Bill No. CS for SB 1746 Amendment No. \_\_\_\_ CHAMBER ACTION Senate House 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 Senator Lee moved the following amendment: 11 12 Senate Amendment (with title amendment) 13 14 Delete everything after the enacting clause 15 16 and insert: 17 Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Three-Strike 18 Violent Felony Offender Act." Section 2. Paragraphs (a) and (d) of subsection (9) of 19 20 section 775.082, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are 21 amended to read. 22 775.082 Penalties; applicability of sentencing 23 structures; mandatory minimum sentences for certain reoffenders previously released from prison. --24 (9)(a)1. "Prison releasee reoffender" means any 25 26 defendant who commits, or attempts to commit: 27 a. Treason; b. Murder; 28 29 c. Manslaughter; 30 d. Sexual battery; 31 e. Carjacking; 1 5:03 PM 04/27/99 s1746.cj23.0b

Bill No. <u>CS for SB 1746</u>

Amendment No. \_\_\_\_

1	f. Home-invasion robbery;
2	g. Robbery;
3	h. Arson;
4	i. Kidnapping;
5	j. Aggravated assault with a deadly weapon;
6	k. Aggravated battery;
7	1. Aggravated stalking;
8	m. Aircraft piracy;
9	n. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a
10	destructive device or bomb;
11	o. Any felony that involves the use or threat of
12	physical force or violence against an individual;
13	p. Armed burglary;
14	q. Burglary of an occupied structure or dwelling; or
15	r. Any felony violation of s. 790.07, s. 800.04, s.
16	827.03, or s. 827.071;
17	
18	within 3 years of being released from a state correctional
19	facility operated by the Department of Corrections or a
20	private vendor.
21	2. "Prison releasee reoffender" also means any
22	defendant who commits or attempts to commit any offense listed
23	in subparagraph (a)1.ar. while the defendant was serving a
24	prison sentence or on escape status from a state correctional
25	facility operated by the Department of Corrections or a
26	private vendor.
27	3.2. If the state attorney determines that a defendant
28	is a prison releasee reoffender as defined in subparagraph 1.,
29	the state attorney may seek to have the court sentence the
30	defendant as a prison releasee reoffender. Upon proof from the
31	state attorney that establishes by a preponderance of the
	2 5:03 PM 04/27/99 2 s1746.cj23.0b

Bill No. <u>CS for SB 1746</u>

Amendment No. \_\_\_\_

evidence that a defendant is a prison releasee reoffender as 1 2 defined in this section, such defendant is not eligible for 3 sentencing under the sentencing guidelines and must be 4 sentenced as follows: 5 a. For a felony punishable by life, by a term of 6 imprisonment for life; 7 b. For a felony of the first degree, by a term of 8 imprisonment of 30 years; c. For a felony of the second degree, by a term of 9 10 imprisonment of 15 years; and 11 d. For a felony of the third degree, by a term of 12 imprisonment of 5 years. (d)1. It is the intent of the Legislature that 13 14 offenders previously released from prison who meet the 15 criteria in paragraph (a) be punished to the fullest extent of 16 the law and as provided in this subsection, unless the state 17 attorney determines that any of the following circumstances 18 <del>exist:</del> 19 The prosecuting attorney does not have sufficient <del>a.</del> 20 evidence to prove the highest charge available; 21 b. The testimony of a material witness cannot be 22 obtained; 23 c. The victim does not want the offender to receive 24 the mandatory prison sentence and provides a written statement 25 to that effect; or 26 d. other extenuating circumstances exist which 27 preclude the just prosecution of the offender, including 28 whether the victim recommends that the offender be sentenced 29 as provided in this subsection. 30 2. For every case in which the offender meets the 31 criteria in paragraph (a) and does not receive the mandatory 3 5:03 PM 04/27/99 s1746.cj23.0b Bill No. CS for SB 1746

Amendment No. \_\_\_\_

minimum prison sentence, the state attorney must explain the 1 2 sentencing deviation in writing and place such explanation in 3 the case file maintained by the state attorney. On a quarterly 4 basis, each state attorney shall submit copies of deviation memoranda regarding offenses committed on or after the 5 6 effective date of this subsection, to the president of the 7 Florida Prosecuting Attorneys Association, Inc. The association must maintain such information, and make such 8 information available to the public upon request, for at least 9 10 a 10-year period. Section 3. Section 775.084, Florida Statutes, 1998 11 12 Supplement, is amended to read: 775.084 Violent career criminals; habitual felony 13 14 offenders and habitual violent felony offenders; three-time 15 violent felony offenders; definitions; procedure; enhanced 16 penalties or mandatory minimum prison terms .--17 (1) As used in this act: "Habitual felony offender" means a defendant for 18 (a) whom the court may impose an extended term of imprisonment, as 19 20 provided in paragraph (4)(a), if it finds that: 21 The defendant has previously been convicted of any 1. combination of two or more felonies in this state or other 22 qualified offenses. 23 24 2. The felony for which the defendant is to be sentenced was committed: 25 a. While the defendant was serving a prison sentence 26 27 or other sentence, or court-ordered or lawfully imposed supervision that is commitment imposed as a result of a prior 28 conviction for a felony or other qualified offense; or 29 30 b. Within 5 years of the date of the conviction of the 31 defendant's last prior felony or other qualified offense, or 4

5:03 PM 04/27/99

within 5 years of the defendant's release from a prison 1 sentence, probation, community control, control release, 2 3 conditional release, parole or court-ordered or lawfully 4 imposed supervision or other sentence that is commitment imposed as a result of a prior conviction for a felony or 5 other qualified offense, whichever is later. 6 7 3. The felony for which the defendant is to be sentenced, and one of the two prior felony convictions, is not 8 9 a violation of s. 893.13 relating to the purchase or the 10 possession of a controlled substance. The defendant has not received a pardon for any 11 4. 12 felony or other qualified offense that is necessary for the 13 operation of this paragraph. 14 5. A conviction of a felony or other qualified offense 15 necessary to the operation of this paragraph has not been set 16 aside in any postconviction proceeding. 17 (b) "Habitual violent felony offender" means a 18 defendant for whom the court may impose an extended term of imprisonment, as provided in paragraph (4)(b), if it finds 19 20 that: 21 The defendant has previously been convicted of a 1. felony or an attempt or conspiracy to commit a felony and one 22 23 or more of such convictions was for: 24 a. Arson; 25 b. Sexual battery; c. Robbery; 26 27 d. Kidnapping; e. Aggravated child abuse; 28 29 Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled f. 30 adult; 31 Aggravated assault with a deadly weapon; g. 5 5:03 PM 04/27/99 s1746.cj23.0b Bill No. CS for SB 1746

Amendment No. \_\_\_\_

1 h. Murder; 2 i. Manslaughter; 3 j. Aggravated manslaughter of an elderly person or 4 disabled adult; 5 k. Aggravated manslaughter of a child; 6 1. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a 7 destructive device or bomb; 8 m. Armed burglary; 9 n. Aggravated battery; or 10 o. Aggravated stalking. 2. The felony for which the defendant is to be 11 12 sentenced was committed: While the defendant was serving a prison sentence 13 a. 14 or other sentence, or court-ordered or lawfully imposed 15 supervision that is commitment imposed as a result of a prior 16 conviction for an enumerated felony; or 17 b. Within 5 years of the date of the conviction of the last prior enumerated felony, or within 5 years of the 18 defendant's release from a prison sentence, probation, 19 20 community control, control release, conditional release, 21 parole, or court-ordered or lawfully imposed supervision or other sentence that is commitment imposed as a result of a 22 prior conviction for an enumerated felony, whichever is later. 23 24 3. The defendant has not received a pardon on the 25 ground of innocence for any crime that is necessary for the 26 operation of this paragraph. 27 4. A conviction of a crime necessary to the operation 28 of this paragraph has not been set aside in any postconviction 29 proceeding. 30 (c) "Three-time violent felony offender" means a defendant for whom the court must impose a mandatory minimum 31 б 5:03 PM 04/27/99 s1746.cj23.0b

1	term of imprisonment, as provided in paragraph (4)(c), if it
2	finds that:
3	1. The defendant has previously been convicted as an
4	adult two or more times of a felony, or an attempt to commit a
5	felony, and two or more of such convictions were for
6	committing, or attempting to commit, any of the following
7	offenses or combination therof:
8	a. Arson;
9	b. Sexual battery;
10	c. Robbery;
11	d. Kidnapping;
12	e. Aggravated child abuse;
13	f. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled
14	adult;
15	g. Aggravated assault with a deadly weapon;
16	h. Murder;
17	i. Manslaughter;
18	j. Aggravated manslaughter of an elderly person or
19	disabled adult;
20	k. Aggravated manslaughter of a child;
21	1. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a
22	destructive device or bomb;
23	m. Armed burglary;
24	n. Aggravated battery;
25	o. Aggravated stalking;
26	p. Home invasion/robbery;
27	<u>q.</u> Carjacking; or
28	r. An offense which is in violation of a law of any
29	other jurisdiction if the elements of the offense are
30	substantially similar to the elements of any felony offense
31	enumerated in sub-subparagraphs aq., or an attempt to commit
	5:03 PM 04/27/99 7 s1746.cj23.0b

any such felony offense. 1 2 2. The felony for which the defendant is to be sentenced is one of the felonies enumerated in 3 4 sub-subparagraphs 1.a.-q. and was committed: 5 a. While the defendant was serving a prison sentence 6 or other sentence imposed as a result of a prior conviction 7 for any offense enumerated in sub-subparagraphs 1.a.-r.; or b. Within 5 years after the date of the conviction of 8 9 the last prior offense enumerated in sub-subparagraphs 10 1.a.-r., or within 5 years after the defendant's release from a prison sentence, probation, community control, or other 11 12 sentence imposed as a result of a prior conviction for any 13 offense enumerated in sub-subparagraphs 1.a.-r., whichever is 14 later. 15 3. The defendant has not received a pardon on the ground of innocence for any crime that is necessary for the 16 17 operation of this paragraph. 4. A conviction of a crime necessary to the operation 18 19 of this paragraph has not been set aside in any postconviction 20 proceeding. 21 (d) (c) "Violent career criminal" means a defendant for 22 whom the court must impose imprisonment pursuant to paragraph (4)(d)(c), if it finds that: 23 24 1. The defendant has previously been convicted as an adult three or more times for an offense in this state or 25 26 other qualified offense that is: 27 Any forcible felony, as described in s. 776.08; a. Aggravated stalking, as described in s. 784.048(3) 28 b. 29 and (4); 30 c. Aggravated child abuse, as described in s. 31 827.03(2);

5:03 PM 04/27/99

8

Bill No. CS for SB 1746

Amendment No. \_\_\_\_

Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled 1 d. adult, as described in s. 825.102(2); 2 Lewd, lascivious, or indecent conduct, as described 3 e. 4 in s. 800.04; 5 f. Escape, as described in s. 944.40; or 6 g. A felony violation of chapter 790 involving the use 7 or possession of a firearm. 8 The defendant has been incarcerated in a state 2. 9 prison or a federal prison. 10 3. The primary felony offense for which the defendant is to be sentenced is a felony enumerated in subparagraph 1. 11 12 and was committed on or after October 1, 1995, and: 13 While the defendant was serving a prison sentence a. or other sentence, or court-ordered or lawfully imposed 14 15 supervision that is commitment imposed as a result of a prior 16 conviction for an enumerated felony; or 17 b. Within 5 years after the conviction of the last prior enumerated felony, or within 5 years after the 18 defendant's release from a prison sentence, probation, 19 20 community control, control release, conditional release, 21 parole, or court-ordered or lawfully imposed supervision or other sentence that is commitment imposed as a result of a 22 prior conviction for an enumerated felony, whichever is later. 23 24 4. The defendant has not received a pardon for any 25 felony or other qualified offense that is necessary for the 26 operation of this paragraph. 27 A conviction of a felony or other qualified offense 5. 28 necessary to the operation of this paragraph has not been set 29 aside in any postconviction proceeding. 30 (e) (d) "Qualified offense" means any offense, 31 substantially similar in elements and penalties to an offense 9

5:03 PM 04/27/99

1 in this state, which is in violation of a law of any other 2 jurisdiction, whether that of another state, the District of 3 Columbia, the United States or any possession or territory 4 thereof, or any foreign jurisdiction, that was punishable 5 under the law of such jurisdiction at the time of its 6 commission by the defendant by death or imprisonment exceeding 7 1 year.

8 (2) For the purposes of this section, the placing of a 9 person on probation or community control without an 10 adjudication of guilt shall be treated as a prior conviction 11 if the subsequent offense for which the person is to be 12 sentenced was committed during such period of probation or 13 community control.

14 (3)(a) In a separate proceeding, the court shall 15 determine if the defendant is a habitual felony offender or a 16 habitual violent felony offender. The procedure shall be as 17 follows:

18 1. The court shall obtain and consider a presentence
 19 investigation prior to the imposition of a sentence as a
 20 habitual felony offender or a habitual violent felony
 21 offender.

22 2. Written notice shall be served on the defendant and 23 the defendant's attorney a sufficient time prior to the entry 24 of a plea or prior to the imposition of sentence in order to 25 allow the preparation of a submission on behalf of the 26 defendant.

3. Except as provided in subparagraph 1., all evidence
presented shall be presented in open court with full rights of
confrontation, cross-examination, and representation by
counsel.

31 4. Each of the findings required as the basis for such 5:03 PM 04/27/99 10 s1746.cj23.0b

sentence shall be found to exist by a preponderance of the
 evidence and shall be appealable to the extent normally
 applicable to similar findings.

5. For the purpose of identification of a habitual
felony offender or a habitual violent felony offender, the
court shall fingerprint the defendant pursuant to s. 921.241.

7 6. For an offense committed on or after October 1, 1995, if the state attorney pursues a habitual felony offender 8 9 sanction or a habitual violent felony offender sanction 10 against the defendant and the court, in a separate proceeding pursuant to this paragraph, determines that the defendant 11 12 meets the criteria under subsection (1) for imposing such 13 sanction, the court must sentence the defendant as a habitual felony offender or a habitual violent felony offender, subject 14 15 to imprisonment pursuant to this section unless the court 16 finds that such sentence is not necessary for the protection 17 of the public. If the court finds that it is not necessary for the protection of the public to sentence the defendant as 18 a habitual felony offender or a habitual violent felony 19 offender, the court shall provide written reasons; a written 20 21 transcript of orally stated reasons is permissible, if filed by the court within 7 days after the date of sentencing. Each 22 month, the court shall submit to the Office of Economic and 23 24 Demographic Research of the Legislature the written reasons or transcripts in each case in which the court determines not to 25 sentence a defendant as a habitual felony offender or a 26 27 habitual violent felony offender as provided in this 28 subparagraph.

29 (b) In a separate proceeding, the court shall
30 determine if the defendant is a three-time violent felony

31 offender. The procedure shall be as follows:

5:03 PM 04/27/99

1 1. The court shall obtain and consider a presentence 2 investigation prior to the imposition of a sentence as a 3 three-time violent felony offender. 4 2. Written notice shall be served on the defendant and 5 the defendant's attorney a sufficient time prior to the entry 6 of a plea or prior to the imposition of sentence in order to 7 allow the preparation of a submission on behalf of the defendant. 8 9 3. Except as provided in subparagraph 1., all evidence 10 presented shall be presented in open court with full rights of confrontation, cross-examination, and representation by 11 12 counsel. 13 4. Each of the findings required as the basis for such sentence shall be found to exist by a preponderance of the 14 15 evidence and shall be appealable to the extent normally 16 applicable to similar findings. 17 5. For the purpose of identification of a three-time 18 violent felony offender, the court shall fingerprint the 19 defendant pursuant to s. 921.241. 6. For an offense committed on or after the effective 20 21 date of this act, if the state attorney pursues a three-time violent felony offender sanction against the defendant and the 22 court, in a separate proceeding pursuant to this paragraph, 23 24 determines that the defendant meets the criteria under subsection (1) for imposing such sanction, the court must 25 26 sentence the defendant as a three-time violent felony 27 offender, subject to imprisonment pursuant to this section as 28 provided in paragraph (4)(c). 29 (c) (b) In a separate proceeding, the court shall 30 determine whether the defendant is a violent career criminal 31 with respect to a primary offense committed on or after 12 5:03 PM 04/27/99 s1746.cj23.0b

October 1, 1995. The procedure shall be as follows: 1 Written notice shall be served on the defendant and 2 3 the defendant's attorney a sufficient time prior to the entry 4 of a plea or prior to the imposition of sentence in order to 5 allow the preparation of a submission on behalf of the 6 defendant. 7 2. All evidence presented shall be presented in open court with full rights of confrontation, cross-examination, 8 9 and representation by counsel. 10 3. Each of the findings required as the basis for such 11 sentence shall be found to exist by a preponderance of the 12 evidence and shall be appealable only as provided in paragraph 13 (d)<del>(c)</del>. 14 4. For the purpose of identification, the court shall 15 fingerprint the defendant pursuant to s. 921.241. 16 5. For an offense committed on or after October 1, 17 1995, if the state attorney pursues a violent career criminal sanction against the defendant and the court, in a separate 18 proceeding pursuant to this paragraph, determines that the 19 defendant meets the criteria under subsection (1) for imposing 20 21 such sanction, the court must sentence the defendant as a violent career criminal, subject to imprisonment pursuant to 22 this section unless the court finds that such sentence is not 23 24 necessary for the protection of the public. If the court 25 finds that it is not necessary for the protection of the public to sentence the defendant as a violent career criminal, 26 27 the court shall provide written reasons; a written transcript of orally stated reasons is permissible, if filed by the court 28 within 7 days after the date of sentencing. Each month, the 29 30 court shall submit to the Office of Economic and Demographic 31 Research of the Legislature the written reasons or transcripts

5:03 PM 04/27/99

in each case in which the court determines not to sentence a
 defendant as a violent career criminal as provided in this
 subparagraph.

4 (d) (d) (c) 1. A person sentenced under paragraph (4)(d) (c) 5 as a violent career criminal has the right of direct appeal, 6 and either the state or the defendant may petition the trial 7 court to vacate an illegal sentence at any time. However, the 8 determination of the trial court to impose or not to impose a violent career criminal sentence is presumed appropriate and 9 10 no petition or motion for collateral or other postconviction 11 relief may be considered based on an allegation either by the 12 state or the defendant that such sentence is inappropriate, 13 inadequate, or excessive.

It is the intent of the Legislature that, with 14 2. 15 respect to both direct appeal and collateral review of violent career criminal sentences, all claims of error or illegality 16 17 be raised at the first opportunity and that no claim should be filed more than 2 years after the judgment and sentence became 18 final, unless it is established that the basis for the claim 19 20 could not have been ascertained at the time by the exercise of 21 due diligence. Technical violations and mistakes at trials and sentencing proceedings involving violent career criminals that 22 do not affect due process or fundamental fairness are not 23 24 appealable by either the state or the defendant.

3. It is the intent of the Legislature that no funds,
 resources, or employees of the state or its political
 subdivisions be used, directly or indirectly, in appellate or
 collateral proceedings based on violent career criminal
 sentencing, except when such use is constitutionally or
 statutorily mandated.

(4)(a) The court, in conformity with the procedure 14

5:03 PM 04/27/99

31

established in paragraph (3)(a), may sentence the habitual 1 felony offender as follows: 2 In the case of a life felony or a felony of the 3 1. 4 first degree, for life. 5 In the case of a felony of the second degree, for a 2. 6 term of years not exceeding 30. 7 3. In the case of a felony of the third degree, for a term of years not exceeding 10. 8 9 (b) The court, in conformity with the procedure 10 established in paragraph (3)(a), may sentence the habitual violent felony offender as follows: 11 12 1. In the case of a life felony or a felony of the first degree, for life, and such offender shall not be 13 14 eligible for release for 15 years. 15 2. In the case of a felony of the second degree, for a 16 term of years not exceeding 30, and such offender shall not be 17 eligible for release for 10 years. 3. In the case of a felony of the third degree, for a 18 term of years not exceeding 10, and such offender shall not be 19 20 eligible for release for 5 years. 21 (c)1. The court, in conformity with the procedure established in paragraph (3)(c), must sentence the three-time 22 violent felony offender to a mandatory minimum term of 23 imprisonment, as follows: 24 25 a. In the case of a felony punishable by life, to a 26 term of imprisonment for life; b. In the case of a felony of the first degree, to a 27 28 term of imprisonment of 30 years; c. In the case of a felony of the second degree, to a 29 term of imprisonment of 15 years; or 30 d. In the case of a felony of the third degree, to a 31 15 5:03 PM 04/27/99 s1746.cj23.0b

term of imprisonment of 5 years. 1 2. Nothing in this subsection shall prevent a court 2 3 from imposing a greater sentence of incarceration as 4 authorized by law. 5 (d)(c) The court, in conformity with the procedure 6 established in paragraph (3)(c)(b), shall sentence the violent 7 career criminal as follows: 8 In the case of a life felony or a felony of the 1. 9 first degree, for life. 10 2. In the case of a felony of the second degree, for a term of years not exceeding 40, with a mandatory minimum term 11 12 of 30 years' imprisonment. 13 3. In the case of a felony of the third degree, for a 14 term of years not exceeding 15, with a mandatory minimum term 15 of 10 years' imprisonment. (e)(d) If the court finds, pursuant to paragraph 16 17 (3)(a) or paragraph (3)(c)(b), that it is not necessary for the protection of the public to sentence a defendant who meets 18 the criteria for sentencing as a habitual felony offender, a 19 habitual violent felony offender, or a violent career 20 21 criminal, with respect to an offense committed on or after October 1, 1995, sentence shall be imposed without regard to 22 23 this section. 24 (f)(e) At any time when it appears to the court that 25 the defendant is eligible for sentencing under this section, 26 the court shall make that determination as provided in 27 paragraph (3)(a), or paragraph (3)(b), or paragraph (3)(c). 28 (g)(f) A sentence imposed under this section shall not 29 be increased after such imposition. 30 (h) (g) A sentence imposed under this section is not 31 subject to s. 921.002.

5:03 PM 04/27/99

16

(i)(h) The provisions of this section do not apply to 1 2 capital felonies, and a sentence authorized under this section 3 does not preclude the imposition of the death penalty for a 4 capital felony. 5 (j) (j) (i) The provisions of s. 947.1405 shall apply to 6 persons sentenced as habitual felony offenders and persons 7 sentenced as habitual violent felony offenders. (k) (i) A defendant sentenced under this section as a 8 9 habitual felony offender, a habitual violent felony offender, 10 or a violent career criminal is eligible for gain-time granted by the Department of Corrections as provided in s. 11 12 944.275(4)(b). 2. For an offense committed on or after October 1, 13 1995, a defendant sentenced under this section as a violent 14 15 career criminal is not eligible for any form of discretionary 16 early release, other than pardon or executive clemency, or 17 conditional medical release granted pursuant to s. 947.149. 18 3. For an offense committed on or after July 1, 1999, a defendant sentenced under this section as a three-time 19 20 violent felony offender shall be released only be expiration 21 of sentence and shall not be eligible for parole, control release, or any form of early release. Any person sentenced as 22 a three-time violent felony offender must serve 100 percent of 23 24 the court-imposed sentence. (5) In order to be counted as a prior felony for 25 purposes of sentencing under this section, the felony must 26 27 have resulted in a conviction sentenced separately prior to 28 the current offense and sentenced separately from any other felony conviction that is to be counted as a prior felony. 29 30 (6) The purpose of this section is to provide uniform 31 punishment for those crimes made punishable under this

5:03 PM 04/27/99

Bill No. CS for SB 1746

Amendment No. \_\_\_\_

section, and to this end, a reference to this section 1 2 constitutes a general reference under the doctrine of 3 incorporation by reference. 4 Section 4. Paragraphs (c) and (d) of subsection (2) of section 784.07, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are amended 5 6 to read: 784.07 Assault or battery of law enforcement officers, 7 8 firefighters, emergency medical care providers, public transit 9 employees or agents, or other specified officers; 10 reclassification of offenses; minimum sentences .--(2) Whenever any person is charged with knowingly 11 12 committing an assault or battery upon a law enforcement 13 officer, a firefighter, an emergency medical care provider, a traffic accident investigation officer as described in s. 14 15 316.640, a traffic infraction enforcement officer as described 16 in s. 318.141, a parking enforcement specialist as defined in 17 s. 316.640, or a security officer employed by the board of trustees of a community college, while the officer, 18 firefighter, emergency medical care provider, intake officer, 19 traffic accident investigation officer, traffic infraction 20 21 enforcement officer, parking enforcement specialist, public transit employee or agent, or security officer is engaged in 22 the lawful performance of his or her duties, the offense for 23 24 which the person is charged shall be reclassified as follows: 25 (c) In the case of aggravated assault, from a felony of the third degree to a felony of the second degree. 26 27 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any person 28 convicted of aggravated assault upon a law enforcement officer shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 3 29 30 years. 31 (d) In the case of aggravated battery, from a felony 18

5:03 PM 04/27/99

of the second degree to a felony of the first degree. 1 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any person 2 3 convicted of aggravated battery of a law enforcement officer 4 shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 5 5 years. Section 5. Subsection (1) of section 784.08, Florida б 7 Statutes, is amended to read: 784.08 Assault or battery on persons 65 years of age 8 9 or older; reclassification of offenses; minimum sentence .--10 (1) A person who is convicted of an aggravated assault 11 or aggravated battery upon a person 65 years of age or older 12 shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 3 years pursuant to the Criminal Punishment Code and fined not 13 more than \$10,000 and shall also be ordered by the sentencing 14 15 judge to make restitution to the victim of such offense and to 16 perform up to 500 hours of community service work. 17 Restitution and community service work shall be in addition to any fine or sentence which may be imposed and shall not be in 18 lieu thereof. 19 Section 6. Section 790.235, Florida Statutes, is 20 21 amended to read: 790.235 Possession of firearm by violent career 22 criminal unlawful; penalty .--23 24 (1) Any person who meets the violent career criminal 25 criteria under s. 775.084(1)(d)(c), regardless of whether such person is or has previously been sentenced as a violent career 26 27 criminal, who owns or has in his or her care, custody, possession, or control any firearm or electric weapon or 28 device, or carries a concealed weapon, including a tear gas 29 30 gun or chemical weapon or device, commits a felony of the 31 first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s.

5:03 PM 04/27/99

775.083, or s. 775.084. A person convicted of a violation of 1 2 this section shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum of 15 3 years' imprisonment; however, if the person would be sentenced 4 to a longer term of imprisonment under s. 775.084(4)(d)(c), 5 the person must be sentenced under that provision. A person 6 convicted of a violation of this section is not eligible for 7 any form of discretionary early release, other than pardon, 8 executive clemency, or conditional medical release under s. 9 947.149.

10 (2) For purposes of this section, the previous felony convictions necessary to meet the violent career criminal 11 12 criteria under s. 775.084(1)(d)(c)may be convictions for felonies committed as an adult or adjudications of delinquency 13 for felonies committed as a juvenile. In order to be counted 14 15 as a prior felony for purposes of this section, the felony 16 must have resulted in a conviction sentenced separately, or an 17 adjudication of delinquency entered separately, prior to the current offense, and sentenced or adjudicated separately from 18 any other felony that is to be counted as a prior felony. 19 20 (3) This section shall not apply to a person whose 21 civil rights and firearm authority have been restored. Section 7. Section 794.0115, Florida Statutes, is 22 23 created to read: 24 794.0115 Repeat sexual batterers; definition; 25 procedure; enhanced penalties.--26 (1) As used in this act, "repeat sexual batterer" 27 means a defendant for whom the court must impose a mandatory 28 minimum term of imprisonment, as provided in subsection (3), 29 if it finds that: 30 (a) The defendant has previously been convicted of a 31 felony or an attempt or conspiracy to commit a felony and one 20 5:03 PM 04/27/99 s1746.cj23.0b

or more of such convictions was for: 1 2 1. Any felony offense in violation of s. 3 794.011(2)(b), (3), (4), or (5), or an attempt or conspiracy 4 to commit the felony offense. 5 2. A qualified offense as defined in s. 775.084(1)(e), 6 if the elements of the qualified offense are substantially 7 similar to the elements of a felony offense in violation of s. 794.011(2)(b), (3), (4), or (5), or an attempt or conspiracy 8 to commit the felony offense. 9 10 (b) The felony for which the defendant is to be 11 sentenced is one of the felonies enumerated in subparagraph 12 (a)1. or 2. and was committed: 1. While the defendant was serving a prison sentence 13 or other sentence imposed as a result of a prior conviction 14 15 for any offense enumerated in subparagraph (a)1. or 2.; or 16 2. Within 10 years after the date of the conviction of 17 the last prior offense enumerated in subparagraph (a)1. or 2., 18 or within 10 years after the defendant's release from a prison sentence, probation, community control, or other sentence 19 20 imposed as a result of a prior conviction for any offense 21 enumerated in subparagraph (a)1. or 2., whichever is later. (c) The defendant has not received a pardon on the 22 ground of innocence for any crime that is necessary for the 23 24 operation of this subsection. (d) A conviction of a crime necessary to the operation 25 26 of this subsection has not been set aside in any 27 postconviction proceeding. 28 (2) In a separate proceeding, the court shall 29 determine if the defendant is a repeat sexual batterer. The 30 procedure shall be as follows: (a) The court shall obtain and consider a presentence 31 21 5:03 PM 04/27/99 s1746.cj23.0b

investigation prior to the imposition of a sentence as a 1 2 repeat sexual batterer. 3 (b) Written notice shall be served on the defendant 4 and the defendant's attorney a sufficient time prior to the 5 entry of a plea or prior to the imposition of sentence in 6 order to allow the preparation of a submission on behalf of 7 the defendant. (c) Except as provided in paragraph (a), all evidence 8 presented shall be presented in open court with full rights of 9 10 confrontation, cross-examination, and representation by 11 counsel. 12 (d) Each of the findings required as the basis for 13 such sentence shall be found to exist by a preponderance of 14 the evidence and shall be appealable to the extent normally 15 applicable to similar findings. (e) For the purpose of identification of a repeat 16 17 sexual batterer, the court shall fingerprint the defendant 18 pursuant to s. 921.241. 19 (f) For an offense committed on or after the effective date of this act, if the state attorney pursues a repeat 20 21 sexual batterer sanction against the defendant and the court, in a separate proceeding pursuant to this subsection, 22 determines that the defendant meets the criteria under 23 24 subsection (1) for imposing such sanction, the court must 25 sentence the defendant as a repeat sexual batterer, subject to 26 imprisonment pursuant to this section as provided in 27 subsection (3). 28 (3)(a) The court, in conformity with the procedure 29 established in subsection (2), must sentence the repeat sexual 30 batterer to a mandatory minimum term of 10 years' 31 imprisonment.

5:03 PM 04/27/99

(b) Nothing in this subsection shall prevent a court 1 2 from imposing a greater sentence of incarceration as 3 authorized by law. 4 Section 8. Section 794.011, Florida Statutes, is 5 amended to read: 6 794.011 Sexual battery.--7 (1) As used in this chapter: "Consent" means intelligent, knowing, and 8 (a) 9 voluntary consent and does not include coerced submission. 10 "Consent" shall not be deemed or construed to mean the failure by the alleged victim to offer physical resistance to the 11 12 offender. 13 (b) "Mentally defective" means a mental disease or 14 defect which renders a person temporarily or permanently 15 incapable of appraising the nature of his or her conduct. 16 (c) "Mentally incapacitated" means temporarily 17 incapable of appraising or controlling a person's own conduct due to the influence of a narcotic, anesthetic, or 18 intoxicating substance administered without his or her consent 19 20 or due to any other act committed upon that person without his or her consent. 21 "Offender" means a person accused of a sexual 22 (d) offense in violation of a provision of this chapter. 23 24 "Physically helpless" means unconscious, asleep, (e) 25 or for any other reason physically unable to communicate 26 unwillingness to an act. 27 "Retaliation" includes, but is not limited to, (f) 28 threats of future physical punishment, kidnapping, false imprisonment or forcible confinement, or extortion. 29 30 "Serious personal injury" means great bodily harm (g) 31 or pain, permanent disability, or permanent disfigurement. 23

5:03 PM 04/27/99

1 "Sexual battery" means oral, anal, or vaginal (h) 2 penetration by, or union with, the sexual organ of another or 3 the anal or vaginal penetration of another by any other 4 object; however, sexual battery does not include an act done 5 for a bona fide medical purpose. (i) "Victim" means a person who has been the object of б 7 a sexual offense. "Physically incapacitated" means bodily impaired 8 (j) 9 or handicapped and substantially limited in ability to resist 10 or flee.

(2)(a) A person 18 years of age or older who commits sexual battery upon, or in an attempt to commit sexual battery injures the sexual organs of, a person less than 12 years of age commits a capital felony, punishable as provided in ss. 775.082 and 921.141.

(b) A person less than 18 years of age who commits
sexual battery upon, or in an attempt to commit sexual battery
injures the sexual organs of, a person less than 12 years of
age commits a life felony, punishable as provided in s.
775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, or s. 794.0115.

(3) A person who commits sexual battery upon a person 12 years of age or older, without that person's consent, and in the process thereof uses or threatens to use a deadly weapon or uses actual physical force likely to cause serious personal injury commits a life felony, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, or s. 794.0115.

(4) A person who commits sexual battery upon a person 12 years of age or older without that person's consent, under any of the following circumstances, commits a felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, or s. 794.0115:

5:03 PM 04/27/99

When the victim is physically helpless to resist. 1 (a) 2 (b) When the offender coerces the victim to submit by threatening to use force or violence likely to cause serious 3 4 personal injury on the victim, and the victim reasonably 5 believes that the offender has the present ability to execute 6 the threat. 7 (c) When the offender coerces the victim to submit by threatening to retaliate against the victim, or any other 8 person, and the victim reasonably believes that the offender 9 10 has the ability to execute the threat in the future. When the offender, without the prior knowledge or 11 (d) 12 consent of the victim, administers or has knowledge of someone 13 else administering to the victim any narcotic, anesthetic, or 14 other intoxicating substance which mentally or physically 15 incapacitates the victim. 16 (e) When the victim is mentally defective and the 17 offender has reason to believe this or has actual knowledge of 18 this fact. (f) When the victim is physically incapacitated. 19 20 (q) When the offender is a law enforcement officer, 21 correctional officer, or correctional probation officer as 22 defined by s. 943.10(1), (2), (3), (6), (7), (8), or (9), who is certified under the provisions of s. 943.1395 or is an 23 24 elected official exempt from such certification by virtue of 25 s. 943.253, or any other person in a position of control or authority in a probation, community control, controlled 26 27 release, detention, custodial, or similar setting, and such officer, official, or person is acting in such a manner as to 28 lead the victim to reasonably believe that the offender is in 29 30 a position of control or authority as an agent or employee of 31 government.

5:03 PM 04/27/99

(5) A person who commits sexual battery upon a person 1 2 12 years of age or older, without that person's consent, and 3 in the process thereof does not use physical force and 4 violence likely to cause serious personal injury commits a 5 felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 6 775.082, s. 775.083, <del>or</del> s. 775.084, or s. 794.0115. 7 (6) The offense described in subsection (5) is included in any sexual battery offense charged under 8 subsection (3) or subsection (4). 9 10 (7) A person who is convicted of committing a sexual 11 battery on or after October 1, 1992, is not eligible for basic 12 gain-time under s. 944.275. This subsection may be cited as the "Junny Rios-Martinez, Jr. Act of 1992." 13 (8) Without regard to the willingness or consent of 14 15 the victim, which is not a defense to prosecution under this 16 subsection, a person who is in a position of familial or 17 custodial authority to a person less than 18 years of age and who: 18 19 (a) Solicits that person to engage in any act which 20 would constitute sexual battery under paragraph (1)(h) commits 21 a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 22 (b) Engages in any act with that person while the 23 24 person is 12 years of age or older but less than 18 years of 25 age which constitutes sexual battery under paragraph (1)(h) commits a felony of the first degree, punishable as provided 26 27 in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 28 (c) Engages in any act with that person while the 29 person is less than 12 years of age which constitutes sexual 30 battery under paragraph (1)(h), or in an attempt to commit 31 sexual battery injures the sexual organs of such person 26

5:03 PM 04/27/99

commits a capital or life felony, punishable pursuant to 1 2 subsection (2). 3 (9) For prosecution under paragraph (4)(g), 4 acquiescence to a person reasonably believed by the victim to 5 be in a position of authority or control does not constitute 6 consent, and it is not a defense that the perpetrator was not 7 actually in a position of control or authority if the circumstances were such as to lead the victim to reasonably 8 believe that the person was in such a position. 9 10 (10) Any person who falsely accuses any person listed 11 in paragraph (4)(g) or other person in a position of control 12 or authority as an agent or employee of government of 13 violating paragraph (4)(g) is guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or 14 15 s. 775.084. Section 9. Section 893.135, Florida Statutes, as 16 17 amended by section 23 of chapter 97-194, Laws of Florida, is 18 amended to read: 19 893.135 Trafficking; mandatory sentences; suspension 20 or reduction of sentences; conspiracy to engage in 21 trafficking.--(1) Except as authorized in this chapter or in chapter 22 499 and notwithstanding the provisions of s. 893.13: 23 24 (a) Any person who knowingly sells, purchases, 25 manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, in excess 26 27 of 25 50 pounds of cannabis, or 300 or more cannabis plants, 28 commits a felony of the first degree, which felony shall be known as "trafficking in cannabis." If the quantity of 29 30 cannabis involved: Is in excess of 25 50 pounds, but less than 2,000 31 1. 27

5:03 PM 04/27/99

pounds, or is 300 or more cannabis plants, but not more than 1 2 2,000 cannabis plants, such person shall be sentenced pursuant to the Criminal Punishment Code and such sentence shall 3 4 include a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 3 years, and the defendant shall be ordered to pay a fine of \$25,000. 5 6 Is 2,000 pounds or more, but less than 10,000 2. 7 pounds, or is 2,000 or more cannabis plants, but not more than 10,000 cannabis plants, such person shall be sentenced 8 9 pursuant to the Criminal Punishment Code and such sentence 10 shall include a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 7 years, and the defendant shall be ordered to pay a fine of 11 12 \$50,000. Is 10,000 pounds or more, or is 10,000 or more 13 3. 14 cannabis plants, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory 15 minimum term of imprisonment of 15 calendar years and pay a 16 fine of \$200,000. 17 18 For the purpose of this paragraph, a plant, including, but not limited to, a seedling or cutting, is a "cannabis plant" if it 19 20 has some readily observable evidence of root formation, such 21 as root hairs. To determine if a piece or part of a cannabis plant severed from the cannabis plant is itself a cannabis 22 plant, the severed piece or part must have some readily 23 24 observable evidence of root formation, such as root hairs. Callous tissue is not readily observable evidence of root 25 26 formation. The viability and sex of a plant and the fact that 27 the plant may or may not be a dead harvested plant are not 28 relevant in determining if the plant is a "cannabis plant" or 29 in the charging of an offense under this paragraph. Upon 30 conviction, the court shall impose the longest term of imprisonment provided for in this paragraph. 31

5:03 PM 04/27/99

1 (b)1. Any person who knowingly sells, purchases, 2 manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is 3 knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, 28 grams or 4 more of cocaine, as described in s. 893.03(2)(a)4., or of any mixture containing cocaine, but less than 150 kilograms of 5 6 cocaine or any such mixture, commits a felony of the first 7 degree, which felony shall be known as "trafficking in 8 cocaine." If the quantity involved: 9 Is 28 grams or more, but less than 200 grams, such a. 10 person shall be sentenced pursuant to the Criminal Punishment 11 Code and such sentence shall include a mandatory minimum term 12 of imprisonment of 3 years, and the defendant shall be ordered to pay a fine of \$50,000. 13 Is 200 grams or more, but less than 400 grams, such 14 b. 15 person shall be sentenced pursuant to the Criminal Punishment Code and such sentence shall include a mandatory minimum term 16 17 of imprisonment of 7 years, and the defendant shall be ordered to pay a fine of \$100,000. 18 19 Is 400 grams or more, but less than 150 kilograms, c. 20 such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of

Any person who knowingly sells, purchases, 22 2. manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is 23 24 knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, 150 25 kilograms or more, but less than 300 kilograms, of cocaine, as described in s. 893.03(2)(a)4., commits the first degree 26 27 felony of trafficking in cocaine. A person who has been 28 convicted of the first degree felony of trafficking in cocaine under this subparagraph shall be punished by life imprisonment 29 30 and is not eligible for any form of gain time under s. 944.275 or ineligible for any form of discretionary early release 31

imprisonment of 15 calendar years and pay a fine of \$250,000.

5:03 PM 04/27/99

21

except pardon or executive clemency or conditional medical 1 2 release under s. 947.149. However, if the court determines 3 that, in addition to committing any act specified in this 4 paragraph: 5 The person intentionally killed an individual or a. 6 counseled, commanded, induced, procured, or caused the 7 intentional killing of an individual and such killing was the result; or 8 The person's conduct in committing that act led to 9 b. 10 a natural, though not inevitable, lethal result, 11 12 such person commits the capital felony of trafficking in 13 cocaine, punishable as provided in ss. 775.082 and 921.142. 14 Any person sentenced for a capital felony under this paragraph 15 shall also be sentenced to pay the maximum fine provided under 16 subparagraph 1. 17 3. Any person who knowingly brings into this state 300 18 kilograms or more of cocaine, as described in s. 893.03(2)(a)4., and who knows that the probable result of such 19 20 importation would be the death of any person, commits capital 21 importation of cocaine, a capital felony punishable as provided in ss. 775.082 and 921.142. Any person sentenced for 22 a capital felony under this paragraph shall also be sentenced 23 24 to pay the maximum fine provided under subparagraph 1. 25 (c)1. Any person who knowingly sells, purchases, manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is 26 27 knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, 4 grams or more of any morphine, opium, oxycodone, hydrocodone, 28 hydromorphone, or any salt, derivative, isomer, or salt of an 29 30 isomer thereof, including heroin, as described in s. 31 893.03(1)(b) or (2)(a), or 4 grams or more of any mixture

5:03 PM 04/27/99

Bill No. CS for SB 1746

Amendment No. \_\_\_\_

containing any such substance, but less than 30 kilograms of 1 2 such substance or mixture, commits a felony of the first degree, which felony shall be known as "trafficking in illegal 3 4 drugs." If the quantity involved: 5 a. Is 4 grams or more, but less than 14 grams, such 6 person shall be sentenced pursuant to the Criminal Punishment 7 Code and such sentence shall include a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 3 years, and the defendant shall be ordered 8 9 to pay a fine of \$50,000. 10 b. Is 14 grams or more, but less than 28 grams, such 11 person shall be sentenced pursuant to the Criminal Punishment 12 Code and such sentence shall include a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 15 years, and the defendant shall be 13 14 ordered to pay a fine of \$100,000. 15 c. Is 28 grams or more, but less than 30 kilograms, 16 such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of 17 imprisonment of 25 calendar years and pay a fine of \$500,000. 2. Any person who knowingly sells, purchases, 18 manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is 19 20 knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, 30 21 kilograms or more, but less than 60 kilograms, of any morphine, opium, oxycodone, hydrocodone, hydromorphone, or any 22 salt, derivative, isomer, or salt of an isomer thereof, 23 24 including heroin, as described in s. 893.03(1)(b) or (2)(a), or 30 kilograms or more, but less than 60 kilograms, of any 25 26 mixture containing any such substance, commits the first 27 degree felony of trafficking in illegal drugs. A person who 28 has been convicted of the first degree felony of trafficking in illegal drugs under this subparagraph shall be punished by 29 30 life imprisonment and is not eligible for any form of gain 31 time under s. 944.275 or ineligible for any form of 31

5:03 PM 04/27/99

Bill No. <u>CS for SB 1746</u>

Amendment No. \_\_\_\_

discretionary early release except pardon or executive 1 2 clemency or conditional medical release under s. 947.149. 3 However, if the court determines that, in addition to 4 committing any act specified in this paragraph: 5 The person intentionally killed an individual or a. 6 counseled, commanded, induced, procured, or caused the 7 intentional killing of an individual and such killing was the result; or 8 The person's conduct in committing that act led to 9 b. 10 a natural, though not inevitable, lethal result, 11 12 such person commits the capital felony of trafficking in 13 illegal drugs, punishable as provided in ss. 775.082 and 921.142. Any person sentenced for a capital felony under this 14 15 paragraph shall also be sentenced to pay the maximum fine 16 provided under subparagraph 1. 17 3. Any person who knowingly brings into this state 60 18 kilograms or more of any morphine, opium, oxycodone, hydrocodone, hydromorphone, or any salt, derivative, isomer, 19 or salt of an isomer thereof, including heroin, as described 20 21 in s. 893.03(1)(b) or (2)(a), or 60 kilograms or more of any mixture containing any such substance, and who knows that the 22 probable result of such importation would be the death of any 23 24 person, commits capital importation of illegal drugs, a 25 capital felony punishable as provided in ss. 775.082 and 921.142. Any person sentenced for a capital felony under this 26 27 paragraph shall also be sentenced to pay the maximum fine 28 provided under subparagraph 1. (d)1. Any person who knowingly sells, purchases, 29 30 manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is 31 knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, 28 grams or

5:03 PM 04/27/99

Bill No. <u>CS for SB 1746</u>

Amendment No. \_\_\_\_

more of phencyclidine or of any mixture containing 1 2 phencyclidine, as described in s. 893.03(2)(b), commits a 3 felony of the first degree, which felony shall be known as 4 "trafficking in phencyclidine." If the quantity involved: 5 Is 28 grams or more, but less than 200 grams, such a. 6 person shall be sentenced pursuant to the Criminal Punishment 7 Code and such sentence shall include a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 3 years, and the defendant shall be ordered 8 9 to pay a fine of \$50,000. 10 b. Is 200 grams or more, but less than 400 grams, such 11 person shall be sentenced pursuant to the Criminal Punishment 12 Code and such sentence shall include a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 7 years, and the defendant shall be ordered 13 14 to pay a fine of \$100,000. 15 c. Is 400 grams or more, but less than 800 grams, such 16 person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of 17 imprisonment of 15 calendar years and pay a fine of \$250,000. 2. Any person who knowingly brings into this state 800 18 grams or more of phencyclidine or of any mixture containing 19 20 phencyclidine, as described in s. 893.03(2)(b), and who knows 21 that the probable result of such importation would be the death of any person commits capital importation of 22 phencyclidine, a capital felony punishable as provided in ss. 23 24 775.082 and 921.142. Any person sentenced for a capital felony 25 under this paragraph shall also be sentenced to pay the maximum fine provided under subparagraph 1. 26 27 (e)1. Any person who knowingly sells, purchases, 28 manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, 200 grams 29 30 or more of methaqualone or of any mixture containing 31 methaqualone, as described in s. 893.03(1)(d), commits a

5:03 PM 04/27/99

felony of the first degree, which felony shall be known as 1 "trafficking in methaqualone." If the quantity involved: 2 3 Is 200 grams or more, but less than 5 kilograms, a. 4 such person shall be sentenced pursuant to the Criminal 5 Punishment Code and such sentence shall include a mandatory 6 minimum term of imprisonment of 3 years, and the defendant 7 shall be ordered to pay a fine of \$50,000. Is 5 kilograms or more, but less than 25 kilograms, 8 b. 9 such person shall be sentenced pursuant to the Criminal 10 Punishment Code and such sentence shall include a mandatory 11 minimum term of imprisonment of 7 years, and the defendant 12 shall be ordered to pay a fine of \$100,000. 13 Is 25 kilograms or more, but less than 50 c. 14 kilograms, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory 15 minimum term of imprisonment of 15 calendar years and pay a fine of \$250,000. 16 17 2. Any person who knowingly brings into this state 50 18 kilograms or more of methaqualone or of any mixture containing methaqualone, as described in s. 893.03(1)(d), and who knows 19 20 that the probable result of such importation would be the 21 death of any person commits capital importation of methaqualone, a capital felony punishable as provided in ss. 22 775.082 and 921.142. Any person sentenced for a capital felony 23 24 under this paragraph shall also be sentenced to pay the 25 maximum fine provided under subparagraph 1. 26 (f)1. Any person who knowingly sells, purchases, 27 manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is 28 knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, 14 grams or more of amphetamine, as described in s. 893.03(2)(c)2., or 29 30 methamphetamine, as described in s. 893.03(2)(c)4., or of any 31 mixture containing amphetamine or methamphetamine, or

5:03 PM 04/27/99

Bill No. <u>CS for SB 1746</u>

Amendment No. \_\_\_\_

1 phenylacetone, phenylacetic acid, or ephedrine in conjunction 2 with other chemicals and equipment utilized in the manufacture 3 of amphetamine or methamphetamine, commits a felony of the 4 first degree, which felony shall be known as "trafficking in 5 amphetamine." If the quantity involved: 6 a. Is 14 grams or more, but less than 28 grams, such

7 person shall be sentenced pursuant to the Criminal Punishment 8 Code and <u>such sentence shall include a mandatory minimum term</u> 9 <u>of imprisonment of 3 years, and the defendant shall be ordered</u> 10 to pay a fine of \$50,000.

b. Is 28 grams or more, but less than 200 grams, such person shall be sentenced pursuant to the Criminal Punishment Code and <u>such sentence shall include a mandatory minimum term</u> <u>of imprisonment of 7 years and the defendant shall be ordered</u> to pay a fine of \$100,000.

16 c. Is 200 grams or more, but less than 400 grams, such
17 person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of
18 imprisonment of 15 calendar years and pay a fine of \$250,000.

Any person who knowingly brings into this state 400
 grams or more of amphetamine, as described in s.
 893.03(2)(c)2., or methamphetamine, as described in s.

893.03(2)(c)4., or of any mixture containing amphetamine or 22 methamphetamine, or phenylacetone, phenylacetic acid, or 23 24 ephedrine in conjunction with other chemicals and equipment utilized in the manufacture of amphetamine or methamphetamine, 25 and who knows that the probable result of such importation 26 27 would be the death of any person commits capital importation of amphetamine, a capital felony punishable as provided in ss. 28 775.082 and 921.142. Any person sentenced for a capital felony 29 30 under this paragraph shall also be sentenced to pay the 31 maximum fine provided under subparagraph 1.

5:03 PM 04/27/99

(g)1. Any person who knowingly sells, purchases, 1 2 manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is 3 knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, 4 grams or 4 more of flunitrazepam or any mixture containing flunitrazepam 5 as described in s. 893.03(1)(a) commits a felony of the first 6 degree, which felony shall be known as "trafficking in 7 flunitrazepam." If the quantity involved: Is 4 grams or more but less than 14 grams, such 8 a. 9 person shall be sentenced pursuant to the Criminal Punishment 10 Code and such sentence shall include a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 3 years and the defendant shall be ordered 11 12 to sentencing guidelines and pay a fine of \$50,000. 13 Is 14 grams or more but less than 28 grams, such b. 14 person shall be sentenced pursuant to the Criminal Punishment 15 Code and such sentence shall include a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 7 years, and the defendant shall be ordered 16 17 to sentencing guidelines and pay a fine of \$100,000. 18 Is 28 grams or more but less than 30 kilograms, c. such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of 19 20 imprisonment of 25 calendar years and pay a fine of \$500,000. 21 Any person who knowingly sells, purchases, 2. manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state or who is 22 knowingly in actual or constructive possession of 30 kilograms 23 24 or more of flunitrazepam or any mixture containing flunitrazepam as described in s. 893.03(1)(a) commits the 25 first degree felony of trafficking in flunitrazepam. A person 26 27 who has been convicted of the first degree felony of 28 trafficking in flunitrazepam under this subparagraph shall be punished by life imprisonment and is not eligible for any form 29 30 of gain time under s. 944.275 or ineligible for any form of 31 discretionary early release except pardon or executive

5:03 PM 04/27/99

Bill No. CS for SB 1746

Amendment No. \_\_\_\_

clemency or conditional medical release under s. 947.149. 1 2 However, if the court determines that, in addition to 3 committing any act specified in this paragraph: 4 The person intentionally killed an individual or a. 5 counseled, commanded, induced, procured, or caused the 6 intentional killing of an individual and such killing was the 7 result; or b. The person's conduct in committing that act led to 8 9 a natural, though not inevitable, lethal result, 10 such person commits the capital felony of trafficking in 11 12 flunitrazepam, punishable as provided in ss. 775.082 and 13 921.142. Any person sentenced for a capital felony under this 14 paragraph shall also be sentenced to pay the maximum fine 15 provided under subparagraph 1. 16 (2) A person acts knowingly under subsection (1) if 17 that person intends to sell, purchase, manufacture, deliver, or bring into this state, or to actually or constructively 18 possess, any of the controlled substances listed in subsection 19 20 (1), regardless of which controlled substance listed in subsection (1) is in fact sold, purchased, manufactured, 21 delivered, or brought into this state, or actually or 22 constructively possessed. 23 24 (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 948.01, with 25 respect to any person who is found to have violated this section, adjudication of guilt or imposition of sentence shall 26 27 not be suspended, deferred, or withheld, nor shall such person be eligible for parole prior to serving the mandatory minimum 28 term of imprisonment prescribed by this section. A person 29 30 sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment under 31 this section is not eligible for any form of gain time under 37 5:03 PM 04/27/99

s. 944.275 or any form of discretionary early release, except 1 2 pardon or executive clemency or conditional medical release 3 under s. 947.149, prior to serving the mandatory minimum term 4 of imprisonment. 5 (4) The state attorney may move the sentencing court 6 to reduce or suspend the sentence of any person who is 7 convicted of a violation of this section and who provides substantial assistance in the identification, arrest, or 8 9 conviction of any of that person's accomplices, accessories, 10 coconspirators, or principals or of any other person engaged in trafficking in controlled substances. The arresting agency 11 12 shall be given an opportunity to be heard in aggravation or 13 mitigation in reference to any such motion. Upon good cause shown, the motion may be filed and heard in camera. The judge 14 15 hearing the motion may reduce or suspend the sentence if the 16 judge finds that the defendant rendered such substantial 17 assistance. 18 (5) Any person who agrees, conspires, combines, or confederates with another person to commit any act prohibited 19 20 by subsection (1) commits a felony of the first degree and is 21 punishable as if he or she had actually committed such prohibited act. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed 22 to prohibit separate convictions and sentences for a violation 23 24 of this subsection and any violation of subsection (1). 25 Section 10. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment to section 893.135, Florida Statutes, in references 26 27 thereto, the following sections or subdivisions of Florida 28 Statutes, or Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, are reenacted 29 to read: 30 397.451 Background checks of service provider 31 personnel who have direct contact with unmarried minor clients 38 5:03 PM 04/27/99 s1746.cj23.0b

Amendment No. \_\_\_\_

or clients who are developmentally disabled .--1 2 (7) DISOUALIFICATION FROM RECEIVING STATE 3 FUNDS. -- State funds may not be disseminated to any service 4 provider owned or operated by an owner or director who has 5 been convicted of, has entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to, or has had adjudication withheld for, a 6 7 violation of s. 893.135 pertaining to trafficking in controlled substances, or a violation of the law of another 8 state, the District of Columbia, the United States or any 9 10 possession or territory thereof, or any foreign jurisdiction 11 which is substantially similar in elements and penalties to a 12 trafficking offense in this state, unless the owner's or 13 director's civil rights have been restored. 782.04 Murder.--14 15 (4) The unlawful killing of a human being, when perpetrated without any design to effect death, by a person 16 17 engaged in the perpetration of, or in the attempt to 18 perpetrate, any felony other than any: 19 (a) Trafficking offense prohibited by s. 893.135(1), 20 21 is murder in the third degree and constitutes a felony of the 22 second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 23 24 893.1351 Lease or rent for the purpose of trafficking in a controlled substance.--25 (1) A person may not lease or rent any place, 26 27 structure, or part thereof, trailer, or other conveyance, with the knowledge that such place, structure, trailer, or 28 conveyance will be used for the purpose of trafficking in a 29 30 controlled substance, as provided in s. 893.135, or the sale 31 of a controlled substance, as provided in s. 893.13.

5:03 PM 04/27/99

1 903.133 Bail on appeal; prohibited for certain felony 2 convictions.--Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 903.132, no 3 person adjudged guilty of a felony of the first degree for a 4 violation of s. 782.04(2) or (3), s. 787.01, s. 794.011(4), s. 5 806.01, s. 893.13, or s. 893.135, or adjudged guilty of a 6 violation of s. 794.011(2) or (3), shall be admitted to bail 7 pending review either by posttrial motion or appeal. 907.041 Pretrial detention and release.--8 (4) PRETRIAL DETENTION. --9 10 (b) The court may order pretrial detention if it finds a substantial probability, based on a defendant's past and 11 12 present patterns of behavior, the criteria in s. 903.046, and 13 any other relevant facts, that: The defendant has previously violated conditions of 14 1. 15 release and that no further conditions of release are 16 reasonably likely to assure the defendant's appearance at 17 subsequent proceedings; The defendant, with the intent to obstruct the 18 2. judicial process, has threatened, intimidated, or injured any 19 victim, potential witness, juror, or judicial officer, or has 20 21 attempted or conspired to do so, and that no condition of release will reasonably prevent the obstruction of the 22 23 judicial process; 24 3. The defendant is charged with trafficking in 25 controlled substances as defined by s. 893.135, that there is a substantial probability that the defendant has committed the 26 27 offense, and that no conditions of release will reasonably 28 assure the defendant's appearance at subsequent criminal 29 proceedings; or 30 4. The defendant poses the threat of harm to the 31 community. The court may so conclude if it finds that the 40

5:03 PM 04/27/99

Amendment No. \_\_\_\_

defendant is presently charged with a dangerous crime, that 1 2 there is a substantial probability that the defendant 3 committed such crime, that the factual circumstances of the 4 crime indicate a disregard for the safety of the community, and that there are no conditions of release reasonably 5 6 sufficient to protect the community from the risk of physical 7 harm to persons. In addition, the court must find that at least one of the following conditions is present: 8 9 The defendant has previously been convicted of a a. 10 crime punishable by death or life imprisonment. The defendant has been convicted of a dangerous 11 b. 12 crime within the 10 years immediately preceding the date of 13 his or her arrest for the crime presently charged. 14 The defendant is on probation, parole, or other с. 15 release pending completion of sentence or on pretrial release 16 for a dangerous crime at the time of the current arrest. 17 921.0022 Criminal Punishment Code; offense severity 18 ranking chart.--19 (3) OFFENSE SEVERITY RANKING CHART 20 21 Florida Felony 22 Statute Degree Description 23 24 (g) LEVEL 7 316.193(3)(c)2. 25 3rd DUI resulting in serious bodily 26 injury. 27 327.35(3)(c)2. Vessel BUI resulting in serious 3rd 28 bodily injury. 29 409.920(2) Medicaid provider fraud. 3rd 30 494.0018(2) 1st Conviction of any violation of ss. 494.001-494.0077 in which the 31 41 5:03 PM 04/27/99 s1746.cj23.0b

Amendment No. \_\_\_\_

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1			total money and property
2			unlawfully obtained exceeded
3			\$50,000 and there were five or
4			more victims.
5	782.051(3)	2nd	Attempted felony murder of a
6			person by a person other than the
7			perpetrator or the perpetrator of
8			an attempted felony.
9	782.07(1)	2nd	Killing of a human being by the
10			act, procurement, or culpable
11			negligence of another
12			(manslaughter).
13	782.071	3rd	Killing of human being or viable
14			fetus by the operation of a motor
15			vehicle in a reckless manner
16			(vehicular homicide).
17	782.072	3rd	Killing of a human being by the
18			operation of a vessel in a
19			reckless manner (vessel
20			homicide).
21	784.045(1)(a)1.	2nd	Aggravated battery; intentionally
22			causing great bodily harm or
23			disfigurement.
24	784.045(1)(a)2.	2nd	Aggravated battery; using deadly
25			weapon.
26	784.045(1)(b)	2nd	Aggravated battery; perpetrator
27			aware victim pregnant.
28	784.048(4)	3rd	Aggravated stalking; violation of
29			injunction or court order.
30	784.07(2)(d)	lst	Aggravated battery on law
31			enforcement officer.
	5:03 PM 04/27/99		42 s1746.cj23.0b

1	784.08(2)(a)	lst	Aggravated battery on a person 65
2			years of age or older.
3	784.081(1)	lst	Aggravated battery on specified
4			official or employee.
5	784.082(1)	lst	Aggravated battery by detained
6			person on visitor or other
7			detainee.
8	784.083(1)	lst	Aggravated battery on code
9			inspector.
10	790.07(4)	1st	Specified weapons violation
11			subsequent to previous conviction
12			of s. 790.07(1) or (2).
13	790.16(1)	lst	Discharge of a machine gun under
14			specified circumstances.
15	796.03	2nd	Procuring any person under 16
16			years for prostitution.
17	800.04	2nd	Handle, fondle, or assault child
18			under 16 years in lewd,
19			lascivious, or indecent manner.
20	806.01(2)	2nd	Maliciously damage structure by
21			fire or explosive.
22	810.02(3)(a)	2nd	Burglary of occupied dwelling;
23			unarmed; no assault or battery.
24	810.02(3)(b)	2nd	Burglary of unoccupied dwelling;
25			unarmed; no assault or battery.
26	810.02(3)(d)	2nd	Burglary of occupied conveyance;
27			unarmed; no assault or battery.
28	812.014(2)(a)	lst	Property stolen, valued at
29			\$100,000 or more; property stolen
30			while causing other property
31			damage; 1st degree grand theft.
	5:03 PM 04/27/99		43 s1746.cj23.0b

1	812.019(2)	1st	Stolen property; initiates,
2			organizes, plans, etc., the theft
3			of property and traffics in
4			stolen property.
5	812.133(2)(b)	lst	Carjacking; no firearm, deadly
6			weapon, or other weapon.
7	825.102(3)(b)	2nd	Neglecting an elderly person or
8			disabled adult causing great
9			bodily harm, disability, or
10			disfigurement.
11	825.1025(2)	2nd	Lewd or lascivious battery upon
12			an elderly person or disabled
13			adult.
14	825.103(2)(b)	2nd	Exploiting an elderly person or
15			disabled adult and property is
16			valued at \$20,000 or more, but
17			less than \$100,000.
18	827.03(3)(b)	2nd	Neglect of a child causing great
19			bodily harm, disability, or
20			disfigurement.
21	827.04(4)	3rd	Impregnation of a child under 16
22			years of age by person 21 years
23			of age or older.
24	837.05(2)	3rd	Giving false information about
25			alleged capital felony to a law
26			enforcement officer.
27	872.06	2nd	Abuse of a dead human body.
28	893.13(1)(c)1.	lst	Sell, manufacture, or deliver
29			cocaine (or other drug prohibited
30			under s. 893.03(1)(a), (1)(b),
31			(1)(d), $(2)(a)$ , or $(2)(b)$ ) within
	5:03 PM 04/27/99		44 s1746.cj23.0b

1			1,000 feet of a child	care
2			facility or school.	
3	893.13(1)(e)	1st	Sell, manufacture, or o	deliver
4			cocaine or other drug	prohibited
5			under s. 893.03(1)(a),	(1)(b),
6			(1)(d), $(2)(a)$ , or $(2)$	(b), within
7			1,000 feet of property	used for
8			religious services or a	a specified
9			business site.	
10	893.13(4)(a)	1st	Deliver to minor cocai:	ne (or
11			other s. 893.03(1)(a),	(1)(b),
12			(1)(d), $(2)(a)$ , or $(2)$	(b) drugs).
13	893.135(1)(a)1.	lst	Trafficking in cannabi	s, more
14			than 50 lbs., less that	n 2,000
15			lbs.	
16	893.135			
17	(1)(b)1.a.	lst	Trafficking in cocaine	, more than
18			28 grams, less than 20	0 grams.
19	893.135			
20	(1)(c)1.a.	1st	Trafficking in illegal	drugs,
21			more than 4 grams, les	s than 14
22			grams.	
23	893.135			
24	(1)(d)1.	1st	Trafficking in phencyc	lidine,
25			more than 28 grams, le	ss than 200
26			grams.	
27	893.135(1)(e)1.	1st	Trafficking in methaqua	alone, more
28			than 200 grams, less t	han 5
29			kilograms.	
30	893.135(1)(f)1.	1st	Trafficking in ampheta	mine, more
31			than 14 grams, less the	an 28
	5:03 PM 04/27/99		45 s	1746.cj23.0b

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1			grams.
2	893.135		
3	(1)(g)1.a.	1st	Trafficking in flunitrazepam, 4
4			grams or more, less than 14
5			grams.
6			(h) LEVEL 8
7	316.193		
8	(3)(c)3.a.	2nd	DUI manslaughter.
9	327.35(3)(c)3.	2nd	Vessel BUI manslaughter.
10	777.03(2)(a)	1st	Accessory after the fact, capital
11			felony.
12	782.04(4)	2nd	Killing of human without design
13			when engaged in act or attempt of
14			any felony other than arson,
15			sexual battery, robbery,
16			burglary, kidnapping, aircraft
17			piracy, or unlawfully discharging
18			bomb.
19	782.051(2)	1st	Attempted felony murder while
20			perpetrating or attempting to
21			perpetrate a felony not
22			enumerated in s. 782.04(3).
23	782.071(2)	2nd	Committing vehicular homicide and
24			failing to render aid or give
25			information.
26	782.072(2)	2nd	Committing vessel homicide and
27			failing to render aid or give
28			information.
29	790.161(3)	1st	Discharging a destructive device
30			which results in bodily harm or
31			property damage.
	5:03 PM 04/27/99		46 s1746.cj23.0b

1	794.011(5)	2nd	Sexual battery, victim 12 years
2			or over, offender does not use
3			physical force likely to cause
4			serious injury.
5	806.01(1)	1st	Maliciously damage dwelling or
б			structure by fire or explosive,
7			believing person in structure.
8	810.02(2)(a)	lst,PBL	Burglary with assault or battery.
9	810.02(2)(b)	lst,PBL	Burglary; armed with explosives
10			or dangerous weapon.
11	810.02(2)(c)	1st	Burglary of a dwelling or
12			structure causing structural
13			damage or \$1,000 or more property
14			damage.
15	812.13(2)(b)	1st	Robbery with a weapon.
16	812.135(2)	1st	Home-invasion robbery.
17	825.102(2)	2nd	Aggravated abuse of an elderly
18			person or disabled adult.
19	825.103(2)(a)	1st	Exploiting an elderly person or
20			disabled adult and property is
21			valued at \$100,000 or more.
22	827.03(2)	2nd	Aggravated child abuse.
23	837.02(2)	2nd	Perjury in official proceedings
24			relating to prosecution of a
25			capital felony.
26	837.021(2)	2nd	Making contradictory statements
27			in official proceedings relating
28			to prosecution of a capital
29			felony.
30	860.121(2)(c)	lst	Shooting at or throwing any
31			object in path of railroad
			47
	5:03 PM 04/27/99		s1746.cj23.0b

Bill No. CS for SB 1746

Amendment No. \_\_\_\_

1			vehicle resulting in great bodily
2			harm.
3	860.16	1st	Aircraft piracy.
4	893.13(1)(b)	1st	Sell or deliver in excess of 10
5			grams of any substance specified
6			in s. 893.03(1)(a) or (b).
7	893.13(2)(b)	1st	Purchase in excess of 10 grams of
8			any substance specified in s.
9			893.03(1)(a) or (b).
10	893.13(6)(c)	1st	Possess in excess of 10 grams of
11			any substance specified in s.
12			893.03(1)(a) or (b).
13	893.135(1)(a)2.	1st	Trafficking in cannabis, more
14			than 2,000 lbs., less than 10,000
15			lbs.
16	893.135		
17	(1)(b)1.b.	1st	Trafficking in cocaine, more than
18			200 grams, less than 400 grams.
19	893.135		
20	(1)(c)1.b.	1st	Trafficking in illegal drugs,
21			more than 14 grams, less than 28
22			grams.
23	893.135		
24	(1)(d)1.b.	1st	Trafficking in phencyclidine,
25			more than 200 grams, less than
26			400 grams.
27	893.135		
28	(1)(e)1.b.	1st	Trafficking in methaqualone, more
29			than 5 kilograms, less than 25
30			kilograms.
31			
			48

5:03 PM 04/27/99

1	893.135			
2	(1)(f)1.b.	lst	Trafficking in amphe	tamine, more
3			than 28 grams, less t	than 200
4			grams.	
5	893.135			
6	(1)(g)1.b.	1st	Trafficking in flunit	trazepam, 14
7			grams or more, less	than 28
8			grams.	
9	895.03(1)	1st	Use or invest proceed	ds derived
10			from pattern of racke	eteering
11			activity.	
12	895.03(2)	lst	Acquire or maintain t	through
13			racketeering activity	y any
14			interest in or contro	ol of any
15			enterprise or real p	roperty.
16	895.03(3)	lst	Conduct or participat	te in any
17			enterprise through pa	attern of
18			racketeering activity	Y.
19			(i) LEVEL 9	
20	316.193			
21	(3)(c)3.b.	lst	DUI manslaughter; fa:	iling to
22			render aid or give in	nformation.
23	782.04(1)	lst	Attempt, conspire, or	r solicit to
24			commit premeditated r	murder.
25	782.04(3)	lst,PBL	Accomplice to murder	r in
26			connection with arson	n, sexual
27			battery, robbery, but	rglary, and
28			other specified felor	nies.
29	782.051(1)	lst	Attempted felony muro	der while
30			perpetrating or atter	mpting to
31			perpetrate a felony e	enumerated in
	5:03 PM 04/27/99		49	s1746.cj23.0b

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1			s. 782.04(3).
2	782.07(2)	lst	Aggravated manslaughter of an
3			elderly person or disabled adult.
4	782.07(3)	1st	Aggravated manslaughter of a
5			child.
6	787.01(1)(a)1.	lst,PBL	Kidnapping; hold for ransom or
7			reward or as a shield or hostage.
8	787.01(1)(a)2.	lst,PBL	Kidnapping with intent to commit
9			or facilitate commission of any
10			felony.
11	787.01(1)(a)4.	lst,PBL	Kidnapping with intent to
12			interfere with performance of any
13			governmental or political
14			function.
15	787.02(3)(a)	1st	False imprisonment; child under
16			age 13; perpetrator also commits
17			child abuse, sexual battery,
18			lewd, or lascivious act, etc.
19	790.161	1st	Attempted capital destructive
20			device offense.
21	794.011(2)	1st	Attempted sexual battery; victim
22			less than 12 years of age.
23	794.011(2)	Life	Sexual battery; offender younger
24			than 18 years and commits sexual
25			battery on a person less than 12
26			years.
27	794.011(4)	lst	Sexual battery; victim 12 years
28			or older, certain circumstances.
29	794.011(8)(b)	1st	Sexual battery; engage in sexual
30			conduct with minor 12 to 18 years
31			by person in familial or
	5:03 PM 04/27/99		50 s1746.cj23.0b

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1			custodial authority.
2	812.13(2)(a)	lst,PBL	Robbery with firearm or other
3			deadly weapon.
4	812.133(2)(a)	lst,PBL	Carjacking; firearm or other
5			deadly weapon.
6	847.0145(1)	1st	Selling, or otherwise
7			transferring custody or control,
8			of a minor.
9	847.0145(2)	lst	Purchasing, or otherwise
10			obtaining custody or control, of
11			a minor.
12	859.01	1st	Poisoning food, drink, medicine,
13			or water with intent to kill or
14			injure another person.
15	893.135	1st	Attempted capital trafficking
16			offense.
17	893.135(1)(a)3.	1st	Trafficking in cannabis, more
18			than 10,000 lbs.
19	893.135		
20	(1)(b)1.c.	1st	Trafficking in cocaine, more than
21			400 grams, less than 150
22			kilograms.
23	893.135		
24	(1)(c)1.c.	1st	Trafficking in illegal drugs,
25			more than 28 grams, less than 30
26			kilograms.
27	893.135		
28	(1)(d)1.c.	lst	Trafficking in phencyclidine,
29			more than 400 grams.
30	893.135		
31	(1)(e)1.c.	1st	Trafficking in methaqualone, more
	5:03 PM 04/27/99		51 s1746.cj23.0b

1			than 25 kilograms.	
2	893.135			
3	(1)(f)1.c.	1st	Trafficking in amphe	tamine, more
4			than 200 grams.	
5			(j) LEVEL 10	
6	782.04(2)	lst,PBL	Unlawful killing of 3	human; act is
7			homicide, unpremedit	ated.
8	787.01(1)(a)3.	lst,PBL	Kidnapping; inflict	bodily harm
9			upon or terrorize vi	ctim.
10	787.01(3)(a)	Life	Kidnapping; child un	der age 13,
11			perpetrator also com	mits child
12			abuse, sexual batter	y, lewd, or
13			lascivious act, etc.	
14	794.011(3)	Life	Sexual battery; vict	im 12 years
15			or older, offender u	ses or
16			threatens to use dea	dly weapon or
17			physical force to car	use serious
18			injury.	
19	876.32	lst	Treason against the	state.
20	921.0024 C	riminal P	unishment Code; works	heet
21	computations; scoresheets			
22	(1)			
23		(b) W	ORKSHEET KEY:	
24				
25	Legal status point	s are ass	essed when any form o	f legal status
26	existed at the tim	e the off	ender committed an of	fense before
27	the court for sent	encing. F	our (4) sentence poin	ts are
28	assessed for an of	fender's	legal status.	
29				
30	Community sanction	violatio	n points are assessed	when a
31	community sanction	violatio	n is before the court	for
	5:03 PM 04/27/99		52	s1746.cj23.0b

sentencing. Six (6) sentence points are assessed for each 1 2 community sanction violation, and each successive community 3 sanction violation; however, if the community sanction 4 violation includes a new felony conviction before the 5 sentencing court, twelve (12) community sanction violation points are assessed for such violation, and for each 6 7 successive community sanction violation involving a new felony 8 conviction. Multiple counts of community sanction violations before the sentencing court shall not be a basis for 9 10 multiplying the assessment of community sanction violation 11 points.

12

Prior serious felony points: If the offender has a primary 13 14 offense or any additional offense ranked in level 8, level 9, 15 or level 10, and one or more prior serious felonies, a single 16 assessment of 30 points shall be added. For purposes of this 17 section, a prior serious felony is an offense in the offender's prior record that is ranked in level 8, level 9, or 18 level 10 under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 and for which the 19 offender is serving a sentence of confinement, supervision, or 20 other sanction or for which the offender's date of release 21 from confinement, supervision, or other sanction, whichever is 22 later, is within 3 years before the date the primary offense 23 24 or any additional offense was committed. 25

26 Prior capital felony points: If the offender has one or more 27 prior capital felonies in the offender's criminal record, 28 points shall be added to the subtotal sentence points of the 29 offender equal to twice the number of points the offender 30 receives for the primary offense and any additional offense. 31 A prior capital felony in the offender's criminal record is a

5:03 PM 04/27/99

previous capital felony offense for which the offender has 1 2 entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty or has been found 3 guilty; or a felony in another jurisdiction which is a capital 4 felony in that jurisdiction, or would be a capital felony if 5 the offense were committed in this state. б 7 Possession of a firearm, semiautomatic firearm, or machine gun: If the offender is convicted of committing or attempting 8 to commit any felony other than those enumerated in s. 9 10 775.087(2) while having in his possession: a firearm as defined in s. 790.001(6), an additional 18 sentence points are 11 12 assessed; or if the offender is convicted of committing or 13 attempting to commit any felony other than those enumerated in s. 775.087(3) while having in his possession a semiautomatic 14 15 firearm as defined in s. 775.087(3) or a machine gun as defined in s. 790.001(9), an additional 25 sentence points are 16 17 assessed. 18 19 Sentencing multipliers: 20 Drug trafficking: If the primary offense is drug trafficking 21 under s. 893.135, the subtotal sentence points are multiplied, 22 at the discretion of the court, for a level 7 or level 8 23 24 offense, by 1.5. The state attorney may move the sentencing 25 court to reduce or suspend the sentence of a person convicted of a level 7 or level 8 offense, if the offender provides 26 27 substantial assistance as described in s. 893.135(4). 28 Law enforcement protection: If the primary offense is a 29 30 violation of the Law Enforcement Protection Act under s. 31 775.0823(2), the subtotal sentence points are multiplied by 54

5:03 PM 04/27/99

2.5. If the primary offense is a violation of s. 775.0823(3), 1 2 (4), (5), (6), (7), or (8), the subtotal sentence points are 3 multiplied by 2.0. If the primary offense is a violation of s. 4 784.07(3) or s. 775.0875(1), or of the Law Enforcement 5 Protection Act under s. 775.0823(9) or (10), the subtotal 6 sentence points are multiplied by 1.5. 7 8 Grand theft of a motor vehicle: If the primary offense is 9 grand theft of the third degree involving a motor vehicle and 10 in the offender's prior record, there are three or more grand 11 thefts of the third degree involving a motor vehicle, the 12 subtotal sentence points are multiplied by 1.5. 13 Criminal street gang member: If the offender is convicted of 14 15 the primary offense and is found to have been a member of a 16 criminal street gang at the time of the commission of the 17 primary offense pursuant to s. 874.04, the subtotal sentence 18 points are multiplied by 1.5. 19 20 Domestic violence in the presence of a child: If the offender 21 is convicted of the primary offense and the primary offense is a crime of domestic violence, as defined in s. 741.28, which 22 was committed in the presence of a child under 16 years of age 23 24 who is a family household member as defined in s. 741.28(2)25 with the victim or perpetrator, the subtotal sentence points are multiplied, at the discretion of the court, by 1.5. 26 27 921.142 Sentence of death or life imprisonment for 28 capital drug trafficking felonies; further proceedings to 29 determine sentence. --30 (2) SEPARATE PROCEEDINGS ON ISSUE OF PENALTY.--Upon 31 conviction or adjudication of guilt of a defendant of a

5:03 PM 04/27/99

55

capital felony under s. 893.135, the court shall conduct a 1 2 separate sentencing proceeding to determine whether the 3 defendant should be sentenced to death or life imprisonment as 4 authorized by s. 775.082. The proceeding shall be conducted 5 by the trial judge before the trial jury as soon as 6 practicable. If, through impossibility or inability, the 7 trial jury is unable to reconvene for a hearing on the issue of penalty, having determined the guilt of the accused, the 8 trial judge may summon a special juror or jurors as provided 9 10 in chapter 913 to determine the issue of the imposition of the penalty. If the trial jury has been waived, or if the 11 12 defendant pleaded guilty, the sentencing proceeding shall be 13 conducted before a jury impaneled for that purpose, unless 14 waived by the defendant. In the proceeding, evidence may be 15 presented as to any matter that the court deems relevant to 16 the nature of the crime and the character of the defendant and 17 shall include matters relating to any of the aggravating or mitigating circumstances enumerated in subsections (6) and 18 (7). Any such evidence which the court deems to have 19 probative value may be received, regardless of its 20 21 admissibility under the exclusionary rules of evidence, provided the defendant is accorded a fair opportunity to rebut 22 any hearsay statements. However, this subsection shall not be 23 24 construed to authorize the introduction of any evidence secured in violation of the Constitution of the United States 25 or the Constitution of the State of Florida. The state and the 26 27 defendant or the defendant's counsel shall be permitted to present argument for or against sentence of death. 28 943.0585 Court-ordered expunction of criminal history 29 30 records .-- The courts of this state have jurisdiction over 31 their own procedures, including the maintenance, expunction,

5:03 PM 04/27/99

and correction of judicial records containing criminal history 1 2 information to the extent such procedures are not inconsistent 3 with the conditions, responsibilities, and duties established 4 by this section. Any court of competent jurisdiction may 5 order a criminal justice agency to expunge the criminal history record of a minor or an adult who complies with the 6 7 requirements of this section. The court shall not order a criminal justice agency to expunge a criminal history record 8 until the person seeking to expunge a criminal history record 9 10 has applied for and received a certificate of eligibility for 11 expunction pursuant to subsection (2). A criminal history 12 record that relates to a violation of chapter 794, s. 800.04, s. 817.034, s. 827.071, chapter 839, s. 893.135, or a 13 violation enumerated in s. 907.041 may not be expunded, 14 15 without regard to whether adjudication was withheld, if the 16 defendant was found guilty of or pled guilty or nolo 17 contendere to the offense, or if the defendant, as a minor, was found to have committed, or pled guilty or nolo contendere 18 to committing, the offense as a delinquent act. The court may 19 20 only order expunction of a criminal history record pertaining 21 to one arrest or one incident of alleged criminal activity, except as provided in this section. The court may, at its sole 22 discretion, order the expunction of a criminal history record 23 24 pertaining to more than one arrest if the additional arrests 25 directly relate to the original arrest. If the court intends to order the expunction of records pertaining to such 26 27 additional arrests, such intent must be specified in the order. A criminal justice agency may not expunge any record 28 pertaining to such additional arrests if the order to expunge 29 30 does not articulate the intention of the court to expunge a 31 record pertaining to more than one arrest. This section does

5:03 PM 04/27/99

Amendment No. \_\_\_\_

not prevent the court from ordering the expunction of only a 1 2 portion of a criminal history record pertaining to one arrest 3 or one incident of alleged criminal activity. Notwithstanding 4 any law to the contrary, a criminal justice agency may comply with laws, court orders, and official requests of other 5 6 jurisdictions relating to expunction, correction, or 7 confidential handling of criminal history records or information derived therefrom. This section does not confer 8 9 any right to the expunction of any criminal history record, 10 and any request for expunction of a criminal history record may be denied at the sole discretion of the court. 11 12 (1) PETITION TO EXPUNGE A CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD. -- Each petition to a court to expunge a criminal 13 history record is complete only when accompanied by: 14 15 (a) A certificate of eligibility for expunction issued 16 by the department pursuant to subsection (2). 17 (b) The petitioner's sworn statement attesting that 18 the petitioner: 19 1. Has never previously been adjudicated guilty of a 20 criminal offense or comparable ordinance violation or 21 adjudicated delinquent for committing a felony or a misdemeanor specified in s. 943.051(3)(b). 22 2. Has not been adjudicated guilty of, or adjudicated 23 24 delinquent for committing, any of the acts stemming from the 25 arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition pertains. 26 27 Has never secured a prior sealing or expunction of 3. 28 a criminal history record under this section, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058, or from any 29 jurisdiction outside the state. 30 31 4. Is eligible for such an expunction to the best of 58 5:03 PM 04/27/99 s1746.cj23.0b

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his or her knowledge or belief and does not have any other
 petition to expunge or any petition to seal pending before any
 court.

5 Any person who knowingly provides false information on such 6 sworn statement to the court commits a felony of the third 7 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or 8 s. 775.084.

(2) CERTIFICATE OF ELIGIBILITY FOR EXPUNCTION. -- Prior 9 10 to petitioning the court to expunge a criminal history record, a person seeking to expunge a criminal history record shall 11 12 apply to the department for a certificate of eligibility for 13 expunction. The department shall, by rule adopted pursuant to 14 chapter 120, establish procedures pertaining to the 15 application for and issuance of certificates of eligibility 16 for expunction. The department shall issue a certificate of 17 eligibility for expunction to a person who is the subject of a criminal history record if that person: 18

(a) Has obtained, and submitted to the department, a
written, certified statement from the appropriate state
attorney or statewide prosecutor which indicates:

That an indictment, information, or other charging
 document was not filed or issued in the case.

24 2. That an indictment, information, or other charging
25 document, if filed or issued in the case, was dismissed or
26 nolle prosequi by the state attorney or statewide prosecutor,
27 or was dismissed by a court of competent jurisdiction.

3. That the criminal history record does not relate to
a violation of chapter 794, s. 800.04, s. 817.034, s. 827.071,
chapter 839, s. 893.135, or a violation enumerated in s.
907.041, where the defendant was found guilty of, or pled

5:03 PM 04/27/99

guilty or nolo contendere to any such offense, or that the defendant, as a minor, was found to have committed, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to committing, such an offense as a delinquent act, without regard to whether adjudication was withheld.

6 (b) Remits a \$75 processing fee to the department for 7 placement in the Department of Law Enforcement Operating Trust 8 Fund, unless such fee is waived by the executive director.

9 (c) Has submitted to the department a certified copy 10 of the disposition of the charge to which the petition to 11 expunge pertains.

12 (d) Has never previously been adjudicated guilty of a 13 criminal offense or comparable ordinance violation or 14 adjudicated delinquent for committing a felony or a 15 misdemeanor specified in s. 943.051(3)(b).

16 (e) Has not been adjudicated guilty of, or adjudicated 17 delinquent for committing, any of the acts stemming from the 18 arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition to 19 expunge pertains.

20 (f) Has never secured a prior sealing or expunction of 21 a criminal history record under this section, former s. 22 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058.

(g) Is no longer under court supervision applicable to
the disposition of the arrest or alleged criminal activity to
which the petition to expunge pertains.

(h) Is not required to wait a minimum of 10 years prior to being eligible for an expunction of such records because all charges related to the arrest or criminal activity to which the petition to expunge pertains were dismissed prior to trial, adjudication, or the withholding of adjudication.
Otherwise, such criminal history record must be sealed under

5:03 PM 04/27/99

1 this section, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 2 943.058 for at least 10 years before such record is eligible 3 for expunction.

4 (3) PROCESSING OF A PETITION OR ORDER TO EXPUNGE .--5 In judicial proceedings under this section, a copy (a) 6 of the completed petition to expunge shall be served upon the 7 appropriate state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and 8 upon the arresting agency; however, it is not necessary to make any agency other than the state a party. The appropriate 9 10 state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and the arresting 11 agency may respond to the court regarding the completed 12 petition to expunge.

13 If relief is granted by the court, the clerk of (b) 14 the court shall certify copies of the order to the appropriate 15 state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and the arresting 16 agency. The arresting agency is responsible for forwarding the 17 order to any other agency to which the arresting agency disseminated the criminal history record information to which 18 the order pertains. The department shall forward the order to 19 expunge to the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The clerk of 20 21 the court shall certify a copy of the order to any other agency which the records of the court reflect has received the 22 criminal history record from the court. 23

(c) For an order to expunge entered by a court prior
to July 1, 1992, the department shall notify the appropriate
state attorney or statewide prosecutor of an order to expunge
which is contrary to law because the person who is the subject
of the record has previously been convicted of a crime or
comparable ordinance violation or has had a prior criminal
history record sealed or expunged. Upon receipt of such
notice, the appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor

5:03 PM 04/27/99

shall take action, within 60 days, to correct the record and
 petition the court to void the order to expunge. The
 department shall seal the record until such time as the order
 is voided by the court.

5 (d) On or after July 1, 1992, the department or any 6 other criminal justice agency is not required to act on an 7 order to expunge entered by a court when such order does not comply with the requirements of this section. Upon receipt of 8 9 such an order, the department must notify the issuing court, 10 the appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor, the petitioner or the petitioner's attorney, and the arresting 11 12 agency of the reason for noncompliance. The appropriate state 13 attorney or statewide prosecutor shall take action within 60 days to correct the record and petition the court to void the 14 15 order. No cause of action, including contempt of court, shall 16 arise against any criminal justice agency for failure to 17 comply with an order to expunge when the petitioner for such order failed to obtain the certificate of eligibility as 18 required by this section or such order does not otherwise 19 20 comply with the requirements of this section.

(4) EFFECT OF CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD EXPUNCTION. -- Any 21 criminal history record of a minor or an adult which is 22 ordered expunged by a court of competent jurisdiction pursuant 23 24 to this section must be physically destroyed or obliterated by 25 any criminal justice agency having custody of such record; except that any criminal history record in the custody of the 26 27 department must be retained in all cases. A criminal history 28 record ordered expunged that is retained by the department is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) 29 30 and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution and not 31 available to any person or entity except upon order of a court

5:03 PM 04/27/99

Bill No. CS for SB 1746

Amendment No. \_\_\_\_

of competent jurisdiction. A criminal justice agency may 1 2 retain a notation indicating compliance with an order to 3 expunge. 4 (a) The person who is the subject of a criminal 5 history record that is expunged under this section or under 6 other provisions of law, including former s. 893.14, former s. 7 901.33, and former s. 943.058, may lawfully deny or fail to 8 acknowledge the arrests covered by the expunged record, except 9 when the subject of the record: 10 1. Is a candidate for employment with a criminal 11 justice agency; 12 2. Is a defendant in a criminal prosecution; 13 3. Concurrently or subsequently petitions for relief 14 under this section or s. 943.059; 15 4. Is a candidate for admission to The Florida Bar; 16 Is seeking to be employed or licensed by or to 5. 17 contract with the Department of Children and Family Services or the Department of Juvenile Justice or to be employed or 18 used by such contractor or licensee in a sensitive position 19 20 having direct contact with children, the developmentally 21 disabled, the aged, or the elderly as provided in s. 22 110.1127(3), s. 393.063(14), s. 394.4572(1), s. 397.451, s. 402.302(8), s. 402.313(3), s. 409.175(2)(i), s. 415.102(4), s. 23 24 415.1075(4), s. 985.407, or chapter 400; or 6. Is seeking to be employed or licensed by the Office 25 of Teacher Education, Certification, Staff Development, and 26 27 Professional Practices of the Department of Education, any 28 district school board, or any local governmental entity that licenses child care facilities. 29 30 (b) Subject to the exceptions in paragraph (a), a 31 person who has been granted an expunction under this section, 63

5:03 PM 04/27/99

1 former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058 may 2 not be held under any provision of law of this state to commit 3 perjury or to be otherwise liable for giving a false statement 4 by reason of such person's failure to recite or acknowledge an 5 expunged criminal history record.

6 (c) Information relating to the existence of an 7 expunged criminal history record which is provided in 8 accordance with paragraph (a) is confidential and exempt from 9 the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the 10 State Constitution, except that the department shall disclose the existence of a criminal history record ordered expunged to 11 12 the entities set forth in subparagraphs (a)1., 4., 5., and 6. 13 for their respective licensing and employment purposes, and to criminal justice agencies for their respective criminal 14 15 justice purposes. It is unlawful for any employee of an 16 entity set forth in subparagraph (a)1., subparagraph (a)4., 17 subparagraph (a)5., or subparagraph (a)6. to disclose information relating to the existence of an expunged criminal 18 history record of a person seeking employment or licensure 19 with such entity or contractor, except to the person to whom 20 21 the criminal history record relates or to persons having direct responsibility for employment or licensure decisions. 22 Any person who violates this paragraph commits a misdemeanor 23 24 of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 25

943.059 Court-ordered sealing of criminal history records.--The courts of this state shall continue to have jurisdiction over their own procedures, including the maintenance, sealing, and correction of judicial records containing criminal history information to the extent such procedures are not inconsistent with the conditions,

5:03 PM 04/27/99

responsibilities, and duties established by this section. Any 1 2 court of competent jurisdiction may order a criminal justice agency to seal the criminal history record of a minor or an 3 4 adult who complies with the requirements of this section. The court shall not order a criminal justice agency to seal a 5 criminal history record until the person seeking to seal a б 7 criminal history record has applied for and received a certificate of eligibility for sealing pursuant to subsection 8 (2). A criminal history record that relates to a violation of 9 10 chapter 794, s. 800.04, s. 817.034, s. 827.071, chapter 839, s. 893.135, or a violation enumerated in s. 907.041 may not be 11 12 sealed, without regard to whether adjudication was withheld, 13 if the defendant was found guilty of or pled guilty or nolo contendere to the offense, or if the defendant, as a minor, 14 15 was found to have committed or pled guilty or nolo contendere 16 to committing the offense as a delinquent act. The court may 17 only order sealing of a criminal history record pertaining to one arrest or one incident of alleged criminal activity, 18 except as provided in this section. The court may, at its sole 19 20 discretion, order the sealing of a criminal history record pertaining to more than one arrest if the additional arrests 21 directly relate to the original arrest. If the court intends 22 to order the sealing of records pertaining to such additional 23 24 arrests, such intent must be specified in the order. Α 25 criminal justice agency may not seal any record pertaining to such additional arrests if the order to seal does not 26 27 articulate the intention of the court to seal records pertaining to more than one arrest. This section does not 28 prevent the court from ordering the sealing of only a portion 29 30 of a criminal history record pertaining to one arrest or one 31 incident of alleged criminal activity. Notwithstanding any law

5:03 PM 04/27/99

65

Amendment No. \_\_\_\_

to the contrary, a criminal justice agency may comply with 1 2 laws, court orders, and official requests of other 3 jurisdictions relating to sealing, correction, or confidential 4 handling of criminal history records or information derived 5 therefrom. This section does not confer any right to the 6 sealing of any criminal history record, and any request for 7 sealing a criminal history record may be denied at the sole discretion of the court. 8

9 (1) PETITION TO SEAL A CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD.--Each 10 petition to a court to seal a criminal history record is 11 complete only when accompanied by:

12 (a) A certificate of eligibility for sealing issued by13 the department pursuant to subsection (2).

14 (b) The petitioner's sworn statement attesting that 15 the petitioner:

Has never previously been adjudicated guilty of a
 criminal offense or comparable ordinance violation or
 adjudicated delinquent for committing a felony or a
 misdemeanor specified in s. 943.051(3)(b).

20 2. Has not been adjudicated guilty of or adjudicated 21 delinquent for committing any of the acts stemming from the 22 arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition to 23 seal pertains.

Has never secured a prior sealing or expunction of
 a criminal history record under this section, former s.
 893.14, former s. 901.33, former s. 943.058, or from any
 jurisdiction outside the state.

4. Is eligible for such a sealing to the best of his
or her knowledge or belief and does not have any other
petition to seal or any petition to expunge pending before any
court.

5:03 PM 04/27/99

66

Bill No. CS for SB 1746

Amendment No. \_\_\_\_

1 2 Any person who knowingly provides false information on such 3 sworn statement to the court commits a felony of the third 4 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or 5 s. 775.084. 6 (2) CERTIFICATE OF ELIGIBILITY FOR SEALING. -- Prior to 7 petitioning the court to seal a criminal history record, a person seeking to seal a criminal history record shall apply 8 9 to the department for a certificate of eligibility for 10 sealing. The department shall, by rule adopted pursuant to chapter 120, establish procedures pertaining to the 11 12 application for and issuance of certificates of eligibility 13 for sealing. The department shall issue a certificate of eligibility for sealing to a person who is the subject of a 14 15 criminal history record provided that such person: 16 (a) Has submitted to the department a certified copy 17 of the disposition of the charge to which the petition to seal 18 pertains. 19 (b) Remits a \$75 processing fee to the department for 20 placement in the Department of Law Enforcement Operating Trust 21 Fund, unless such fee is waived by the executive director. (c) Has never previously been adjudicated guilty of a 22 criminal offense or comparable ordinance violation or 23 24 adjudicated delinquent for committing a felony or a 25 misdemeanor specified in s. 943.051(3)(b). 26 (d) Has not been adjudicated guilty of or adjudicated 27 delinquent for committing any of the acts stemming from the 28 arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition to 29 seal pertains. 30 (e) Has never secured a prior sealing or expunction of 31 a criminal history record under this section, former s. 67 5:03 PM 04/27/99

1 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058.

2 (f) Is no longer under court supervision applicable to
3 the disposition of the arrest or alleged criminal activity to
4 which the petition to seal pertains.

5

(3) PROCESSING OF A PETITION OR ORDER TO SEAL.--

6 In judicial proceedings under this section, a copy (a) 7 of the completed petition to seal shall be served upon the 8 appropriate state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and 9 upon the arresting agency; however, it is not necessary to 10 make any agency other than the state a party. The appropriate 11 state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and the arresting 12 agency may respond to the court regarding the completed petition to seal. 13

(b) If relief is granted by the court, the clerk of 14 15 the court shall certify copies of the order to the appropriate 16 state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and to the 17 arresting agency. The arresting agency is responsible for forwarding the order to any other agency to which the 18 arresting agency disseminated the criminal history record 19 information to which the order pertains. The department shall 20 forward the order to seal to the Federal Bureau of 21 Investigation. The clerk of the court shall certify a copy of 22 the order to any other agency which the records of the court 23 24 reflect has received the criminal history record from the 25 court.

(c) For an order to seal entered by a court prior to July 1, 1992, the department shall notify the appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor of any order to seal which is contrary to law because the person who is the subject of the record has previously been convicted of a crime or comparable ordinance violation or has had a prior criminal

5:03 PM 04/27/99

1 history record sealed or expunged. Upon receipt of such 2 notice, the appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor 3 shall take action, within 60 days, to correct the record and 4 petition the court to void the order to seal. The department 5 shall seal the record until such time as the order is voided 6 by the court.

7 (d) On or after July 1, 1992, the department or any 8 other criminal justice agency is not required to act on an 9 order to seal entered by a court when such order does not 10 comply with the requirements of this section. Upon receipt of 11 such an order, the department must notify the issuing court, 12 the appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor, the petitioner or the petitioner's attorney, and the arresting 13 agency of the reason for noncompliance. The appropriate state 14 15 attorney or statewide prosecutor shall take action within 60 16 days to correct the record and petition the court to void the 17 order. No cause of action, including contempt of court, shall arise against any criminal justice agency for failure to 18 comply with an order to seal when the petitioner for such 19 order failed to obtain the certificate of eligibility as 20 21 required by this section or when such order does not comply with the requirements of this section. 22

(e) An order sealing a criminal history record pursuant to this section does not require that such record be surrendered to the court, and such record shall continue to be maintained by the department and other criminal justice agencies.

(4) EFFECT OF CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD SEALING.--A
criminal history record of a minor or an adult which is
ordered sealed by a court of competent jurisdiction pursuant
to this section is confidential and exempt from the provisions

5:03 PM 04/27/99

of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution 1 2 and is available only to the person who is the subject of the 3 record, to the subject's attorney, to criminal justice 4 agencies for their respective criminal justice purposes, or to 5 those entities set forth in subparagraphs (a)1., 4., 5., and 6 6. for their respective licensing and employment purposes. 7 (a) The subject of a criminal history record sealed under this section or under other provisions of law, including 8 former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, and former s. 943.058, may 9 10 lawfully deny or fail to acknowledge the arrests covered by 11 the sealed record, except when the subject of the record: 12 1. Is a candidate for employment with a criminal 13 justice agency; Is a defendant in a criminal prosecution; 14 2. 15 3. Concurrently or subsequently petitions for relief under this section or s. 943.0585; 16 17 4. Is a candidate for admission to The Florida Bar; Is seeking to be employed or licensed by or to 18 5. contract with the Department of Children and Family Services 19 20 or the Department of Juvenile Justice or to be employed or 21 used by such contractor or licensee in a sensitive position having direct contact with children, the developmentally 22 disabled, the aged, or the elderly as provided in s. 23 24 110.1127(3), s. 393.063(14), s. 394.4572(1), s. 397.451, s. 402.302(8), s. 402.313(3), s. 409.175(2)(i), s. 415.102(4), s. 25 415.103, s. 985.407, or chapter 400; or 26 27 Is seeking to be employed or licensed by the Office 6. of Teacher Education, Certification, Staff Development, and 28 Professional Practices of the Department of Education, any 29 30 district school board, or any local governmental entity which 31 licenses child care facilities.

5:03 PM 04/27/99

(b) Subject to the exceptions in paragraph (a), a person who has been granted a sealing under this section, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058 may not be held under any provision of law of this state to commit perjury or to be otherwise liable for giving a false statement by reason of such person's failure to recite or acknowledge a sealed criminal history record.

(c) Information relating to the existence of a sealed 8 9 criminal record provided in accordance with the provisions of 10 paragraph (a) is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State 11 12 Constitution, except that the department shall disclose the 13 sealed criminal history record to the entities set forth in 14 subparagraphs (a)1., 4., 5., and 6. for their respective 15 licensing and employment purposes. It is unlawful for any 16 employee of an entity set forth in subparagraph (a)1., 17 subparagraph (a)4., subparagraph (a)5., or subparagraph (a)6. to disclose information relating to the existence of a sealed 18 criminal history record of a person seeking employment or 19 20 licensure with such entity or contractor, except to the person 21 to whom the criminal history record relates or to persons having direct responsibility for employment or licensure 22 decisions. Any person who violates the provisions of this 23 24 paragraph commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, 25 punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 26 Section 11. Section 943.0535, Florida Statutes, is 27 amended to read: 28 943.0535 Aliens, criminal records.--Upon the official 29 request of the United States immigration officer in charge of 30 the territory or district in which is located any court 31 committing an alien, for the conviction of a felony or a 71 5:03 PM 04/27/99 s1746.cj23.0b

1	misdemeanor, to any state or county institution which is
2	supported, wholly or in part, by public funds, It shall be the
3	duty of the clerk of <del>such</del> court to furnish without charge a
4	certified copy of the complaint, information, or indictment
5	and the judgment and sentence and any other record pertaining
6	to the case of <u>any</u> <del>the convicted</del> alien <u>to the United States</u>
7	immigration officer in charge of the territory or district in
8	which the court is located in every case in which an alien is
9	convicted of a felony or misdemeanor or enters a plea of
10	guilty or nolo contendere to any felony or misdemeanor charge.
11	The state attorney shall assist the clerk of the court in
12	determining if a defendant entering a plea or is convicted is
13	<u>an alien</u> .
14	Section 12. In order to inform the public and to deter
15	and prevent crime in the state, the Executive Office of the
16	Governor shall place public service announcements in visible
17	local media throughout the state explaining the penalties
18	provided in this act.
19	Section 13. Subsection (3) of section 810.011, Florida
20	Statutes, is amended to read:
21	810.011 DefinitionsAs used in this chapter:
22	(3) "Conveyance" means any motor vehicle, ship,
23	vessel, railroad <u>vehicle or</u> car, trailer, aircraft, or
24	sleeping car; and "to enter a conveyance" includes taking
25	apart any portion of the conveyance. However, during the time
26	of a state of emergency declared by executive order or
27	proclamation of the Governor under chapter 252 and within the
28	area covered by such executive order or proclamation and for
29	purposes of ss. 810.02 and 810.08 only, the term "conveyance"
30	means a motor vehicle, ship, vessel, railroad <u>vehicle or</u> car,
31	trailer, aircraft, or sleeping car or such portions thereof as
	72

5:03 PM 04/27/99

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exist.
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2
          Section 14. This act shall take effect July 1, 1999.
3
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5
   And the title is amended as follows:
6
7
          Delete everything before the enacting clause
8
9
   and insert:
                   A bill to be entitled
10
          An act relating to sentencing; creating the
11
12
          "Three-Strike Violent Felony Offender Act";
          amending s. 775.082, F.S.; redefining the term
13
14
          "prison releasee reoffender"; revising
          legislative intent; amending s. 775.084, F.S.,
15
16
          relating to sentencing of habitual felony
17
          offenders, habitual violent felony offenders,
          and violent career criminals; redefining the
18
          terms "habitual felony offender," "habitual
19
20
          violent felony offender" and "violent career
          criminal"; revising the alternative time
21
          periods within which the habitual felony
22
          offender, habitual violent felony offender, or
23
24
          violent career criminal could have committed
          the felony to be sentenced; providing that the
25
26
          felony to be sentenced could have been
27
          committed either while the defendant was
28
          serving a prison sentence or other sentence or
29
          supervision, or within 5 years of the
30
          defendant's release from a prison sentence,
31
          probation, community control, or supervision or
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5:03 PM 04/27/99

73

Amendment No. \_\_\_\_

1	other sentence, under specified circumstances
2	when the sentence was imposed as a result of a
3	prior conviction for a felony, enumerated
4	felony, or other qualified offense; removing
5	certain references to "commitment" and
6	otherwise conforming terminology; providing
7	that the placing of a person on probation
8	without an adjudication of guilt shall be
9	treated as a prior conviction regardless of
10	when the subsequent offense was committed;
11	defining "three-time violent felony offender";
12	providing a category of enumerated felony
13	offenses within the definition; requiring the
14	court to sentence a defendant as a three-time
15	violent felony offender and impose certain
16	mandatory minimum terms of imprisonment under
17	specified circumstances when the defendant is
18	to be sentenced for committing or attempting to
19	commit, any of the enumerated felony offenses
20	and the defendant has previously been convicted
21	of committing or attempting to commit, any two
22	of the enumerated felony offenses; providing
23	penalties; providing procedures and criteria
24	for court determination if the defendant is a
25	three-time violent felony offender; providing
26	for sentencing as a three-time violent felony
27	offender; providing mandatory term of
28	imprisonment for life when the three-time
29	violent felony offense for which the defendant
30	is to be sentenced is a felony punishable by
31	life; providing mandatory prison term of 30

5:03 PM 04/27/99

74

Amendment No. \_\_\_\_

1	years when the three-time violent felony
2	offense is a first degree felony; providing
3	mandatory prison term of 15 years when the
4	three-time violent felony offense is a second
5	degree felony; providing mandatory prison term
6	of 5 years when the three-time violent felony
7	offense is a third degree felony; providing for
8	construction; requiring a three-time violent
9	felony offender to serve 100 percent of the
10	court-imposed sentence; providing for
11	ineligibility of a three-time violent felony
12	offender for parole, control release, or early
13	release; amending ss. 784.07 and 784.08, F.S.;
14	providing minimum terms of imprisonment for
15	persons convicted of aggravated assault or
16	aggravated battery of a law enforcement officer
17	or a person 65 years of age or older; amending
18	s. 790.235, F.S., relating to prohibitions
19	against, and penalties for, unlawful possession
20	or other unlawful acts involving firearm,
21	electric weapon or device, or concealed weapon
22	by a violent career criminal; conforming cross
23	references to changes made by the act; creating
24	s. 794.0115, F.S.; defining "repeat sexual
25	batterer"; providing within the definition a
26	category of enumerated felony offenses in
27	violation of s. 794.011, F.S., relating to
28	sexual battery; requiring the court to sentence
29	a defendant as a repeat sexual batterer and
30	impose a 10-year mandatory minimum term of
31	imprisonment under specified circumstances when
	25

5:03 PM 04/27/99

75

Amendment No. \_\_\_\_

1	the defendant is to be sentenced for committing
2	or attempting to commit, any of the enumerated
3	felony violations of s. 794.011, F.S., and the
4	defendant has previously been convicted of
5	committing or attempting to commit, any one of
6	certain enumerated felony offenses involving
7	sexual battery; providing penalties; providing
8	procedures and criteria for court determination
9	if the defendant is a repeat sexual batterer;
10	providing for sentencing as a repeat sexual
11	batterer; providing for construction; amending
12	s. 794.011, F.S., to conform references to
13	changes made by the act; amending s. 893.135,
14	F.S.; defining the term "cannabis plant";
15	providing mandatory minimum prison terms and
16	mandatory fine amounts for trafficking in
17	cannabis, cocaine, illegal drugs,
18	phencyclidine, methaqualone, amphetamine, or
19	flunitrazepam; providing for sentencing
20	pursuant to the Criminal Punishment Code of
21	offenders convicted of trafficking in specified
22	quantities of cannabis; removing weight caps
23	for various trafficking offenses; providing
24	that an offender who is sentenced to a
25	mandatory minimum term upon conviction of
26	trafficking in specified quantities of
27	cannabis, cocaine, illegal drugs,
28	phencyclidine, methaqualone, amphetamine, or
29	flunitrazepam is not eligible for gain time or
30	certain discretionary early-release mechanisms
31	prior to serving the mandatory minimum

5:03 PM 04/27/99

Amendment No. \_\_\_\_

1	sentence; providing exceptions; providing
2	penalties; reenacting s. 397.451(7), F.S.,
3	relating to the prohibition against
4	dissemination of state funds to service
5	providers convicted of certain offenses, s.
6	782.04(4)(a), F.S., relating to murder, s.
7	893.1351(1), F.S., relating to lease or rent
8	for the purpose of trafficking in a controlled
9	substance, s. 903.133, F.S., relating to the
10	prohibition against bail on appeal for certain
11	felony convictions, s. 907.041(4)(b), F.S.,
12	relating to pretrial detention and release, s.
13	921.0022(3)(g), (h), and (i), F.S., relating to
14	the Criminal Punishment Code offense severity
15	ranking chart, s. 921.0024(1)(b), F.S.,
16	relating to the Criminal Punishment Code
17	worksheet computations and scoresheets, s.
18	921.142(2), F.S., relating to sentencing for
19	capital drug trafficking felonies, s. 943.0585,
20	F.S., relating to court-ordered expunction of
21	criminal history records, and s. 943.059, F.S.,
22	relating to court-ordered sealing of criminal
23	history records, to incorporate said amendment
24	in references; amending s. 943.0535, F.S.,
25	relating to aliens and criminal records;
26	requiring clerk of the courts to furnish
27	criminal records to United States immigration
28	officers; requiring state attorney to assist
29	clerk of the courts in determining which
30	defendants are aliens; requiring the Governor
31	to place public service announcements

5:03 PM 04/27/99

Bill No. CS for SB 1746

Amendment No. \_\_\_\_

explaining the provisions of this act; amending 1 2 s. 810, F.S.; redefining the term "conveyance" 3 for purposes of ch. 810, F.S., to include a 4 railroad vehicle; providing an effective date. 5 6 WHEREAS, in 1996, Florida had the highest violent crime 7 rate of any state in the nation, exceeding the national 8 average by 66 percent, and WHEREAS, although this state possessed the highest 9 10 state violent crime rate in 1996 in the nation, the incarceration rate in this state in 1996 was less than the 11 12 incarceration rate in at least eleven other states, all of which had a lower violent crime rate than the rate in this 13 14 state, and 15 WHEREAS, since 1988, criminals in this state have 16 committed at least 1.6 million violent crimes against 17 Floridians and visitors to this state, and 18 WHEREAS, the per capita violent crime rate has increased 86 percent in this state in the last 25 years, and 19 WHEREAS, in fiscal year 1996-1997, over 16,000 violent 20 felons in this state were sentenced to probation, community 21 22 control, and other punishments that did not incarcerate the 23 violent felon for the maximum prison term authorized by law, 24 and 25 WHEREAS, during that same fiscal year, less than 9,900 violent felons were sentenced to prison, while during that 26 27 same period criminals committed approximately 150,000 violent 28 felonies, and WHEREAS, in this state, as of June 30, 1997, more 29 30 violent felons were on probation, community control, control 31 release, or parole, than were in state prison, and 78 5:03 PM 04/27/99

Amendment No. \_\_\_\_

1	WHEREAS, in 1997, only 15.6 percent of all persons
2	convicted of a felony were sentenced to state prison, the
3	second lowest rate of incarcerated felons since 1984, and
4	WHEREAS, the rate of incarcerated felons has declined
5	seven out of the last eight years, and
6	WHEREAS, since fiscal year 1993-1994, the per capita
7	prison population rate in this state has increased 10 percent
8	and the proportion of violent offenders incarcerated in state
9	prison has increased 5 percent, and
10	WHEREAS, since 1995, the Florida Legislature has
11	enacted stronger criminal punishment laws, including requiring
12	all prisoners to serve 85 percent of their court-imposed
13	sentences, and
14	WHEREAS, since 1994, the violent crime rate in this
15	state has decreased 9.8 percent, and
16	WHEREAS, the Legislature previously has found that a
17	substantial and disproportionate number of serious crimes are
18	committed in this state by a relatively small number of repeat
19	and violent felony offenders, that priority should be given to
20	the incarceration of career criminals for extended prison
21	terms, and that, in the case of violent career criminals, such
22	extended terms must include substantial minimum terms of
23	imprisonment, and
24	WHEREAS, as of June 30, 1997, only 71 designated
25	"violent career criminals" have been sentenced to mandatory
26	prison terms, out of a prison population of over 65,000 state
27	inmates; and this number does not approach the true number of
28	repeat violent felony offenders in this state, and
29	WHEREAS, to be sentenced as a "violent career
30	criminal," a felon must be convicted of at least four violent,
31	forcible, or serious felonies and must have served a prison
	5:03 PM 04/27/99 79 s1746.cj23.0b

Amendment No. \_\_\_\_

1 term, and

2 WHEREAS, current law does not require the courts to 3 impose mandatory prison terms on violent felons who commit 4 three violent felonies, and these three-time violent felony 5 offenders should be sentenced to mandatory maximum prison 6 terms to protect citizens of this state and visitors, and 7 WHEREAS, studies such as the recent report issued by the National Center for Policy Analysis, "Does punishment 8 9 deter?", indicate that recent crime rates have declined 10 because of the increasing number of incarcerated felons, and WHEREAS, since California enacted "three strike" 11 12 legislation in 1994 that requires courts to impose mandatory 13 prison terms on repeat felony offenders convicted of three serious crimes, that state has experienced significant 14 15 reductions in violent crime, and overall crime rates, and 16 WHEREAS, a study by the RAND Corporation estimates that

17 the enforcement of this California legislation will reduce 18 serious crime in California committed by adults between 22 and 19 34 percent, and

WHEREAS, the enactment and enforcement of legislation in Florida that requires courts to impose mandatory prison terms on three-time violent felony offenders will improve public safety by incapacitating repeat offenders who are most likely to murder, rape, rob, or assault innocent victims in our communities, and

26 WHEREAS, imposing mandatory prison terms on three-time 27 violent felony offenders will prevent such offenders from 28 committing more crimes in our communities, and likely 29 accelerate recent declines in the violent crime rate in this 30 state, NOW, THEREFORE,

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