1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to economic development; 3 creating s. 163.055, F.S.; creating the Local 4 Government Financial Technical Assistance 5 Program; providing legislative findings and 6 declaration; requiring the Comptroller to enter 7 into certain contracts; providing for review of contract proposals; providing for fiscal 8 9 oversight by the Comptroller; providing for an annual performance review; providing for a 10 report; amending s. 163.01, F.S.; allowing 11 12 local government self-insurance reserves to be 13 used to guarantee local government obligations 14 under certain circumstances; creating s. 414.224, F.S.; creating the Retention Enhancing 15 Communities Initiative; providing for the 16 17 identification of communities; requiring 18 solicitation of proposals; providing for the 19 selection of RECI participants by the WAGES Program State Board of Directors; providing for 20 21 the appointment of liaisons; authorizing the Governor to address barriers to implementation 22 23 of RECI proposals; providing for the redirection of certain funds; providing for 24 RECI elements; requiring the Governor to 25 26 designate a coordinator; establishing a center 27 for community excellence; providing 28 appropriations for RECI elements; providing 29 restrictions of funds; providing for monitoring and reporting; amending s. 250.10, F.S.; 30 requiring the Adjutant General to administer a 31

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

life-preparation program and job-readiness 1 2 services; providing an extended period for 3 certain businesses to claim enterprise-zone tax 4 incentives; authorizing amendments to the 5 boundaries of an enterprise zone in a community 6 with a brownfield pilot project; providing for 7 individual development accounts in RECI communities; providing purposes; providing 8 9 definitions; requiring the Department of Revenue to amend the Temporary Assistance for 10 Needy Families State Plan to provide for use of 11 12 funds for individual development accounts; specifying criteria and requirements for 13 14 contributions to such accounts; specifying 15 purposes for use of such accounts; providing for procedures for withdrawals from such 16 17 accounts; specifying certain organizations to act as fiduciary organizations for certain 18 19 purposes; providing for penalties for withdrawal of moneys for certain purposes; 20 21 providing for resolution of certain disputes; 22 providing for transfer of ownership of such 23 accounts under certain circumstances; providing for establishment of such accounts by certain 24 financial institutions under certain 25 26 circumstances; providing requirements; providing that account funds and matching funds 27 28 do not affect certain program eligibility; 29 authorizing municipalities to designate satellite enterprise zones; amending s. 30 218.503, F.S.; authorizing certain 31

municipalities to impose a discretionary 1 per-vehicle surcharge on the gross revenues of 2 the sale, lease, or rental of space at parking 3 4 facilities within the municipality that are 5 open for use to the public; providing for use of surcharge proceeds; providing an effective 6 7 date. 8 9 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 10 Section 1. Effective upon this act becoming a law, 11 12 section 163.055, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 13 163.055 Local Government Financial Technical 14 Assistance Program. --15 (1) Among municipalities and special districts, the 16 Legislature finds that: 17 (a) Florida is a state comprised of 400 municipalities and almost 1,000 special districts statewide. 18 19 (b) Of the 400 municipalities in the state, over 200 20 have a population under 5,000. 21 (c) State and federal mandates will continue to place additional funding demands on all municipalities and special 22 23 districts. 24 (d) State government lacks the specific technical expertise or resources to effectively perform ongoing 25 26 educational support and financial emergency detection or 27 assistance. 28 (2) Recognizing the findings in subsection (1), the 29 <u>Legislatur</u>e declares that: 30 (a) The fiscal challenges confronting various 31 municipalities and special districts require an investment

that will facilitate efforts to improve the productivity and efficiency of their financial structures and operating procedures.

- (b) Current and additional revenue enhancements authorized by the Legislature should be managed and administered using appropriate management practices and expertise.
- (3) The purpose of this section is to provide technical assistance to municipalities and special districts to enable them to implement workable solutions to financially related problems.
- (4) The Comptroller shall enter into contracts with program providers who shall:
- (a) Be a public agency or private, nonprofit corporation, association, or entity.
- (b) Use existing resources, services, and information that are available from state or local agencies, universities, or the private sector.
- (c) Seek and accept funding from any public or private source.
- (d) Annually submit information to assist the

  Legislative Committee on Intergovernmental Relations in

  preparing a performance review that will include a analysis of
  the effectiveness of the program.
- (e) Assist municipalities and independent special districts in developing alternative revenue sources.
- (f) Provide for an annual independent financial audit of the program, if the program receives funding.
- (g) Provide assistance to municipalities and special districts in the areas of financial management, accounting, investing, budgeting, and debt issuance.

(h) Develop a needs assessment to determine where assistance should be targeted, and to establish a priority system to deliver assistance to those jurisdictions most in need through the most economical means available.

- (i) Provide financial emergency assistance upon direction from the Office of the Governor pursuant to s. 218.503.
- (5)(a) The Comptroller shall issue a request for proposals to provide assistance to municipalities and special districts. At the request of the Comptroller, the Legislative Committee on Intergovernmental Relations shall assist in the preparation of the request for proposals.
- (b) The Comptroller shall review each contract proposal submitted.
- (c) The Legislative Committee on Intergovernmental
  Relations shall review each contract proposal and submit to
  the Comptroller, in writing, advisory comments and
  recommendations, citing with specificity the reasons for its
  recommendations.
- (d) The Comptroller and the Legislative Committee on Intergovernmental Relations shall consider the following factors in reviewing contract proposals:
- 1. The demonstrated capacity of the provider to conduct needs assessments and implement the program as proposed.
- 2. The number of municipalities and special districts to be served under the proposal.
- 3. The cost of the program as specified in a proposed budget.
- 4. The short-term and long-term benefits of the assistance to municipalities and special districts.

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5. The form and extent to which existing resources, services, and information that are available from state and local agencies, universities, and the private sector will be used by the provider under the contract.

- (6) A decision of the Comptroller to award a contract under this section is final and shall be in writing with a copy provided to the Legislative Committee on Intergovernmental Relations.
- (7) The Comptroller may enter into contracts and agreements with other state and local agencies and with any person, association, corporation, or entity other than the program providers, for the purpose of administering this section.
- (8) The Comptroller shall provide fiscal oversight to ensure that funds expended for the program are used in accordance with the contracts entered into pursuant to subsection (4).
- (9) The Legislative Committee on Intergovernmental Relations shall annually conduct a performance review of the program. The findings of the review shall be presented in a report submitted to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Comptroller by January 15 of each year.
- Section 2. Effective upon this act becoming a law, paragraph (d) of subsection (7) of section 163.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 163.01 Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act of 1969.--
- (7)(d) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (c), any separate legal entity created pursuant to this section and controlled by the municipalities or counties of this state or by one or more municipality and one or more

county of this state, the membership of which consists or is to consist of municipalities only, counties only, or one or 2 more municipality and one or more county, may, for the purpose 3 4 of financing or refinancing any capital projects, exercise all 5 powers in connection with the authorization, issuance, and sale of bonds. Notwithstanding any limitations provided in 6 7 this section, all of the privileges, benefits, powers, and terms of part I of chapter 125, part II of chapter 166, and 8 9 part I of chapter 159 shall be fully applicable to such 10 entity. Bonds issued by such entity shall be deemed issued on behalf of the counties or municipalities which enter into loan 11 12 agreements with such entity as provided in this paragraph. 13 Any loan agreement executed pursuant to a program of such entity shall be governed by the provisions of part I of 14 15 chapter 159 or, in the case of counties, part I of chapter 16 125, or in the case of municipalities and charter counties, 17 part II of chapter 166. Proceeds of bonds issued by such entity may be loaned to counties or municipalities of this 18 19 state or a combination of municipalities and counties, whether 20 or not such counties or municipalities are also members of the entity issuing the bonds. The issuance of bonds by such 21 22 entity to fund a loan program to make loans to municipalities 23 or counties or a combination of municipalities and counties with one another for capital projects to be identified 24 subsequent to the issuance of the bonds to fund such loan 25 26 programs is deemed to be a paramount public purpose. Any 27 entity so created may also issue bond anticipation notes, as provided by s. 215.431, in connection with the authorization, 28 29 issuance, and sale of such bonds. In addition, the governing body of such legal entity may also authorize bonds to be 30 issued and sold from time to time and may delegate, to such 31

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officer, official, or agent of such legal entity as the governing body of such legal entity may select, the power to determine the time; manner of sale, public or private; maturities; rate or rates of interest, which may be fixed or may vary at such time or times and in accordance with a specified formula or method of determination; and other terms and conditions as may be deemed appropriate by the officer, official, or agent so designated by the governing body of such legal entity. However, the amounts and maturities of such bonds and the interest rate or rates of such bonds shall be within the limits prescribed by the governing body of such legal entity and its resolution delegating to such officer, official, or agent the power to authorize the issuance and sale of such bonds. A local government self-insurance fund established under this section may financially guarantee bonds or bond anticipation notes issued or loans made under this subsection. Bonds issued pursuant to this paragraph may be validated as provided in chapter 75. The complaint in any action to validate such bonds shall be filed only in the Circuit Court for Leon County. The notice required to be published by s. 75.06 shall be published only in Leon County, and the complaint and order of the circuit court shall be served only on the State Attorney of the Second Judicial Circuit and on the state attorney of each circuit in each county where the public agencies which were initially a party to the agreement are located. Notice of such proceedings shall be published in the manner and the time required by s. 75.06 in Leon County and in each county where the public agencies which were initially a party to the agreement are located. Obligations of any county or municipality pursuant to a loan

agreement as described in this paragraph may be validated as provided in chapter 75.

Section 3. Effective upon this act becoming a law, section 414.224, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

414.224 Retention Enhancing Communities Initiative.--

- (1) LEGISLATIVE INTENT.--The Legislature finds that
  Florida has numerous distressed urban cores with high
  proportions of residents who are former and current WAGES
  Program participants. The Legislature further finds that the
  existence of strong neighborhoods and communities is crucial
  to reduce recidivism among former WAGES Program participants,
  and to create new jobs and promote job retention for current
  WAGES Program participants. Therefore, it is the intent of the
  Legislature to create a program designed to develop these
  communities with the help of, and for the benefit of, current
  and former WAGES Program participants.
- (2) CREATION.-- The Retention Enhancing Communities

  Initiative (RECI) is created to leverage federal, state, and
  local resources for community redevelopment initiatives that
  promote job retention among WAGES Program participants.

  Selected communities will identify and compete for projects
  coordinated around the six community-enhancing elements of
  community safety, community builders, community businesses,
  community schools, community partnerships, and community
  redevelopment.
  - (3) SELECTION OF RECI COMMUNITIES. --
- (a) By July 1, 1999, the WAGES Program State Board of Directors, in consultation with local WAGES coalitions, will identify 14 communities in the state's seven largest counties. These communities must be compact, congruent, and contiguous census tracts that have the highest concentrations of

residents who are current or former WAGES Program 2 participants. To the maximum extent possible, these 3 communities should coincide with federal empowerment zones, 4 enterprise zones established under chapter 290, Neighborhood 5 Improvement Districts established under chapter 163, community 6 redevelopment areas established under chapter 163, and Urban 7 High Crime Areas established under chapter 212. By August 1, 1999, the WAGES Program State Board of Directors must contract 8 9 with an independent entity to certify that these 14 10 communities comply with the requirements of this section. (b) By July 10, 1999, the WAGES Program State Board of 11 12 Directors shall solicit proposals from the communities 13 identified in paragraph (a) for participation in RECI. The 14 Governor shall appoint a liaison from a state agency to assist 15 with each proposal and their implementation. These liaisons shall have the full assistance of the Executive Office of the 16 17 Governor, the agencies of state government, and their employees. If a state employee is not able to assist a liaison 18 19 because of state law or regulation, the liaison shall notify 20 the Governor, the Office of Urban Opportunity, and the Office 21 of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability concerning the impasse and prepare proposals to resolve them. 22 23 Upon a written request of a liaison, the Governor may by executive order or emergency rule address regulatory or 24 procedural impasses to enable prompt implementation of a 25 26 community's proposal. Any federal TANF funding appropriated by the state to benefit WAGES participants, to assist needy 27 families, or to promote job placement and employment retention 28 29 of WAGES participants that is in excess of revenues necessary 30 to fulfill the appropriated purpose may, upon a written 31 request of a liaison, be redirected, notwithstanding any other 10

statute, with the approval of the Office of Urban Opportunity, the WAGES Program State Board of Directors, and the Governor, to support an approved project in a RECI community. Proposals should be general in nature, be no more than 20 pages long, and include:

- 1. A brief plan describing how the community will coordinate and incorporate the six RECI elements into the community's redevelopment strategy;
- 2. Specific evidence of community support from community-based organizations and local government for participation in RECI;
- 3. For each RECI element, identification and commitment of local resources from community-based organizations, local government, and others, to be leveraged by federal and state resources;
- 4. Identification of the specific entity or person responsible for coordinating the community's participation in RECI; and
  - 5. Identification of local administrative entities.
- (c) Based on proposal evaluation criteria developed by the WAGES Program State Board of Directors, the board shall, by October 1, 1999, select up to nine communities to participate in RECI, and notify each community of such selection. All RECI projects must be fully operational by January 1, 2000, and must be completed by December 31, 2001.
- (4) RECI ELEMENTS.--Once a community is selected as a RECI participant, the community may compete for awards in each RECI element. Awards will be granted by the WAGES Program State Board of Directors and will be based on a project plan that must be consistent with the community's proposal describing the coordination and incorporation of the RECI

elements. The WAGES Program State Board of Directors shall develop guidelines and criteria for the application and award 2 3 of the funds. Criteria must provide additional weight for criteria relating to community involvement, business 4 5 involvement, and local contributions. Unless otherwise 6 provided for, the board or its designated agents shall 7 administer the award of funds for each RECI element and must 8 provide assurances that projects are completed pursuant to 9 project plans. RECI elements include the following: (a) WAGES Community Safety. -- Funds may be awarded for 10 projects that increase the safety and reduce crime in RECI 11 12 communities. Funds may be used to train and employ WAGES Program participants in public safety jobs; establish security 13 14 businesses and services; train residents in safety practices 15 and organize safety networks; improve lighting, alarms, and law enforcement equipment; improve the safety of homes, 16 17 buildings, and streets; and provide community police. Local law enforcement agencies must be a contributing partner in 18 19 safety projects. The Department of Community Affairs and the 20 Florida Department of Law Enforcement shall assign a 21 representative of their departments to assist these communities with public safety issues and, notwithstanding any 22 23 other provision in law, may award public safety grants to these communities. 24 25 (b) WAGES Community Builders.--Funds may be awarded for small community clean-up and enhancement projects that quickly 26 27 create visible improvements and for planning and 28 implementation of larger neighborhood revitalization and 29 economic development initiatives. 1. Funds for the WAGES Community Builders element may 30

be awarded for small community clean-up and enhancement

projects. Projects must include WAGES Program participants, must last less than 3 weeks, and must be endorsed by the local unit of government. Funding may not exceed \$5,000 per project without a waiver from the WAGES Program State Board of Directors. The board shall enlist the Department of State's Main Street program, Keep Florida Beautiful, Inc., and, when approved by the Governor, the Florida National Guard, to advise and assist with these projects and to redirect resources to these communities.

- 2. Funds for the WAGES Community Builders element may be awarded for the planning and implementation of large neighborhood revitalization or economic development initiatives. Funding for planning projects may not exceed \$200,000, and may not, in total, exceed 20 percent of the funds available for this element. Funding for implementation projects may not in total exceed 20 percent of the funds available for this element and must primarily leverage federal, state, local, private, or foundation resources other than those provided for in this section. Planning and implementation projects shall employ WAGES Program participants from the RECI community to the greatest extent possible.
- (c) WAGES Community Businesses.--Funds may be awarded for small business-development projects, including national-franchise attraction efforts, microloans, guaranteed commercial loans, technical assistance, self-employment, and business incubators at educational institutions. At least 95 percent of funds awarded for these projects must be for the benefit of WAGES Program participants in RECI communities. The WAGES Program State Board of Directors shall work with the Comptroller to target the linked-deposit program under s.

290.0075 into these communities, and the Comptroller shall, to the greatest extent he or she deems practical, implement that program in RECI communities. Using funds appropriated for this element, the WAGES Program State Board of Directors, or its designated agent, shall establish a \$10-million loan-loss reserve to encourage and guarantee commercial loans made under this element, and shall develop a tax-free bond fund to provide and expand the secondary loan market for commercial loans made in RECI communities. The WAGES Program State Board of Directors, or its designated agent, shall approach and propose joint ventures with national franchisers committing to train individuals for and partially underwrite new franchise ventures in RECI communities.

(d) WAGES Community Schools.--Funds may be awarded for WAGES Community School projects that upgrade schools through construction, repair, or renovation, or which provide training and employment to WAGES Program participants to assist with transportation, school services, and security. Schools accepting this assistance must offer before, after, and summer school programs for students who are WAGES Program participants.

(e) WAGES Community Partnerships.--Funds may be awarded for WAGES Community Partnership projects to make payments of tax credits to businesses that contribute to projects in RECI communities which are eligible under the community contribution tax credit program under ss. 220.183 and 624.5105. Business contributions must benefit WAGES Program participants in these communities. Funds may equal 30 percent of the business's contribution and may apply to contributions of any size if adequate funds are available in this RECI element. The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic

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Corporation.

Development and the Department of Revenue shall assist the 1 2 WAGES Program State Board of Directors in administering such 3 tax credits. Projects may also match, up to a dollar-for-dollar level, any foundation awards to RECI 4 5 communities which will improve job retention and reduce public 6 assistance dependency as determined by the WAGES Program State 7 Board of Directors. 8 (f) WAGES Community Redevelopment.--Funds may be 9 awarded for WAGES Community Redevelopment projects to facilitate the planning, preparing, marketing, and financing 10 of residential, mixed-use, and commercial development 11 12 projects, as well as residential and business infrastructure 13 redevelopment projects in RECI communities. Projects that 14 would mainly result in gentrification of the community, that 15 would not employ a preponderance of WAGES Program participants, and that predominately create residences or 16 17 business sites that are beyond the anticipated income level of working WAGES Program participants are not eligible. 18 19 1. The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic 20 Development shall be the administrator of projects under this 21 paragraph and shall develop criteria for the award of the funds. Funds available under this element must be leveraged 22 23 with federal, state, and local resources, including, but not limited to, those available through the local unit of 24 government under the Community Development Block Grant, 25

2. A redevelopment finance review team including the WAGES Program State Board of Directors, the Office of Tourism,

section 108 loan guarantee program, and through state agencies including the Department of Community Affairs, the Department

of Environmental Protection, and the Florida Housing Finance

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Trade, and Economic Development, Enterprise Florida, Inc., the appropriate local WAGES coalition, the appropriate local unit 2 3 of government, the Department of Community Affairs, the 4 Department of Environmental Protection, and the Florida 5 Housing Finance Corporation shall review all project plans and 6 coordinate available resources, matching expenditures to 7 eligible and available revenues that may be invested in the 8 project. The team shall seek federal funding assistance in 9 these projects and may identify and recommend projects for award under the WAGES Targeted Employment and WAGES 10 transportation projects established by law. The team shall 11 12 recommend appropriate projects to the State Board of Administration for public investment. Their collaborative 13 14 project package shall constitute a recommended public 15 financing commitment that shall serve to induce private developers to finance the remaining costs of the project. 16 17 Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 216.301, funds appropriated for the purpose of this paragraph shall not be 18 19 subject to reversion. 20 3. The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, based upon the recommendation from the team, may 21 award project funds to RECI communities for up to 30 percent 22 23 of the total project cost. In awarding funds, the office shall consider factors including, but not limited to, the project's 24 direct employment of WAGES Program participants in planning, 25 26 development, or construction; eventual direct employment of WAGES Program participants; residences or businesses to be 27 owned by WAGES Program participants; impact on retention in 28 29 employment of WAGES Program participants; impact on lowering

recidivism and dependency on public assistance programs;

<u>demonstrated local public and private commitment; and the</u> potential to enhance and upgrade the community.

- 4. To facilitate timely response and induce the development of site opportunities where a community-based or private-sector partner exists, the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development may award funds for infrastructure feasibility studies, design and engineering activities, project development and packaging, or other infrastructure planning and preparation activities. Such funds may not exceed \$300,000 per project, and may not exceed 5 percent of the total funding available under this paragraph.
- 5. The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic

  Development shall pursue execution of a memorandum of

  agreement with the Department of Housing and Urban Development
  and other federal or state partners under which state funds

  available through this element may be advanced, in excess of
  the prescribed state share, for a project that has received
  from the department or partner a preliminary determination of
  eligibility for financial support. State funds in excess of
  the prescribed state share which are advanced pursuant to this
  paragraph and a memorandum of agreement shall be reimbursed
  when funds are awarded under an application for other
  financing.
- 6. To facilitate development of prospective sites, the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development may award funds for surveys, feasibility studies, project development, packaging, marketing, and other activities related to the identification, marketing, and preparation of sites of up to \$150,000. Such funds shall require a match from local sources of 33 percent and the total grants awarded under this

subparagraph shall not exceed 5 percent of the total funding available under this paragraph.

- (5) The Governor shall name by July 15, 1999, a coordinator in the Office of Urban Opportunity with the authority, established by executive order, to work with the WAGES Program State Board of Directors to direct agency assistance, solve problems, and commit resources to RECI communities.
- (6) By August 15, 1999, working with the Workforce

  Development Board, the WAGES Program State Board of Directors

  shall establish a center for community excellence, affiliated

  with an educational institution or group of educational

  institutions, which will provide research, consulting,

  technical assistance, capacity building, training, and program

  assistance services to RECI communities.

## (7) FUNDING.--

- (a) To implement the provisions of this act, the

  Department of Children and Family Services is authorized to

  spend up to \$50 million from Temporary Assistance for Needy

  Families (TANF) Block Grant funds pursuant to criteria adopted
  by the WAGES Program State Board of Directors.
- (b) Any expenditure from the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families block grant shall be expended in accordance with the requirements and limitations of Title IV of the Social Security Act, as amended, or any other applicable federal requirement or limitation in law. Prior to any expenditure of such funds, the WAGES Program State Board of Directors and the Secretary of Children and Family Services, or his or her designee, shall certify that controls are in place to ensure that such funds are expended and reported in accordance with the requirements and limitations of federal

law. It shall be the responsibility of any entity to which funds are awarded to obtain the required certification prior to any expenditure of funds.

- (c) Unexpended proceeds derived from a project completed with the use of program funds, beyond the operating costs and debt service, shall be restricted to further expenditures within the element. Use of such unexpended proceeds for purposes other than those authorized by this act is prohibited.
- (d) No more than 5 percent of the funds available under this section may be used by the board or its designated agents to administer and monitor the awards.
- (e) Funds authorized under this section must augment the existing efforts or resources of local communities rather than offset or supplant them.
- (8) The Governor shall notify the President of the United States and the Florida Congressional Delegation of any delays by the federal government affecting the prompt implementation of this section, and enlist their assistance in resolution of such delays. By budget amendment, the Governor shall identify and transfer funds to continue this initiative on schedule, notwithstanding federal delays. With the assistance of the Secretary of Children and Family Services and the Attorney General, the Governor shall then explore administrative and judicial options to gain reimbursement.
  - (9) MONITORING AND REPORTING. --
- (a) The independent entity selected by the WAGES

  Program State Board of Directors to certify compliance by the

  14 communities identified under paragraph (2)(a) shall also

  identify four other similar communities to serve as a control

  group for RECI. The entity must measure performance trends in

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the control group communities, the communities that applied 1 2 for RECI designation but were not selected, and the 3 communities selected to participate in RECI. The four control 4 communities shall be known only to the entity until the 5 completion of the initiative. The entity shall develop, 6 working with the Office of Program Policy Analysis and 7 Government Accountability and the WAGES Program State Board of 8 Directors, criteria by October 1, 1999, to measure the impact 9 of the initiative. Such criteria must include the total 10 revenues generated and invested in RECI communities, and the amount of revenue saved from the retention of WAGES Program 11 participants. 12 13 (b) In addition to a comprehensive final report due 14 February 15, 2002, the WAGES Program State Board of Directors 15 must report to the Governor and Legislature every 6 months beginning January 1, 2000, on the progress of RECI. Reports 16 17 must include tangible impacts of the initiative. The final report shall include recommendations relating to the potential 18 19 development of a RECI program for communities in mid-sized 20 counties. The report must additionally recognize the three 21 most successful RECI communities and designate these communities Florida's "come-back communities." 22 23 Section 4. Paragraph (m) is added to subsection (2) of 24 section 250.10, Florida Statutes, 1998 Supplement, to read: 250.10 Appointment and duties of the Adjutant 25 26 General.--(2) The Adjutant General of the state shall be the 27 Chief of the Department of Military Affairs. He or she shall: 28 29 (m) Subject to annual appropriations, administer youth

About Face programs and adult Forward March programs at sites

to be selected by the Adjutant General.

1. About Face shall establish a summer and a year-round afterschool life-preparation program for economically disadvantaged and at-risk youths from 13 through 17 years of age. Both programs must provide schoolwork assistance, focusing on the skills needed to pass the high school competency test, and also focus on functional life skills, including teaching students to work effectively in groups; providing basic instruction in computer skills; teaching basic problem solving, decision making, and reasoning skills; teaching how the business world and free enterprise work through computer simulations; and teaching home finance and budgeting and other daily living skills. In the afterschool program, students must train in academic study skills and the basic skills that businesses require for employment consideration.

2. The Adjutant General shall provide job-readiness services in the Forward March program for WAGES program participants who are directed to Forward March by local WAGES coalitions. The Forward March program shall provide training on topics that directly relate to the skills required for real-world success. The program shall emphasize functional life skills, computer literacy, interpersonal relationships, critical-thinking skills, business skills, preemployment and work maturity skills, job-search skills, exploring careers activities, how to be a successful and effective employee, and some job-specific skills. The program also shall provide extensive opportunities for participants to practice generic job skills in a supervised work setting. Upon completion of the program, Forward March shall return participants to the local WAGES coalition for placement in a job-placement pool.

Section 5. Notwithstanding the time limitations 1 contained in chapters 212 and 220, Florida Statutes, relating 2 3 to enterprise-zone tax incentives, a business that was 4 purchased in February 1992 within an area of Tampa that 5 received a designation as an enterprise zone under section 6 290.0065, Florida Statutes, effective July 1, 1995, and that 7 was eligible to receive enterprise-zone tax incentives from 8 July 1, 1995, to July 1, 1998, must submit an application for 9 the tax incentives by December 1, 1999. All other requirements of the enterprise zone program apply to such a business. 10 Section 6. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the 11 12 contrary, the governing body of a municipality or a county containing a U.S. Environmental Protection Agency brownfield 13 14 pilot project that was designated as of May 1, 1997, may apply to the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development 15 before December 31, 1999, to amend the boundaries of an 16 17 enterprise zone designated in a municipality or a county containing such brownfield pilot project. The office shall 18 19 approve the application to amend the boundaries of the 20 enterprise zone if the added area does not increase the 21 overall size of the expanded zone more than its original size or 20 square miles, whichever is larger. 22 Section 7. Before December 31, 1999, any municipality 23 an area of which has previously received designation as an 24 25 Enterprise Zone in the population category described in section 290.0065(3)(a)3., Florida Statutes, may create a 26 satellite enterprise zone not exceeding 1.5 square miles in 27 28 area outside of and, notwithstanding anything contained in 29 section 290.0055(4), Florida Statutes, or any other law, in 30 addition to the previously designated enterprise zone boundaries. The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic 31 2.2

Development shall amend the boundaries of the areas previously designated by any such municipality as enterprise zones upon receipt of a resolution adopted by the municipality describing the satellite enterprise zone areas, as long as the additional areas are consistent with the categories, criteria, and limitations imposed by section 290.0055, Florida Statutes. However, the requirements imposed by section 290.0055(4)(d), Florida Statutes, do not apply to such satellite enterprise zone areas.

Section 8. (1) The purpose of this section is to provide for the establishment of individual development accounts (IDAs) in communities targeted by the Retention Enhancing Communities Initiative (RECI) designed to provide families with limited means in these communities an opportunity to accumulate assets, to facilitate and mobilize savings, to promote education, homeownership, and microenterprise development, and to stabilize families and build communities. This section implements the provisions of s. 404(h) of the Social Security Act, as amended, 42 U.S.C. s. 604(h), related to individual development accounts. Nothing in this section is intended to conflict with the provisions of federal law.

- (2) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Individual development account" means an account exclusively for the purpose of paying the qualified expenses of an eligible individual or family in RECI communities. The account is a trust created or organized in this state and funded through periodic contributions by the establishing individual and matched by or through a qualified entity for a qualified purpose.
  - (b) "Qualified entity" means:

- 1. A not-for-profit organization described in s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and exempt from taxation under s. 501(a) of such code; or
- 2. A state or local government agency acting in cooperation with an organization described in subparagraph 1. For purposes of this section, a local WAGES coalition shall be considered a government agency.
- (c) "Financial institution" means an organization authorized to do business under state or federal laws relating to financial institutions, and includes a bank, trust company, savings bank, building and loan association, savings and loan company or association, and credit union.
  - (d) "Eligible educational institution" means:
- 1. An institution described in s. 481(a)(1) or s. 1201(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965, 20 U.S.C. s. 1088(a)(1) or s. 1141(a), as such sections are in effect on the date of the enactment of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Pub. L. No. 104-193.
- 2. An area vocational education school, as defined in s. 521(4)(C) or (D) of the Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Applied Technology Education Act, 20 U.S.C. s. 2471(4), in this state, as such sections are in effect on the date of the enactment of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Pub. L. No. 104-193.
  - (e) "Postsecondary educational expenses" means:
- 1. Tuition and fees required for the enrollment or attendance of a student at an eligible educational institution.
- 2. Fees, books, supplies, and equipment required for courses of instruction at an eligible educational institution.

(f) "Qualified acquisition costs" means the costs of acquiring, constructing, or reconstructing a residence. The term includes any usual or reasonable settlement, financing, or other closing costs in a RECI community.

- (g) "Qualified business" means any business that does not contravene any law or public policy in a RECI community.
- (h) "Qualified business capitalization expenses" means qualified expenditures for the capitalization of a qualified business pursuant to a qualified plan.
- (i) "Qualified expenditures" means expenditures included in a qualified plan, including capital, plant, equipment, working capital, and inventory expenses.
- (j)1. "Qualified first-time homebuyer" means a taxpayer and, if married, the taxpayer's spouse, who has no present ownership interest in a principal residence during the 3-year period ending on the date of acquisition of the principal residence.
- 2. "Date of acquisition" means the date on which a binding contract to acquire, construct, or reconstruct the principal residence is entered into.
- (k) "Qualified plan" means a business plan or a plan
  to use a business asset purchased, which:
- 1. Is approved by a financial institution, a microenterprise development organization, or a nonprofit loan fund having demonstrated fiduciary integrity.
- 2. Includes a description of services or goods to be sold, a marketing plan, and projected financial statements.
- 3. May require the eligible individual to obtain the assistance of an experienced entrepreneurial advisor.
- (1) "Qualified principal residence" means a principal residence, in a RECI community within the meaning of s. 1034

of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, the qualified acquisition costs of which do not exceed 100 percent of the average area purchase price applicable to such residence, determined in accordance with s. 143(e)(2) and (3) of such code.

- (3) The Department of Children and Families shall amend the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families State Plan which was submitted in accordance with s. 402 of the Social Security Act, as amended, 42 U.S.C. s. 602, to provide for the use of funds for individual development accounts in accordance with the provisions of this section.
- (4)(a) Any family in a RECI community subject to time limits and fully complying with work requirements of the WAGES Program that enters into an agreement with an approved fiduciary organization is eligible for participation in an individual development account.
- (b) Contributions to the individual development account by an individual may be derived only from earned income, as defined in s. 911(d)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.
- (c) The individual or family shall enter into an individual development account agreement with a certified fiduciary organization or community-based organization.
- (d) Eligible participants may receive matching funds for contributions to the individual development account, pursuant to the WAGES State Plan and the plan of the local WAGES coalition. When not restricted to the contrary, matching funds may be paid from state and federal funds under the control of the local WAGES coalition, from local agencies, or from private donations.

- (e) Eligible participants may receive bonus payments for program compliance, to the extent provided in the WAGES State Plan and the plan of the local WAGES coalition. Such bonus payments may provide for a matching proportion higher than matching funds described in paragraph (d).
- (5) Individual development accounts may be available once the family no longer receives cash assistance for any of the following uses:
- (a) Postsecondary educational expenses paid from an individual development account directly to an eligible educational institution;
- (b) Qualified acquisition costs with respect to a qualified principal residence in a RECI community for a qualified first-time homebuyer, if paid from an individual development account directly to the persons to whom the amounts are due; or
- (c) Amounts paid from an individual development account directly to a business capitalization account which is established in a federally insured financial institution and is restricted to use solely for qualified business capitalization in a RECI community.
- (6) The WAGES Program State Board of Directors shall establish such policies and procedures as may be necessary to ensure that funds held in an individual development account are not withdrawn except for one or more of the qualified purposes described in this section.
- (7) Fiduciary organizations shall be the local WAGES coalition or other organizations designated by the local WAGES coalition to serve as an intermediary between individual account holders and financial institutions holding accounts.

  Responsibilities of such fiduciary organizations may include

marketing participation, soliciting matching contributions, counseling program participants, and conducting verification and compliance activities.

- (8) The WAGES Program State Board of Directors shall establish penalties and procedures for enforcing compliance with such penalties for the withdrawal of moneys from individual development accounts under false pretenses or for the use of such moneys for other than approved purposes. The fiduciary organization shall make arrangements with the financial institution to impose any penalties or loss of matching funds as specified by the WAGES Program State Board of Directors on moneys withdrawn. The WAGES Program State Board of Directors may, at its discretion, specify conditions under which an account shall be closed.
- (9) The fiduciary organization shall establish a grievance committee and a procedure to hear, review, and decide in writing any grievance made by a holder of an individual development account who disputes a decision of the operating organization that a withdrawal is subject to penalty.
- (10) In the event of an account holder's death, the account may be transferred to the ownership of a contingent beneficiary. An account holder shall name contingent beneficiaries at the time the account is established and may change such beneficiaries at any time.
- (11) Financial institutions approved by the WAGES

  Program State Board of Directors shall be permitted to
  establish individual development accounts pursuant to this
  section. The financial institution shall certify to the local
  WAGES coalition on forms prescribed by the WAGES Program State
  Board of Directors and accompanied by any documentation

required by the WAGES Program State Board of Directors that such accounts have been established pursuant to all provisions of this act and that deposits have been made on behalf of the account holder. A financial institution establishing an individual development account shall:

- (b) Subject to the indicated conditions, permit deposits to be made into the account:
  - 1. By the account holder; or
- 2. By means of contributions made on behalf of the account holder. Such deposits may include moneys to match the account holder's deposits.
- $\underline{\text{(c)}} \ \ \text{Require the account to earn the market rate of} \\ \text{interest.}$
- (d) Permit the account holder to withdraw moneys from the account for any of the permissible uses pursuant to procedures adopted by the WAGES Program State Board of Directors.
- (12) In accordance with s. 404(h)(4) of the Social Security Act, as amended, 42 U.S.C. s. 604(h)(4), and notwithstanding any other provision of law, other than the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, funds in an individual development account, including interest accruing in such account, shall be disregarded in determining eligibility for any federal or state program. Matching contributions paid directly into such account and contributions by an individual from earnings shall similarly be disregarded in determining eligibility for any state or federal program.
- Section 9. Subsection (5) is added to section 218.503, Florida Statutes, to read:

218.503 Determination of financial emergency.--

(5)(a) The governing authority of any municipality with a resident population of 300,000 or more on April 1, 1999, and which has been declared in a state of financial emergency pursuant to this section within the previous 2 fiscal years may impose a discretionary per-vehicle surcharge of up to 20 percent on the gross revenues of the sale, lease, or rental of space at parking facilities within the municipality that are open for use to the general public.

- (b) A municipal governing authority that imposes the surcharge authorized by this subsection may use the proceeds of such surcharge for the following purposes only:
- 1. No less than 60 percent and no more than 80 percent of the surcharge proceeds shall be used by the governing authority to reduce its ad valorem tax millage rate or to reduce or eliminate non-ad valorem assessments.
- 2. A portion of the balance of the surcharge proceeds shall be used by the governing authority to increase its budget reserves; however, the governing authority shall not reduce the amount it allocates for budget reserves from other sources below the amount allocated for reserves in the fiscal year prior to the year in which the surcharge is initially imposed. When a 15 percent budget reserve is achieved, based on the average gross revenue for the most recent 3 prior fiscal years, the remaining proceeds from this subparagraph shall be used for the payment of annual debt service related to outstanding obligations backed or secured by a covenant to budget and appropriate from non-ad valorem revenues.
- (c) This subsection is repealed on June 30, 2006.

  Section 10. Except as otherwise provided in this act, this act shall take effect July 1, 1999.