STORAGE NAME: h3395.ft

DATE: March 9, 1998

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES COMMITTEE ON FINANCE AND TAXATION BILL RESEARCH & ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT

BILL #: HB 3395

RELATING TO: Tax on sales, use, and other transactions

SPONSOR(S): Representative Starks and others

COMPANION BILL(S): SB 936

ORIGINATING COMMITTEE(S)/COMMITTEE(S) OF REFERENCE:

(1) FINANCE AND TÁXATION

(2)

(3)

(4)

(S)

I. SUMMARY:

House Bill 3395 amends the definition of "religious institutions" that are exempt from sales tax to include any nonprofit 501(c)(3) corporation whose primary function is to make and distribute religious audio recordings to blind or visually impaired persons at no charge.

There is a negative fiscal impact of \$.1 million to General Revenue and a negative insignificant impact to local government and the Solid Waste Management Trust Fund.

STORAGE NAME: h3395.ft

DATE: March 9, 1998

PAGE 2

II. SUBSTANTIVE RESEARCH:

A. PRESENT SITUATION:

Chapter 212, F.S., provides for the taxation on certain transactions, as well as, exemptions from the taxes levied in this chapter. Generally, it is the policy of the state to tax the privilege of engaging in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail, renting or furnishing things or services, storing for use or consumption, and leasing or renting tangible personal property. The rate of taxation in Florida is six percent of the sales or use price of each item or article of tangible personal property when sold at retail, computed on each taxable sale or use for the purpose of remitting the amount of tax due the state.

In addition to the state rate of 6 percent, local governments are authorized to levy one or more of six types of Local Discretionary Sales Surtaxes, ranging from up to 0.5 percent to 1.0 percent each.

Section 212.08(7), F.S., establishes a number of miscellaneous sales tax exemptions, including sales and leases to religious, charitable, scientific, educational, and veterans' institutions and organizations. Paragraph (o)2.a., specifically establishes an exemption from the payment of sales tax for "Religious Institutions." "Religious Institutions" are defined as "churches, synagogues, and established physical places for worship at which nonprofit religious services are regularly conducted". "Religious Institutions" also includes:

- nonprofit corporations whose sole purpose is to provide free transportation to church members and their families.
- state, district, or other governing or administrative offices whose functions are to assist or regulate the activities of religious organizations or members.
- nonprofit corporations qualified as nonprofit pursuant to s. 501(c)(3), United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, which owns a Florida television station, at least ninety percent of the programming of which station consist of programs of a religious nature, and the financial support of which, exclusive of receipts for broadcasting from other nonprofit organizations, is predominantly from contributions from the general public.
- nonprofit corporations qualified as nonprofit pursuant to s. 501(c)(3), United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, which provides regular religious services to Florida state prisoners and which from its own established physical place of worship, operates a ministry providing worship and services of a charitable nature to the community on a weekly basis.

Religious, charitable, scientific, and educational institutions must obtain a tax exemption certificate from the Department of Revenue to make tax exempt purchases and enter into tax exempt leases. The exemption certificate must be renewed every five years. According to the Department of Revenue, there were 9,997 total applications in 1997. Of those applications, 2,620 were approved and 7,377 were denied. As of December 31, 1997, there were 19,182 Certificates of Exemption outstanding under the Religious institution category.

STORAGE NAME: h3395.ft

DATE: March 9, 1998

PAGE 3

B. EFFECT OF PROPOSED CHANGES:

The bill amends 212.08(7)(o), F.S., to include in the definition of "religious institutions" any nonprofit 501(c)(3) corporation whose primary function is to make and distribute religious audio recordings to blind or visually impaired persons at no charge.

The bill will take effect on July 1 of the year enacted.

C. APPLICATION OF PRINCIPLES:

- 1. Less Government:
 - a. Does the bill create, increase or reduce, either directly or indirectly:
 - any authority to make rules or adjudicate disputes?

 No.
 - (2) any new responsibilities, obligations or work for other governmental or private organizations or individuals?

No.

(3) any entitlement to a government service or benefit?

No.

- b. If an agency or program is eliminated or reduced:
 - (1) what responsibilities, costs and powers are passed on to another program, agency, level of government, or private entity?

No.

(2) what is the cost of such responsibility at the new level/agency?

N/A

(3) how is the new agency accountable to the people governed?

N/A

STORAGE NAME: h3395.ft **DATE**: March 9, 1998 PAGE 4 2. Lower Taxes:

a.	Does the	bill	increase	anyone's	taxes?
----	----------	------	----------	----------	--------

No.

b. Does the bill require or authorize an increase in any fees?

No.

c. Does the bill reduce total taxes, both rates and revenues?

No.

d. Does the bill reduce total fees, both rates and revenues?

No.

e. Does the bill authorize any fee or tax increase by any local government?

No.

3. Personal Responsibility:

Does the bill reduce or eliminate an entitlement to government services or subsidy?

No.

b. Do the beneficiaries of the legislation directly pay any portion of the cost of implementation and operation?

No.

4. Individual Freedom:

Does the bill increase the allowable options of individuals or private organizations/associations to conduct their own affairs?

No.

b. Does the bill prohibit, or create new government interference with, any presently lawful activity?

No.

STORAGE NAME: h3395.ft **DATE**: March 9, 1998 PAGE 5 5. Family Empowerment: a. If the bill purports to provide services to families or children: (1) Who evaluates the family's needs? N/A (2) Who makes the decisions? N/A (3) Are private alternatives permitted? N/A (4) Are families required to participate in a program? N/A (5) Are families penalized for not participating in a program? N/A b. Does the bill directly affect the legal rights and obligations between family members? No. If the bill creates or changes a program providing services to families or children, in which of the following does the bill vest control of the program, either through direct participation or appointment authority: (1) parents and guardians? N/A (2) service providers? N/A

STORA DATE: PAGE (M		ME : h3395.ft 9, 1998				
			(3) government employees/agencies?				
			N/A				
	D.	STA	ATUTE(S) AFFECTED:				
		212	2.08(7)(o), F.S.				
	E.	SE	CTION-BY-SECTION RESEARCH:				
		N/A	٨.				
III.	FIS	CAL	RESEARCH & ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT) }			
	A.	FIS	CAL IMPACT ON STATE AGENCIES/STATE FUND	DS:			
		1.	Non-recurring Effects:				
			None.				
		2.	Recurring Effects:				
			General Revenue Solid waste Management T.F.	FY 98-99 (.1M) (insig.)	FY 98-99 (.1M) (insig.)		
		3.	Long Run Effects Other Than Normal Growth:				
			None.				
		4.	Total Revenues and Expenditures:				
			Total	<u>FY 98-99</u> (.1M)	FY 98-99 (.1M)		
	B.	FIS	FISCAL IMPACT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AS A WHOLE:				
		1.	Non-recurring Effects:				
			None.				
		2.	Recurring Effects:				
			Negative insignificant.				

STORAGE NAME: h3395.ft
DATE: March 9, 1998
PAGE 7

3. Long Run Effe

3. Long Run Effects Other Than Normal Growth:

None

- C. DIRECT ECONOMIC IMPACT ON PRIVATE SECTOR:
 - 1. Direct Private Sector Costs:

None.

2. Direct Private Sector Benefits:

The bill eliminates the sales tax paid by organizations who make audio recording for distribution to the blind. Currently there is only one organization, Bible Alliance Inc., that meets all of these requirements.

3. Effects on Competition, Private Enterprise and Employment Markets:

None.

D. FISCAL COMMENTS:

N/A

- IV. CONSEQUENCES OF ARTICLE VII, SECTION 18 OF THE FLORIDA CONSTITUTION:
 - A. APPLICABILITY OF THE MANDATES PROVISION:

None.

B. REDUCTION OF REVENUE RAISING AUTHORITY:

None.

C. REDUCTION OF STATE TAX SHARED WITH COUNTIES AND MUNICIPALITIES:

None.

V. <u>COMMENTS</u>:

N/A

STORA DATE: PAGE 8	•					
VI.	AMENDMENTS OR COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE CHANGES:					
	N/A					
VII.	SIGNATURES:					
	COMMITTEE ON FINANCE AND TAXATION: Prepared by:	Legislative Research Director:				
	George T. Levesque	Keith G. Baker, Ph.D.				