By Senator Horne

6-101C-98

A bill to be entitled
An act providing for the relief of Carrie A.
Wilson; providing an appropriation to reimburse
Carrie A. Wilson, a minor, and her mother,
Barbara Britt, for injuries sustained by Carrie
A. Wilson as a result of the negligence of the
Duval County School Board; providing an
effective date.

WHEREAS, on January 6, 1992, Carrie A. Wilson was a 14-year-old student at DuPont Junior High School in Jacksonville, Florida, and

WHEREAS, at that time, Carrie was a bright, vivacious member of the cheerleading squad, and

WHEREAS, on the morning of the first day back from the Christmas break, when Carrie was on her way out an exterior door to the science lab, with her arms full of books, she happened to notice that a friend of hers was coming in the door, so she stuck her foot up to stop the door, and

WHEREAS, Carrie's foot went through a pane of glass that had been placed in the right-hand corner of the door, which pane consisted of ordinary glass that an employee of the school board had placed in the door, rather than installing the safety glass that state law requires, and

WHEREAS, a lawsuit was brought in this matter, and, during trial, it was proven that the school board had violated chapter 682 of the Florida Administrative Code, which provides that all indoor glass must be 1/4-inch safety glass or tempered glass, and

WHEREAS, the excuse offered at trial was that, during the Christmas break, someone had broken a window and that,

since it was the policy of the school board not to give keys to its employees, they had to use whatever was on the truck, and

WHEREAS, it was also proven that the employees knew that they had used the wrong glass and that they had failed to take any corrective action before the students returned to school after a 17-day Christmas break, even though the internal rules and regulations of the school board required them to make permanent repairs so as not to endanger the students, and

WHEREAS, Carrie's injuries were catastrophic, in that she severed both the main nerve and the artery in her leg; her sciatic nerve was damaged; her foot has shrunk; her toes have curled; she has had numerous complications due to infection; and, on more than one occasion, physicians have recommended to her mother, Barbara Britt, the removal of her daughter's leg in order to expedite healing, and

WHEREAS, Carrie received excellent care in Jacksonville, and there was testimony from physicians at Nemours Childrens Hospital, as well as the Mayo Clinic and University of Florida program at University Hospital, with regard to the extent of her injuries, and

WHEREAS, Carrie's medical bills were well over \$100,000, and were unpaid because Barbara Britt's employer had allowed the group coverage to lapse, and Ms. Britt has been hounded for the past 4 years with regard to these medical payments, and

WHEREAS, this matter was vigorously contested, and a jury trial was held in August 1995, and

1 WHEREAS, on August 29, 1995, a jury returned a verdict 2 in the amount of \$2,500,000 in favor of Barbara Britt and her 3 daughter, Carrie A. Wilson, and 4 WHEREAS, in subsequent court hearings, the jury verdict 5 was reduced to \$1,885,657, and 6 WHEREAS, the Duval County School Board appealed the jury's award on both liability and damages, and, in February 7 1997, the First District Court of Appeals affirmed the jury 9 award on all issues, and 10 WHEREAS, the Duval County School Board has paid 11 \$200,000 pursuant to section 768.28, Florida Statutes, Florida's sovereign immunity statute, NOW, THEREFORE, 12 13 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 14 15 Section 1. The facts stated in the preamble to this 16 17 act are found and declared to be true. Section 2. The Duval County School Board is authorized 18 19 and directed to appropriate and to draw in favor of Carrie A. 20 Wilson, a minor, and her mother, Barbara Britt, a warrant in the amount of \$1,685,657 to compensate them for injuries 21 22 sustained by Carrie A. Wilson due to the negligence of the 23 school board. 24 Section 3. This act shall take effect upon becoming a 25 law. 26 27 28 29 30 31