Florida House of Representatives - 2000

CS/HB 1195

By the Committees on Education/K-12, Education Appropriations and Representatives Lynn, Wise, Turnbull, Henriquez, Greenstein, Chestnut, Alexander, Rayson, Lacasa, Sorensen, Posey, Casey, Harrington, Constantine, Andrews, Fasano and Fiorentino

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to dual enrollment; amending s.
3	229.551, F.S.; clarifying the duty of the
4	Commissioner of Education regarding the common
5	course designation and numbering system for
6	postsecondary education in school districts;
7	revising the membership of the Articulation
8	Coordinating Committee; requiring the
9	Articulation Coordinating Committee to identify
10	and recommend to the State Board of Education
11	postsecondary courses that meet high school
12	graduation requirements; amending s. 232.246,
13	F.S.; providing for the award of credit toward
14	graduation requirements for equivalent courses
15	taken through dual enrollment; prohibiting
16	increased graduation requirements from applying
17	to dual enrollment students; deleting the
18	requirement that certain special instruction be
19	funded from the state compensatory education
20	funds of the district; amending s. 232.2462,
21	F.S.; revising the number of hours that equal
22	one full credit; requiring the Articulation
23	Coordinating Committee to define credit for
24	purposes of articulated acceleration programs;
25	amending s. 236.081, F.S.; providing community
26	college reimbursement for high school student
27	coenrollment, regardless of whether the
28	instruction counts as credit toward high school
29	graduation; removing an obsolete cross
30	reference; amending s. 240.116, F.S.;
31	clarifying the intent of articulated
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1	acceleration programs; clarifying funding for
2	dual enrollment; authorizing community college
3	boards of trustees to adopt additional
4	admissions criteria for dual enrollment
5	programs; providing requirements for such
6	additional requirements; prohibiting a school
7	district from refusing to enter into an
8	agreement with a community college if that
9	community college has the capacity to offer
10	dual enrollment courses; requiring that certain
11	information be provided to students regarding
12	dual enrollment programs; requiring school
13	districts to annually assess and meet the
14	demand for dual enrollment; requiring the
15	Articulation Coordinating Committee to develop
16	a statement containing certain information;
17	providing for distribution of the statement;
18	deleting the requirement that participating in
19	the early admission program be limited to
20	students who have completed a certain number of
21	semesters in secondary school; providing for
22	credit earned by home education students
23	through dual enrollment courses to apply toward
24	the completion of a home education program;
25	authorizing the adoption of rules; amending s.
26	240.1161, F.S.; requiring superintendents of
27	schools and community college presidents to
28	jointly develop and implement comprehensive
29	articulated acceleration programs; requiring
30	district interinstitutional articulation
31	agreements to include additional provisions
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1	regarding dual enrollment programs; requiring
2	the Articulation Coordinating Committee to
3	review articulation agreements and certify
4	common course code numbers of postsecondary
5	courses that meet high school graduation
6	requirements; requiring the Articulation
7	Coordinating Committee, rather than the
8	Department of Education, to approve courses for
9	inclusion in the dual enrollment program that
10	are contained within the common course
11	designation and numbering system; requiring the
12	Department of Education to provide the
13	Articulation Coordinating Committee with staff
14	support and resources; authorizing the adoption
15	of rules; providing an effective date.
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17	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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19	Section 1. Paragraph (f) of subsection (1) of section
20	229.551, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
21	229.551 Educational management
22	(1) The department is directed to identify all
23	functions which under the provisions of this act contribute
24	to, or comprise a part of, the state system of educational
25	accountability and to establish within the department the
26	necessary organizational structure, policies, and procedures
27	for effectively coordinating such functions. Such policies and
28	procedures shall clearly fix and delineate responsibilities
29	for various aspects of the system and for overall coordination
30	of the total system. The commissioner shall perform the
31	following duties and functions:
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(f) Development and coordination of a common course 1 2 designation and numbering system for postsecondary and dual 3 enrollment education in school districts, community colleges, 4 participating nonpublic postsecondary education institutions, 5 and the State University System which will improve program 6 planning, increase communication among all postsecondary 7 delivery systems, and facilitate student acceleration and the 8 transfer of students. The system shall not encourage or require course content prescription or standardization or 9 uniform course testing, and the continuing maintenance of the 10 11 system shall be accomplished by appropriate faculty committees 12 representing public and participating nonpublic institutions. 13 The Articulation Coordinating Committee, whose membership 14 represents public and nonpublic postsecondary institutions, 15 shall:

1. Identify the highest demand degree programs within
 17 the State University System.

18 2. Conduct a study of courses offered by universities 19 and accepted for credit toward a degree. The study shall 20 identify courses designated as either general education or 21 required as a prerequisite for a degree. The study shall also 22 identify these courses as upper-division level or 23 lower-division level.

3. Appoint faculty committees representing both community college and university faculties to recommend a single level for each course included in the common course numbering and designation system. Any course designated as an upper-division level course must be characterized by a need for advanced academic preparation and skills that a student would be unlikely to achieve without significant prior coursework. A course that is offered as part of an associate

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in science degree program and as an upper-division course for 1 2 a baccalaureate degree shall be designated for both the lower 3 and upper division. Of the courses required for each baccalaureate degree, at least half of the credit hours 4 5 required for the degree shall be achievable through courses б designated as lower-division courses, except in degree 7 programs approved by the Board of Regents pursuant to s. 8 240.209(5)(e). A course designated as lower-division may be 9 offered by any community college. The Articulation Coordinating Committee shall recommend to the State Board of 10 Education the levels for the courses. The common course 11 12 numbering and designation system shall include the courses at 13 the recommended levels, and, by fall semester of 1996, the 14 registration process at each state university and community college shall include the courses at their designated levels 15 16 and common course numbers.

4. Appoint faculty committees representing both 17 community college and university faculties to recommend those 18 19 courses identified to meet general education requirements 20 within the subject areas of communication, mathematics, social sciences, humanities, and natural sciences. The Articulation 21 22 Coordinating Committee shall recommend to the State Board of Education those courses identified to meet these general 23 education requirements by their common course code number. All 24 25 community colleges and state universities shall accept these 26 general education courses.

5. Appoint faculty committees representing both
 community colleges and universities to recommend common
 prerequisite courses and identify course substitutions when
 common prerequisites cannot be established for degree programs
 across all institutions. Faculty work groups shall adopt a

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strategy for addressing significant differences in 1 2 prerequisites, including course substitutions. The Board of 3 Regents shall be notified by the Articulation Coordinating Committee when significant differences remain. Common degree 4 5 program prerequisites shall be offered and accepted by all б state universities and community colleges, except in cases 7 approved by the Board of Regents pursuant to s. 240.209(5)(f). 8 The Board of Regents shall work with the State Board of Community Colleges on the development of a centralized 9 database containing the list of courses and course 10 11 substitutions that meet the prerequisite requirements for each 12 baccalaureate degree program. + 13 6. Appoint faculty committees representing public 14 school, community college, and university faculties to 15 identify postsecondary courses that meet the high school graduation requirements of s. 232.246, and to establish the 16 number of postsecondary semester credit hours of instruction 17 and equivalent high school credits earned through dual 18 enrollment pursuant to s. 240.116 that are necessary to meet 19 20 high school graduation requirements. Such equivalencies shall be determined solely on comparable course content and not on 21 22 seat-time traditionally allocated to such courses in high 23 school. The Articulation Coordinating Committee shall 24 recommend to the State Board of Education those courses identified to meet high school graduation requirements, based 25 26 on mastery of course outcomes, by their common course code 27 number, and all high schools shall accept these postsecondary 28 education courses toward meeting the requirements of s. 29 232.246; 30 31

Section 2. Subsection (1), paragraph (c) of subsection 1 2 (4), and subsection (9) of section 232.246, Florida Statutes, 3 are amended to read: 4 232.246 General requirements for high school 5 graduation.--6 (1) Graduation requires successful completion of 7 either a minimum of 24 academic credits in grades 9 through 12 8 or an International Baccalaureate curriculum. The 24 credits shall be distributed as follows: 9 (a) Four credits in English, with major concentration 10 11 in composition and literature. 12 (b) Three credits in mathematics. Effective for 13 students entering the 9th grade in the 1997-1998 school year 14 and thereafter, one of these credits must be Algebra I, a series of courses equivalent to Algebra I, or a higher-level 15 16 mathematics course. (c) Three credits in science, two of which must have a 17 18 laboratory component. The State Board of Education may grant 19 an annual waiver of the laboratory requirement to a school 20 district that certifies that its laboratory facilities are 21 inadequate, provided the district submits a capital outlay 22 plan to provide adequate facilities and makes the funding of this plan a priority of the school board. 23 24 (d) One credit in American history. (e) One credit in world history, including a 25 26 comparative study of the history, doctrines, and objectives of 27 all major political systems. 28 (f) One-half credit in economics, including a comparative study of the history, doctrines, and objectives of 29 all major economic systems. The Florida Council on Economic 30 31 Education shall provide technical assistance to the department 7

and local school boards in developing curriculum materials for
 the study of economics.

3 (g) One-half credit in American government, including 4 study of the Constitution of the United States. For students 5 entering the 9th grade in the 1997-1998 school year and б thereafter, the study of Florida government, including study 7 of the State Constitution, the three branches of state 8 government, and municipal and county government, shall be included as part of the required study of American government. 9 10 (h)1. One credit in practical arts career education or

exploratory career education. Any vocational course as defined in s. 228.041(22) may be taken to satisfy the high school graduation requirement for one credit in practical arts or exploratory career education provided in this subparagraph;

15 2. One credit in performing fine arts to be selected 16 from music, dance, drama, painting, or sculpture. A course in 17 any art form, in addition to painting or sculpture, that 18 requires manual dexterity, or a course in speech and debate, 19 may be taken to satisfy the high school graduation requirement 20 for one credit in performing arts pursuant to this 21 subparagraph; or

3. One-half credit each in practical arts career
education or exploratory career education and performing fine
arts, as defined in this paragraph.

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Such credit for practical arts career education or exploratory career education or for performing fine arts shall be made available in the 9th grade, and students shall be scheduled into a 9th grade course as a priority.

30 (i) One-half credit in life management skills to31 include consumer education, positive emotional development,

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marriage and relationship skill-based education, nutrition, 1 2 prevention of human immunodeficiency virus infection and 3 acquired immune deficiency syndrome and other sexually transmissible diseases, benefits of sexual abstinence and 4 5 consequences of teenage pregnancy, information and instruction on breast cancer detection and breast self-examination, 6 7 cardiopulmonary resuscitation, drug education, and the hazards 8 of smoking. Such credit shall be given for a course to be 9 taken by all students in either the 9th or 10th grade. 10 (j) One credit in physical education to include assessment, improvement, and maintenance of personal fitness. 11 Participation in an interscholastic sport at the junior 12 13 varsity or varsity level, for two full seasons, shall satisfy 14 the one-credit requirement in physical education if the student passes a competency test on personal fitness with a 15 score of "C" or better. The competency test on personal 16 fitness must be developed by the Department of Education. A 17 18 school board may not require that the one credit in physical 19 education be taken during the 9th grade year. 20 (k) Eight and one-half elective credits. 21 22 School boards may award a maximum of one-half credit in social studies and one-half elective credit for student completion of 23 nonpaid voluntary community or school service work. Students 24 choosing this option must complete a minimum of 75 hours of 25 26 service in order to earn the one-half credit in either 27 category of instruction. Credit may not be earned for service 28 provided as a result of court action. School boards that 29 approve the award of credit for student volunteer service shall develop quidelines regarding the award of the credit, 30 31 and school principals are responsible for approving specific 9

volunteer activities. A course designated in the Course Code 1 2 Directory as grade 9 through grade 12 which is taken below the 3 9th grade may be used to satisfy high school graduation requirements or Florida Academic Scholars award requirements 4 5 as specified in a district's pupil progression plan. A student б shall be granted credit toward meeting the requirements of 7 this subsection for equivalent courses, as identified pursuant 8 to s. 229.551(1)(f)6., taken through dual enrollment. 9 (4) 10 (c) District school boards are authorized and 11 encouraged to establish requirements for high school 12 graduation in excess of the minimum requirements; however, an 13 increase in academic credit or minimum grade point average 14 requirements shall not apply to those students enrolled in grades 9 through 12 at the time the district school board 15 16 increases the requirements. In addition, any increase in academic credit or minimum grade point average requirements 17 shall not apply to a student who earns credit toward the 18 19 graduation requirements of this section for equivalent courses 20 taken through dual enrollment. (9) A student who meets all requirements prescribed in 21 22 subsections (1), (4), and (5) shall be awarded a standard diploma in a form prescribed by the state board. A school 23 24 board may attach the Florida gold seal vocational endorsement 25 to a standard diploma or, instead of the standard diploma, 26 award differentiated diplomas to those exceeding the 27 prescribed minimums. A student who completes the minimum 28 number of credits and other requirements prescribed by subsections (1) and (4), but who is unable to meet the 29 standards of paragraph (5)(a), paragraph (5)(b), or paragraph 30 (5)(c), shall be awarded a certificate of completion in a form 31 10

prescribed by the state board. However, any student who is 1 2 otherwise entitled to a certificate of completion may elect to 3 remain in the secondary school either as a full-time student or a part-time student for up to 1 additional year and receive 4 5 special instruction designed to remedy his or her identified deficiencies. This special instruction shall be funded from 6 7 the state compensatory education funds of the district. 8 Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 232.2462, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 9 232.2462 Definition of "credit".--10 11 (1)(a) For the purposes of requirements for high 12 school graduation, one full credit means a minimum of 135 150 13 hours of bona fide instruction in a designated course of study 14 which contains student performance standards as provided for in s. 232.2454. The Articulation Coordinating Committee shall 15 16 determine the number of postsecondary Six semester credit 17 hours of instruction which are earned through dual enrollment pursuant to s. 240.116 and which satisfy the requirements of a 18 district's interinstitutional articulation agreement according 19 20 to s. 240.1161 that also equal one full credit of the equivalent high school course identified pursuant to s. 21 22 229.551(1)(f)6. 23 Section 4. Paragraphs (h) and (i) of subsection (1) of 24 section 236.081, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 25 236.081 Funds for operation of schools.--If the annual 26 allocation from the Florida Education Finance Program to each 27 district for operation of schools is not determined in the 28 annual appropriations act or the substantive bill implementing 29 the annual appropriations act, it shall be determined as 30 follows: 31

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COMPUTATION OF THE BASIC AMOUNT TO BE INCLUDED FOR 1 (1) 2 OPERATION. -- The following procedure shall be followed in 3 determining the annual allocation to each district for 4 operation: 5 (h) Coenrollment Instruction outside required number б of school days.--Students in grades 9 through 12 may be 7 counted as full-time equivalent students for instruction 8 provided outside the required school days or year if such 9 instruction counts as credit toward high school graduation. However, If a high school student wishes to earn high school 10 11 credits from a community college and enrolls in one or more 12 adult secondary education courses at the community college, 13 the community college shall be reimbursed for the costs 14 incurred because of the high school student's coenrollment as 15 provided in the General Appropriations Act. (i) Instruction in family and consumer 16 sciences.--Students in grades K through 12 who are enrolled 17 for more than six semesters in practical arts family and 18 19 consumer sciences courses as defined in s. 228.041(22)(a)4. 20 may not be counted as full-time equivalent students for this 21 instruction. 22 Section 5. Subsections (1), (2), and (3), and paragraph (a) of subsection (7) of section 240.116, Florida 23 24 Statutes, are amended, and subsection (8) is added to said section, to read: 25 26 240.116 Articulated acceleration.--27 (1) It is the intent of the Legislature that a variety 28 of articulated acceleration mechanisms be available for 29 secondary and postsecondary students attending public educational institutions. It is intended that articulated 30 31 acceleration serve to shorten the time necessary for a student 12

to complete the requirements associated with the conference of 1 2 a high school diploma and a postsecondary degree, broaden the 3 scope of curricular options available to students, or increase the depth of study available for a particular subject. It is 4 5 the intent of the Legislature that students who meet the 6 eligibility requirements of this subsection and who choose to 7 participate in dual enrollment programs be exempt from the 8 payment of registration, matriculation, and laboratory fees. 9 Such fees for dually enrolled students shall be reimbursed to 10 participating postsecondary institutions as provided annually 11 in the General Appropriations Act. However, a postsecondary 12 institution that earns dual enrollment FTE funds from the 13 Florida Education Finance Program as a charter school shall 14 not be eligible for the tuition reimbursement.Articulated acceleration mechanisms shall include, but not be limited to, 15 16 dual enrollment, early admission, advanced placement, credit by examination, and the International Baccalaureate Program. 17 The State Board of Education shall adopt rules for any dual 18 19 enrollment programs involving requirements for high school 20 graduation.

(2)(a)1. The dual enrollment program is the enrollment 21 22 of an eligible secondary student in a postsecondary course creditable toward a vocational certificate or an associate or 23 baccalaureate degree. For the purpose of this subparagraph, 24 an eligible secondary student is a student who is enrolled in 25 26 a Florida public secondary school or in a Florida nonpublic 27 secondary school which is in compliance with s. 229.808 and 28 conducts a secondary curriculum pursuant to s. 232.246. 29 Students enrolled in postsecondary instruction that is not creditable toward the high school diploma shall not be 30 31 classified as dual enrollments. Students who are eligible for

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dual enrollment pursuant to this section shall be permitted to 1 2 enroll in dual enrollment courses may take courses conducted 3 during school hours, after school hours, and during the summer term. Instructional time for such enrollment may exceed 900 4 5 hours; however, the school district may only report the б student for a maximum of 1.0 FTE, as provided in s. 7 236.013(5). Any student so enrolled is exempt from the payment 8 of registration, matriculation, and laboratory fees. With the 9 exception of vocational-preparatory instruction, college-preparatory instruction and other forms of 10 precollegiate instruction, as well as physical education 11 12 courses that focus on the physical execution of a skill rather 13 than the intellectual attributes of the activity, are 14 ineligible for inclusion in the dual enrollment program. Recreation and leisure studies courses shall be evaluated 15 16 individually in the same manner as physical education courses for potential inclusion in the program. 17 The Department of Education shall adopt guidelines 18 2. 19 designed to achieve comparability across school districts of 20 both student qualifications and teacher qualifications for dual enrollment courses. Student qualifications must 21 demonstrate readiness for college-level coursework if the 22 student is to be enrolled in college courses. Student 23 qualifications must demonstrate readiness for vocational-level 24 25 coursework if the student is to be enrolled in vocational 26 courses. In addition to the common placement examination, 27 student qualifications for enrollment in college credit dual 28 enrollment courses must include a 3.0 unweighted grade point 29 average, and student qualifications for enrollment in vocational certificate dual enrollment courses must include a 30 31 2.0 unweighted grade point average. Exceptions to the required 14

grade point averages may be granted if the educational 1 2 entities agree and the terms of the agreement are contained within the dual enrollment interinstitutional articulation 3 agreement. Community college boards of trustees may establish 4 additional admissions criteria, which shall be included in the 5 6 district interinstitutional articulation agreement developed 7 according to s. 240.1161, to ensure student readiness for 8 postsecondary instruction. Additional requirements included in 9 the agreement shall not arbitrarily prohibit students who have 10 demonstrated the ability to master advanced courses from participating in dual enrollment courses. School districts may 11 12 not refuse to enter into an agreement with a local community 13 college if that community college has the capacity to offer 14 dual enrollment courses. 15 (b) Vocational dual enrollment shall be provided as a 16 curricular option for secondary students to pursue in order to earn a series of elective credits toward the high school 17 diploma. However, vocational dual enrollment shall not 18 19 supplant student acquisition of the diploma. Vocational dual 20 enrollment shall be available for secondary students seeking a degree or certificate from a complete job-preparatory program, 21 but shall not sustain student enrollment in isolated 22 vocational courses. It is the intent of the Legislature that 23 vocational dual enrollment be implemented as a positive 24 measure. The provision of a comprehensive academic and 25 26 vocational dual enrollment program within the 27 vocational-technical center or community college is supportive 28 of legislative intent; however, such provision is not 29 mandatory. (c)1. Each school district shall inform all secondary 30 students of dual enrollment as an educational option and 31 15

mechanism for acceleration. Students shall be informed of 1 2 eligibility criteria, the option for taking dual enrollment courses beyond the regular school year, and the 24 minimum 3 academic credits required for graduation. School districts 4 5 shall annually assess the demand for dual enrollment and other б advanced courses and the district school board shall consider 7 strategies and programs to meet that demand. 8 2. The Articulation Coordinating Committee shall 9 develop a statement on transfer guarantees that will inform students, prior to enrollment in a dual enrollment course, of 10 11 the potential for the dual enrollment course to articulate as 12 an elective or a general education course into a postsecondary 13 education certificate or degree program. The statement shall 14 be provided to each district superintendent of schools, who 15 shall include the statement in the information provided to all 16 secondary students required pursuant to this paragraph. The statement may also include additional information including, 17 but not limited to, dual enrollment options, guarantees, 18 19 privileges, and responsibilities. 20 (3) Early admission shall be a form of dual enrollment through which eligible secondary students enroll in a 21 postsecondary institution on a full-time basis in courses that 22 23 are creditable toward the high school diploma and the 24 associate or baccalaureate degree. Participation in the early 25 admission program shall be limited to students who have 26 completed a minimum of 6 semesters of full-time secondary 27 enrollment, including studies undertaken in the ninth grade. 28 Students enrolled pursuant to this subsection shall be exempt 29 from the payment of registration, matriculation, and 30 laboratory fees. 31

1 (7)(a) It is the intent of the Legislature to provide 2 articulated acceleration mechanisms for students who are in home education programs, as defined in s. 228.041(34), 3 consistent with the educational opportunities available to 4 5 public and private secondary school students. Home education б students may participate in dual enrollment, vocational dual 7 enrollment, early admission, and credit by examination. Credit 8 earned by home education students through dual enrollment 9 shall apply toward the completion of a home education program that meets the requirements of s. 232.0201. 10 11 (8) The State Board of Education may adopt rules 12 necessary to implement the provisions of this section pursuant 13 to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54. 14 Section 6. Subsections (1), (4), and (6), and paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 240.1161, Florida 15 16 Statutes, are amended, and subsections (7) and (8) are added to said section, to read: 17 240.1161 District interinstitutional articulation 18 19 agreements.--20 (1) Superintendents of schools and community college presidents shall jointly develop and implement are responsible 21 22 for the development and implementation of a comprehensive articulated acceleration program for the students enrolled in 23 their respective school districts and service areas. Within 24 this general responsibility, each superintendent and president 25 26 shall develop a comprehensive interinstitutional articulation 27 agreement for the school district and community college that 28 serves the school district. The superintendent and president 29 shall establish an articulation committee for the purpose of developing this agreement. Each state university president is 30 31 encouraged to designate a university representative to

participate in the development of the interinstitutional 1 2 articulation agreements for each school district within the 3 university service area. 4 (2) The district interinstitutional articulation 5 agreement for each school year must be completed before high б school registration for the fall term of the following school 7 year. The agreement must include, but is not limited to, the 8 following components: 9 (b)1. A delineation of courses and programs available 10 to students eligible to participate in composed of dual 11 enrollment. 12 2. A delineation of the process by which students and 13 their parents are informed about opportunities to participate 14 in articulated acceleration programs. 15 3. A delineation of the process by which students and 16 their parents exercise their option to participate in an 17 articulated acceleration program. 4. A delineation of high school credits earned for 18 19 completion of each dual enrollment course. 20 5. Provision for postsecondary courses that meet the criteria for inclusion in a district articulated acceleration 21 22 program to be counted toward meeting the graduation requirements of s. 232.246. 23 24 6.2. An identification of eligibility criteria for 25 student participation in dual enrollment courses and programs. 26 7.3. A delineation of institutional responsibilities 27 regarding student screening prior to enrollment and monitoring 28 student performance subsequent to enrollment in dual 29 enrollment courses and programs. 8.4. An identification of the criteria by which the 30 31 quality of dual enrollment courses and programs are to be 18

judged and a delineation of institutional responsibilities for 1 2 the maintenance of instructional quality. 3 9.5. A delineation of institutional responsibilities for assuming the cost of dual enrollment courses and programs 4 5 that includes such responsibilities for student instructional б materials. 7 10.6. An identification of responsibility for 8 providing student transportation if the dual enrollment instruction is conducted at a facility other than the high 9 10 school campus. 11 11.7. A delineation of the process for converting 12 college credit hours earned through dual enrollment and early 13 admission programs to high school credit based on mastery of 14 course outcomes as determined by the Articulation Coordinating Committee in accordance with s. 229.551(1)(f)6. 15 16 (4) The Articulation Coordinating Committee shall 17 review each articulation agreement and certify the common course code number of postsecondary courses that meet each 18 district's graduation requirements. Courses and programs may 19 20 be added to or deleted from the district interinstitutional 21 articulation agreement at any time. Such additions and 22 deletions must be mutually approved by the superintendent of 23 schools and community college president before incorporation into the agreement. 24 (6) The Articulation Coordinating Committee Department 25 of Education shall approve any course for inclusion in the 26 27 dual enrollment program that is contained within the common 28 course designation and numbering system. However, 29 college-preparatory and other forms of precollegiate instruction, and physical education and other courses that 30 31 focus on the physical execution of a skill rather than the 19

intellectual attributes of the activity, may not be so approved, but must be evaluated individually for potential inclusion in the dual enrollment program. (7) The Department of Education shall provide the Articulation Coordinating Committee with the staff support and resources necessary to implement the provisions of this section. (8) The State Board of Education may adopt rules necessary to implement the provisions of this section pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54. Section 7. This act shall take effect July 1, 2000.