By the Committee on Health Care and Senator Clary

317-1695-98

A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to physician assistants; amending ss. 39.01, 154.04, 232.465, 395.0191, 3 4 458.347, 459.022, 627.351, 627.357, 766.105, 766.1115, 984.03, 985.03, F.S.; providing for 5 6 licensure of physician assistants rather than 7 certification; prescribing qualifications for licensure and revising provisions governing 8 9 examinations; conforming statutory provisions; providing an effective date. 10 11 12 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 13 Section 1. Subsection (29) of section 39.01, Florida 14 Statutes, is amended to read: 15 39.01 Definitions. -- When used in this chapter: 16 (29) "Licensed health care professional" means a 17 physician licensed under chapter 458, an osteopathic physician 18 19 licensed under chapter 459, a nurse licensed under chapter 20 464, a physician assistant licensed <del>certified</del> under chapter 458, or a dentist licensed under chapter 466. 21 22 Section 2. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 154.04, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 23 24 154.04 Personnel of county health departments; duties; compensation. --25 26 (1)27 (c)1. A registered nurse or licensed certified 28 physician assistant working in a county health department is 29 authorized to assess a patient and order medications, provided 30 that: 31 No licensed physician is on the premises;

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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- CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

- The patient is assessed and medication ordered in accordance with rules promulgated by the department and pursuant to a protocol approved by a physician who supervises the patient care activities of the registered nurse or licensed certified physician assistant;
- The patient is being assessed by the registered nurse or licensed <del>certified</del> physician assistant as a part of a program approved by the department; and
- The medication ordered appears on a formulary approved by the department and is prepackaged and prelabeled with dosage instructions and distributed from a source authorized under chapter 499 to repackage and distribute drugs, which source is under the supervision of a consultant pharmacist employed by the department.
- Each county health department shall adopt written protocols which provide for supervision of the registered nurse or licensed <del>certified</del> physician assistant by a physician licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459 and for the procedures by which patients may be assessed, and medications ordered and delivered, by the registered nurse or licensed certified physician assistant. Such protocols shall be signed by the supervising physician, the director of the county health department, and the registered nurse or licensed certified physician assistant.
- 3. Each county health department shall maintain and have available for inspection by representatives of the Department of Health all medical records and patient care protocols, including records of medications delivered to patients, in accordance with rules of the department.
- The Department of Health shall adopt rules which establish the conditions under which a registered nurse or

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licensed <del>certified</del> physician assistant may assess patients and order and deliver medications, based upon written protocols of supervision by a physician licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459, and which establish the formulary from which medications may be ordered.

- The department shall require that a consultant pharmacist conduct a periodic inspection of each county health department in meeting the requirements of this paragraph.
- 6. A county health department may establish or contract with peer review committees or organizations to review the quality of communicable disease control and primary care services provided by the county health department.
- Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 232.46, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 232.46 Administration of medication by school district personnel.--
- (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of the Nurse Practice Act, chapter 464, school district personnel shall be authorized to assist students in the administration of prescription medication when the following conditions have been met:
- (a) Each district school board shall include in its approved school health services plan a procedure to provide training, by a registered nurse, a licensed practical nurse, a physician licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459, or a physician assistant licensed <del>certified</del> pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459, to the school personnel designated by the principal to assist students in the administration of prescribed medication. Such training may be provided in collaboration with other school districts, through contract

with an education consortium, or by any other arrangement consistent with the intent of this section.

Section 4. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 232.465, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

232.465 Provision of medical services; restrictions.--

- (2) Nonmedical assistive personnel shall be allowed to perform health-related services upon successful completion of child-specific training by a registered nurse, a licensed practical nurse, a physician licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459, or a physician assistant <u>licensed</u> certified pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459. All procedures shall be monitored periodically by the nurse. Those procedures include, but are not limited to:
  - (a) Cleaning intermittent catheterization.
  - (b) Gastrostomy tube feeding.
  - (c) Monitoring blood glucose.
  - (d) Administering emergency injectable medication.
- (3) For all other invasive medical services not listed in subsection (1) or subsection (2), a registered nurse, a licensed practical nurse, a physician licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459, or a physician assistant <u>licensed</u> certified pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459 shall determine if nonmedical school district personnel shall be allowed to perform such service.

Section 5. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 395.0191, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

395.0191 Staff membership and clinical privileges.--

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(c) Each licensed facility shall establish rules and procedures for consideration of an application for clinical privileges submitted by a physician assistant licensed

certified pursuant to s. 458.347 or s. 459.022. Clinical privileges granted to a physician assistant pursuant to this subsection shall automatically terminate upon termination of staff membership of the physician assistant's supervising physician.

Section 6. Section 458.347, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

458.347 Physician assistants.--

- (1) LEGISLATIVE INTENT.--
- (a) The purpose of this section is to encourage more effective utilization of the skills of physicians or groups of physicians by enabling them to delegate health care tasks to qualified assistants when such delegation is consistent with the patient's health and welfare.
- (b) In order that maximum skills may be obtained within a minimum time period of education, a physician assistant shall be specialized to the extent that he or she can operate efficiently and effectively in the specialty areas in which he or she has been trained or is experienced.
- (c) The purpose of this section is to encourage the utilization of physician assistants by physicians and to allow for innovative development of programs for the education of physician assistants.
  - (2) DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section:
- (a) "Approved program" means a program, formally approved by the boards, for the education of physician assistants.
- (b) "Boards" means the Board of Medicine and the Board of Osteopathic Medicine.
- 30 (c) "Council" means the Council on Physician 31 Assistants.

- 1 (d) "Trainee" means a person who is currently enrolled 2 in an approved program.
  - (e) "Physician assistant" means a person who is a graduate of an approved program or its equivalent or meets standards approved by the boards and is <u>licensed</u> certified to perform medical services delegated by the supervising physician.
  - (f) "Supervision" means responsible supervision and control. Except in cases of emergency, supervision requires the easy availability or physical presence of the licensed physician for consultation and direction of the actions of the physician assistant. For the purposes of this definition, the term "easy availability" includes the ability to communicate by way of telecommunication. The boards shall establish rules as to what constitutes responsible supervision of the physician assistant.
  - (g) "Proficiency examination" means an entry-level examination approved by the boards, including, but not limited to, those examinations administered by the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants.
  - (h) "Continuing medical education" means courses recognized and approved by the boards, the American Academy of Physician Assistants, the American Medical Association, the American Osteopathic Association, or the Accreditation Council on Continuing Medical Education.
  - (3) PERFORMANCE OF SUPERVISING PHYSICIAN.--Each physician or group of physicians supervising a <a href="licensed">licensed</a> certified physician assistant must be qualified in the medical areas in which the physician assistant is to perform and shall be individually or collectively responsible and liable for the performance and the acts and omissions of the physician

assistant. A physician may not supervise more than four currently <u>licensed</u> certified physician assistants at any one time.

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(4) PERFORMANCE OF PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS.--

- (a) The boards shall adopt, by rule, the general principles that supervising physicians must use in developing the scope of practice of a physician assistant under direct supervision and under indirect supervision. These principles shall recognize the diversity of both specialty and practice settings in which physician assistants are used.
- (b) This chapter does not prevent third-party payors from reimbursing employers of physician assistants for covered services rendered by licensed <del>certified</del> physician assistants.
- (c) <u>Licensed</u> Certified physician assistants may not be denied clinical hospital privileges, except for cause, so long as the supervising physician is a staff member in good standing.
- (d) A supervisory physician may delegate to a <u>licensed</u> certified physician assistant, pursuant to a written protocol, the authority to act according to s. 154.04(1)(c). Such delegated authority is limited to the supervising physician's practice in connection with a county health department as defined and established pursuant to chapter 154. The boards shall adopt rules governing the supervision of physician assistants by physicians in county health departments.
- (e) A supervisory physician may delegate to a fully  $\underline{\text{licensed}}$   $\underline{\text{certified}}$  physician assistant the authority to prescribe any medication used in the supervisory physician's practice if such medication is listed on the formulary created pursuant to paragraph (f). A fully  $\underline{\text{licensed}}$   $\underline{\text{certified}}$

physician assistant may only prescribe such medication under the following circumstances:

- 1. A physician assistant must clearly identify to the patient that he or she is a physician assistant. Furthermore, the physician assistant must inform the patient that the patient has the right to see the physician prior to any prescription being prescribed by the physician assistant.
- 2. The supervisory physician must notify the department of his or her intent to delegate, on a department-approved form, before delegating such authority and notify the department of any change in prescriptive privileges of with each certification renewal application filed by the physician assistant.
- 3. The physician assistant must file with the department, before commencing to prescribe, evidence that he or she has completed a continuing medical education course of at least 3 classroom hours in prescriptive practice, conducted by an accredited program approved by the boards, which course covers the limitations, responsibilities, and privileges involved in prescribing medicinal drugs, or evidence that he or she has received education comparable to the continuing education course as part of an accredited physician assistant training program.
- 4. The physician assistant must file with the department, before commencing to prescribe, evidence that the physician assistant has a minimum of 3 months of clinical experience in the specialty area of the supervising physician.
- 5. The physician assistant must file with the department a signed affidavit that he or she has completed a minimum of 10 continuing medical education hours in the specialty practice in which the physician assistant has

prescriptive privileges with each <u>licensure</u> <del>certification</del> renewal application.

- 6. The department shall issue <u>a license</u> <del>certification</del> and a prescriber number to the physician assistant granting authority for the prescribing of medicinal drugs authorized within this paragraph upon completion of the foregoing requirements.
- 7. The prescription must be written in a form that complies with chapter 499 and must contain, in addition to the supervisory physician's name, address, and telephone number, the physician assistant's prescriber number. The prescription must be filled in a pharmacy permitted under chapter 465 and must be dispensed in that pharmacy by a pharmacist licensed under chapter 465. The appearance of the prescriber number creates a presumption that the physician assistant is authorized to prescribe the medicinal drug and the prescription is valid.
- 8. The physician assistant must note the prescription in the appropriate medical record, and the supervisory physician must review and sign each notation. For dispensing purposes only, the failure of the supervisory physician to comply with these requirements does not affect the validity of the prescription.
- 9. This paragraph does not prohibit a supervisory physician from delegating to a physician assistant the authority to order medication for a hospitalized patient of the supervisory physician.

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This paragraph does not apply to facilities licensed pursuant to chapter 395.

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- (f)1. There is created a five-member committee appointed by the Secretary Director of Health Care The committee must be composed of one fully Administration. licensed certified physician assistant licensed certified pursuant to this section or s. 459.022, two physicians licensed pursuant to this chapter, one of whom supervises a fully licensed physician assistant, one osteopathic physician licensed pursuant to chapter 459, and one pharmacist licensed pursuant to chapter 465 who is not licensed pursuant to this chapter or chapter 459. The committee shall establish a formulary of medicinal drugs for which a fully licensed certified physician assistant may prescribe. The formulary may not include controlled substances as defined in chapter 893, antineoplastics, antipsychotics, radiopharmaceuticals, general anesthetics or radiographic contrast materials, or any parenteral preparations except insulin and epinephrine.
- 2. Only the committee shall add to, delete from, or modify the formulary. Any person who requests an addition, deletion, or modification of a medicinal drug listed on such formulary has the burden of proof to show cause why such addition, deletion, or modification should be made.
- 3. The boards shall adopt the formulary required by this paragraph, and each addition, deletion, or modification to the formulary, by rule. Notwithstanding any provision of chapter 120 to the contrary, the formulary rule shall be effective 60 days after the date it is filed with the Secretary of State. Upon adoption of the formulary, the department shall mail a copy of such formulary to each fully <a href="Licensed">Licensed</a> certified physician assistant and to each pharmacy licensed by the state. The boards shall establish, by rule, a

fee not to exceed \$200 to fund the provisions of this paragraph and paragraph (e).

- (5) PERFORMANCE BY TRAINEES.--Notwithstanding any other law, a trainee may perform medical services when such services are rendered within the scope of an approved program.
  - (6) PROGRAM APPROVAL. --
- (a) The boards shall approve programs, based on recommendations by the council, for the education and training of physician assistants which meet standards established by rule of the boards. The council may recommend only those physician assistant programs that hold full accreditation or provisional accreditation from the Commission on Accreditation of Allied Health Programs or its successor organization. Any educational institution offering a physician assistant program approved by the boards pursuant to this paragraph may also offer the physician assistant program authorized in paragraph (c) for unlicensed physicians.
- (b) The boards shall adopt and publish standards to ensure that such programs operate in a manner that does not endanger the health or welfare of the patients who receive services within the scope of the programs. The boards shall review the quality of the curricula, faculties, and facilities of such programs and take whatever other action is necessary to determine that the purposes of this section are being met.
- (c) Any community college with the approval of the State Board of Community Colleges may conduct a physician assistant program which shall apply for national accreditation through the American Medical Association's Committee on Allied Health, Education, and Accreditation, or its successor organization, and which may admit unlicensed physicians, as authorized in subsection (7), who are graduates of foreign

medical schools listed with the World Health Organization. The unlicensed physician must have been a resident of this state for a minimum of 12 months immediately prior to admission to the program. An evaluation of knowledge base by examination shall be required to grant advanced academic credit and to fulfill the necessary requirements to graduate. A minimum of one 16-week semester of supervised clinical and didactic education, which may be completed simultaneously, shall be required before graduation from the program. All other provisions of this section shall remain in effect.

- (7) PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT LICENSURE CERTIFICATION. --
- (a) Any person desiring to be <u>licensed</u> certified as a physician assistant must apply to the department. The department shall issue a <u>license</u> certificate to any person certified by the council as having met the following requirements:
  - 1. Is at least 18 years of age.
- 2. Has satisfactorily passed a proficiency examination by an acceptable score established by the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants. If an applicant does not hold a current certificate issued by the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants and has not actively practiced as a physician assistant within the immediately preceding 4 years, the applicant must retake and successfully complete the entry-level examination of the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants to be eligible for licensure certification.
- 3. Has completed the application form and remitted an application fee not to exceed \$300 as set by the boards. An application for <u>licensure</u> certification made by a physician assistant must include:

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- a. A certificate of completion of a physician
   assistant training program specified in subsection (6).
  - b. A sworn statement of any prior felony convictions.
- c. A sworn statement of any previous revocation or denial of licensure or certification in any state.
  - d. Two letters of recommendation.
- (b)1. Notwithstanding subparagraph (a)2. and sub-subparagraph (a)3.a., the department shall examine each applicant who the Board of Medicine certifies:
- Has completed the application form and remitted a nonrefundable application fee not to exceed \$500 and an examination fee not to exceed \$300, plus the actual cost to the department to provide the examination. The examination fee is refundable if the applicant is found to be ineligible to take the examination. The department shall not require the applicant to pass a practical component of the examination. For examinations given after July 1, 1998, competencies measured through practical examinations shall be incorporated into the written examination through a multiple-choice format. The department shall translate the examination into the native language of any applicant who requests and agrees to pay all costs of such translation, provided that the translation request is filed with the board office no later than 9 months before the scheduled examination and the applicant remits translation fees as specified by the department no later than 6 months before the scheduled examination, and provided that the applicant demonstrates to the department the ability to communicate orally in basic English. If the applicant is unable to pay translation costs, the applicant may take the next available examination in English if the applicant submits a request in writing by the application deadline and if the

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applicant is otherwise eligible under this section. To
    demonstrate the ability to communicate orally in basic
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    English, a passing score or grade is required, as determined
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    by the department or organization that developed it, on one of
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    the following English examinations:
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              The test for spoken English (TSE) by the
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    Educational Testing Service (ETS);
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          (II) The test of English as a foreign language
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   (TOEFL), by ETS;
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          (III) A high school or college level English Course;
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          (IV) The English examination for citizenship,
    Immigration and Naturalization Service.
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   A notarized copy of an Educational Commission for Foreign
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    Medical Graduates (ECFMG) certificate may also be used to
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    demonstrate the ability to communicate in basic English.
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               Is an unlicensed physician who graduated from a
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    foreign medical school listed with the World Health
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    Organization who has not previously taken and failed the
    examination of the National Commission on Certification of
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    Physician Assistants and who has been certified by the Board
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    of Medicine as having met the requirements for licensure as a
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   medical doctor by examination as set forth in s. 458.311(1),
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    (3), (4), and (5), with the exception that the applicant is
   not required to have completed an approved residency of at
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    least 1 year and the applicant is not required to have passed
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    the licensing examination specified under s. 458.311 or hold a
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    valid, active certificate issued by the Educational Commission
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    for Foreign Medical Graduates.
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- c. Was eligible and made initial application for certification as a physician assistant in this state between July 1, 1990, and June 30, 1991.
- d. Was a resident of this state on July 1, 1990, or was licensed or certified in any state in the United States as a physician assistant on July 1, 1990.
- The department may grant temporary licensure certification to an applicant who meets the requirements of subparagraph 1. Between meetings of the council, the department may grant temporary licensure certification to practice based on the completion of all temporary licensure certification requirements. All such administratively issued licenses <del>certifications</del> shall be reviewed and acted on at the next regular meeting of the council. A temporary license certificate expires upon receipt and notice of scores to the licenseholder <del>certificateholder</del> from the first available examination specified in subparagraph 1. following licensure certification by the department. An applicant who fails the proficiency examination is no longer temporarily licensed certified, but may apply for a one-time extension of temporary licensure <del>certification</del> after reapplying for the next available examination. Extended licensure certification shall expire upon failure of the licenseholder certificateholder to sit for the next available examination or upon receipt and notice of scores to the licenseholder certificateholder from such examination.
- 3. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the examination specified pursuant to subparagraph 1. shall be administered by the department only five times. Applicants certified by the board for examination shall receive at least 6 months' notice of eligibility prior to the administration of

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the initial examination. Subsequent examinations shall be administered at 1-year intervals following determined by the department after the reporting of the scores of the first and subsequent examinations examination. For the purposes of this paragraph, the department may develop, contract for the development of, purchase, or approve an examination, including a practical component, that adequately measures an applicant's ability to practice with reasonable skill and safety. minimum passing score on the examination shall be established by the department, with the advice of the board. applicants failing to pass that examination or any subsequent examination shall receive notice of the administration of the next examination with the notice of scores following such examination. Any applicant who passes the examination and meets the requirements of this section shall be licensed certified as a physician assistant with all rights defined thereby.

- (c) The <u>license</u> <del>certification</del> must be renewed biennially. Each renewal must include:
- 1. A renewal fee not to exceed \$500 as set by the boards.
- 2. A sworn statement of no felony convictions in the previous 2 years.
- (d) Each <u>licensed</u> <u>certified</u> physician assistant shall biennially complete 100 hours of continuing medical education or shall hold a current certificate issued by the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants.
- (e) Upon employment as a physician assistant, a <a href="licensed">licensed</a> certified physician assistant must notify the department in writing within 30 days after such employment or after any subsequent changes in the supervising physician. The

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notification must include the full name, Florida medical license number, specialty, and address of the supervising physician.

(f) Notwithstanding subparagraph (a)2., the department may grant to a recent graduate of an approved program, as specified in subsection (6), a temporary license certification to expire upon receipt of scores of the proficiency examination administered by the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants. Between meetings of the council, the department may grant a temporary license certification to practice based on the completion of all temporary licensure certification requirements. All such administratively issued licenses <del>certifications</del> shall be reviewed and acted on at the next regular meeting of the council. The recent graduate may be licensed certified prior to employment, but must comply with paragraph (e). An applicant who has passed the proficiency examination may be granted permanent licensure certification. An applicant failing the proficiency examination is no longer temporarily licensed <del>certified</del>, but may reapply for a 1-year extension of temporary licensure certification. An applicant may not be granted more than two temporary licenses certificates and may not be licensed <del>certified</del> as a physician assistant until he or she passes the examination administered by the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants. As prescribed by board rule, the council may require an applicant who does not pass the licensing examination after five or more attempts to complete additional remedial education or training. The council shall prescribe the additional requirements in a manner that permits the applicant to complete the requirements and be reexamined within 2 years

after the date the applicant petitions the council to retake the examination a sixth or subsequent time.

- (g) The Board of Medicine may impose any of the penalties specified in ss. 455.227 and 458.331(2) upon a physician assistant if the physician assistant or the supervising physician has been found guilty of or is being investigated for any act that constitutes a violation of this chapter or chapter 455.
- (8) DELEGATION OF POWERS AND DUTIES.--The boards may delegate such powers and duties to the council as they may deem proper.
- (9) COUNCIL ON PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS.--The Council on Physician Assistants is created within the department.
- (a) The council shall consist of five members
  appointed as follows:
- 1. The chairperson of the Board of Medicine shall appoint three members who are physicians and members of the Board of Medicine. One of the physicians must supervise a physician assistant in the physician's practice.
- 2. The chairperson of the Board of Osteopathic Medicine shall appoint one member who is a physician and a member of the Board of Osteopathic Medicine.
- 3. The secretary of the department or his or her designee shall appoint a fully  $\underline{\text{licensed}}$   $\underline{\text{certified}}$  physician assistant licensed under this chapter or chapter 459.
- (b) Two of the members appointed to the council must be physicians who supervise physician assistants in their practice. Members shall be appointed to terms of 4 years, except that of the initial appointments, two members shall be appointed to terms of 2 years, two members shall be appointed to terms of 3 years, and one member shall be appointed to a

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term of 4 years, as established by rule of the boards. Council members may not serve more than two consecutive terms. The council shall annually elect a chairperson from among its members.

- (c) The council shall:
- 1. Recommend to the department the <u>licensure</u> <del>certification</del> of physician assistants.
- 2. Develop all rules regulating the use of physician assistants by physicians under this chapter and chapter 459, except for rules relating to the formulary developed under paragraph (4)(f). The council shall also develop rules to ensure that the continuity of supervision is maintained in each practice setting. The boards shall consider adopting a proposed rule developed by the council at the regularly scheduled meeting immediately following the submission of the proposed rule by the council. A proposed rule submitted by the council may not be adopted by either board unless both boards have accepted and approved the identical language contained in the proposed rule. The language of all proposed rules submitted by the council must be approved by both boards pursuant to each respective board's guidelines and standards regarding the adoption of proposed rules. If either board rejects the council's proposed rule, that board must specify its objection to the council with particularity and include any recommendations it may have for the modification of the proposed rule.
- 3. Make recommendations to the boards regarding all matters relating to physician assistants.
- 4. Address concerns and problems of practicing physician assistants in order to improve safety in the clinical practices of licensed <del>certified</del> physician assistants.

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- (10) INACTIVE AND DELINQUENT STATUS.--A <u>license</u> certificate on inactive or delinquent status may be reactivated only as provided in s. 455.271.
- certified by the council and approved by the department and who holds himself or herself out as a physician assistant or who uses any other term in indicating or implying that he or she is a physician assistant commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.084 or by a fine not exceeding \$5,000.
- (12) DENIAL, SUSPENSION, OR REVOCATION OF <u>LICENSURE</u> CERTIFICATION.--The boards may deny, suspend, or revoke a physician assistant <u>license</u> certification if a board determines that the physician assistant has violated this chapter.
- (13) RULES.--The boards shall adopt rules to implement this section, including rules detailing the contents of the application for <u>licensure certification</u> and notification pursuant to subsection (7) and rules to ensure both the continued competency of physician assistants and the proper utilization of them by physicians or groups of physicians.
- (14) EXISTING PROGRAMS.—This section does not eliminate or supersede existing laws relating to other paramedical professions or services and is supplemental to all such existing laws relating to the <u>licensure</u> certification and practice of paramedical professions.
- (15) LIABILITY.--Each supervising physician using a physician assistant is liable for any acts or omissions of the physician assistant acting under the physician's supervision and control.

- (16) LEGAL SERVICES.--The Department of Legal Affairs shall provide legal services to the council as authorized in s. 455.221(1).
  - (17) FEES.--The department shall allocate the fees collected under this section to the council.

Section 7. Section 459.022, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

459.022 Physician assistants.--

- (1) LEGISLATIVE INTENT.--
- (a) The purpose of this section is to encourage more effective utilization of the skills of osteopathic physicians or groups of osteopathic physicians by enabling them to delegate health care tasks to qualified assistants when such delegation is consistent with the patient's health and welfare.
- (b) In order that maximum skills may be obtained within a minimum time period of education, a physician assistant shall be specialized to the extent that she or he can operate efficiently and effectively in the specialty areas in which she or he has been trained or is experienced.
- (c) The purpose of this section is to encourage the utilization of physician assistants by osteopathic physicians and to allow for innovative development of programs for the education of physician assistants.
  - (2) DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section:
- (a) "Approved program" means a program, formally approved by the boards, for the education of physician assistants.
- (b) "Boards" means the Board of Medicine and the Board of Osteopathic Medicine.

- (c) "Council" means the Council on Physician Assistants.
- (d) "Trainee" means a person who is currently enrolled in an approved program.
- (e) "Physician assistant" means a person who is a graduate of an approved program or its equivalent or meets standards approved by the boards and is <u>licensed</u> certified to perform medical services delegated by the supervising physician.
- (f) "Supervision" means responsible supervision and control. Except in cases of emergency, supervision requires the easy availability or physical presence of the licensed physician for consultation and direction of the actions of the physician assistant. For the purposes of this definition, the term "easy availability" includes the ability to communicate by way of telecommunication. The boards shall establish rules as to what constitutes responsible supervision of the physician assistant.
- (g) "Proficiency examination" means an entry-level examination approved by the boards, including, but not limited to, those examinations administered by the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants.
- (h) "Continuing medical education" means courses recognized and approved by the boards, the American Academy of Physician Assistants, the American Medical Association, the American Osteopathic Association, or the Accreditation Council on Continuing Medical Education.
- (3) PERFORMANCE OF SUPERVISING PHYSICIAN.--Each physician or group of physicians supervising a <u>licensed</u> certified physician assistant must be qualified in the medical areas in which the physician assistant is to perform and shall

be individually or collectively responsible and liable for the performance and the acts and omissions of the physician assistant. A physician may not supervise more than four currently <u>licensed</u> certified physician assistants at any one time.

- (4) PERFORMANCE OF PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS. --
- (a) The boards shall adopt, by rule, the general principles that supervising physicians must use in developing the scope of practice of a physician assistant under direct supervision and under indirect supervision. These principles shall recognize the diversity of both specialty and practice settings in which physician assistants are used.
- (b) This chapter does not prevent third-party payors from reimbursing employers of physician assistants for covered services rendered by licensed <del>certified</del> physician assistants.
- (c) <u>Licensed</u> Certified physician assistants may not be denied clinical hospital privileges, except for cause, so long as the supervising physician is a staff member in good standing.
- (d) A supervisory physician may delegate to a <u>licensed</u> certified physician assistant, pursuant to a written protocol, the authority to act according to s. 154.04(1)(c). Such delegated authority is limited to the supervising physician's practice in connection with a county health department as defined and established pursuant to chapter 154. The boards shall adopt rules governing the supervision of physician assistants by physicians in county health departments.
- (e) A supervisory physician may delegate to a fully <a href="licensed">licensed</a> certified physician assistant the authority to prescribe any medication used in the supervisory physician's practice if such medication is listed on the formulary created

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pursuant to s. 458.347. A fully <u>licensed</u> certified physician assistant may only prescribe such medication under the following circumstances:

- 1. A physician assistant must clearly identify to the patient that she or he is a physician assistant. Furthermore, the physician assistant must inform the patient that the patient has the right to see the physician prior to any prescription being prescribed by the physician assistant.
- 2. The supervisory physician must notify the department of her or his intent to delegate, on a department-approved form, before delegating such authority and notify the department of any change in prescriptive privileges of with each certification renewal application filed by the physician assistant.
- 3. The physician assistant must file with the department, before commencing to prescribe, evidence that she or he has completed a continuing medical education course of at least 3 classroom hours in prescriptive practice, conducted by an accredited program approved by the boards, which course covers the limitations, responsibilities, and privileges involved in prescribing medicinal drugs, or evidence that she or he has received education comparable to the continuing education course as part of an accredited physician assistant training program.
- 4. The physician assistant must file with the department, before commencing to prescribe, evidence that the physician assistant has a minimum of 3 months of clinical experience in the specialty area of the supervising physician.
- 5. The physician assistant must file with the department a signed affidavit that she or he has completed a minimum of 10 continuing medical education hours in the

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specialty practice in which the physician assistant has prescriptive privileges with each  $\frac{1}{1}$  icensure  $\frac{1}{1}$  renewal application.

- 6. The department shall issue <u>a license</u> <del>certification</del> and a prescriber number to the physician assistant granting authority for the prescribing of medicinal drugs authorized within this paragraph upon completion of the foregoing requirements.
- 7. The prescription must be written in a form that complies with chapter 499 and must contain, in addition to the supervisory physician's name, address, and telephone number, the physician assistant's prescriber number. The prescription must be filled in a pharmacy permitted under chapter 465, and must be dispensed in that pharmacy by a pharmacist licensed under chapter 465. The appearance of the prescriber number creates a presumption that the physician assistant is authorized to prescribe the medicinal drug and the prescription is valid.
- 8. The physician assistant must note the prescription in the appropriate medical record, and the supervisory physician must review and sign each notation. For dispensing purposes only, the failure of the supervisory physician to comply with these requirements does not affect the validity of the prescription.
- 9. This paragraph does not prohibit a supervisory physician from delegating to a physician assistant the authority to order medication for a hospitalized patient of the supervisory physician.

This paragraph does not apply to facilities licensed pursuant

31 to chapter 395.

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- (f)1. There is created a five-member committee appointed by the Secretary Director of Health Care The committee must be composed of one fully Administration. licensed certified physician assistant licensed certified pursuant to this section or s. 458.347, two physicians licensed pursuant to chapter 458, one of whom supervises a fully licensed physician assistant, one osteopathic physician licensed pursuant to this chapter, and one pharmacist licensed pursuant to chapter 465 who is not licensed pursuant to this chapter or chapter 458. The committee shall establish a formulary of medicinal drugs for which a fully licensed certified physician assistant may prescribe. The formulary may not include controlled substances as defined in chapter 893, antineoplastics, antipsychotics, radiopharmaceuticals, general anesthetics or radiographic contrast materials, or any parenteral preparations except insulin and epinephrine.
- 2. Only the committee shall add to, delete from, or modify the formulary. Any person who requests an addition, deletion, or modification of a medicinal drug listed on such formulary has the burden of proof to show cause why such addition, deletion, or modification should be made.
- 3. The boards shall adopt the formulary required by this paragraph, and each addition, deletion, or modification to the formulary, by rule. Notwithstanding any provision of chapter 120 to the contrary, the formulary rule shall be effective 60 days after the date it is filed with the Secretary of State. Upon adoption of the formulary, the department shall mail a copy of such formulary to each fully <a href="Licensed">Licensed</a> certified physician assistant and to each pharmacy licensed by the state. The boards shall establish, by rule, a

fee not to exceed \$200 to fund the provisions of this paragraph and paragraph (e).

- (5) PERFORMANCE BY TRAINEES.--Notwithstanding any other law, a trainee may perform medical services when such services are rendered within the scope of an approved program.
  - (6) PROGRAM APPROVAL. --
- (a) The boards shall approve programs, based on recommendations by the council, for the education and training of physician assistants which meet standards established by rule of the boards. The council may recommend only those physician assistant programs that hold full accreditation or provisional accreditation from the Commission on Accreditation of Allied Health Programs or its successor organization.
- (b) The boards shall adopt and publish standards to ensure that such programs operate in a manner that does not endanger the health or welfare of the patients who receive services within the scope of the programs. The boards shall review the quality of the curricula, faculties, and facilities of such programs and take whatever other action is necessary to determine that the purposes of this section are being met.
  - (7) PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT LICENSURE CERTIFICATION. --
- (a) Any person desiring to be <u>licensed</u> certified as a physician assistant must apply to the department. The department shall issue a <u>license</u> certificate to any person certified by the council as having met the following requirements:
  - 1. Is at least 18 years of age.
- 2. Has satisfactorily passed a proficiency examination by an acceptable score established by the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants. If an applicant does not hold a current certificate issued by the National

Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants and has not actively practiced as a physician assistant within the immediately preceding 4 years, the applicant must retake and successfully complete the entry-level examination of the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants to be eligible for licensure certification.

- 3. Has completed the application form and remitted an application fee not to exceed \$300 as set by the boards. An application for <u>licensure</u> certification made by a physician assistant must include:
- a. A certificate of completion of a physician assistant training program specified in subsection (6).
  - b. A sworn statement of any prior felony convictions.
- c. A sworn statement of any previous revocation or denial of licensure or certification in any state.
  - d. Two letters of recommendation.
- (b) The <u>licensure</u> certification must be renewed biennially. Each renewal must include:
- 1. A renewal fee not to exceed \$500 as set by the boards.
- 2. A sworn statement of no felony convictions in the previous 2 years.
- (c) Each <u>licensed</u> certified physician assistant shall biennially complete 100 hours of continuing medical education or shall hold a current certificate issued by the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants.
- (d) Upon employment as a physician assistant, a <a href="licensed">licensed</a> certified physician assistant must notify the department in writing within 30 days after such employment or after any subsequent changes in the supervising physician. The notification must include the full name, Florida medical

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30 31 license number, specialty, and address of the supervising physician.

(e) Notwithstanding subparagraph (a)2., the department may grant to a recent graduate of an approved program, as specified in subsection (6), a temporary license certification to expire upon receipt of scores of the proficiency examination administered by the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants. Between meetings of the council, the department may grant a temporary license certification to practice to physician assistant applicants based on the completion of all temporary licensure certification requirements. All such administratively issued licenses <del>certifications</del> shall be reviewed and acted on at the next regular meeting of the council. The recent graduate may be licensed certified prior to employment, but must comply with paragraph (d). An applicant who has passed the proficiency examination may be granted permanent licensure certification. An applicant failing the proficiency examination is no longer temporarily licensed certified, but may reapply for a 1-year extension of temporary licensure certification. An applicant may not be granted more than two temporary licenses certificates and may not be licensed certified as a physician assistant until she or he passes the examination administered by the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants. As prescribed by board rule, the council may require an applicant who does not pass the licensing examination after five or more attempts to complete additional remedial education or training. The council shall prescribe the additional requirements in a manner that permits the applicant to complete the requirements and be reexamined within 2 years after the date the applicant

petitions the council to retake the examination a sixth or subsequent time.

- (f) The Board of Osteopathic Medicine may impose any of the penalties specified in ss. 455.227 and 459.015(2) upon a physician assistant if the physician assistant or the supervising physician has been found guilty of or is being investigated for any act that constitutes a violation of this chapter or chapter 455.
- (8) DELEGATION OF POWERS AND DUTIES. -- The boards may delegate such powers and duties to the council as they may deem proper.
- (9) COUNCIL ON PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS.--The Council on Physician Assistants is created within the department.
- (a) The council shall consist of five members
  appointed as follows:
- 1. The chairperson of the Board of Medicine shall appoint three members who are physicians and members of the Board of Medicine. One of the physicians must supervise a physician assistant in the physician's practice.
- 2. The chairperson of the Board of Osteopathic Medicine shall appoint one member who is a physician and a member of the Board of Osteopathic Medicine.
- 3. The secretary of the department or her or his designee shall appoint a fully  $\underline{\text{licensed}}$   $\underline{\text{certified}}$  physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or this chapter.
- (b) Two of the members appointed to the council must be physicians who supervise physician assistants in their practice. Members shall be appointed to terms of 4 years, except that of the initial appointments, two members shall be appointed to terms of 2 years, two members shall be appointed to terms of 3 years, and one member shall be appointed to a

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term of 4 years, as established by rule of the boards. Council members may not serve more than two consecutive terms. The council shall annually elect a chairperson from among its members.

- (c) The council shall:
- 1. Recommend to the department the <u>licensure</u> <del>certification</del> of physician assistants.
- 2. Develop all rules regulating the use of physician assistants by physicians under chapter 458 and this chapter, except for rules relating to the formulary developed under s. 458.347(4)(f). The council shall also develop rules to ensure that the continuity of supervision is maintained in each practice setting. The boards shall consider adopting a proposed rule developed by the council at the regularly scheduled meeting immediately following the submission of the proposed rule by the council. A proposed rule submitted by the council may not be adopted by either board unless both boards have accepted and approved the identical language contained in the proposed rule. The language of all proposed rules submitted by the council must be approved by both boards pursuant to each respective board's guidelines and standards regarding the adoption of proposed rules. If either board rejects the council's proposed rule, that board must specify its objection to the council with particularity and include any recommendations it may have for the modification of the proposed rule.
- 3. Make recommendations to the boards regarding all matters relating to physician assistants.
- 4. Address concerns and problems of practicing physician assistants in order to improve safety in the clinical practices of licensed <del>certified</del> physician assistants.

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- (10) INACTIVE AND DELINQUENT STATUS.--A <u>license</u> certificate on inactive or delinquent status may be reactivated only as provided in s. 455.271.
- certified by the council and approved by the department and who holds herself or himself out as a physician assistant or who uses any other term in indicating or implying that she or he is a physician assistant commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.084 or by a fine not exceeding \$5,000.
- (12) DENIAL, SUSPENSION, OR REVOCATION OF <u>LICENSURE</u> CERTIFICATION.--The boards may deny, suspend, or revoke a physician assistant <u>license</u> certification if a board determines that the physician assistant has violated this chapter.
- (13) RULES.--The boards shall adopt rules to implement this section, including rules detailing the contents of the application for <u>licensure certification</u> and notification pursuant to subsection (7) and rules to ensure both the continued competency of physician assistants and the proper utilization of them by physicians or groups of physicians.
- (14) EXISTING PROGRAMS.—This section does not eliminate or supersede existing laws relating to other paramedical professions or services and is supplemental to all such existing laws relating to the <u>licensure</u> certification and practice of paramedical professions.
- (15) LIABILITY.--Each supervising physician using a physician assistant is liable for any acts or omissions of the physician assistant acting under the physician's supervision and control.

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- (16) LEGAL SERVICES.--The Department of Legal Affairs shall provide legal services to the council as authorized in s. 455.221(1).
- (17) FEES.--The department shall allocate the fees collected under this section to the council.

Section 8. Paragraph (h) of subsection (4) of section 627.351, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 627.351 Insurance risk apportionment plans.--
- (4) MEDICAL MALPRACTICE RISK APPORTIONMENT. --
- (h) As used in this subsection:
- "Health care provider" means hospitals licensed under chapter 395; physicians licensed under chapter 458; osteopathic physicians licensed under chapter 459; podiatrists licensed under chapter 461; dentists licensed under chapter 466; chiropractors licensed under chapter 460; naturopaths licensed under chapter 462; nurses licensed under chapter 464; midwives licensed under chapter 467; clinical laboratories registered under chapter 483; physician assistants <u>licensed</u> certified under chapter 458; physical therapists and physical therapist assistants licensed under chapter 486; health maintenance organizations certificated under part I of chapter 641; ambulatory surgical centers licensed under chapter 395; other medical facilities as defined in subparagraph 2.; blood banks, plasma centers, industrial clinics, and renal dialysis facilities; or professional associations, partnerships, corporations, joint ventures, or other associations for professional activity by health care providers.
- 2. "Other medical facility" means a facility the primary purpose of which is to provide human medical diagnostic services or a facility providing nonsurgical human medical treatment, to which facility the patient is admitted

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and from which facility the patient is discharged within the same working day, and which facility is not part of a hospital. However, a facility existing for the primary purpose of performing terminations of pregnancy or an office maintained by a physician or dentist for the practice of medicine shall not be construed to be an "other medical facility."

3. "Health care facility" means any hospital licensed under chapter 395, health maintenance organization certificated under part I of chapter 641, ambulatory surgical center licensed under chapter 395, or other medical facility as defined in subparagraph 2.

Section 9. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 627.357, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

627.357 Medical malpractice self-insurance.--

- (1) DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Fund" means a group or association of health care providers authorized to self-insure.
  - (b) "Health care provider" means any:
  - 1. Hospital licensed under chapter 395.
- 2. Physician licensed, or physician assistant <u>licensed</u> certified, under chapter 458.
  - 3. Osteopathic physician licensed under chapter 459.
  - 4. Podiatrist licensed under chapter 461.
- 5. Health maintenance organization certificated under part I of chapter 641.
- 6. Ambulatory surgical center licensed under chapter 395.
  - 7. Chiropractor licensed under chapter 460.
  - 8. Psychologist licensed under chapter 490.
  - 9. Optometrist licensed under chapter 463.

1 Dentist licensed under chapter 466. 2 11. Pharmacist licensed under chapter 465. 3 Registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, or 12. 4 advanced registered nurse practitioner licensed or registered 5 under chapter 464. 6 13. Other medical facility. 7 14. Professional association, partnership, 8 corporation, joint venture, or other association established 9 by the individuals set forth in subparagraphs 2., 3., 4., 7., 10 8., 9., 10., 11., and 12. for professional activity. 11 Section 10. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 766.105, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 12 766.105 Florida Patient's Compensation Fund. --13 (1) DEFINITIONS. -- The following definitions apply in 14 the interpretation and enforcement of this section: 15 (b) The term "health care provider" means any: 16 17 Hospital licensed under chapter 395. 2. Physician <del>licensed,</del>or physician assistant licensed 18 certified, under chapter 458. 19 20 Osteopathic physician licensed under chapter 459. 3. Podiatrist licensed under chapter 461. 21 4. 22 5. Health maintenance organization certificated under 23 part I of chapter 641. 24 6. Ambulatory surgical center licensed under chapter 395. 25 26 7. "Other medical facility" as defined in paragraph 27 (c). 28 Professional association, partnership, corporation, 29 joint venture, or other association by the individuals set 30 forth in subparagraphs 2., 3., and 4. for professional 31 activity.

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Section 11. Paragraph (d) of subsection (3) of section 766.1115, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

766.1115 Health care providers; creation of agency relationship with governmental contractors.--

- (3) DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section, the term:
- (d) "Health care provider" or "provider" means:
- 1. A birth center licensed under chapter 383.
- 2. An ambulatory surgical center licensed under chapter 395.
  - 3. A hospital licensed under chapter 395.
- 4. A physician <del>licensed,</del>or physician assistant licensed <del>certified,</del>under chapter 458.
- 5. An osteopathic physician <del>licensed,</del>or osteopathic physician assistant licensed <del>certified,</del>under chapter 459.
- 6. A chiropractic physician licensed under chapter 460.
  - 7. A podiatrist licensed under chapter 461.
- 8. A registered nurse, nurse midwife, licensed practical nurse, or advanced registered nurse practitioner licensed or registered under chapter 464 or any facility which employs nurses licensed or registered under chapter 464 to supply all or part of the care delivered under this section.
  - 9. A midwife licensed under chapter 467.
- 10. A health maintenance organization certificated under part I of chapter 641.
- 11. A health care professional association and its employees or a corporate medical group and its employees.
- 12. Any other medical facility the primary purpose of which is to deliver human medical diagnostic services or which delivers nonsurgical human medical treatment, and which includes an office maintained by a provider.

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1 13. Any other health care professional, practitioner, 2 provider, or facility under contract with a governmental 3 contractor. 4 5 The term includes any nonprofit corporation qualified as 6 exempt from federal income taxation under s. 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code which delivers health care services 7 provided by licensed professionals listed in this paragraph, 8 9 any federally funded community health center, and any 10 volunteer corporation or volunteer health care provider that 11 delivers health care services. Section 12. Subsection (36) of section 984.03, Florida 12 13 Statutes, is amended to read: 984.03 Definitions.--When used in this chapter, the 14 15 term: (36) "Licensed health care professional" means a 16 17 physician licensed under chapter 458, an osteopathic physician licensed under chapter 459, a nurse licensed under chapter 18 19 464, a physician assistant licensed certified under chapter 458, or a dentist licensed under chapter 466. 20 Section 13. Subsection (36) of section 985.03, Florida 21 22 Statutes, is amended to read: 23 985.03 Definitions.--When used in this chapter, the 24 term: (36) "Licensed health care professional" means a 25 physician licensed under chapter 458, an osteopathic physician 26 licensed under chapter 459, a nurse licensed under chapter 27 28 464, a physician assistant licensed <del>certified</del> under chapter 29 458, or a dentist licensed under chapter 466.

Section 14. This act shall take effect July 1, 1998.

STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR Senate Bill 776 The committee substitute changes references to "certified physician assistant" throughout the Florida Statutes to "licensed physician assistant." The committee substitute revises the procedures for a supervisory physician to notify the Department of Health of his or her intent to delegate prescriptive authority to a physician assistant and requires the physician to notify the department regarding any change in the prescriptive privileges delegated to a physician assistant.