## Florida Senate - 1998

By the Committees on Ways and Means and Health Care

	301-1983-98
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to public assistance; amending
3	s. 409.908, F.S.; requiring the agency to
4	establish a reimbursement methodology for
5	long-term-care services for Medicaid-eligible
б	nursing home residents; specifying requirements
7	for the methodology; providing legislative
8	intent; prescribing guidelines for Medicaid
9	payment of Medicare deductibles and
10	coinsurance; eliminating a prohibition on
11	specified contracts; repealing redundant
12	provisions; amending s. 409.912, F.S.;
13	authorizing the agency to include
14	disease-management initiatives in providing and
15	monitoring Medicaid services; authorizing the
16	agency to competitively negotiate home health
17	services; authorizing the agency to seek
18	necessary federal waivers that relate to the
19	competitive negotiation of such services;
20	amending s. 409.9122, F.S.; specifying the
21	departments that are required to make certain
22	information available to Medicaid recipients;
23	extending the period during which a Medicaid
24	recipient may disenroll from a managed care
25	plan or MediPass provider; deleting
26	authorization for the agency to request a
27	federal waiver from the requirement that a
28	Medicaid managed care plan include a specified
29	ratio of enrollees; amending s. 409.910, F.S.;
30	providing for the distribution of amounts
31	recovered in certain tort suits involving
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1	intervention by the Agency for Health Care
2	Administration; requiring that certain
3	third-party benefits received by a Medicaid
4	recipient be remitted within a specified
5	period; amending s. 414.28, F.S.; revising the
6	order under which a claim may be made against
7	the estate of a recipient of public assistance;
8	amending s. 198.30, F.S.; requiring that each
9	circuit judge provide a report of decedents to
10	the Agency for Health Care Administration;
11	amending s. 154.504, F.S.; providing certain
12	restrictions on the use of copayments by public
13	health facilities; creating ss. 381.0022,
14	402.115, F.S.; authorizing the Department of
15	Health and the Department of Children and
16	Family Services to share certain confidential
17	information; amending s. 414.028, F.S.;
18	providing for a representative of a county
19	health department or Healthy Start Coalition to
20	serve on the local WAGES coalition; amending s.
21	766.101, F.S.; redefining the term "medical
22	review committee" to include a committee of the
23	Department of Health; amending s. 383.04, F.S.;
24	revising the requirements for the prophylactic
25	to be used for the eyes of infants; repealing
26	s. 383.05, F.S., relating to the free
27	distribution of such prophylactic; providing an
28	effective date.
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30	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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1 Section 1. Subsections (2) and (13) of section 409.908, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 2 3 409.908 Reimbursement of Medicaid providers.--Subject to specific appropriations, the agency shall reimburse 4 5 Medicaid providers, in accordance with state and federal law, б according to methodologies set forth in the rules of the agency and in policy manuals and handbooks incorporated by 7 8 reference therein. These methodologies may include fee 9 schedules, reimbursement methods based on cost reporting, 10 negotiated fees, competitive bidding pursuant to s. 287.057, 11 and other mechanisms the agency considers efficient and effective for purchasing services or goods on behalf of 12 13 recipients. Payment for Medicaid compensable services made on behalf of Medicaid eligible persons is subject to the 14 availability of moneys and any limitations or directions 15 provided for in the General Appropriations Act or chapter 216. 16 17 Further, nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent 18 or limit the agency from adjusting fees, reimbursement rates, 19 lengths of stay, number of visits, or number of services, or 20 making any other adjustments necessary to comply with the 21 availability of moneys and any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act, provided the 22 adjustment is consistent with legislative intent. 23 (2)(a)1. Reimbursement to nursing homes licensed under 24 part II of chapter 400 and state-owned-and-operated 25 intermediate care facilities for the developmentally disabled 26 27 licensed under chapter 393 must be made prospectively. 2. Unless otherwise limited or directed in the General 28 29 Appropriations Act, reimbursement to hospitals licensed under part I of chapter 395 for the provision of swing-bed nursing 30 31 home services must be made on the basis of the average 3

1 statewide nursing home payment, and reimbursement to a 2 hospital licensed under part I of chapter 395 for the 3 provision of skilled nursing services must be made on the 4 basis of the average nursing home payment for those services 5 in the county in which the hospital is located. When a б hospital is located in a county that does not have any 7 community nursing homes, reimbursement must be determined by 8 averaging the nursing home payments, in counties that surround 9 the county in which the hospital is located. Reimbursement to 10 hospitals, including Medicaid payment of Medicare copayments, 11 for skilled nursing services shall be limited to 30 days, unless a prior authorization has been obtained from the 12 13 agency. Medicaid reimbursement may be extended by the agency 14 beyond 30 days, and approval must be based upon verification 15 by the patient's physician that the patient requires short-term rehabilitative and recuperative services only, in 16 17 which case an extension of no more than 15 days may be approved. Reimbursement to a hospital licensed under part I of 18 19 chapter 395 for the temporary provision of skilled nursing 20 services to nursing home residents who have been displaced as the result of a natural disaster or other emergency may not 21 exceed the average county nursing home payment for those 22 services in the county in which the hospital is located and is 23 24 limited to the period of time which the agency considers necessary for continued placement of the nursing home 25 residents in the hospital. 26

(b) Subject to any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act, the agency shall establish and implement a Florida Title XIX Long-Term Care Reimbursement Plan (Medicaid) for nursing home care in order to provide care and services in conformance with the

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1 applicable state and federal laws, rules, regulations, and 2 quality and safety standards and to ensure that individuals 3 eligible for medical assistance have reasonable geographic 4 access to such care. Effective not later than the rate-setting 5 period beginning July 1, 1999, the agency shall establish a б case-mix reimbursement methodology for the rate of payment for 7 long-term-care services for nursing home residents. The agency 8 shall compute a per diem rate for Medicaid residents, adjusted 9 for case mix, which is based on a resident classification 10 system that accounts for the relative resource utilization by 11 different types of residents and which is based on level-of-care data and other appropriate data. The case-mix 12 methodology developed by the agency shall take into account 13 the medical, behavioral, and cognitive deficits of residents. 14 In developing the reimbursement methodology, the agency shall 15 evaluate and modify other aspects of the reimbursement plan as 16 17 necessary to improve the overall effectiveness of the plan with respect to the costs of patient care, operating costs, 18 and property costs. The agency shall work with the Department 19 of Elderly Affairs, the Florida Health Care Association, and 20 the Florida Association of Homes for the Aging in developing 21 the methodology. It is the intent of the Legislature that the 22 reimbursement plan achieve the goal of providing access to 23 24 health care for nursing home residents who require large 25 amounts of care while encouraging diversion services as an alternative to nursing home care for residents who can be 26 27 served within the community. The agency shall base the 28 establishment of any maximum rate of payment, whether overall 29 or component, on the available moneys as provided for in the General Appropriations Act. The agency may base the maximum 30 31 rate of payment on the results of scientifically valid

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1 analysis and conclusions derived from objective statistical 2 data pertinent to the particular maximum rate of payment. 3 (13) Medicare premiums for persons eligible for both Medicare and Medicaid coverage shall be paid at the rates 4 5 established by Title XVIII of the Social Security Act. For б Medicare services rendered to Medicaid-eligible persons, 7 Medicaid shall pay Medicare deductibles and coinsurance as 8 follows: 9 (a) Medicaid shall make no payment toward deductibles 10 and coinsurance for any service that is not covered by 11 Medicaid. (b) Medicaid's financial obligation for deductibles 12 and coinsurance payments shall be based on Medicare allowable 13 fees, not on a provider's billed charges. 14 (c) Medicaid will pay no portion of Medicare 15 deductibles and coinsurance when payment that Medicare has 16 17 made for the service equals or exceeds what Medicaid would have paid if it had been the sole payor. The combined payment 18 19 of Medicare and Medicaid shall not exceed the amount Medicaid 20 would have paid had it been the sole payor. The following provisions are exceptions to 21 (d) 22 paragraphs (a)-(c): 23 1. Medicaid payments for Nursing Home Medicare Part A 24 coinsurance shall be the lesser of the Medicare coinsurance 25 amount or the Medicaid nursing home per diem rate. Medicaid shall pay all deductibles and coinsurance 26 2. 27 for Nursing Home Medicare Part B services. 28 3. Medicaid shall pay all deductibles and coinsurance 29 for Medicare-eligible recipients receiving freestanding end 30 stage renal dialysis center services. 31

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1	4. Medicaid shall pay all deductibles and coinsurance
2	for hospital outpatient Medicare Part B services.
3	5. Medicaid payments for general hospital inpatient
4	services shall be limited to the Medicare deductible per spell
5	of illness. Medicaid shall make no payment toward coinsurance
6	for Medicare general hospital inpatient services.
7	6. Medicaid shall pay all deductibles and coinsurance
8	for Medicare emergency transportation services. Premiums,
9	deductibles, and coinsurance for Medicare services rendered to
10	Medicaid eligible persons shall be reimbursed in accordance
11	with fees established by Title XVIII of the Social Security
12	<del>Act.</del>
13	Section 2. Paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section
14	409.912, Florida Statutes, is repealed, paragraph (d) of
15	subsection $(3)$ and subsection $(13)$ of that section are
16	amended, and subsection (34) is added to that section, to
17	read:
18	409.912 Cost-effective purchasing of health careThe
19	agency shall purchase goods and services for Medicaid
20	recipients in the most cost-effective manner consistent with
21	the delivery of quality medical care. The agency shall
22	maximize the use of prepaid per capita and prepaid aggregate
23	fixed-sum basis services when appropriate and other
24	alternative service delivery and reimbursement methodologies,
25	including competitive bidding pursuant to s. 287.057, designed
26	to facilitate the cost-effective purchase of a case-managed
27	continuum of care. The agency shall also require providers to
28	minimize the exposure of recipients to the need for acute
29	inpatient, custodial, and other institutional care and the
30	inappropriate or unnecessary use of high-cost services.
31	(3) The agency may contract with:
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1 (d) No more than four provider service networks for 2 demonstration projects to test Medicaid direct contracting. 3 However, no such demonstration project shall be established 4 with a federally qualified health center nor shall any 5 provider service network under contract with the agency б pursuant to this paragraph include a federally qualified 7 health center in its provider network. One demonstration 8 project must be located in Orange County. The demonstration 9 projects may be reimbursed on a fee-for-service or prepaid 10 basis. A provider service network which is reimbursed by the 11 agency on a prepaid basis shall be exempt from parts I and III of chapter 641, but must meet appropriate financial reserve, 12 quality assurance, and patient rights requirements as 13 14 established by the agency. The agency shall award contracts on a competitive bid basis and shall select bidders based upon 15 price and quality of care. Medicaid recipients assigned to a 16 17 demonstration project shall be chosen equally from those who would otherwise have been assigned to prepaid plans and 18 19 MediPass. The agency is authorized to seek federal Medicaid 20 waivers as necessary to implement the provisions of this section. A demonstration project awarded pursuant to this 21 paragraph shall be for 2 years from the date of 22 implementation. 23 24 (13) The agency shall identify health care utilization 25 and price patterns within the Medicaid program which that are not cost-effective or medically appropriate and assess the 26 27 effectiveness of new or alternate methods of providing and monitoring service, and may implement such methods as it 28 29 considers appropriate. Such methods may include disease-management initiatives, an integrated and systematic 30 31 approach for managing the health care needs of recipients who 8

1 are at risk of or diagnosed with a specific disease by using best practices, prevention strategies, clinical-practice 2 3 improvement, clinical interventions and protocols, outcomes research, information technology, and other tools and 4 5 resources to reduce overall costs and improve measurable б outcomes. 7 (34) The agency may provide for cost-effective 8 purchasing of home health services through competitive negotiation pursuant to s. 287.057. The agency may request 9 10 appropriate waivers from the federal Health Care Financing 11 Administration in order to competitively bid home health 12 services. Section 3. Subsection (2) of section 409.9122, Florida 13 Statutes, is amended to read: 14 409.9122 Mandatory Medicaid managed care enrollment; 15 16 programs and procedures.--17 (2)(a) The agency shall enroll in a managed care plan or MediPass all Medicaid recipients, except those Medicaid 18 19 recipients who are: in an institution; enrolled in the 20 Medicaid medically needy program; or eligible for both 21 Medicaid and Medicare. However, to the extent permitted by federal law, the agency may enroll in a managed care plan or 22 MediPass a Medicaid recipient who is exempt from mandatory 23 24 managed care enrollment, provided that: 25 1. The recipient's decision to enroll in a managed care plan or MediPass is voluntary; 26 27 If the recipient chooses to enroll in a managed 2. 28 care plan, the agency has determined that the managed care 29 plan provides specific programs and services which address the 30 special health needs of the recipient; and 31

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1 The agency receives any necessary waivers from the 3. 2 federal Health Care Financing Administration. 3 The agency shall develop rules to establish policies by which 4 5 exceptions to the mandatory managed care enrollment б requirement may be made on a case-by-case basis. The rules 7 shall include the specific criteria to be applied when making 8 a determination as to whether to exempt a recipient from 9 mandatory enrollment in a managed care plan or MediPass. 10 School districts participating in the certified school match 11 program pursuant to ss. 236.0812 and 409.908(21) shall be reimbursed by Medicaid, subject to the limitations of s. 12 236.0812(1) and (2), for a Medicaid-eligible child 13 participating in the services as authorized in s. 236.0812, as 14 provided for in s. 409.9071, regardless of whether the child 15 is enrolled in MediPass or a managed care plan. Managed care 16 17 plans shall make a good faith effort to execute agreements 18 with school districts and county health departments regarding 19 the coordinated provision of services authorized under s. 20 236.0812. To ensure continuity of care for Medicaid patients, the agency and the Department of Education shall develop 21 22 procedures for ensuring that a student's managed care plan or MediPass provider receives information relating to services 23 24 provided in accordance with ss. 236.0812 and 409.9071. (b) A Medicaid recipient shall not be enrolled in or 25 assigned to a managed care plan or MediPass unless the managed 26 27 care plan or MediPass has complied with the quality-of-care 28 standards specified in paragraphs (3)(a) and (b), 29 respectively. 30 (c) Medicaid recipients shall have a choice of managed 31 care plans or MediPass. The Agency for Health Care

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1 Administration, the Department of Health and Rehabilitative 2 Services, the Department of Children and Family Services, and 3 the Department of Elderly Affairs shall cooperate to ensure 4 that each Medicaid recipient receives clear and easily 5 understandable information that meets the following 6 requirements:

7 1. Explains the concept of managed care, including8 MediPass.

9 2. Provides information on the comparative performance
10 of managed care plans and MediPass in the areas of quality,
11 credentialing, preventive health programs, network size and
12 availability, and patient satisfaction.

3. Explains where additional information on each
managed care plan and MediPass in the recipient's area can be
obtained.

4. Explains that recipients have the right to choose
their own managed care plans or MediPass. However, if a
recipient does not choose a managed care plan or MediPass, the
agency will assign the recipient to a managed care plan or
MediPass according to the criteria specified in this section.

5. Explains the recipient's right to complain, file a grievance, or change managed care plans or MediPass providers if the recipient is not satisfied with the managed care plan or MediPass.

(d) The agency shall develop a mechanism for providing information to Medicaid recipients for the purpose of making a managed care plan or MediPass selection. Examples of such mechanisms may include, but not be limited to, interactive information systems, mailings, and mass marketing materials. Managed care plans and MediPass providers are prohibited from providing inducements to Medicaid recipients to select their

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plans or from prejudicing Medicaid recipients against other
 managed care plans or MediPass providers.

3 (e) Prior to requesting a Medicaid recipient who is 4 subject to mandatory managed care enrollment to make a choice 5 between a managed care plan or MediPass, the agency shall 6 contact and provide choice counseling to the recipient. 7 Medicaid recipients who are already enrolled in a managed care plan or MediPass shall be offered the opportunity to change 8 9 managed care plans or MediPass providers on a staggered basis, 10 as defined by the agency. All Medicaid recipients shall have 11 90 days in which to make a choice of managed care plans or MediPass providers. Those Medicaid recipients who do not make 12 13 a choice shall be assigned to a managed care plan or MediPass in accordance with paragraph (f). To facilitate continuity of 14 15 care, for a Medicaid recipient who is also a recipient of Supplemental Security Income (SSI), prior to assigning the SSI 16 17 recipient to a managed care plan or MediPass, the agency shall determine whether the SSI recipient has an ongoing 18 19 relationship with a MediPass provider or managed care plan, 20 and if so, the agency shall assign the SSI recipient to that MediPass provider or managed care plan. Those SSI recipients 21 22 who do not have such a provider relationship shall be assigned to a managed care plan or MediPass provider in accordance with 23 24 paragraph (f).

(f) When a Medicaid recipient does not choose a managed care plan or MediPass provider, the agency shall assign the Medicaid recipient to a managed care plan or MediPass provider. In the first period that assignment begins, the assignments shall be divided equally between the MediPass program and managed care plans. Thereafter, assignment of Medicaid recipients who fail to make a choice

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1 shall be based proportionally on the preferences of recipients 2 who have made a choice in the previous period. Such 3 proportions shall be revised at least quarterly to reflect an 4 update of the preferences of Medicaid recipients. When making 5 assignments, the agency shall take into account the following 6 criteria:

7 1. A managed care plan has sufficient network capacity8 to meet the need of members.

9 2. The managed care plan or MediPass has previously
10 enrolled the recipient as a member, or one of the managed care
11 plan's primary care providers or MediPass providers has
12 previously provided health care to the recipient.

3. The agency has knowledge that the member has
 previously expressed a preference for a particular managed
 care plan or MediPass provider as indicated by Medicaid
 fee-for-service claims data, but has failed to make a choice.

17 4. The managed care plan's or MediPass primary care
18 providers are geographically accessible to the recipient's
19 residence.

(g) When more than one managed care plan or MediPass provider meets the criteria specified in paragraph (f), the agency shall make recipient assignments consecutively by family unit.

(h) The agency may not engage in practices that are designed to favor one managed care plan over another or that are designed to influence Medicaid recipients to enroll in MediPass rather than in a managed care plan or to enroll in a managed care plan rather than in MediPass. This subsection does not prohibit the agency from reporting on the performance of MediPass or any managed care plan, as measured by performance criteria developed by the agency.

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1 (i) After a recipient has made a selection or has been 2 enrolled in a managed care plan or MediPass, the recipient 3 shall have 90 60 days in which to voluntarily disenroll and 4 select another managed care plan or MediPass provider. After 5 90 <del>60</del> days, no further changes may be made except for cause. б Cause shall include, but not be limited to, poor quality of 7 care, lack of access to necessary specialty services, an unreasonable delay or denial of service, or fraudulent 8 9 enrollment. The agency shall develop criteria for good cause 10 disenrollment for chronically ill and disabled populations who 11 are assigned to managed care plans if more appropriate care is available through the MediPass program. The agency must make 12 13 a determination as to whether cause exists. However, the 14 agency may require a recipient to use the managed care plan's 15 or MediPass grievance process prior to the agency's determination of cause, except in cases in which immediate 16 17 risk of permanent damage to the recipient's health is alleged. The grievance process, when utilized, must be completed in 18 19 time to permit the recipient to disenroll no later than the 20 first day of the second month after the month the disenrollment request was made. If the managed care plan or 21 22 MediPass, as a result of the grievance process, approves an enrollee's request to disenroll, the agency is not required to 23 24 make a determination in the case. The agency must make a 25 determination and take final action on a recipient's request so that disenrollment occurs no later than the first day of 26 the second month after the month the request was made. If the 27 28 agency fails to act within the specified timeframe, the 29 recipient's request to disenroll is deemed to be approved as of the date agency action was required. Recipients who 30 31 disagree with the agency's finding that cause does not exist 14

1 for disenrollment shall be advised of their right to pursue a 2 Medicaid fair hearing to dispute the agency's finding. 3 (j) The agency shall apply for a federal waiver from the Health Care Financing Administration to lock eligible 4 5 Medicaid recipients into a managed care plan or MediPass for 6 12 months after an open enrollment period. After 12 months' 7 enrollment, a recipient may select another managed care plan 8 or MediPass provider. However, nothing shall prevent a 9 Medicaid recipient from changing primary care providers within 10 the managed care plan or MediPass program during the 12-month 11 period. 12 In order to provide increased access to managed <del>(k)</del> 13 care, the agency may request from the Health Care Financing 14 Administration a waiver of the regulation requiring health 15 maintenance organizations to have one commercial enrollee for each three Medicaid enrollees. 16 17 Section 4. Paragraph (f) of subsection (12) and subsection (18) of section 409.910, Florida Statutes, are 18 19 amended to read: 409.910 Responsibility for payments on behalf of 20 21 Medicaid-eligible persons when other parties are liable .--22 (12) The department may, as a matter of right, in order to enforce its rights under this section, institute, 23 24 intervene in, or join any legal or administrative proceeding 25 in its own name in one or more of the following capacities: individually, as subrogee of the recipient, as assignee of the 26 recipient, or as lienholder of the collateral. 27 28 (f) Notwithstanding any provision in this section to 29 the contrary, the department shall reduce its recovery to take account of the cost of procuring the judgment, award, or 30 31 settlement amount as provided in this section. 15

1	1. In the event of an action in tort against a third
2	party in which the recipient or his or her legal
3	representative is a party and in which the amount of any
4	judgment, award, or settlement from third-party benefits,
5	excluding medical coverage as defined in sub-subparagraph d.
6	subparagraph 4., after reasonable costs and expenses of
7	litigation, is an amount equal to or less than 200 percent of
8	the amount of medical assistance provided by Medicaid less any
9	medical coverage paid or payable to the department, then
10	distribution of the amount recovered shall be as follows:
11	<u>a.<del>1.</del> Any fee for services of an attorney retained by</u>
12	the recipient or his or her legal representative shall not
13	exceed an amount equal to 25 percent of the recovery, after
14	reasonable costs and expenses of litigation, from the
15	judgment, award, or settlement.
16	<u>b.<del>2.</del> After attorney's fees, two-thirds of the</u>
17	remaining recovery shall be designated for past medical care
18	and paid to the department for medical assistance provided by
19	Medicaid.
20	c.3. The remaining amount from the recovery shall be
21	paid to the recipient.
22	d. As used in $4$ . For purposes of this paragraph, the
23	term "medical coverage" means any benefits under health
24	insurance, a health maintenance organization, a preferred
25	provider arrangement, or a prepaid health clinic, and the
26	portion of benefits designated for medical payments under
27	coverage for workers' compensation, personal injury
28	protection, and casualty.
29	2. In the event of an action in tort against a third
30	party in which the recipient or his or her legal
31	representative is a party and in which the amount of any
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1 judgment, award, or settlement from the third-party benefits, excluding medical coverage as defined in sub-subparagraph 2 3 1.d., after reasonable costs and expenses of litigation, is an 4 amount more than 200 percent of the amount of medical 5 assistance provided by Medicaid, less any medical coverage б paid or payable to the department, then distribution of the 7 amount of recovery must be computed as follows: 8 a. Determine the ratio of the procurement costs to the 9 total judgment or settlement payment. Procurement costs must 10 include reasonable costs and expenses of litigation and 11 attorney's fees. The total amount of attorney's fees used to determine the procurement costs attributable to Medicaid must 12 not exceed 25 percent of the award, judgment, or settlement 13 14 from third-party benefits, excluding medical coverage as defined in sub-subparagraph 1.d., and after reasonable costs 15 and expenses of litigation. 16 b. Apply the ratio to the Medicaid payment. The 17 product is the Medicaid share of procurement costs. 18 19 c. Subtract the Medicaid share of procurement costs from the Medicaid payments. The remainder is the department's 20 21 recovery amount. (18) A recipient or his or her legal representative or 22 any person representing, or acting as agent for, a recipient 23 24 or the recipient's legal representative, who has notice, excluding notice charged solely by reason of the recording of 25 the lien pursuant to paragraph (6)(d), or who has actual 26 27 knowledge of the department's rights to third-party benefits under this section, who receives any third-party benefit or 28 29 proceeds therefrom for a covered illness or injury, is 30 required either to pay the department, within 60 days after 31 receipt of settlement proceeds, the full amount of the 17

1 third-party benefits, but not in excess of the total medical assistance provided by Medicaid, or to place the full amount 2 3 of the third-party benefits in a trust account for the benefit of the department pending judicial or administrative 4 5 determination of the department's right thereto. Proof that 6 any such person had notice or knowledge that the recipient had 7 received medical assistance from Medicaid, and that 8 third-party benefits or proceeds therefrom were in any way 9 related to a covered illness or injury for which Medicaid had 10 provided medical assistance, and that any such person 11 knowingly obtained possession or control of, or used, third-party benefits or proceeds and failed either to pay the 12 13 department the full amount required by this section or to hold the full amount of third-party benefits or proceeds in trust 14 pending judicial or administrative determination, unless 15 adequately explained, gives rise to an inference that such 16 17 person knowingly failed to credit the state or its agent for 18 payments received from social security, insurance, or other 19 sources, pursuant to s. 414.39(4)(b), and acted with the 20 intent set forth in s. 812.014(1). (a) The department is authorized to investigate and to 21 request appropriate officers or agencies of the state to 22 investigate suspected criminal violations or fraudulent 23 24 activity related to third-party benefits, including, without 25 limitation, ss. 409.325 and 812.014. Such requests may be directed, without limitation, to the Medicaid Fraud Control 26 Unit of the Office of the Attorney General, or to any state 27 attorney. Pursuant to s. 409.913, the Attorney General has 28 29 primary responsibility to investigate and control Medicaid 30 fraud.

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1	(b) In carrying out duties and responsibilities
2	related to Medicaid fraud control, the department may subpoena
3	witnesses or materials within or outside the state and,
4	through any duly designated employee, administer oaths and
5	affirmations and collect evidence for possible use in either
6	civil or criminal judicial proceedings.
7	(c) All information obtained and documents prepared
8	pursuant to an investigation of a Medicaid recipient, the
9	recipient's legal representative, or any other person relating
10	to an allegation of recipient fraud or theft is confidential
11	and exempt from s. 119.07(1):
12	1. Until such time as the department takes final
13	agency action;
14	2. Until such time as the Attorney General refers the
15	case for criminal prosecution;
16	3. Until such time as an indictment or criminal
17	information is filed by a state attorney in a criminal case;
18	or
19	4. At all times if otherwise protected by law.
20	Section 5. Subsection (1) of section 414.28, Florida
21	Statutes, is amended to read:
22	414.28 Public assistance payments to constitute debt
23	of recipient
24	(1) CLAIMSThe acceptance of public assistance
25	creates a debt of the person accepting assistance, which debt
26	is enforceable only after the death of the recipient. The
27	debt thereby created is enforceable only by claim filed
28	against the estate of the recipient after his or her death or
29	by suit to set aside a fraudulent conveyance, as defined in
30	subsection (3). After the death of the recipient and within
31	the time prescribed by law, the department may file a claim
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against the estate of the recipient for the total amount of 1 2 public assistance paid to or for the benefit of such 3 recipient, reimbursement for which has not been made. Claims 4 so filed shall take priority as class 3 <del>class 7</del> claims as 5 provided by s. 733.707(1)(g). б Section 6. Section 198.30, Florida Statutes, is 7 amended to read: 8 198.30 Circuit judge to furnish department with names 9 of decedents, etc.--Each circuit judge of this state shall, on 10 or before the 10th day of every month, notify the department 11 of the names of all decedents; the names and addresses of the respective personal representatives, administrators, or 12 13 curators appointed; the amount of the bonds, if any, required 14 by the court; and the probable value of the estates, in all estates of decedents whose wills have been probated or 15 propounded for probate before the circuit judge or upon which 16 17 letters testamentary or upon whose estates letters of administration or curatorship have been sought or granted, 18 19 during the preceding month; and such report shall contain any other information which the circuit judge may have concerning 20 the estates of such decedents. In addition, a copy of this 21 report shall be provided to the Agency for Health Care 22 Administration.A circuit judge shall also furnish forthwith 23 24 such further information, from the records and files of the 25 circuit court in regard to such estates, as the department may from time to time require. 26 27 Section 7. Subsection (1) of section 154.504, Florida 28 Statutes, is amended to read: 29 154.504 Eligibility and benefits.--(1) Any county or counties may apply for a primary 30 31 care for children and families challenge grant to provide 20

primary health care services to children and families with 1 2 incomes of up to 150 percent of the federal poverty level. 3 Participants shall pay no monthly premium for participation, 4 but shall be required to pay a copayment at the time a service 5 is provided. Copayments may be paid from sources other than б the participant, including, but not limited to, the child's or 7 parent's employer, or other private sources. As used in s. 8 766.1115, the term "copayment" may not be considered and may 9 not be used as compensation for services to health care 10 providers, and all funds generated from copayments shall be 11 used by the governmental contractor. Section 8. Section 381.0022, Florida Statutes, is 12 13 created to read: 381.0022 Sharing confidential 14 15 information. -- Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the Department of Health and the Department of Children and 16 17 Family Services may share confidential or exempt information that concerns clients served by both agencies. Confidential 18 19 information exchanged as provided in this section remains confidential and exempt for disclosure as otherwise provided 20 by law. 21 22 Section 9. Section 402.115, Florida Statutes, is 23 created to read: 24 402.115 Sharing confidential 25 information .-- Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the Department of Health and the Department of Children and 26 Family Services may share confidential or exempt information 27 that concerns clients served by both agencies. Confidential 28 29 information exchanged as provided in this section remains confidential and exempt for disclosure as otherwise provided 30 31 by law.

1	Section 10. Paragraph (e) is added to subsection (1)
2	of section 414.028, Florida Statutes, to read:
3	414.028 Local WAGES coalitionsThe WAGES Program
4	State Board of Directors shall create and charter local WAGES
5	coalitions to plan and coordinate the delivery of services
6	under the WAGES Program at the local level. The boundaries of
7	the service area for a local WAGES coalition shall conform to
8	the boundaries of the service area for the regional workforce
9	development board established under the Enterprise Florida
10	workforce development board. The local delivery of services
11	under the WAGES Program shall be coordinated, to the maximum
12	extent possible, with the local services and activities of the
13	local service providers designated by the regional workforce
14	development boards.
15	(1)
16	(e) A representative of a county health department or
17	a representative of a Healthy Start Coalition shall serve as
18	an ex officio, nonvoting member of the coalition.
19	Section 11. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section
20	766.101, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
21	766.101 Medical review committee, immunity from
22	liability
23	(1) As used in this section:
24	(a) The term "medical review committee" or "committee"
25	means:
26	1.a. A committee of a hospital or ambulatory surgical
27	center licensed under chapter 395 or a health maintenance
28	organization certificated under part I of chapter 641,
29	b. A committee of a state or local professional
30	society of health care providers,
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1 c. A committee of a medical staff of a licensed hospital or nursing home, provided the medical staff operates 2 3 pursuant to written bylaws that have been approved by the 4 governing board of the hospital or nursing home, 5 A committee of the Department of Corrections or the d. б Correctional Medical Authority as created under s. 945.602, or 7 employees, agents, or consultants of either the department or 8 the authority or both, e. A committee of a professional service corporation 9 10 formed under chapter 621 or a corporation organized under 11 chapter 607 or chapter 617, which is formed and operated for the practice of medicine as defined in s. 458.305(3), and 12 13 which has at least 25 health care providers who routinely provide health care services directly to patients, 14 f. A committee of a mental health treatment facility 15 licensed under chapter 394 or a community mental health center 16 17 as defined in s. 394.907, provided the quality assurance 18 program operates pursuant to the guidelines which have been 19 approved by the governing board of the agency, 20 g. A committee of a substance abuse treatment and education prevention program licensed under chapter 397 21 22 provided the quality assurance program operates pursuant to the guidelines which have been approved by the governing board 23 24 of the agency, h. A peer review or utilization review committee 25 organized under chapter 440, or 26 27 A committee of the Department of Health, a county i. 28 health department, healthy start coalition, or certified rural 29 health network, when reviewing quality of care, or employees of these entities when reviewing mortality records, 30 31 23

which committee is formed to evaluate and improve the quality of health care rendered by providers of health service or to determine that health services rendered were professionally indicated or were performed in compliance with the applicable standard of care or that the cost of health care rendered was considered reasonable by the providers of professional health services in the area; or

8 2. A committee of an insurer, self-insurer, or joint
9 underwriting association of medical malpractice insurance, or
10 other persons conducting review under s. 766.106.

Section 12. Section 383.04, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

13 383.04 Prophylactic required for eyes of infants.--Every physician, midwife, or other person in 14 attendance at the birth of a child in the state is required to 15 instill or have instilled into the eyes of the baby within 1 16 17 hour after birth an effective prophylactic recommended by the Committee on Infectious Diseases of the American Academy of 18 19 Pediatrics a 1-percent fresh solution of silver nitrate (with 20 date of manufacture marked on container), two drops of the solution to be dropped into each eye after the eyelids have 21 22 been opened, or some equally effective prophylactic approved by the Department of Health, for the prevention of neonatal 23 24 blindness from ophthalmia neonatorum. This section does shall 25 not apply to cases where the parents shall file with the physician, midwife, or other person in attendance at the birth 26 of a child written objections on account of religious beliefs 27 28 contrary to the use of drugs. In such case the physician, 29 midwife, or other person in attendance shall maintain a record that such measures were or were not employed and attach 30 31 thereto any written objection.

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1	Section 13. Section 383.05, Florida Statutes, is
2	repealed.
3	Section 14. This act shall take effect July 1, 1998.
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5	STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR
6	<u>CS/SB_484</u>
7	
8	Contains the following provisions:
9 10	Precribes guidelines for Medicaid payment of Medicare deductibles and coinsurance;
11	Repeals a prohibition on specified contracts and eliminates a redundant provision;
12 13	Prohibits the use of copayments as compensation by health care providers;
14	Authorizes the Department of Health and the Department of Children and Family Services to share confidential information on their mutual clients;
15 16 17	Provides for a representative of a county health department or Healthy Start Coalition to serve as a nonvoting member of the local WAGES coalition;
18	Redefines the term "medical review committee" to include a committee of the Department of Health;
19 20	Requires the prophylactic to be used for the eyes of newborn infants to be approved by the Committee on Infectious Diseases of the American Academy of Pediatrics; and
21 22	Repeals provision requiring the Department of Health to prepare prophylactic solution, disallowed by s. 383.04, F.S., for free distribution.
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