First Engrossed

1	
2	A bill to be entitled
3	An act relating to forensic client services;
4	amending s. 40.29, F.S., relating to estimated
5	amount of pay for expert witnesses, to conform
6	a reference; amending s. 393.11, F.S.;
7	specifying persons or entities that may file
, 8	petition for proposed involuntary admission to
9	residential services arising out of ch. 916,
10	F.S., relating to forensic services; providing
11	for petitions for defendants with autism;
12	revising requirements relating to notice of
13	filing of petition or service of copy of order;
14	prohibiting release from order for involuntary
14 15	admission except by court order; amending and
16	reorganizing ch. 916, F.S., the Forensic Client
17	Services Act; creating pt. I of ch. 916, F.S.;
18	providing general provisions of the chapter;
19	amending s. 916.105, F.S.; revising legislative
20	intent; amending s. 916.106, F.S.; providing or
20	revising definitions with respect to ch. 916,
21 22	F.S.; redefining "department" to refer to the
22	Department of Children and Family Services in
23 24	lieu of the Department of Health and
24 25	Rehabilitative Services; amending s. 916.107,
_	F.S.; revising state policy with respect to the
26 27	rights of forensic clients, and conforming
	terminology; amending and renumbering s.
28	916.175, F.S., relating to criminal escape by a
29 20	client; prohibiting escape or attempted escape
30 21	from a facility or program by a client under
31	specified circumstances, and providing
	1

30

31

1 penalties therefor; amending and renumbering s. 2 916.178, F.S.; prohibiting the introduction of 3 certain articles into or upon, or the taking or 4 attempt to take or send certain articles from, 5 facility grounds, under specified 6 circumstances, and providing penalties 7 therefor; providing for enforcement by 8 institutional security personnel or law 9 enforcement officers; conforming a reference; 10 amending and renumbering s. 916.19, F.S.; 11 providing for client protection and security; 12 renumbering s. 916.20, F.S., relating to 13 departmental rulemaking; creating pt. II of ch. 14 916, F.S., relating to forensic services for 15 persons who are mentally ill; amending and 16 renumbering s. 916.108, F.S.; providing for 17 evaluation of defendant for competency to 18 proceed or for sanity, under specified 19 circumstances; amending and renumbering s. 20 916.11, F.S.; revising time limits and 21 guidelines relating to appointment of experts; 22 amending s. 916.12, F.S.; providing duties of 23 examining experts and guidelines with respect 24 to reports on defendant's mental competence to 25 proceed and recommended treatment for defendant 26 to attain competence to proceed; amending s. 27 916.13, F.S.; providing criteria for 28 involuntary commitment of defendant adjudicated 29 incompetent to proceed due to mental illness;

revising duties of the court or the department and guidelines relating to commitment and

2

1 placement of defendant and filing of reports; 2 amending s. 916.14, F.S.; providing for 3 inapplicability of statute of limitations and 4 of bar against former jeopardy under specified 5 circumstances when defendant is incompetent to 6 proceed; amending s. 916.145, F.S.; revising 7 time limits and guidelines with respect to 8 dismissal of charges against a defendant 9 adjudicated incompetent to proceed; providing 10 for dismissal without prejudice under specified 11 circumstances; amending s. 916.15, F.S., 12 relating to involuntary commitment of defendant 13 adjudicated not guilty by reason of insanity; 14 conforming terminology; providing for mandatory 15 departmental retention and treatment of 16 defendant; reenacting s. 394.467(7)(a), F.S., 17 relating to procedure for continued involuntary 18 placement, to incorporate said amendment in a 19 reference; amending s. 916.16, F.S.; providing 20 for retention of jurisdiction by committing 21 court over a defendant hospitalized as 22 incompetent to proceed or because of a finding 23 of not guilty by reason of insanity or over a 24 defendant placed on conditional release; 25 prohibiting release except by court order in 26 specified circumstances; amending s. 916.17, 27 F.S.; revising procedures and guidelines 28 relating to conditional release and 29 modification of release conditions, including 30 filing requirements for plans for outpatient 31 treatment; creating pt. III of ch. 916, F.S.,

3

30

31

1 relating to forensic services for persons who 2 are mentally retarded or autistic; creating s. 3 916.301, F.S.; providing for appointment of 4 experts who are retardation or autism 5 professionals, under specified circumstances; 6 providing for certain witness fees and 7 evaluator fees as court costs; providing for 8 reimbursement of certain travel and per diem 9 expenses of state employees; creating s. 10 916.3012, F.S.; providing for determination of 11 incompetence to proceed when the defendant's 12 suspected mental condition is retardation or 13 autism; creating s. 916.302, F.S.; providing 14 for involuntary commitment of defendant 15 determined to be incompetent to proceed due to 16 retardation or autism; requiring the department 17 to notify the court of transfer of a defendant; 18 creating s. 916.3025, F.S.; providing for 19 retention of jurisdiction over certain 20 defendants found incompetent to proceed and 21 ordered into a secure facility for retarded or 22 autistic defendants; prohibiting release except 23 by court order; creating s. 916.303, F.S.; 24 providing for dismissal of charges without 25 prejudice or involuntary admission to 26 residential services or a training program 27 under specified circumstances when the 28 defendant is found incompetent to proceed due 29 to retardation or autism; providing for

CODING:Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

a secure facility or program under specified
4

petitions to continue defendant's placement in

CS for CS for SB 442 First Engrossed (ntc) 1 circumstances; creating s. 916.304, F.S.; 2 providing for conditional release based on an 3 approved plan for providing continuing 4 community-based training of defendant; 5 providing for modification of release 6 conditions or termination of jurisdiction under 7 specified circumstances; providing an effective 8 date. 9 10 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 11 12 Section 1. Subsection (1) of section 40.29, Florida 13 Statutes, is amended to read: 14 40.29 Clerks to estimate amount for pay of jurors and 15 witnesses and make requisition .--16 (1) The clerk of the court in and for any county shall 17 make an estimate of the amount necessary during any quarterly 18 fiscal period beginning July 1 and during each succeeding 19 quarterly fiscal period for the payment by the state of: 20 (a) Jurors in the circuit court and the county court; 21 (b) Witnesses before the grand jury; 22 (C) Witnesses summoned to appear for an investigation, 23 preliminary hearing, or trial in a criminal case when the 24 witnesses are summoned by a state attorney or on behalf of an 25 indigent defendant; 26 (d) Mental health professionals who are appointed 27 pursuant to s. 394.473 and required in a court hearing 28 involving an indigent; and 29 (e) Expert witnesses who are appointed pursuant to s. 30 916.115(2)916.11(3)and required in a court hearing involving 31 an indigent; 5

 $\underset{(\mbox{ntc}\,)}{\mbox{CS}}$ for CS for SB 442

First Engrossed

1 2 and shall forward each such estimate to the State Courts 3 Administrator no later than the date scheduled by the State 4 Courts Administrator. At the time of any forwarding of such 5 estimate, the clerk of such court shall make a requisition 6 upon the State Courts Administrator for the amount of such 7 estimate; and the State Courts Administrator may reduce the 8 amount if in his or her judgment the requisition is excessive. 9 Section 2. Subsections (2), (3), (8), and (11) of 10 section 393.11, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 11 393.11 Involuntary admission to residential 12 services.--13 (2) PETITION.--14 (a) A petition for involuntary admission to 15 residential services may be executed by a petitioning 16 commission. For proposed involuntary admission to residential 17 services arising out of chapter 916, the petition may be filed 18 by a petitioning commission, the department, the state 19 attorney of the circuit from which the defendant was 20 committed, or the defendant's attorney. 21 (b) The petitioning commission shall consist of three 22 persons. One of these persons shall be a physician licensed 23 and practicing under chapter 458 or chapter 459. 24 (c) The petition shall be verified and shall: 25 State the name, age, and present address of the 1. 26 commissioners and their relationship to the person with mental 27 retardation or autism; 28 2. State the name, age, county of residence, and 29 present address of the person with mental retardation or 30 autism; 31 6 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1 3. Allege that the commission believes that the person 2 needs involuntary residential services and specify the factual 3 information on which such belief is based; 4 4. Allege that the person lacks sufficient capacity to 5 give express and informed consent to a voluntary application 6 for services and lacks the basic survival and self-care skills 7 to provide for the person's well-being or is likely to 8 physically injure others if allowed to remain at liberty; and 9 State which residential setting is the least 5. 10 restrictive and most appropriate alternative and specify the 11 factual information on which such belief is based. 12 (d) The petition shall be filed in the circuit court 13 of the county in which the person with mental retardation or 14 autism resides. 15 (3) NOTICE.--16 (a) Notice of the filing of the petition shall be 17 given to the individual and his or her legal guardian parent 18 or parents. The notice shall be given both verbally and in 19 writing in the language of the client, or in other modes of 20 communication of the client, and in English. Notice shall also 21 be given to such other persons as the court may direct. The 22 petition for involuntary admission to residential services 23 shall be served with the notice. 24 (b) Whenever a motion or petition has been filed 25 pursuant to s. 916.303 to dismiss criminal charges against a 26 defendant with retardation or autism, and a petition is filed 27 to involuntarily admit the defendant to residential services, 28 the notice of the filing of the petition shall also be given 29 to the defendant's attorney and to the state attorney of the 30 circuit from which the defendant was committed. 31 7

1 (c) (b) The notice shall state that a hearing shall be 2 set to inquire into the need of the person with mental 3 retardation or autism for involuntary residential services. 4 The notice shall also state the date of the hearing on the 5 petition. 6 (d) (d) (c) The notice shall state that the individual with 7 mental retardation or autism has the right to be represented 8 by counsel of his or her own choice and that, if the person 9 cannot afford an attorney, the court shall appoint one. 10 (8) ORDER.--11 In all cases, the court shall issue written (a) 12 findings of fact and conclusions of law to support its 13 The order shall state the basis for such findings decision. 14 of fact. 15 (b) An order of involuntary admission to residential 16 services shall not be entered unless the court finds that: 17 The person is mentally retarded or autistic; 1. 18 Placement in a residential setting is the least 2. 19 restrictive and most appropriate alternative to meet the 20 person's needs; and 21 3. Because of the person's degree of mental 22 retardation or autism, the person: 23 Lacks sufficient capacity to give express and a. 24 informed consent to a voluntary application for services 25 pursuant to s. 393.065 and lacks basic survival and self-care 26 skills to such a degree that close supervision and 27 habilitation in a residential setting is necessary and, if not 28 provided, would result in a real and present threat of 29 substantial harm to the person's well-being; or 30 Is likely to physically injure others if allowed to b. 31 remain at liberty.

First Engrossed

CS for CS for SB 442 (ntc)

1 (c) If the evidence presented to the court is not 2 sufficient to warrant involuntary admission to residential 3 services, but the court feels that residential services would 4 be beneficial, the court may recommend that the person seek 5 voluntary admission. 6 (d) If an order of involuntary admission to 7 residential services provided by the developmental services 8 program of the department is entered by the court, a copy of 9 the written order shall be served upon the person, the 10 person's counsel, and the department, and the state attorney 11 and the person's defense counsel, if applicable. The order of 12 involuntary admission sent to the department shall also be 13 accompanied by a copy of the examining committee's report and 14 other reports contained in the court file. 15 (e) Upon receiving the order, the department shall, 16 within 45 days, provide the court with a copy of the person's 17 family or individual support plan and copies of all 18 examinations and evaluations, outlining the treatment and 19 rehabilitative programs. The department shall document that 20 the person has been placed in the most appropriate, least 21 restrictive and cost-beneficial residential facility. A copy 22 of the family or individual support plan and other 23 examinations and evaluations shall be served upon the person 24 and the person's counsel at the same time the documents are 25 filed with the court. 26 (11) CONTINUING JURISDICTION. -- The court which issues 27 the initial order for involuntary admission to residential 28 services under this section shall have continuing jurisdiction 29 to enter further orders to ensure that the person is receiving 30 adequate care, treatment, habilitation, and rehabilitation, 31 including psychotropic medication and behavioral programming.

9

1 Upon request, the court may transfer the continuing 2 jurisdiction to the court where a client resides if it is 3 different from where the original involuntary admission order 4 was issued. No person may be released from an order for 5 involuntary admission to residential services except by the 6 order of the court. 7 Section 3. For the purpose of incorporating the 8 amendment to section 916.15, Florida Statutes, in a reference 9 thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (7) of section 394.467, 10 Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read: 11 394.467 Involuntary placement.--12 (7) PROCEDURE FOR CONTINUED INVOLUNTARY PLACEMENT.--13 (a) Hearings on petitions for continued involuntary 14 placement shall be administrative hearings and shall be 15 conducted in accordance with the provisions of s. 120.57(1), 16 except that any order entered by the hearing officer shall be 17 final and subject to judicial review in accordance with s. 18 120.68. Orders concerning patients committed after 19 successfully pleading not guilty by reason of insanity shall 20 be governed by the provisions of s. 916.15. 21 Section 4. Part I of chapter 916, Florida Statutes, 22 consisting of sections 916.10, 916.105, 916.106, 916.107, 23 916.1081, 916.1085, 916.1091, and 916.1093, is created and 24 entitled "General Provisions." 25 Section 5. Section 916.105, Florida Statutes, is 26 amended to read: 27 916.105 Legislative intent.--28 (1) It is the intent of the Legislature that the 29 Department of Children and Family Health and Rehabilitative 30 Services establish, locate, and maintain separate and secure 31 facilities and programs for the treatment or training of 10 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1 defendants forensic clients who are charged with a felony and 2 who have been found to be incompetent to proceed due to their 3 mental illness, retardation, or autism mentally retarded or 4 mentally ill defendants, or who have been acquitted of 5 felonies crimes by reason of insanity, and who, while still 6 under the jurisdiction of the committing court, are committed 7 to the department for mental retardation or mental health 8 services under the provisions of this chapter. The separate, 9 secure facilities shall be sufficient to accommodate the 10 number of defendants clients committed under the conditions 11 noted above, except those defendants clients found by the 12 department to be appropriate for treatment or training in a 13 civil mental health treatment facility or program. Such secure 14 facilities shall be designed and administered so that ingress 15 and egress, together with other requirements of this chapter, 16 may be strictly controlled by staff responsible for security 17 in order to protect the defendant client, facility hospital 18 personnel, other clients, and citizens in adjacent 19 communities. 20

(2) It is further the intent of the Legislature that 21 treatment or training programs for defendants clients who are 22 found to be mentally retarded or mentally ill, retarded, or 23 autistic defendants and are involuntarily committed to the 24 department certain mental retardation or mental health 25 facilities, and who are still under the jurisdiction of the 26 committing court, be provided in such a manner, subject to 27 security requirements and other mandates of this chapter, as 28 to ensure the rights of the defendants said clients as 29 provided in this chapter. 30

(3) It is the intent of the Legislature that evaluation and <u>services to defendants who are</u> treatment of 11

First Engrossed 1 mentally ill, and mentally retarded, or autistic defendants be 2 provided in community inpatient or outpatient settings, in 3 community residential facilities, or in civil, nonforensic 4 facilities, whenever this is a feasible alternative to 5 treatment or training in a state forensic facility. 6 Section 6. Section 916.106, Florida Statutes, is 7 amended to read: 8 916.106 Definitions.--For the purposes of this 9 chapter: 10 (1)"Autism" means a pervasive, neurologically based 11 developmental disability of extended duration which causes 12 severe learning, communication, and behavior disorders, with 13 the age of onset of autism occurring during infancy or 14 childhood. Individuals with autism exhibit impairment in 15 reciprocal social interaction, impairment in verbal and 16 nonverbal communication and imaginative ability, and a 17 markedly restricted repertoire of activities and interests. 18 (2)(1) "Chemical weapon" means any shell, cartridge, 19 bomb, gun, or other device capable of emitting 20 chloroacetophenone (CN), chlorobenzalmalononitrile (CS) or any 21 derivatives thereof in any form, or any other agent with 22 lacrimatory properties, and shall include products such as 23 that commonly known as "mace." 24 (3) "Civil facility" means a mental health facility 25 established within the department to serve individuals 26 committed pursuant to chapter 394 and those defendants 27 committed pursuant to this chapter who do not require the 28 security provided in a forensic facility. 29 (4) (4) (2) "Court" means the circuit court. 30 (5) "Department" means the Department of Children 31 and Family Health and Rehabilitative Services. 12

I	
1	(6) "Express and informed consent" or "consent" means
2	consent given voluntarily in writing after a conscientious and
3	sufficient explanation and disclosure of the purpose of the
4	proposed treatment, the common side effects of the treatment,
5	if any, the expected duration of the treatment, and any
6	alternative treatment available.
7	(7) (4) "Forensic client" or"client" "patient" means
8	any defendant who is mentally ill, mentally retarded, or
9	autistic and mentally ill person who is committed to the
10	department pursuant to this chapter and:
11	(a) Who has been determined to need treatment for a
12	mental illness or training for mental retardation or autism;
13	(b) Who has been found incompetent to proceed on a
14	felony offense stand trial or incompetent for sentencing, has
15	been acquitted of a felony criminal offense by reason of
16	insanity; has criminal charges pending, or has been found
17	guilty of a criminal offense but is not an inmate of the
18	Department of Corrections or any other correctional facility;
19	and
20	(c) Who has been determined by the department to:
21	1. Be dangerous to himself or herself or others; or
22	2. Present a clear and present potential to escape;
23	and
24	(d) Who is an adult or juvenile prosecuted as an
25	adult.
26	(8) (5) "Forensic facility" means a separate and secure
27	facility established within the department to serve for the
28	treatment of forensic clients. Such separate and secure
29	facilities shall be security-grade buildings located on
30	grounds distinct in location from other treatment facilities
31	for persons who are mentally ill. The Florida State Hospital
<i>a</i> = -	
COD	ING: Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.

1 shall not be required to maintain separate treatment
2 facilities for mentally ill,or mentally retarded, or autistic
3 defendants who are persons found incompetent to proceed for
4 trial or who are acquitted of a criminal offense by reason of
5 insanity.

6 (9) "Incompetent to proceed" means unable to proceed 7 at any material stage of a criminal proceeding, which shall 8 include trial of the case, pretrial hearings involving 9 questions of fact on which the defendant might be expected to 10 testify, entry of a plea, proceedings for violation of 11 probation or violation of community control, sentencing, and 12 hearings on issues regarding a defendant's failure to comply 13 with court orders or conditions or other matters in which the 14 mental competence of the defendant is necessary for a just 15 resolution of the issues being considered. 16

(10)(6) "Institutional security personnel" means staff members who meet or exceed the requirements of s. 943.13 and who are responsible for providing security, for protection of clients and personnel, for the enforcement of rules, for prevention and investigation of unauthorized activities, and for safeguarding the interests of citizens in the surrounding communities.

(11)(7)"Mental illness" "Mentally ill" means having 24 an impairment of the emotional processes that, of the ability 25 to exercise conscious control of one's actions, or of the 26 ability to perceive or understand reality or to understand, 27 which impairment substantially interferes with a defendant's 28 person's ability to meet the ordinary demands of living.7 29 regardless of etiology; except that, For the purposes of this 30 chapter, the term does not apply to defendants include simple 31 intoxication, persons who are solely mentally retarded or

14

1 autistic, and does not include intoxication or conditions 2 manifested only by antisocial behavior or substance abuse 3 impairment drug addiction. 4 (12)(8) "Mental Retardation" means significantly 5 subaverage general intellectual functioning existing 6 concurrently with deficits in adaptive behavior and manifested 7 during the period from conception to age 18. "Significantly 8 subaverage general intellectual functioning," for the purpose 9 of this definition, means performance which is two or more 10 standard deviations from the mean score on a standardized 11 intelligence test specified in the rules of the department. 12 "Adaptive behavior," for the purpose of this definition, means 13 the effectiveness or degree with which an individual meets the 14 standards of personal independence and social responsibility 15 expected of the individual's age, cultural group, and 16 community. 17 (13) "Social service professional," for the purposes 18 of part III, means a person whose minimum qualifications 19 include a bachelor's degree and at least 2 years of social 20 work, clinical practice, special education, habilitation, or 21 equivalent experience working directly with persons with 22 retardation, autism or other developmental disabilities. 23 Section 7. Section 916.107, Florida Statutes, is 24 amended to read: 25 916.107 Rights of forensic clients.--26 (1) RIGHT TO INDIVIDUAL DIGNITY.--27 The policy of the state is that the individual (a) 28 dignity of the client patient shall be respected at all times 29 and upon all occasions, including any occasion when the 30 forensic client patient is detained, transported, or treated. 31 Defendants Persons who are mentally ill, or mentally retarded, 15

First Engrossed

1 or autistic and who are charged with, or who have been 2 convicted of, committing felonies criminal acts shall receive 3 appropriate treatment or training. In a criminal case 4 involving a defendant person who has been adjudicated 5 incompetent to proceed stand trial or not guilty by reason of 6 insanity, or who has otherwise been found by the court to meet 7 the criteria for involuntary commitment, a jail may be used as 8 an emergency facility for up to 15 days from the date the 9 department receives a completed copy of the commitment order 10 containing the documentation required by Rules 3.212 and 11 3.217, Florida Rules of Criminal Procedure. For In every case 12 in which a defendant who is mentally ill, or mentally 13 retarded, or autistic, who person is held in a jail, and who 14 has been adjudicated incompetent to proceed or not guilty by 15 reason of insanity, evaluation and treatment or training shall 16 be provided in the jail by the local public receiving facility 17 for mental health services or by the developmental services 18 program for persons with retardation or autism, the client's 19 patient's physician or clinical psychologist, or any other 20 appropriate mental health program available to provide such 21 treatment until the client person is transferred to the 22 custody of the department. 23 (b) Mentally ill, or mentally retarded, or autistic

24 defendants persons who are committed to the department 25 pursuant to this chapter and who are initially placed in, or 26 subsequently transferred to, a civil mental health treatment 27 facility as described in part I of chapter 394 or to a 28 residential facility as described in chapter 393 shall have 29 the same rights as other persons committed to these civil 30 facilities for as described in part I of chapter 394, as long 31 as they remain there in a civil facility.

16

First Engrossed

1 2

(2) RIGHT TO TREATMENT.--

(a) The policy of the state is that the department 3 shall not deny treatment or training of mental illness or 4 mental retardation to any client and that no services shall be 5 delayed at a forensic mental health treatment facility because 6 the forensic client is unable to pay. However, every 7 reasonable effort to collect appropriate reimbursement for the 8 cost of providing mental health services to clients persons 9 able to pay for the services, including reimbursement from 10 insurance or other third-party payments, shall be made by 11 forensic facilities providing services pursuant to this 12 chapter and in accordance with the provisions of s. 402.33. 13

(b) Each client who is a patient at a forensic facility shall be given, at the time of admission and at regular intervals thereafter, a physical examination, which shall include screening for communicable disease by a health practitioner authorized by law to give such screenings and examinations.

(c) Every <u>client</u> patient committed pursuant to this act shall be afforded the opportunity to participate in activities designed to enhance self-image and the beneficial effects of other treatments <u>or training</u>, as determined by the facility.

(d) Not more than 30 days after admission, each <u>client</u>
patient shall have and receive, in writing, an individualized
treatment <u>or training</u> plan which the <u>client</u> patient has had an
opportunity to assist in preparing.

28 29

(3) RIGHT TO EXPRESS AND INFORMED CONSENT.--

(a) A <u>client</u> person committed to the department pursuant to this act shall be asked to give express and informed written consent for treatment."Express and informed

17

1 consent" or "consent" means consent given voluntarily in 2 writing after a conscientious and sufficient explanation and 3 disclosure of the purpose of the proposed treatment, the 4 common side effects of the treatment, if any, the expected 5 duration of the treatment, and any alternative treatment 6 available. If a client patient in a forensic facility refuses 7 such treatment as is deemed necessary by the client's 8 patient's multidisciplinary treatment team at the forensic 9 facility for the appropriate care of the client patient and 10 the safety of the client patient or others, such treatment may 11 be provided under the following circumstances: 12 In an emergency situation in which there is 1. 13 immediate danger to the safety of the client patient or 14 others, such treatment may be provided upon the written order 15 of a physician for a period not to exceed 48 hours, excluding 16 weekends and legal holidays. If, after the 48-hour period, 17 the client patient has not given express and informed consent 18 to the treatment initially refused, the administrator or 19 designee of the forensic facility shall, within 48 hours, 20 excluding weekends and legal holidays, petition the committing 21 court or the circuit court serving the county in which the 22 facility is located, at the option of the facility 23 administrator or designee, for an order authorizing the 24 continued treatment of the client patient. In the interim, 25 treatment may be continued without the consent of the client 26 patient upon the continued written order of a physician who 27 has determined that the emergency situation continues to 28 present a danger to the safety of the client patient or 29 others. 30 2. In a situation other than an emergency situation, 31 the administrator or designee of the forensic facility shall

18

First Engrossed

1 petition the court for an order authorizing the treatment to 2 of the client patient. The order shall allow such treatment 3 for a period not to exceed 90 days from the date of the entry 4 of the order. Unless the court is notified in writing that the 5 client patient has provided express and informed consent in 6 writing or that the client patient has been discharged by the 7 committing court, the administrator or designee shall, prior 8 to the expiration of the initial 90-day order, petition the 9 court for an order authorizing the continuation of treatment 10 for another 90-day period. This procedure shall be repeated 11 until the client provides consent or is discharged by 12 the committing court. 13 At the hearing on the issue of whether the court 3. 14 should enter an order authorizing treatment for which a client 15 patient has refused to give express and informed consent, the 16 court shall determine by clear and convincing evidence that 17 the client patient is mentally ill, or mentally retarded, or 18 autistic as defined in this chapter, that the treatment not 19 consented to is essential to the care of the client patient, 20 and that the treatment not consented to is not experimental 21 and does not present an unreasonable risk of serious, 22 hazardous, or irreversible side effects. In arriving at the 23 substitute judgment decision, the court must consider at least 24 the following factors: 25 a. The client's patient's expressed preference 26 regarding treatment; 27 The probability of adverse side effects; b. 28 c. The prognosis without treatment; and 29 d. The prognosis with treatment. 30 31 19 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

First Engrossed

1 The hearing shall be as convenient to the client patient as 2 may be consistent with orderly procedure and shall be 3 conducted in physical settings not likely to be injurious to 4 the client's patient's condition. The court may appoint a 5 master to preside at the hearing. The client patient or the 6 client's patient's guardian, and the his or her 7 representative, shall be provided with a copy of the petition 8 and the date, time, and location of the hearing. The client 9 patient has the right to have an attorney represent him or her 10 at the hearing, and, if the client patient is indigent, the 11 court shall appoint the office of the public defender to 12 represent the client patient at the hearing. The client 13 patient may testify or not, as he or she chooses, and has the 14 right to cross-examine witnesses testifying on behalf of the 15 facility and may present his or her own witnesses. 16 In addition to the provisions of paragraph (a), in (b)

17 the case of surgical procedures requiring the use of a general 18 anesthetic or electroconvulsive treatment or nonpsychiatric 19 medical procedures, and prior to performing the procedure, 20 written permission shall be obtained from the client patient, 21 if the client he or she is legally competent, from the parent 22 or guardian of a minor client patient, or from the guardian of 23 an incompetent client patient. The administrator or designee 24 of the forensic facility or a his or her designated 25 representative may, with the concurrence of the client's 26 patient's attending physician, authorize emergency surgical or 27 nonpsychiatric medical treatment if such treatment is deemed 28 lifesaving or for a situation threatening serious bodily harm 29 to the client patient and permission of the client patient or 30 the client's patient's guardian cannot be obtained.

31

20

First Engrossed

1	
2	(4) QUALITY OF TREATMENTEach <u>client</u> patient
3 4 5 6 7 8 9	committed pursuant to this chapter shall receive treatment <u>or</u>
	training suited to the client's his or her needs, which shall
	be administered skillfully, safely, and humanely with full
	respect for the <u>the client's</u> patient's dignity and personal
	integrity. Each <u>client</u> patient shall receive such medical,
	vocational, social, educational, and rehabilitative services
	as the <u>client's</u> $\frac{1}{1}$ patient's condition requires to bring about <u>a</u>
-	return to court for disposition of charges or a an early
10 11 12 13 14	return to <u>the</u> his or her community. In order to achieve this
	goal, the department is directed to coordinate <u>the services of</u>
	the Alcohol, Drug Abuse and Mental Health Program Office and
	the Developmental Services Program Office its forensic mental
14 15	health and mental retardation programs with all other programs
16	of the department and other appropriate state agencies.
17	(5) COMMUNICATION, ABUSE REPORTING, AND VISITS
18 19	(a) Each <u>client</u> patient committed pursuant to the
	provisions of this chapter has the right to communicate freely
20	and privately with persons outside the facility unless it is
20	determined that such communication is likely to be harmful to
21	the <u>client</u> patient or others. <u>Clients shall have the right to</u>
22	contact and to receive communication from their attorneys at
23 24	any reasonable time.
25	(b) Each <u>client</u> patient committed under the provisions
26	of this chapter shall be allowed to receive, send, and mail
20 27	sealed, unopened correspondence; and no <u>client's</u>
27	incoming or outgoing correspondence shall be opened, delayed,
20 29	held, or censored by the facility unless there is reason to
	believe that it contains items or substances which may be
30 31	harmful to the <u>client</u> patient or others, in which case the
	administrator or designee may direct reasonable examination of
	21

such mail and may regulate the disposition of such items or substances. "Correspondence" shall not include parcels or packages. Forensic facilities are authorized to promulgate reasonable <u>institutional policies</u> rules to provide for the inspection of parcels or packages and for the removal of contraband items for health or security reasons prior to the contents being given to a <u>client</u> resident.

(c) If a client's patient's right to communicate is 9 restricted by the administrator, written notice of such 10 restriction shall be served on the client patient or his or 11 her legal the patient's guardian or representatives, and such 12 restriction shall be recorded on the client's patient's 13 clinical record with the reasons therefor. The restriction of 14 a client's patient's right to communicate shall be reviewed at 15 least every 7 90 days. 16

(d) Each forensic facility shall establish reasonable institutional policies rules governing visitors, visiting hours, and the use of telephones by <u>clients</u> patients in the least restrictive possible manner <u>possible</u>.

(e) Each client patient committed pursuant to this 21 chapter shall have ready access to a telephone in order to 22 report an alleged abuse. The facility or program staff shall 23 orally verbally and in writing inform each client patient of 24 the procedure for reporting abuse and shall present the 25 information in a language the client understands. A written 26 copy of that procedure, including the telephone number of the 27 abuse registry and reporting forms, shall be posted in plain 28 view. 29

30
30
31
(f) The <u>department's forensic facilities</u> department
33
31
shall <u>develop policies</u> adopt rules providing a procedure for
reporting abuse. Facility staff shall be required, as a

22

1

2

condition of employment, to become familiar with the procedures for the reporting of abuse.

3 (6) CARE AND CUSTODY OF PERSONAL EFFECTS OF CLIENTS 4 PATIENTS.--A client's patient's right to possession of his or 5 her clothing and personal effects shall be respected. The 6 department by rule, or the administrator of any facility by 7 written institutional policy, may declare certain items to be 8 hazardous to the welfare of clients patients or others or to 9 the operation of the facility. Such items may be restricted 10 from introduction into the facility or may be restricted from 11 being in a client's patient's possession. The administrator 12 or designee may take temporary custody of such effects when 13 required for medical and safety reasons. Custody of such 14 personal effects shall be recorded in the client's patient's 15 clinical record. 16

(7) VOTING IN PUBLIC ELECTIONS.--A <u>client</u> patient
committed pursuant to this chapter who is eligible to vote
according to the laws of the state has the right to vote in
the primary and general elections. The department shall
establish rules to enable <u>clients</u> patients to obtain voter
registration forms, applications for absentee ballots, and
absentee ballots.

(8) CLINICAL RECORD; CONFIDENTIALITY.--A clinical 24 record for each client patient shall be maintained. The record 25 shall include data pertaining to admission and such other 26 information as may be required under rules of the department. 27 Unless waived by express and informed consent of by the client 28 patient or the client's patient's legal guardian or, if the 29 <u>client</u> is deceased, by the <u>client's</u> personal 30 representative or by that family member who stands next in 31 line of intestate succession or except as otherwise provided

23

1 in this subsection, the clinical record is confidential and 2 exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. 3 I of the State Constitution. 4 (a) Such clinical record may be released: 5 1. To such persons and agencies as are designated by 6 the client patient or the client's patient's legal guardian. 7 To persons authorized by order of court and to the 2. 8 client's counsel when the records are needed by the counsel 9 for adequate representation. 10 To a qualified researcher, as defined by rule; a 3. 11 staff member of the facility; or an employee of the department 12 when the administrator of the facility or secretary of the 13 department deems it necessary for treatment of the client 14 patient, maintenance of adequate records, compilation of 15 treatment data, or evaluation of programs. 16 4. For statistical and research purposes if the 17 information is abstracted in such a way as to protect the 18 identity of individuals. 19 If a client patient receiving services pursuant to 5. 20 this chapter has declared an intention to harm other persons. 21 When such a declaration has been made, the administrator shall 22 authorize the release of sufficient information to provide 23 adequate warning to the person threatened with harm by the 24 client, and to the committing court, the state attorney, and 25 the attorney representing the client; however, only the 26 declaration may be disclosed. 27 To the parent or next of kin of a mentally ill, or 6. 28 mentally retarded, or autistic person who is committed to, or 29 is being served treated by, a forensic mental health facility 30 or program when such information is limited to that person's

31 service treatment plan and current physical and mental

24

1 condition. Release of such information shall be in accordance 2 with the code of ethics of the profession involved. 3 (b) Notwithstanding other provisions of this 4 subsection, the department may request or receive from or 5 provide to any of the following entities client information to 6 facilitate treatment, habilitation, rehabilitation, and 7 continuity of care of any forensic client: 8 1 The Social Security Administration and the United 9 States Department of Veterans Affairs; 10 2. Law enforcement agencies, state attorneys, defense 11 attorneys public defenders or other attorneys defending the 12 patient, and judges in regard to the client's patient's 13 status; 14 3. Jail personnel in the jail to which a client may be 15 returned; and 16 Community agencies and others expected to provide 4. 17 followup care to the client patient upon the client's his or 18 her return to the community. 19 (c) The department may provide notice to any client's 20 patient's next of kin or first representative regarding any 21 serious medical illness or the death of the client patient. 22 (d)1. Any law enforcement agency, treatment facility, 23 or other governmental agency that receives information 24 pursuant to this subsection shall maintain the confidentiality 25 of such information except as otherwise provided herein. 26 Any agency or private practitioner who acts in good 2. 27 faith in releasing information pursuant to this subsection is 28 not subject to civil or criminal liability for such release. 29 (9) HABEAS CORPUS.--30 (a) At any time, and without notice, a client person 31 detained by a facility, or a relative, friend, guardian, 25

26

1 (b) The governing board of each county is authorized 2 to contract with private transport companies for the 3 transportation of such clients patients to and from a forensic 4 facility. 5 (c) Any company that transports a client patient 6 pursuant to this section is considered an independent 7 contractor and is solely liable for the safe and dignified 8 transportation of the client patient. Any transport company 9 that contracts with the governing board of a county for the 10 transport of clients patients as provided for in this section 11 shall be insured and provide no less than \$100,000 in 12 liability insurance with respect to the transportation of the 13 clients patients. 14 (d) Any company that contracts with a governing board 15 of a county to transport clients patients shall comply with 16 the applicable rules of the department to ensure the safety 17 and dignity of the clients patients. 18 (11) LIABILITY FOR VIOLATIONS. -- Any person who 19 violates or abuses any rights or privileges of a client 20 patient provided by this act is liable for damages as 21 determined by law. Any person who acts in good faith in 22 complying with the provisions of this act is immune from civil 23 or criminal liability for his or her actions in connection 24 with the admission, diagnosis, treatment, training, or 25 discharge of a client patient to or from a facility. However, 26 this subsection does not relieve any person from liability if 27 he or she the person is negligent. 28 Section 8. Section 916.175, Florida Statutes, is 29 renumbered as section 916.1081, Florida Statutes, and amended 30 to read: 31 27 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

First Engrossed

CS for CS for SB 442 (ntc)

1 916.1081 916.175 Escape from treatment program; 2 penalty.--A defendant client involuntarily committed to the 3 department under the provisions of this chapter who escapes or 4 attempts to escape from a facility or program commits the 5 department is quilty of a felony of the second degree, 6 punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 7 775.084. 8 Section 9. Section 916.178, Florida Statutes, is 9 renumbered as section 916.1085, Florida Statutes, and amended 10 to read: 11 916.1085 916.178 Introduction or removal of certain 12 articles unlawful; penalty .--13 (1)(a) Except as authorized by law or as specifically 14 authorized by the person in charge of a forensic facility, it 15 is unlawful to introduce into or upon the grounds of any 16 forensic facility under the supervision or control of the 17 department, or to take or attempt to take or send therefrom, 18 any of the following articles, which are hereby declared to be 19 contraband for the purposes of this section: 20 1. Any intoxicating beverage or beverage which causes 21 or may cause an intoxicating effect; 22 2. Any controlled substance as defined in chapter 893; 23 Any firearm or deadly weapon; or 3. 24 Any other item items as determined by the 4. 25 department, and as designated by departmental rule or by the 26 administrator of any facility, and designated by written 27 institutional policies, to be hazardous to the welfare of 28 patients or the operation of the facility. 29 (b) It is unlawful to transmit to, attempt to transmit 30 to, or cause or attempt to cause to be transmitted to or 31 received by any client patient of any facility any article or 28

1 thing declared by this section to be contraband, at any place 2 which is outside of the grounds of such facility, except as 3 authorized by law or as specifically authorized by the person 4 in charge of such facility. 5 (2)(a) All individuals or vehicles entering upon the 6 grounds of any forensic facility under the supervision or 7 control of the department may shall be subject to reasonable 8 search and seizure of any contraband materials introduced 9 thereon, for purpose of enforcement of this chapter. 10 (b) These provisions shall be enforced by 11 institutional security personnel as defined in s. 12 916.106(10)(6)or by a law enforcement officer as defined in 13 s. 943.10. 14 (C) A person who Whoever violates any provision of 15 subparagraph (1)(a)2. or subparagraph (1)(a)3. commits is 16 guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided 17 in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 18 Section 10. Section 916.19, Florida Statutes, is 19 renumbered as section 916.1091, Florida Statutes, and amended 20 to read: 21 916.1091 916.19 Duties, functions, and powers of 22 institutional security personnel. -- In case of emergency, and 23 when necessary to provide protection and security to any 24 client patient, to the personnel, equipment, buildings, or 25 grounds of a department facility, or to citizens in the 26 surrounding community, institutional security personnel may, 27 when authorized by the administrator of the facility or her or 28 his designee when the administrator is not present, use a 29 chemical weapon against a patient housed in a forensic 30 facility. However, such weapon shall be used only to the 31 extent necessary to provide such protection and security. 29

Under no circumstances shall any such officer carry a chemical weapon on her or his person except during the period of the emergency for which its use was authorized. All chemical weapons shall be placed in secure storage when their use is not authorized as provided in this section.

First Engrossed

Section 11. Section 916.20, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 916.1093, Florida Statutes.

9 9 10 10 11 12 Section 12. Part II of chapter 916, Florida Statutes, 916.11, 916.115, 916.12, 916.13, 916.14, 916.145, 916.15, 916.16, and 916.17, is created and entitled "Forensic Services for Persons Who are Mentally Ill."

Section 13. Section 916.108, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as section 916.111, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

916.111 916.108 Training of mental health 16 experts. -- The evaluation of defendants for competency to 17 proceed stand trial or for sanity at the time of the 18 commission of the offense shall be conducted in such a way as 19 to ensure uniform application of the criteria enumerated in 20 Rules 3.210 and 3.216, Florida Rules of Criminal Procedure. 21 The department shall develop, and may contract with accredited 22 institutions: 23

5

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

(1) To provide:

(b) Clinical protocols and procedures based upon the
criteria of Rules 3.210 and 3.216, Florida Rules of Criminal
Procedure; and

30

1 (c) Training for community mental health professionals 2 in the application of these protocols and procedures in 3 performing forensic evaluations and providing reports to the 4 courts; and 5 (2) To compile and maintain the necessary information 6 for evaluating the success of this program, including the 7 number of persons trained, the cost of operating the program, 8 and the effect on the quality of forensic evaluations as 9 measured by appropriateness of admissions to state forensic 10 facilities and to community-based care programs. 11 Section 14. Section 916.11, Florida Statutes, is 12 renumbered as section 916.115, Florida Statutes, and amended 13 to read: 14 916.115 916.11 Appointment of experts.--15 (1)(a) Annually Semiannually, the department shall 16 provide the courts with a list of mental health professionals 17 who have completed approved training as experts. 18 (b) The court may appoint no more than three nor fewer 19 than two experts to determine issues of the mental condition 20 of a defendant in a criminal case, including the issues of 21 competency to proceed stand trial, insanity, and involuntary 22 hospitalization or placement. The panel of experts may 23 evaluate the defendant in jail or in another appropriate local 24 facility. 25 (c) To the extent possible, at least one of the 26 appointed experts shall have completed forensic evaluator 27 training approved by the department and be either a 28 state-employed psychiatrist, licensed psychologist, or 29 physician if in the local vicinity; a psychiatrist, 30 psychologist, or physician designated by the district alcohol, 31 31

1 drug abuse, and mental health program office; or a community 2 mental health center psychiatrist, psychologist, or physician. 3 (d) If a defendant's suspected mental condition is 4 mental retardation, the court shall appoint the developmental 5 services program of the Department of Health and 6 Rehabilitative Services to examine the defendant and determine 7 whether she or he meets the definition of "retardation" in s. 8 393.063 and, if so, whether she or he is competent to stand 9 trial. 10 (2) Expert witnesses appointed by the court to 11 evaluate determine the mental condition of a defendant in a 12 criminal case shall be allowed reasonable fees for services 13 rendered as evaluators of competence or sanity and as 14 witnesses, which shall be paid by the county in which the 15 indictment was found or the information or affidavit was 16 filed. State employees shall be paid expenses pursuant to s. 17 112.061. The fees shall be taxed as costs in the case. In 18 order for the experts to be paid for the services rendered, 19 the reports and testimony must explicitly address each of the 20 factors and follow the procedures set out in this chapter and 21 in the Florida Rules of Criminal Procedure. 22 Section 15. Section 916.12, Florida Statutes, is 23 amended to read: 24 916.12 Mental competence to proceed stand trial .--25 A defendant person is incompetent to proceed stand (1)26 trial within the meaning of this chapter if the defendant 27 person does not have sufficient present ability to consult 28 with her or his lawyer with a reasonable degree of rational 29 understanding or if the $\underline{defendant}$ person has no rational, as 30 well as factual, understanding of the proceedings against her 31 or him. 32

1	
1	(2) The experts shall first determine whether the
2	person is mentally ill and, if so, consider the factors
3	related to the issue of whether the defendant meets the
4	criteria for competence to proceed; that is, whether the
5	defendant has sufficient present ability to consult with
6	counsel with a reasonable degree of rational understanding and
7	whether the defendant has a rational, as well as factual,
8	understanding of the pending proceedings.
9	(3) In considering the issue of competence to proceed,
10	the examining experts shall first consider and specifically
11	include in their report the defendant's capacity to:
12	(a) Appreciate the charges or allegations against the
13	defendant;
14 15	(b) Appreciate the range and nature of possible
15 16	penalties, if applicable, that may be imposed in the
10	proceedings against the defendant;
18	(c) Understand the adversarial nature of the legal
19	process;
20	(d) Disclose to counsel facts pertinent to the
20 21	proceedings at issue;
21	(e) Manifest appropriate courtroom behavior; and
22	(f) Testify relevantly;
23 24	
2 ₁ 25	and include in their report any other factor deemed relevant
26	by the experts.
20	(4) If the experts should find that the defendant is
28	incompetent to proceed, the experts shall report on any
29	recommended treatment for the defendant to attain competence
30	to proceed. In considering the issues relating to treatment,
31	the examining experts shall specifically report on:
<u> </u>	(a) The mental illness causing the incompetence;
	33
COD	ING: Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	(b) The treatment or treatments appropriate for the mental illness of the defendant and an explanation of each of the possible treatment alternatives in order of choices; (c) The availability of acceptable treatment and, if treatment is available in the community, the expert shall so state in the report; and (d) The likelihood of the defendant's attaining competence under the treatment required to restore competence, and the probability that the defendant will attain competence to proceed in the foreseeable future. (5)(42) A defendant who, because of psychotropic medication, is able to understand the nature of proceedings and assist in the defendant's satisfactory mental functioning is dependent upon such medication. As used in this subsection, "psychotropic medication" means any drug or compound used to treat mental or emotional disorders affecting the mind, behavior, intellectual functions, perception, moods, or emotions and includes antipsychotic, antidepressant, antimanic, and antianxiety drugs. Section 16. Section 916.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 916.13 Involuntary commitment of defendant adjudicated incompetent to stand trial or incompetent for sentencing (1) CRITERIAEvery defendant who is charged with a felony and who is person adjudicated incompetent to proceed stand trial or incompetent for sentencing, pursuant to the stand trial or incompetent for sentencing, pursuant to the stand trial or incompetent for sentencing.
29 30	felony and who is person adjudicated incompetent to proceed
31	34

1

2

5

6

31

involuntarily committed for treatment upon a finding by the court of clear and convincing evidence that:

3 (a) The defendant person is mentally ill and because 4 of the her or his mental illness, or that the person is mentally retarded and because of her or his mental retardation:

7 The defendant person is manifestly incapable of 1. 8 surviving alone or with the help of willing and responsible 9 family or friends, including available alternative services, 10 and, without treatment, the defendant person is likely to 11 suffer from neglect or refuse to care for herself or himself 12 and such neglect or refusal poses a real and present threat of 13 substantial harm to the defendant's her or his well-being; and 14 or 15

There is a substantial likelihood that in the near 2. 16 future the defendant person will inflict serious bodily harm 17 on herself or himself or another person, as evidenced by 18 recent behavior causing, attempting, or threatening such harm; 19 and

20 (b) All available, less restrictive treatment 21 alternatives, including treatment in community residential 22 facilities or community inpatient or outpatient settings, 23 which would offer an opportunity for improvement of the 24 defendant's person's condition have been judged to be 25 inappropriate; and. 26

(C) There is a substantial probability that the mental 27 illness causing the defendant's incompetence will respond to 28 treatment and the defendant will regain competency to proceed 29 in the reasonably foreseeable future. 30

ADMISSION TO A FORENSIC FACILITY.--(2)

5

8

15

1 (a) A defendant Every person who has been charged with 2 a felony and who has been adjudicated incompetent to proceed 3 stand trial or incompetent for sentencing, and who meets the 4 criteria for commitment to the department under the provisions of this chapter, may shall be committed to the department, and 6 the department shall may retain and treat the defendant. No 7 later than 6 months after the date of admission commitment or at the end of any period of extended commitment, or at any 9 time the administrator or designee shall have determined that 10 the defendant has regained competency to proceed stand trial 11 or no longer meets the criteria for continued commitment, the 12 administrator or designee shall file a report with the court 13 pursuant to the applicable Florida Rules of Criminal 14 Procedure.

(b) A defendant adjudicated incompetent to stand trial 16 due to her or his mental retardation may be ordered into a 17 secure facility designated by the department for retarded 18 defendants. The department may not transfer a client from the 19 secure facility to another residential setting without first 20 notifying the court; the department may transfer such 21 defendant unless the department receives written objection to 22 the transfer from the court within 30 days after receipt of 23 the notice by the court. No retarded client may be placed in 24 the designated secure facility except by criminal court order. 25 However, if criminal charges are subsequently dropped and the 26 client is involuntarily admitted to retardation residential 27 services, the placement at the secure facility may be 28 continued if so ordered by the committing court following a 29 hearing with the same due process requirements as set out in 30 s. 393.11 for an initial involuntary admission. Such court 31 hearings shall be held at least annually, with notice to the 36

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

First Engrossed
1 state attorney, and each order of continuing placement shall 2 be based on a finding that the client is likely to physically 3 injure others as specified in s. 393.11(1)(c)2. In no case may 4 a client's placement in a secure facility exceed the maximum 5 sentence for the crime for which she or he was charged. 6 Section 17. Section 916.14, Florida Statutes, is 7 amended to read: 8 916.14 Statute of limitations; former jeopardy.--The 9 statute of limitations shall not be applicable to criminal 10 charges dismissed because of the incompetency of the defendant 11 to proceed stand trial. If a defendant is declared 12 incompetent to proceed stand trial during trial and afterwards 13 is declared competent to proceed stand trial, the defendant's 14 other, uncompleted trial shall not constitute former jeopardy. 15 Section 18. Section 916.145, Florida Statutes, is 16 amended to read: 17 916.145 Adjudication of incompetency due to mental 18 illness retardation; dismissal of charges. -- The charges 19 against any defendant adjudicated incompetent to proceed stand 20 trial due to the defendant's his or her mental illness 21 retardation shall be dismissed without prejudice to the state 22 if the defendant remains incompetent to proceed 5 years after 23 such determination stand trial 2 years after such 24 adjudication, unless the court in its order specifies its 25 reasons for believing that the defendant will become competent 26 to proceed within the foreseeable future stand trial and 27 specifies the time within which the defendant is expected to 28 become competent to proceed stand trial. The charges against 29 the defendant are dismissed without prejudice to the state to 30 refile the charges should the defendant be declared competent 31 to proceed in the future.

37

1

2

3

4

5

First Engrossed

Section 19. Section 916.15, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 916.15 Involuntary commitment of defendant adjudicated not guilty by reason of insanity.--(1) A <u>defendant</u> person who is acquitted of criminal

6 6 7 charges because of a finding of not guilty by reason of 7 insanity may be involuntarily committed pursuant to such 8 finding if the <u>defendant</u> person is mentally ill and, because 9 of the <u>person's</u> illness, is manifestly dangerous to himself or 10 herself or others.

11 (2) Every defendant person acquitted of criminal 12 charges by reason of insanity and found to meet the criteria 13 for involuntary commitment may be committed and treated in 14 accordance with the provisions of this section and the 15 applicable Florida Rules of Criminal Procedure. The 16 department shall admit a defendant so adjudicated to an 17 appropriate facility or program for treatment and shall may 18 retain and treat such defendant. No later than 6 months after 19 the date of admission, prior to the end of any period of 20 extended commitment, or at any time the administrator or 21 designee shall have determined that the defendant no longer 22 meets the criteria for continued commitment placement, the 23 administrator or designee shall file a report with the court 24 pursuant to the applicable Florida Rules of Criminal 25 Procedure. 26

(3) In all proceedings under this subsection, both the
(3) In all proceedings under this subsection, both the
(3) In all proceedings under this subsection, both the
(3) In all proceedings under this subsection, both the
(3) In all proceedings under this subsection, both the
(3) In all proceedings under this subsection, both the
(3) In all proceedings under this subsection, both the
(3) In all proceedings under this subsection, both the
(3) In all proceedings under this subsection, both the
(3) In all proceedings under this subsection, both the
(3) In all proceedings under the state shall have the properties of the state
(3) In all proceedings under the defendant. The defendant shall have the right to

First Engrossed

1 counsel at any such hearing. In the event that a defendant 2 cannot afford counsel, the court shall appoint the public 3 defender to represent the defendant. The parties shall have 4 access to the defendant's records at the treating facilities 5 and may interview or depose personnel who have had contact 6 with the defendant at the treating facilities. 7 Section 20. Section 916.16, Florida Statutes, is 8 amended to read: 9 916.16 Jurisdiction of committing court.--10 (1) The committing court shall retain jurisdiction in 11 the case of any defendant patient hospitalized as incompetent 12 to proceed or because of a finding of not guilty by reason of 13 insanity or, if retarded, admitted to retardation residential 14 services pursuant to this chapter. No such defendant person 15 may be released except by order of the committing court. The 16 administrative hearing examiner shall have no jurisdiction to 17 determine issues of continuing hospitalization or release of 18 any defendant person admitted pursuant to this chapter. 19 The committing court shall retain jurisdiction in (2) 20 the case of any defendant placed on conditional release. No 21 such defendant may be released from the conditions of release 22 except by order of the committing court. 23 Section 916.17, Florida Statutes, is Section 21. 24 amended to read: 25 916.17 Conditional release.--26 (1) The committing court may order a conditional 27 release of any defendant who has been found to be incompetent 28 to proceed committed according to a finding of incompetency to 29 stand trial or an adjudication of not guilty by reason of 30 insanity, based on an approved plan for providing appropriate 31 outpatient care and treatment. The committing court may order 39

1 a conditional release of any defendant in lieu of an 2 involuntary commitment to a facility pursuant to s. 916.13 or 3 s. 916.15. Upon a recommendation that At such time as the 4 administrator shall determine outpatient treatment of the 5 defendant is to be appropriate, she or he may file with the 6 court, with copies to all parties, a written plan for 7 outpatient treatment, including recommendations from qualified 8 professionals, must be filed with the court, with copies to 9 all parties. Such a plan may also be submitted by the 10 defendant and filed with the court with copies to all parties. 11 The plan shall include: 12 (a) Special provisions for residential care or 13 adequate supervision of the defendant. 14 (b) Provisions for outpatient mental health services. 15 (c) If appropriate, recommendations for auxiliary 16 services such as vocational training, educational services, or 17 special medical care. 18 19 In its order of conditional release, the court shall specify 20 the conditions of release based upon the release plan and 21 shall direct the appropriate agencies or persons to submit 22 periodic reports to the court regarding the defendant's 23 compliance with the conditions of the release and progress in 24 treatment, with copies to all parties. 25 (2) Upon the filing of an affidavit or statement under 26 oath by any person If at any time it appears that the 27 defendant has failed to comply with the conditions of release, 28 that the defendant's condition has deteriorated to the point 29 that inpatient care is required, or that the release 30 conditions should be modified, the court shall hold a hearing 31 within 7 days after receipt of the affidavit or statement 40

1 under oath. After the hearing, the court and may modify the 2 release conditions. The court may also or order that the 3 defendant be returned to the department if it is found, after 4 the appointment and report of experts, that the person meets 5 the criteria for involuntary further treatment. 6 (3) If at any time it is determined after a hearing 7 that the defendant no longer requires court-supervised 8 followup care, the court shall terminate its jurisdiction in 9 the cause and discharge the defendant. 10 Section 22. Part III of chapter 916, Florida Statutes, 11 consisting of sections 916.301, 916.3012, 916.302, 916.3025, 12 916.303, and 916.304, is created and entitled "Forensic 13 Services for Persons Who Are Retarded or Autistic." 14 Section 23. Section 916.301, Florida Statutes, is 15 created to read: 16 916.301 Appointment of experts.--17 (1) The department shall provide the courts annually 18 with a list of retardation and autism professionals who are 19 qualified to perform evaluations of defendants alleged to be 20 incompetent to proceed due to retardation or autism. The 21 courts may use professionals from this list when ordering 22 evaluations for defendants suspected of being retarded or 23 autistic. 24 (2) If a defendant's suspected mental condition is 25 retardation or autism, the court shall appoint two experts, 26 one of whom must be the developmental services program of the 27 department, each of whom will evaluate whether the defendant 28 meets the definition of retardation or autism and, if so, 29 whether the defendant is competent to proceed. 30 (3) At the request of any party, the court may appoint 31 one additional expert to evaluate the defendant. The expert 41

1	appointed by the court will evaluate whether the defendant
2	meets the definition of retardation or autism and, if so,
3	whether the defendant is competent to proceed.
4	(4) The developmental services program shall select a
5	psychologist who is licensed or authorized by law to practice
6 7	in this state, with experience in evaluating persons suspected
-	of having retardation or autism, and a social service
8 9	professional with experience in working with persons with
	retardation or autism to evaluate the defendant.
10 11	(a) The psychologist shall evaluate whether the
12	defendant meets the definition of retardation or autism and,
13	if so, whether the defendant is incompetent to proceed due to
14	retardation or autism.
15	(b) The social service professional shall provide a
16	social and developmental history of the defendant.
17	(5) All evaluations ordered by the court must be from
18	qualified experts with experience in evaluating persons with
19	retardation or autism.
20	(6) The panel of experts may examine the defendant in
21	jail, in another appropriate local facility, or on an
22	out-patient basis.
23	(7) Expert witnesses appointed by the court to
24	evaluate the mental condition of a defendant in a criminal
25	case shall be allowed reasonable fees for services rendered as
26	evaluators and as witnesses, which shall be paid by the county
27	in which the indictment was found or the information or
28	affidavit was filed. State employees shall be paid expenses
29	pursuant to s. 112.061. The fees shall be taxed as costs in
30	the case. In order for the experts to be paid for the services
31	rendered, the reports and testimony must explicitly address
	42

First Engrossed

1 each of the factors and follow the procedures set out in this 2 chapter and in the Florida Rules of Criminal Procedure. 3 Section 24. Section 916.3012, Florida Statutes, is 4 created to read: 5 916.3012 Mental competence to proceed.--6 (1) A defendant whose suspected mental condition is 7 retardation or autism is incompetent to proceed within the 8 meaning of this chapter if the defendant does not have 9 sufficient present ability to consult with the defendant's 10 lawyer with a reasonable degree of rational understanding or 11 if the defendant has no rational, as well as factual, 12 understanding of the proceedings against the defendant. 13 The experts shall first consider whether the (2) 14 defendant meets the definition of retardation or autism and, 15 if so, consider the factors related to the issue of whether 16 the defendant meets the criteria for competence to proceed; 17 that is, whether the defendant has sufficient present ability 18 to consult with counsel with a reasonable degree of rational 19 understanding and whether the defendant has a rational, as 20 well as factual, understanding of the pending proceedings. 21 In considering the issue of competence to proceed, (3) 22 the examining experts shall first consider and specifically 23 include in their report the defendant's capacity to: 24 (a) Appreciate the charges or allegations against the 25 defendant; 26 (b) Appreciate the range and nature of possible 27 penalties, if applicable, that may be imposed in the 28 proceedings against the defendant; 29 (c) Understand the adversarial nature of the legal 30 process; 31 43

CS for CS for SB 442 First Engrossed (ntc) 1 (d) Disclose to counsel facts pertinent to the 2 proceedings at issue; 3 (e) Manifest appropriate courtroom behavior; and 4 (f) Testify relevantly; 5 6 and include in their report any other factor deemed relevant 7 by the experts. 8 (4) If the experts should find that the defendant is 9 incompetent to proceed, the experts shall report on any 10 recommended training for the defendant to attain competence to 11 proceed. In considering the issues relating to training, the 12 examining experts shall specifically report on: 13 The retardation or autism causing the (a) 14 incompetence; 15 (b) The training appropriate for the retardation or 16 autism of the defendant and an explanation of each of the 17 possible training alternatives in order of choices; 18 The availability of acceptable training and, if (C) 19 training is available in the community, the expert shall so 20 state in the report; and 21 (d) The likelihood of the defendant's attaining 22 competence under the training recommended, an assessment of 23 the probable duration of the training required to restore 24 competence, and the probability that the defendant will attain 25 competence to proceed in the foreseeable future. 26 Section 25. Section 916.302, Florida Statutes, is 27 created to read: 28 916.302 Involuntary commitment of defendant determined 29 to be incompetent to proceed due to retardation or autism .--30 (1) CRITERIA.--Every defendant who is charged with a 31 felony and who is found to be incompetent to proceed, pursuant 44

1 to this chapter and the applicable Florida Rules of Criminal 2 Procedure, may be involuntarily committed for training upon a 3 finding by the court of clear and convincing evidence that: 4 The defendant is retarded or autistic; (a) 5 (b) There is a substantial likelihood that in the near 6 future the defendant will inflict serious bodily harm on 7 himself or herself or another person, as evidenced by recent 8 behavior causing, attempting, or threatening such harm; 9 (c) All available, less restrictive alternatives, 10 including services provided in community residential 11 facilities or other community settings, which would offer an 12 opportunity for improvement of the condition have been judged 13 to be inappropriate; and 14 (d) There is a substantial probability that the 15 retardation or autism causing the defendant's incompetence 16 will respond to training and the defendant will regain 17 competency to proceed in the reasonably foreseeable future. 18 (2) ADMISSION TO A FACILITY.--19 (a) A defendant who has been charged with a felony and 20 who is found to be incompetent to proceed, and who meets the 21 criteria for commitment to the department under the provisions 22 of this chapter, shall be committed to the department, and the 23 department shall retain and serve the defendant. No later than 24 6 months after the date of admission or at the end of any 25 period of extended commitment or at any time the administrator 26 or designee shall have determined that the defendant has 27 regained competency to proceed or no longer meets the criteria 28 for continued commitment, the administrator or designee shall 29 file a report with the court pursuant to this chapter and the 30 applicable Florida Rules of Criminal Procedure. 31 45

1	
2	(b) A defendant determined to be incompetent to
3	proceed due to retardation or autism may be ordered by a
4	circuit court into a secure facility designated by the
5	department for retarded or autistic defendants.
6 7 8 9 10	(c) The department may transfer a defendant from a
	designated secure facility to another designated secure
	facility and must notify the court of the transfer within 30
	days after the transfer is completed.
	(d) The department may not transfer a defendant from a
11	designated secure facility to a nonsecure facility without
12	first notifying the court, and all parties, 30 days before the
13 14	proposed transfer. If the court objects to the proposed
	transfer to a nonsecure facility, it must send its written
15	objection to the department. The department may transfer the
16	defendant unless it receives the written objection from the
17 18	court within 30 days after the court's receipt of the notice
	of the proposed transfer.
19	(3) PLACEMENT OF DUALLY DIAGNOSED DEFENDANTS
20	(a) If a defendant is both retarded or autistic and
21	mentally ill, evaluations must address which condition is
22	primarily affecting the defendant's competency to proceed.
23	Referral of the defendant should be made to the facility or
23 24	program most appropriate to address the symptoms which are the
25	cause of the defendant's incompetence.
26	(b) Transfer from one facility or program to another
27	facility or program may occur when, in the department's
28	judgment, it is in the defendant's best treatment or training
29	interests. Transfer will require an amended order from the
30	committing court.
31	Section 26. Section 916.3025, Florida Statutes, is
51	created to read:
	46

First Engrossed

1	
2	916.3025 Jurisdiction of committing court
3	(1) The committing court shall retain jurisdiction in the case of any defendant found to be incompetent to proceed
4	and ordered into a secure facility designated by the
5	department for retarded or autistic defendants. No defendant
6	may be released except by the order of the committing court.
7	(2) The committing court shall retain jurisdiction in
8	the case of any defendant placed on conditional release. No
9	such defendant may be released from the conditions of release
10	except by order of the committing court.
11	(3) The committing court shall consider the petition
12	to involuntarily admit to residential services provided by the
13	department's developmental services program a person whose
14	charges have been dismissed, and, when applicable, to continue
15	secure placement of such person as provided in s. 916.303. The
16 17 18	committing court shall retain jurisdiction over such person so
	long as he or she remains in secure placement or is on
	conditional release.
19 20	Section 27. Section 916.303, Florida Statutes, is
20 21	created to read:
21 22	916.303 Determination of incompetency due to
22	retardation or autism; dismissal of charges
23 24	(1) The charges against any defendant found to be
25	incompetent to proceed due to retardation or autism shall be
26	dismissed without prejudice to the state if the defendant
20	remains incompetent to proceed within a reasonable time after
28	such determination, not to exceed 2 years, unless the court in
29	its order specifies its reasons for believing that the
30	defendant will become competent to proceed within the
31	foreseeable future and specifies the time within which the
	defendant is expected to become competent to proceed. The
	47

1	charges against the defendant are dismissed without prejudice
2	to the state to refile the charges should the defendant be
3	declared competent to proceed in the future.
4	(2)(a) If the charges are dismissed and if the
5 6 7 8 9 10 11	defendant is considered to lack sufficient capacity to give
	express and informed consent to a voluntary application for
	services and lacks the basic survival and self-care skills to
	provide for his or her well-being or is likely to physically
	injure himself or herself or others if allowed to remain at
	liberty, the department, the state attorney or the defendant's
	attorney may apply to the committing court to involuntarily
12 13 14 15 16	admit the defendant to residential services pursuant to s.
	<u>393.11.</u>
	(b) If the defendant is considered to need involuntary
	residential services under s. 393.11 and, further, there is a
17	substantial likelihood that the defendant will injure another
18 19	person or continues to present a danger of escape, and all
	available less restrictive alternatives, including services in
20	community residential facilities or other community settings,
21	which would offer an opportunity for improvement of the
22	condition have been judged to be inappropriate, then the
23	person or entity filing the petition under s. 393.11, the
24	state attorney, the defendant's counsel, the petitioning
25	commission, or the department may also petition the committing
26	court to continue the defendant's placement in a secure
27	facility or program pursuant to this section. Any defendant
28	involuntarily admitted under this paragraph shall have his
29	status reviewed by the court at least annually at a hearing.
30	The annual review and hearing shall determine whether the
30 31	defendant continues to meet the criteria for involuntary
	residential services and, if so, whether the defendant still
	48

1 requires placement in a secure facility or program because the 2 court finds that the defendant is likely to physically injure 3 others as specified in s. 393.11 and whether the defendant is 4 receiving adequate care, treatment, habilitation, and 5 rehabilitation, including psychotropic medication and 6 behaviorial programming. Notice of the annual review and 7 review hearing shall be given to the state attorney and to the 8 defendant's attorney. In no instance may a defendant's 9 placement in a secure facility or program exceed the maximum 10 sentence for the crime for which the defendant was charged. 11 Section 28. Section 916.304, Florida Statutes, is 12 created to read: 13 916.304 Conditional release.--14 (1) The committing court may order a conditional 15 release of any defendant who has been found to be incompetent 16 to proceed, based on an approved plan for providing continuing 17 community-based training. The committing criminal court may 18 order a conditional release of any defendant in lieu of an 19 involuntary commitment to a forensic facility pursuant to s. 20 916.302. Upon a recommendation that community-based training 21 for the defendant is appropriate, a written plan for 22 community-based training, including recommendations from 23 qualified professionals, may be filed with the court, with 24 copies to all parties. Such a plan may also be submitted by 25 the defendant and filed with the court, with copies to all 26 parties. The plan shall include: 27 (a) Special provisions for residential care and 28 adequate supervision of the defendant, including recommended 29 location of placement. 30 31 49

1	
2	(b) Recommendations for auxiliary services such as
3	vocational training, psychological training, educational
4	services, leisure services, and special medical care.
5	
6	In its order of conditional release, the court shall specify
7	the conditions of release based upon the release plan and
8	shall direct the appropriate agencies or persons to submit
9	periodic reports to the courts regarding the defendant's
10	compliance with the conditions of the release and progress in
11	training, with copies to all parties.
12	(2) Upon the filing of an affidavit or statement under
13	oath by any person that the defendant has failed to comply
14	with the conditions of release, that the defendant's condition
15	has deteriorated, or that the release conditions should be
16	modified, the court shall hold a hearing within 7 days after
17	receipt of the affidavit or statement under oath. After the
18	hearing, the court may modify the release conditions. The
19	court may also order that the defendant be placed into more
20	appropriate programs for further training or may order the
21	defendant to be returned to involuntary residential services
22	of the department if it is found, after the appointment and
23	report of experts, that the defendant meets the criteria for
24	involuntary residential services.
25	(3) If at any time it is determined after a hearing
26	that the defendant no longer requires court-supervised
27	followup care, the court shall terminate its jurisdiction in
28	the cause and discharge the defendant.
29	Section 29. This act shall take effect October 1 of
30	the year in which enacted.
31	
	50
COD	ING: Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.