33-246A-98

A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to juveniles; amending s. 985.215, F.S.; requiring arraignment of a 3 4 juvenile ordered into or held in secure, nonsecure, or home detention care within a 5 6 specified time; amending s. 985.228, F.S., to 7 conform; providing an effective date. 8 9 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 10 11 Section 1. Subsection (5) of section 985.215, Florida 12 Statutes, is amended to read: 985.215 Detention.--13 (5)(a) A child may not be placed into or held in 14 secure, nonsecure, or home detention care for longer than 24 15 16 hours unless the court orders such detention care, and the order includes specific instructions that direct the release 17 of the child from such detention care, in accordance with 18 19 subsection (2). The order shall be a final order, reviewable by appeal pursuant to s. 985.234 and the Florida Rules of 20 21 Appellate Procedure. Appeals of such orders shall take 22 precedence over other appeals and other pending matters. 23 (b) If a child is ordered to be placed into or held in secure, nonsecure, or home detention care, the court shall 24 25 hold an arraignment on the charges that are the basis for the 26 detention within 48 hours after the detention order. The judge 27 may extend the time within which an arraignment must be held 28 for a period of up to 72 hours for good cause shown. The 29 adjudicatory hearing shall commence pursuant to paragraph (c). 30 (c) (b) A child may not be held in secure, nonsecure, or home detention care under a special detention order for

more than 21 days unless an adjudicatory hearing for the case has been commenced by the court.

 $\underline{(d)}(c)$ A child may not be held in secure, nonsecure, or home detention care for more than 15 days following the entry of an order of adjudication.

(e)(d) The time limits in paragraphs(b) and (c) and (d)do not include periods of delay resulting from a continuance granted by the court for cause on motion of the child or his or her counsel or of the state. Upon the issuance of an order granting a continuance for cause on a motion by either the child, the child's counsel, or the state, the court shall conduct a hearing at the end of each 72-hour period, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, to determine the need for continued detention of the child and the need for further continuance of proceedings for the child or the state.

Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 985.228, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

985.228 Adjudicatory hearings; withheld adjudications; orders of adjudication.--

(1) The adjudicatory hearing must be held as soon as practicable after the petition alleging that a child has committed a delinquent act or violation of law is filed and in accordance with the Florida Rules of Juvenile Procedure; but reasonable delay for the purpose of investigation, discovery, or procuring counsel or witnesses shall be granted. If the child is being detained, the time limitations provided for in s. 985.215(5)(c) and (d)s. 985.215(5)(b) and (c)apply.

Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 1998.

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2	SENATE SUMMARY
3	Requires an arraignment to be held within 48 hours for a
4	Requires an arraignment to be held within 48 hours for a juvenile who is ordered to be placed into or to be held in secure, nonsecure, or home detention care unless the judge, for good cause, extends that time for up to an additional 72 hours.
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