A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to health care advance 3 directives; amending s. 765.101, F.S.; defining 4 the term "palliative care"; redefining the term 5 "terminal condition" to provide that such a condition is not necessary for ensuring a right 6 7 to refuse treatment; amending s. 765.102, F.S.; 8 providing legislative intent; amending s. 9 765.302, F.S.; revising a provision relating to the procedure for making a living will to 10 remove reference to a terminal condition; 11 amending s. 765.303, F.S.; revising the 12 13 suggested form of a living will; amending s. 14 765.304, F.S.; removing reference to a physical 15 condition which is terminal with respect to the 16 procedure for a living will; amending s. 765.305, F.S.; removing reference to a terminal 17 condition with respect to the procedure in the 18 absence of a living will; amending s. 765.306, 19 20 F.S.; removing reference to a terminal condition with respect to the determination of 21 22 a patient's condition under the Life-Prolonging Procedure Act of Florida; providing an 23 24 effective date. 25 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 26 27 28 Section 1. Subsections (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), and (16) of section 765.101, Florida Statutes, are renumbered 29 30 as subsections (12), (13), (14), (15), (16), and (17),

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respectively, a new subsection (11) is added to said section, and subsection (15) is amended, to read:

765.101 Definitions.--As used in this chapter:

(11) "Palliative care" means efforts to eliminate or reduce mental or physical pain, suffering, and discomfort.

(16)(15) "Terminal condition" means:

- (a) A condition caused by injury, disease, or illness from which there is no reasonable probability of recovery and which, without treatment, can be expected to cause death; or
- (b) A persistent vegetative state characterized by a permanent and irreversible condition of unconsciousness in which there is:
- 1. The absence of voluntary action or cognitive behavior of any kind; and
- 2. An inability to communicate or interact purposefully with the environment.

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"Terminal condition" is not necessary for ensuring a right to refuse treatment.

Section 2. Section 765.102, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

765.102 Legislative findings and intent.--

The Legislature finds that every competent adult has the fundamental right of self-determination regarding decisions pertaining to his or her own health, including the right to choose or refuse medical treatment. This right is subject to certain interests of society, such as the protection of human life and the preservation of ethical standards in the medical profession. Furthermore, the fundamental right of self-determination, including the right 31 to refuse treatment, provides for informed, competent, and

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uncoerced adults to refuse any medical treatment, including life-sustaining treatment. Such a refusal may be set out in an advance directive.

(2) The Legislature intends that nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prevent or discourage the provision of medically and pharmacologically appropriate pain control or other forms of palliative care. In accordance with standard and accepted medical and ethical principles, the use of pharmacological substances with the intent of alleviating or eliminating pain and other discomfort is encouraged. Such use is not to be regarded as ethically or legally blameworthy, even if appropriate pain control occurs during, and so precedes the outcome of, the dying process.

(3) (3) (2) To ensure that such right is not lost or diminished by virtue of later physical or mental incapacity, the Legislature intends that a procedure be established to allow a person to plan for incapacity by designating another person to direct the course of his or her medical treatment upon his or her incapacity. Such procedure should be less expensive and less restrictive than guardianship and permit a previously incapacitated person to exercise his or her full right to make health care decisions as soon as the capacity to make such decisions has been regained.

(4) The Legislature further finds that the artificial prolongation of life for a person with a terminal condition may secure for him or her only a precarious and burdensome existence, while providing nothing medically necessary or beneficial to the patient. In order that the rights and intentions of a person with such a condition may be respected even after he or she is no longer able to 31 participate actively in decisions concerning himself or

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herself, and to encourage communication among such patient, his or her family, and his or her physician, the Legislature declares that the laws of this state recognize the right of a competent adult to make an advance directive instructing his or her physician to provide, withhold, or withdraw life-prolonging procedures, or to designate another to make the treatment decision for him or her in the event that such person should be found to be incompetent and suffering from a terminal condition.

(5) The Legislature further recognizes that many difficult ethical issues accompany actions and processes at the end of life, and that reasonable people may disagree on these issues. Therefore, the Legislature strongly urges institutions that train health professionals to establish or maintain educational programs to address ethical issues pertaining to end-of-life care. These issues should include, but not be limited to, withdrawing and withholding treatment, palliative care (including pain control), surrogate decisionmaking, valid refusal of treatment, and other issues as appropriate and as stated in current law.

Section 3. Subsection (1) of section 765.302, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

765.302 Procedure for making a living will; notice to physician. --

(1) Any informed, competent, and uncoerced adult may, at any time, make a living will or written declaration directing the providing, withholding, or withdrawal of life-prolonging procedures in the event such person suffers from a terminal condition. A living will must be signed by the principal in the presence of two subscribing witnesses, 31 one of whom is neither a spouse nor a blood relative of the

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principal. If the principal is physically unable to sign the living will, one of the witnesses must subscribe the principal's signature in the principal's presence and at the principal's direction.

Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 765.303, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

765.303 Suggested form of a living will.--

(1) A living will may, BUT NEED NOT, be in the following form:

Living Will

Declaration made this day of, 19 I,, willfully and voluntarily make known my desire that my dying not be artificially prolonged under the circumstances set forth below, and I do hereby declare:

If at any time I have a terminal condition as determined by my attending physician and if my attending or treating physician and another consulting physician have determined that there is no medical probability of my recovery from such condition, I direct that life-prolonging procedures be withheld or withdrawn when the application of such procedures would serve only to prolong artificially the process of dying, and that I be permitted to die naturally with only the administration of medication or the performance of any medical procedure deemed necessary to provide me with comfort care or to alleviate pain.

It is my intention that this declaration be honored by my family and physician as the final expression of my legal right to refuse medical or surgical treatment and to accept the consequences for such refusal.

In the event that I have been determined to be unable 31 to provide express and informed consent regarding the

1	withholding, withdrawal, or continuation of life-prolonging
2	procedures, I wish to designate, as my surrogate to carry out
3	the provisions of this declaration:
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5	Name:
6	Address:
7	Zip Code:
8	Phone:
9	I understand the full import of this declaration, and I
10	am emotionally and mentally competent to make this
11	declaration.
12	Additional Instructions (optional):
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16	(Signed)
17	Witness
18	Address
19	Phone
20	Witness
21	Address
22	Phone
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24	Section 5. Subsection (2) of section 765.304, Florida
25	Statutes, is amended to read:
26	765.304 Procedure for living will
27	(2) Before proceeding in accordance with the
28	principal's living will, it must be determined that:
29	(a) The principal does not have a reasonable
30	probability of recovering competency so that the right could
31	be exercised directly by the principal

(b) The principal's physical condition is terminal.

(b) (c) Any limitations or conditions expressed orally or in a written declaration have been carefully considered and satisfied.

Section 6. Subsection (2) of section 765.305, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

765.305 Procedure in absence of a living will.--

(2) Before exercising the incompetent patient's right to forego treatment, the surrogate must be satisfied that:

(a) the patient does not have a reasonable probability of recovering competency so that the right could be exercised by the patient.

(b) The patient's physical condition is terminal.

Section 7. Section 765.306, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

765.306 Determination of patient condition.--In determining whether the patient has a terminal condition or may recover capacity, or whether a medical condition or limitation referred to in an advance directive exists, the patient's attending or treating physician and at least one other consulting physician must separately examine the patient. The findings of each such examination must be documented in the patient's medical record and signed by the each examining physician before life-prolonging procedures may be withheld or withdrawn.

Section 8. This act shall take effect October 1, 1999.

HOUSE SUMMARY Revises provisions with respect to health care advance directives to provide that a terminal condition is not necessary for ensuring a right to refuse treatment. Provides Legislative intent with respect to health care advance directives. Revises the Life-Prolonging Procedure Act of Florida to remove reference to terminal condition. $\,$ See bill for details.