Florida House of Representatives - 1999 By Representative Hart

A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to criminal law; creating s. 3 90.4051, F.S.; prohibiting consideration of evidence of a defendant's voluntary 4 5 intoxication to determine the existence of a mental state that is an element of a crime; 6 7 creating s. 775.0852, F.S.; requiring that an 8 enhanced penalty be imposed if the victim of a 9 felony is related by lineal consanguinity to the defendant or is the defendant's legal 10 11 quardian; providing an effective date. 12 13 WHEREAS, in Montana v. Egelhoff, 116 S.Ct. 2013 (1996), 14 the United States Supreme Court held that the Due Process 15 Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment was not violated by a 16 Montana law barring a jury in a criminal proceeding from considering evidence of a defendant's voluntary intoxication 17 in determining the existence of a mental state that is an 18 19 element of a crime, and 20 WHEREAS, the court stated that a prohibition on such evidence: accords with studies indicating that as many as half 21 22 of all homicides are committed by intoxicated offenders and suggesting that drunks behave in accord with learned beliefs 23 24 that drunks are violent; deters drunkenness or irresponsible 25 behavior while drunk; ensures that persons incapable of 26 controlling violent impulses while intoxicated will go to 27 prison; and comports with and implements society's moral 28 perception that those who are voluntarily impaired shall be 29 responsible for the consequences of their impairment, and WHEREAS, the Legislature finds that a prohibition on 30 such evidence advances the public interest in holding a 31 1

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defendant accountable for his or her criminal behavior, while 1 2 also comporting with the defendant's right to due process of 3 law, and 4 WHEREAS, it is the intent of the Legislature to 5 prohibit a jury from considering evidence of a defendant's voluntary intoxicated condition in determining whether he or 6 7 she possesses the requisite mental state to commit the crime 8 for which he or she is charged, NOW, THEREFORE, 9 10 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 11 12 Section 1. Section 90.4051, Florida Statutes, is 13 created to read: 14 90.4051 Responsibility; intoxication.--15 (1) Notwithstanding s. 90.803 or any other law, a 16 person who is voluntarily in an intoxicated condition is 17 criminally responsible for his conduct. Voluntary intoxication is not a defense to any offense and may not be taken into 18 consideration in determining the existence of a mental state 19 20 that is an element of the offense. If the defendant, outside the presence of the jury, proves to the court by a 21 22 preponderance of the evidence that he or she did not know that 23 a substance was an intoxicating substance when he or she consumed, smoked, inhaled, injected, or otherwise ingested the 24 intoxicating substance, the court may allow the evidence to be 25 26 submitted to the jury or considered by the court. 27 (2) As used in this section, the term "intoxicating 28 substance" means a substance capable of producing 29 intoxication, and the term "intoxication" means a disturbance of physical or mental capacities resulting from the 30 introduction of a substance into the body. 31

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1 Section 2. Section 775.0852, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 2 3 775.0852 Felony committed against a family member; 4 enhanced penalties .-- The penalty for any felony shall be 5 reclassified as provided in this section if the victim of the felony is related by lineal consanguinity to the defendant or 6 7 if the victim is the defendant's legal guardian. 8 A felony of the third degree shall be punishable (1)as if it were a felony of the second degree. 9 10 (2) A felony of the second degree shall be punishable 11 as if it were a felony of the first degree. 12 (3) A felony of the first degree shall be punishable 13 as if it were a life felony. Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 1999. 14 15 16 17 SENATE SUMMARY Provides that voluntary intoxication is not a defense to any criminal charge and may not be taken into 18 any criminal charge and may not be taken into consideration in determining the existence of a mental state that is an element of the offense. Provides for a showing and introduction of evidence that the accused was unaware, at the time of its ingestion, that a substance is intoxicating. Provides for the penalty imposed for a felony offense to be enhanced by one degree if the victim of the felony is related by lineal consanguinity to the defendant or if the victim is the defendant's legal guardian 19 20 21 22 23 guardian. 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31

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