1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to conservation of plants and
3	animals; amending s. 370.0605, F.S.; deleting
4	the \$10 for 10 days saltwater fishing license;
5	amending s. 372.57, F.S.; providing for a
6	recreational user permit fee to hunt, fish, or
7	otherwise use for outdoor recreational
8	purposes, land leased by Game and Fresh Water
9	Fish Commission from private nongovernmental
10	owners; providing for the sale of specified
11	lands by the Board of Trustees of the Internal
12	Improvement Trust Fund; clarifying provisions
13	with respect to special use permits; increasing
14	to age 64 or older the age to obtain a
15	permanent hunting or fishing license for a
16	certain fee; revising provisions with respect
17	to a lifetime sportsman's license and a
18	lifetime freshwater fishing license; revising
19	provisions with respect to 5-year licenses;
20	reducing a 5-year hunting license fee; amending
21	s. 372.672, F.S.; providing an additional use
22	for funds in the Florida Panther Research and
23	Management Trust Fund; amending s. 372.674,
24	F.S.; providing reference to the Florida
25	Panther Research and Management Trust Fund with
26	respect to environmental education; amending
27	ss. 372.921, 372.922, F.S.; providing for
28	payment of expenses relative to wildlife seized
29	or taken by the Game and Freshwater Fish
30	Commission; amending s. 253.72, F.S.;
31	establishing wild harvest setbacks from

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1	shellfish leases; amending s. 370.027, F.S.;
2	providing an exception to rulemaking authority
3	of the Marine Fisheries Commission with respect
4	to specified marine life; providing that marine
5	aquaculture producers shall be regulated by the
6	Department of Agriculture and Consumer
7	Services; amending s. 370.06, F.S.; revising
8	provisions relating to issuance and renewal of
9	saltwater products licenses and special
10	activity licenses; authorizing issuance of
11	special activity licenses for the use of
12	special gear or equipment, the importation and
13	possession of sturgeon, and the harvest of
14	certain shellfish; authorizing permit
15	consolidation procedures; amending s. 370.081,
16	F.S.; revising provisions relating to the
17	importation of nonindigenous marine plants and
18	animals; amending s. 370.10, F.S.; authorizing
19	the harvesting or possession of saltwater
20	species for experimental, scientific,
21	education, and exhibition purposes; amending s.
22	370.16, F.S.; establishing wild harvest
23	setbacks from shellfish leases; amending s.
24	370.26, F.S.; relating to aquaculture
25	definitions; defining the term "marine product
26	facility" and revising definition of the term
27	"marine aquaculture product"; deleting
28	requirements of an Aquaculture Section in the
29	Department of Environmental Protection;
30	providing duties of the Department of
31	Agriculture and Consumer Services; authorizing
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1	delegation of regulatory authority for certain
2	aquaculture facilities; amending s. 372.0225,
3	F.S.; revising responsibilities of the Division
4	of Fisheries of the Game and Fresh Water Fish
5	Commission relating to freshwater organisms;
6	amending s. 372.65, F.S.; authorizing exemption
7	for freshwater fish dealer's license; amending
8	s. 372.6672, F.S.; removing obsolete language
9	relating to state-sanctioned sales of alligator
10	hides; amending s. 372.6673, F.S.; providing
11	for a portion of the fees assessed for
12	alligator egg collection permits to be
13	transferred to the General Inspection Trust
14	Fund to be used for certain purposes; amending
15	s. 372.6674, F.S.; providing for a portion of
16	the fees assessed for alligator hide validation
17	tags to be transferred to the General
18	Inspection Trust Fund to be used for certain
19	purposes; amending s. 373.046, F.S.; clarifying
20	jurisdiction over aquaculture activities;
21	amending s. 373.406, F.S.; providing exemption
22	for management and storage of surface water;
23	amending s. 403.0885, F.S.; providing
24	exemptions from the state National Pollutant
25	Discharge Elimination System program; amending
26	s. 403.814, F.S.; revising and clarifying
27	provisions relating to aquaculture general
28	permits; amending s. 597.002, F.S.; clarifying
29	jurisdiction over aquaculture activities;
30	amending s. 597.003, F.S.; expanding the powers
31	and duties of the Department of Agriculture and
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1 Consumer Services relating to regulation of 2 aquaculture; amending s. 597.004, F.S.; 3 revising provisions relating to aquaculture 4 certificate of registration; providing for 5 shellfish and nonshellfish certification; 6 providing for rules, waiver of liability, 7 compliance, and reports; amending s. 597.005, F.S.; providing for a list of prioritized 8 9 research needs; providing an effective date. 10 11 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 12 13 Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 14 370.0605, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 370.0605 Saltwater fishing license required; fees.--15 (2) Saltwater fishing license fees are as follows: 16 17 (a)1. For a resident of the state, $\frac{10}{10}$ for a $\frac{10}{10}$ day license and \$12 for a 1-year license. 18 19 2. For a resident of the state, \$60 for 5 consecutive 20 years from the date of purchase. 21 3. For a nonresident of the state, \$5 for a 3-day license, \$15 for a 7-day license, and \$30 for a 1-year 22 23 license. For purposes of this section, "resident" has the 24 4. same meaning as that found in s. 372.001. 25 26 Section 2. Paragraphs (b) and (f) of subsection (4) of 27 section 372.57, Florida Statutes, are amended, paragraph (g) is added to said subsection, and subsection (7), paragraphs 28 29 (c) and (d) of subsection (8), and subsections (9), (11), and 30 (14) of that section are amended, to read: 31 4

372.57 Licenses and permits; exemptions; fees.--No 1 2 person, except as provided herein, shall take game, freshwater 3 fish, or fur-bearing animals within this state without having 4 first obtained a license, permit, or authorization and paid 5 the fees hereinafter set forth, unless such license is issued without fee as provided in s. 372.561. Such license, permit, 6 7 or authorization shall authorize the person to whom it is 8 issued to take game, freshwater fish, or fur-bearing animals 9 in accordance with law and commission rules. Such license, permit, or authorization is not transferable. Each license or 10 permit must bear on its face in indelible ink the name of the 11 12 person to whom it is issued and other information requested by the commission. Such license, permit, or authorization issued 13 14 by the commission or any agent must be in the personal 15 possession of the person to whom issued while taking game, freshwater fish, or fur-bearing animals. The failure of such 16 17 person to exhibit such license, permit, or authorization to the commission or its wildlife officers, when such person is 18 19 found taking game, freshwater fish, or fur-bearing animals, is a violation of law. A positive form of identification is 20 required when using an authorization, a lifetime license, a 21 22 5-year license, or when otherwise required by the license or 23 permit. The lifetime licenses and 5-year licenses provided herein shall be embossed with the name, date of birth, the 24 date of issuance, and other pertinent information as deemed 25 26 necessary by the commission. A certified copy of the 27 applicant's birth certificate shall accompany all applications for a lifetime license for residents 12 years of age and 28 29 younger. (4) In addition to any license required by this 30 chapter, the following permits and fees for certain hunting, 31

1 fishing, and recreational uses, and the activities authorized 2 thereby, are:

3 (b)1. Management area permits to hunt, fish, or 4 otherwise use for outdoor recreational purposes, land owned, 5 leased, or managed by the commission or the State of Florida 6 for the use and benefit of the commission, up to \$25 annually. 7 Permits, and fees thereof, for short-term use of land which is owned, leased, or managed by the commission may be established 8 9 by rule of the commission for any activity on such lands. Such permits and fees may be in lieu of or in addition to the 10 annual management area permit. Other than for hunting or 11 12 fishing, the provisions of this paragraph shall not apply on any lands not owned by the commission, unless the commission 13 14 shall have obtained the written consent of the owner or primary custodian of such lands. 15

2. A recreational user permit fee to hunt, fish, or 16 17 otherwise use for outdoor recreational purposes, land leased by the commission from private nongovernmental owners, except 18 19 for those lands located directly north of the Apalachicola 20 National Forest, east of the Ochlockonee River until the point the river meets the dam forming Lake Talquin, and south of the 21 closest federal highway. The fee for this permit shall be 22 23 based upon economic compensation desired by the landowner, game population levels, desired hunter density, and 24 administrative costs. The permit fee shall be set by 25 26 commission rule on a per-acre basis. On property currently in 27 the private landowner payment program, the prior year's landowner payment shall be used to augment the landowner lease 28 29 fee so as to decrease the permit fee for the users of that property. The spouse and dependent children of a permittee are 30 exempt from the permit fee when engaged in outdoor 31 6

recreational activities other than hunting in the company of 1 2 the permittee. Notwithstanding any other provision of this 3 chapter, there are no other exclusions, exceptions, or 4 exemptions from this permit fee. The landowner lease fee, less 5 an administrative permit fee of up to \$25 per permit, shall be 6 remitted to the landowner as provided in the lease agreement 7 for each area. 8 (f) A special use permit for limited entry hunting or 9 fishing, where such hunting or fishing is authorized by commission rule, shall be up to \$100 per day but shall not 10 exceed \$250 per week. Notwithstanding any other provision of 11 12 this chapter, there are no exclusions, exceptions, or exemptions from this fee. In addition to the fee, the 13 14 commission may charge each applicant for a special use permit a nonrefundable application fee of up to \$10. 15 The fee for a permanent hunting and fishing 16 (q) 17 license for a resident 64 years of age or older is \$12. 18 (7) A resident lifetime sportsman's license authorizes 19 the holder to engage in the following noncommercial 20 activities: 21 (a) To take or attempt to take or possess freshwater fish, marine fish, and game, consistent with state and federal 22 regulations and rules of the commission and the Department of 23 Environmental Protection in effect at the time of taking. 24 (b) All activities authorized by a management area 25 26 permit, a muzzle-loading gun permit, a turkey permit, an 27 archery permit, a Florida waterfowl permit, a snook permit, and a crawfish permit. 28 29 (c) All activities for which an additional license, permit, or fee may be required to take or attempt to take or 30 possess freshwater fish, marine fish, and game, imposed 31 7 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

subsequent to the date of purchase of the resident lifetime 1 sportsman's license. 2 3 The fee for a resident lifetime sportsman's (8) license is: 4 5 13 13-63 years of age or older.....\$1,000 (C) 6 7 (9) A resident lifetime hunting license authorizes the 8 holder to engage in the following noncommercial activities: 9 (a) To take or attempt to take or possess game consistent with state and federal regulations and rules of the 10 commission in effect at the time of taking. 11 12 (b) All activities authorized by a management area 13 permit, excluding fishing, a muzzle-loading gun permit, a 14 turkey permit, an archery permit, and a Florida waterfowl 15 permit. (c) All activities for which an additional license, 16 17 permit, or fee may be required to take or attempt to take or possess game, imposed subsequent to the date of purchase of 18 19 the resident lifetime hunting license. (11) A resident lifetime freshwater fishing license 20 21 authorizes the holder to engage in the following noncommercial 22 activities: 23 (a) To take or attempt to take or possess freshwater fish consistent with state and federal regulations and rules 24 of the commission in effect at the time of taking. 25 26 (b) All activities authorized by a management area 27 permit, excluding hunting. 28 (c) All activities for which an additional license, 29 permit, or fee may be required to take or attempt to take or possess freshwater fish, imposed subsequent to the date of 30 purchase of the resident lifetime freshwater fishing license. 31 8 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1 (14) The following 5-year licenses are authorized: 2 (a) A 5-year freshwater fishing license for a resident 3 to take or attempt to take or possess freshwater fish in this 4 state for 5 consecutive years is \$60 and authorizes the holder 5 to engage in the following noncommercial activities: 1. to take or attempt to take or possess freshwater 6 7 fish consistent with state and federal regulations and rules of the commission in effect at the time of taking. 8 9 2. All activities authorized by a management area 10 permit, excluding hunting. 3. All activities for which an additional license, 11 12 permit, or fee is required to take or attempt to take or possess freshwater fish, imposed subsequent to the date of 13 14 purchase of the 5-year resident freshwater fishing license until the date of expiration. 15 16 (b) A 5-year hunting license for a resident to take or 17 attempt to take or possess game in this state for 5 consecutive years is\$55\$270 and authorizes the holder to 18 19 engage in the following noncommercial activities: 20 1. to take or attempt to take or possess game 21 consistent with state and federal regulations and rules of the 22 commission in effect at the time of taking. 23 2. All activities authorized by a management area permit, excluding fishing, a muzzle-loading gun permit, a 24 25 turkey permit, an archery permit, and a Florida waterfowl 26 permit. 3. All activities for which an additional license, 27 28 permit, or fee may be required to take or attempt to take or 29 possess game, imposed subsequent to the date of purchase of 30 the 5-year resident hunting license until the date of expiration. 31 9

Section 3. Paragraph (d) is added to subsection (2) of 1 section 372.672, Florida Statutes, to read: 2 3 372.672 Florida Panther Research and Management Trust 4 Fund.--5 (2) Money from the fund shall be spent only for the 6 following purposes: 7 (d) To fund and administer education programs 8 authorized in s. 372.674. 9 Section 4. Paragraphs (b), (d), and (e) of subsection (6) and subsection (7) of section 372.674, Florida Statutes, 10 11 are amended to read: 372.674 Environmental education.--12 (6) The advisory council shall: 13 14 (b) Develop a recommended priority list for projects 15 to be funded through the Florida Panther Research and 16 Management Trust Fund and the Save the Manatee Trust Fund and 17 review and evaluate projects implemented through the fund. 18 (d) Cooperate with the Department of Education in 19 evaluating annual project proposals for projects to be funded 20 through the Florida Panther Research and Management Trust Fund 21 and the Save the Manatee Trust Fund to develop and distribute 22 model instructional materials for use in environmental education to integrate environmental education into the 23 general curriculum of public school districts, community 24 25 colleges, and universities. 26 (e) Cooperate with the Department of Environmental 27 Protection in evaluating annual proposals for projects to be 28 funded through the Florida Panther Research and Management 29 Trust Fund and the Save the Manatee Trust Fund that can promote an understanding about environmental protection 30 programs and activities administered by the department. 31 10

(7) The Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission shall 1 2 review the recommended list of projects to be funded from the 3 Florida Panther Research and Management Trust Fund and the 4 Save the Manatee Trust Fund by August of each year and make a 5 final determination of projects to receive grants from 6 available appropriations by the Legislature. The commission 7 shall act upon the recommended list within 45 days after 8 receipt of the list. 9 Section 5. Subsections (5), (6), (7), and (8) of section 372.921, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as 10 subsections (6), (7), (8), and (9), respectively, and a new 11 subsection (5) is added to said section to read: 12 372.921 Exhibition of wildlife.--13 14 (5) In instances where wildlife is seized or taken 15 into custody by the commission, said owner or possessor of 16 such wildlife shall be responsible for payment of all expenses 17 relative to the capture, transport, boarding, veterinary care, or other costs associated with or incurred due to seizure or 18 19 custody of wildlife. Such expenses shall be paid by said owner 20 or possessor upon any conviction or finding of guilt of a 21 criminal or noncriminal violation, regardless of adjudication or plea entered, of any provision of chapter 372 or chapter 22 23 828, or rule of the commission or if such violation is disposed of under s. 921.187. Failure to pay such expense may 24 be grounds for revocation or denial of permits to such 25 26 individual to possess wildlife. Section 6. Subsections (4), (5), and (6) of section 27 372.922, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (5), 28 29 (6), and (7), respectively, and a new subsection (4) is added to said section to read: 30 372.922 Personal possession of wildlife.--31 11 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1	(4) In instances where wildlife is seized or taken
2	into custody by the commission, said owner or possessor of
3	such wildlife shall be responsible for payment of all expenses
4	relative to the capture, transport, boarding, veterinary care,
5	or other costs associated with or incurred due to seizure or
6	custody of wildlife. Such expenses shall be paid by said owner
7	or possessor upon any conviction or finding of guilt of a
8	criminal or noncriminal violation, regardless of adjudication
9	or plea entered, of any provision of chapter 372 or chapter
10	828, or rule of the commission or if such violation is
11	disposed of under s. 921.187. Failure to pay such expense may
12	be grounds for revocation or denial of permits to such
13	individual to possess wildlife.
14	Section 7. Notwithstanding any other legislation
15	passed and either signed by the Governor or allowed to become
16	law without signature to the contrary, the Legislature intends
17	that this bill be its full and total intent, regardless of
18	when it is presented to the Secretary of State.
19	Section 8. Subsection (3) is added to section 253.72,
20	Florida Statutes, to read:
21	253.72 Marking of leased areas; restrictions on public
22	use
23	(3) To assist in protecting shellfish aquaculture
24	products produced on leases authorized pursuant to this
25	chapter and chapter 370, harvesting shellfish is prohibited
26	within a distance of 25 feet outside lawfully marked lease
27	boundaries or within setback and access corridors within
28	specifically designated high-density aquaculture lease areas
29	and aquaculture use zones.
30	Section 9. Subsections (1) , (2) , and (4) of section
31	370.027, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
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370.027 Rulemaking authority with respect to marine 1 2 life.--3 (1) Pursuant to the policy and standards in s. 4 370.025, the Marine Fisheries Commission is delegated full 5 rulemaking authority over marine life, with the exception of 6 marine aquaculture products produced by an individual 7 certified under s. 597.004 and endangered species, subject to 8 final approval by the Governor and Cabinet sitting as the 9 Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund, in the areas of concern herein specified. The commission is 10 instructed to make recommendations annually to the Governor 11 12 and Cabinet regarding the marine fisheries research priorities and funding of the Department of Environmental Protection. All 13 14 administrative and enforcement responsibilities which are 15 unaffected by the specific provisions of this act continue to be the responsibility of the Department of Environmental 16 17 Protection. The authority to regulate fishing gear in residential, manmade saltwater canals is specifically not 18 19 delegated to the commission and is retained by the 20 Legislature. 21 (2) Exclusive rulemaking authority in the following 22 areas relating to marine life, with the exception of marine 23 aquaculture products produced by individuals certified under s. 597.004 and endangered species, is vested in the 24 commission; any conflicting authority of any division or 25 26 bureau of the department or any other agency of state government is withdrawn as of the effective date of the rule 27 proposed by the commission and approved by the Governor and 28 29 Cabinet, and the inconsistent rule, or the inconsistent part thereof, is superseded to the extent of the inconsistency: 30 (a) Gear specifications; 31 13

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(b) Prohibited gear; 1 2 (c) Bag limits; (d) Size limits; 3 4 (e) Species that may not be sold; 5 (f) Protected species; 6 (g) Closed areas, except for public health purposes; 7 Quality control, except for oysters, clams, (h) 8 mussels, and crabs, unless such authority is delegated to the 9 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; (i) Seasons; and 10 (j) Special considerations relating to eggbearing 11 12 females. 13 (4) Marine aquaculture producers shall be regulated by 14 the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.Marine 15 aquaculture products produced by a marine aquaculture 16 producer, certified pursuant to s. 597.004, are exempt from 17 Marine Fisheries Commission resource management rules, with 18 the exception of such rules governing any fish of or the genus 19 Centropomus (snook), the genus Sciaenops (red drum), or the 20 genus Cynoscion (spotted sea trout). Marine Fisheries 21 Commission rules relating to the aquacultural production of 22 red drum and spotted sea trout must be developed and adopted 23 by the commission no later than 1 year from October 1, 1996. Section 10. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) and 24 25 subsection (4) of section 370.06, Florida Statutes, are 26 amended to read: 370.06 Licenses.--27 28 (2) SALTWATER PRODUCTS LICENSE. --29 (a) Every person, firm, or corporation that sells, 30 offers for sale, barters, or exchanges for merchandise any saltwater products, or which harvests saltwater products with 31 14 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

certain gear or equipment as specified by law, must have a 1 valid saltwater products license, except that the holder of an 2 aquaculture certificate under s. 597.004 is not required to 3 4 purchase and possess a saltwater products license in order to 5 possess, transport, or sell marine aquaculture products. Each saltwater products license allows the holder to engage in any б 7 of the activities for which the license is required. The license must be in the possession of the licenseholder or 8 9 aboard the vessel and shall be subject to inspection at any time that harvesting activities for which a license is 10 required are being conducted. A restricted species endorsement 11 12 on the saltwater products license is required to sell to a licensed wholesale dealer those species which the state, by 13 14 law or rule, has designated as "restricted species." This 15 endorsement may be issued only to a person who is at least 16 16 years of age, or to a firm certifying that over 25 percent of 17 its income or \$5,000 of its income, whichever is less, is attributable to the sale of saltwater products pursuant to a 18 19 license issued under this paragraph or a similar license from another state. This endorsement may also be issued to a 20 for-profit corporation if it certifies that at least \$5,000 of 21 its income is attributable to the sale of saltwater products 22 pursuant to a license issued under this paragraph or a similar 23 license from another state. However, if at least 50 percent of 24 the annual income of a person, firm, or for-profit corporation 25 26 is derived from charter fishing, the person, firm, or 27 for-profit corporation must certify that at least \$2,500 of the income of the person, firm, or corporation is attributable 28 29 to the sale of saltwater products pursuant to a license issued under this paragraph or a similar license from another state, 30 in order to be issued the endorsement. Such income attribution 31

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must apply to at least 1 year out of the last 3 years. For the 1 purpose of this section "income" means that income which is 2 attributable to work, employment, entrepreneurship, pensions, 3 4 retirement benefits, and social security benefits. To renew an 5 existing restricted species endorsement, marine aquaculture producers possessing a valid saltwater products license with a б 7 restricted species endorsement may apply income from the sale 8 of marine aquaculture products to licensed wholesale dealers. 9 The department is authorized to require 1. verification of such income. Acceptable proof of income earned 10 from the sale of saltwater products shall be: 11 12 a. Copies of trip ticket records generated pursuant to 13 this subsection (marine fisheries information system), 14 documenting qualifying sale of saltwater products; 15 Copies of sales records from locales other than b. 16 Florida documenting qualifying sale of saltwater products; 17 c. A copy of the applicable federal income tax return, including Form 1099 attachments, verifying income earned from 18 19 the sale of saltwater products; 20 d. Crew share statements verifying income earned from the sale of saltwater products; or 21 22 e. A certified public accountant's notarized statement 23 attesting to qualifying source and amount of income. 24 Any provision of this section or any other section of the 25 26 Florida Statutes to the contrary notwithstanding, any person who owns a retail seafood market and/or restaurant at a fixed 27 location for at least 3 years who has had an occupational 28 license for 3 years prior to January 1, 1990, who harvests 29 saltwater products to supply his or her retail store and has 30 had a saltwater products license for 1 of the past 3 years 31 16

1 prior to January 1, 1990, may provide proof of his or her 2 verification of income and sales value at the person's retail 3 seafood market and/or restaurant and in his or her saltwater 4 products enterprise by affidavit and shall thereupon be issued 5 a restricted species endorsement.

6 2. Exceptions from income requirements shall be as 7 follows:

8 a. A permanent restricted species endorsement shall be 9 available to those persons age 62 and older who have qualified 10 for such endorsement for at least 3 out of the last 5 years.

b. Active military duty time shall be excluded from
consideration of time necessary to qualify and shall not be
counted against the applicant for purposes of qualifying.

14 c. Upon the sale of a used commercial fishing vessel 15 owned by a person, firm, or corporation possessing or eligible 16 for a restricted species endorsement, the purchaser of such 17 vessel shall be exempted from the qualifying income 18 requirement for the purpose of obtaining a restricted species 19 endorsement for a period of 1 year after purchase of the 20 vessel.

d. Upon the death or permanent disablement of a person
possessing a restricted species endorsement, an immediate
family member wishing to carry on the fishing operation shall
be exempted from the qualifying income requirement for the
purpose of obtaining a restricted species endorsement for a
period of 1 year after the death or disablement.

e. A restricted species endorsement may be issued on
an individual saltwater products license to a person age 62 or
older who documents that at least \$2,500 is attributable to
the sale of saltwater products pursuant to the provisions of
this paragraph.

f. A permanent restricted species endorsement may also 1 2 be issued on an individual saltwater products license to a 3 person age 70 or older who has held a saltwater products 4 license for at least 3 of the last 5 license years. 5 6 At least one saltwater products license bearing a restricted 7 species endorsement shall be aboard any vessel harvesting 8 restricted species in excess of any bag limit or when fishing 9 under a commercial quota or in commercial quantities, and such vessel shall have a commercial vessel registration. This 10 subsection does not apply to any person, firm, or corporation 11 12 licensed under s. 370.07(1)(a)1. or (b) for activities pursuant to such licenses. A saltwater products license may be 13 14 issued in the name of an individual or a valid boat registration number. Such license is not transferable. A decal 15 shall be issued with each saltwater products license issued to 16 17 a valid boat registration number. The saltwater products license decal shall be the same color as the vessel 18 19 registration decal issued each year pursuant to s. 327.11(5)(7) and shall indicate the period of time such 20 license is valid. The saltwater products license decal shall 21 be placed beside the vessel registration decal and, in the 22 case of an undocumented vessel, shall be placed so that the 23 vessel registration decal lies between the vessel registration 24 number and the saltwater products license decal. Any saltwater 25 26 products license decal for a previous year shall be removed 27 from a vessel operating on the waters of the state. A resident shall pay an annual license fee of \$50 for a saltwater 28 29 products license issued in the name of an individual or \$100 for a saltwater products license issued to a valid boat 30 registration number. A nonresident shall pay an annual license 31

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fee of \$200 for a saltwater products license issued in the 1 name of an individual or \$400 for a saltwater products license 2 3 issued to a valid boat registration number. An alien shall pay 4 an annual license fee of \$300 for a saltwater products license 5 issued in the name of an individual or \$600 for a saltwater products license issued to a valid boat registration number. б 7 Any person who sells saltwater products pursuant to this 8 license may sell only to a licensed wholesale dealer. A 9 saltwater products license must be presented to the licensed wholesale dealer each time saltwater products are sold, and an 10 imprint made thereof. The wholesale dealer shall keep records 11 12 of each transaction in such detail as may be required by rule of the Department of Environmental Protection not in conflict 13 14 with s. 370.07(6), and shall provide the holder of the 15 saltwater products license with a copy of the record. It is unlawful for any licensed wholesale dealer to buy saltwater 16 17 products from any unlicensed person under the provisions of this section, except that a licensed wholesale dealer may buy 18 19 from another licensed wholesale dealer. It is unlawful for any licensed wholesale dealer to buy saltwater products designated 20 as "restricted species" from any person, firm, or corporation 21 22 not possessing a restricted species endorsement on his or her 23 saltwater products license under the provisions of this section, except that a licensed wholesale dealer may buy from 24 another licensed wholesale dealer. The Department of 25 26 Environmental Protection shall be the licensing agency, may 27 contract with private persons or entities to implement aspects of the licensing program, and shall establish by rule a marine 28 29 fisheries information system in conjunction with the licensing program to gather fisheries data. 30 (4) SPECIAL ACTIVITY LICENSES.--31

(a) A special activity license is required for any 1 2 person to use gear or equipment not authorized in this chapter 3 or rule of the Marine Fisheries Commission for harvesting 4 saltwater species. In accordance with this chapter, s. 16, 5 Art. X of the State Constitution, and rules of the Marine 6 Fisheries Commission, the department may issue special 7 activity licenses for the use of nonconforming gear or 8 equipment, including, but not limited to, trawls, seines and 9 entangling nets, traps, and hook and line gear, to be used in harvesting saltwater species for scientific and governmental 10 purposes, and where allowable, for innovative fisheries. The 11 12 department may prescribe by rule application requirements and terms, conditions, and restrictions to be incorporated into 13 14 each special activity license. This subsection does not apply 15 to gear or equipment used by certified marine aquaculturists to harvest marine aquaculture products. Any person who seeks 16 17 to use special gear or equipment in harvesting saltwater species must purchase a special activity license as specified 18 19 by law to engage in such activities. The department may issue special activity licenses, in accordance with s. 370.071, to 20 permit the cultivation of oysters, clams, mussels, and crabs 21 22 when such aquaculture activities relate to quality control, 23 sanitation, and public health regulations. The department may 24 prescribe by rule special terms, conditions, and restrictions 25 for any special activity license. 26 (b) The department is authorized to issue special activity licenses in accordance with this section and s. 27 28 370.31, to permit the importation, possession, and aquaculture 29 of anadromous sturgeon. The special activity license shall provide for specific best management practices to prevent the 30 release and escape of cultured anadromous sturgeon and to 31

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protect indigenous populations of saltwater species from 1 sturgeon-borne disease. 2 (c) The department is authorized to issue special 3 4 activity licenses, in accordance with s. 370.071, to permit 5 the harvest or cultivation of oysters, clams, mussels, and 6 crabs when such activities relate to quality control, 7 sanitation, public health regulations, innovative technologies 8 for aquaculture activities, or the protection of shellfish 9 resources provided in this chapter, unless such authority is delegated to the Department of Agriculture and Consumer 10 Services, pursuant to a memorandum of understanding. 11 12 (d) The conditions and specific management practices established in this section may be incorporated into permits 13 14 and authorizations issued pursuant to chapter 253, chapter 15 370, chapter 373, or chapter 403, when incorporating such 16 provisions is in accordance with the aquaculture permit 17 consolidation procedures. No separate issuance of a special activity license is required when conditions and specific 18 19 management practices are incorporated into permits or 20 authorizations under this paragraph. Implementation of this 21 section to consolidate permitting actions does not constitute rules within the meaning of s. 120.52. 22 23 Section 11. Subsections (1), (2), and (5) of section 370.081, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 24 25 370.081 Illegal importation or possession of 26 nonindigenous marine plants and animals; rules and regulations. --27 28 (1) It is unlawful to import or possess any marine 29 plant or marine animal, not indigenous to the state, which, due to the stimulating effect of the waters of the state on 30 procreation, may endanger or infect the marine resources of 31 21

the state or pose a human health hazard, except as provided in 1 2 this section $\frac{1}{2}$. 3 (2) Marine animals not to be imported shall include, 4 but are not limited to, all species of the following: 5 (a) Sea snakes (Family Hydrophiidae), except as 6 provided in subsection (4); 7 (b) Rabbitfishes (Family Siganidae); 8 (b)(c) Weeverfishes (Family Trachinidae); and 9 (c)(d) Stonefishes (Genus Synanceja). (5) It is unlawful to release into the waters of the 10 state any nonindigenous saltwater species marine plant or 11 marine animal whether or not included in subsection (2) or 12 prohibited by rules and regulations adopted pursuant to 13 14 subsection (3) or authorized by subsection (4). Section 12. Subsection (2) of section 370.10, Florida 15 Statutes, is amended to read: 16 17 370.10 Crustacea, marine animals, fish; regulations; 18 general provisions .--19 (2) TAKING SALTWATER SPECIES ANIMALS FOR EXPERIMENTAL, 20 SCIENTIFIC, EDUCATION, AND EXHIBITION EXHIBITIONAL 21 PURPOSES .-- Notwithstanding any other provisions of general or 22 special law to the contrary, the department may authorize 23 issue permits, upon such terms, conditions, and restrictions as it may prescribe by rule, to any properly accredited person 24 to harvest or permitting him or her to collect and possess 25 26 indigenous or nonindigenous saltwater species animals for 27 experimental, scientific, education, and exhibition exhibitional purposes. Such authorizations permits may allow 28 29 collection of specimens without regard to, and not limited to, size, seasonal closure, collection method, reproductive state, 30 or bag limit. Authorizations Permits issued under the 31 2.2

provisions of this section may be suspended or revoked by the 1 department if it finds that the person permitholder has 2 3 violated this section, department rules or orders, or terms or 4 conditions of the authorization permit or has submitted false 5 or inaccurate information in his or her application. 6 Section 13. Subsection (12) of section 370.16, Florida 7 Statutes, is amended to read: 8 370.16 Oysters and shellfish; regulation.--9 (12) PROTECTION OF OYSTER AND CLAM REEFS AND 10 SHELLFISH.--11 (a) The Division of Marine Resources shall improve, 12 enlarge, and protect the natural oyster and clam reefs of this 13 state to the extent it may deem advisable and the means at its 14 disposal will permit. 15 (b) The division shall also, to the same extent, 16 assist in protecting shellfish aquaculture products produced 17 on the leased or granted reefs in the hands of lessees or 18 grantees from the state. Harvesting shellfish is prohibited within a distance of 25 feet outside lawfully marked lease 19 20 boundaries or within setback and access corridors within 21 specifically designated high-density aquaculture lease areas 22 and aquaculture use zones. 23 (c) The division shall provide the Legislature annually with recommendations for the development and the 24 proper protection of the rights of the state and private 25 26 holders therein with respect to the oyster and clam business. 27 Section 14. Subsections (1), (2), (3) and (6) of section 370.26, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 28 29 370.26 Aquaculture definitions; marine aquaculture 30 products, and producers, and facilities.--(1) As used in this section, the term: 31 23

1 (a) "Marine product facility" means a facility built 2 and operated for the purpose of producing marine products. 3 Marine product facilities contain culture systems such as, but not limited to, ponds, tanks, raceways, cages, and bags used 4 5 for commercial production, propagation, growout, or product 6 enhancement of marine products. Marine product facilities 7 specifically do not include: 8 1. Facilities that maintain marine aquatic organisms 9 exclusively for the purpose of shipping, distribution, marketing, or wholesale and retail sales; 10 11 2. Facilities that maintain marine aquatic organisms 12 for noncommercial, education, exhibition, or scientific purposes; 13 14 3. Facilities in which the activity does not require 15 an aquaculture certification pursuant to s. 597.004; or 16 Facilities used by marine aquarium hobbyists. 4. 17 (b)(a) "Marine aquaculture producer" means a person holding an aquaculture certificate pursuant to s. 597.004 to 18 19 produce marine aquaculture products for sale. 20 (c)(b) "Marine aquaculture product" means any product 21 derived from marine aquatic organisms that are owned and propagated, and grown, or produced under controlled conditions 22 by a person holding an aquaculture certificate pursuant to s. 23 597.004. Such product does not include organisms harvested 24 25 from the wild for depuration, wet storage, or relayed for the 26 purpose of controlled purification. Marine aquaculture products are considered saltwater products for the purposes of 27 28 this chapter, except the holder of an aquaculture certificate 29 is not required to purchase and possess a saltwater products 30 license in order to possess, transport, or sell marine aquaculture products pursuant to s. 370.06. To renew an 31 24

existing restricted species endorsement, marine aquaculture 1 2 producers possessing a valid saltwater products license with a 3 restricted species endorsement may apply income from the sales 4 of marine aquaculture products to licensed wholesale dealers. 5 Income from the sales of marine aquaculture products shall not 6 be eligible for the purpose of acquiring a new restricted 7 species endorsement. The holder of an aquaculture certificate 8 must purchase and possess a saltwater products license in 9 order to possess, transport, or and sell saltwater products not specifically provided for in s. 597.004. 10

11 (2) The Department of Environmental Protection shall 12 encourage the development of aquaculture and the production of 13 aquaculture products.

14 (3) The department shall establish an Aquaculture
 15 Section within the Bureau of Marine Resource Regulation and
 16 Development within the Division of Marine Resources.

17 (a) The department Aquaculture Section shall develop a process consistent with this section that would consolidate 18 19 permits, general permits, special activity licenses, and other 20 regulatory requirements to streamline the permitting process and result in effective regulation of aquaculture activities. 21 This process shall provide for a single application and 22 23 application fee for marine aquaculture activities which are regulated by the department. Procedures to consolidate 24 25 permitting actions under this section do not constitute rules 26 within the meaning of s. 120.52.

27 (3)(b) The Department of Agriculture and Consumer
28 Services Aquaculture Section shall act as a clearinghouse for
29 aquaculture applications submitted to the department, and act
30 as a liaison between the Division of Marine Resources, the
31 Division of State Lands, the Department of Environmental

Protection district offices, other divisions within the 1 2 Department of Environmental Protection, and the water 3 management districts. The Department of Agriculture and 4 Consumer Services shall be responsible for regulating marine 5 aquaculture producers, except as specifically provided herein. 6 (6) Until such time that aquaculture general permits 7 under s. 403.814403.088 can be expanded and developed, the 8 department shall establish criteria to temporarily permit 9 aquaculture activities that may be presumed not to result in adverse environmental impacts. The criteria developed pursuant 10 to this subsection do not constitute rules within the meaning 11 12 of s. 120.52. Permit application fees under this subsection shall be no more than that established for a general permit. 13 14 The department may delegate to the water management districts the regulatory authority for aquaculture facilities subject to 15 16 the temporary general permitting criteria of this subsection. 17 During the period prior to development of a general permit 18 under s. 403.814403.088, the department shall establish a 19 compliance plan based on monitoring results that will assist 20 in the development of the general permit. 21 Section 15. Subsection (1) of section 372.0225, 22 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 23 372.0225 Freshwater organisms.--(1) The Division of Fisheries of the Game and Fresh 24 Water Fish Commission, in order to manage the promotion, 25 26 marketing, and quality control of all freshwater organisms produced in Florida and utilized commercially so that such 27 organisms shall be used to produce the optimum sustained yield 28 29 consistent with the protection of the breeding stock, is directed and charged with the responsibility of: 30 31 26

(a) Providing for the regulation of the promotion, 1 2 marketing, and quality control of freshwater organisms 3 produced in Florida and utilized commercially. 4 (b) Regulating the processing of commercial freshwater 5 organisms on the water or on the shore. 6 (c) Providing documentation standards and statistical 7 record requirements with respect to commercial freshwater 8 organism catches. 9 (d) Regulating aquacultural facilities. 10 (d)(e) Conducting scientific, economic, and other studies and research on all freshwater organisms produced in 11 12 the state and used commercially. Section 16. Paragraph (g) of subsection (1) of section 13 14 372.65, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 372.65 Freshwater fish dealer's license.--15 16 (1) No person shall engage in the business of taking 17 for sale or selling any frogs or freshwater fish, including 18 live bait, of any species or size, or importing any exotic or 19 nonindigenous fish, until such person has obtained a license and paid the fee therefor as set forth herein. The license 20 issued shall be in the possession of the person to whom issued 21 22 while such person is engaging in the business of taking for 23 sale or selling freshwater fish or frogs, is not transferable, shall bear on its face in indelible ink the name of the person 24 to whom it is issued, and shall be affixed to a license 25 26 identification card issued by the commission. Such license is 27 not valid unless it bears the name of the person to whom it is issued and is so affixed. The failure of such person to 28 29 exhibit such license to the commission or any of its wildlife officers when such person is found engaging in such business 30 31 27

is a violation of law. The license fees and activities 1 permitted under particular licenses are as follows: 2 3 (g) Any individual or business issued an aquaculture certificate, pursuant to s. 597.004, shall be exempt with 4 5 respect to aquaculture products authorized under such 6 certificate from the aquaculture game fish license and the 7 resident freshwater fish dealer's license. The commission is authorized to require that cultured game fish sold be tagged 8 9 and to assess a fee of not more than 5 cents for each tag, which shall be furnished by the commission. 10 Section 17. Subsections (3) and (4) of section 11 12 372.6672, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 13 372.6672 Alligator management and trapping program 14 implementation; commission authority.--15 (3) The commission shall provide adequate notice of state-sanctioned sales and may maintain a list of known hide 16 17 buyers and provide notice of state sales by mail. Nothing 18 herein shall authorize the commission to engage in marketing 19 or promotion of the sale of alligator hides or products other than by providing the public notice described herein. 20 -The commission is authorized to market alligator hides or products 21 22 obtained as a result of its law enforcement actions or its 23 nuisance alligator control programs. (3) (4) The powers and duties of the commission 24 25 hereunder shall not be construed so as to supersede the 26 regulatory authority or lawful responsibility of the Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services, the 27 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, or any local 28 29 governmental entity regarding the processing or handling of 30 food products, but shall be deemed supplemental thereto. 31

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Section 18. Subsection (4) of section 372.6673, 1 2 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 3 372.6673 Taking and possession of alligators; trapping 4 licenses; fees.--5 (4) No person shall take any alligator egg occurring б in the wild or possess any such egg unless such person has 7 obtained, or is a licensed agent of another person who has 8 obtained, an alligator egg collection permit. The alligator 9 egg collection permit shall be required in addition to the alligator farming license provided in paragraph (2)(d). 10 The commission is authorized to assess a fee for issuance of the 11 12 alligator egg collection permit of up to \$5 per egg authorized 13 to be taken or possessed pursuant to such permit, of which \$1 14 per egg, excluding eggs collected on private wetland 15 management areas, may be transferred to the General Inspection 16 Trust Fund, to be administered by the Department of 17 Agriculture and Consumer Services for the purpose of providing 18 marketing and education services with respect to alligator 19 products produced in this state, notwithstanding other 20 provisions in this chapter. 21 Section 19. Subsection (2) of section 372.6674, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 22 23 372.6674 Required tagging of alligators and hides; fees; revenues. -- The tags provided in this section shall be 24 required in addition to any license required under s. 25 26 372.6673. The commission may require that an alligator hide 27 (2) validation tag be affixed to the hide of any alligator taken 28 29 from the wild and that such hide be possessed, purchased, sold, offered for sale, or transported in accordance with 30 commission rule. The commission is authorized to assess a fee 31 29

of up to \$30 for each alligator hide validation tag issued, of 1 which \$5 per validated hide, excluding those validated from 2 3 public hunt programs, may be transferred to the General 4 Inspection Trust Fund, to be administered by the Department of 5 Agriculture and Consumer Services for the purpose of providing 6 marketing and education services with respect to alligator 7 products produced in this state, notwithstanding other 8 provisions in this chapter. 9 Section 20. Subsection (5) of section 373.046, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 10 373.046 Interagency agreements.--11 12 (5) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 403.927, when any operating agreement is developed pursuant to subsection 13 14 (4): 15 The department shall have regulatory (a) 16 responsibility under part IV of this chapter for: 17 1. All saltwater aquaculture activities located on 18 sovereignty submerged land or in the water column above such 19 land and adjacent facilities directly related to the 20 aquaculture activity. 21 2. Marine and estuarine aquaculture activities that do 22 not require a consumptive use permit under part II of this 23 chapter. 24 2.3. Aquaculture activities that meet or exceed the 25 thresholds for aquaculture general permits authorized pursuant 26 to ss. 370.26 and 403.814403.088. 3.4. Aquaculture activities within the Northwest 27 28 Florida Water Management District. 29 (b) Water management districts shall have regulatory 30 responsibility under part IV of this chapter for aquaculture activities not retained by the department in paragraph (a). 31 30

(c) Upon agreement by the applicant, the department, 1 2 and the applicable water management district, the department 3 and water management district may reassign deviate from the 4 regulatory responsibilities described in paragraphs (a) and 5 (b), based on the specific aquaculture operation, to achieve a 6 more efficient and effective permitting process. 7 Section 21. Subsection (8) is added to section 8 373.406, Florida Statutes, to read: 9 373.406 Exemptions.--The following exemptions shall 10 apply: 11 (8) Certified aquaculture activities under s. 597.004 12 are exempt from this part. Section 22. Subsection (5) is added to section 13 14 403.0885, Florida Statutes, to read: 403.0885 Establishment of federally approved state 15 16 National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) 17 Program. --18 (5) Certified aquaculture activities under s. 597.004 19 that have individual production units whose annual production 20 and water discharge are less than the parameters established 21 by the NPDES program are exempt from wastewater management regulations for those production units only. The cumulative 22 23 effects of all exempt individual production units on a farm shall also be deemed to be exempt. For purposes herein, the 24 25 term "individual production units" shall be determined by rule 26 of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services. Section 23. Subsections (8) and (10) of section 27 28 403.814, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (11) is 29 added to said section, to read: 30 403.814 General permits; delegation .--31 31

(8) An aquaculture general permit under s. 403.088 1 2 shall be established for the saltwater cultivation of aquatic 3 fish and other marine organisms, except alligators, in upland 4 aquaculture facilities when such facilities have individual 5 production units whose annual production and water discharge 6 meet or exceed the parameters established by the NPDES 7 program. Activities that have individual production units 8 whose annual production and water discharge are less than the 9 parameters established by the NPDES program shall be regulated pursuant to s. 403.0885(5). 10 (10) The authority to issue or deny general permits 11 12 developed by the department pursuant to subsection subsections (8) and (9) for aquaculture facilities is hereby delegated to 13 14 the water management districts when they have regulatory 15 responsibility for the facility pursuant to s. 373.046 16 project. 17 (11) Upon agreement by the applicant, the department, and the applicable water management district, the department 18 19 and water management district may reassign the regulatory 20 responsibilities described in s. 373.046(5)(a) and (b), based 21 on the specific aquaculture operation, to achieve a more 22 efficient and effective permitting process. 23 Section 24. Section 597.002, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 24 25 597.002 Legislative declaration of public policy 26 respecting aquaculture. -- The Legislature declares that aquaculture is agriculture and, as such, the Department of 27 28 Agriculture and Consumer Services shall be the primary agency 29 responsible for regulating aquaculture, any other law to the 30 contrary notwithstanding. The only exceptions are those areas required by federal law, rule, or cooperative agreement to be 31 32

regulated by another agency. The Legislature declares that, in 1 order to effectively support the growth of aquaculture in this 2 3 state, there is a need for a state aquaculture plan that will 4 provide for the coordination and prioritization of state 5 aquaculture efforts and the conservation and enhancement of 6 aquatic resources and will provide mechanisms for increasing 7 aquaculture production which may lead to the creation of new 8 industries, job opportunities, income for aquaculturists, and 9 other benefits to the state. The state aquaculture plan shall quide the research and development of the aquaculture 10 industry. Funds designated by the Legislature for aquaculture 11 12 research and development or for contracting for aquaculture research and development shall be used to address the projects 13 14 and activities designated in the state aquaculture plan. Any 15 entity receiving legislative funding for aquaculture research and development programs shall report annually to the 16 17 department all activities related to aquaculture to facilitate coordination and compliance with the state aquaculture plan. 18 19 Section 25. Paragraph (j) is added to subsection (1) 20 of section 597.003, Florida Statutes, to read: 21 597.003 Powers and duties of Department of Agriculture 22 and Consumer Services .--23 (1) The department is hereby designated as the lead agency in encouraging the development of aquaculture in the 24 state and shall have and exercise the following functions, 25 26 powers, and duties with regard to aquaculture: 27 (j) Issue or deny any license or permit authorized or delegated to the department by the Legislature or through 28 29 memorandum of understanding with other state or federal 30 agencies that furthers the intent of the Legislature to place the regulation of aquaculture in the department. 31 33

1 Section 26. Section 597.004, Florida Statutes, is 2 amended to read: 597.004 Aquaculture certificate of registration.--3 4 (1) SHELLFISH CERTIFICATION.--5 (a) Any person engaging in shellfish aquaculture must 6 be certified by the department. The applicant for a 7 certificate of registration shall submit the following to the 8 department: 9 (a) 1. Applicant's name/title. 10 (b)2. Company name. (c) 3. Complete mailing address. 11 12 (d)4. Legal property description of all aquaculture 13 facilities. 14 (e) 5. Description of production facilities. 15 (f)6. Aquaculture products to be produced. (g)7. Fifty dollar annual registration fee, effective 16 17 July 1, 1997. 18 (2) NONSHELLFISH CERTIFICATION. --19 (a) Any person engaging in nonshellfish aquaculture, 20 except as otherwise provided in this section, must be 21 certified by the department. The applicant for a certificate of registration for nonshellfish products shall submit the 22 23 following to the department: 1. The information requested in subsection (1) above. 24 25 2. Documentation that the rules adopted herein have 26 been complied with in accordance with paragraph (b) below. The department, in consultation with the 27 (b) Department of Environmental Protection, the water management 28 districts, environmental groups, and representatives from the 29 30 affected farming groups, shall adopt rules to: 31 34

1	1. Specify the requirement of best-management
2	practices to be implemented by property owners and
3	leaseholders.
4	2. Establish procedures for property owners and
5	leaseholders to submit the notice of intent to comply with
б	best-management practices.
7	3. Establish schedules for implementation of
8	best-management practices, and of interim measures that can be
9	taken prior to adoption of best-management practices.
10	4. Establish a system to assure the implementation of
11	best-management practices, including recordkeeping
12	requirements.
13	Rules adopted pursuant to this subsection shall become
14	effective pursuant to the applicable provisions of chapter
15	120, but must be submitted to the President of the Senate and
16	the Speaker of the House of Representatives for review by the
17	Legislature. The rules shall be referred to the appropriate
18	committees of substance and scheduled for review during the
19	first available regular session following adoption. Except as
20	otherwise provided by operation of law, such rules shall
21	remain in effect until rejected or modified by act of the
22	Legislature.
23	(c) Notwithstanding any provision of law, the
24	Department of Environmental Protection is not authorized to
25	institute proceedings against any person certified under s.
26	597.004 to recover any costs or damages associated with
27	contamination of groundwater or surface water, or the
28	evaluation, assessment, or remediation of contamination of
29	groundwater or surface water, including sampling, analysis,
30	and restoration of potable water supplies, where the
31	contamination of groundwater or surface water is determined to
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be the result of aquaculture practices, provided the property 1 2 owner or leaseholder: 3 1. Provides the department with a notice of intent to 4 implement applicable best-management practices adopted by the 5 department; 6 2. Implements applicable best-management practices as 7 soon as practicable according to rules adopted by the 8 department; and 9 3. Implements practicable interim measures identified and adopted by the department which can be implemented 10 immediately, or according to rules adopted by the department. 11 12 (d) There is a presumption of compliance with state groundwater and surface water standards if the property owner 13 14 or leaseholder implements best-management practices that have 15 been verified by the Department of Environmental Protection to be effective at representative sites and complies with the 16 17 following: 18 1. Provides the department with a notice of intent to 19 implement applicable best-management practices adopted by the 20 department; 21 2. Implements applicable best-management practices as 22 soon as practicable according to rules adopted by the 23 department; and 3. Implements practicable interim measures identified 24 25 and adopted by the department which can be implemented immediately, or according to rules adopted by the department. 26 The department shall provide, by December 31, 27 (e) 1999, to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the 28 29 House of Representatives, a progress report concerning the development, implementation, and effectiveness of 30 31 36

best-management practices to prevent contamination of 1 2 groundwater and surface water. 3 (f) This section does not limit federally delegated 4 regulatory authority. 5 (g)(b) Any aquatic plant producer permitted certified 6 by the department pursuant to s. 369.25 shall also be subject 7 to the requirements of this subsection issued an aquaculture 8 certificate of registration. 9 (h) (c) Any alligator producer with an alligator farming license and permit to establish and operate an 10 alligator farm pursuant to the provisions and rules of chapter 11 12 372 shall be issued an aquaculture certificate of registration 13 pursuant to subsection (1) above. 14 (3)(2) FEES.--(a) Effective July 1, 1997, all fees collected 15 pursuant to this section shall be deposited into the General 16 17 Inspection Trust Fund in the Department of Agriculture and 18 Consumer Services. 19 (b) For each aquaculture certificate of registration 20 issued pursuant to this section for freshwater fish operations under chapter 372, \$40 shall be deposited into the State Game 21 Trust Fund in the Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission from 22 23 the General Inspection Trust Fund in the Department of 24 Agriculture and Consumer Services. 25 (4) (3) IDENTIFICATION OF AQUACULTURE 26 PRODUCTS. -- Aquaculture products shall be identified while possessed, processed, transported, or sold as provided in this 27 28 subsection, except those subject to the requirements of 29 chapter 372 and the rules of the Game and Fresh Water Fish 30 Commission as they relate to alligators only. 31 37

(a) Aquaculture products shall be identified by an 1 2 aquaculture certificate of registration number from harvest to 3 point of sale. Any person who possesses aquaculture products 4 must show, by appropriate receipt, bill of sale, bill of 5 lading, or other such manifest where the product originated. 6 (b) Marine aquaculture products shall be transported 7 in containers that separate such product from wild stocks, and 8 shall be identified by tags or labels that are securely 9 attached and clearly displayed. (c) Each aquaculture registrant who sells food 10 products labeled as "aquaculture or farm raised" must have 11 12 such products containerized and clearly labeled in accordance with s. 500.11. Label information must include the name, 13 14 address, and aquaculture certification number. This 15 requirement is designed to segregate the identity of wild and 16 aquaculture products. 17 (5)(4) SALE OF AQUACULTURE PRODUCTS.--18 (a) Aquaculture products, except shellfish, snook, 19 spotted sea trout, red drum, and freshwater aquatic species 20 identified in chapter 372 and rules of the Game and Fresh Water Fish Commission, may be sold without restriction so long 21 22 as product origin can be identified. 23 (b) Aquaculture shellfish must be sold and handled in accordance with shellfish handling regulations of the 24 25 Department of Environmental Protection established to protect 26 public health. 27 (6)(5) REGISTRATION AND RENEWALS.--28 (a) Not later than December 1, 1996, Each aquaculture 29 producer must apply for an aquaculture certificate of registration with the department and submit the appropriate 30 fee. Upon department approval, the department shall issue the 31 38 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

applicant an aquaculture certificate of registration only for 1 2 a the period of 1 year covering December 1, 1996, through June 3 30, 1997. The department shall not require a registration fee 4 only for the period covering December 1, 1996, through June 5 30, 1997. However, Beginning July 1, 1997, and each year thereafter, each aquaculture certificate of registration must 6 7 be renewed with fee, pursuant to this chapter, on July 1. (b) No later than October 1, 1996, The department 8 9 shall send notices of registration to all aquaculture producers of record requiring them to register for an 10 aquaculture certificate. Thereafter, the department shall send 11 12 a Renewal notices shall be sent notice to the registrant 60 days preceding the termination date of the certificate of 13 14 registration. Prior to the termination date, the registrant must return a completed renewal form with fee, pursuant to 15 this chapter, to the department. 16 17 Section 27. Paragraph (i) is added to subsection (3) of section 597.005, Florida Statutes, to read: 18 19 597.005 Aquaculture Review Council.--20 (3) RESPONSIBILITIES.--The primary responsibilities of 21 the Aquaculture Review Council are to: (i) Provide the Governor, the President of the Senate, 22 23 the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the chairs of legislative committees having primary jurisdiction over either 24 25 the subject of aquaculture or the budget of the Department of 26 Agriculture and Consumer Services, by August 1 of each year, a 27 list of prioritized research needs critical to development of the aquaculture industry. 28 29 Section 28. This act shall take effect July 1 of the 30 year in which enacted. 31 39