$\mathbf{B}\mathbf{y}$  the Committee on Criminal Justice and Senators Webster, Brown-Waite, Campbell and Bronson

307-786-99

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to punishment of felons; amending s. 775.087, F.S., relating to felony reclassification and minimum sentence and other penalties for offenders who committed aggravated battery or committed certain acts involving a weapon, firearm, or destructive device during the commission of a felony; conforming terminology to changes made by the act; increasing from 3 to 10 years the minimum prison term for certain felonies or attempted felonies under specified circumstances when the offender possessed a firearm or destructive device during the commission or attempted commission of the offense or flight therefrom; revising the category of such offenses to include murder, sexual battery, robbery, burglary, arson, aggravated assault or aggravated battery, kidnapping, escape, aircraft piracy, aggravated child abuse, aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled adult, unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a destructive device or bomb, carjacking, home-invasion robbery, aggravated stalking, possession of a firearm by a convicted felon, and trafficking in cannabis, trafficking in cocaine, capital importation of cocaine, trafficking in illegal drugs, capital importation of illegal drugs, trafficking in phencyclidine, capital importation of phencyclidine, trafficking in methaqualone,

1 capital importation of methaqualone, trafficking in amphetamine, capital importation 2 3 of amphetamine, trafficking in flunitrazepam, or other violation of s. 893.135(1), F.S.; 4 5 providing for an exception from the requirement 6 that the possession of a firearm by a convicted 7 felon result in a 3-year minimum term of imprisonment; providing for imposition of a 8 9 20-year minimum term of imprisonment when, in 10 addition to such circumstances, the firearm or 11 destructive device was discharged while the person was possessing, carrying, displaying, 12 using, or threatening or attempting to use the 13 firearm or destructive device; providing for 14 imposition of a minimum term of imprisonment of 15 not less than 25 years and not more than a term 16 17 of imprisonment of life in prison when, in further addition to such circumstances, the 18 19 discharging of the firearm or destructive device resulted in infliction of death or great 20 bodily harm upon any person; providing for 21 construction; providing legislative intent with 22 respect to punishment of offenders who possess, 23 24 carry, display, use, or threaten or attempt to 25 use firearms or destructive devices; providing imposition of the minimum term of imprisonment 26 27 consecutive to any other term of imprisonment 28 imposed; providing that the minimum term of 29 imprisonment imposed is authorized by law 30 regardless of the maximum sentence that may be 31 imposed for the underlying felony; increasing

1 from 8 to 15 years the minimum prison term for 2 certain felonies or attempted felonies under 3 specified circumstances when, during the commission or attempted commission of the 4 5 offense, the offender possessed a semiautomatic 6 firearm and its high-capacity detachable box magazine or a machine gun; providing for the 7 8 category of such offenses to include murder, 9 sexual battery, robbery, burglary, arson, 10 aggravated assault, aggravated battery, 11 kidnapping, escape, aircraft piracy, aggravated child abuse, aggravated abuse of an elderly 12 person or disabled adult, unlawful throwing, 13 placing, or discharging of a destructive device 14 or bomb, carjacking, home-invasion robbery, 15 aggravated stalking, possession of a firearm by 16 17 a convicted felon, and trafficking in cannabis, trafficking in cocaine, capital importation of 18 19 cocaine, trafficking in illegal drugs, capital 20 importation of illegal drugs, trafficking in phencyclidine, capital importation of 21 phencyclidine, trafficking in methaqualone, 22 capital importation of methaqualone, 23 24 trafficking in amphetamine, capital importation 25 of amphetamine, trafficking in flunitrazepam, or other violation of s. 893.135(1); providing 26 an exception from the requirement that 27 28 possession of a firearm by a convicted felon 29 result in an 8-year minimum term of 30 imprisonment; providing for imposition of a 31 20-year minimum term of imprisonment when, in

1 addition to such circumstances, the 2 semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity 3 detachable box magazine or a machine gun was 4 discharged while the person was possessing, 5 carrying, displaying, using, or threatening or 6 attempting to use the semiautomatic firearm and 7 its high-capacity detachable box magazine or a machine qun; providing for imposition of a 8 9 minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 10 25 years and not more than a term of 11 imprisonment of life in prison when, in further addition to such circumstances, the discharging 12 13 of the semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity detachable box magazine or a 14 machine gun resulted in infliction of death or 15 great bodily harm upon any person; providing 16 17 for construction; providing legislative intent with respect to punishment of offenders who 18 19 possess, carry, display, use, or threaten or 20 attempt to use a semiautomatic firearm and its 21 high-capacity detachable box magazine or a machine gun; providing for imposition of the 22 minimum term of imprisonment consecutive to any 23 24 other term of imprisonment imposed; providing that the minimum term of imprisonment imposed 25 is authorized by law regardless of the maximum 26 27 sentence that may be imposed for the underlying 28 felony; requiring the state attorney to explain 29 mandatory sentence deviations in writing; 30 requiring state attorneys to submit such 31 writings to their association, where they must

remain available to the public for a specified period; reenacting s. 921.0022(2), F.S., relating to the Criminal Punishment Code offense severity ranking chart, s. 921.0024(1)(b), F.S., relating to Florida Criminal Punishment Code worksheet computations and key, and s. 947.146(3)(b), F.S., relating to Control Release Authority, to incorporate said amendment in references; providing for public service announcements with respect to the penalties provided in the act; providing an effective date.

WHEREAS, Florida ranks among the most violent states in the nation, and

WHEREAS, in 1975 the Florida Legislature enacted legislation requiring a minimum mandatory sentence of three years in prison for possessing a gun during the commission or attempted commission of a violent felony, and

WHEREAS, the Legislature enacted this mandatory penalty in order to protect citizens from criminals who are known to use guns during the commission of violent crimes, and

WHEREAS, the FBI reports that among persons identified in the felonious killings of law enforcement officers in 1997, 71% had prior criminal convictions, and one of every four were on probation or parole for other crimes when they killed the officers, and

WHEREAS, criminals who use guns during the commission of violent crimes pose an increased danger to the lives, health, and safety of Florida's citizens and to Florida's law

enforcement officers who daily put their lives on the line to protect citizens from violent criminals, and

WHEREAS, the Legislature intends to hold criminals more accountable for their crimes, and intends for criminals who use guns to commit violent crimes to receive greater criminal penalties than they do today, and

WHEREAS, the Legislature intends that when law enforcement officers put themselves in harm's way to apprehend and arrest these gun-wielding criminals who terrorize the streets and neighborhoods of Florida, that these criminals be sentenced to longer mandatory prison terms than provided in current law, so that these offenders cannot again endanger law enforcement officers and the public, and

WHEREAS, there is a critical need for effective criminal justice measures that will ensure that violent criminals are sentenced to prison terms that will effectively incapacitate the offender, prevent future crimes, and reduce violent crime rates, and

WHEREAS, it is the intent of the Legislature that criminals who use guns to commit violent crimes be vigorously prosecuted and that the state demand that minimum mandatory terms of imprisonment be imposed pursuant to this act, NOW, THEREFORE,

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 775.087, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

775.087 Possession or use of weapon; aggravated battery; felony reclassification; minimum sentence.--

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1 (1) Unless otherwise provided by law, whenever a 2 person is charged with a felony, except a felony in which the 3 use of a weapon or firearm is an essential element, and during the commission of such felony the defendant carries, displays, 4 5 uses, threatens to use, or attempts to use any weapon or 6 firearm, or during the commission of such felony the defendant 7 commits an aggravated battery, the felony for which the person 8 is charged shall be reclassified as follows: (a) In the case of a felony of the first degree, to a 9 10 life felony. 11 (b) In the case of a felony of the second degree, to a felony of the first degree. 12 13 (c) In the case of a felony of the third degree, to a 14 felony of the second degree. 15 For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and determining 16 17 incentive gain-time eligibility under chapter 944, a felony offense which is reclassified under this section is ranked one 18 19 level above the ranking under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 of 20 the felony offense committed. 21 (2)(a)1. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an 22 attempt to commit a felony and the conviction was for: 23 a.<del>(a)</del> Murder; 24 b.(b) Sexual battery; 25 c.(c) Robbery; 26 d.(d) Burglary; 27 e. (e) Arson; 28 f.(f) Aggravated assault;

g.<del>(g)</del> Aggravated battery;

h. (h) Kidnapping;

i.(i) Escape;

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j.(j) Aircraft piracy;
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           k.(k) Aggravated child abuse;
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           1.(1) Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or
    disabled adult;
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           m. (m) Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a
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    destructive device or bomb;
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           n. (n) Carjacking;
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           o.(o) Home-invasion robbery; or
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           p.<del>(p)</del> Aggravated stalking;
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           q. Possession of a firearm by a convicted felon; or
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           r. Trafficking in cannabis, trafficking in cocaine,
    capital importation of cocaine, trafficking in illegal drugs,
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    capital importation of illegal drugs, trafficking in
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    phencyclidine, capital importation of phencyclidine,
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    trafficking in methaqualone, capital importation of
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   methaqualone, trafficking in amphetamine, capital importation
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    of amphetamine, trafficking in flunitrazepam, or other
    violation of s. 893.135(1)
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   and during the commission of the offense, such person
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   possessed a "firearm" or "destructive device" as those terms
    are defined in s. 790.001, shall be sentenced to a minimum
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    term of imprisonment of 10 \, \frac{3}{2} years, except that a person who
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    is convicted of the commission or attempted commission of
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    possession of a firearm by a convicted felon shall be
    sentenced to a minimum mandatory term of imprisonment of 3
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   years.
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           2. Whenever a person is convicted of any of the
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    felonies delineated in subparagraph (a)1., regardless of
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    whether the use of a weapon is an element of the felony, and
   during the course of the commission of the felony or the
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flight therefrom, a "firearm" or "destructive device" as defined in s. 790.001 was discharged while the person was possessing, carrying, displaying, using, threatening to use, or attempting to use it, the person shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 20 years.

- 3. Whenever a person is convicted of any of the felonies delineated in subparagraph (a)1., regardless of whether the use of a weapon is an element of the felony, and during the course of the commission of the felony or the flight therefrom, a "firearm" or "destructive device" as defined in s. 790.001 was discharged while the person was possessing, carrying, displaying, using, threatening to use, or attempting to use it and, as the result of the discharge, death or great bodily harm was inflicted upon any person, the convicted person shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 25 years and not more than a term of imprisonment of life in prison.
- (b) Subparagraph (a)1., subparagraph (a)2., or subparagraph (a)3. does not preclude a court from imposing a longer sentence of incarceration as authorized by law in addition to the minimum mandatory sentence, or from imposing a sentence of death pursuant to other applicable law.

  Subparagraph (a)1., subparagraph (a)2., or subparagraph (a)3. does not authorize a court to impose a lesser sentence than otherwise required by law.

Notwithstanding s. 948.01, adjudication of guilt or imposition of sentence shall not be suspended, deferred, or withheld, and the defendant is not eligible for statutory gain-time under s. 944.275 or any form of discretionary early release, other than

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pardon or executive clemency, or conditional medical release
    under s. 947.149, prior to serving the minimum sentence.
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          (c) If the minimum mandatory terms of imprisonment
    imposed pursuant to this section exceed the maximum sentences
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    authorized by s. 775.082, s. 775.084, or the Criminal
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    Punishment Code under chapter 921, the mandatory minimum
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    sentence must be imposed. If the mandatory minimum terms of
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    imprisonment pursuant to this section are less than the
    sentences that could be imposed as authorized by s. 775.082,
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    s. 775.084, or the Criminal Punishment Code under chapter 921,
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    the sentence imposed by the court must include the mandatory
    minimum term of imprisonment as authorized in this section.
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          (d) It is the intent of the Legislature that offenders
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    who possess, carry, display, use, threaten to use, or attempt
    to use firearms or destructive devices be punished to the
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    fullest extent of the law, and the minimum terms of
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    imprisonment imposed pursuant to this subsection shall be
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    imposed for each qualifying felony count for which the person
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    is convicted. The court shall impose any term of imprisonment
    provided for in this subsection consecutively to any other
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    term of imprisonment imposed for any other felony offense.
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           (3)(a)1. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an
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    attempt to commit a felony and the conviction was for:
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           a.<del>1.</del> Murder;
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           b.<del>2.</del> Sexual battery;
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           c.<del>3.</del> Robbery;
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           d.4. Burglary;
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           e.<del>5.</del> Arson;
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           f.<del>6.</del> Aggravated assault;
           g.<del>7.</del> Aggravated battery;
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           h.8. Kidnapping;
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           i.<del>9.</del> Escape;
           j. 10. Sale, manufacture, delivery, or intent to sell,
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    manufacture, or deliver any controlled substance;
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           k. 11. Aircraft piracy;
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           1.12. Aggravated child abuse;
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           m. 13. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or
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    disabled adult;
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           n. 14. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a
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    destructive device or bomb;
           o.<del>15.</del> Carjacking;
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           p.<del>16.</del> Home-invasion robbery; or
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           q.<del>17.</del> Aggravated stalking;
           r. Possession of a firearm by a convicted felon; or
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           s. Trafficking in cannabis, trafficking in cocaine,
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    capital importation of cocaine, trafficking in illegal drugs,
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    capital importation of illegal drugs, trafficking in
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    phencyclidine, capital importation of phencyclidine,
    trafficking in methaqualone, capital importation of
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    methaqualone, trafficking in amphetamine, capital importation
    of amphetamine, trafficking in flunitrazepam, or other
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    violation of s. 893.135(1);
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    and during the commission of the offense, such person
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    possessed a semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity
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    detachable box magazine or a machine gun as defined in s.
    790.001, shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment
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    of 15 8 years, except that a person who is convicted of the
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    commission or attempted commission of possession of a firearm
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    by a convicted felon shall be sentenced to a minimum mandatory
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    term of imprisonment of 8 years.
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1 2. Whenever a person is convicted of any of the felonies delineated in subparagraph (a)1., regardless of 2 3 whether the use of a weapon is an element of the felony, and during the course of the commission of the felony or the 4 5 flight therefrom, a semiautomatic firearm and its 6 high-capacity box magazine or a "machine gun" as defined in s. 7 790.001 was discharged while the person was possessing, 8 carrying, displaying, using, threatening to use, or attempting to use it, the person shall be sentenced to a minimum term of 9 10 imprisonment of 20 years. 11 3. Whenever a person is convicted of any of the felonies delineated in subparagraph (a)1., regardless of 12 whether the use of a weapon is an element of the felony, and 13 during the course of the commission of the felony or the 14 flight therefrom, a semiautomatic firearm and its 15 high-capacity box magazine or a "machine gun" as defined in s. 16 17 790.001 was discharged while the person was possessing, carrying, displaying, using, threatening to use, or attempting 18 19 to use it and, as the result of the discharge, death or great bodily harm was inflicted upon any person, the convicted 20 21 person shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 25 years and not more than a term of 22 imprisonment of life in prison. 23 (b) Subparagraph (a)1., subparagraph (a)2., or 24 subparagraph (a)3. does not prevent a court from imposing a 25 26 longer sentence of incarceration as authorized by law in 27 addition to the minimum mandatory sentence, or from imposing a sentence of death pursuant to other applicable law. 28 29 Subparagraph (a)1., subparagraph (a)2., or subparagraph (a)3. 30 does not authorize a court to impose a lesser sentence than 31 otherwise required by law.

 Notwithstanding s. 948.01, adjudication of guilt or imposition of sentence shall not be suspended, deferred, or withheld, and the defendant is not eligible for statutory gain-time under s. 944.275 or any form of discretionary early release, other than pardon or executive clemency, or conditional medical release under s. 947.149, prior to serving the minimum sentence.

- (c) If the minimum mandatory terms of imprisonment imposed pursuant to this section exceed the maximum sentences authorized by s. 775.082, s. 775.084, or the Criminal Punishment Code under chapter 921, the mandatory minimum sentence must be imposed. If the mandatory minimum terms of imprisonment pursuant to this section are less than the sentences that could be imposed as authorized by s. 775.082, s. 775.084, or the Criminal Punishment code under chapter 921, the sentence imposed by the court must include the mandatory minimum term of imprisonment as authorized in this section.
- (d) It is the intent of the Legislature that offenders who possess, carry, display, use, threaten to use, or attempt to use semiautomatic firearms and their high-capacity box magazines or machine guns be punished to the fullest extent of the law, and that the minimum terms of imprisonment imposed pursuant to this subsection shall be imposed for each qualifying felony count for which the person is convicted. The court shall impose any term of imprisonment provided for in this subsection consecutively to any other term of imprisonment imposed for any other felony offense.

(e)(b) As used in this subsection, the term:

 "High-capacity detachable box magazine" means any detachable box magazine, for use in a semiautomatic firearm,

which is capable of being loaded with more than 20 centerfire cartridges.

- 2. "Semiautomatic firearm" means a firearm which is capable of firing a series of rounds by separate successive depressions of the trigger and which uses the energy of discharge to perform a portion of the operating cycle.
- (4) For every case in which the offender meets the criteria in this section and does not receive the mandatory minimum prison sentence, the state attorney must explain the sentencing deviation in writing and place that explanation in the case file maintained by the state attorney. Quarterly, each state attorney shall submit copies of deviation memoranda regarding offenses committed on or after the effective date of this act to the President of the Florida Prosecuting Attorneys Association, Inc. The association must maintain such information, and make such information available to the public, upon request, for at least a 10-year period.

Section 2. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment to section 775.087, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, subsection (2) of section 921.0022, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is reenacted to read:

921.0022 Criminal Punishment Code; offense severity ranking chart.--

(2) The offense severity ranking chart has 10 offense levels, ranked from least severe, which are level 1 offenses, to most severe, which are level 10 offenses, and each felony offense is assigned to a level according to the severity of the offense. For purposes of determining which felony offenses are specifically listed in the offense severity ranking chart and which severity level has been assigned to each of these offenses, the numerical statutory references in the left

column of the chart and the felony degree designations in the middle column of the chart are controlling; the language in the right column of the chart is provided solely for descriptive purposes. Reclassification of the degree of the felony through the application of s. 775.0845, s. 775.087, s. 775.0875, s. 794.023, or any other law that provides an enhanced penalty for a felony offense, to any offense listed in the offense severity ranking chart in this section shall not cause the offense to become unlisted and is not subject to the provisions of s. 921.0023.

Section 3. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment to section 775.087, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 921.0024, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is reenacted to read:

921.0024 Criminal Punishment Code; worksheet computations; scoresheets. --

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## (b) WORKSHEET KEY:

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Legal status points are assessed when any form of legal status existed at the time the offender committed an offense before the court for sentencing. Four (4) sentence points are assessed for an offender's legal status.

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Community sanction violation points are assessed when a community sanction violation is before the court for sentencing. Six (6) sentence points are assessed for each community sanction violation, and each successive community sanction violation; however, if the community sanction 31 violation includes a new felony conviction before the

sentencing court, twelve (12) community sanction violation points are assessed for such violation, and for each successive community sanction violation involving a new felony conviction. Multiple counts of community sanction violations before the sentencing court shall not be a basis for multiplying the assessment of community sanction violation points.

Prior serious felony points: If the offender has a primary offense or any additional offense ranked in level 8, level 9, or level 10, and one or more prior serious felonies, a single assessment of 30 points shall be added. For purposes of this section, a prior serious felony is an offense in the offender's prior record that is ranked in level 8, level 9, or level 10 under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 and for which the offender is serving a sentence of confinement, supervision, or other sanction or for which the offender's date of release from confinement, supervision, or other sanction, whichever is later, is within 3 years before the date the primary offense or any additional offense was committed.

 Prior capital felony points: If the offender has one or more prior capital felonies in the offender's criminal record, points shall be added to the subtotal sentence points of the offender equal to twice the number of points the offender receives for the primary offense and any additional offense. A prior capital felony in the offender's criminal record is a previous capital felony offense for which the offender has entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty or has been found guilty; or a felony in another jurisdiction which is a capital

felony in that jurisdiction, or would be a capital felony if 2 the offense were committed in this state. 3 Possession of a firearm, semiautomatic firearm, or machine 4 5 gun: If the offender is convicted of committing or attempting 6 to commit any felony other than those enumerated in s. 7 775.087(2) while having in his possession: a firearm as defined in s. 790.001(6), an additional 18 sentence points are 8 9 assessed; or if the offender is convicted of committing or 10 attempting to commit any felony other than those enumerated in 11 s. 775.087(3) while having in his possession a semiautomatic firearm as defined in s. 775.087(3) or a machine gun as 12 defined in s. 790.001(9), an additional 25 sentence points are 13 14 assessed. 15 16 Sentencing multipliers: 17 Drug trafficking: If the primary offense is drug trafficking 18 19 under s. 893.135, the subtotal sentence points are multiplied, 20 at the discretion of the court, for a level 7 or level 8 offense, by 1.5. The state attorney may move the sentencing 21 22 court to reduce or suspend the sentence of a person convicted of a level 7 or level 8 offense, if the offender provides 23 24 substantial assistance as described in s. 893.135(4). 25 Law enforcement protection: If the primary offense is a 26 violation of the Law Enforcement Protection Act under s. 27 28 775.0823(2), the subtotal sentence points are multiplied by 29 2.5. If the primary offense is a violation of s. 775.0823(3), (4), (5), (6), (7), or (8), the subtotal sentence points are 30 31 | multiplied by 2.0. If the primary offense is a violation of s.

784.07(3) or s. 775.0875(1), or of the Law Enforcement Protection Act under s. 775.0823(9) or (10), the subtotal sentence points are multiplied by 1.5.

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Grand theft of a motor vehicle: If the primary offense is grand theft of the third degree involving a motor vehicle and in the offender's prior record, there are three or more grand thefts of the third degree involving a motor vehicle, the subtotal sentence points are multiplied by 1.5.

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Criminal street gang member: If the offender is convicted of the primary offense and is found to have been a member of a criminal street gang at the time of the commission of the primary offense pursuant to s. 874.04, the subtotal sentence points are multiplied by 1.5.

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21 22 Domestic violence in the presence of a child: If the offender is convicted of the primary offense and the primary offense is a crime of domestic violence, as defined in s. 741.28, which was committed in the presence of a child under 16 years of age who is a family household member as defined in s. 741.28(2) with the victim or perpetrator, the subtotal sentence points are multiplied, at the discretion of the court, by 1.5.

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Section 4. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment to section 775.087, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, subsection (3) of section 947.146, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, is reenacted to read:

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947.146 Control Release Authority.--

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(3) Within 120 days prior to the date the state correctional system is projected pursuant to s. 216.136 to 31 exceed 99 percent of total capacity, the authority shall

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determine eligibility for and establish a control release date for an appropriate number of parole ineligible inmates committed to the department and incarcerated within the state who have been determined by the authority to be eligible for discretionary early release pursuant to this section. In establishing control release dates, it is the intent of the Legislature that the authority prioritize consideration of eligible inmates closest to their tentative release date. authority shall rely upon commitment data on the offender information system maintained by the department to initially identify inmates who are to be reviewed for control release consideration. The authority may use a method of objective risk assessment in determining if an eligible inmate should be released. Such assessment shall be a part of the department's management information system. However, the authority shall have sole responsibility for determining control release eligibility, establishing a control release date, and effectuating the release of a sufficient number of inmates to maintain the inmate population between 99 percent and 100 percent of total capacity. Inmates who are ineligible for control release are inmates who are parole eligible or inmates who:

- (a) Are serving a sentence that includes a mandatory minimum provision for a capital offense or drug trafficking offense and have not served the number of days equal to the mandatory minimum term less any jail-time credit awarded by the court;
- (b) Are serving the mandatory minimum portion of a sentence enhanced under s. 775.087(2) or (3), or s. 784.07(3);
- (c) Are convicted, or have been previously convicted, 31 of committing or attempting to commit sexual battery, incest,

 or any of the following lewd or indecent assaults or acts:
masturbating in public; exposing the sexual organs in a
perverted manner; or nonconsensual handling or fondling of the
sexual organs of another person;

- (d) Are convicted, or have been previously convicted, of committing or attempting to commit assault, aggravated assault, battery, or aggravated battery, and a sex act was attempted or completed during commission of such offense;
- (e) Are convicted, or have been previously convicted, of committing or attempting to commit kidnapping, burglary, or murder, and the offense was committed with the intent to commit sexual battery or a sex act was attempted or completed during commission of the offense;
- (f) Are convicted, or have been previously convicted, of committing or attempting to commit false imprisonment upon a child under the age of 13 and, in the course of committing the offense, the inmate committed aggravated child abuse, sexual battery against the child, or a lewd, lascivious, or indecent assault or act upon or in the presence of the child;
- (g) Are sentenced, have previously been sentenced, or have been sentenced at any time under s. 775.084, or have been sentenced at any time in another jurisdiction as a habitual offender;
- (h) Are convicted, or have been previously convicted, of committing or attempting to commit assault, aggravated assault, battery, aggravated battery, kidnapping, manslaughter, or murder against an officer as defined in s. 943.10(1), (2), (3), (6), (7), (8), or (9); against a state attorney or assistant state attorney; or against a justice or judge of a court described in Art. V of the State Constitution; or against an officer, judge, or state attorney

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employed in a comparable position by any other jurisdiction;

- (i) Are convicted, or have been previously convicted, of committing or attempting to commit murder in the first, second, or third degree under s. 782.04(1), (2), (3), or (4), or have ever been convicted of any degree of murder or attempted murder in another jurisdiction;
- (j) Are convicted, or have been previously convicted, of DUI manslaughter under s. 316.193(3)(c)3., and are sentenced, or have been sentenced at any time, as a habitual offender for such offense, or have been sentenced at any time in another jurisdiction as a habitual offender for such offense;
- (k)1. Are serving a sentence for an offense committed on or after January 1, 1994, for a violation of the Law Enforcement Protection Act under s. 775.0823(2), (3), (4), or (5), and the subtotal of the offender's sentence points is multiplied pursuant to former s. 921.0014 or s. 921.0024;
- 2. Are serving a sentence for an offense committed on or after October 1, 1995, for a violation of the Law Enforcement Protection Act under s. 775.0823(2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), or (8), and the subtotal of the offender's sentence points is multiplied pursuant to former s. 921.0014 or s. 921.0024;
- (1) Are serving a sentence for an offense committed on or after January 1, 1994, for possession of a firearm, semiautomatic firearm, or machine qun in which additional points are added to the subtotal of the offender's sentence points pursuant to former s. 921.0014 or s. 921.0024; or
- (m) Are convicted, or have been previously convicted, 31 of committing or attempting to commit manslaughter,

kidnapping, robbery, carjacking, home-invasion robbery, or a burglary under s. 810.02(2). In making control release eligibility determinations under this subsection, the authority may rely on any document leading to or generated during the course of the criminal proceedings, including, but not limited to, any presentence or postsentence investigation or any information contained in arrest reports relating to circumstances of the offense. Section 5. In order to inform the public and to deter and prevent crime in the state, the Executive Office of the Governor shall place public service announcements in visible local media throughout the state explaining the penalties provided in this act. Section 6. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law. 

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| 1      |   | STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR   |
| 2      |   | Senate Bill 194  |
| 3      |   |  |
| 4<br>5 | -   | Adds the offense of possession of a firearm by a convicted felon to the list of felonies under subsections (2) and (3) of s. 775.087, F.S.         |
| 6      |   | Creates a minimum mandatory term of imprisonment of 3  |
| 7      |   | years for the offense of possession of a firearm by a convicted felon.   |
| 8      | - Creates a minimum mandatory term of imprisonment of 8 years for the offense of possession of a firearm by a |  |
| 9      |   | convicted felon that is a machine gun or semiautomatic firearm with a high-capacity detachable box magazine.                                       |
| 10     | _   | Deletes the lengthy reporting requirements for state   |
| 11     |   | attorneys concerning the charging and sentencing of  |
| 12     | offenders who allegedly would fall within the scope o any firearms minimum mandatory sentence.                |  |
| 13     | - Deletes the requirement and procedure for state attorneys   |  |
| 14     |   | to submit written memoranda requesting a minimum mandatory not be imposed if a law enforcement agency  |
| 15     |   | based its arrest charges demonstrating the defendant met the criteria in s. 775.087, F.S.  |
| 16     | -   | Aligns the reporting requirements of state attorneys,  |
| 17     |   | pertaining to any sentencing deviation from a minimum mandatory term that is required under s. 775.087, F.S.,                                      |
| 18     |   | to be substantially similar to the same sentencing deviation reporting requirements that currently exist under the Prison Releasee Reoffender Act. |
| 19     |   |  |
| 20     | _   | Clarifies that a judge may impose a sentence longer than a minimum mandatory sentence required under 775.087,                                      |
| 21     |   | F.S., if it is otherwise authorized by law.  |
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