gardiner President, The Florida Senate Suite 409, The Capitol Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

Re: **SB 68** – Senator Legg Relief of Carl Abbott

SPECIAL MASTER'S FINAL REPORT

THIS IS AN UNOPPOSED EQUITABLE CLAIM FOR \$1.9 MILLION, IN LOCAL FUNDS, AGAINST THE PALM BEACH COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD FOR THE NEGLIGENCE OF A BUS DRIVER WHO STRUCK AND SERIOULY INJURED CARL ABBOTT AS HE WAS ATTEMPTING TO WALK ACROSS A ROADWAY WITHIN A MARKED PEDESTRIAN CROSSWALK.

<u>CURRENT STATUS:</u> On December 15, 2010, an administrative law judge from the Division of Administrative Hearings, serving as a Senate special master, held a de novo hearing on a previous version of this bill, SB 54 (2012). After the hearing, the judge issued a report containing findings of fact and conclusions of law and recommended that the bill be reported favorably. That report is attached as an addendum to this report.

> Due to the passage of time since the hearing, the Senate President reassigned the claim to me, Jason Hand. My responsibilities were to review the records relating to the claim bill, be available for questions from the members, and determine whether any changes have occurred since the hearing, which if known at the hearing, might have significantly altered the findings or recommendation in the previous report.

SPECIAL MASTER'S FINAL REPORT – SB 68 April 7, 2015 Page 2

> According to counsel for the parties, Carl Abbott passed away in June, 2014. The bill may need to be amended to reflect Mr. Abbott's death. The bill anticipates Carl Abbott's death, and provides that David Abbott, as guardian of Carl Abbott, is guaranteed a minimum payment of \$633,333.33 (via three annual payments of \$211,111.11) if Carl Abbott dies "within 3 years after the effective date of the act." In light of Carl Abbott's death before the effective date, the bill may need to be amended to clarify David Abbott's ability to receive the referenced payments. No other changes have occurred since the hearing which might have altered the findings and recommendations in the report.

> Additionally, the prior claim bill, SB 54 (2012), is effectively identical to claim bill filed for the 2015 Legislative Session.

Respectfully submitted,

Jason Hand Senate Special Master

cc: Debbie Brown, Secretary of the Senate

CS by Judiciary

The bill was drafted under the assumption that the claimant, Carl Abbott, would be alive at the time of passage, but potentially die before all required annual payments are made. The committee substitute recognizes that the claimant recently died, and provides for the payments in the bill to be made consistently with the payment structure in the underlying bill for payments after the claimant's death. Accordingly, Palm Beach County School Board will be required to pay \$633,333.33 instead of \$1.9 million had Carl Abbot lived until he received the last annual payment in the year 2022.



THE FLORIDA SENATE

SPECIAL MASTER ON CLAIM BILLS

Location 402 Senate Office Building Mailing Address

404 South Monroe Street Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100 (850) 487-5237

DATE	COMM	ACTION
12/2/11	SM	Favorable
		t.

December 2, 2011

The Honorable Mike Haridopolos President, The Florida Senate Suite 409, The Capitol Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

Re: SB 54 (2012) – Senator Joe Negron Relief of Carl Abbott

SPECIAL MASTER'S FINAL REPORT

THIS IS AN UNOPPOSED EQUITABLE CLAIM FOR \$1.9 MILLION, IN LOCAL FUNDS, AGAINST THE PALM BEACH COUNTY SCHOOL BOARD FOR THE NEGLIGENCE OF A BUS DRIVER WHO STRUCK AND SERIOUSLY INJURED CARL ABBOTT AS HE WAS ATTEMPTING TO WALK ACROSS A ROADWAY WITHIN A MARKED PEDESTRIAN CROSSWALK.

FINDINGS OF FACT: On June 30, 2008, at about 2:00 p.m., Carl Abbott, then 68 years old, started to walk across U.S. Highway 1 at the intersection with South Anchorage Drive in North Palm Beach, Florida. Mr. Abbott was heading west from the northeast quadrant of the intersection, toward the intersection's northwest quadrant. To get to the other side of U. S. Highway 1, which runs north and south, Mr. Abbott needed to cross the highway's three northbound lanes, a median, the southbound left turn lane, and the three southbound travel lanes. Mr. Abbott remained within the marked pedestrian crosswalk. (See diagram below.)

At the time Mr. Abbott began to cross U. S. Highway 1, a school bus was idling in the eastbound left-turn lane on South Anchorage Drive, waiting for the green light. The bus driver, Generia Bedford, intended to turn left and proceed

SPECIAL MASTER'S FINAL REPORT – SB 54 (2012) December 2, 2011 Page 2

north on U. S. Highway 1. When the light changed, Ms. Bedford drove the bus eastward through the intersection and turned left, as planned, heading northward. She did not see Mr. Abbott, who was in the center northbound lane of U. S. Highway 1, until it was too late. The school bus struck Mr. Abbott and knocked him to the ground. He sustained a serious, traumatic brain injury in the accident.

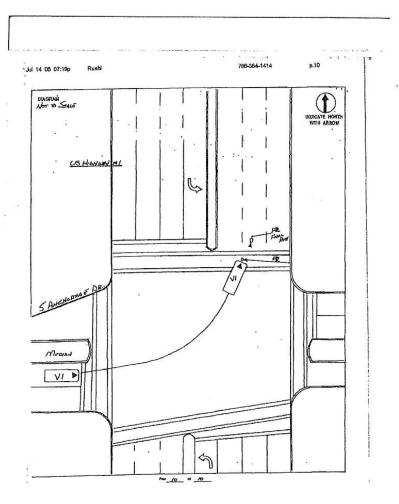
Mr. Abbott received cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) at the scene and was rushed to St. Mary's Medical Center, where he was placed on a ventilator. A cerebral shunt was placed to decrease intracranial pressure. After two months, Mr. Abbott was discharged with the following diagnoses: traumatic brain injury, pulmonary contusions, intracranial hemorrhage, subdural hematoma, and paralysis.

Mr. Abbott presently resides in a nursing home. As a result of the brain injury, he is unable to talk, walk, or take care of himself. He is alert but has significant cognitive impairments. Mr. Abbott has neurogenic bladder and bowel and hence is incontinent. He cannot perform any activities of daily living and needs constant, total care. His condition is not expected to improve.

Based on the Life Care Plan prepared by Stuart B. Krost, M.D., Mr. Abbott's future medical needs, assuming a life expectancy of 78 years, are projected to cost about \$4 million, before a reduction to present value. Based on the evidence presented, the undersigned is unable to determine the approximate amount of Mr. Abbott's past medical expenses, but it appears to be a sum between, very roughly, \$200,000 and \$775,000.

SPECIAL MASTER'S FINAL REPORT – SB 54 (2012) December 2, 2011 Page 3

DIAGRAM:



LEGAL PROCEEDINGS:

In 2008, Mr. Abbott's son David, as guardian, brought suit on Mr. Abbott's behalf against the School Board of Palm Beach County. The action was filed in the Circuit Court in and for Palm Beach County, Florida.

Before trial the parties attended a mediation conference and agreed to settle the case for \$2 million, \$100,000 of which the School Board paid immediately. Pursuant to the settlement agreement, the \$1.9 million balance will be paid, if this claim bill is enacted, in eight yearly installments of \$211,111.11, plus a ninth and final annual payment of \$211,111.12. These yearly payments will commence, if at all, on the effective date of the claim bill, should it become law, and continue for nine years, or until Mr. Abbott's death, whichever first occurs. The School Board has agreed, however, to make at least three years' worth of payments,

SPECIAL MASTER'S FINAL REPORT - SB 54 (2012) December 2, 2011 Page 4

guaranteeing a minimum payout of \$633,333.33 (if this claim bill passes).

Out of the \$100,000 settlement proceeds he has already received, Mr. Abbott paid \$25,000 in attorney's fees and, after paying some expenses, netted \$51,905.65. This amount was paid to Mr. Abbott's guardian, David Abbott.

The Palm Beach County School Board is vicariously liable for the negligence of its employee, who breached the duty of a motorist to use reasonable care toward a pedestrian by failing to yield the right-of-way to Mr. Abbott as he crossed U. S. Highway #1 on foot within a marked crosswalk.

RESPONDENT'S POSITION: The Palm Beach County School Board does not oppose the enactment of this claim bill. It is self-insured, however, and would pay the balance of the agreed sum out of its General Fund, which was the source of revenue used to satisfy the initial commitment of \$100,000. The School Board notes that payment of the \$1.9 million sought in this bill would be difficult, given budgetary constraints, but it stops short of urging that the bill be rejected on this basis.

> As provided in s. 768.28, Florida Statutes (2010), sovereign immunity shields the School Board against tort liability in excess of \$200,000 per occurrence.

> > A school board is liable for any negligent act committed by a public school bus driver whom it employs, provided the act is within the scope of the driver's employment. Hollis v. School Board of Leon Cnty., 384 So. 2d 661, 665 (Fla. 1st DCA 1980). Ms. Bedford was the School Board's employee and was clearly acting within the scope of her employment at the time of the accident in question. Accordingly, the negligence of Ms. Bedford is attributable to the School Board.

> > Like any motorist, a school bus driver has a duty to look out for pedestrians and to avoid creating hazardous situations. See Resnick v. National Car Rental Systems, Inc., 266 So. 2d 74, 75 (Fla. 3d DCA 1972). While "the rights of motorists and pedestrians on highways are reciprocal," the motorist "must exercise ordinary reasonable and due care toward a pedestrian." Edwards v. Donaldson, 103 So. 2d 256, 259 (Fla. 2d DCA 1958).

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

CLAIMANT'S ARGUMENTS:

SPECIAL MASTER'S FINAL REPORT – SB 54 (2012) December 2, 2011 Page 5

Here, the applicable traffic regulations required that Ms. Bedford yield to Mr. Abbott because he was crossing the road within a marked crosswalk. <u>See</u> § 316.130(7), Fla. Stat.; <u>see also</u>, § 316.075(1)(a)1., Fla. Stat. ("[V]ehicular traffic, including vehicles turning right or left, shall yield the right-of-way to other vehicles and to pedestrians lawfully within the intersection or an adjacent crosswalk at the time such [green] signal is exhibited.") Ms. Bedford breached the duty to use reasonable care for the safety of Mr. Abbott. Her negligence was the direct and proximate cause of Mr. Abbott's serious and irreversible brain injury.

The sum that the School District has agreed to pay Mr. Abbott (\$2 million) is both reasonable and responsible, given the nature and permanence of the injury and the Mr. Abbott's substantial and continuing medical needs.

ATTORNEYS FEES: Section 768.28(8), Florida Statutes, provides that "[n]o attorney may charge, demand, receive, or collect, for services rendered, fees in excess of 25 percent of any judgment or settlement." Mr. Abbott's attorney, Joseph R. Johnson, Esquire, has submitted an affidavit attesting that all attorney's fees, lobbying fees, and costs will be paid in accordance with the limitations specified in the claim bill.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

For the reasons set forth above, I recommend that Senate Bill 54 (2012) be reported FAVORABLY.

Respectfully submitted. John G. Van Laningham Senate Special Master

cc: Senator Joe Negron Debbie Brown, Interim Secretary of the Senate Counsel of Record

(s of the latest date listed below.)
	Prepared By: Th	e Professional Staff of t	the Appropriations S	ubcommittee on Education
BILL: PCS/SB 1		2 (309968)		
INTRODUCER:	Appropriations Subcommittee on Education and Senator Detert			
SUBJECT:	Workforce T	raining		
DATE:	April 10, 201	5 REVISED:		
ANAL	YST	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION
. Graf		Klebacha	HE	Favorable
. Sikes		Elwell	AED	Recommend: Fav/CS
			AP	

I. Summary:

PCS/SB 1522 requires the Department of Education (DOE) and the Department of Economic Opportunity (DEO) to collaborate to improve preapprenticeship and apprenticeship programs; and requires DOE to submit to the Governor, President of the Senate, Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Higher Education Coordinating Council, program accountability and operational reports.

Specifically, the bill:

- Revises the definition of "journeyman" to "journeyworker" and associated responsibilities.
- Adds industry certifications as an organized course of instruction in preapprenticeship and apprenticeship programs.
- Requires DOE and DEO to identify and recommend apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs that are aligned with the state and regional workforce needs.

The bill has no fiscal impact on state funds.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2015.

II. Present Situation:

Registered Apprenticeship (RA) "connects job seekers looking to learn new skills with employers looking for qualified workers, resulting in a workforce with industry-driven training and employers with a competitive edge."¹

¹ U.S. Department of Labor, *Apprentices*, <u>http://www.doleta.gov/oa/apprentices.cfm</u> (last visited March 2, 2015).

Federal Law

The United States Congress enacted the National Apprenticeship Act (also known as the Fitzgerald Act in honor of its author, Congressman William J. Fitzgerald)² in 1937.³ Following the passage of the act, RA programs consisted mainly of manufacturing, construction, and utilities industries.⁴ Since 1937, RA programs have grown to 24,000 programs providing education and training to approximately 400,000 apprentices in emerging and high-growth sectors such as energy conservation, health care, and information technology, in addition to traditional industries such as manufacturing and construction.⁵ "As the need for skilled workers increases and our economy faces greater global competition, RA continues to be a competitive advantage for all parties-individuals, businesses, labor management organizations, education, the workforce investment system and government. For these reasons, [the Employment and Training Administration, U.S. Department of Labor] issued revised regulations that increase program flexibility to better serve the needs of today's apprentices and program sponsors."⁶

For apprentices and program sponsors, the regulations:⁷

- Incorporate technology-based learning;
- Provide additional pathways to certification;
- Introduce interim credentials;
- Improve registration and review process;
- Update the reciprocal registration provision; and
- Introduce provisional registration.

For State Apprenticeship Agencies (SSAs), the regulations:⁸

- Increase linkages with the workforce investment system;
- Redefine the roles and responsibilities of SSAs and State Apprenticeship Councils (SACs);
- Establish a process for continued recognition; and
- Increase flexibility for location of an SSA.

For the U.S. Department of Labor, the regulations:⁹

- Enhance program accountability; and
- Ensure national conformity with federal apprenticeship legislation and regulations.

http://www.doleta.gov/oa/regulations.cfm (last visited March 2, 2015).

⁸ U.S. Department of Labor, Apprenticeship Final Rule Fact Sheet, available at

² U.S. Department of Labor, *Workforce System Results* (Sep. 30, 2012), *available at* <u>http://www.doleta.gov/Farmworker/pdf/workforceSystemResultsSept2012.pdf</u>, at 4 of 38.

³ U.S. Department of Labor, *Registered Apprenticeship*, <u>http://www.doleta.gov/oa/history.cfm</u> (last visited March 2, 2015); *see* 29 U.S.C., s. 50.

⁴ U.S. Department of Labor, *Registered Apprenticeship*, <u>http://www.doleta.gov/oa/history.cfm</u> (last visited March 2, 2015). ⁵ *Id*.

⁶ *Id.* "These revised regulations published, on October 29, 2008, update Title 29 CFR, part 29 and provide a framework that supports an enhanced, modernized apprenticeship system." U.S. Department of Labor, *Regulations*,

⁷ U.S. Department of Labor, *Apprenticeship Final Rule Fact Sheet, available at* http://www.doleta.gov/oa/pdf/Apprenticeship Final Fact Sheet.pdf, at 1-2 of 4.

http://www.doleta.gov/oa/pdf/Apprenticeship_Final_Fact_Sheet.pdf, at 2-3 of 4.

⁹ U.S. Department of Labor, *Apprenticeship Final Rule Fact Sheet*, *available at* <u>http://www.doleta.gov/oa/pdf/Apprenticeship Final Fact Sheet.pdf</u>, at 3 of 4.

Eligibility and Requirements

Registered apprenticeship program sponsors (i.e., employers, employer associations, and labor management organizations)¹⁰ identify the minimum qualifications to apply into their apprenticeship program.¹¹ An individual must be at least 16 years of age to be an apprentice.¹² In hazardous occupations, individuals must usually be 18 years of age.¹³ Program sponsors may also identify additional minimum qualifications and credentials to apply (e.g., education, ability to physically perform the essential functions of the occupation, and proof of age). All applicants are required to meet the minimum qualifications. Based on the selection method utilized by the sponsor, additional qualification standards, such as fair aptitude tests and interviews, school grades, and previous work experience may be identified.¹⁴

Program Length

Apprenticeship programs range from 1 year to 6 years, but the majority are 4 years in length.¹⁵ During the program, the apprentice receives both structured, on-the-job learning (OJL) and related classroom instruction (RTI).¹⁶ For each year of the apprenticeship, the apprentice typically receives 2,000 hours of on-the-job training and a recommended minimum of 144 hours of related classroom instruction.¹⁷

State Law

Florida law provides educational and training opportunities, in the form of apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs, to prepare individuals in the state for trades, occupations, and professions suited to their abilities.¹⁸

An apprenticeship program means "an organized course of instruction, registered and approved by the department, which course shall contain all terms and conditions for the qualifications, recruitment, selection, employment, and training of apprentices¹⁹ including such matters as the

¹⁰ Registered Apprenticeship program sponsors vary from small, privately owned businesses to national employer and industry associations. There are nearly 29,000 sponsors representing more than 250,000 employers, such as UPS, the United States Military Apprenticeship Program, Werner Enterprises, and CVS/pharmacy. U.S. Department of Labor, *Apprentices*, <u>http://www.doleta.gov/oa/apprentices.cfm</u> (last visited March 2, 2015).

¹¹ U.S. Department of Labor, *Apprentices*, <u>http://www.doleta.gov/oa/apprentices.cfm</u> (last visited March 2, 2015). ¹² *Id*.

 ¹³ U.S. Department of Labor, *Apprentices*, <u>http://www.doleta.gov/oa/apprentices.cfm</u> (last visited March 2, 2015).
 ¹⁴ Id.

¹⁵ U.S. Department of Labor, *Apprentices*, <u>http://www.doleta.gov/oa/apprentices.cfm</u> (last visited March 2, 2015).

¹⁶ Id. ¹⁷ Id.

¹⁸ Section 446.011(1), F.S.

¹⁹ An apprentice means "a person at least 16 years of age who is engaged in learning a recognized skilled trade through actual work experience under the supervision of journeyman craftsmen, which training should be combined with properly coordinated studies of technical and supplementary subjects, and who has entered into a written agreement, which may be cited as an apprentice agreement, with a registered apprenticeship sponsor who may be either an employer, an association of employers, or a local joint apprenticeship committee." Section 446.021(2), F.S. A journeyman means "a person working in an apprenticeable occupation who has successfully completed a registered apprenticeship program or who has worked the number of years required by established industry practices for the particular trade or occupation." Section 446.021(4), F.S. An apprenticeable occupation is a skilled trade which possesses all of the characteristics that are specified in law (e.g., customarily learned in a practical way through a structures, systemic program of on-the-job, supervised training and involves

requirements for a written apprenticeship agreement."²⁰ A preapprenticeship program means "an organized course of instruction in the public school system or elsewhere, which course is designed to prepare a person 16 years of age or older to become an apprentice and which course is approved by and registered with the department and sponsored by a registered apprenticeship program."²¹

Duties of the Department of Education

The Department of Education (DOE or department) is responsible for administering, facilitating, and supervising registered apprenticeship programs (e.g., developing and encouraging apprenticeship programs, cooperating with and assisting apprenticeship sponsors to develop apprenticeship standards and training requirements, monitoring RA programs, investigating complaints regarding failure to meet the standards²² established by the department, and canceling registration of programs that fail to comply with the standards and policies of the department).²³

Additionally, the department, the district school boards, and the community college district boards of trustees must work together with existing apprenticeship programs so that individuals completing the preapprenticeship programs may be able to receive credit towards completing a registered apprenticeship program.²⁴

The Commissioner of Education (commissioner) must recommend, at least annually, the CAPE Postsecondary Industry Certification Funding List to the State Board of Education (SBE or state board) and may at any time recommend adding industry certifications.²⁵ The Chancellor of the State University System, the Chancellor of the Florida College System, and the Chancellor of Career and Adult Education must work with local workforce boards, other postsecondary institutions, businesses, and industry to identify, create, and recommend to the commissioner industry certifications to be placed on the funding list.²⁶

State Apprenticeship Advisory Council

The purpose of the State Apprenticeship Advisory Council (Council) is to advise the department on matters related to apprenticeship.²⁷ The Council is comprised of 10 voting members appointed

²⁶ Id.

manual, mechanical, or technical skills and knowledge which require a minimum of 2,000 hours of work and training, which hours are excluded from the time spent at related instruction). Section 446.092, F.S.

²⁰ Section 446.021(6), F.S.

²¹ Section 446.021(5), F.S.

²² The Department of Education (DOE or department) is responsible for developing apprenticeship and preapprenticeship uniform minimum standards for the apprenticeable trades and assisting district school boards and community college district boards of trustees in developing preapprenticeship programs. Sections 446.011(2), 446.032, and 446.052, F.S. Uniform minimum preapprenticeship standards means "the minimum requirements established uniformly for each craft under which a preapprenticeship program is administered and includes standards for admission, training goals, training objectives, curriculum outlines, objective standards to measure successful completion of the preapprenticeship program, and the percentage of credit which may be given to preapprenticeship graduates upon acceptance into the apprenticeship program." Section 446.021(8), F.S.

²³ Section 446.041, F.S.

²⁴ Section 446.052(3), F.S.

²⁵ Section 1008.44(2), F.S.

²⁷ Section 446.045(2)(a), F.S.

by the Governor and two ex officio nonvoting members.²⁸ The Commissioner of Education or the commissioner's designee must serve ex officio as chair of the Council, but may not vote.²⁹

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill primarily fosters collaboration between the Department of Education (DOE) and the Department of Economic Opportunity (DEO) to identify and recommend apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs that are aligned with the state and regional workforce needs and requires DOE to submit to the Governor, President of the Senate, Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Higher Education Coordinating Council, program accountability and operational reports. This provision will facilitate the engagement of both the educational entities and the business community, as partners, in preparing individuals with the necessary skills to secure gainful employment and meet the workforce needs of the state. In addition, the bill also amends definition of apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs and journeyworker.

The bill specifies accountability and operational reporting requirements for DOE and DEO regarding preapprenticeship and apprenticeship programs.

Annual Accountability Report

The bill requires DOE to collaborate with DEO to identify, develop, and register apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs that are aligned with the statewide demand for a skilled labor force in high-demand occupations and to regional workforce needs. Beginning with the 2015-2016 fiscal year, annually by December 31, DOE must, in collaboration with DEO, submit to the Governor, President of the Senate, Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Higher Education Coordinating Council, an accountability report on program usage, student demographics and performance outcomes, and program requirements for existing and new programs. The accountability report must also include regional information regarding program and student performance outcomes. The accountability report may assist with creating a purposeful approach for the state to strategically invest in apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs based on employers' needs.

In addition, DOE must post on the department website, program information which, at a minimum, must include program admission requirements, program standards and training requirements, and a summary of program and student performance outcomes. Such information may create public awareness about the apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs which could boost program enrollment and sponsorship.

Operational Report

The bill requires DOE, in collaboration with DEO and CareerSource Florida, Inc., to submit to the Governor, President of the Senate, Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Higher Education Coordinating Council, an operational report by December 31, 2015. The operational report must summarize:

 $^{^{28}}$ Id.

²⁹ Section 446.045(2)(b), F.S.

- The activities and coordination between DOE and DEO to identify, develop, register, and administer preapprenticeship and apprenticeship programs over the last five years.
- The strategies employed by DOE and DEO to engage school districts, Florida College System institutions, technical centers, and businesses as partners in the workforce system to expand employment opportunities for individuals including, but not limited to, individuals with unique abilities, which must include work-based learning experiences such as apprenticeships and preapprenticeships. The partnership may facilitate the consolidation of efforts to educate and train individuals to meet workforce needs of the state.
- Recommendations made by DOE and DEO to gain efficiency in program funding and make program governance changes to improve the delivery and management of apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs based on workforce needs.
- Recommendations and strategies for DEO to ensure that employers in the state have access to information and consultative services, at no cost to the employers, regarding sponsorship of demand-driven registered apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs. This provision is similar to the mission of South Carolina's Apprenticeship CarolinaTM program which is to make "certain all employers in South Carolina have access to information and consultative services, at no charge, regarding sponsorship of a demand-driven registered apprenticeship program."³⁰ The goal of the provision is that businesses in Florida be able to access the necessary information to start or continue sponsoring apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs.
- An evaluation of the feasibility of linking or incorporating, and of the resources necessary to link or incorporate, the Department of Education's website information on preapprenticeship and apprenticeship programs with the Department of Economic Opportunity and CareerSource Florida, Inc., workforce information system required under chapter 445, Florida Statutes.

Additionally, the bill modifies the definition of preapprenticeship and apprenticeship programs and journeyworker. The bill:

- Expands the definitions of apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs by specifying that the organized course of instruction associated with the two programs include, but not be limited to, industry certifications that are identified on the industry certification funding list and adopted in rule by the State Board of Education. Industry certifications demonstrate to potential employers, mastery of specific skills, abilities, and competencies associated with such industry-approved certifications.
- Clarifies, in its definition, that a journeyworker is a mentor, technician, specialist, or other skilled worker who has documented attainment of skills and knowledge of an occupation, through formal apprenticeship, attainment of a nationally-recognized industry certification, or practical, on-the-job experience or formal training. The bill also makes conforming changes to relevant statutes to reflect the change to the definition of a journeyworker.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2015.

³⁰ Apprenticeship CarolinaTM SC Technical College System, *About Us*, <u>http://www.apprenticeshipcarolina.com/about.html</u> (last visited March 2, 2015).

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

PCS/SB 1522 requires the preparation of reports, revision of the Department of Education's web-based application to include information on apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs, and staff time for collaboration between the Department of Education and the Department of Economic Opportunity; however, it is assumed that these efforts can be accomplished within existing agency resources. The bill has no fiscal impact.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 446.021, 446.032, 446.052, and 446.091.

This bill creates an undesignated section of Florida law.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

Recommended CS by Appropriations Subcommittee on Education on April 8, 2015: The committee substitute:

- Clarifies the responsibilities of the Department of Education regarding collaboration with the Department of Economic Opportunity to identify, develop, and register apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs.
- Clarifies that the annual accountability report must include regional information related to program usage, student demographics and performance outcomes, and program requirements for existing and new programs.
- Requires DOE to collaborate with CareerSource Florida, Inc., in addition to DEO, to prepare an operational report which must <u>also</u> include:
 - A summary of activities and coordination between DOE and DEO to identify, develop, register, and administer apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs over the last five years.
 - Recommendations to maximize resources of DOE and DEO to gain efficiencies in program development, administration, and funding.
 - An evaluation of the feasibility of linking DOE's information on apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs with DEO and CareerSource Florida, Inc. workforce information system.
- Establishes July 1, 2016 as the expiration date for the provisions related to the operational report.
- Amends the definition of "journeyworker" to include the attainment of nationallyrecognized industry certifications as a way to demonstrate mastery of skills and competencies required for an occupation.
- B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

House



LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate Comm: RCS 04/10/2015

Appropriations Subcommittee on Education (Galvano) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert: Section 1. Subsections (2), (4), (5), and (6) of section 446.021, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

446.021 Definitions of terms used in ss. 446.011-446.092.-

As used in ss. 446.011-446.092, the term:

(2) "Apprentice" means a person at least 16 years of agewho is engaged in learning a recognized skilled trade through

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11 actual work experience under the supervision of journeyworker 12 journeymen craftsmen, which training should be combined with 13 properly coordinated studies of related technical and 14 supplementary subjects, and who has entered into a written agreement, which may be cited as an apprentice agreement, with a 15 16 registered apprenticeship sponsor who may be either an employer, 17 an association of employers, or a local joint apprenticeship 18 committee.

19 (4) "Journeyworker" "Journeyman" means a worker who has 20 attained certain skills, abilities, and competencies and who is 21 recognized within an industry as having mastered the skills and 22 competencies required for the occupation, including, but not 23 limited to, attainment of a nationally recognized industry 24 certification. The term includes a mentor, technician, 25 specialist, or other skilled worker who has documented 26 sufficient skills and knowledge of an occupation, through formal 27 apprenticeship, attainment of a nationally recognized industry certification, or through practical, on-the-job experience or 28 29 formal training a person working in an apprenticeable occupation 30 who has successfully completed a registered apprenticeship 31 program or who has worked the number of years required by 32 established industry practices for the particular trade or 33 occupation.

(5) "Preapprenticeship program" means an organized course
of instruction, including, but not limited to, industry
<u>certifications identified under s. 1008.44</u>, in the public school
system or elsewhere, which course is designed to prepare a
person 16 years of age or older to become an apprentice and
which course is approved by and registered with the department

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40 and sponsored by a registered apprenticeship program. 41 (6) "Apprenticeship program" means an organized course of instruction, including, but not limited to, industry 42 certifications identified under s. 1008.44, registered and 43 approved by the department, which course shall contain all terms 44 and conditions for the qualifications, recruitment, selection, 45 46 employment, and training of apprentices including such matters 47 as the requirements for a written apprenticeship agreement.

48 Section 2. Section 446.032, Florida Statutes, is amended to 49 read:

446.032 General duties of the department for apprenticeship training.—The department shall:

(1) Establish uniform minimum standards and policies governing apprentice programs and agreements. The standards and policies shall govern the terms and conditions of the apprentice's employment and training, including the quality training of the apprentice for, but not limited to, such matters as ratios of apprentices to journeyworkers journeymen, safety, related instruction, and on-the-job training; but these standards and policies may not include rules, standards, or guidelines that require the use of apprentices and job trainees on state, county, or municipal contracts. The department may adopt rules necessary to administer the standards and policies.

(2) Establish procedures to be used by the State Apprenticeship Advisory Council.

(3) Collaborate with the Department of Economic Opportunity to identify, develop, and register apprenticeship programs that are aligned with statewide demand for a skilled labor force in high-demand occupations and with regional workforce needs.

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69	Beginning in the 2015-2016 fiscal year, the department shall
70	annually, by December 31, submit an accountability report, which
71	must include information related to program usage, student
72	demographics and performance outcomes, and program requirements
73	for the existing apprenticeship and preapprenticeship programs
74	and the development of new programs. The report must include
75	regional information about program and student performance
76	outcomes. The report must be submitted to the Governor, the
77	President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of
78	Representatives, and the Higher Education Coordinating Council.
79	(4) Post on its Internet website information regarding
80	apprenticeship programs, which must, at a minimum, include:
81	(a) Program admission requirements;
82	(b) Program standards and training requirements; and
83	(c) A summary of program and student performance outcomes.
84	Section 3. Subsections (5) and (6) are added to section
85	446.052, Florida Statutes, to read:
86	446.052 Preapprenticeship program.—
87	(5) The department shall collaborate with the Department of
88	Economic Opportunity to identify, develop, and register
89	preapprenticeship programs that are aligned with statewide
90	demand for a skilled labor force in high-demand occupations and
91	with regional workforce needs. Beginning in the 2015-2016 fiscal
92	year, the department shall annually, by December 31, submit an
93	accountability report, which must include information related to
94	program usage, student demographics and performance outcomes,
95	and program requirements for the existing apprenticeship and
96	preapprenticeship programs and the development of new programs.
97	The report must include regional information about program and

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98	student performance outcomes. The report must be submitted to
99	the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the
100	House of Representatives, and the Higher Education Coordinating
101	Council.
102	(6) The department shall post on its Internet website
103	information regarding preapprenticeship programs, which must, at
104	a minimum, include:
105	(a) Program admission requirements;
106	(b) Program standards and training requirements; and
107	(c) A summary of program and student performance outcomes.
108	Section 4. Preapprenticeship and apprenticeship operational
109	report(1) By December 31, 2015, the Department of Education,
110	in collaboration with the Department of Economic Opportunity and
111	CareerSource Florida, Inc., shall submit an operational report
112	to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the
113	House of Representatives, and the Higher Education Coordinating
114	Council providing:
115	(a) A summary of the activities and coordination between
116	the two agencies to identify, develop, register, and administer
117	preapprenticeship and apprenticeship programs over the last 5
118	years.
119	(b) The strategies employed by the two agencies to engage
120	school districts, Florida College System institutions, technical
121	centers, businesses, and other stakeholders as partners in the
122	workforce system to expand employment opportunities for
123	individuals, including, but not limited to, those individuals
124	with unique abilities, which must include work-based learning
125	experiences, such as preapprenticeships and apprenticeships.
126	(c) Recommendations to maximize the resources of the two

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127	agencies to gain efficiency in program development,
128	administration, and funding and make program governance changes
129	to improve the delivery and management of preapprenticeship and
130	apprenticeship programs based on workforce demands. These
131	recommendations must take into account federal resources and
132	must include any necessary or suggested changes to the programs
133	ensuing from implementation of the Workforce Innovation and
134	Opportunity Act of 2014 and related regulations.
135	(d) Recommendations and strategies for the two agencies to
136	communicate effectively with employers in this state and ensure
137	that employers have access to information and consultative
138	services, at no cost to the employers, regarding sponsorship of
139	demand-driven, registered preapprenticeship and apprenticeship
140	programs and information about the availability of program
141	students for employment.
142	(e) An evaluation of the feasibility of linking or
143	incorporating, and of the resources necessary to link or
144	incorporate, the Department of Education's website information
145	on preapprenticeship and apprenticeship programs with the
146	Department of Economic Opportunity and CareerSource Florida,
147	Inc., workforce information system required under chapter 445,
148	Florida Statutes.
149	(2) This section expires on July 1, 2016.
150	Section 5. Section 446.091, Florida Statutes, is amended to
151	read:
152	446.091 On-the-job training program.—All provisions of ss.
153	446.011-446.092 relating to apprenticeship and
154	preapprenticeship, including, but not limited to, programs,
155	agreements, standards, administration, procedures, definitions,
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156	expenditures, local committees, powers and duties, limitations,
157	grievances, and ratios of apprentices and job trainees to
158	journeyworkers journeymen on state, county, and municipal
159	contracts, shall be appropriately adapted and made applicable to
160	a program of on-the-job training authorized under those
161	provisions for persons other than apprentices.
162	Section 6. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.
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165	And the title is amended as follows:
166	Delete everything before the enacting clause
167	and insert:
168	A bill to be entitled
169	An act relating to workforce training; amending s.
170	446.021, F.S.; redefining terms; amending s. 446.032,
171	F.S.; conforming a provision to changes made by the
172	act; requiring the Department of Education, in
173	collaboration with the Department of Economic
174	Opportunity, to identify and recommend specified
175	apprenticeship programs; requiring the department to
176	annually submit an accountability report with
177	specified requirements to the Governor, the
178	Legislature, and the Higher Education Coordinating
179	Council; requiring the department to post on its
180	Internet website specified information regarding
181	apprenticeship programs; amending s. 446.052, F.S.;
182	requiring the Department of Education, in
183	collaboration with the Department of Economic
184	Opportunity, to identify and recommend specified
	1 I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I

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602-03506A-15

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2015 Bill No. SB 1522



185 preapprenticeship programs; requiring the department 186 to annually submit an accountability report with specified content to the Governor, the Legislature, 187 188 and the Higher Education Coordinating Council; 189 requiring the department to post on its Internet 190 website specified information regarding 191 preapprenticeship programs; requiring the Department of Education, in collaboration with the Department of 192 Economic Opportunity to submit an operational report 193 194 to the Governor, the Legislature, and the Higher 195 Education Coordinating Council with specified 196 information; amending s. 446.091, F.S.; conforming a 197 provision to changes made by the act; providing an 198 effective date.

4/7/2015 9:11:55 AM

SB 1522

SB 1522

By Senator Detert

28-00993A-15 20151522 1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to workforce training; amending s. 446.021, F.S.; redefining terms; amending s. 446.032, F.S.; conforming a provision to changes made by the act; requiring the Department of Education, in collaboration with the Department of Economic Opportunity, to identify and recommend specified apprenticeship programs; requiring the department to ç annually submit an accountability report with 10 specified requirements to the Governor, the 11 Legislature, and the Higher Education Coordinating 12 Council; requiring the department to post on its 13 Internet website specified information regarding 14 apprenticeship programs; amending s. 446.052, F.S.; 15 requiring the Department of Education, in 16 collaboration with the Department of Economic 17 Opportunity, to identify and recommend specified 18 preapprenticeship programs; requiring the department 19 to annually submit an accountability report with 20 specified requirements to the Governor, the 21 Legislature, and the Higher Education Coordinating 22 Council; requiring the department to post on its 23 Internet website specified information regarding 24 preapprenticeship programs; requiring the Department 25 of Education, in collaboration with the Department of 26 Economic Opportunity to submit an operational report 27 to the Governor, the Legislature, and the Higher 28 Education Coordinating Council with specified 29 information; amending s. 446.091, F.S.; conforming a Page 1 of 6

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28-00993A-15 20151522 30 provision to changes made by the act; providing an 31 effective date. 32 33 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 34 35 Section 1. Subsections (2), (4), (5), and (6) of section 36 446.021, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 37 446.021 Definitions of terms used in ss. 446.011-446.092.-As used in ss. 446.011-446.092, the term: 38 39 (2) "Apprentice" means a person at least 16 years of age 40 who is engaged in learning a recognized skilled trade through actual work experience under the supervision of journeyworker 41 journeymen craftsmen, which training should be combined with 42 43 properly coordinated studies of related technical and 44 supplementary subjects, and who has entered into a written 45 agreement, which may be cited as an apprentice agreement, with a 46 registered apprenticeship sponsor who may be either an employer, 47 an association of employers, or a local joint apprenticeship committee. 48 49 (4) "Journeyworker" "Journeyman" means a worker who has attained certain skills, abilities, and competencies and who is 50 51 recognized within an industry as having mastered the skills and 52 competencies required for the occupation. The term includes a 53 mentor, technician, or specialist or any other skilled worker 54 who has documented sufficient skills and knowledge of an occupation, through formal apprenticeship or through practical, 55 56 on-the-job experience or formal training a person working in an 57 apprenticeable occupation who has successfully completed a registered apprenticeship program or who has worked the number 58 Page 2 of 6

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SB 1522

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9	of years required by established industry practices for the
0	particular trade or occupation.
1	(5) "Preapprenticeship program" means an organized course
2	of instruction, including, but not limited to, industry
	$\underline{\text{certifications identified under s. 1008.44}_{\textit{L}}$ in the public school
	system or elsewhere, which course is designed to prepare a
	person 16 years of age or older to become an apprentice and
	which course is approved by and registered with the department
	and sponsored by a registered apprenticeship program.
	(6) "Apprenticeship program" means an organized course of
	instruction, including, but not limited to, industry
	certifications identified under s. 1008.44, registered and
	approved by the department, which course shall contain all terms
	and conditions for the qualifications, recruitment, selection,
	employment, and training of apprentices including such matters
	as the requirements for a written apprenticeship agreement.
	Section 2. Section 446.032, Florida Statutes, is amended to
	read:
	446.032 General duties of the department for apprenticeship
	trainingThe department shall:
	(1) Establish uniform minimum standards and policies
	governing apprentice programs and agreements. The standards and
	policies shall govern the terms and conditions of the
	apprentice's employment and training, including the quality
	training of the apprentice for, but not limited to, such matters
	as ratios of apprentices to <u>journeyworkers</u> journeymen , safety,
	related instruction, and on-the-job training; but these
	standards and policies may not include rules, standards, or
	guidelines that require the use of apprentices and job trainees
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88	on state, county, or municipal contracts. The department may
89	adopt rules necessary to administer the standards and policies.
90	(2) Establish procedures to be used by the State
91	Apprenticeship Advisory Council.
92	(3) Collaborate with the Department of Economic Opportunity
93	to identify and recommend apprenticeship programs that are
94	aligned with statewide demand for a skilled labor force in high-
95	demand occupations and to regional workforce needs. Beginning in
96	the 2015-2016 fiscal year, the department must annually, by
97	December 31, submit an accountability report, which must include
98	the status and summary information regarding program and student
99	performance outcomes and requirements associated with
100	apprenticeship programs, to the Governor, the President of the
101	Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the
102	Higher Education Coordinating Council.
103	(4) Post on its Internet website information regarding
104	apprenticeship programs, which must, at a minimum, include:
105	(a) Program admission requirements;
106	(b) Program standards and training requirements; and
107	(c) A summary of program and student performance outcomes.
108	Section 3. Subsections (5) and (6) are added to section
109	446.052, Florida Statutes, to read:
110	446.052 Preapprenticeship program
111	(5) The department shall collaborate with the Department of
112	Economic Opportunity to identify and recommend preapprenticeship
113	programs that are aligned with statewide demand for a skilled
114	labor force in high-demand occupations and to regional workforce
115	needs. Beginning in the 2015-2016 fiscal year, the department
116	must annually, by December 31, submit an accountability report,

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SB 1522

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117 which must include th	he status and summary information regarding
118 program and student	performance outcomes and requirements
19 associated with prea	pprenticeship programs, to the Governor, the
.20 President of the Sen	ate, the Speaker of the House of
.21 <u>Representatives</u> , and	the Higher Education Coordinating Council.
22 (6) The departme	ent shall post on its Internet website
23 information regarding	g preapprenticeship programs, which must, at
24 <u>a minimum, include:</u>	
25 (a) Program adm.	ission requirements;
26 (b) Program star	ndards and training requirements; and
27 (c) A summary of	f program and student performance outcomes.
28 Section 4. Prea	pprenticeship and apprenticeship operational
29 reportBy December	31, 2015, the Department of Education, in
30 collaboration with th	he Department of Economic Opportunity, shall
31 <u>submit an operational</u>	l report to the Governor, the President of
32 the Senate, the Spea	ker of the House of Representatives, and the
33 Higher Education Coo	rdinating Council summarizing:
34 (1) The strateg	ies employed by the Department of Education
35 and the Department of	f Economic Opportunity to engage school
36 districts, Florida Co	ollege System institutions, technical
37 centers, and busines	ses as partners in the workforce system to
38 <u>expand employment op</u>	portunities for individuals, including, but
39 not limited to, those	e individuals with unique abilities, which
40 must include work-bas	sed learning experiences, such as
41 preapprenticeships as	nd apprenticeships.
42 (2) Recommendat.	ions made by the Department of Education and
43 the Department of Ec	onomic Opportunity to gain efficiency in
44 program funding and 1	make program governance changes to improve
45 the delivery and man	agement of preapprenticeship and
I	
	Page 5 of 6

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146	apprenticeship programs based on workforce needs.
147	(3) Recommendations and strategies for the Department of
148	Economic Opportunity to ensure that employers in the state have
149	access to information and consultative services, at no cost to
150	the employers, regarding sponsorship of demand-driven,
151	registered preapprenticeship and apprenticeship programs.
152	Section 5. Section 446.091, Florida Statutes, is amended to
153	read:
154	446.091 On-the-job training program.—All provisions of ss.
155	446.011-446.092 relating to apprenticeship and
156	preapprenticeship, including, but not limited to, programs,
157	agreements, standards, administration, procedures, definitions,
158	expenditures, local committees, powers and duties, limitations,
159	grievances, and ratios of apprentices and job trainees to
160	journeyworkers journeymen on state, county, and municipal
161	contracts, shall be appropriately adapted and made applicable to
162	a program of on-the-job training authorized under those
163	provisions for persons other than apprentices.
164	Section 6. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.

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THE FLORIDA SENATE

APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator Meeting Date	or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)
Topic Workforce Training Name Jim Horne	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Job Title	
Address	Phone <u>904 - 759 - 4596</u> Email <u>JHomeostratecos</u>
City State	Zip
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: Y In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: 🎽 Yes 🛄 No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (10/14/14)



THE FLORIDA SENATE

Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

COMMITTEES: Appropriations Subcommittee on Education, Chair Agriculture Appropriations Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services Education Gaming Health Policy Regulated Industries Rules

SENATOR BILL GALVANO 26th District

April 8, 2014

Senator Don Gaetz President Florida Senate 409 Capitol 404 South Monroe Street Tallahassee, FL 32399

Dear President Gaetz:

I am writing to request approval to be excused from today's Subcommittee on Education Appropriations meeting.

I appreciate your consideration in this matter.

Sincerely,

151

Bill Galvano

Cc: Tim Elwell Joanne Bennett

REPLY TO:

D 1023 Manatee Avenue West, Suite 201, Bradenton, Florida 34205

□ 326 Senate Office Building, 404 South Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100 (850) 487-5026

Senate's Website: www.fisenate.gov

CourtSmart Tag Report

Room: KN 412 Case: Caption: Senate Appropriations Subcommittee on Education

Started: 4/8/2015 10:02:21 AM Ends: 4/8/2015 11:12:23 AM Length: 01:10:03 10:02:23 AM Call to order and roll call 10:02:58 AM Chair comments 10:03:07 AM Senator Detert - SB 888 Am. #885500 W/D 10:04:00 AM 10:04:48 AM SB 1522 10:08:20 AM SB 72 10:09:24 AM Scott Kreuans-Palm Beach County Schools 10:13:14 AM Jimmy Gustafson, Attorney 10:18:06 AM SB 1264 Senator Ring 10:18:52 AM Am. #849922 Sen. Ring 10:19:40 AM 10:21:26 AM Senator Legg 10:23:05 AM Senator Montford 10:23:45 AM Senator Legg 10:25:00 AM Senator Ring 10:25:19 AM Senator Montford 10:26:29 AM Senator Ring 10:26:41 AM Senator Bullard 10:27:21 AM Senator Legg 10:28:39 AM Senator Bullard 10:29:19 AM Senator Ring 10:30:26 AM Senator Bullard 10:31:35 AM Senator Legg 10:33:52 AM Senator Ring 10:35:13 AM Senator Legg SB 1260-Senator Bean 10:36:33 AM 10:41:18 AM SB 1260 10:41:28 AM Senator Legg-SB 68 10:42:35 AM Chair Question Motion to vote Senator Simmons 10:43:30 AM SB 948 - Senator Gaetz 10:44:31 AM 10:47:57 AM Am. #449092-Senator Gaetz 10:49:09 AM Senator Bullard 10:49:28 AM Senator Gaetz 10:49:42 AM Senator Bullard 10:50:08 AM Senator Gaetz 10:50:14 AM Senator Simmons Senator Bullard 10:51:01 AM 10:51:27 AM Senator Legg Am #645424 Senator Bullard 10:53:01 AM 10:53:38 AM Senator Gaetz 10:55:22 AM Senator Legg 10:55:44 AM Senator Bullard 10:56:21 AM Senator Gaetz Marshall Ogletree, Interim Executive Director, Affordability Language in Amendment 11:03:42 AM 11:05:41 AM Senator Gaetz 11:06:37 AM SB 942 11:08:13 AM SB 1252 - Rachel 11:09:50 AM Senator Ring SB 1252 - TP 11:10:31 AM 11:10:47 AM Chair Gaetz Meeting Adjourned 11:11:37 AM

Type: Judge: