1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to the regulation of orthotists and prosthetists; providing definitions; 3 creating the Board of Orthotists and 4 5 Prosthetists; establishing membership 6 requirements; providing for the adoption of 7 rules; providing licensure requirements; 8 providing for fees; providing for licensure 9 without examination; providing for license 10 renewal; providing for temporary licenses; prohibiting certain acts and providing 11 12 penalties; providing exemptions from licensure; 13 prohibiting the use of certain titles by 14 unlicensed persons; providing an effective 15 date. 16 17 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 18 19 Section 1. Definitions. -- As used in this act, the 20 term: 21 (1) "Agency" means the Agency for Health Care 22 Administration. 23 (2) "Board" means the Board of Orthotists and 24 Prosthetists. 25 (3) "Department" means the Department of Health. 26 (4) "Fitter" means a person licensed to fit, by 27 prescription, prefabricated cervical orthoses not requiring 28 modification; prefabricated spinal orthoses, except for those 29 used in the treatment of scoliosis, body jackets for the 30 treatment of spinal injury or disease, and "halo" devices; prefabricated orthoses of the upper and lower extremities;

pressure gradient hose; trusses; mastectomy products; and custom-molded shoes.

- (5) "Fitter assistant" means a person licensed to fit prefabricated soft cervical orthoses; prefabricated soft abdominal supports; pressure gradient hose; trusses; soft prefabricated orthosis for the upper and lower extremities; and mastectomy products.
- (6) "Orthosis" means a device used to provide support, correction, or alleviation of neuromuscular or musculoskeletal dysfunction, disease, injury, or deformity, but does not include the following assistive technology devices: upper extremity adaptive equipment used to facilitate the activities of daily living, including specialized utensils, combs, and brushes; finger splints; wheelchair seating and equipment that is an integral part of the wheelchair and not worked by the patient; elastic abdominal supports that do not have metal or plastic reinforcing stays; premade arch supports and other over-the-counter adaptive devices for the foot; durable medical equipment such as canes, crutches, or walkers; dental appliances; or devices implanted into the body by a physician.
- (7) "Orthotics" means the practice of evaluating, treating, formulating, measuring, designing, fabricating, assembling, fitting, adjusting, or servicing, as well as providing the initial training necessary to accomplish the fitting of an orthosis.
- (8) "Orthotic assistant" means a person licensed to assist in the practice of orthotics under the direct supervision of an orthotist. An orthotic assistant may not evaluate patients or formulate treatment regimes.
- (9) "Orthotist" means a person licensed to evaluate patients, formulate treatment regimes, and design, fabricate,

fit, and service orthoses that use static or dynamic forces to support or correct disabilities caused by neuro-musculoskeletal diseases, injuries, or deformities.

- (10) "Pedorthotist" means a person licensed to treat, by prescription, maladies of the foot, including custom-made arch supports; shoe modifications, not including the attachment of orthoses to shoes or prosthetic inserts; and custom-made shoes.
- (11) "Prosthesis" means a medical device that is used to replace a missing appendage or other external body part, including an artificial limb, hand, foot, or breast. It does not include surgically implanted devices or artificial eyes, dental appliances, ostomy products, cosmetic devices such as eyelashes or wigs, or other devices that do not have a significant impact on the musculoskeletal functions of the body.
- (12) "Prosthetic assistant" means a person licensed to assist in the practice of prosthetics under the direct supervision of a prosthetist. A prosthetic assistant may not evaluate patients or formulate treatment regimes.
- (13) "Prosthetics" means the practice of evaluating, treating, formulating, measuring, designing, fabricating, assembling, fitting, adjusting, or servicing, as well as providing the initial training necessary to accomplish the fitting of a prosthesis.
- (14) "Prosthetist" means a person licensed to evaluate patients, formulate treatment regimes, and design, fabricate, fit, and service prostheses to replace external body parts that are missing due to amputation or congenital deformities or absences.

(15) "Prosthetist-Orthotist" means a person licensed to practice as a prosthetist and as an orthotist.

(16) "Qualified experience" means working under the direct supervision of an orthotist or prosthetist certified by the American Board for Certification in Orthotics and Prosthetics or licensed by the state.

Section 2. <u>Board of Orthotists and Prosthetists;</u> appointment, membership, terms, headquarters.—

- (1) The Board of Orthotists and Prosthetists is created within the Department of Health and shall consist of seven members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate.
- (2) The members of the board must be residents of this state. Two members must be practicing prosthetists possessing a Bachelors of Science in Prosthetics and Orthotics, two members must be practicing orthotists possessing a Bachelors of Science in Prosthetics and Orthotics, two members must be prosthetic or orthotic users not deriving economic benefit from the fitting or dispensing of orthotic or prosthetic devices, and one member must be a layperson who has never been an orthotist or prosthetist or a member of a closely related profession.
- (3) Members of the board shall be appointed for terms of 4 years each and shall serve until their successors are appointed. Two of the original board members shall serve terms of 4 years each, two shall serve terms of 3 years each, two shall serve terms of 2 years each, and one shall serve a term of 1 year, as designated by the Governor. Members may be reappointed for additional terms.

1	(4) The provisions of chapter 455, Florida Statutes,
2	relating to activities of regulatory boards apply to the
3	board.
4	(5) The board shall maintain its official headquarters
5	in Tallahassee.
6	Section 3. Authority to adopt rulesThe board shall
7	adopt rules to administer this act, including rules relating
8	to standards of practice for orthotists and prosthetists.
9	Section 4. Licensure requirements
10	(1) The board shall issue a license to practice
11	orthotics or prosthetics to qualified applicants. Licensure
12	shall be granted independently in orthotics or prosthetics,
13	but a person may be licensed in both disciplines.
14	(2) An applicant for licensure must apply to the
15	department on a form prescribed by it in order to take the
16	appropriate licensure examination, including a practical
17	examination demonstrating clinical patient management, when
18	appropriate, and written exams, one of which demonstrates
19	orthotic or prosthetic problem-solving skills. The board may
20	accept the examination results of a national orthotic or
21	prosthetic standards organization in lieu of administering the
22	state examination. The department shall examine each applicant
23	whom the board certifies:
24	(a) Has completed the application form and paid an
25	application fee, not to exceed \$500, and an examination fee,
26	not to exceed \$500;
27	(b) Is of good moral character;
28	(c) Is 18 years of age or older;
29	(d) Has completed the appropriate educational
30	preparation including practical training requirements; and

- (e) Has successfully completed an appropriate clinical internship in the professional area for which the license is sought.
- (3) In addition to the requirements in subsection (2), to be licensed as:
 - (a) An orthotist, the applicant must have:
- 1. A Bachelor of Science degree in Orthotics and Prosthetics from a regionally accredited college or university, or a bachelor's degree with an orthotic certificate from a program recognized by the National Commission on Orthotic and Prosthetic Education, or its equivalent, as determined by the board; and
- 2. An appropriate internship of 1 year of qualified experience, or a residency program recognized by the National Commission on Orthotic and Prosthetic Education, or its equivalent.
 - (b) An orthotic assistant, the applicant must have:
- 1. An associate degree in a related field from a regionally accredited community college, as determined by the board; and
- 2. An appropriate internship of 3 years of qualified experience. However, 2 years of the internship may be waived if the applicant holds an orthotic assistant certificate from a program recognized by the National Commission on Orthotic and Prosthetic Education or its equivalent, as determined by the board.
 - (c) A prosthetist, the applicant must have:
- 1. A Bachelor of Science degree in Orthotics and Prosthetics from a regionally accredited college or university, or a bachelor's degree with a certificate in prosthetics from a program recognized by the National

1	Commission on Orthotic and Prosthetic Education, or its
2	equivalent; and
3	2. An internship of 1 year qualified experience or a
4	residency program recognized by the National Commission on
5	Orthotic and Prosthetic Education.
6	(d) A prosthetic assistant, the applicant must have:
7	1. An associate degree in a related field, as
8	determined by the board, from a regionally accredited
9	community college; and
10	2. An internship of 3 years qualified experience.
11	However, 2 years of the experience may be waived if the
12	applicant has a prosthetic assistant certificate from a
13	program recognized by the National Commission on Orthotic and
14	Prosthetic Education.
15	(e) A fitter, the applicant must have:
16	1. A high school diploma or its equivalent;
17	2. A minimum of 40 hours training in orthotics as
18	approved by the board; and
19	3. Two years of experience in orthotics, as approved
20	by the board.
21	(f) A fitter assistant, the applicant must have:
22	1. A high school diploma or its equivalent; and
23	2. A minimum of 40 hours training in orthotics
24	education, as approved by the board.
25	(g) A pedorthotist, the applicant must have:
26	1. A high school diploma or its equivalent; and
27	2. A minimum of 10 hours of training as approved by
28	the board.
29	Section 5. Licensure without examinationA person
30	who has practiced orthotics or prosthetics full-time

31 continuously since July 1, 1992, in an established prosthetic

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or orthotic facility, who, before January 1, 1998, applies for 1 a license to practice orthotics or prosthetics and who meets the requirements for the appropriate license, shall be licensed without taking an examination, upon receipt of the licensing fee and after the board has completed an investigation into the applicant's work history. The board shall complete its investigation within 6 months after receipt of the application.

Section 6. Biennial renewal of license.--

- (1) The department shall renew a license upon receipt of the renewal application fee, not to exceed \$500, as set by the board.
- (2) The board shall adopt rules establishing a procedure for the biennial license renewal.
- (3) The board may by rule prescribe continuing education requirements and approve course criteria, not to exceed 30 hours biennially, as a condition for license renewal. The board shall establish a procedure for approving continuing education courses and may set a fee for continuing education course approval.
- Section 7. Temporary license. -- The board may adopt rules governing the issuance of temporary licenses.
 - (1) The board may issue a temporary license to:
- (a) An applicant for licensure who has recently moved to this state and has applied for a license, if the applicant is licensed in the state of his former residence, and that state has comparable standards to this state.
- (b) An applicant who presents proof that he was actively engaged in the full-time practice of orthotics or prosthetics in this state for 5 years between July 1, 1992, and July 1, 1997.

(2) A temporary license shall be issued for a limited period of time, not to exceed 1 year, and is renewable for up to 1 additional year for a licensee who is certified by the American Board of Certification of Orthotics and Prosthetics.

Section 8. Support personnel.—A person must be licensed to practice orthotics or prosthetics in this state.

However, a licensed orthotist or prosthetist may delegate duties to nonlicensed supportive personnel if those duties are performed under the direct supervision of a licensed orthotist

responsible for all acts performed by such persons.

Section 9. Prohibitions; penalties.--

- (1) A person may not:
- (a) Make a false or fraudulent statement in any application, affidavit, or statement presented to the board or in any proceeding before the board.

or prosthetist. In such instances the supervising licensee is

- (b) Practice orthotics or prosthetics without a license.
- (2) A person who violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in section 775.082 or section 775.083, Florida Statutes.

Section 10. Disciplinary proceedings.--

- (1) The following acts are grounds for disciplinary action against a licensee and the issuance of cease and desist orders or other related action by the department, pursuant to section 455.227, Florida Statutes, against any person who engages in or aids in a violation.
- (a) Attempting to procure a license by fraudulent misrepresentation.

- (b) Having a license to practice orthotics or prosthetics revoked, suspended, or otherwise acted against, including the denial of licensure in another jurisdiction.
- (c) Being convicted or found guilty of or pleading nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, in any jurisdiction, a crime that directly relates to the practice of orthotics or prosthetics, including violations of federal laws or regulations regarding prosthetics or orthotics.
- (d) Filing a report or record that the licensee knows is false, intentionally or negligently failing to file a report or record required by state or federal law, willfully impeding or obstructing such filing, or inducing another person to impede or obstruct such filing. Such reports or records include only reports or records that are signed in a person's capacity as a licensee under this act.
- (e) Advertising goods or services in a fraudulent, false, deceptive, or misleading manner.
- (f) Violation of this act or chapter 455, Florida Statutes, or any rules adopted thereunder.
- (g) Violation of an order of the board, agency, or department previously entered in a disciplinary hearing or failure to comply with a subpoena issued by the board, agency, or department.
- (h) Practicing with a revoked, suspended, or inactive license.
- (i) Gross or repeated malpractice or the failure to deliver orthotic or prosthetic services with that level of care and skill which is recognized by a reasonably prudent licensed practitioner with similar professional training as being acceptable under similar conditions and circumstances.

(2) The board may enter an order imposing one or more of the penalties in section 455.227(2), Florida Statutes, against any person who violates subsection (1).

Section 11. Exemptions from licensure.--This act does not apply to:

- (1) A person who is licensed to practice medicine or podiatry in this state;
- (2) A person performing services for the Federal

 Government, if the person provides orthotic or prosthetic care

 solely under the direction or control of the organization by
 which that person is employed;
- (3) A person fulfilling the supervised residency or internship experience requirements of this act; or
- (4) A student, fellow, or trainee in orthotics or prosthetics pursuing a course of study at a regionally accredited college or university or working in a recognized training center or research facility, if the activities and services are part of a course of study under a supervisor licensed under this act.

Section 12. Use of titles.--

- (1) A person must be licensed under this act to represent himself as a licensed orthotist or prosthetist or use in connection with his name the words "orthotist," "prosthetist," "fitter," or other abbreviations, titles, or insignia indicating that he is an orthotist, prosthetist, or fitter.
- (2) This act does not prohibit a person licensed in this state under another law from engaging in the scope of practice for which he is licensed.

Section 13. This act shall take effect July 1, 1997.

SENATE SUMMARY Establishes regulatory provisions for orthotists and prosthetists. Creates the Board of Orthotists and Prosthetists in the Department of Health and provides membership requirements and powers and duties of the board. Provides licensure requirements for orthotists, prosthetists and related professions. Sets fees and provides for examinations, fees, temporary licenses, licensure without examination, and license renewal. Prohibits certain acts and provides penalties for Prohibits certain acts and provides penalties for violations. Provides exemptions from licensure and prohibits the use of certain titles by unlicensed persons. (See bill for details.)