Bill No. CS for SB 1598 Amendment No. CHAMBER ACTION Senate House 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 Senator Campbell moved the following amendment to amendment 11 12 (984346): 13 14 Senate Amendment (with title amendment) On page 5, between lines 29 and 30, 15 16 17 insert: Section 5. Section 39.703, Florida Statutes, 1998 18 19 Supplement, is amended to read: 20 39.703 Initiation of termination of parental rights 21 proceedings; judicial review. --22 (1) If, in preparation for any judicial review hearing 23 under this chapter, it is the opinion of the social service 24 agency that the parents of the child have not complied with 25 their responsibilities as specified in the written case plan 26 although able to do so, the department social service agency 27 shall state its intent to initiate proceedings to terminate parental rights, unless the social service agency can 28 29 demonstrate to the court that such a recommendation would not be in the child's best interests. If it is the intent of the 30 31 department or licensed child-placing agency to initiate 1 3:39 PM 04/29/99 s1598c1c-3329j

proceedings to terminate parental rights, the department or 1 2 licensed child-placing agency shall file a petition for 3 termination of parental rights no later than 3 months after 4 the date of the previous judicial review hearing. If the 5 petition cannot be filed within 3 months, the department or licensed child-placing agency shall provide a written report б 7 to the court outlining the reasons for delay, the progress 8 made in the termination of parental rights process, and the 9 anticipated date of completion of the process.

10 (2) If, at the time of the 12-month judicial review 11 hearing, a child is not returned to the physical custody of 12 the parents, caregivers, or legal custodians, the department 13 social service agency shall initiate termination of parental 14 rights proceedings under this chapter within 30 days. Only if 15 the court finds that the situation of the child is so 16 extraordinary and that the best interests of the child will be 17 met by such action at the time of the judicial review may the case plan be extended. If the court decides to extend the 18 plan, the court shall enter detailed findings justifying the 19 decision to extend, as well as the length of the extension. A 20 termination of parental rights petition need not be filed if: 21 the child is being cared for by a relative who chooses not to 22 adopt the child; the court determines that filing such a 23 24 petition would not be in the best interests of the child; or 25 the state has not provided the child's family, when reasonable efforts to return a child are required, consistent with the 26 27 time period in the state's case plan, such services as the state deems necessary for the safe return of the child to his 28 or her home. Failure to initiate termination of parental 29 30 rights proceedings at the time of the 12-month judicial review 31 or within 30 days after such review does not prohibit

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initiating termination of parental rights proceedings at any 1 2 other time. 3 Section 6. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 39.802, 4 Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are amended to read: 5 39.802 Petition for termination of parental rights; 6 filing; elements. --7 (1) All proceedings seeking an adjudication to 8 terminate parental rights pursuant to this chapter must be 9 initiated by the filing of an original petition by the 10 department, the guardian ad litem, or a licensed child-placing 11 agency or by any other person who has knowledge of the facts 12 alleged or is informed of them and believes that they are 13 true. 14 (2) The form of the petition is governed by the 15 Florida Rules of Juvenile Procedure. The petition must be in 16 writing and signed by the petitioner or, if the department is 17 the petitioner, by an employee of the department, under oath stating the petitioner's good faith in filing the petition. 18 19 Section 7. Subsection (1) of section 39.806, Florida 20 Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read: 21 39.806 Grounds for termination of parental rights.--(1) The department, the guardian ad litem, a licensed 22 child-placing agency, or any person who has knowledge of the 23 24 facts alleged or who is informed of said facts and believes 25 that they are true, may petition for the termination of parental rights under any of the following circumstances: 26 27 (a) When the parent or parents voluntarily executed a 28 written surrender of the child and consented to the entry of an order giving custody of the child to the department or to a 29 30 licensed child-placing agency for subsequent adoption and the 31 department or licensed child-placing agency is willing to 3

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1 accept custody of the child.

The surrender document must be executed before two
 witnesses and a notary public or other person authorized to
 take acknowledgments.

5 2. The surrender and consent may be withdrawn after
6 acceptance by the department or licensed child-placing agency
7 only after a finding by the court that the surrender and
8 consent were obtained by fraud or duress.

9 (b) When the identity or location of the parent or 10 parents is unknown and cannot be ascertained by diligent 11 search within 90 days.

12 (c) When the parent or parents engaged in conduct 13 toward the child or toward other children that demonstrates 14 that the continuing involvement of the parent or parents in 15 the parent-child relationship threatens the life, safety, 16 well-being, or physical, mental, or emotional health of the 17 child irrespective of the provision of services. Provision of 18 services may be evidenced by proof that services were provided through a previous plan or offered as a case plan from a child 19 20 welfare agency.

(d) When the parent of a child is incarcerated in astate or federal correctional institution and:

1. The period of time for which the parent is expected to be incarcerated will constitute a substantial portion of the period of time before the child will attain the age of 18 years;

The incarcerated parent has been determined by the
 court to be a violent career criminal as defined in s.
 775.084, a habitual violent felony offender as defined in s.
 775.084, or a sexual predator as defined in s. 775.21; has
 been convicted of first degree or second degree murder in

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violation of s. 782.04 or a sexual battery that constitutes a 1 2 capital, life, or first degree felony violation of s. 794.011; 3 or has been convicted of an offense in another jurisdiction 4 which is substantially similar to one of the offenses listed 5 in this paragraph. As used in this section, the term 6 "substantially similar offense" means any offense that is 7 substantially similar in elements and penalties to one of those listed in this paragraph, and that is in violation of a 8 law of any other jurisdiction, whether that of another state, 9 10 the District of Columbia, the United States or any possession or territory thereof, or any foreign jurisdiction; and 11

12 3. The court determines by clear and convincing 13 evidence that continuing the parental relationship with the 14 incarcerated parent would be harmful to the child and, for 15 this reason, that termination of the parental rights of the 16 incarcerated parent is in the best interest of the child.

17 (e) A petition for termination of parental rights may also be filed when a child has been adjudicated dependent, a 18 case plan has been filed with the court, and the child 19 continues to be abused, neglected, or abandoned by the 20 parents. In this case, the failure of the parents to 21 substantially comply for a period of 12 months after an 22 adjudication of the child as a dependent child constitutes 23 24 evidence of continuing abuse, neglect, or abandonment unless 25 the failure to substantially comply with the case plan was due either to the lack of financial resources of the parents or to 26 27 the failure of the department to make reasonable efforts to reunify the family. Such 12-month period may begin to run only 28 after the entry of a disposition order placing the custody of 29 30 the child with the department or a person other than the 31 parent and the approval by the court of a case plan with a

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1 goal of reunification with the parent.

(f) When the parent or parents engaged in egregious conduct or had the opportunity and capability to prevent and knowingly failed to prevent egregious conduct that threatens the life, safety, or physical, mental, or emotional health of the child or the child's sibling.

7 1. As used in this subsection, the term "sibling" 8 means another child who resides with or is cared for by the 9 parent or parents regardless of whether the child is related 10 legally or by consanguinity.

11 2. As used in this subsection, the term "egregious 12 conduct" means abuse, abandonment, neglect, or any other 13 conduct of the parent or parents that is deplorable, flagrant, 14 or outrageous by a normal standard of conduct. Egregious 15 conduct may include an act or omission that occurred only once 16 but was of such intensity, magnitude, or severity as to 17 endanger the life of the child.

(g) When the parent or parents have subjected the
child to aggravated child abuse as defined in s. 827.03,
sexual battery or sexual abuse as defined in s. 39.01, or
chronic abuse.

(h) When the parent or parents have committed murder or voluntary manslaughter of another child of the parent, or a felony assault that results in serious bodily injury to the child or another child of the parent, or aided or abetted, attempted, conspired, or solicited to commit such a murder or voluntary manslaughter or felony assault.

(i) When the parental rights of the parent to asibling have been terminated involuntarily.

30 Section 8. Subsections (2) and (8) of section 39.811,
31 Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are amended to read:

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39.811 Powers of disposition; order of disposition.--1 2 (2) If the child is in out-of-home care custody of the 3 department and the court finds that the grounds for 4 termination of parental rights have been established by clear and convincing evidence, the court shall, by order, place the 5 6 child in the custody of the department for the purpose of 7 adoption or place the child in the custody of a licensed 8 child-placing agency for the purpose of adoption. 9 (8) If the court terminates parental rights, it shall, 10 in its order of disposition, provide for a hearing, to be scheduled no later than 30 days after the date of disposition, 11 12 in which the department or the licensed child-placing agency shall provide to the court a plan for permanency for the 13 14 child. Reasonable efforts must be made to place the child in a 15 timely manner in accordance with the permanency plan and to 16 complete whatever steps are necessary to finalize the 17 permanent placement of the child. Thereafter, until the adoption of the child is finalized or the child reaches the 18 age of 18 years, whichever occurs first, the court shall hold 19 20 hearings at 6-month intervals to review the progress being 21 made toward permanency for the child. Section 9. Section 39.812, Florida Statutes, 1998 22 Supplement, is amended to read: 23 24 39.812 Postdisposition relief; petition for 25 adoption. --26 If A licensed child-placing agency or the (1)27 department which is given custody of a child for subsequent 28 adoption in accordance with this chapter, the department may 29 place the child with an agency as defined in s. 63.032, with a 30 child-caring agency registered under s. 409.176, or in a 31 family home for prospective subsequent adoption., and the 7

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1 licensed child-placing agency or The department may thereafter
2 become a party to any proceeding for the legal adoption of the
3 child and appear in any court where the adoption proceeding is
4 pending and consent to the adoption, + and that consent alone
5 shall in all cases be sufficient.

6 (2) In any subsequent adoption proceeding, the parents 7 are shall not be entitled to any notice of the proceeding and are not thereof, nor shall they be entitled to knowledge at 8 9 any time after the order terminating parental rights is entered of the whereabouts of the child or of the identity or 10 location of any person having the custody of or having adopted 11 12 the child, except as provided by order of the court pursuant to this chapter or chapter 63. + and In any habeas corpus or 13 14 other proceeding involving the child brought by any parent of the child, an <del>no</del> agent or contract provider of the <del>licensed</del> 15 16 child-placing agency or department may not shall be compelled 17 to divulge that information, but may be compelled to produce the child before a court of competent jurisdiction if the 18 19 child is still subject to the guardianship of the licensed 20 child-placing agency or department.

(3) The entry of the custody order to the department does or licensed child-placing agency shall not entitle the licensed child-placing agency or department to guardianship of the estate or property of the child, but the licensed child-placing agency or department shall be the guardian of the person of the child.

(4) The court shall retain jurisdiction over any child placed in the custody of for whom custody is given to a licensed child-placing agency or to the department until the child is adopted. After custody of a child for subsequent adoption has been given to an agency or the department, the

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court has jurisdiction for the purpose of reviewing the status 1 2 of the child and the progress being made toward permanent 3 adoptive placement. As part of this continuing jurisdiction, 4 for good cause shown by the guardian ad litem for the child, 5 the court may review the appropriateness of the adoptive 6 placement of the child. 7 (5) The petition for adoption must be filed in the division of the circuit court which entered the judgment 8 terminating parental rights, unless a motion for change of 9 10 venue is granted pursuant to s. 47.122. A copy of the consent 11 executed by the department as required under s. 63.062(7) must 12 be attached to the petition. The petition must be accompanied 13 by a form provided by the department which details the social and medical history of the child and each parent and includes 14 15 the social security number and date of birth for each parent, 16 if such information is available or readily obtainable. The 17 person seeking to adopt the child may not file a petition for 18 adoption until the judgment terminating parental rights becomes final. An adoption proceeding under this subsection is 19 governed by chapter 63, as limited under s. 63.037. 20 21 Section 10. Section 63.022, Florida Statutes, 1998 22 Supplement, is amended to read: 63.022 Legislative intent.--23 24 (1) It is the intent of the Legislature to protect and 25 promote the well-being of persons being adopted and their birth and adoptive parents and to provide to all children who 26 27 can benefit by it a permanent family life, and, whenever 28 possible, to maintain sibling groups. (2) The basic safeguards intended to be provided by 29 30 this chapter act are that: (a) The minor child is legally free for adoption. 31 9 3:39 PM 04/29/99 s1598c1c-3329j

1 The required persons consent to the adoption or (b) 2 the parent-child relationship is terminated by judgment of the 3 court. 4 The required social studies are completed and the (C) 5 court considers the reports of these studies prior to judgment 6 on adoption petitions. 7 (d) All placements of minors for adoption are reported to the Department of Children and Family Services. 8 9 (e) A sufficient period of time elapses during which 10 the minor child has lived within the proposed adoptive home under the guidance of the department, a child-caring agency 11 12 registered under s. 409.176, or a licensed child-placing 13 agency. (f) All expenditures by adoption entities 14 15 intermediaries placing, and persons independently adopting, a 16 minor are reported to the court and become a permanent record 17 in the file of the adoption proceedings. (g) Social and medical information concerning the 18 minor <del>child</del> and the <del>birth</del> parents is furnished by the <del>birth</del> 19 20 parent when available and filed with the court before a final 21 hearing on a petition to terminate parental rights pending 22 adoption consent to the adoption when a minor is placed by an 23 intermediary. 24 (h) A new birth certificate is issued after entry of the adoption judgment. 25 26 (i) At the time of the hearing, the court may is 27 authorized to order temporary substitute care when it 28 determines that the minor is in an unsuitable home. 29 (j) The records of all proceedings concerning custody 30 and adoption of a minor <del>children</del> are confidential and exempt 31 from the provisions of s. 119.07(1), except as provided in s. 10

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63.162. 1 2 (k) The birth parent, the prospective adoptive parent, 3 and the minor child receive the same or similar safeguards, 4 guidance, counseling, and supervision in all adoptions an 5 intermediary adoption as they receive in an agency or 6 department adoption. 7 (1) In all matters coming before the court under 8 pursuant to this chapter act, the court shall enter such 9 orders as it deems necessary and suitable to promote and 10 protect the best interests of the person to be adopted. In dependency cases initiated by the department, 11 (m) 12 where termination of parental rights occurs, and siblings are 13 separated despite diligent efforts of the department, continuing postadoption communication or contact among the 14 15 siblings may be ordered by the court if found to be in the best interests of the children. 16 17 Section 11. Section 63.032, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 18 19 63.032 Definitions.--As used in this chapter act, 20 unless the context otherwise requires, the term: 21 (1)(14) "Abandoned" means a situation in which the parent or person having legal custody legal custodian of a 22 child, while being able, makes no provision for the child's 23 24 support and makes no effort to communicate with the child, which situation is sufficient to evince a willful rejection of 25 26 parental obligations. If, in the opinion of the court, the 27 efforts of such parent or person having legal custody of the 28 child legal custodian to support and communicate with the child are only marginal efforts that do not evince a settled 29 30 purpose to assume all parental duties, the court may declare 31 the child to be abandoned. In making this decision, the court

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may consider the conduct of a father towards the child's 1 2 mother during her pregnancy. 3 (2)(10) "Adoption" means the act of creating the legal 4 relationship between parent and child where it did not exist, 5 thereby declaring the child to be legally the child of the 6 adoptive parents and their heir at law and entitled to all the 7 rights and privileges and subject to all the obligations of a child born to such adoptive parents in lawful wedlock. 8 (3) "Adoption entity" means the department, an agency, 9 10 a child-caring agency registered under s. 409.176, or an 11 intermediary. 12 (4) (4) (5) "Adult" means a person who is not a minor. 13 (5)(7) "Agency" means any child-placing agency 14 licensed by the department pursuant to s. 63.202 to place 15 minors for adoption. 16 (6) (Child" means a son or daughter, whether by 17 birth or adoption. (7)(3) "Court" means any circuit court of this state 18 19 and, when the context requires, the court of any state that is 20 empowered to grant petitions for adoption. 21 (8)(1) "Department" means the Department of Children 22 and Family Services. (9)(8) "Intermediary" means an attorney or physician 23 24 who is licensed or authorized to practice in this state and 25 who is placing or intends to place a child for adoption or, for the purpose of adoptive placements of children from out of 26 27 state with citizens of this state, a child-placing agency 28 licensed in another state that is qualified by the department. (10) "Legal custody" has the meaning ascribed in s. 29 30 39.01. 31 (11)(4) "Minor" means a person under the age of 18 12 3:39 PM 04/29/99 s1598c1c-3329j

years. 1 (12) "Parent" has the same meaning ascribed in s. 2 3 39.01. 4 (13)(6) "Person" includes a natural person, 5 corporation, government or governmental subdivision or agency, business trust, estate, trust, partnership, or association, 6 7 and any other legal entity. (14) "Relative" has the same meaning ascribed in s. 8 9 39.01. 10 (15)(9) "To place" or "placement" means the process of a person giving a child up for adoption and the prospective 11 12 parents receiving and adopting the child, and includes all 13 actions by any person or adoption entity agency participating 14 in the process. 15 (16)(13) "Primarily lives and works outside Florida" 16 means anyone who does not meet the definition of "primary 17 residence and place of employment in Florida." (17)<del>(12)</del> "Primary residence and place of employment in 18 Florida" means a person lives and works in this state at least 19 20 6 months of the year and intends to do so for the foreseeable 21 future or military personnel who designate Florida as their place of residence in accordance with the Soldiers' and 22 Sailors' Civil Relief Act of 1940 or employees of the United 23 24 States Department of State living in a foreign country who 25 designate Florida as their place of residence. 26 (18)(11) "Suitability of the intended placement" 27 includes the fitness of the intended placement, with primary 28 consideration being given to the welfare of the child; the fitness and capabilities of the adoptive parent or parents to 29 30 function as parent or parents for a particular child; any 31 familial relationship between the child and the prospective 13 3:39 PM 04/29/99 s1598c1c-3329j

placement; and the compatibility of the child with the home in 1 2 which the child is intended to be placed. 3 Section 12. Section 63.037, Florida Statutes, is 4 created to read: 5 63.037 Proceedings applicable to cases resulting from 6 a termination of parental rights under chapter 39.--A case in 7 which a minor becomes available for adoption after the parental rights of each parent have been terminated by a 8 judgment entered pursuant to chapter 39 shall be governed by 9 10 s. 39.812 and this chapter. Adoption proceedings initiated under chapter 39 are exempt from the following provisions of 11 12 this chapter: disclosure requirements for the adoption entity 13 provided in s. 63.085; general provisions governing termination of parental rights pending adoption provided in s. 14 15 63.087; notice and service provisions governing termination of parental rights pending adoption provided in s. 63.088; and 16 17 procedures for terminating parental rights pending adoption 18 provided in s. 63.089. 19 Section 13. Section 63.039, Florida Statutes, is 20 created to read: 21 63.039 Duty of adoption entity to prospective adoptive 22 parents; sanctions.--(1) An adoption entity placing a minor for adoption 23 24 has an affirmative duty to follow the requirements of this chapter; specifically, the following provisions, which protect 25 26 and promote the well-being of persons being adopted and their 27 parents and prospective adoptive parents by promoting 28 certainty, finality, and permanency for such persons. The 29 adoption entity must: 30 (a) Provide written initial disclosure to the 31 prospective adoptive parent at the time and in the manner 14

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required under s. 63.085. 1 2 (b) Provide written initial and postbirth disclosure 3 to the parent at the time and in the manner required under s. 4 63.085. 5 (c) When a written consent for adoption is obtained, 6 obtain the consent at the time and in the manner required 7 under s. 63.082. (d) When a written consent or affidavit of 8 nonpaternity for adoption is obtained, obtain a consent to 9 10 adoption or affidavit of nonpaternity that contains the language required under s. 63.062 or s. 63.082. 11 12 (e) Include in the petition to terminate parental 13 rights pending adoption all information required under s. 14 63.087(6)(e) and (f). 15 (f) Obtain and file the affidavit of inquiry pursuant 16 to s. 63.088(3), if the required inquiry is not conducted 17 orally in the presence of the court. 18 (g) When the identity of a person whose consent to adoption is necessary under this chapter is known but the 19 20 location of such a person is unknown, conduct the diligent 21 search and file the affidavit required under s. 63.088(4). 22 (h) Serve the petition and notice of hearing to terminate parental rights pending adoption at the time and in 23 24 the manner required by s. 63.088. (i) Obtain the written waiver of venue required under 25 s. 63.062 in cases involving a child younger than 6 months of 26 27 age in which venue for the termination of parental rights will 28 be located in a county other than the county where the parent 29 whose rights are to be terminated resides. 30 (2) An adoption entity that materially fails to meet a duty specified in subsection (1) may be liable to the 31

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prospective adoptive parents for all sums paid by the 1 prospective adoptive parents or on their behalf in 2 anticipation of or in connection with an adoption upon a 3 4 showing by the moving party that actual injury was caused by 5 the material failure. 6 (3) If a court finds that a consent or an affidavit of 7 nonpaternity taken under this chapter was obtained by fraud or duress attributable to the adoption entity, the court must 8 award all sums paid by the prospective adoptive parents or on 9 10 their behalf in anticipation of or in connection with the adoption. The court may also award reasonable attorney's fees 11 12 and costs incurred by the prospective adoptive parents in connection with the adoption and any litigation related to 13 placement or adoption of a minor. An award under this 14 15 subsection must be paid directly to the prospective adoptive 16 parents by the adoption entity or by any applicable insurance 17 carrier on behalf of the adoption entity. 18 (4) If a person whose consent to an adoption is 19 required under s. 63.062 prevails in an action to set aside a consent to adoption, a judgment terminating parental rights 20 21 pending adoption, or a judgment of adoption, the court must award a reasonable attorney's fee to the prevailing party. An 22 award under this subsection must be paid by the adoption 23 24 entity or by any applicable insurance carrier on behalf of the adoption entity if the court finds that the acts or omissions 25 of the entity were the basis for the court's order granting 26 27 relief to the prevailing party. 28 (5) The court must provide to The Florida Bar any 29 order that imposes sanctions under this section against an 30 attorney acting as an adoption agency or as an intermediary. The court must provide to the Department of Children and 31 16

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Family Services any order that imposes sanctions under this 1 2 section against an agency. The order must be provided within 3 30 days after the date that the order was issued. 4 Section 14. Subsection (1) of section 63.0425, Florida 5 Statutes, is amended to read: 6 63.0425 Grandparent's right to adopt .--7 (1) When a child who has lived with a grandparent for at least 6 months is placed for adoption, the adoption entity 8 9 agency or intermediary handling the adoption shall notify that 10 grandparent of the impending adoption before the petition for adoption is filed. If the grandparent petitions the court to 11 12 adopt the child, the court shall give first priority for 13 adoption to that grandparent. 14 Section 15. Section 63.052, Florida Statutes, 1998 15 Supplement, is amended to read: 63.052 Guardians designated; proof of commitment.--16 17 (1) For minors who have been placed for adoption with and permanently committed to an agency as defined in s. 63.032 18 19 or a child-caring agency registered under s. 409.176, such the agency shall be the guardian of the person of the minor child; 20 21 for those who have been placed for adoption with and permanently committed to the department, the department shall 22 be the guardian of the person of the minor child. 23 24 (2) For minors who have been voluntarily surrendered to an intermediary through an execution of consent to 25 26 adoption, the intermediary shall be responsible for the minor 27 child until the time a court orders preliminary approval of 28 placement of the minor child in the prospective adoptive home, at which time the prospective adoptive parents become 29 30 guardians pending finalization of adoption. Until a court has 31 terminated parental rights pending adoption and has ordered 17

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preliminary approval of placement of the minor in the adoptive 1 2 home, the minor must be placed in the care of a relative as 3 defined in s. 39.01, in foster care, or in the care of a 4 prospective adoptive home. No minor shall be placed in a prospective adoptive home until that home has received a 5 6 favorable preliminary home study by a licensed child-placing 7 agency, a licensed professional, or an agency, as provided in s. 63.092, within 1 year before such placement in the 8 prospective home. Temporary placement in the prospective home 9 10 with the prospective adoptive parents does not give rise to a presumption that the parental rights of the parents will 11 12 subsequently be terminated. (2) For minors who have been placed for adoption with 13

14 or voluntarily surrendered to an agency, but have not been 15 permanently committed to the agency, the agency shall have the responsibility and authority to provide for the needs and 16 17 welfare for such minors. For those minors placed for adoption with or voluntarily surrendered to the department, but not 18 permanently committed to the department, the department shall 19 have the responsibility and authority to provide for the needs 20 and welfare for such minors. The adoption entity may 21 department, an intermediary, or a licensed child-placing 22 agency has the authority to authorize all appropriate medical 23 24 care for a minor the children who has have been placed for 25 adoption with or voluntarily surrendered to the adoption entity them. The provisions of s. 627.6578 shall remain in 26 27 effect notwithstanding the guardianship provisions in this 28 section.

(3) If a minor is surrendered to an intermediary for
subsequent adoption and a suitable prospective adoptive home
is not available pursuant to s. 63.092 at the time the minor

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1 <u>is surrendered to the intermediary or, if the minor is a</u> 2 <u>newborn admitted to a licensed hospital or birth center, at</u> 3 <u>the time the minor is discharged from the hospital or birth</u> 4 <u>center, the minor must be placed in licensed foster care, the</u> 5 <u>intermediary shall be responsible for the child until such</u> a 6 suitable prospective adoptive home is available.

7 (4) If a <u>minor</u> child is voluntarily surrendered to an 8 <u>adoption entity</u> intermediary for subsequent adoption and the 9 adoption does not become final within 180 days, the <u>adoption</u> 10 <u>entity</u> intermediary must report to the court on the status of 11 the <u>minor</u> child and the court may at that time proceed under 12 s. 39.701 or take action reasonably necessary to protect the 13 best interest of the minor child.

14 (5) The recital in the written consent given by the 15 department that the minor child sought to be adopted has been 16 permanently committed to the department shall be prima facie 17 proof of such commitment. The recital in the written consent given by a licensed child-placing agency or the declaration in 18 an answer or recommendation filed by a licensed child-placing 19 agency that the minor child has been permanently committed and 20 21 the child-placing agency is duly licensed by the department shall be prima facie proof of such commitment and of such 22 23 license.

(6) Unless otherwise authorized by law, the department is not responsible for expenses incurred by <u>other adoption</u> <u>entities</u> <del>licensed child-placing agencies or intermediaries</del> participating in placement of a <u>minor child</u> for the purposes of adoption.

29 <u>(7) The court retains jurisdiction of a minor who has</u> 30 <u>been placed for adoption until the adoption is final. After a</u> 31 minor is placed with an adoption entity or prospective

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adoptive parent, the court may review the status of the minor 1 2 and the progress toward permanent adoptive placement. As part 3 of this continuing jurisdiction, for good cause shown by a 4 person whose consent to an adoption is required under s. 63.062, the adoption entity, the parents, persons having legal 5 6 custody of the minor, persons with custodial or visitation 7 rights to the minor, persons entitled to notice pursuant to the Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction Act or the Indian Child 8 Welfare Act, or upon the court's own motion, the court may 9 10 review the appropriateness of the adoptive placement of the 11 minor. 12 Section 16. Section 63.062, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 13 14 63.062 Persons required to consent to adoption; 15 affidavit of nonpaternity; waiver of venue. --16 (1) Unless supported by one or more of the grounds 17 enumerated under s. 63.089(3) consent is excused by the court, 18 a petition to terminate parental rights pending adoption adopt a minor may be granted only if written consent has been 19 20 executed as provided in s. 63.082 after the birth of the minor 21 or notice has been served under s. 63.088 to by: (a) The mother of the minor. 22 (b) The father of the minor, if: 23 24 1. The minor was conceived or born while the father was married to the mother; -25 2. The minor is his child by adoption; or-26 27 The minor has been established by court proceeding 3. 28 to be his child. 29 (c) If there is no father as set forth in paragraph 30 (b), any man established to be the father of the child by scientific tests that are generally acceptable within the 31 20 3:39 PM 04/29/99 s1598c1c-3329j

scientific community to show a probability of paternity. 1 (d) If there is no father as set forth in paragraph 2 3 (b) or paragraph (c), any man who the mother has reason to 4 believe may be the father of the minor and who: 5 1.4. He Has acknowledged in writing, signed in the presence of a competent witness, that he is the father of the 6 7 minor and has filed such acknowledgment with the Office of Vital Statistics of the Department of Health;-8 2.5. He Has provided, or has at<u>tempted to provide</u>, the 9 10 child or the mother during her pregnancy with support in a repetitive, customary manner; or. 11 12 3. Has been identified by the birth mother as a person 13 she has reason to believe may be the father of the minor in an action to terminate parental rights pending adoption pursuant 14 15 to this chapter. 16 (e) Any person who is a party in any pending 17 proceeding in which paternity, custody, or termination of 18 parental rights regarding the minor is at issue. 19 (f)(c) The minor, if more than 12 years of age, unless 20 the court in the best interest of the minor dispenses with the 21 minor's consent. (2) Any person whose consent is required under 22 paragraph (1)(c) or paragraph (1)(d) may execute an affidavit 23 24 of nonpaternity in lieu of a consent under this section and by 25 doing so waives notice to all court proceedings after the date of execution. An affidavit of nonpaternity must be executed as 26 27 provided in s. 63.082. The person executing the affidavit must 28 receive disclosure under s. 63.085 prior to signing the 29 affidavit. 30 (3) A person who signs a consent to adoption or an affidavit of nonpaternity must be given reasonable notice of 31 21

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1	his or her right to select a person who does not have an
2	employment, professional, or personal relationship with the
3	adoption entity or the prospective adoptive parents to be
4	present when the consent to adoption or affidavit of
5	nonpaternity is executed and to sign the consent or affidavit
6	as a witness.
7	(4) An affidavit of nonpaternity must be in
8	substantially the following form:
9	
10	AFFIDAVIT OF NONPATERNITY
11	
12	1. I have personal knowledge of the facts
13	stated in this affidavit.
14	2. I have been told that has a
15	child. I shall not establish or claim paternity
16	for this child, whose name is and whose
17	date of birth is
18	3. The child referenced in this affidavit
19	was not conceived or born while the birth
20	mother was married to me. I AM NOT MARRIED TO
21	THE BIRTH MOTHER, nor do I intend to marry the
22	birth mother.
23	4. With respect to the child referenced
24	in this affidavit, I have not provided the
25	birth mother with child support or prebirth
26	support; I have not provided her with prenatal
27	care or assisted her with medical expenses; I
28	have not provided the birth mother or her child
29	or unborn child with support of any kind, nor
30	do I intend to do so.
31	5. I have no interest in assuming the
	22

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1	responsibilities of parenthood for this child.
2	I will not acknowledge in writing that I am the
3	father of this child nor institute court
4	proceedings to establish the child as mine.
5	6. I do not object to any decision or
6	arrangements makes regarding this child,
7	including adoption.
8	7. I have been told of my right to choose
9	a person who does not have an employment,
10	professional, or personal relationship with the
11	adoption entity or the prospective adoptive
12	parents to be present when this affidavit is
13	executed and to sign it as a witness.
14	
15	I WAIVE NOTICE OF ANY AND ALL PROCEEDINGS TO
16	TERMINATE PARENTAL RIGHTS OR FINALIZE AN
17	ADOPTION UNDER CHAPTER 63, FLORIDA STATUTES.
18	
19	(5) (2) The court may require that consent be executed
20	by:
21	(a) Any person lawfully entitled to custody of the
22	minor; or
23	(b) The court having jurisdiction to determine custody
24	of the minor, if the person having physical custody of the
25	minor has no authority to consent to the adoption.
26	(6) (3) The petitioner must make good faith and
27	diligent efforts as provided under s. 63.088 to notify, and
28	obtain written consent from, the persons required to consent
29	to adoption <u>under this section</u> within 60 days after filing the
30	petition. These efforts may include conducting interviews and
31	record searches to locate those persons, including verifying
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information related to location of residence, employment, 1 2 service in the Armed Forces, vehicle registration in this 3 state, and corrections records. 4 (7) (4) If parental rights to the minor have previously 5 been terminated, a licensed child-placing agency, a child-caring agency registered under s. 409.176, or the б 7 department with which the minor child has been placed for subsequent adoption may provide consent to the adoption. 8 In 9 such case, no other consent is required. 10 (8) (5) A petition to adopt an adult may be granted if: (a) Written consent to adoption has been executed by 11 12 the adult and the adult's spouse, if any. 13 (b) Written consent to adoption has been executed by 14 the birth parents, if any, or proof of service of process has 15 been filed, showing notice has been served on the parents as 16 provided in this chapter section. 17 (9)(a) In cases involving a child younger than 6 18 months of age in which venue for the termination of parental rights may be located in a county other than where the parent 19 20 whose rights are to be terminated resides, the adoption entity 21 must obtain, from any party executing an affidavit of nonpaternity or consent, a waiver of venue, which must be 22 filed with the petition and must be in substantially the 23 24 following form: 25 26 WAIVER OF VENUE 27 28 29 I understand that I have the right to require 30 that the Petition to terminate my parental rights be filed in the county where I reside. I 31 24

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1	waive such right so that the Petition to
2	Terminate Parental Rights may be filed by
3	(adoption entity) in(county name)
4	county, Florida.
5	<u> </u>
6	I understand that, after signing this waiver, I
7	may object to the county where the proceedings
8	to terminate my parental rights will be held by
9	appearing at the hearing or by filing a written
10	objection, on the attached form, with the Clerk
11	of the Court who is located at(address of
12	court) If I later object to this transfer
13	of venue, the case will be transferred to a
14	county in Florida in which I reside. If I have
15	no such residence, the case will be transferred
16	to a county where another parent resides or
17	where at least one parent resided at the time
18	of signing a consent or affidavit of
19	nonpaternity.
20	
21	(b)1. The waiver of venue must be a separate document
22	containing no consents, disclosures, or other information
23	unrelated to venue.
24	2. Adoption entities must attach to the waiver of
25	venue a form that the parent whose rights are to be terminated
26	may use to request a transfer of venue for the proceeding.
27	This form must contain the intended caption of the action for
28	termination of parental rights and information identifying the
29	child which will be sufficient for the clerk to properly file
30	the form upon receipt.
31	3. This form must include a notice that if an adoption
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entity knows that a parent whose rights will be terminated 1 2 intends to object to the termination but intentionally files 3 the petition for termination of parental rights in a county 4 which is not consistent with the required venue under such circumstances, the adoption entity shall be responsible for 5 6 the attorney's fees of the parent contesting the transfer of 7 venue. Section 17. Section 63.082, Florida Statutes, is 8 9 amended to read: 10 63.082 Execution of consent to adoption or affidavit of nonpaternity; family social and medical history; withdrawal 11 12 of consent. --13 (1) Consent to an adoption or an affidavit of 14 nonpaternity shall be executed as follows: 15 (a) If by the person to be adopted, by oral or written 16 statement in the presence of the court or by being 17 acknowledged before a notary public. 18 (b) If by an agency, by affidavit from its authorized representative. 19 20 (c) If by any other person, in the presence of the 21 court or by affidavit. 22 (d) If by a court, by an appropriate order or 23 certificate of the court. 24 (2) A consent that does not name or otherwise identify 25 the adopting parent is valid if the consent contains a statement by the person consenting that the consent was 26 27 voluntarily executed and that identification of the adopting parent is not required for granting the consent. 28 29 (3)(a) The department must provide a consent form and 30 a family social and medical history form to an adoption entity 31 that intermediary who intends to place a child for adoption. 26 3:39 PM 04/29/99 s1598c1c-3329j

The Forms containing, at a minimum, the same information as 1 2 the forms promulgated by the department completed by the birth 3 parents must be attached to the petition to terminate parental 4 rights pending adoption and must contain such biological and sociological information, or such information as to the family 5 6 medical history, regarding the minor child and the birth 7 parents, as is required by the department. The information must be incorporated into the final home investigation report 8 9 specified in s. 63.125. Each parent must The court may also 10 require that the birth mother be interviewed by a representative of the department, a licensed child-placing 11 12 agency, or a licensed professional, pursuant to s. 63.092, before the consent is executed, unless the parent cannot be 13 14 located or identified. A summary of each interview, or a 15 statement that the parent is unlocated or unidentified, must be filed with the petition to terminate parental rights 16 17 pending adoption and included in the final home investigation 18 report filed under s. 63.125. The interview may be excused by 19 the court for good cause. 20 (b) Consent executed by the department, by a licensed 21 child-placing agency, or by an appropriate order or certificate of the court if executed under s. 63.062(5)(b) 22 must be attached to the petition to terminate parental rights 23 24 pending adoption and must be accompanied by a family medical history that includes such information concerning the medical 25 26 history of the child and the birth parents as is available or 27 readily obtainable. 28 (c) If any required consent or social and medical 29 history is unavailable because the person whose consent is 30 required cannot be located or identified, the petition to terminate parental rights pending adoption must be accompanied 31 27 3:39 PM 04/29/99 s1598c1c-3329j

by the affidavit of diligent search required under s. 63.088. 1 (4)(a) The consent to an adoption or affidavit of 2 3 nonpaternity shall not for voluntary surrender must be 4 executed before after the birth of the minor. 5 (b) A consent to the adoption of a minor who is to be 6 placed for adoption with identified prospective adoptive 7 parents under s. 63.052, upon the minor's release from a licensed hospital or birth center following birth, shall not 8 be executed sooner than 48 hours after the minor's birth or 9 10 the day the birth mother has been notified in writing, either on her patient chart or in release paperwork, that she is fit 11 12 to be released from a licensed hospital or birth center, whichever is earlier. A consent executed under this paragraph 13 is valid upon execution and may be withdrawn only if the court 14 15 finds that it was obtained by fraud or under duress. 16 (c) When the minor to be adopted is not placed 17 pursuant to s. 63.052 upon the minor's release from a licensed 18 hospital or birth center following birth, the consent to adoption may be executed at any time after the birth of the 19 minor. While such consent is valid upon execution, it is 20 21 subject to the 3-day revocation period under subsection (7) or may be revoked at any time prior to the placement of the minor 22 with the prospective adoptive parents, whichever is later. 23 (d) The consent to adoption or the affidavit of 24 nonpaternity must be signed child, in the presence of two 25 26 witnesses, and be acknowledged before a notary public who is 27 not signing as one of the witnesses. The notary public must 28 legibly note on the consent or the affidavit the date and time of execution. The witnesses' names must be typed or printed 29 30 underneath their signatures. The witnesses', and their home or 31 business addresses and social security numbers, driver's

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1	license numbers, or state identification card numbers must be
2	included. The absence of a social security number <u>, driver's</u>
3	license number, or state identification card number shall not
4	<del>be deemed to</del> invalidate the consent. <u>The person who signs the</u>
5	consent or the affidavit has the right to have at least one of
6	the witnesses be an individual who does not have an
7	employment, professional, or personal relationship with the
8	adoption entity or the prospective adoptive parents. The
9	adoption entity must give reasonable notice to the person
10	signing the consent or affidavit of the right to select a
11	witness of his or her own choosing. The person who signs the
12	consent or affidavit must acknowledge in writing on the
13	consent or affidavit that such notice was given and indicate
14	the witness, if any, who was selected by the person signing
15	the consent or affidavit. The adoption entity must include its
16	name, address, and telephone number on the consent to adoption
17	or affidavit of nonpaternity.
18	(e) A consent to adoption must contain, in at least
19	16-point boldfaced type, an acknowledgment of the parent's
20	rights in substantially the following form:
21	
22	YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO SELECT AT LEAST ONE
23	PERSON WHO DOES NOT HAVE AN EMPLOYMENT,
24	PROFESSIONAL, OR PERSONAL RELATIONSHIP WITH THE
25	ADOPTION ENTITY OR THE PROSPECTIVE ADOPTIVE
26	PARENTS TO BE PRESENT WHEN THIS AFFIDAVIT IS
27	EXECUTED AND TO SIGN IT AS A WITNESS. YOU MUST
28	ACKNOWLEDGE ON THIS FORM THAT YOU WERE NOTIFIED
29	OF THIS RIGHT AND YOU MUST INDICATE THE WITNESS
30	OR WITNESSES YOU SELECTED, IF ANY.
31	

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1	YOU DO NOT HAVE TO SIGN THIS CONSENT FORM. YOU
2	MAY DO ANY OF THE FOLLOWING INSTEAD OF SIGNING
3	THIS CONSENT OR BEFORE SIGNING THIS CONSENT:
4	
5	1. CONSULT WITH AN ATTORNEY;
6	2. HOLD, CARE FOR, AND FEED THE CHILD;
7	3. PLACE THE CHILD IN FOSTER CARE OR WITH
8	ANY FRIEND OR FAMILY MEMBER YOU CHOOSE WHO IS
9	WILLING TO CARE FOR THE CHILD;
10	4. TAKE THE CHILD HOME UNLESS OTHERWISE
11	LEGALLY PROHIBITED; AND
12	5. FIND OUT ABOUT THE COMMUNITY RESOURCES
13	THAT ARE AVAILABLE TO YOU IF YOU DO NOT GO
14	THROUGH WITH THE ADOPTION.
15	
16	IF YOU DO SIGN THIS CONSENT, YOU ARE GIVING UP
17	ALL RIGHTS TO YOUR CHILD. YOUR CONSENT IS VALID
18	AND BINDING UNLESS WITHDRAWN AS PERMITTED BY
19	LAW. IF YOU ARE GIVING UP YOUR RIGHTS TO A
20	CHILD WHO IS TO BE PLACED FOR ADOPTION WITH
21	IDENTIFIED PROSPECTIVE ADOPTIVE PARENTS UPON
22	THE CHILD'S RELEASE FROM A LICENSED HOSPITAL OR
23	BIRTH CENTER FOLLOWING BIRTH, A WAITING PERIOD
24	WILL BE IMPOSED BEFORE YOU MAY SIGN THE CONSENT
25	FOR ADOPTION. YOU MUST WAIT 48 HOURS FROM THE
26	TIME OF BIRTH, OR UNTIL THE BIRTH MOTHER HAS
27	BEEN NOTIFIED IN WRITING, EITHER ON HER PATIENT
28	CHART OR IN RELEASE PAPERS, THAT SHE IS FIT TO
29	BE RELEASED FROM A LICENSED HOSPITAL OR BIRTH
30	CENTER, WHICHEVER IS SOONER, BEFORE YOU MAY
31	SIGN THE CONSENT FOR ADOPTION. ONCE YOU HAVE

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1	SIGNED THE CONSENT, IT IS VALID AND BINDING AND
2	CANNOT BE WITHDRAWN UNLESS A COURT FINDS THAT
3	IT WAS OBTAINED BY FRAUD OR UNDER DURESS.
4	
5	IF YOU ARE GIVING UP YOUR RIGHTS TO A CHILD WHO
б	IS NOT PLACED FOR ADOPTION UPON THE CHILD'S
7	RELEASE FROM A LICENSED HOSPITAL OR BIRTH
8	CENTER FOLLOWING BIRTH, YOU MAY SIGN THE
9	CONSENT AT ANY TIME AFTER THE BIRTH OF THE
10	CHILD. WHILE THE CONSENT IS VALID AND BINDING
11	WHEN SIGNED, YOU HAVE TIME TO CHANGE YOUR MIND.
12	THIS TIME IS CALLED THE REVOCATION PERIOD. WHEN
13	THE REVOCATION PERIOD APPLIES, YOU MAY WITHDRAW
14	YOUR CONSENT FOR ANY REASON AT ANY TIME PRIOR
15	TO THE PLACEMENT OF THE CHILD WITH THE
16	PROSPECTIVE ADOPTIVE PARENTS, OR IF YOU DO IT
17	WITHIN 3 BUSINESS DAYS AFTER THE DATE YOU
18	SIGNED THE CONSENT OR 1 BUSINESS DAY AFTER THE
19	DATE OF THE BIRTH MOTHER'S DISCHARGE FROM A
20	LICENSED HOSPITAL OR BIRTH CENTER, WHICHEVER IS
21	LATER.
22	
23	TO WITHDRAW YOUR CONSENT DURING THE REVOCATION
24	PERIOD, YOU MUST:
25	1. NOTIFY THE ADOPTION ENTITY, BY WRITING
26	A LETTER, THAT YOU ARE WITHDRAWING YOUR
27	CONSENT.
28	2. MAIL THE LETTER AT A UNITED STATES
29	POST OFFICE WITHIN 3 BUSINESS DAYS AFTER THE
30	DATE YOU SIGNED THE CONSENT OR 1 BUSINESS DAY
31	AFTER THE DATE OF THE BIRTH MOTHER'S DISCHARGE
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1	FROM A LICENSED HOSPITAL OR BIRTH CENTER,
2	WHICHEVER IS LATER. THE TERM "BUSINESS DAY"
3	MEANS ANY DAY ON WHICH THE UNITED STATES POSTAL
4	SERVICE ACCEPTS CERTIFIED MAIL FOR DELIVERY.
5	3. SEND THE LETTER BY CERTIFIED UNITED
6	STATES MAIL WITH RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED.
7	4. PAY POSTAL COSTS AT THE TIME YOU MAIL
8	THE LETTER.
9	5. KEEP THE CERTIFIED MAIL RECEIPT AS
10	PROOF THAT CONSENT WAS WITHDRAWN IN A TIMELY
11	MANNER.
12	
13	TO WITHDRAW YOUR CONSENT PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT
14	OF THE CHILD WITH THE PROSPECTIVE ADOPTIVE
15	PARENTS, YOU MUST NOTIFY THE ADOPTION ENTITY,
16	IN WRITING BY CERTIFIED UNITED STATES MAIL,
17	RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED. THE ADOPTION ENTITY
18	YOU SHOULD NOTIFY IS:(name of adoption
19	entity),(address of adoption entity),
20	(phone number of adoption entity)
21	
22	ONCE THE REVOCATION PERIOD IS OVER, OR THE
23	CHILD HAS BEEN PLACED WITH THE PROSPECTIVE
24	ADOPTIVE PARENTS, WHICHEVER OCCURS LATER, YOU
25	MAY NOT WITHDRAW YOUR CONSENT UNLESS YOU CAN
26	PROVE IN COURT THAT CONSENT WAS OBTAINED BY
27	FRAUD OR UNDER DURESS.
28	
29	(5) Before any consent to adoption or affidavit of
30	nonpaternity is executed by a parent, but after the birth of
31	the minor, all requirements of disclosure under s. 63.085 must
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be met. 1 (6) A copy of each consent signed in an action for 2 3 termination of parental rights pending adoption must be 4 provided to the person who executed the consent to adoption. The copy must be hand delivered, with a written acknowledgment 5 6 of receipt signed by the person whose consent is required, or 7 mailed by first class United States mail to the address of record in the court file. If a copy of a consent cannot be 8 provided as required in this subsection, the adoption entity 9 10 must execute an affidavit stating why the copy of the consent is undeliverable. The original consent and acknowledgment of 11 12 receipt, an acknowledgment of mailing by the adoption entity, 13 or an affidavit stating why the copy of the consent is undeliverable must be filed with the petition for termination 14 15 of parental rights pending adoption. 16 (7)(5)(a) A consent that is being withdrawn under 17 paragraph (4)(c) may be withdrawn at any time prior to the 18 minor's placement with the prospective adoptive parents or by notifying the adoption entity in writing by certified United 19 States mail, return receipt requested, not later than 3 20 21 business days after execution of the consent or 1 business day after the date of the birth mother's discharge from a licensed 22 hospital or birth center, whichever occurs later. As used in 23 this subsection, the term "business day" means any day on 24 25 which the United States Postal Service accepts certified mail for delivery. 26 27 (b) Upon receiving written notice from a person of 28 that person's desire to withdraw consent to adoption, the adoption entity must contact the prospective adoptive parent 29 30 to arrange a time certain for the adoption entity to regain physical custody of the minor, unless, upon a motion for 31 33

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emergency hearing by the adoption entity, the court determines 1 2 in written findings that placement of the minor with the person withdrawing consent may endanger the minor. 3 4 (c) If the court finds that such placement may 5 endanger the minor, the court must enter an order regarding 6 continued placement of the minor. The order shall include, but 7 not be limited to, whether temporary placement in foster care is appropriate, whether an investigation by the department is 8 recommended, and whether a relative within the third degree is 9 10 available for the temporary placement. (d) If the person withdrawing consent claims to be the 11 12 father of the minor but has not been established to be the father by marriage, court order, or scientific testing, the 13 court may order scientific paternity testing and reserve 14 15 ruling on removal of the minor until the results of such 16 testing have been filed with the court. 17 (e) The adoption entity must return the minor within 3 days after notification of the withdrawal of consent or after 18 the court determines that withdrawal is valid and binding upon 19 consideration of an emergency motion, as filed pursuant to 20 21 subsection (b), to the physical custody of the person 22 withdrawing consent. (f) Following the revocation period for withdrawal of 23 24 consent described in paragraph (a), or the placement of the child with the prospective adoptive parents, whichever occurs 25 later, consent may be withdrawn only when the court finds that 26 27 the consent was obtained by fraud or under duress. (g) An affidavit of nonpaternity may be withdrawn only 28 29 if the court finds that the affidavit was obtained by fraud or 30 under duress. Section 18. Section 63.085, Florida Statutes, is 31 34

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1	amended to read:
2	(Substantial rewording of section. See
3	s. 63.085, F.S., for present text.)
4	63.085 Disclosure by adoption entity
5	(1) DISCLOSURE REQUIRED TO PARENTS AND PROSPECTIVE
6	ADOPTIVE PARENTSNot later than 7 days after a person
7	seeking to adopt a minor or a person seeking to place a minor
8	for adoption contacts an adoption entity in person or provides
9	the adoption entity with a mailing address, the entity must
10	provide a written disclosure statement to that person if the
11	entity agrees or continues to work with such person. If an
12	adoption entity is assisting in the effort to terminate the
13	parental rights of a parent who did not initiate the contact
14	with the adoption entity, the written disclosure must be
15	provided within 7 days after that parent is identified and
16	located. The written disclosure statement must be in
17	substantially the following form:
18	
19	ADOPTION DISCLOSURE
20	
21	THE STATE OF FLORIDA REQUIRES THAT THIS FORM BE
22	PROVIDED TO ALL PERSONS CONSIDERING ADOPTING A
23	MINOR OR SEEKING TO PLACE A MINOR FOR ADOPTION,
24	TO ADVISE THEM OF THE FOLLOWING FACTS REGARDING
25	ADOPTION UNDER FLORIDA LAW:
26	
27	1. Under section 63.102, Florida
28	Statutes, the existence of a placement or
29	adoption contract signed by the parent or
30	prospective adoptive parent, prior approval of
31	that contract by the court, or payment of any
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expenses permitted under Florida law does not
obligate anyone to sign a consent or ultimately
place a minor for adoption.
2. Under sections 63.092 and 63.125,
Florida Statutes, a favorable preliminary home
study, before the minor may be placed in that
home, and a final home investigation, before
the adoption becomes final, must be completed.
3. Under section 63.082, Florida
Statutes, a consent to adoption or affidavit of
nonpaternity may not be signed until after the
birth of the minor.
4. Under section 63.082, Florida
Statutes, if the minor is to be placed for
adoption with identified prospective adoptive
parents upon release from a licensed hospital
or birth center following birth, the consent to
adoption may not be signed until 48 hours after
birth or until the day the birth mother has
been notified in writing, either on her patient
chart or in release papers, that she is fit to
be released from the licensed hospital or birth
center, whichever is sooner. The consent to
adoption or affidavit of nonpaternity is valid
and binding upon execution unless the court
finds it was obtained by fraud or under duress.
5. Under section 63.082, Florida
Statutes, if the minor is not placed for
adoption with the prospective adoptive parent
upon release from the hospital or birth center
following birth, a 3-day revocation period

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1	applies during which consent may be withdrawn
2	for any reason by notifying the adoption entity
3	in writing. In order to withdraw consent, the
4	written withdrawal of consent must be mailed at
5	a United States Post Office no later than 3
6	business days after execution of the consent or
7	1 business day after the date of the birth
8	mother's discharge from a licensed hospital or
9	birth center, whichever occurs later. For
10	purposes of mailing the withdrawal of consent,
11	the term "business day" means any day on which
12	the United States Postal Service accepts
13	certified mail for delivery. The letter must be
14	sent by certified United States mail, return
15	receipt requested. Postal costs must be paid at
16	the time of mailing and the receipt should be
17	retained as proof that consent was withdrawn in
18	a timely manner.
19	6. Under section 63.082, Florida
20	Statutes, and notwithstanding the revocation
21	period, the consent may be withdrawn at any
22	time prior to the placement of the child with
23	the prospective adoptive parent, by notifying
24	the adoption entity in writing by certified
25	United States mail, return receipt requested.
26	7. Under section 63.082, Florida
27	Statutes, if an adoption entity timely receives
28	written notice from a person of that person's
29	desire to withdraw consent, the adoption entity
30	must contact the prospective adoptive parent to
31	arrange a time certain to regain physical

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1	custody of the child. Absent a court order for
2	continued placement of the child entered under
3	section 63.082, Florida Statutes, the adoption
4	entity must return the minor within 3 days
5	after notification of the withdrawal of consent
б	to the physical custody of the person
7	withdrawing consent. After the revocation
8	period for withdrawal of consent ends, or after
9	the placement of the child with prospective
10	adoptive parent, whichever occurs later, the
11	consent may be withdrawn only if the court
12	finds that the consent was obtained by fraud or
13	under duress.
14	8. Under section 63.082, Florida
15	Statutes, an affidavit of nonpaternity, once
16	executed, may be withdrawn only if the court
17	finds that it was obtained by fraud or under
18	duress.
19	9. Under section 63.082, Florida
20	Statutes, a person who signs a consent to
21	adoption or an affidavit of nonpaternity must
22	be given reasonable notice of his or her right
23	to select a person who does not have an
24	employment, professional, or personal
25	relationship with the adoption entity or the
26	prospective adoptive parents to be present when
27	the consent or affidavit is executed and to
28	sign the consent or affidavit as a witness.
29	10. Under section 63.088, Florida
30	Statutes, specific and extensive efforts are
31	required by law to attempt to obtain the
	20

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1	consents required under section 63.062, Florida
2	Statutes. If these efforts are unsuccessful,
3	the court may not enter a judgment terminating
4	parental rights pending adoption until certain
5	requirements have been met.
6	11. Under Florida law, an intermediary
7	may represent the legal interests of only the
8	prospective adoptive parents. Each person whose
9	consent to an adoption is required under
10	section 63.062, Florida Statutes, is entitled
11	to seek independent legal advice and
12	representation before signing any document or
13	surrendering parental rights.
14	12. Under section 63.182, Florida
15	Statutes, an action or proceeding of any kind
16	to vacate, set aside, or otherwise nullify a
17	judgment of adoption or an underlying judgment
18	terminating parental rights pending adoption,
19	on any ground, including duress but excluding
20	fraud, must be filed within 1 year after entry
21	of the judgment terminating parental rights
22	pending adoption. Such an action or proceeding
23	for fraud must be filed within 2 years after
24	entry of the judgment terminating parental
25	rights.
26	13. Under section 63.089, Florida
27	Statutes, a judgment terminating parental
28	rights pending adoption is voidable and any
29	later judgment of adoption of that minor is
30	voidable if, upon the motion of a parent, the
31	court finds that any person knowingly gave

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1	false information that prevented the parent
2	from timely making known his or her desire to
3	assume parental responsibilities toward the
4	minor or to exercise his or her parental
5	rights. The motion must be filed with the court
6	that originally entered the judgment. The
7	motion must be filed within a reasonable time,
8	but not later than 2 years after the date the
9	judgment to which the motion is directed was
10	entered.
11	14. Under section 63.165, Florida
12	Statutes, the State of Florida maintains a
13	registry of adoption information. Information
14	about the registry is available from the
15	Department of Children and Family Services.
16	15. Under section 63.032, Florida
17	Statutes, a court may find that a parent has
18	abandoned his or her child based on conduct
19	during the pregnancy or based on conduct after
20	the child is born. In addition, under section
21	63.089, Florida Statutes, the failure of a
22	parent to respond to notices of proceedings
23	involving his or her child shall result in
24	termination of parental rights of a parent. A
25	lawyer can explain what a parent must do to
26	protect his or her parental rights. Any parent
27	wishing to protect his or her parental rights
28	should act IMMEDIATELY.
29	16. Each parent and prospective adoptive
30	parent is entitled to independent legal advice
31	and representation. Attorney information may be

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1	obtained from the yellow pages, The Florida
2	Bar's lawyer referral service, and local legal
3	aid offices and bar associations.
4	17. Counseling services may be helpful
5	while making a parenting decision. Consult the
6	yellow pages of the telephone directory.
7	18. Medical and social services support
8	is available if the parent wishes to retain
9	parental rights and responsibilities. Consult
10	the Department of Children and Family Services.
11	19. Under section 63.039, Florida
12	Statutes, an adoption entity has certain legal
13	responsibilities and may be liable for damages
14	to persons whose consent to an adoption is
15	required or to prospective adoptive parents for
16	failing to materially meet those
17	responsibilities. Damages may also be recovered
18	from an adoption entity if a consent to
19	adoption or affidavit of nonpaternity is
20	obtained by fraud or under duress attributable
21	to an adoption entity.
22	20. Under section 63.097, Florida
23	Statutes, reasonable living expenses of the
24	birth mother may be paid by the prospective
25	adoptive parents and the adoption entity only
26	if the birth mother is unable to pay due to
27	unemployment, underemployment, or disability.
28	The law also allows payment of reasonable and
29	necessary medical expenses, expenses necessary
30	to comply with the requirements of chapter 63,
31	Florida Statutes, court filing expenses, and

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1	costs associated with advertising. Certain
2	documented legal, counseling, and other
3	professional fees may be paid. Prior approval
4	of the court is not required until the
5	cumulative total of amounts permitted exceeds
6	\$2,500 in legal or other fees, \$500 in court
7	costs, \$3,000 in expenses or \$1,500 in
8	cumulative expenses incurred prior to the date
9	the prospective adoptive parent retains the
10	adoption entity. The following fees, costs, and
11	expenses are prohibited:
12	a. Any fee or expense that constitutes
13	payment for locating a minor for adoption.
14	b. Any lump-sum payment to the entity
15	which is nonrefundable directly to the payor or
16	which is not itemized on the affidavit.
17	c. Any fee on the affidavit which does
18	not specify the service that was provided and
19	for which the fee is being charged, such as a
20	fee for facilitation or acquisition.
21	
22	The court may reduce amounts charged or refund
23	amounts that have been paid if it finds that
24	these amounts were more than what was
25	reasonable or allowed under the law.
26	21. Under section 63.132, Florida
27	Statutes, the adoption entity and the
28	prospective adoptive parents must sign and file
29	with the court a written statement under oath
30	listing all the fees, expenses, and costs made,
31	or agreed to be made, by or on behalf of the
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1	prospective adoptive parents and any adoption
2	entity in connection with the adoption. The
3	affidavit must state whether any of the
4	expenses were eligible to be paid for by any
5	other source.
6	22. Under section 63.132, Florida
7	Statutes, the court order approving the money
8	spent on the adoption must be separate from the
9	judgment making the adoption final. The court
10	may approve only certain costs and expenses
11	allowed under s. 63.097. The court may approve
12	only fees that are allowed under law and that
13	it finds to be "reasonable." A good idea of
14	what is and is not allowed to be paid for in an
15	adoption can be determined by reading sections
16	63.097 and 63.132, Florida Statutes.
17	
18	(2) ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF DISCLOSURE The adoption entity
19	must obtain a written statement acknowledging receipt of the
20	disclosure required under subsection (1) and signed by the
21	persons receiving the disclosure or, if it is not possible to
22	obtain such an acknowledgment, the adoption entity must
23	execute an affidavit stating why an acknowledgment could not
24	be obtained. If the disclosure was delivered by certified
25	United States mail, return receipt requested, a return receipt
26	signed by the person from whom acknowledgment is required is
27	sufficient to meet the requirements of this subsection. A copy
28	of the acknowledgment of receipt of the disclosure must be
29	provided to the person signing it. A copy of the
30	acknowledgment or affidavit executed by the adoption entity in
31	lieu of the acknowledgment must be maintained in the file of
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the adoption entity. The original acknowledgment or affidavit 1 must be filed with the court. In the case of a disclosure 2 3 provided under subsection (1), the original acknowledgment or 4 affidavit must be included in the preliminary home study required in s. 63.092. 5 6 (3) POSTBIRTH DISCLOSURE TO PARENTS.--Before execution 7 of any consent to adoption by a parent, but after the birth of the minor, all requirements of subsections (1) and (2) for 8 making certain disclosures to a parent and obtaining a written 9 10 acknowledgment of receipt must be repeated. 11 Section 19. Section 63.087, Florida Statutes, is 12 created to read: 63.087 Proceeding to terminate parental rights pending 13 14 adoption; general provisions. --15 (1) INTENT.--It is the intent of the Legislature that a court determine whether a minor is legally available for 16 17 adoption through a separate proceeding terminating parental rights prior to the filing of a petition for adoption. 18 19 (2) GOVERNING RULES.--The Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure govern a proceeding to terminate parental rights 20 21 pending adoption unless otherwise provided by law. (3) JURISDICTION.--A court of this state which is 22 competent to decide child welfare or custody matters has 23 jurisdiction to hear all matters arising from a proceeding to 24 25 terminate parental rights pending adoption. All subsequent 26 proceedings for the adoption of the minor, if the petition for 27 termination is granted, must be conducted by the same judge 28 who conducted the termination proceedings, if that judge is 29 still available within the division of the court which 30 conducts termination or adoption cases or, if that judge is 31 unavailable, by another judge within the division.

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(4) VENUE.--1 2 (a) A petition to terminate parental rights pending 3 adoption must be filed: 4 1. In the county where the child resided for the 5 previous 6 months; 6 2. If the child is younger than 6 months of age or has 7 not continuously resided in one county for the previous 6 months, in the county where the parent resided at the time of 8 the execution of the consent to adoption or the affidavit of 9 10 nonpaternity; 3. If the child is younger than 6 months of age and a 11 12 waiver of venue has been obtained pursuant to 63.062 in the county where the adoption entity is located or, if the 13 adoption entity has more than one place of business, in the 14 15 county which is located in closest proximity to the county in which the parent whose rights are to be terminated resided at 16 17 the time of execution of the consent or affidavit of 18 nonpaternity; or 19 4. If there is no consent or affidavit of nonpaternity 20 executed by a parent, in the county where the birth mother 21 resides. 5. If neither parent resides in the state, venue is in 22 23 the county where the adoption entity is located. 24 (b) Regardless of the age of the child, if the adoption entity is notified that a parent whose parental 25 26 rights are to be terminated intends to contest the 27 termination, venue must be in the county where that parent 28 resides. If there is no such residence in this state, venue 29 must be in the county where: 30 1. At least one parent whose rights are to be 31 terminated resides; or

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1	2. At least one parent resided at the time of
2	execution of a consent or affidavit of nonpaternity; or
3	3. The adoption entity is located if neither
4	subparagrph 1. nor subparagraph 2. applies.
5	(c) If a petition for termination of parental rights
6	has been filed and a parent whose rights are to be terminated
7	objects to venue, there shall be a hearing in which the court
8	shall immediately transfer venue to one of the counties listed
9	in this subsection. The court is to consider for purposes of
10	selecting venue the ease of access to the court of the parent
11	who intends to contest a termination of parental rights.
12	(d) If there is a transfer of venue, the adoption
13	entity or the petitioner shall bear the cost of venue
14	transfer.
15	(5) PREREQUISITE FOR ADOPTION A petition for
16	adoption may not be filed until 30 days after the date the
17	judge signed the judgment terminating parental rights pending
18	adoption under this chapter, unless the adoptee is an adult or
19	the minor has been the subject of a judgment terminating
20	parental rights under chapter 39.
21	(6) PETITION
22	(a) A proceeding seeking to terminate parental rights
23	pending adoption pursuant to this chapter must be initiated by
24	the filing of an original petition after the birth of the
25	minor.
26	(b) The petition may be filed by a parent or person
27	having legal custody of the minor. The petition may be filed
28	by an adoption entity only if a parent or person having legal
29	custody who has executed a consent to adoption pursuant to s.
30	63.082 consents in writing to the entity filing the petition.
31	The original of such consent must be filed with the petition.
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1	(c) The petition must be entitled: "In the Matter of
2	the Proposed Adoption of a Minor Child."
3	(d) A petition to terminate parental rights may be
4	consolidated with a previously filed petition for a
5	declaratory statement filed under s. 63.102. Only one filing
6	fee may be assessed for both the termination of parental
7	rights and declaratory-statement petitions.
8	(e) The petition to terminate parental rights pending
9	adoption must be in writing and signed by the petitioner under
10	oath stating the petitioner's good faith in filing the
11	petition. A written consent to adoption, affidavit of
12	nonpaternity, or affidavit of diligent search under s. 63.088,
13	for each person whose consent to adoption is required under s.
14	63.062, must be executed and attached.
15	(f) The petition must include:
16	1. The minor's name, gender, date of birth, and place
17	of birth. The petition must contain all names by which the
18	minor is or has been known, excluding the minor's prospective
19	adoptive name but including the minor's legal name at the time
20	of the filing of the petition, to allow interested parties to
21	the action, including parents, persons having legal custody of
22	the minor, persons with custodial or visitation rights to the
23	minor, and persons entitled to notice pursuant to the Uniform
24	Child Custody Jurisdiction Act or the Indian Child Welfare
25	Act, to identify their own interest in the action.
26	2. If the petition is filed before the day the minor
27	is 6 months old and if the identity or location of the father
28	is unknown, each city in which the mother resided or traveled,
29	in which conception may have occurred, during the 12 months
30	before the minor's birth, including the county and state in
31	which that city is located.

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1	3. Unless a consent to adoption or affidavit of
2	nonpaternity executed by each person whose consent is required
3	under s. 63.062 is attached to the petition, the name and the
4	city of residence, including the county and state in which
5	that city is located, of:
6	a. The minor's mother;
7	b. Any man whom the mother reasonably believes may be
8	the minor's father; and
9	c. Any person who has legal custody, as defined in s.
10	39.01, of the minor.
11	
12	If a required name or address is not known, the petition must
13	so state.
14	4. All information required by the Uniform Child
15	Custody Jurisdiction Act and the Indian Child Welfare Act.
16	5. A statement of the grounds under s. 63.089 upon
17	which the petition is based.
18	6. The name, address, and telephone number of any
19	adoption entity seeking to place the minor for adoption.
20	7. The name, address, and telephone number of the
21	division of the circuit court in which the petition is to be
22	filed.
23	(7) ANSWER NOT REQUIRED An answer to the petition or
24	any pleading need not be filed by any minor, parent, or person
25	having legal custody of the minor, but any matter that might
26	be set forth in an answer or other pleading may be pleaded
27	orally before the court or filed in writing. However, failure
28	to file a written response or to appear at the hearing on the
29	petition constitutes grounds upon which the court may
30	terminate parental rights. Notwithstanding the filing of any
31	answer or any pleading, any person present at the hearing to
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terminate parental rights pending adoption whose consent to 1 adoption is required under s. 63.062 must: 2 3 (a) Be advised by the court that he or she has a right 4 to ask that the hearing be reset for a later date so that the 5 person may consult with an attorney; 6 (b) Be given an opportunity to deny the allegations in 7 the petition; and (c) Be given the opportunity to challenge the validity 8 9 of any consent or affidavit of nonpaternity signed by any 10 person. 11 Section 20. Section 63.088, Florida Statutes, is 12 created to read: 63.088 Proceeding to terminate parental rights pending 13 adoption; notice and service; diligent search .--14 15 (1) INITIATE LOCATION AND IDENTIFICATION 16 PROCEDURES.--When the location or identity of a person whose 17 consent to an adoption is required but is not known, the 18 adoption entity must begin the inquiry and diligent search process required by this section not later than 7 days after 19 the date on which the person seeking to place a minor for 20 21 adoption has evidenced in writing to the entity a desire to place the minor for adoption with that entity, or not later 22 than 7 days after the date any money is provided as permitted 23 under this chapter by the adoption entity for the benefit of 24 25 the person seeking to place a minor for adoption. 26 (2) LOCATION AND IDENTITY KNOWN.--Before the court may 27 determine that a minor is available for adoption, and in 28 addition to the other requirements set forth in this chapter, 29 each person whose consent is required under s. 63.062, who has 30 not executed an affidavit of nonpaternity and whose location and identity have been determined by compliance with the 31

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1	procedures in this section, must be personally served,
2	pursuant to chapter 48, at least 30 days before the hearing
3	with a copy of the petition to terminate parental rights
4	pending adoption and with notice in substantially the
5	following form:
6	
7	NOTICE OF PETITION AND HEARING
8	TO TERMINATE PARENTAL RIGHTS PENDING ADOPTION
9	
10	A petition to terminate parental rights pending
11	adoption has been filed. A copy of the petition
12	is being served with this notice. There will be
13	a hearing on the petition to terminate parental
14	rights pending adoption on (date) at
15	(time) before (judge) at
16	(location, including complete name and street
17	address of the courthouse) The court has
18	set aside (amount of time) for this
19	hearing. If you executed a consent or an
20	affidavit of nonpaternity and a waiver of
21	venue, you have the right to request that the
22	termination of parental rights hearing be
23	transferred to the county in which you reside.
24	
25	UNDER SECTION 63.089, FLORIDA STATUTES, FAILURE
26	TO FILE A WRITTEN RESPONSE TO THIS NOTICE WITH
27	THE COURT OR TO APPEAR AT THIS HEARING
28	CONSTITUTES GROUNDS UPON WHICH THE COURT SHALL
29	END ANY PARENTAL RIGHTS YOU MAY HAVE REGARDING
30	THE MINOR CHILD.
31	

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1	(3) REQUIRED INQUIRYIn proceedings initiated under
2	s. 63.087, the court must conduct an inquiry of the person who
3	is placing the minor for adoption and of any relative or
4	person having legal custody of the minor who is present at the
5	hearing and likely to have the following information regarding
6	the identity of:
7	(a) Any person to whom the mother of the minor was
8	married at any time when conception of the minor may have
9	occurred or at the time of the birth of the minor;
10	(b) Any person who has been declared by a court to be
11	the father of the minor;
12	(c) Any man with whom the mother was cohabiting at any
13	time when conception of the minor may have occurred;
14	(d) Any person the mother has reason to believe may be
15	the father and from whom she has received payments or promises
16	of support with respect to the minor or because of her
17	pregnancy;
18	(e) Any person the mother has named as the father on
19	the birth certificate of the minor or in connection with
20	applying for or receiving public assistance;
21	(f) Any person who has acknowledged or claimed
22	paternity of the minor; and
23	(g) Any person the mother has reason to believe may be
24	the father.
25	
26	The information required under this subsection may be provided
27	to the court in the form of a sworn affidavit by a person
28	having personal knowledge of the facts, addressing each
29	inquiry enumerated in this subsection, except that, if the
30	inquiry identifies a father under paragraph (a) or paragraph
31	(b), the inquiry shall not continue further. The inquiry
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required under this subsection may be conducted before the 1 2 birth of the minor. 3 (4) LOCATION UNKNOWN; IDENTITY KNOWN.--If the inquiry 4 by the court under subsection (3) identifies any person whose 5 consent to adoption is required under s. 63.062 and who has 6 not executed a consent to adoption or an affidavit of 7 nonpaternity, and the location of the person from whom consent is required is unknown, the adoption entity must conduct a 8 diligent search for that person which must include inquiries 9 10 concerning: 11 (a) The person's current address, or any previous 12 address, through an inquiry of the United States Postal 13 Service through the Freedom of Information Act; (b) The last known employment of the person, including 14 15 the name and address of the person's employer. Inquiry should be made of the last known employer as to any address to which 16 17 wage and earnings statements (W-2 forms) of the person have been mailed. Inquiry should be made of the last known employer 18 as to whether the person is eligible for a pension or 19 profit-sharing plan and any address to which pension or other 20 21 funds have been mailed; (c) Union memberships the person may have held or 22 unions that governed the person's particular trade or craft in 23 24 the area where the person last resided; (d) Regulatory agencies, including those regulating 25 26 licensing in the area where the person last resided; 27 (e) Names and addresses of relatives to the extent 28 such can be reasonably obtained from the petitioner or other 29 sources, contacts with those relatives, and inquiry as to the 30 person's last known address. The petitioner shall pursue any leads of any addresses to which the person may have moved. 31

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Relatives include, but are not limited to, parents, brothers, 1 sisters, aunts, uncles, cousins, nieces, nephews, 2 3 grandparents, great-grandparents, former or current in-laws, 4 stepparents, and stepchildren; 5 (f) Information as to whether or not the person may 6 have died and, if so, the date and location; 7 (g) Telephone listings in the area where the person 8 last resided; 9 (h) Inquiries of law enforcement agencies in the area 10 where the person last resided; 11 (i) Highway patrol records in the state where the 12 person last resided; 13 (j) Department of Corrections records in the state 14 where the person last resided; 15 (k) Hospitals in the area where the person last 16 resided; 17 (1) Records of utility companies, including water, 18 sewer, cable television, and electric companies, in the area where the person last resided; 19 Records of the Armed Forces of the United States 20 (m) as to whether there is any information as to the person; 21 22 (n) Records of the tax assessor and tax collector in the area where the person last resided; 23 24 (o) Search of one Internet databank locator service; 25 and (p) Information held by all medical providers who 26 27 rendered medical treatment or care to the birth mother and 28 child, including the identity and location information of all 29 persons listed by the mother as being financially responsible 30 for the uninsured expenses of treatment or care and all persons who made any such payments. 31

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2	Any person contacted by a petitioner or adoption entity who is
3	requesting information pursuant to this subsection must
4	release the requested information to the petitioner or
5	adoption entity, except when prohibited by law, without the
6	necessity of a subpoena or court order. An affidavit of
7	diligent search executed by the petitioner and the adoption
8	entity must be filed with the court confirming completion of
9	each aspect of the diligent search enumerated in this
10	subsection and specifying the results. The diligent search
11	required under this subsection may be conducted before the
12	birth of the minor.
13	(5) LOCATION UNKNOWN OR IDENTITY UNKNOWNThis
14	subsection only applies if, as to any person whose consent is
15	required under s. 63.062 and who has not executed an affidavit
16	of nonpaternity, the location or identity of the person is
17	unknown and the inquiry under subsection (3) fails to identify
18	the person or the diligent search under subsection (4) fails
19	to locate the person. The unlocated or unidentified person
20	must be served notice under subsection (2) by constructive
21	service in the manner provided in chapter 49 in each county
22	identified in the petition, as provided in s. 63.087(6). The
23	notice, in addition to all information required in the
24	petition under s. 63.087(6) and chapter 49, must contain a
25	physical description, including, but not limited to, age,
26	race, hair and eye color, and approximate height and weight of
27	the minor's mother and of any person the mother reasonably
28	believes may be the father; the minor's date of birth; and any
29	date and city, including the county and state in which the
30	city is located, in which conception may have occurred. If any
31	of the facts that must be included in the notice under this
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subsection are unknown and cannot be reasonably ascertained, 1 2 the notice must so state. 3 Section 21. Section 63.089, Florida Statutes, is 4 created to read: 5 63.089 Proceeding to terminate parental rights pending 6 adoption; hearing; grounds; dismissal of petition; judgment.--7 (1) HEARING.--The court may terminate parental rights 8 pending adoption only after a full evidentiary hearing. 9 (2) HEARING PREREQUISITES. -- The court may hold the 10 hearing only when: 11 (a) For each person whose consent to adoption is 12 required under s. 63.062: 13 1. A consent under s. 63.082 has been executed and 14 filed with the court; 15 2. An affidavit of nonpaternity under s. 63.082 has 16 been executed and filed with the court; or 17 3. Notice has been provided under ss. 63.087 and 18 63.088; 19 (b) For each notice and petition that must be served 20 under ss. 63.087 and 63.088: 21 1. At least 30 days have elapsed since the date of personal service and an affidavit of service has been filed 22 23 with the court; 24 2. At least 60 days have elapsed since the first date 25 of publication of constructive service and an affidavit of 26 service has been filed with the court; or 27 3. An affidavit of nonpaternity which affirmatively 28 waives service has been executed and filed with the court; (c) The minor named in the petition has been born; and 29 30 (d) The petition contains all information required 31 under s. 63.087 and all affidavits of inquiry, diligent 55

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search, and service required under s. 63.088 have been 1 2 obtained and filed with the court. 3 (3) GROUNDS FOR TERMINATING PARENTAL RIGHTS PENDING 4 ADOPTION. -- The court may enter a judgment terminating parental rights pending adoption if the court determines by clear and 5 6 convincing evidence, supported by written findings of fact, 7 that each person whose consent to adoption is required under s. 63.062: 8 9 (a) Has executed a valid consent that has not been 10 withdrawn under s. 63.082 and the consent was obtained 11 according to the requirements of this chapter; 12 (b) Has executed an affidavit of nonpaternity and the 13 affidavit was obtained according to the requirements of this 14 chapter; 15 (c) Has been properly served notice of the proceeding 16 in accordance with the requirements of this chapter and has 17 failed to file a written answer or appear at the evidentiary 18 hearing resulting in the judgment terminating parental rights 19 pending adoption; 20 (d) Has been properly served notice of the proceeding 21 in accordance with the requirements of this chapter and has been determined under subsection (4) to have abandoned the 22 23 minor as defined in s. 63.032; (e) Is a parent of the person to be adopted, which 24 25 parent has been judicially declared incapacitated with 26 restoration of competency found to be medically improbable; 27 (f) Is a person who has legal custody of the person to 28 be adopted, other than a parent, who has failed to respond in 29 writing to a request for consent for a period of 60 days or, 30 after examination of his or her written reasons for 31 withholding consent, is found by the court to be withholding 56

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his or her consent unreasonably; 1 2 (g) Has been properly served notice of the proceeding 3 in accordance with the requirements of this chapter, but whom 4 the court finds, after examining written reasons for the withholding of consent, to be unreasonably withholding his or 5 6 her consent; or 7 (h) Is the spouse of the person to be adopted who has failed to consent, and the failure of the spouse to consent to 8 the adoption is excused by reason of prolonged and unexplained 9 10 absence, unavailability, incapacity, or circumstances that are 11 found by the court to constitute unreasonable withholding of 12 consent. 13 (4) FINDING OF ABANDONMENT.--A finding of abandonment resulting in a termination of parental rights must be based 14 15 upon clear and convincing evidence. A finding of abandonment may not be based upon a lack of emotional support to a birth 16 17 mother during her pregnancy, but may be based upon emotional 18 abuse to a birth mother during her pregnancy. 19 (a) In making a determination of abandonment at a hearing for termination of parental rights pursuant to this 20 21 chapter, the court must consider: 1. Whether the actions alleged to constitute 22 23 abandonment demonstrate a willful disregard for the safety or 24 welfare of the child or unborn child; 2. Whether other persons prevented the person alleged 25 to have abandoned the child from making the efforts referenced 26 27 in this subsection; 3. Whether the person alleged to have abandoned the 28 child, while being able, refused to provide financial support 29 30 after such person was informed he may be the father of the 31 child;

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1	4. Whether the person alleged to have abandoned the
2	child, while being able, refused to pay for medical treatment
3	when such payment was requested by the person having legal
4	custody of the child and those expenses were not covered by
5	insurance or other available sources;
6	5. Whether the amount of support provided or medical
7	expenses paid was appropriate, taking into consideration the
8	needs of the child and relative means and resources available
9	to the person alleged to have abandoned the child and
10	available to the person having legal custody of the child
11	during the period the child allegedly was abandoned; and
12	6. Whether the person having legal custody of the
13	child made the child's whereabouts known to the person alleged
14	to have abandoned the child, advised that person of the needs
15	of the child or the needs of the mother of an unborn child
16	with regard to the pregnancy, or informed that person of
17	events such as medical appointments and tests relating to the
18	child or, if unborn, the pregnancy.
19	(b) The child has been abandoned when the parent of a
20	child is incarcerated on or after October 1, 1999, in a state
21	or federal correctional institution and:
22	1. The period of time for which the parent is expected
23	to be incarcerated will constitute a substantial portion of
24	the period of time before the child will attain the age of 18
25	years;
26	2. The incarcerated parent has been determined by the
27	court to be a violent career criminal as defined in s.
28	775.084, a habitual violent felony offender as defined in s.
29	775.084, convicted of child abuse as defined in s. 827.03, or
30	a sexual predator as defined in s. 775.21; has been convicted
31	of first degree or second degree murder in violation of s.
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782.04 or a sexual battery that constitutes a capital, life, 1 or first degree felony violation of s. 794.011; or has been 2 3 convicted of an offense in another jurisdiction which is 4 substantially similar to one of the offenses listed in this paragraph. As used in this section, the term "substantially 5 6 similar offense" means any offense that is substantially 7 similar in elements and penalties to one of those listed in this paragraph, and that is in violation of a law of any other 8 jurisdiction, whether that of another state, the District of 9 10 Columbia, the United States or any possession or territory thereof, or any foreign jurisdiction; and 11 12 3. The court determines by clear and convincing 13 evidence that continuing the parental relationship with the incarcerated parent would be harmful to the child and, for 14 15 this reason, that termination of the parental rights of the incarcerated parent is in the best interest of the child. 16 17 (c) The only conduct of a father toward a mother 18 during pregnancy that the court may consider in determining 19 whether the child has been abandoned is conduct that occurred 20 after the father was informed he may be the father of the child or after diligent search and notice as provided in s. 21 63.088 have been made to inform the father that he is, or may 22 be, the father of the child. 23 24 (5) DISMISSAL OF PETITION WITH PREJUDICE.--If the court does not find by clear and convincing evidence that 25 26 parental rights of a parent should be terminated pending 27 adoption, the court must dismiss the petition with prejudice 28 and that parent's parental rights that were the subject of 29 such petition remain in full force under the law. The order 30 must include written findings in support of the dismissal, including findings as to the criteria in subsection (4) if 31

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1	rejecting a claim of abandonment. Parental rights may not be
2	terminated based upon a consent that the court finds has been
3	timely withdrawn under s. 63.082 or a consent to adoption or
4	affidavit of nonpaternity that the court finds was obtained by
5	fraud or under duress. The court must enter an order based
6	upon written findings providing for the placement of the
7	minor. The court may order scientific testing to determine the
8	paternity of the minor at any time during which the court has
9	jurisdiction over the minor. Further proceedings, if any,
10	regarding the minor must be brought in a separate custody
11	action under chapter 61, a dependency action under chapter 39,
12	or a paternity action under chapter 742.
13	(6) JUDGMENT TERMINATING PARENTAL RIGHTS PENDING
14	ADOPTION
15	(a) The judgment terminating parental rights pending
16	adoption must be in writing and contain findings of fact as to
17	the grounds for terminating parental rights pending adoption.
18	(b) Within 24 hours after filing, the clerk of the
19	court shall mail a copy of the judgment to the department, the
20	petitioner, those persons required to give consent under s.
21	63.062, and the respondent. The clerk shall execute a
22	certificate of each mailing.
23	(7) RELIEF FROM JUDGMENT TERMINATING PARENTAL
24	RIGHTS
25	(a) A judgment terminating parental rights pending
26	adoption is voidable and any later judgment of adoption of
27	that minor is voidable if, upon the motion of a parent, the
28	court finds that a person knowingly gave false information
29	that prevented the parent from timely making known his or her
30	desire to assume parental responsibilities toward the minor or
31	meeting the requirements under this chapter to exercise his or
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her parental rights. A motion under this subsection must be 1 2 filed with the court originally entering the judgment. The 3 motion must be filed within a reasonable time, but not later 4 than 2 years after the entry of the judgment terminating 5 parental rights. 6 (b) No later than 30 days after the filing of a motion 7 under this subsection, the court must conduct a preliminary hearing to determine what contact, if any, shall be permitted 8 between a parent and the child pending resolution of the 9 10 motion. Such contact shall be considered only if it is 11 requested by a parent who has appeared at the hearing. If the 12 court orders contact between a parent and child, the order 13 must be issued in writing as expeditiously as possible and must state with specificity any provisions regarding contact 14 15 with persons other than those with whom the child resides. 16 (c) At the preliminary hearing, the court, upon the 17 motion of any party or upon its own motion, may order scientific testing to determine the paternity of the minor if 18 the person seeking to set aside the judgment is alleging to be 19 the child's father and that fact has not previously been 20 determined by legitimacy or scientific testing. The court may 21 order supervised visitation with a person for whom scientific 22 testing for paternity has been ordered. Such visitation shall 23 24 be conditioned upon the filing of those test results with the 25 court and such results establishing that person's paternity of the minor. 26 27 (d) No later than 45 days after the preliminary hearing, the court must conduct a final hearing on the motion 28 29 to set aside the judgment and enter its written order as 30 expeditiously as possible thereafter. 31 (8) RECORDS; CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION. -- All papers and 61

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records pertaining to a petition to terminate parental rights 1 2 pending adoption are related to the subsequent adoption of the 3 minor and are subject to the provisions of s. 63.162. The 4 confidentiality provisions of this chapter do not apply to the 5 extent information regarding persons or proceedings must be made available as specified under s. 63.088. 6 7 Section 22. Section 63.092, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read: 8 63.092 Report to the court of intended placement by an 9 10 adoption entity; at-risk placement intermediary; preliminary study. --11 12 (1) REPORT TO THE COURT. -- The adoption entity 13 intermediary must report any intended placement of a minor for 14 adoption with any person not related within the third degree 15 or a stepparent if the adoption entity intermediary has knowledge of, or participates in, such intended placement. The 16 17 report must be made to the court before the minor is placed in the home. 18 19 (2) AT-RISK PLACEMENT.--If the minor is placed in the 20 prospective adoptive home before the parental rights of the 21 minor's parents are terminated under s. 63.089, the placement is an at-risk placement. If the placement is an at-risk 22 placement, the prospective adoptive parents must acknowledge 23 24 in writing before the minor may be placed in the prospective 25 adoptive home that the placement is at risk and that the minor 26 is subject to removal from the prospective adoptive home by 27 the adoption entity or by court order. 28 (3)(2) PRELIMINARY HOME STUDY.--Before placing the 29 minor in the intended adoptive home, a preliminary home study 30 must be performed by a licensed child-placing agency, a 31 licensed professional, or agency described in s. 61.20(2),

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unless the petitioner is a stepparent, a spouse of the birth 1 2 parent, or a relative. The preliminary study shall be 3 completed within 30 days after the receipt by the court of the 4 adoption entity's intermediary's report, but in no event may 5 the minor child be placed in the prospective adoptive home 6 prior to the completion of the preliminary study unless 7 ordered by the court. If the petitioner is a stepparent, a 8 spouse of the birth parent, or a relative, the preliminary 9 home study may be required by the court for good cause shown. 10 The department is required to perform the preliminary home study only if there is no licensed child-placing agency, 11 12 licensed professional, or agency described in s. 61.20(2), in 13 the county where the prospective adoptive parents reside. The preliminary home study must be made to determine the 14 15 suitability of the intended adoptive parents and may be 16 completed prior to identification of a prospective adoptive 17 minor child. A favorable preliminary home study is valid for 1 year after the date of its completion. A minor may child 18 must not be placed in an intended adoptive home before a 19 favorable preliminary home study is completed unless the 20 21 adoptive home is also a licensed foster home under s. 409.175. The preliminary home study must include, at a minimum: 22 An interview with the intended adoptive parents; 23 (a) 24 (b) Records checks of the department's central abuse registry and criminal records correspondence checks pursuant 25 to s. 435.045 through the Department of Law Enforcement on the 26 27 intended adoptive parents; 28 (c) An assessment of the physical environment of the 29 home; 30 (d) A determination of the financial security of the 31 intended adoptive parents;

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1 (e) Documentation of counseling and education of the 2 intended adoptive parents on adoptive parenting; 3 (f) Documentation that information on adoption and the 4 adoption process has been provided to the intended adoptive 5 parents; 6 (g) Documentation that information on support services 7 available in the community has been provided to the intended 8 adoptive parents; and 9 (h) A copy of each the signed acknowledgment statement 10 required by s. 63.085; and 11 (i) A copy of the written acknowledgment required by 12 <del>s. 63.085(1)</del>. 13 14 If the preliminary home study is favorable, a minor may be 15 placed in the home pending entry of the judgment of adoption. 16 A minor may not be placed in the home if the preliminary home 17 study is unfavorable. If the preliminary home study is unfavorable, the adoption entity intermediary or petitioner 18 may, within 20 days after receipt of a copy of the written 19 recommendation, petition the court to determine the 20 21 suitability of the intended adoptive home. A determination as to suitability under this subsection does not act as a 22 presumption of suitability at the final hearing. 23 In 24 determining the suitability of the intended adoptive home, the 25 court must consider the totality of the circumstances in the 26 home. 27 Section 23. Section 63.097, Florida Statutes, is 28 amended to read: 29 63.097 Fees.--30 (1) When the adoption entity is an agency, fees may be assessed if they are approved by the department within the 31 64 3:39 PM 04/29/99

process of licensing the agency and if they are for: 1 2 (a) Foster care expenses; 3 (b) Preplacement and post-placement social services; 4 and 5 (c) Agency facility and administrative costs. (2) The following fees, costs, and expenses may be 6 7 assessed by the adoption entity or paid by the adoption entity on behalf of the prospective adoptive parents: 8 (a) Reasonable living expenses of the birth mother 9 10 which the birth mother is unable to pay due to unemployment, underemployment, or disability due to the pregnancy which is 11 12 certified by a medical professional who has examined the birth 13 mother, or any other disability defined in s. 110.215. Reasonable living expenses are rent, utilities, basic 14 15 telephone service, food, necessary clothing, transportation, 16 and expenses found by the court to be necessary for the health 17 of the unborn child. (b) Reasonable and necessary medical expenses. 18 (c) Expenses necessary to comply with the requirements 19 20 of this chapter, including, but not limited to, service of 21 process under s. 63.088, a diligent search under s. 63.088, a preliminary home study under s. 63.092, and a final home 22 investigation under s. 63.125. 23 24 (d) Court filing expenses, court costs, and other 25 litigation expenses. 26 (e) Costs associated with advertising under s. 27 63.212(1)(g). (f) The following professional fees: 28 29 1. A reasonable hourly fee necessary to provide legal 30 representation to the adoptive parents or adoption entity in a proceeding filed under this chapter. 31 65

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<ol> <li>2. A reasonable hourly fee for contact with the parent</li> <li>related to the adoption. In determining a reasonable hourly</li> <li>fee under this subparagraph, the court must consider if the</li> <li>tasks done were clerical or of such a nature that the matter</li> <li>could have been handled by support staff at a lesser rate than</li> <li>the rate for legal representation charged under subparagraph</li> <li>Such tasks specifically do not include obtaining a parent's</li> <li>signature on any document; such tasks include, but need not be</li> <li>limited to, transportation, transmitting funds, arranging</li> <li>appointments, and securing accommodations.</li> <li><u>3</u>. A reasonable hourly fee for counseling services</li> <li>provided to a parent or a prospective adoptive parent by a</li> <li>psychologist licensed under chapter 490 or a clinical social</li> <li>worker, marriage and family therapist, or mental health</li> <li>counselor licensed under chapter 491, or a counselor who is</li> <li>employed by an adoption entity accredited by the Council on</li> </ol>
3 fee under this subparagraph, the court must consider if the 4 tasks done were clerical or of such a nature that the matter 5 could have been handled by support staff at a lesser rate than 6 the rate for legal representation charged under subparagraph 7 1. Such tasks specifically do not include obtaining a parent's 8 signature on any document; such tasks include, but need not be 9 limited to, transportation, transmitting funds, arranging appointments, and securing accommodations. 11 3. A reasonable hourly fee for counseling services 12 provided to a parent or a prospective adoptive parent by a 13 psychologist licensed under chapter 490 or a clinical social 14 worker, marriage and family therapist, or mental health 15 counselor licensed under chapter 491, or a counselor who is
4 tasks done were clerical or of such a nature that the matter 5 could have been handled by support staff at a lesser rate than 6 the rate for legal representation charged under subparagraph 7 1. Such tasks specifically do not include obtaining a parent's 8 signature on any document; such tasks include, but need not be 9 limited to, transportation, transmitting funds, arranging 10 appointments, and securing accommodations. 11 3. A reasonable hourly fee for counseling services 12 provided to a parent or a prospective adoptive parent by a 13 psychologist licensed under chapter 490 or a clinical social 14 worker, marriage and family therapist, or mental health 15 counselor licensed under chapter 491, or a counselor who is
5 could have been handled by support staff at a lesser rate than 6 the rate for legal representation charged under subparagraph 7 1. Such tasks specifically do not include obtaining a parent's 8 signature on any document; such tasks include, but need not be 9 limited to, transportation, transmitting funds, arranging 10 appointments, and securing accommodations. 11 3. A reasonable hourly fee for counseling services 12 provided to a parent or a prospective adoptive parent by a 13 psychologist licensed under chapter 490 or a clinical social 14 worker, marriage and family therapist, or mental health 15 counselor licensed under chapter 491, or a counselor who is
6 the rate for legal representation charged under subparagraph 7 1. Such tasks specifically do not include obtaining a parent's 8 signature on any document; such tasks include, but need not be 9 limited to, transportation, transmitting funds, arranging 10 appointments, and securing accommodations. 11 3. A reasonable hourly fee for counseling services 12 provided to a parent or a prospective adoptive parent by a 13 psychologist licensed under chapter 490 or a clinical social 14 worker, marriage and family therapist, or mental health 15 counselor licensed under chapter 491, or a counselor who is
7 1. Such tasks specifically do not include obtaining a parent's signature on any document; such tasks include, but need not be limited to, transportation, transmitting funds, arranging appointments, and securing accommodations. 10 <u>3. A reasonable hourly fee for counseling services</u> provided to a parent or a prospective adoptive parent by a psychologist licensed under chapter 490 or a clinical social worker, marriage and family therapist, or mental health counselor licensed under chapter 491, or a counselor who is
8 signature on any document; such tasks include, but need not be 9 limited to, transportation, transmitting funds, arranging appointments, and securing accommodations. 11 3. A reasonable hourly fee for counseling services provided to a parent or a prospective adoptive parent by a psychologist licensed under chapter 490 or a clinical social worker, marriage and family therapist, or mental health counselor licensed under chapter 491, or a counselor who is
9 limited to, transportation, transmitting funds, arranging appointments, and securing accommodations. 11 3. A reasonable hourly fee for counseling services provided to a parent or a prospective adoptive parent by a psychologist licensed under chapter 490 or a clinical social worker, marriage and family therapist, or mental health counselor licensed under chapter 491, or a counselor who is
<pre>10 appointments, and securing accommodations. 11 3. A reasonable hourly fee for counseling services 12 provided to a parent or a prospective adoptive parent by a 13 psychologist licensed under chapter 490 or a clinical social 14 worker, marriage and family therapist, or mental health 15 counselor licensed under chapter 491, or a counselor who is</pre>
<ul> <li>3. A reasonable hourly fee for counseling services</li> <li>provided to a parent or a prospective adoptive parent by a</li> <li>psychologist licensed under chapter 490 or a clinical social</li> <li>worker, marriage and family therapist, or mental health</li> <li>counselor licensed under chapter 491, or a counselor who is</li> </ul>
12 provided to a parent or a prospective adoptive parent by a 13 psychologist licensed under chapter 490 or a clinical social 14 worker, marriage and family therapist, or mental health 15 counselor licensed under chapter 491, or a counselor who is
<pre>13 psychologist licensed under chapter 490 or a clinical social 14 worker, marriage and family therapist, or mental health 15 counselor licensed under chapter 491, or a counselor who is</pre>
14worker, marriage and family therapist, or mental health15counselor licensed under chapter 491, or a counselor who is
15 counselor licensed under chapter 491, or a counselor who is
16 employed by an adoption entity accredited by the Council on
17 Accreditation of Services for Children and Families to provide
18 pregnancy counseling and supportive services.
19 (3) Prior approval of the court is not required until
20 the cumulative total of amounts permitted under subsection (2)
21 <u>exceeds:</u>
22 (a) \$2,500 in legal or other fees;
23 (b) \$500 in court costs;
24 (c) \$3,000 in expenses; or
25 (d) \$1,500 cumulative expenses that are related to the
26 minor, the pregnancy, a parent, or adoption proceeding, which
27 expenses are incurred prior to the date the prospective
28 adoptive parent retains the adoption entity.
29 (4) Any fees, costs, or expenses not included in
30 subsection (2) or prohibited under subsection (5) require
31 court approval prior to payment and must be based on a finding
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of extraordinary circumstances. 1 The following fees, costs, and expenses are 2 (5) 3 prohibited: 4 (a) Any fee or expense that constitutes payment for 5 locating a minor for adoption. 6 (b) Any lump-sum payment to the entity which is 7 nonrefundable directly to the payor or which is not itemized on the affidavit filed under s. 63.132. 8 9 (c) Any fee on the affidavit which does not specify 10 the service that was provided and for which the fee is being charged, such as a fee for facilitation, acquisition, or other 11 12 similar service, or which does not identify the date the 13 service was provided, the time required to provide the service, the person or entity providing the service, and the 14 15 hourly fee charged. (1) APPROVAL OF FEES TO INTERMEDIARIES.--Any fee over 16 17 \$1,000 and those costs as set out in s. 63.212(1)(d) over 18 \$2,500, paid to an intermediary other than actual, documented 19 medical costs, court costs, and hospital costs must be approved by the court prior to assessment of the fee by the 20 21 intermediary and upon a showing of justification for the 22 larger fee. (6)(2) FEES FOR AGENCIES OR THE DEPARTMENT.--Unless 23 24 otherwise indicated in this section, when an adoption entity 25 intermediary uses the services of a licensed child-placing agency, a professional, any other person or agency pursuant to 26 27 s. 63.092, or, if necessary, the department, the person 28 seeking to adopt the child must pay the licensed child-placing agency, professional, other person or agency, or the 29 department an amount equal to the cost of all services 30 31 performed, including, but not limited to, the cost of

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conducting the preliminary home study, counseling, and the 1 2 final home investigation. The court, upon a finding that the 3 person seeking to adopt the child is financially unable to pay 4 that amount, may order that such person pay a lesser amount. Section 24. Section 63.102, Florida Statutes, is 5 6 amended to read: 7 63.102 Filing of petition for adoption or declaratory statement; venue; proceeding for approval of fees and costs .--8 9 A petition for adoption may not be filed until 30 (1)10 days after the date of the entry of the judgment terminating parental rights pending adoption under this chapter, unless 11 12 the adoptee is an adult or the minor has been the subject of a judgment terminating parental rights under chapter 39. After a 13 judgment terminating parental rights has been entered, a 14 15 proceeding for adoption may shall be commenced by filing a petition entitled, "In the Matter of the Adoption of ...." in 16 17 the circuit court. The person to be adopted shall be designated in the caption in the name by which he or she is to 18 be known if the petition is granted. If the child is placed 19 20 for adoption by an agency, Any name by which the minor child 21 was previously known may shall not be disclosed in the petition, the notice of hearing, or the judgment of adoption. 22 (2) A petition for adoption or for a declaratory 23 24 statement as to the adoption contract shall be filed in the county where the petition for termination of parental rights 25 26 was granted, unless the court in accordance with s. 47.122, 27 changes the venue to the county where the petitioner or 28 petitioners or the minor child resides or where the agency or adoption entity with in which the minor child has been placed 29 30 is located. The circuit court in this state must retain jurisdiction over the matter until a final judgment is entered 31 68

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1 on the adoption. The Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction Act 2 does not apply until a final judgment is entered on the 3 adoption.

4 (3) Except for adoptions involving placement of a 5 minor child with a relative within the third degree of 6 consanguinity, a petition for adoption in an adoption handled 7 by an adoption entity intermediary shall be filed within 60 30 working days after entry of the judgment terminating parental 8 9 rights placement of a child with a parent seeking to adopt the 10 child. If no petition is filed within 60 30 days, any 11 interested party, including the state, may file an action 12 challenging the prospective adoptive parent's physical custody 13 of the minor child.

14 (4) If the filing of the petition for adoption or for 15 a declaratory statement as to the adoption contract in the 16 county where the petitioner or <u>minor child</u> resides would tend 17 to endanger the privacy of the petitioner or <u>minor child</u>, the 18 petition for adoption may be filed in a different county, 19 provided the substantive rights of any person will not thereby 20 be affected.

(5) A proceeding for prior approval of fees and costs may be commenced any time after an agreement is reached between the birth mother and the adoptive parents by filing a petition for declaratory statement on the agreement entitled "In the Matter of the Proposed Adoption of a Minor Child" in the circuit court.

27 (a) The petition must be filed jointly by the adoption
28 entity and each person who enters into the agreement.
29 (b) A contract for the payment of fees, costs, and
30 expenses permitted under this chapter must be in writing, and

31 any person who enters into the contract has 3 business days in

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1	which to cancel the contract. To cancel the contract, the
2	person must notify the adoption entity in writing by certified
3	United States mail, return receipt requested, no later than 3
4	business days after signing the contract. For the purposes of
5	this subsection, the term "business day" means a day on which
6	the United States Postal Service accepts certified mail for
7	delivery. If the contract is canceled within the first 3
8	business days, the person who cancels the contract does not
9	owe any legal, intermediary, or other fees, but may be
10	responsible for the adoption entity's actual costs during that
11	time.
12	(c) The court may grant prior approval only of fees
13	and expenses permitted under s. 63.097. A prior approval of
14	prospective fees and costs does not create a presumption that
15	these items will subsequently be approved by the court under
16	s. 63.132. The court, under s. 63.132, may order an adoption
17	entity to refund any amount paid under this subsection that is
18	subsequently found by the court to be greater than fees,
19	costs, and expenses actually incurred.
20	(d) The contract may not require, and the court may
21	not approve, any lump-sum payment to the entity which is
22	nonrefundable to the payor or any amount that constitutes
23	payment for locating a minor for adoption.
24	(e) A petition for adoption filed under this section
25	may be consolidated with a previously filed petition for a
26	declaratory statement. Only one filing fee may be assessed for
27	both the adoption and declaratory-statement petitions.
28	(f) Prior approval of fees and costs by the court does
29	not obligate the parent to ultimately relinquish the minor for
30	adoption. If a petition for adoption is subsequently filed,
31	the petition for declaratory statement and the petition for
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adoption must be consolidated into one case. 1 2 Section 25. Section 63.112, Florida Statutes, is 3 amended to read: 4 63.112 Petition for adoption; description; report or 5 recommendation, exceptions; mailing. --(1) A sufficient number of copies of the petition for б 7 adoption shall be signed and verified by the petitioner and filed with the clerk of the court so that service may be made 8 9 under subsection (4) and shall state: 10 (a) The date and place of birth of the person to be adopted, if known; 11 12 (b) The name to be given to the person to be adopted; 13 The date petitioner acquired custody of the minor (C) 14 and the name of the person placing the minor; 15 (d) The full name, age, and place and duration of 16 residence of the petitioner; 17 (e) The marital status of the petitioner, including the date and place of marriage, if married, and divorces, if 18 19 any; 20 The facilities and resources of the petitioner, (f) 21 including those under a subsidy agreement, available to provide for the care of the minor to be adopted; 22 (g) A description and estimate of the value of any 23 24 property of the person to be adopted; 25 (h) The case style and date of entry of the judgment terminating parental rights or the judgment declaring a minor 26 27 available for adoption name and address, if known, of any 28 person whose consent to the adoption is required, but who has 29 not consented, and facts or circumstances that excuse the lack 30 of consent; and The reasons why the petitioner desires to adopt 31 (i) 71 s1598c1c-3329j

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the person. 1 2 (2) The following documents are required to be filed 3 with the clerk of the court at the time the petition is filed: 4 (a) A certified copy of the court judgment terminating 5 parental rights under chapter 39 or the judgment declaring a minor available for adoption under this chapter. The required б 7 consents, unless consent is excused by the court. 8 (b) The favorable preliminary home study of the 9 department, licensed child-placing agency, or professional 10 pursuant to s. 63.092, as to the suitability of the home in 11 which the minor has been placed. 12 (c) The surrender document must include documentation 13 that an interview was interviews were held with: 14 1. The birth mother, if parental rights have not been 15 terminated; 16 2. The birth father, if his consent to the adoption is 17 required and parental rights have not been terminated; and 18 3. the minor <del>child</del>, if older than 12 years of age, unless the court, in the best interest of the minor child, 19 dispenses with the minor's child's consent under s. 20 21  $63.062(1)(f) \frac{63.062(1)(c)}{c}$ . 22 23 The court may waive the requirement for an interview with the 24 birth mother or birth father in the investigation for good 25 cause shown. 26 (3) Unless ordered by the court, no report or 27 recommendation is required when the placement is a stepparent 28 adoption or when the minor child is related to one of the adoptive parents within the third degree. 29 30 (4) The clerk of the court shall mail a copy of the 31 petition within 24 hours after filing, and execute a 72 3:39 PM 04/29/99

certificate of mailing, to the adoption entity department and 1 2 the agency placing the minor, if any. 3 Section 26. Section 63.122, Florida Statutes, is 4 amended to read: 5 63.122 Notice of hearing on petition .--(1) After the petition to adopt a minor is filed, the б 7 court must establish a time and place for hearing the 8 petition. The hearing may must not be held sooner than 30 days after the date the judgment terminating parental rights was 9 10 entered or sooner than 90 days after the date the minor was placed the placing of the minor in the physical custody of the 11 12 petitioner. The minor must remain under the supervision of 13 the adoption entity department, an intermediary, or a licensed child-placing agency until the adoption becomes final. When 14 15 the petitioner is a spouse of the birth parent, the hearing 16 may be held immediately after the filing of the petition. 17 (2) Notice of hearing must be given as prescribed by the rules of civil procedure, and service of process must be 18 made as specified by law for civil actions. 19 20 (3) Upon a showing by the petitioner that the privacy 21 of the petitioner or minor <del>child</del> may be endangered, the court may order the names of the petitioner or minor <del>child</del>, or both, 22 to be deleted from the notice of hearing and from the copy of 23 the petition attached thereto, provided the substantive rights 24 of any person will not thereby be affected. 25 26 (4) Notice of the hearing must be given by the 27 petitioner to the adoption entity that places the minor.+ 28 (a) The department or any licensed child-placing 29 agency placing the minor. 30 (b) The intermediary. (c) Any person whose consent to the adoption is 31

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1 required by this act who has not consented, unless such 2 person's consent is excused by the court. 3 (d) Any person who is seeking to withdraw consent. 4 (5) After filing the petition to adopt an adult, a 5 notice of the time and place of the hearing must be given to 6 any person whose consent to the adoption is required but who 7 has not consented. The court may order an appropriate investigation to assist in determining whether the adoption is 8 9 in the best interest of the persons involved. 10 Section 27. Section 63.125, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 11 12 63.125 Final home investigation. --13 (1) The final home investigation must be conducted before the adoption becomes final. The investigation may be 14 15 conducted by a licensed child-placing agency or a professional 16 in the same manner as provided in s. 63.092 to ascertain 17 whether the adoptive home is a suitable home for the minor and whether the proposed adoption is in the best interest of the 18 minor. Unless directed by the court, an investigation and 19 20 recommendation are not required if the petitioner is a 21 stepparent or if the minor <del>child</del> is related to one of the adoptive parents within the third degree of consanguinity. 22 The department is required to perform the home investigation 23 24 only if there is no licensed child-placing agency or 25 professional pursuant to s. 63.092 in the county in which the prospective adoptive parent resides. 26 27 (2) The department, the licensed child-placing agency, or the professional that performs the investigation must file 28 a written report of the investigation with the court and the 29 30 petitioner within 90 days after the date the petition is 31 filed.

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1 The report of the investigation must contain an (3) 2 evaluation of the placement with a recommendation on the 3 granting of the petition for adoption and any other 4 information the court requires regarding the petitioner or the 5 minor. 6 (4) The department, the licensed child-placing agency, 7 or the professional making the required investigation may request other state agencies or child-placing agencies within 8 9 or outside this state to make investigations of designated 10 parts of the inquiry and to make a written report to the 11 department, the professional, or other person or agency. 12 (5) The final home investigation must include: 13 (a) The information from the preliminary home study. 14 (b) After the minor <del>child</del> is placed in the intended 15 adoptive home, two scheduled visits with the minor child and 16 the minor's child's adoptive parent or parents, one of which 17 visits must be in the home, to determine the suitability of 18 the placement. 19 (c) The family social and medical history as provided in s. 63.082. 20 21 (d) Any other information relevant to the suitability of the intended adoptive home. 22 (e) Any other relevant information, as provided in 23 24 rules that the department may adopt. 25 Section 28. Section 63.132, Florida Statutes, is 26 amended to read: 27 63.132 Affidavit Report of expenses expenditures and 28 receipts.--(1) At least 10 days before the hearing on the 29 30 petition for adoption, the prospective adoptive parent 31 **petitioner** and any adoption entity intermediary must file two 75 3:39 PM 04/29/99 s1598c1c-3329j

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copies of an affidavit under this section. 1 2 (a) The affidavit must be signed by the adoption 3 entity and the prospective adoptive parents. A copy of the 4 affidavit must be provided to the adoptive parents at the time 5 the affidavit is executed. (b) The affidavit must itemize containing a full б 7 accounting of all disbursements and receipts of anything of 8 value, including professional and legal fees, made or agreed to be made by or on behalf of the prospective adoptive parent 9 petitioner and any adoption entity intermediary in connection 10 with the adoption.or in connection with any prior proceeding 11 12 to terminate parental rights which involved the minor who is 13 the subject of the petition for adoption. The affidavit must also include, for each fee itemized, the service provided for 14 15 which the fee is being charged, the date the service was 16 provided, the time required to provide the service, the person 17 or entity that provided the service, and the hourly fee 18 charged. 19 (c) The clerk of the court shall forward a copy of the 20 affidavit to the department. 21 (d) The affidavit report must show any expenses or receipts incurred in connection with: 22 23 1.(a) The birth of the minor. 24 2.(b) The placement of the minor with the petitioner. 25 3.(c) The medical or hospital care received by the mother or by the minor during the mother's prenatal care and 26 27 confinement. 4.(d) The living expenses of the birth mother. 28 The 29 living expenses must be documented in detail to apprise the 30 court of the exact expenses incurred. 31 5.(e) The services relating to the adoption or to the 76

placement of the minor for adoption that were received by or 1 2 on behalf of the petitioner, the adoption entity intermediary, 3 either natural parent, the minor, or any other person. 4 5 The affidavit must state whether any of these expenses were 6 paid for by collateral sources, including, but not limited to, 7 health insurance, Medicaid, Medicare, or public assistance. (2) The court may require such additional information 8 9 as is deemed necessary. 10 (3) The court must issue a separate order approving or disapproving the fees, costs, and expenses itemized in the 11 12 affidavit. The court may approve only fees, costs, and expenditures allowed under s. 63.097. The court may reject in 13 whole or in part any fee, cost, or expenditure listed if the 14 15 court finds that the expense is: 16 (a) Contrary to this chapter; 17 (b) Not supported by a receipt in the record, if the expense is not a fee of the adoption entity; or 18 19 (c) Not a reasonable fee or expense, considering the 20 requirements of this chapter and the totality of the 21 circumstances. 22 (4) (4) (3) This section does not apply to an adoption by a 23 stepparent whose spouse is a natural or adoptive parent of the 24 minor <del>child</del>. Section 29. Section 63.142, Florida Statutes, is 25 26 amended to read: 27 63.142 Hearing; judgment of adoption .--(1) APPEARANCE.--The petitioner and the person to be 28 adopted shall appear at the hearing on the petition for 29 30 adoption, unless: 31 (a) The person is a minor under 12 years of age; - or 77 3:39 PM 04/29/99 s1598c1c-3329j

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1 The presence of either is excused by the court for (b) 2 qood cause. 3 (2) CONTINUANCE. -- The court may continue the hearing 4 from time to time to permit further observation, 5 investigation, or consideration of any facts or circumstances 6 affecting the granting of the petition. 7 (3) DISMISSAL.--If the petition is dismissed, the court shall 8 (a) 9 determine the person that is to have custody of the minor. 10 (b) If the petition is dismissed, the court shall state with specificity the reasons for the dismissal. 11 12 (4) JUDGMENT.--At the conclusion of the hearing, after 13 when the court determines that the date for a parent to file 14 an appeal of a valid judgment terminating that parent's 15 parental rights has passed and no appeal, pursuant to the Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure, is pending all necessary 16 17 consents have been obtained and that the adoption is in the best interest of the person to be adopted, a judgment of 18 adoption shall be entered. 19 20 (a) A judgment terminating parental rights pending 21 adoption is voidable and any later judgment of adoption of that minor is voidable if, upon a motion to set aside of a 22 23 parent, the court finds that any person knowingly gave false 24 information that prevented the parent from timely making known 25 his or her desire to assume parental responsibilities toward 26 the minor or meeting the requirements under this chapter to 27 exercise his or her parental rights. A motion under this 28 paragraph must be filed with the court that entered the 29 original judgment. The motion must be filed within a 30 reasonable time, but not later than 2 years after the date the judgment terminating parental rights was entered. 31

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1	(b) Except upon good cause shown, no later than 30
2	days after the filing of a motion under this subsection, the
3	court must conduct a preliminary hearing to determine what
4	contact, if any, shall be permitted between a parent and the
5	child pending resolution of the motion. Such contact shall be
6	considered only if it is requested by a parent who has
7	appeared at the hearing. If the court orders contact between a
8	parent and child, the order must be issued in writing as
9	expeditiously as possible and must state with specificity any
10	provisions regarding contact with persons other than those
11	with whom the child resides.
12	(c) At the preliminary hearing, the court, upon the
13	motion of any party or its own motion, may order scientific
14	testing to determine the paternity of the minor if the person
15	seeking to set aside the judgment is alleging to be the
16	child's father and that fact has not previously been
17	determined by legitimacy or scientific testing. The court may
18	order supervised visitation with a person for whom scientific
19	testing for paternity has been ordered. Such visitation shall
20	be conditioned upon the filing of those test results with the
21	court and such results establishing that person's paternity of
22	the minor.
23	(d) Except upon good cause shown, no later than 45
24	days after the preliminary hearing, the court must conduct a
25	final hearing on the motion to set aside the judgment and
26	issue its written order as expeditiously as possible
27	thereafter.
28	Section 30. Subsection (2) of section 63.162, Florida
29	Statutes, is amended to read:
30	63.162 Hearings and records in adoption proceedings;
31	confidential nature
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(2) All papers and records pertaining to the adoption, 1 2 including the original birth certificate, whether part of the 3 permanent record of the court or a file in the office of an 4 adoption entity department, in a licensed child-placing 5 agency, or in the office of an intermediary are confidential 6 and subject to inspection only upon order of the court; 7 however, the petitioner in any proceeding for adoption under this chapter may, at the option of the petitioner, make public 8 9 the reasons for a denial of the petition for adoption. The 10 order must specify which portion of the records are subject to 11 inspection, and it may exclude the name and identifying 12 information concerning the birth parent or adoptee. Papers and 13 records of the department, a court, or any other governmental agency, which papers and records relate to adoptions, are 14 15 exempt from s. 119.07(1). In the case of a nonagency 16 adoption, the department must be given notice of hearing and 17 be permitted to present to the court a report on the advisability of disclosing or not disclosing information 18 pertaining to the adoption. In the case of an agency 19 20 adoption, the licensed child-placing agency must be given 21 notice of hearing and be permitted to present to the court a report on the advisability of disclosing or not disclosing 22 information pertaining to the adoption. This subsection does 23 24 not prohibit the department from inspecting and copying any 25 official record pertaining to the adoption that is maintained by the department and does not prohibit an agency from 26 27 inspecting and copying any official record pertaining to the 28 adoption that is maintained by that agency. 29 Section 31. Section 63.165, Florida Statutes, is 30 amended to read: 31 63.165 State registry of adoption information; duty to

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inform and explain. -- Notwithstanding any other law to the 1 2 contrary, the department shall maintain a registry with the 3 last known names and addresses of an adoptee and his or her 4 natural parents whose consent was required under s. 63.062, and adoptive parents and any other identifying information 5 6 that which the adoptee, natural parents whose consent was 7 required under s. 63.062, or adoptive parents desire to include in the registry. The department shall maintain the 8 registry records for the time required by rules adopted by the 9 10 department in accordance with this chapter or for 99 years, whichever period is greater. The registry shall be open with 11 12 respect to all adoptions in the state, regardless of when they 13 took place. The registry shall be available for those persons 14 choosing to enter information therein, but no one shall be 15 required to do so.

16 (1) Anyone seeking to enter, change, or use 17 information in the registry, or any agent of such person, shall present verification of his or her identity and, if 18 applicable, his or her authority. A person who enters 19 20 information in the registry shall be required to indicate 21 clearly the persons to whom he or she is consenting to release this information, which persons shall be limited to the 22 adoptee and the birth natural mother, natural father whose 23 24 consent was required under s. 63.062, adoptive mother, 25 adoptive father, birth natural siblings, and maternal and paternal birth natural grandparents of the adoptee. Except as 26 27 provided in this section, information in the registry is 28 confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1). Consent to the release of this information may be made in the 29 30 case of a minor adoptee by his or her adoptive parents or by 31 the court after a showing of good cause. At any time, any

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person may withdraw, limit, or otherwise restrict consent to 1 2 release information by notifying the department in writing. 3 (2) The department may charge a reasonable fee to any 4 person seeking to enter, change, or use information in the 5 registry. The department shall deposit such fees in a trust 6 fund to be used by the department only for the efficient 7 administration of this section. The department and agencies shall make counseling available for a fee to all persons 8 seeking to use the registry, and the department shall inform 9 10 all affected persons of the availability of such counseling. 11 (3) The adoption entity department, intermediary, or licensed child-placing agency must inform the birth parents 12 13 before parental rights are terminated, and the adoptive parents before placement, in writing, of the existence and 14 15 purpose of the registry established under this section, but 16 failure to do so does not affect the validity of any 17 proceeding under this chapter. Section 32. Section 63.182, Florida Statutes, is 18 19 amended to read: 20 (Substantial rewording of section. See <u>s. 63.182, F.S.</u>, for present text.) 21 22 63.182 Statute of repose.--(1) An action or proceeding of any kind to vacate, set 23 24 aside, or otherwise nullify a judgment of adoption or an 25 underlying judgment terminating parental rights on any ground, including duress but excluding fraud, shall in no event be 26 27 filed more than 1 year after entry of the judgment terminating 28 parental rights. 29 (2) An action or proceeding of any kind to vacate, set 30 aside, or otherwise nullify a judgment of adoption or an underlying judgment terminating parental rights on grounds of 31

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fraud shall in no event be filed more than 2 years after entry 1 2 of the judgment terminating parental rights. 3 Section 33. Subsection (2) of section 63.202, Florida 4 Statutes, is amended to read: 63.202 Authority to license; adoption of rules .--5 6 (2) No agency shall place a minor for adoption unless 7 such agency is licensed by the department, except a child-caring agency registered under s. 409.176. 8 9 Section 34. Section 63.207, Florida Statutes, is 10 amended to read: 63.207 Out-of-state placement.--11 12 (1) Unless the parent placing a minor for adoption files an affidavit that the parent chooses to place the minor 13 14 outside the state, giving the reason for that placement, or 15 the minor child is to be placed with a relative within the 16 third degree or with a stepparent, or the minor is a special 17 needs child, as defined in s. 409.166, or for other good cause 18 shown, an adoption entity may not no person except an intermediary, an agency, or the department shall: 19 (a) Take or send a minor <del>child</del> out of the state for 20 21 the purpose of placement for adoption; or (b) Place or attempt to place a minor child for the 22 purpose of adoption with a family who primarily lives and 23 24 works outside Florida in another state. An intermediary may 25 place or attempt to place a child for adoption in another 26 state only if the child is a special needs child as that term 27 is defined in s. 409.166. If an adoption entity intermediary is acting under this subsection, the adoption entity must 28 intermediary shall file a petition for declaratory statement 29 30 pursuant to s. 63.102 for prior approval of fees and costs. 31 The court shall review the costs pursuant to s. 63.097. The

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petition for declaratory statement must be converted to a 1 2 petition for an adoption upon placement of the minor child in 3 the home. The circuit court in this state must retain 4 jurisdiction over the matter until the adoption becomes final. 5 The prospective adoptive parents must come to this state to have the adoption finalized. Violation of the order subjects 6 the <u>adoption entity</u> intermediary to contempt of court and to 7 the penalties provided in s. 63.212. 8

9 (2) An <u>adoption entity</u> intermediary may not counsel a 10 birth mother to leave the state for the purpose of giving 11 birth to a child outside the state in order to secure a fee in 12 excess of that permitted under s. 63.097 when it is the 13 intention that the child is to be placed for adoption outside 14 the state.

(3) When applicable, the Interstate Compact on the
Placement of Children authorized in s. 409.401 shall be used
in placing children outside the state for adoption.

18 Section 35. Section 63.212, Florida Statutes, is 19 amended to read:

20 63.212 Prohibited acts; penalties for violation; 21 preplanned adoption agreement.--

(1) It is unlawful for any person:

23 (a) Except the department, an intermediary, or an 24 agency, To place or attempt to place a minor child for 25 adoption with a person who primarily lives and works outside this state unless the minor child is placed with a relative 26 27 within the third degree or with a stepparent. An intermediary may place or attempt to place a special needs child for 28 adoption with a person who primarily lives and works outside 29 30 this state only if the intermediary has a declaratory 31 statement from the court establishing the fees to be paid.

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This requirement does not apply if the minor <del>child</del> is placed 1 2 by an adoption entity in accordance with s. 63.207 with a 3 relative within the third degree or with a stepparent. 4 (b) Except the department, an intermediary, or an 5 agency, to place or attempt to place a child for adoption with 6 a family whose primary residence and place of employment is in 7 another state unless the child is placed with a relative 8 within the third degree or with a stepparent. An intermediary 9 may place or attempt to place a special needs child for 10 adoption with a family whose primary residence and place of employment is in another state only if the intermediary has a 11 12 declaratory statement from the court establishing the fees to 13 be paid. This requirement does not apply if the child is 14 placed with a relative within the third degree or with a 15 stepparent. 16 (b)(c) Except an adoption entity the Department of 17 Children and Family Services, an agency, or an intermediary, to place or attempt to place within the state a minor child 18 for adoption unless the minor <del>child</del> is placed with a relative 19 20 within the third degree or with a stepparent. This 21 prohibition, however, does not apply to a person who is placing or attempting to place a minor child for the purpose 22 of adoption with the adoption entity Department of Children 23 24 and Family Services or an agency or through an intermediary. 25 (c)(d) To sell or surrender, or to arrange for the 26 sale or surrender of, a minor child to another person for 27 money or anything of value or to receive such minor child for 28 such payment or thing of value. If a minor <del>child</del> is being adopted by a relative within the third degree or by a 29 30 stepparent, or is being adopted through an adoption entity, this paragraph does not prohibit the Department of Children 31 85 3:39 PM 04/29/99 s1598c1c-3329j

1 and Family Services, an agency, or an intermediary, nothing herein shall be construed as prohibiting the person who is 2 3 contemplating adopting the child from paying, under ss. 63.097 4 and 63.132, the actual prenatal care and living expenses of 5 the mother of the child to be adopted, or nor from paying, under ss. 63.097 and 63.132, the actual living and medical 6 7 expenses of such mother for a reasonable time, not to exceed 6 weeks, if medical needs require such support, after the birth 8 9 of the minor <del>child</del>. 10 (d) (d) (e) Having the rights and duties of a parent with respect to the care and custody of a minor to assign or 11 12 transfer such parental rights for the purpose of, incidental to, or otherwise connected with, selling or offering to sell 13 14 such rights and duties. 15 (e)(f) To assist in the commission of any act 16 prohibited in paragraphs (a)-(d)<del>paragraph (a), paragraph (b),</del> 17 paragraph (c), paragraph (d), or paragraph (e). 18 (f)(g) Except an adoption entity the Department of Children and Family Services or an agency, to charge or accept 19 20 any fee or compensation of any nature from anyone for making a 21 referral in connection with an adoption. (g)(h) Except an adoption entity the Department of 22 Children and Family Services, an agency, or an intermediary, 23 24 to advertise or offer to the public, in any way, by any medium 25 whatever that a minor child is available for adoption or that 26 a minor child is sought for adoption; and, further, it is 27 unlawful for any person to publish or broadcast any such 28 advertisement without including a Florida license number of the agency or, attorney, or physician placing the 29 30 advertisement. 31 (h) (i) To contract for the purchase, sale, or transfer

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of custody or parental rights in connection with any child, or 1 in connection with any fetus yet unborn, or in connection with 2 3 any fetus identified in any way but not yet conceived, in 4 return for any valuable consideration. Any such contract is 5 void and unenforceable as against the public policy of this state. However, fees, costs, and other incidental payments 6 7 made in accordance with statutory provisions for adoption, 8 foster care, and child welfare are permitted, and a person may 9 agree to pay expenses in connection with a preplanned adoption 10 agreement as specified below, but the payment of such expenses 11 may not be conditioned upon the transfer of parental rights. 12 Each petition for adoption which is filed in connection with a 13 preplanned adoption agreement must clearly identify the 14 adoption as a preplanned adoption arrangement and must include 15 a copy of the preplanned adoption agreement for review by the court. 16

Individuals may enter into a preplanned adoption
 arrangement as specified herein, but such arrangement shall
 not in any way:

a. Effect final transfer of custody of a child or
final adoption of a child, without review and approval of the
department and the court, and without compliance with other
applicable provisions of law.

b. Constitute consent of a mother to place her child for adoption until 7 days following birth, and unless the court making the custody determination or approving the adoption determines that the mother was aware of her right to rescind within the 7-day period following birth but chose not to rescind such consent.

30 2. A preplanned adoption arrangement shall be based
31 upon a preplanned adoption agreement <u>that must</u> which shall

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include, but need not be limited to, the following terms: 1 2 a That the volunteer mother agrees to become pregnant 3 by the fertility technique specified in the agreement, to bear 4 the child, and to terminate any parental rights and 5 responsibilities to the child she might have through a written 6 consent executed at the same time as the preplanned adoption 7 agreement, subject to a right of rescission by the volunteer mother any time within 7 days after the birth of the child. 8

9 b. That the volunteer mother agrees to submit to
10 reasonable medical evaluation and treatment and to adhere to
11 reasonable medical instructions about her prenatal health.

12 c. That the volunteer mother acknowledges that she is 13 aware that she will assume parental rights and 14 responsibilities for the child born to her as otherwise 15 provided by law for a mother, if the intended father and 16 intended mother terminate the agreement before final transfer 17 of custody is completed, or if a court determines that a parent clearly specified by the preplanned adoption agreement 18 to be the biological parent is not the biological parent, or 19 20 if the preplanned adoption is not approved by the court 21 pursuant to the Florida Adoption Act.

That an intended father who is also the biological 22 d. father acknowledges that he is aware that he will assume 23 24 parental rights and responsibilities for the child as 25 otherwise provided by law for a father, if the agreement is terminated for any reason by any party before final transfer 26 27 of custody is completed or if the planned adoption is not 28 approved by the court pursuant to the Florida Adoption Act. 29 That the intended father and intended mother e. 30 acknowledge that they may not receive custody or the parental 31 | rights under the agreement if the volunteer mother terminates

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the agreement or if the volunteer mother rescinds her consent 1 2 to place her child for adoption within 7 days after birth. 3 f. That the intended father and intended mother may 4 agree to pay all reasonable legal, medical, psychological, or 5 psychiatric expenses of the volunteer mother related to the 6 preplanned adoption arrangement, and may agree to pay the 7 reasonable living expenses of the volunteer mother. No other compensation, whether in cash or in kind, shall be made 8 9 pursuant to a preplanned adoption arrangement. 10 q. That the intended father and intended mother agree 11 to accept custody of and to assert full parental rights and 12 responsibilities for the child immediately upon the child's 13 birth, regardless of any impairment to the child. That the intended father and intended mother shall 14 h. 15 have the right to specify the blood and tissue typing tests to 16 be performed if the agreement specifies that at least one of 17 them is intended to be the biological parent of the child. 18 i. That the agreement may be terminated at any time by any of the parties. 19 20 3. A preplanned adoption agreement shall not contain 21 any provision: 22 To reduce any amount paid to the volunteer mother a. 23 if the child is stillborn or is born alive but impaired, or to 24 provide for the payment of a supplement or bonus for any 25 reason. Requiring the termination of the volunteer mother's 26 b. 27 pregnancy. An attorney who represents an intended father and 28 4. 29 intended mother or any other attorney with whom that attorney 30 is associated shall not represent simultaneously a female who 31 is or proposes to be a volunteer mother in any matter relating 89 3:39 PM 04/29/99 s1598c1c-3329j

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to a preplanned adoption agreement or preplanned adoption 1 2 arrangement. 3 5. Payment to agents, finders, and intermediaries, 4 including attorneys and physicians, as a finder's fee for 5 finding volunteer mothers or matching a volunteer mother and 6 intended father and intended mother is prohibited. Doctors, 7 psychologists, attorneys, and other professionals may receive 8 reasonable compensation for their professional services, such 9 as providing medical services and procedures, legal advice in 10 structuring and negotiating a preplanned adoption agreement, 11 or counseling. 12 б. As used in this paragraph, the term: 13 "Blood and tissue typing tests" include, but are a.

14 not limited to, tests of red cell antigens, red cell 15 isoenzymes, human leukocyte antigens, and serum proteins.

b. "Child" means the child or children conceived by
means of an insemination that is part of a preplanned adoption
arrangement.

c. "Fertility technique" means artificial
embryonation, artificial insemination, whether in vivo or in
vitro, egg donation, or embryo adoption.

d. "Intended father" means a male who, as evidenced by a preplanned adoption agreement, intends to have the parental rights and responsibilities for a child conceived through a fertility technique, regardless of whether the child is biologically related to the male.

e. "Intended mother" means a female who, as evidenced
by a preplanned adoption agreement, intends to have the
parental rights and responsibilities for a child conceived
through a fertility technique, regardless of whether the child
is biologically related to the female.

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1 f. "Parties" means the intended father and intended 2 mother, the volunteer mother and her husband, if she has a 3 husband, who are all parties to the preplanned adoption 4 agreement.

5 g. "Preplanned adoption agreement" means a written 6 agreement among the parties that specifies the intent of the 7 parties as to their rights and responsibilities in the 8 preplanned adoption arrangement, consistent with the 9 provisions of this act.

10 h. "Preplanned adoption arrangement" means the arrangement through which the parties enter into an agreement 11 12 for the volunteer mother to bear the child, for payment by the 13 intended father and intended mother of the expenses allowed by this act, for the intended father and intended mother to 14 assert full parental rights and responsibilities to the child 15 16 if consent to adoption is not rescinded after birth by the 17 volunteer mother, and for the volunteer mother to terminate, subject to a right of rescission, in favor of the intended 18 father and intended mother all her parental rights and 19 20 responsibilities to the child.

i. "Volunteer mother" means a female person at least
18 years of age who voluntarily agrees, subject to a right of
rescission, that if she should become pregnant pursuant to a
preplanned adoption arrangement, she will terminate in favor
of the intended father and intended mother her parental rights
and responsibilities to the child.

27 (2)(a) It is unlawful for any person under this
28 chapter to:
29 <u>1. Knowingly provide false information;</u>
30 <u>2. Knowingly withhold material information; or</u>
31 <u>3. For a parent, with the intent to defraud, to accept</u>

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benefits related to the same pregnancy from more than one 1 2 adoption entity without disclosing that fact to each entity. 3 (b) It is unlawful for any person who knows that the 4 parent whose rights are to be terminated intends to object to 5 said termination to intentionally file the petition for 6 termination of parental rights in a county inconsistent with 7 the required venue under such circumstances. 8 (c) Any person who willfully violates any provision of this subsection commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, 9 10 punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. In 11 addition, such person is liable for damages caused by such 12 acts or omissions, including reasonable attorney's fees and 13 costs. Damages may be awarded through restitution in any related criminal prosecution or by filing a separate civil 14 15 action. 16 (3) (3) (2) This section does not Nothing herein shall be 17 construed to prohibit an adoption entity a licensed 18 child-placing agency from charging fees permitted under this chapter and reasonably commensurate to the services provided. 19 20 (4) (4) (3) It is unlawful for any adoption entity 21 intermediary to fail to report to the court, prior to placement, the intended placement of a minor child for 22 purposes of adoption with any person not a stepparent or a 23 24 relative within the third degree, if the adoption entity intermediary participates in such intended placement. 25 26 (5) (4) It is unlawful for any adoption entity intermediary to charge any fee except those fees permitted 27 28 under s. 63.097 and approved under s. 63.102 over \$1,000 and 29 those costs as set out in paragraph (1)(d) over \$2,500, other 30 than for actual documented medical costs, court costs, and 31 hospital costs unless such fee is approved by the court prior 92 3:39 PM 04/29/99

to the assessment of the fee by the intermediary and upon a 1 2 showing of justification for the larger fee. 3 (6) (5) It is unlawful for any adoption entity 4 intermediary to counsel a birth mother to leave the state for the purpose of giving birth to a child outside the state in 5 6 order to secure a fee in excess of that permitted under s. 7 63.097 when it is the intention that the child be placed for adoption outside the state. 8 9 (7) (7) (6) It is unlawful for any adoption entity 10 intermediary to obtain a preliminary home study or final home investigation and fail to disclose the existence of the study 11 12 or investigation to the court. 13 (8)(7) Unless otherwise indicated, a person who 14 violates any provision of this section, excluding paragraph 15 (1)(g)(h), commits is guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 16 17 775.084. A person who violates paragraph (1)(g) (h) commits is guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as 18 provided in s. 775.083; and each day of continuing violation 19 shall be considered a separate offense. 20 21 Section 36. Section 63.219, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 22 23 63.219 Sanctions.--Upon a finding by the court that an 24 adoption entity intermediary or agency has violated any 25 provision of this chapter, the court is authorized to prohibit the adoption entity intermediary or agency from placing a 26 27 minor for adoption in the future. 28 Section 37. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) and 29 paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 63.301, Florida 30 Statutes, are amended to read: 63.301 Advisory council on adoption .--31

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1 There is created within the Department of Children (1)2 and Family Services an advisory council on adoption. The 3 council shall consist of 17 members to be appointed by the 4 Secretary of Children and Family Services as follows: 5 (c) One member shall be a representative from a child-caring agency registered under s. 409.176 that physician 6 7 licensed to practice in Florida who, as an intermediary, places or has placed children for adoption. 8 9 10 All members shall be appointed to serve 2-year terms. The functions of the council shall be to: 11 (2) 12 (c) Review and evaluate law, procedures, policies, and 13 practice regarding the protection of children placed for 14 adoption, birth parents, and adoptive parents utilizing the 15 services of an adoption entity the Department of Children and 16 Family Services, licensed child-placing agencies, and 17 intermediaries, to determine areas needing legislative, administrative, or other interventions. 18 19 Section 38. Subsections (49) and (50) of section 20 39.01, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are amended to read: 21 39.01 Definitions.--When used in this chapter, unless 22 the context otherwise requires: (49) "Parent" means a woman who gives birth to a child 23 24 and a man whose consent to the adoption of the child would be 25 required under s. 63.062(1)s. 63.062(1)(b). If a child has 26 been legally adopted, the term "parent" means the adoptive 27 mother or father of the child. The term does not include an 28 individual whose parental relationship to the child has been legally terminated, or an alleged or prospective parent, 29 30 unless the parental status falls within the terms of s. 31 39.503(1)<del>s. 39.4051(1)</del>or s. 63.062(1)<del>(b)</del>.

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1 "Participant," for purposes of a shelter (50) 2 proceeding, dependency proceeding, or termination of parental 3 rights proceeding, means any person who is not a party but who 4 should receive notice of hearings involving the child, 5 including foster parents or caregivers, identified prospective 6 parents, or grandparents entitled to priority for adoption 7 consideration under s. 63.0425, actual custodians of the 8 child, and any other person whose participation may be in the best interest of the child. Participants may be granted leave 9 10 by the court to be heard without the necessity of filing a 11 motion to intervene. 12 Section 39. Subsection (41) of section 984.03, Florida 13 Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read: 14 984.03 Definitions.--When used in this chapter, the 15 term: 16 (41) "Parent" means a woman who gives birth to a child 17 and a man whose consent to the adoption of the child would be required under s. 63.062(1) (b). If a child has been legally 18 adopted, the term "parent" means the adoptive mother or father 19 of the child. The term does not include an individual whose 20 parental relationship to the child has been legally 21 22 terminated, or an alleged or prospective parent, unless the parental status falls within the terms of either s. 39.503(1) 23 24 or s. 63.062(1)<del>(b)</del>. 25 Section 40. Subsection (42) of section 985.03, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is amended to read: 26 27 985.03 Definitions.--When used in this chapter, the 28 term: (42) "Parent" means a woman who gives birth to a child 29 30 and a man whose consent to the adoption of the child would be 31 required under s.  $63.062(1)\frac{(b)}{(b)}$ . If a child has been legally 95

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adopted, the term "parent" means the adoptive mother or father 1 2 of the child. The term does not include an individual whose 3 parental relationship to the child has been legally 4 terminated, or an alleged or prospective parent, unless the 5 parental status falls within the terms of either s. 39.503(1) 6 or s. 63.062(1)<del>(b)</del>. 7 Section 41. Section 63.072, Florida Statutes, is 8 repealed. 9 Section 42. Any petition for adoption filed before 10 October 1, 1999, shall be governed by the law in effect at the 11 time the petition was filed. 12 13 14 15 And the title is amended as follows: On page 6, line 29, after the first semicolon 16 17 insert: 18 19 amending ss. 39.703, 39.802, 39.806, and 20 39.811, F.S., relating to the petition and 21 grounds for terminating parental rights and powers of disposition; removing provisions 22 authorizing licensed child-placing agencies to 23 24 file actions to terminate parental rights; amending s. 39.812, F.S.; providing additional 25 requirements for a petition for adoption; 26 27 prohibiting filing such petition until the order terminating parental rights is final; 28 amending s. 63.022, F.S.; revising legislative 29 30 intent with respect to adoptions; amending s. 63.032, F.S.; revising definitions; defining 31

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1	"adoption entity," "legal custody," "parent,"
2	and "relative"; creating s. 63.037, F.S.;
3	exempting certain provisions from adoption
4	proceedings initiated under ch. 39, F.S.;
5	creating s. 63.039, F.S.; providing duties of
б	an adoption entity to prospective adoptive
7	parents; providing sanctions and an award of
8	attorney's fees under certain circumstances;
9	amending s. 63.0425, F.S.; conforming
10	provisions relating to grandparent's right to
11	adopt; amending s. 63.052, F.S.; providing for
12	placement of a minor pending adoption;
13	specifying the jurisdiction of the court over a
14	minor placed for adoption; amending s. 63.062,
15	F.S.; specifying additional persons who must
16	consent to an adoption, execute an affidavit of
17	nonpaternity, or receive notice of proceedings
18	to terminate parental rights; providing for
19	form and content of affidavit of nonpaternity;
20	providing for notice of the right to select a
21	witness; providing a form for waiver of venue;
22	amending s. 63.082, F.S.; revising requirements
23	and form for executing a consent to an
24	adoption; making such requirements applicable
25	to affidavit of nonpaternity; providing a
26	revocation period and requirements for
27	withdrawing consent; providing additional
28	disclosure requirements; revising requisite
29	history form to include social history;
30	amending s. 63.085, F.S.; specifying
31	information that must be disclosed to persons
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Amendment No. \_\_\_\_

1	seeking to adopt a minor and to the parents;
2	creating s. 63.087, F.S.; requiring that a
3	separate proceeding be conducted by the court
4	to determine whether a parent's parental rights
5	should be terminated; providing for rules,
6	jurisdiction, and venue for such proceedings;
7	providing requirements for the petition and
8	hearing; creating s. 63.088, F.S.; providing
9	diligent search and court inquiry requirements
10	for identifying and locating a person who is
11	required to consent to an adoption or receive
12	notice of proceedings to terminate parental
13	rights; providing notice requirements including
14	notice by constructive service; providing that
15	failure to respond or appear constitutes
16	grounds to terminate parental rights pending
17	adoption; creating s. 63.089, F.S.; providing
18	hearing procedures for proceedings to terminate
19	parental rights pending adoption; specifying
20	grounds upon which parental rights may be
21	terminated; providing for finding of
22	abandonment; providing for dismissal of
23	petition procedures; providing for
24	post-judgment relief; providing for
25	confidentiality of records; amending s. 63.092,
26	F.S.; providing requirements in an at-risk
27	placement before termination of parental
28	rights; amending s. 63.097, F.S.; revising fee
29	requirements to provide for allowable and
30	prohibited fees and costs; amending s. 63.102,
31	F.S.; revising requirements for filing a

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Bill No. CS for SB 1598

Amendment No. \_\_\_\_

1	petition for adoption; providing requirements
2	for prior approval of fees and costs; revising
3	requirements for declaratory statement as to
4	adoption contract; amending s. 63.112, F.S.;
5	revising requirements for form and content of a
б	petition for adoption; amending s. 63.122,
7	F.S.; revising the time requirements for
8	hearing a petition for adoption; amending s.
9	63.125, F.S.; conforming provisions relating to
10	the final home investigation; amending s.
11	63.132, F.S.; revising requirements for
12	affidavit of expenses and receipts; requiring
13	separate court order approving fees, costs, and
14	expenses; amending s. 63.142, F.S.; specifying
15	circumstances under which a judgment
16	terminating parental rights pending adoption is
17	voidable; providing for an evidentiary hearing
18	to determine the minor's placement following a
19	motion to void such a judgment; amending s.
20	63.162, F.S.; conforming provisions relating to
21	confidential records of adoption proceedings;
22	amending s. 63.165, F.S.; requiring that a copy
23	of the certified statement of final decree of
24	adoption be included in the state registry of
25	adoption information; requiring that the
26	Department of Children and Family Services
27	maintain such information for a specified
28	period; amending s. 63.182, F.S.; providing a
29	1-year statute of repose for actions to set
30	aside or vacate a judgment of adoption or a
31	judgment terminating parental rights pending
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## Bill No. CS for SB 1598

Amendment No. \_\_\_\_

1	adoption; providing a 2-year statute of repose
2	for an action in fraud to set aside or vacate a
3	judgment of adoption or a judgment terminating
4	parenting rights; amending s. 63.202, F.S.;
5	conforming provisions relating to agencies
6	authorized to place minors for adoption;
7	amending s. 63.207, F.S.; revising provisions
8	that limit the placement of a minor in another
9	state for adoption; amending s. 63.212, F.S.;
10	revising provisions relating to prohibitions
11	and penalties with respect to adoptions;
12	amending s. 63.219, F.S.; conforming provisions
13	relating to sanctions; amending s. 63.301,
14	F.S.; revising membership of an advisory
15	council on adoption to include a child-caring
16	agency registered under s. 409.176, F.S.;
17	amending ss. 39.01, 984.03, and 985.03, F.S.;
18	correcting cross-references; repealing s.
19	63.072, F.S., relating to persons who may waive
20	required consent to an adoption; requiring that
21	a petition for adoption be governed by the law
22	in effect at the time the petition is filed;
23	providing for severability;
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