By the Committee on Community Affairs and Senator Forman

316-2106-98

1

2

3 4

5

6

7

8

10

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

A bill to be entitled An act relating to homeowners' associations; amending s. 617.303, F.S.; specifying the location of board meetings; prohibiting commingling of association funds; amending s. 617.307, F.S.; requiring the developer to deliver specific documents to the newly elected board; creating s. 617.3075, F.S.; prohibiting certain clauses in homeowners' association documents; creating s. 617.3077, F.S.; providing for the establishment of reserve and operating accounts; amending s. 617.311, F.S.; defining the term "dispute"; providing for voluntary binding arbitration of disputes; amending s. 689.26, F.S.; modifying disclosure summary form; providing for reference to the disclosure summary in any contract or agreement for sale; providing an effective date.

19 20

18

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

21 22

23

2425

Section 1. Subsection (2) of section 617.303, Florida Statutes, is amended, present subsection (8) of that section is redesignated as subsection (9), and a new subsection (8) is added to that section to read:

26 27 617.303 Association powers and duties; meetings of board; official records; budgets; financial reporting.--

28 29

30

(2) BOARD MEETINGS.--A meeting of the board of directors of an association occurs whenever a quorum of the board gathers to conduct association business at a location within the county in which the community is located. All

1

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

3

4 5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12 13

14

15

16 17

18 19

20

21

22

2324

25

2627

28

29

30 31

meetings of the board must be open to all members except for meetings between the board and its attorney with respect to proposed or pending litigation where the contents of the discussion would otherwise be governed by the attorney-client privilege. Notices of all board meetings must be posted in a conspicuous place in the community at least 48 hours in advance of a meeting, except in an emergency. alternative, if notice is not posted in a conspicuous place in the community, notice of each board meeting must be mailed or delivered to each member at least 7 days before the meeting, except in an emergency. Notwithstanding this general notice requirement, for communities with more than 100 members, the bylaws may provide for a reasonable alternative to posting or mailing of notice for each board meeting, including publication of notice or provision of a schedule of board meetings. An assessment may not be levied at a board meeting unless the notice of the meeting includes a statement that assessments will be considered and the nature of the assessments. Directors may not vote by proxy or by secret ballot at board meetings, except that secret ballots may be used in the election of officers. This subsection also applies to the meetings of any committee or other similar body, when a final decision will be made regarding the expenditure of association funds, and to any body vested with the power to approve or disapprove architectural decisions with respect to a specific parcel of residential property owned by a member of the community.

(8) ASSOCIATION FUNDS; COMMINGLING. --

(a) All association funds held by a developer must be maintained separately in the association's name. Reserve and operating funds of the association may not be commingled prior

to turnover, except that the association may jointly invest reserve funds in mutual bond funds rated BBB or higher. However, such jointly invested funds must be accounted for separately.

(b) No developer in control of a homeowners' association may commingle any association funds with his or her funds or with the funds of any other homeowners' association or community association.

Section 2. Section 617.307, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 617.307 Transition of homeowners' association control in a community. -- With respect to homeowners' associations as defined in s. 617.301:
- (1) Members other than the developer are entitled to elect at least a majority of the members of the board of directors of the homeowners' association when the earlier of the following events occurs:
- (a) Three months after 90 percent of the parcels in all phases of the community that will ultimately be operated by the homeowners' association have been conveyed to members; or
- (b) Such other percentage of the parcels has been conveyed to members, or such other date or event has occurred, as is set forth in the governing documents in order to comply with the requirements of any governmentally chartered entity with regard to the mortgage financing of parcels.

26 27

29

30

25

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9 10

11

12

13

14 15

16 17

18 19

20

21

22

23 24

28 (c) For purposes of this section, the term "members other than the developer" shall not include builders, contractors, or others who purchase a parcel for the purpose of 31 constructing improvements thereon for resale.

(2) At the time the members are entitled to elect at
least a majority of the members of the board of directors of
the homeowners' association, the developer shall at the
developer's expense within no more than 90 days deliver the
following documents to the board:
(a) All deeds to common property owned by the
association;
(b) The association's original declarations of
covenants and restrictions;
(c) A certified copy of the articles of incorporation
of the association;
(d) A copy of the bylaws;
(e) The minute books including all minutes;
(f) The books and records of the association;
(g) All policies, rules, and regulations that have
been adopted;
(h) Evidence of resignations of directors who are
required to resign because the developer is required to
relinquish control of the association;
(i) The financial records of the association from the
date of incorporation through the date of turnover;
(j) An accounting of association funds and the control
thereof;
(k) A description of all tangible property of the
association;
(1) A copy of all contracts that are in force with the
association as one of the parties;
(m) A list of the names, addresses, and telephone
numbers of all contractors, subcontractors, or others in the
<pre>employ of the association;</pre>
(n) All insurance policies;

- (o) Any permits issued to the association by
 governmental bodies;
 - (p) All warranties in effect; and
 - (q) A complete roster of the homeowners and their mailing addresses, telephone numbers, and section and lot numbers.
 - (3) Within 12 months after takeover, financial statements for the last 5 years through the date of turnover must be given to the board of directors. The financial statements must be:
 - (a) Compiled if the annual budget of the homeowners' association is under \$400,000; or
 - (b) Reviewed if the annual budget is \$400,000 or greater.
 - (4)(2) The developer is entitled to elect at least one member of the board of directors of the homeowners' association as long as the developer holds for sale in the ordinary course of business at least 5 percent of the parcels in all phases of the community. After the developer relinquishes control of the homeowners' association, the developer may exercise the right to vote any developer-owned voting interests in the same manner as any other member, except for purposes of reacquiring control of the homeowners' association or selecting the majority of the members of the board of directors.
 - (5)(3) This section does not apply to a homeowners' association in existence on the effective date of this act, or to a homeowners' association, no matter when created, if such association is created in a community that is included in an effective development-of-regional-impact development order as

of the effective date of this act, together with any approved modifications thereof.

Section 3. Section 617.3075, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

 $\underline{617.3075} \quad \underline{Prohibited \ clauses \ in \ homeowners' \ association} \\ documents.--$

- (1) The inclusion or enforcement of any of the following clauses in a homeowners' association document, including declaration of covenants, articles of incorporation, by-laws, or any other documents of the association which bind members of the association, is contrary to the public policy of this state and is prohibited:
- (a) A clause that provides a developer with the unilateral ability and right to make changes to the homeowners' association's documents after the transition of homeowners' association's control in a community from the developer to the nondeveloper members, as set forth in s. 617.307, has occurred.
- (b) A clause that prohibits a homeowners' association from filing a lawsuit against the developer.
- <u>(c) After the transition of homeowners' association</u>
 <u>control in a community from the developer to the nondeveloper</u>
 <u>members, as set forth in s. 617.307, has occurred, a clause</u>
 <u>whereby the developer is entitled to cast votes in an amount</u>
 that exceeds one vote per lot.
- (2) The provisions of subsection (1) apply to clauses created on or after the effective date of this section.
- Section 4. Section 617.3077, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 30 <u>617.3077</u> Reserve and operating accounts.--At the time 31 the association is created, the association shall establish

reserve accounts for all expected expenditures of deferred maintenance, repairs, or replacement of common property for which the association will ultimately be responsible under the terms of the purchase agreement or the association's governing documents.

Section 5. Section 617.311, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 617.311 <u>Alternative</u> dispute resolution; voluntary mediation; voluntary binding arbitration; legislative findings.--
 - (1) LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS. -- The Legislature finds that:
- (a) Parcel owners are frequently at a disadvantage when litigating against an association.
- (b) Alternative dispute resolution has been making progress in reducing court dockets and trials and in offering a more efficient, cost-effective option to court litigation.

 However, the Legislature also finds that alternative dispute resolution should not be used to encourage the filing of frivolous or nuisance suits.
- (c) There exists a need to develop a flexible means of alternative dispute resolution that directs disputes to the most efficient means of resolution.
- (d) The high cost and significant delay of circuit court litigation faced by parcel owners in the state can be alleviated by requiring nonbinding arbitration and mediation in appropriate cases, thereby reducing delay and attorney's fees while preserving the right of either party to have its case heard by a jury, if applicable, in a court of law.
 - (2) DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section:
- (a) "Arbitration" means a process whereby a neutralthird person or panel, called an arbitrator or arbitration

panel, considers the facts and arguments presented by the parties as provided by this section.

- (b) "Dispute" means any disagreement between two or more parties after transition of control of the homeowners' association pursuant to s. 617.307 which involves:
- 1. The authority of the board of directors, under this chapter or association document, to:
- a. Require any owner to take any action or not to take any action involving that owner's parcel or the appurtenances thereto.
 - b. Alter or add to a common area or element.
- 2. The failure of a governing body, when required by this chapter or an association document, to:
 - a. Properly conduct elections.
 - b. Give adequate notice meetings or other actions.
 - c. Properly conduct meetings.
 - d. Allow inspection of books and records.

The term "dispute" does not include any disagreement that primarily involves title to any parcel or common element; the interpretation or enforcement of any warranty; the levy of a fee or assessment, or the collection of an assessment levied against a party; the eviction or other removal of a tenant from a parcel; alleged breaches of fiduciary duty by one or more directors; or claims for damages to a parcel based upon the alleged failure of the association to maintain the common elements or association property.

(3) VOLUNTARY MEDIATION.--Voluntary mediation through Citizen Dispute Settlement Centers as provided in s. 44.201 is encouraged.

30 31

1	(4) VOLUNTARY BINDING ARBITRATIONVoluntary binding
2	arbitration may be requested pursuant to s. 44.104.
3	(5) COURT-ORDERED MEDIATION OR ARBITRATIONThe
4	Legislature finds that alternative dispute resolution has made
5	progress in reducing court dockets and trials and in offering
6	a more efficient, cost-effective option to litigation. At any
7	time after the filing in a court of competent jurisdiction of
8	a complaint relating to a dispute under ss. 617.301-617.312,
9	the court may order that the parties enter mediation or
10	arbitration procedures.
11	Section 6. Section 689.26, Florida Statutes, is
12	amended to read:
13	689.26 Prospective purchasers subject to association
14	membership requirement; disclosure required
15	(1) A prospective parcel owner in a community must be
16	presented a disclosure summary before executing the contract
17	for sale. The disclosure summary must be in a form
18	substantially similar to the following form:
19	
20	DISCLOSURE SUMMARY
21	FOR
22	(NAME OF COMMUNITY)
23	
24	1. AS A PURCHASER OF PROPERTY IN THIS COMMUNITY, YOU
25	WILL BE OBLIGATED TO BE A MEMBER OF A HOMEOWNERS' ASSOCIATION.
26	2. THERE HAVE BEEN OR WILL BE RECORDED RESTRICTIVE
27	COVENANTS GOVERNING THE USE AND OCCUPANCY OF PROPERTIES IN
28	THIS COMMUNITY.

ASSOCIATION, WHICH ASSESSMENTS ARE SUBJECT TO PERIODIC CHANGE.

3. YOU WILL BE OBLIGATED TO PAY ASSESSMENTS TO THE

- 4. YOUR FAILURE TO PAY THESE ASSESSMENTS COULD RESULT IN A LIEN ON YOUR PROPERTY.
- 5. THERE (IS) (IS NOT) AN OBLIGATION TO PAY RENT OR LAND USE FEES FOR RECREATIONAL OR OTHER COMMONLY USED FACILITIES AS AN OBLIGATION OF MEMBERSHIP IN THE HOMEOWNERS' ASSOCIATION. (If such obligation exists, then the amount of the current obligation shall be set forth.)
- 6. THE RESTRICTIVE COVENANTS (CAN) (CANNOT) BE AMENDED WITHOUT THE APPROVAL OF THE ASSOCIATION MEMBERSHIP.
- 7. THE STATEMENTS CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE FORM ARE ONLY SUMMARY IN NATURE, AND, AS A PROSPECTIVE PURCHASER, YOU SHOULD REFER TO THE COVENANTS AND THE ASSOCIATION GOVERNING DOCUMENTS.
- 8. THESE DOCUMENTS ARE MATTERS OF PUBLIC RECORD AND

 CAN BE OBTAINED FROM THE RECORD OFFICE IN THE COUNTY WHERE THE PROPERTY IS LOCATED.

17 DATE: PURCHASER:

18 PURCHASER:

The disclosure must be supplied by the developer, or by the parcel owner if the sale is by an owner that is not the developer. Any contract or agreement for sale must refer to and incorporate the disclosure summary and must include, in prominent language, a statement that the potential buyer should not execute the contract or agreement until he or she has received and read the disclosure summary required by s. 689.26.

(2) This section does not apply to any association regulated under chapter 718, chapter 719, chapter 721, or chapter 723 or to a subdivider registered under chapter 498; and also does not apply if disclosure regarding the

1	association is otherwise made in connection with the
2	requirements of chapter 718, chapter 719, chapter 721, or
3	chapter 723.
4	Section 7. This act shall take effect October 1, 1998.
5	
6	STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN
7	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR Senate Bill 2068
8	
9 10	Deletes a provision which would require written notice to a homeowner prior to levying any additional penalty, excluding a late fee, for a delinquent assessment.
11	Deletes provisions which would accelerate the timing of transition from developer to owner control for phased
12	communities.
13	Deletes provisions which require that current copies of governing documents be made available to prospective
14	purchasers, and that the association compile all of its updated governing documents at least once every 3 years.
15	Deletes the requirement that homeowners' associations be
16	incorporated under ch. 617.
17	Deletes detailed requirements and funding formulas for an association's reserve and operating accounts. Retains the
18	requirement that an association establish reserve accounts for all expected expenditures associated with maintenance, repairs
19 20	or replacement of common property for which the association will ultimately be responsible.
21	Replaces detailed requirements and procedures for voluntary binding arbitration of disputes with a cross-reference to the
22	procedures established in s. 44.104, F.S.
23	Extends the effective date from July 1 to October 1, 1998.
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	
29	
30	
31	