1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to condominium associations;
3	amending s. 718.115, F.S.; authorizing
4	condominium households receiving supplemental
5	security income or food stamps to discontinue
6	cable television service without fees,
7	penalties, or service charges; amending s.
8	718.103, F.S.; revising definitions; providing
9	an additional definition; amending s. 718.104,
10	F.S.; changing from 30 business days to 120
11	calendar days the requirement to file recorded
12	documents; providing additional requirements
13	for a declaration of condominium; providing for
14	determining the percentage share of liability
15	for common expenses and ownership; amending s.
16	718.106, F.S.; providing for the right to
17	assign exclusive use; providing for the right
18	to seek election; amending s. 718.110, F.S.;
19	clarifying requirements for amending and
20	recording the declaration of condominium;
21	providing for determining the percentage share
22	of liability for common expenses and ownership
23	for purposes of condominiums comprising a
24	multicondominium development; amending s.
25	718.111, F.S.; clarifying an attorney-client
26	privilege; revising requirements for financial
27	reporting; authorizing certain financial
28	statements in lieu of reports; deleting
29	requirements for financial statements; revising
30	certain limitations on the commingling of funds
31	maintained in the name of a condominium

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1	association or multicondominium; amending s.
2	718.112, F.S.; revising requirements for budget
3	meetings; requiring separate budgets for
4	condominiums and associations; providing
5	conditions under which a multicondominium
6	association may waive or reduce its funding of
7	reserves; amending s. 718.113, F.S.; providing
8	certain limitations on making material
9	alterations or additions to multicondominiums;
10	providing a procedure for approving an
11	alteration or addition if not provided for in
12	the bylaws; revising requirements for
13	condominium boards with respect to installing
14	and maintaining hurricane shutters; specifying
15	expenses that constitute common expenses of a
16	multicondominium association; providing for an
17	association's bylaws to allow certain
18	educational expenses of the officers or
19	directors to be a permitted common expense;
20	amending s. 718.115, F.S.; providing for
21	determining the common surplus owned by a unit
22	owner of a multicondominium; amending s.
23	718.116, F.S.; revising circumstances under
24	which a developer may be excused from paying
25	certain common expenses and assessments;
26	providing for the developer's obligation for
27	such expenses with respect to a
28	multicondominium association; amending s.
29	718.117, F.S.; providing that certain
30	requirements governing the termination of a
31	condominium are inapplicable to the merger of a
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1	condominium with one or more other	
2	condominiums; amending s. 718.403, F.S.;	
3	changing from 30 working days to 120 calendar	
4	days the requirement to file recorded	
5	documents; creating s. 718.405, F.S.; providing	
6	for the creation of multicondominiums;	
7	providing requirements for the declaration of	
8	condominium; providing for the merger or	
9	consolidation of condominium associations;	
10	repealing s. 718.5019, F.S.; relating to the	
11	Advisory Council on Condominiums; amending s.	
12	718.504, F.S.; providing requirements for the	
13	prospectus or offering circular for a	
14	condominium that is or may become part of a	
15	multicondominium; amending s. 721.13, F.S.;	
16	correcting a cross reference; repealing s.	
17	718.501(1)(j), F.S., relating to uniform	
18	accounting principles, policies, and standards	
19	required to be adopted by the Division of	
20	Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, and Mobile	
21	Homes of the Department of Business and	
22	Professional Regulation; providing an effective	
23	date.	
24		
25	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:	
26		
27	Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section	
28	718.115, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:	
29	718.115 Common expenses and common surplus	
30	(1)	
31		
	3	
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(b) If so provided in the declaration, the cost of a 1 2 master antenna television system or duly franchised cable 3 television service obtained pursuant to a bulk contract shall 4 be deemed a common expense. If the declaration does not 5 provide for the cost of a master antenna television system or 6 duly franchised cable television service obtained under a bulk 7 contract as a common expense, the board of administration may enter into such a contract, and the cost of the service will 8 9 be a common expense but allocated on a per-unit basis rather than a percentage basis if the declaration provides for other 10 than an equal sharing of common expenses, and any contract 11 12 entered into before July 1, 1998, in which the cost of the service is not equally divided among all unit owners, may be 13 14 changed by vote of a majority of the voting interests present 15 at a regular or special meeting of the association, to 16 allocate the cost equally among all units. The contract shall 17 be for a term of not less than 2 years. 18 Any contract made by the board after the effective 1. 19 date hereof for a community antenna system or duly franchised cable television service may be canceled by a majority of the 20 voting interests present at the next regular or special 21 22 meeting of the association. Any member may make a motion to 23 cancel said contract, but if no motion is made or if such motion fails to obtain the required majority at the next 24

25 regular or special meeting, whichever is sooner, following the 26 making of the contract, then such contract shall be deemed 27 ratified for the term therein expressed.

28 2. Any such contract shall provide, and shall be
 29 deemed to provide if not expressly set forth, that any hearing
 30 impaired or legally blind unit owner who does not occupy the
 31 unit with a non-hearing-impaired or sighted person, or any

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unit owner receiving supplemental security income under Title 1 2 XVI of the Social Security Act or food stamps as administered 3 by the Department of Children and Family Services pursuant to 4 s. 414.31, may discontinue the service without incurring 5 disconnect fees, penalties, or subsequent service charges, and 6 as to such units, the owners shall not be required to pay any 7 common expenses charge related to such service. If less than 8 all members of an association share the expenses of cable 9 television, the expense shall be shared equally by all participating unit owners. The association may use the 10 provisions of s. 718.116 to enforce payment of the shares of 11 12 such costs by the unit owners receiving cable television. Section 2. Section 718.103, Florida Statutes, is 13 14 amended to read: 15 718.103 Definitions.--As used in this chapter, the 16 term: "Assessment" means a share of the funds which are 17 (1)required for the payment of common expenses, which from time 18 19 to time is assessed against the unit owner. 20 (2) "Association" means, in addition to any entity those entities responsible for the operation of common 21 elements owned in undivided shares by unit owners, any entity 22 23 which operates or maintains other real property in which condominium unit owners have use rights, where unit owner 24 membership in the entity is composed exclusively of 25 26 condominium unit owners or their elected or appointed 27 representatives, and where membership in the entity is a required condition of unit ownership. 28 29 "Association property" means that property, real (3) 30 and personal, which is owned or leased by, or is dedicated by 31 5

1 a recorded plat to, the association for the use and benefit of 2 its members.

3 (4) "Board of administration" or "board" means the
4 board of directors or other representative body which is
5 responsible for administration of the association.

6 (5) "Buyer" means a person who purchases a condominium
7 <u>unit</u>. The term "purchaser" may be used interchangeably with
8 the term "buyer."

9 (6) "Bylaws" means the bylaws of the association as 10 they are amended exist from time to time.

(7) "Committee" means a group of board members, unit owners, or board members and unit owners appointed by the board or a member of the board to make recommendations to the board regarding the <u>proposed annual</u> association budget or <u>to</u> take action on behalf of the board.

16 (8) "Common elements" means the portions of the 17 condominium property which are not included in the units.

18 (9) "Common expenses" means all expenses and 19 assessments which are properly incurred by the association <u>in</u> 20 <u>the performance of its duties</u>, including expenses specified in 21 s. 718.115 for the condominium.

(10) "Common surplus" means the <u>amount</u> excess of all receipts <u>or revenues</u>, of the association collected on behalf of a condominium (including, but not limited to, assessments, rents, <u>or</u> profits, collected by a condominium association which exceeds, and revenues on account of the common elements) over the common expenses.

(11) "Condominium" means that form of ownership of real property which is created pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, which is comprised <u>entirely</u> of units that may be owned by one or more persons, and in which there is,

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appurtenant to each unit, an undivided share in common
 elements.

3 (12) "Condominium parcel" means a unit, together with 4 the undivided share in the common elements which is 5 appurtenant to the unit.

6 (13) "Condominium property" means the lands,
7 leaseholds, and personal property that are subjected to
8 condominium ownership, whether or not contiguous, and all
9 improvements thereon and all easements and rights appurtenant
10 thereto intended for use in connection with the condominium.

"Conspicuous type" means bold type in capital 11 (14)12 letters no smaller than the largest type, exclusive of headings, on the page on which it appears and, in all cases, 13 14 at least 10-point type. Where conspicuous type is required, 15 it must be separated on all sides from other type and print. Conspicuous type may be used in a contract contracts for 16 17 purchase and sale of a unit, a lease of a unit for more than 5 years, or a prospectus or offering circular public offering 18 19 statements only where required by law.

20 (15) "Declaration" or "declaration of condominium" 21 means the instrument or instruments by which a condominium is 22 created, as they are from time to time amended.

23 "Developer" means a person who creates a (16) condominium or offers condominium parcels for sale or lease in 24 25 the ordinary course of business, but does not include an owner 26 or lessee of a condominium or cooperative unit who has acquired the unit for his or her own occupancy, nor does it 27 include a cooperative association which creates a condominium 28 29 by conversion of an existing residential cooperative after control of the association has been transferred to the unit 30 owners if, following the conversion, the unit owners will be 31

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1 the same persons who were unit owners of the cooperative and 2 no units are offered for sale or lease to the public as part 3 of the plan of conversion.

4 (17) "Division" means the Division of Florida Land
5 Sales, Condominiums, and Mobile Homes of the Department of
6 Business and Professional Regulation.

7 (18) "Land" means, unless otherwise defined in the 8 declaration as hereinafter provided, the surface of a legally 9 described parcel of real property and includes, unless otherwise specified in the declaration and whether separate 10 from or including such surface, airspace lying above and 11 12 subterranean space lying below such surface. However, if so defined in the declaration, the term "land" may mean all or 13 14 any portion of the airspace or subterranean space between two 15 legally identifiable elevations and may exclude the surface of 16 a parcel of real property and may mean any combination of the 17 foregoing, whether or not contiguous.

18 (19) "Limited common elements" means those common 19 elements which are reserved for the use of a certain 20 condominium unit or units to the exclusion of <u>all</u> other units, 21 as specified in the declaration of condominium.

22 (20) "Multicondominium" means a real estate
23 development containing two or more condominiums all of which
24 are operated by the same association.

25 <u>(21)(20)</u> "Operation" or "operation of the condominium" 26 includes the administration and management of the condominium 27 property.

28 (22)(21) "Rental agreement" means any written 29 agreement, or oral agreement if for less duration than 1 year, 30 providing for use and occupancy of premises.

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(23)(22) "Residential condominium" means a condominium 1 2 consisting of two or more condominium units, any of which are 3 intended for use as a private temporary or permanent 4 residence, except that a condominium is not a residential 5 condominium if the use for which the units are intended is primarily commercial or industrial and not more than three 6 7 units are intended to be used for private residence, and are 8 intended to be used as housing for maintenance, managerial, 9 janitorial, or other operational staff of the condominium. With respect to a condominium that is not a timeshare 10 condominium, a residential unit includes a unit intended as a 11 12 private temporary or permanent residence as well as a unit not intended for commercial or industrial use. With respect to a 13 14 timeshare condominium, the timeshare instrument as defined in s. 721.05(30) shall govern the intended use of each unit in 15 the condominium. If a condominium is a residential condominium 16 but contains units intended to be used for commercial or 17 industrial purposes, then, with respect to those units which 18 19 are not intended for or used as private residences, the condominium is not a residential condominium. A condominium 20 which contains both commercial and residential units is a 21 mixed-use condominium and is subject to the requirements of s. 22 23 718.404. (24)(23) "Special assessment" means any assessment 24 25 levied against a unit owner owners other than the assessment 26 required by a budget adopted annually.

27 <u>(25)(24)</u> "Timeshare estate" means any interest in a 28 unit under which the exclusive right of use, possession, or 29 occupancy of the unit circulates among the various purchasers 30 of a timeshare plan pursuant to chapter 721 on a recurring 31 basis for a period of time.

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(26)(25) "Timeshare unit" means a unit in which 1 2 timeshare estates have been created. 3 (27) (26) "Unit" means a part of the condominium property which is subject to exclusive ownership. A unit may 4 5 be in improvements, land, or land and improvements together, 6 as specified in the declaration. 7 (28)(27) "Unit owner" or "owner of a unit" means a 8 record owner of legal title to a condominium parcel. 9 (29)(28) "Voting certificate" means a document which designates one of the record title owners, or the corporate, 10 partnership, or entity representative, who is authorized to 11 vote on behalf of a condominium unit that is owned by more 12 13 than one owner or by any entity. 14 (30)(29) "Voting interests interest" means the voting 15 rights distributed to the association members pursuant to s. 718.104(4)(i). In a multicondominium association, the voting 16 17 interests of the association are the voting rights distributed to the unit owners in all condominiums operated by the 18 19 association. On matters related to a specific condominium in 20 a multicondominium association, the voting interests of the 21 condominium are the voting rights distributed to the unit owners in that condominium. 22 23 Section 3. Subsection (2) and paragraphs (f) and (g) of subsection (4) of section 718.104, Florida Statutes, are 24 amended, and paragraph (h) is added to subsection (4), to 25 26 read: 718.104 Creation of condominiums; contents of 27 declaration .-- Every condominium created in this state shall be 28 29 created pursuant to this chapter. (2) A condominium is created by recording a 30 declaration in the public records of the county where the land 31 10 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

is located, executed and acknowledged with the requirements 1 for a deed. All persons who have record title to the interest 2 3 in the land being submitted to condominium ownership, or their 4 lawfully authorized agents, must join in the execution of the 5 declaration. Upon the recording of the declaration, or an amendment adding a phase to the condominium under s. б 7 718.403(6), all units described in the declaration or phase 8 amendment as being located in or on the land then being 9 submitted to condominium ownership shall come into existence, regardless of the state of completion of planned improvements 10 in which the units may be located. Upon recording the 11 12 declaration of condominium pursuant to this section, the developer shall file the recording information with the 13 14 division within 120 calendar 30 business days on a form 15 prescribed by the division. (4) The declaration must contain or provide for the 16 17 following matters: 18 (f) The undivided share of ownership of in the common 19 elements and common surplus of the condominium that is appurtenant to each unit stated as a percentage or a fraction 20

21 of percentages or fractions, which, in the aggregate, must equal the whole. In the declaration of condominium for 22 23 residential condominiums created after April 1, 1992, the ownership share of the common elements assigned to each 24 residential unit shall be based either upon the total square 25 26 footage of each residential unit in uniform relationship to the total square footage of each other residential unit in the 27 condominium or on an equal fractional basis. 28

(g) The percentage or fractional shares of liability
 for proportions or percentages of and manner of sharing common
 expenses of the condominium and owning common surplus, which,

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for all a residential units condominium, must be the same as 1 2 the undivided shares of ownership of in the common elements 3 and common surplus appurtenant to each unit as provided for in 4 paragraph (f). (h) If a developer reserves the right, in a 5 6 declaration recorded on or after July 1, 2000, to create a 7 multicondominium, the declaration must state, or provide a 8 specific formula for determining, the fractional or percentage 9 shares of liability for the common expenses of the association and of ownership of the common surplus of the association to 10 be allocated to the units in each condominium to be operated 11 12 by the association. If the declaration as originally recorded 13 fails to so provide, the share of liability for the common 14 expenses of the association and of ownership of the common 15 surplus of the association allocated to each unit in each condominium operated by the association shall be a fraction of 16 17 the whole, the numerator of which is the number "one" and the denominator of which is the total number of units in all 18 19 condominiums operated by the association. 20 Section 4. Subsection (2) of section 718.106, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 21 22 718.106 Condominium parcels; appurtenances; possession 23 and enjoyment. --24 (2) There shall pass with a unit, as appurtenances 25 thereto: 26 (a) An undivided share in the common elements and 27 common surplus. 28 (b) The exclusive right to use such portion of the 29 common elements as may be provided by the declaration, including the right to transfer such right to other units or 30 31 unit owners to the extent authorized by the declaration as 12

originally recorded, or amendments to the declaration adopted 1 2 under s. 718.110(2). (c) An exclusive easement for the use of the airspace 3 4 occupied by the unit as it exists at any particular time and 5 as the unit may lawfully be altered or reconstructed from time to time. An easement in airspace which is vacated shall be 6 7 terminated automatically. (d) Membership in the association designated in the 8 9 declaration, with the full voting rights appertaining thereto. 10 (e) Other appurtenances as may be provided in the declaration. 11 12 Section 5. Subsections (4) and (9) of section 718.110, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (12) is added to 13 14 said section, to read: 718.110 Amendment of declaration; correction of error 15 or omission in declaration by circuit court .--16 17 (4) Unless otherwise provided in the declaration as originally recorded, no amendment may change the configuration 18 19 or size of any condominium unit in any material fashion, materially alter or modify the appurtenances to the unit, or 20 change the proportion or percentage by which the unit owner of 21 22 the parcel shares the common expenses of the condominium and 23 owns the common surplus of the condominium unless the record owner of the unit and all record owners of liens on the unit 24 it join in the execution of the amendment and unless all the 25 26 record owners of all other units in the same condominium 27 approve the amendment. The acquisition of property by the association, and material alterations or substantial additions 28 29 to such property or the common elements by the association in accordance with s. 718.111(7) or s. 718.113, shall not be 30 deemed to constitute a material alteration or modification of 31 13

1 the appurtenances to the units. A declaration recorded after 2 April 1, 1992, may not require <u>the approval of</u> less than a 3 majority of total voting interests <u>of the condominium</u> for 4 amendments under this subsection, unless <u>otherwise</u> required by 5 a any governmental entity.

6 (9) If there is an omission or error in a declaration 7 of condominium, or in any other document required by law to establish the condominium, the association may correct the 8 9 error or omission by an amendment to the declaration or to the other document required to create a condominium in the manner 10 provided in the declaration to amend the declaration or, if 11 12 none is provided, by vote of a majority of the voting interests of the condominium. The amendment is effective when 13 14 passed and approved and a certificate of the amendment is executed and recorded as provided in subsections (2) and (3) 15 s. 718.104. This procedure for amendment cannot be used if 16 17 such an amendment would materially or adversely affect property rights of unit owners, unless the affected unit 18 19 owners consent in writing. This subsection does not restrict the powers of the association to otherwise amend the 20 declaration, or other documentation, but authorizes a simple 21 22 process of amendment requiring a lesser vote for the purpose 23 of curing defects, errors, or omissions when the property rights of unit owners are not materially or adversely 24 25 affected. 26 (12)(a) With respect to an existing multicondominium 27 association, any amendment to change the fractional or 28 percentage share of liability for the common expenses of the 29 association and ownership of the common surplus of the association must be approved by at least a majority of the 30

31 total voting interests of each condominium operated by the

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association unless the declarations of all condominiums 1 2 operated by the association uniformly require approval by a 3 greater percentage of the voting interests of each 4 condominium. 5 (b) Unless approval by a greater percentage of the 6 voting interests of an existing multicondominium association 7 is expressly required in the declaration of an existing 8 condominium, the declaration may be amended upon approval of 9 at least a majority of the total voting interests of each condominium operated by the multicondominium association for 10 the purpose of: 11 12 1. Setting forth in the declaration the formula currently utilized, but not previously stated in the 13 14 declaration, for determining the percentage or fractional 15 shares of liability for the common expenses of the multicondominium association and ownership of the common 16 17 surplus of the multicondominium association. 18 2. Providing for the creation or enlargement of a 19 multicondominium association by the merger or consolidation of 20 two or more associations and changing the name of the 21 association, as appropriate. Section 6. Paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (12) 22 23 and subsections (13), (14), and (15) of section 718.111, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 24 25 718.111 The association.--26 (12) OFFICIAL RECORDS.--(a) From the inception of the association, the 27 28 association shall maintain each of the following items, when 29 applicable, which shall constitute the official records of the 30 association: 31 15

1. A copy of the plans, permits, warranties, and other 1 2 items provided by the developer pursuant to s. 718.301(4). 3 2. A photocopy of the recorded declaration of condominium of each condominium operated by the association 4 5 and of each amendment to each declaration. 6 3. A photocopy of the recorded bylaws of the 7 association and of each amendment to the bylaws. 8 4. A certified copy of the articles of incorporation 9 of the association, or other documents creating the association, and of each amendment thereto. 10 A copy of the current rules of the association. 11 5. 12 6. A book or books which contain the minutes of all meetings of the association, of the board of directors, and of 13 14 unit owners, which minutes shall be retained for a period of 15 not less than 7 years. 7. A current roster of all unit owners and their 16 17 mailing addresses, unit identifications, voting certifications, and, if known, telephone numbers. 18 19 8. All current insurance policies of the association and condominiums operated by the association. 20 21 9. A current copy of any management agreement, lease, 22 or other contract to which the association is a party or under 23 which the association or the unit owners have an obligation or 24 responsibility. 10. Bills of sale or transfer for all property owned 25 26 by the association. 11. Accounting records for the association and 27 separate accounting records for each condominium which the 28 29 association operates, according to good accounting practices. All accounting records shall be maintained for a period of not 30 31 16

less than 7 years. The accounting records shall include, but 1 are not limited to: 2 3 a. Accurate, itemized, and detailed records of all 4 receipts and expenditures. 5 b. A current account and a monthly, bimonthly, or 6 quarterly statement of the account for each unit designating 7 the name of the unit owner, the due date and amount of each 8 assessment, the amount paid upon the account, and the balance 9 due. 10 c. All audits, reviews, accounting statements, and financial reports of the association or condominium. 11 12 d. All contracts for work to be performed. Bids for work to be performed shall also be considered official records 13 14 and shall be maintained for a period of 1 year. 15 12. Ballots, sign-in sheets, voting proxies, and all other papers relating to voting by unit owners, which shall be 16 17 maintained for a period of 1 year from the date of the 18 election, vote, or meeting to which the document relates. 19 13. All rental records, when the association is acting as agent for the rental of condominium units. 20 21 14. A copy of the current question and answer sheet as 22 described by s. 718.504. 15. All other records of the association not 23 specifically included in the foregoing which are related to 24 the operation of the association. 25 26 (c) The official records of the association are open 27 to inspection by any association member or the authorized representative of such member at all reasonable times. The 28 29 right to inspect the records includes the right to make or obtain copies, at the reasonable expense, if any, of the 30 association member. The association may adopt reasonable 31 17

rules regarding the frequency, time, location, notice, and 1 manner of record inspections and copying. The failure of an 2 3 association to provide the records within 10 working days 4 after receipt of a written request shall create a rebuttable 5 presumption that the association willfully failed to comply 6 with this paragraph. A unit owner who is denied access to 7 official records is entitled to the actual damages or minimum 8 damages for the association's willful failure to comply with 9 this paragraph. The minimum damages shall be \$50 per calendar day up to 10 days, the calculation to begin on the 11th 10 working day after receipt of the written request. 11 The failure 12 to permit inspection of the association records as provided 13 herein entitles any person prevailing in an enforcement action 14 to recover reasonable attorney's fees from the person in 15 control of the records who, directly or indirectly, knowingly denied access to the records for inspection. The association 16 17 shall maintain an adequate number of copies of the declaration, articles of incorporation, bylaws, and rules, and 18 19 all amendments to each of the foregoing, as well as the question and answer sheet provided for in s. 718.504 and 20 year-end financial information required in this section on the 21 22 condominium property to ensure their availability to unit 23 owners and prospective purchasers, and may charge its actual costs for preparing and furnishing these documents to those 24 requesting the same. Notwithstanding the provisions of this 25 26 paragraph, the following records shall not be accessible to unit owners: 27 Any record protected by the lawyer-client privilege 28 1. 29 as described in s. 90.502, and any record protected by the work-product privilege including any A record which was 30 prepared by an association attorney or prepared at the 31 18

attorney's express direction, which reflects a mental 1 2 impression, conclusion, litigation strategy, or legal theory 3 of the attorney or the association, and which was prepared 4 exclusively for civil or criminal litigation or for 5 adversarial administrative proceedings, or which was prepared б in anticipation of imminent civil or criminal litigation or 7 imminent adversarial administrative proceedings until the 8 conclusion of the litigation or adversarial administrative 9 proceedings. 2. Information obtained by an association in 10 connection with the approval of the lease, sale, or other 11 transfer of a unit. 12 3. Medical records of unit owners. 13 14 (13) FINANCIAL REPORTING REPORTS. -- Within 90 days after the end of the fiscal year, or annually on a date 15 16 provided in the bylaws, the association shall prepare and 17 complete, or cause to be prepared and completed by a third party, a financial report for the preceding fiscal year. 18 19 Within 21 days after the financial report is completed or 20 received by the association from the third party, the 21 association shall mail to each unit owner at the address last furnished to the association by the unit owner, or hand 22 23 deliver to each unit owner, a copy of the financial report or a notice that a copy of the financial report will be mailed or 24 25 hand delivered to the unit owner, without charge, upon receipt 26 of a written request from the unit owner. The division shall adopt rules setting forth uniform accounting principles and 27 28 standards to be used by all associations and shall adopt rules 29 addressing financial reporting requirements for multicondominium associations. In adopting such rules, the 30 division shall consider the number of members and annual 31 19

revenues of an association. Financial reports shall be 1 prepared as follows: 2 3 (a) An association that meets the criteria of this 4 paragraph shall prepare or cause to be prepared a complete set 5 of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted 6 accounting principles. The financial statements shall be 7 based upon the association's total annual revenues, as 8 follows: 9 1. An association with total annual revenues of \$100,000 or more, but less than \$200,000, shall prepare 10 compiled financial statements. 11 12 2. An association with total annual revenues of 13 \$200,000 or more, but less than \$400,000, shall prepare 14 reviewed financial statements. 3. An association with total annual revenues of 15 16 \$400,000 or more shall prepare audited financial statements. 17 (b)1. An association with total annual revenues of less than \$100,000 shall prepare a report of cash receipts and 18 19 expenditures. 20 2. An association which operates less than 50 units, regardless of the association's annual revenues, shall prepare 21 22 a report of cash receipts and expenditures in lieu of the 23 financial statements required by paragraph (a). 3. A report of cash receipts and disbursements shall 24 25 disclose the amount of receipts by accounts and receipt 26 classifications and the amount of expenses by accounts and expense classifications, including, but not limited to, the 27 28 following, as applicable: Costs for security, professional 29 and management fees and expenses, taxes, costs for recreation 30 facilities, expenses for refuse collection and utility services, expenses for lawn care, costs for building 31 20

maintenance and repair, insurance costs, administration and 1 salary expenses, and reserves accumulated and expended for 2 3 capital expenditures, deferred maintenance, and any other 4 category for which the association maintains reserves. 5 (c) An association may prepare or cause to be 6 prepared, without a meeting of or approval by the unit owners: 7 1. Compiled, reviewed, or audited financial 8 statements, if the association is required to prepare a report 9 of cash receipts and expenditures; 2. Reviewed or audited financial statements, if the 10 association is required to prepare compiled financial 11 12 statements; or 13 3. Audited financial statements if the association is required to prepare reviewed financial statements. 14 15 (d) If approved by a majority of the voting interests present at a properly called meeting of the association, an 16 17 association may prepare or cause to be prepared: 18 1. A report of cash receipts and expenditures in lieu 19 of a compiled, reviewed, or audited financial statement; 20 2. A report of cash receipts and expenditures or a 21 compiled financial statement in lieu of a reviewed or audited 22 financial statement; or 3. A report of cash receipts and expenditures, a 23 compiled financial statement, or a reviewed financial 24 25 statement in lieu of an audited financial statement. 26 27 Such meeting and approval must occur prior to the end of the 28 fiscal year and is effective only for the fiscal year in which 29 the vote is taken. With respect to an association to which the developer has not turned over control of the association, 30 all unit owners, including the developer, may vote on issues 31 21

related to the preparation of financial reports for the first 1 2 fiscal years of the association's operation, beginning with 2 3 the fiscal year in which the declaration is recorded. 4 Thereafter, all unit owners except the developer may vote on 5 such issues until control is turned over to the association by the developer. Within 60 days following the end of the fiscal 6 7 or calendar year or annually on such date as is otherwise provided in the bylaws of the association, the board of 8 9 administration of the association shall mail or furnish by personal delivery to each unit owner a complete financial 10 report of actual receipts and expenditures for the previous 12 11 12 months, or a complete set of financial statements for the preceding fiscal year prepared in accordance with generally 13 14 accepted accounting principles. The report shall show the 15 amounts of receipts by accounts and receipt classifications and shall show the amounts of expenses by accounts and expense 16 17 classifications, including, if applicable, but not limited to, 18 the following: 19 (a) Costs for security; 20 (b) Professional and management fees and expenses; 21 (c) Taxes; (d) Costs for recreation facilities; 22 23 (e) Expenses for refuse collection and utility 24 services; 25 (f) Expenses for lawn care; 26 (g) Costs for building maintenance and repair; 27 (h) Insurance costs; 28 (i) Administrative and salary expenses; and 29 (j) Reserves for capital expenditures, deferred maintenance, and any other category for which the association 30 31 maintains a reserve account or accounts. 2.2

(14) The division shall adopt rules which may require 1 that the association deliver to the unit owners, in lieu of 2 the financial report required by subsection (13), a complete 3 4 set of financial statements for the preceding fiscal year. 5 The financial statements shall be delivered within 90 days following the end of the previous fiscal year or annually on 6 7 such other date as provided by the bylaws. The rules of the 8 division may require that the financial statements be 9 compiled, reviewed, or audited, and the rules shall take into consideration the criteria set forth in s. 718.501(1)(j). The 10 requirement to have the financial statements compiled, 11 12 reviewed, or audited does not apply to associations when a majority of the voting interests of the association present at 13 14 a duly called meeting of the association have determined for a fiscal year to waive this requirement. In an association in 15 which turnover of control by the developer has not occurred, 16 the developer may vote to waive the audit requirement for the 17 first 2 years of the operation of the association, after which 18 19 time waiver of an applicable audit requirement shall be by a majority of voting interests other than the developer. The 20 meeting shall be held prior to the end of the fiscal year, and 21 the waiver shall be effective for only 1 fiscal year. This 22 23 subsection does not apply to a condominium which consists of 50 or fewer units. 24 25 (14)(15) COMMINGLING.--All funds collected by an 26 association shall be maintained separately in the association's name. For investment purposes only, reserve 27 28 funds may be commingled with operating funds of the 29 association. Commingled operating and reserve funds shall be accounted for separately and a commingled account shall not, 30 at any time, be less than the amount identified as reserve 31 23

funds. This subsection does not prohibit a multicondominium 1 association from commingling the operating funds of separate 2 3 condominiums or the reserve funds of separate condominiums. 4 Furthermore, for investment purposes only, a multicondominium 5 association may commingle the operating funds of separate 6 condominiums with the reserve funds of separate condominiums. 7 A manager or business entity required to be licensed or registered under s. 468.432, or an agent, employee, officer, 8 or director of an association, shall not commingle any 9 association funds with his or her funds or with the funds of 10 any other condominium association or the funds of a community 11 12 association as defined in s. 468.431.All funds shall be maintained separately in the association's name. Reserve and 13 14 operating funds of the association shall not be commingled 15 unless combined for investment purposes. This subsection is 16 not meant to prohibit prudent investment of association funds 17 even if combined with operating or other reserve funds of the same association, but such funds must be accounted for 18 19 separately, and the combined account balance may not, at any time, be less than the amount identified as reserve funds in 20 the combined account. No manager or business entity required 21 to be licensed or registered under s. 468.432, and no agent, 22 employee, officer, or director of a condominium association 23 shall commingle any association funds with his or her funds or 24 with the funds of any other condominium association or 25 26 community association as defined in s. 468.431. Section 7. Paragraphs (d), (e), and (f) of subsection 27 (2) of section 718.112, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 28 29 718.112 Bylaws.--30 31 24

(2) REQUIRED PROVISIONS.--The bylaws shall provide for
 the following and, if they do not do so, shall be deemed to
 include the following:

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(d) Unit owner meetings.--

5 1. There shall be an annual meeting of the unit 6 owners. Unless the bylaws provide otherwise, a vacancy on the 7 board of administration caused by the expiration of a 8 director's term shall be filled by electing a new board 9 member, and the election shall be by secret ballot; however, if the number of vacancies equals or exceeds the number of 10 candidates, no election is required. If there is no provision 11 12 in the bylaws for terms of the members of the board of administration, the terms of all members of the board of 13 14 administration shall expire upon the election of their 15 successors at the annual meeting. Any unit owner desiring to be a candidate for board membership shall comply with 16 17 subparagraph 3. In order to be eligible for board membership, 18 a person must meet the requirements set forth in the 19 declaration. A person who has been convicted of any felony by any court of record in the United States and who has not had 20 his or her right to vote restored pursuant to law in the 21 jurisdiction of his or her residence is not eligible for board 22 23 membership. The validity of an action by the board is not affected if it is later determined that a member of the board 24 25 is ineligible for board membership due to having been 26 convicted of a felony.

27 2. The bylaws shall provide the method of calling 28 meetings of unit owners, including annual meetings. Written 29 notice, which notice must include an agenda, shall be mailed 30 or <u>hand</u> delivered to each unit owner at least 14 days prior to 31 the annual meeting and shall be posted in a conspicuous place

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on the condominium property at least 14 continuous days 1 preceding the annual meeting. Upon notice to the unit owners, 2 the board shall by duly adopted rule designate a specific 3 4 location on the condominium property or association property 5 upon which all notices of unit owner meetings shall be posted; however, if there is no condominium property or association б 7 property upon which notices can be posted, this requirement does not apply. Unless a unit owner waives in writing the 8 9 right to receive notice of the annual meeting by mail, such 10 the notice of the annual meeting shall be hand delivered or mailed sent by mail to each unit owner. Notice for meetings 11 12 and notice for all other purposes shall be mailed to each unit owner at the address last furnished to the association by the 13 14 unit owner, or hand delivered to each unit owner. However, if 15 Where a unit is owned by more than one person, the association 16 shall provide notice, for meetings and all other purposes, to 17 that one address which the developer initially identifies for that purpose and thereafter as one or more of the owners of 18 19 the unit shall so advise the association in writing, or if no address is given or the owners of the unit do not agree, to 20 the address provided on the deed of record. An officer of the 21 association, or the manager or other person providing notice 22 23 of the association meeting, shall provide an affidavit or United States Postal Service certificate of mailing, to be 24 included in the official records of the association affirming 25 26 that the notice was mailed or hand delivered, in accordance 27 with this provision, to each unit owner at the address last furnished to the association. 28

3. The members of the board of administration shall be
elected by written ballot or voting machine. Proxies shall in
no event be used in electing the board of administration,

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either in general elections or elections to fill vacancies 1 caused by recall, resignation, or otherwise, unless otherwise 2 3 provided in this chapter. Not less than 60 days before a 4 scheduled election, the association shall mail or deliver, 5 whether by separate association mailing or included in another association mailing or delivery including regularly published 6 7 newsletters, to each unit owner entitled to a vote, a first notice of the date of the election. Any unit owner or other 8 9 eligible person desiring to be a candidate for the board of administration must give written notice to the association not 10 less than 40 days before a scheduled election. Together with 11 12 the written notice and agenda as set forth in subparagraph 2., the association shall mail or deliver a second notice of the 13 14 election to all unit owners entitled to vote therein, together 15 with a ballot which shall list all candidates. Upon request of a candidate, the association shall include an information 16 17 sheet, no larger than 8 1/2 inches by 11 inches, which must be furnished by the candidate not less than 35 days before the 18 19 election, to be included with the mailing of the ballot, with the costs of mailing or delivery and copying to be borne by 20 the association. However, The association is not liable has no 21 liability for the contents of the information sheets prepared 22 23 by the candidates. In order to reduce costs, the association may print or duplicate the information sheets on both sides of 24 the paper. The division shall by rule establish voting 25 26 procedures consistent with the provisions contained herein, 27 including rules providing for the secrecy of ballots. Elections shall be decided by a plurality of those ballots 28 29 cast. There shall be no quorum requirement; however, at least 20 percent of the eligible voters must cast a ballot in order 30 to have a valid election of members of the board of 31

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administration. No unit owner shall permit any other person to 1 vote his or her ballot, and any such ballots improperly cast 2 shall be deemed invalid, and any unit owner who violates this 3 4 provision may be fined by the association in accordance with 5 s. 718.303. A unit owner who needs assistance in casting the 6 ballot for the reasons stated in s. 101.051 may obtain 7 assistance in casting the ballot. Any unit owner violating 8 this provision may be fined by the association in accordance 9 with s. 718.303. The regular election shall occur on the date of the annual meeting. The provisions of this subparagraph 10 shall not apply to timeshare condominium associations. 11 12 Notwithstanding the provisions of this subparagraph, an election is and balloting are not required unless more 13 14 candidates file notices of intent to run or are nominated than board vacancies exist on the board. 15 Any approval by unit owners called for by this 16 4. chapter or the applicable declaration or bylaws, including, 17 but not limited to, the approval requirement in s. 718.111(8), 18 19 shall be made at a duly noticed meeting of unit owners and shall be subject to all requirements of this chapter or the 20 applicable condominium documents relating to unit owner 21 decisionmaking, except that unit owners may take action by 22 23 written agreement, without meetings, on matters for which action by written agreement without meetings is expressly 24 allowed by the applicable bylaws or declaration or any statute 25 26 that provides for such action. 5. Unit owners may waive notice of specific meetings 27 if allowed by the applicable bylaws or declaration or any 28 29 statute. 6. Unit owners shall have the right to participate in 30

31 meetings of unit owners with reference to all designated

agenda items. However, the association may adopt reasonable
 rules governing the frequency, duration, and manner of unit
 owner participation.

4 7. Any unit owner may tape record or videotape a
5 meeting of the unit owners subject to reasonable rules adopted
6 by the division.

7 8. Unless otherwise provided in the bylaws, any 8 vacancy occurring on the board before the expiration of a term 9 may be filled by the affirmative vote of the majority of the remaining directors, even if the remaining directors 10 constitute less than a quorum, or by the sole remaining 11 12 director. In the alternative, a board may hold an election to fill the vacancy, in which case the election procedures must 13 14 conform to the requirements of subparagraph 3. unless the 15 association has opted out of the statutory election process, in which case the bylaws of the association control. Unless 16 17 otherwise provided in the bylaws, a board member appointed or 18 elected under this section shall fill the vacancy for the 19 unexpired term of the seat being filled. Filling vacancies 20 created by recall is governed by paragraph (j) and rules 21 adopted by the division.

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23 Notwithstanding subparagraphs (b)2. and (d)3., an association may, by the affirmative vote of a majority of the total voting 24 interests, provide for different voting and election 25 26 procedures in its bylaws, which vote may be by a proxy 27 specifically delineating the different voting and election procedures. The different voting and election procedures may 28 29 provide for elections to be conducted by limited or general 30 proxy.

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(e) Budget meeting.--

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1. Any meeting at which a proposed annual budget of an 1 2 association will be considered by the board or unit owners 3 shall be open to all unit owners. At least 14 days prior to 4 such a meeting, the board shall hand deliver to each unit 5 owner, or mail to each unit owner at the address last 6 furnished to the association by the unit owner, a notice of 7 such meeting and a copy of the proposed annual budget. An 8 officer or manager of the association, or other person 9 providing notice of such meeting, shall execute an affidavit evidencing compliance with such notice requirement and such 10 affidavit shall be filed among the official records of the 11 12 association. 13 2.a. If a board adopts in any fiscal year an annual 14 budget which requires assessments against unit owners which 15 exceed 115 percent of assessments for the preceding fiscal year, the board shall conduct a special meeting of the unit 16 17 owners to consider a substitute budget if the board receives, within 21 days after adoption of the annual budget, a written 18 19 request for a special meeting from at least 10 percent of all 20 voting interests. The special meeting shall be conducted within 60 days after adoption of the annual budget. At least 21 14 days prior to such special meeting, the board shall hand 22 deliver to each unit owner, or mail to each unit owner at the 23 address last furnished to the association, a notice of the 24 meeting. An officer or manager of the association, or other 25 26 person providing notice of such meeting shall execute an 27 affidavit evidencing compliance with this notice requirement 28 and such affidavit shall be filed among the official records 29 of the association. Unit owners may consider and adopt a substitute budget at the special meeting. A substitute budget 30 is adopted if approved by a majority of all voting interests 31 30

unless the bylaws require adoption by a greater percentage of 1 2 voting interests. If there is not a quorum at the special 3 meeting or a substitute budget is not adopted, the annual 4 budget previously adopted by the board shall take effect as 5 scheduled. 6 b. Any determination of whether assessments exceed 115 7 percent of assessments for the prior fiscal year shall exclude 8 any authorized provision for reasonable reserves for repair or 9 replacement of the condominium property, anticipated expenses of the association which the board does not expect to be 10 incurred on a regular or annual basis, or assessments for 11 12 betterments to the condominium property. c. If the developer controls the board, assessments 13 14 shall not exceed 115 percent of assessments for the prior fiscal year unless approved by a majority of all voting 15 interests. The board of administration shall hand deliver to 16 17 each unit owner, or mail to each unit owner at the address last furnished to the association, a meeting notice and copies 18 19 of the proposed annual budget of common expenses not less than 14 days prior to the meeting of the unit owners or the board 20 of administration at which the budget will be considered. 21 Evidence of compliance with this 14-day notice must be made by 22 an affidavit executed by an officer of the association or the 23 manager or other person providing notice of the meeting and 24 25 filed among the official records of the association. The 26 meeting must be open to the unit owners. If an adopted budget requires assessments against the unit owners in any fiscal or 27 28 calendar year which exceed 115 percent of the assessments for 29 the preceding year, the board, upon written application of 10 percent of the voting interests to the board, shall call a 30 31 special meeting of the unit owners within 30 days upon not 31

less than 10 days' written notice to each unit owner. At the 1 special meeting, unit owners shall consider and enact a 2 3 budget. Unless the bylaws require a larger vote, the adoption 4 of the budget requires a vote of not less than a majority vote 5 of all the voting interests. The board of administration may propose a budget to the unit owners at a meeting of members or 6 7 in writing, and if the budget or proposed budget is approved 8 by the unit owners at the meeting or by a majority of all the 9 voting interests in writing, the budget is adopted. If a meeting of the unit owners has been called and a quorum is not 10 attained or a substitute budget is not adopted by the unit 11 12 owners, the budget adopted by the board of directors goes into effect as scheduled. In determining whether assessments 13 14 exceed 115 percent of similar assessments in prior years, any authorized provisions for reasonable reserves for repair or 15 replacement of the condominium property, anticipated expenses 16 17 by the condominium association which are not anticipated to be 18 incurred on a regular or annual basis, or assessments for 19 betterments to the condominium property must be excluded from the computation. However, as long as the developer is in 20 control of the board of administration, the board may not 21 22 impose an assessment for any year greater than 115 percent of the prior fiscal or calendar year's assessment without 23 approval of a majority of all the voting interests. 24 25 (f) Annual budget.--26 1. The proposed annual budget of common expenses shall be detailed and shall show the amounts budgeted by accounts 27 28 and expense classifications, including, if applicable, but not 29 limited to, those expenses listed in s. 718.504(21)s. 718.504(20). A multicondominium association shall adopt a 30 separate budget of common expenses for each condominium the 31 32

association operates and shall adopt a separate budget of 1 common expenses for the association. In addition, if the 2 3 association maintains limited common elements with the cost to 4 be shared only by those entitled to use the limited common 5 elements as provided for in s. 718.113(1), the budget or a 6 schedule attached thereto shall show amounts budgeted 7 therefor. If, after turnover of control of the association to 8 the unit owners, any of the expenses listed in s. 718.504(21) 9 s. 718.504(20) are not applicable, they need not be listed.

In addition to annual operating expenses, the 10 2. budget shall include reserve accounts for capital expenditures 11 12 and deferred maintenance. These accounts shall include, but are not limited to, roof replacement, building painting, and 13 14 pavement resurfacing, regardless of the amount of deferred 15 maintenance expense or replacement cost, and for any other item for which the deferred maintenance expense or replacement 16 17 cost exceeds \$10,000. The amount to be reserved shall be computed by means of a formula which is based upon estimated 18 19 remaining useful life and estimated replacement cost or deferred maintenance expense of each reserve item. 20 The association may adjust replacement reserve assessments 21 22 annually to take into account any changes in estimates or extension of the useful life of a reserve item caused by 23 deferred maintenance. This subsection does not apply to an 24 adopted budget budgets in which the members of an association 25 26 have determined, by a majority vote at a duly called meeting of the association, and voting determined for a fiscal year to 27 provide no reserves or less reserves less adequate than 28 29 required by this subsection. However, prior to turnover of control of an association by a developer to unit owners other 30 than a developer pursuant to s. 718.301, the developer may 31

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vote to waive the reserves or reduce the funding of reserves 1 for the first 2 fiscal years of the association's operation of 2 3 the association, beginning with the fiscal year in which the 4 initial declaration is recorded, after which time reserves may 5 be waived or reduced only upon the vote of a majority of all nondeveloper voting interests voting in person or by limited 6 7 proxy at a duly called meeting of the association. If a 8 meeting of the unit owners has been called to determine 9 whether to waive or reduce the funding of to provide no 10 reserves or reserves less adequate than required, and no such result is achieved not attained or a quorum is not attained, 11 12 the reserves as included in the budget shall go into effect. 13 After the turnover, the developer may vote its voting interest 14 to waive or reduce the funding of reserves. Reserve funds and any interest accruing thereon 15 3. shall remain in the reserve account or accounts, and shall be 16 used only for authorized reserve expenditures unless their use 17 18 for other purposes is approved in advance by a majority vote 19 at a duly called meeting of the association. Prior to turnover of control of an association by a developer to unit owners 20 other than the developer pursuant to s. 718.301, the 21 developer-controlled association shall not vote to use 22 23 reserves for purposes other than that for which they were intended without the approval of a majority of all 24 nondeveloper voting interests, voting in person or by limited 25 26 proxy at a duly called meeting of the association. 27 4. In a multicondominium association, the only voting interests which are eligible to vote on questions that involve 28 29 waiving or reducing the funding of reserves, or using existing 30 reserve funds for purposes other than purposes for which the 31 34

reserves were intended, are the voting interests of the units 1 2 subject to assessment to fund the reserves in question. 3 Section 8. Subsection (2) of section 718.113, Florida 4 Statutes, is amended to read: 5 718.113 Maintenance; limitation upon improvement; б display of flag; hurricane shutters. --7 (2)(a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, 8 there shall be no material alteration or substantial additions 9 to the common elements or to real property which is association property, except in a manner provided in the 10 declaration. If the declaration does not specify the 11 12 procedure for approval of material alterations or substantial additions, 75 percent of the total voting interests of the 13 14 association must approve the alterations or additions. (b) There shall not be any material alteration of, or 15 substantial addition to, the common elements of any 16 17 condominium operated by a multicondominium association unless 18 approved in the manner provided in the declaration of the affected condominium or condominiums. If a declaration does 19 20 not specify a procedure for approving such an alteration or 21 addition, the approval of 75 percent of the total voting interests of each affected condominium is required. This 22 23 subsection does not prohibit a provision in any declaration, articles of incorporation, or bylaws requiring the approval of 24 unit owners in any condominium operated by the same 25 26 association or requiring board approval before a material alteration or substantial addition to the common elements is 27 28 permitted. 29 (c) There shall not be any material alteration or 30 substantial addition made to association real property 31 operated by a multicondominium association, except as provided 35

in the declaration, articles of incorporation, or bylaws. If 1 the declaration, articles of incorporation, or bylaws do not 2 3 specify the procedure for approving an alteration or addition to association real property, the approval of 75 percent of 4 5 the total voting interests of the association is required. 6 Section 9. Section 718.115, Florida Statutes, is 7 amended to read: 8 718.115 Common expenses and common surplus.--9 (1)(a) Common expenses include the expenses of the operation, maintenance, repair, replacement, or protection of 10 the common elements and association property, costs of 11 12 carrying out the powers and duties of the association, and any other expense, whether or not included in the foregoing, 13 14 designated as common expense by this chapter, the declaration, the documents creating the association, or the bylaws. Common 15 expenses also include reasonable transportation services, 16 insurance for directors and officers, road maintenance and 17 operation expenses, in-house communications, and security 18 19 services, which are reasonably related to the general benefit 20 of the unit owners even if such expenses do not attach to the 21 common elements or property of the condominium. However, such common expenses must either have been services or items 22 23 provided on or after from the date the control of the board of administration of the association is was transferred from the 24 25 developer to the unit owners or must be services or items 26 provided for in the condominium documents or bylaws. (b) The common expenses of a condominium within a 27 28 multicondominium are the common expenses directly attributable 29 to the operation of that condominium. The common expenses of a 30 multicondominium association do not include the common expenses directly attributable to the operation of any 31 36
1 specific condominium or condominiums within the

multicondominium.

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3 (c) The common expenses of a multicondominium 4 association may include categories of expenses related to the 5 property or common elements within a specific condominium in 6 the multicondominium if such property or common elements are 7 areas in which all members of the multicondominium association 8 have use rights or from which all members receive tangible 9 economic benefits. Such common expenses of the association shall be identified in the declaration or bylaws of each 10 condominium within the multicondominium association. 11

12 (d)(b) If so provided in the declaration, the cost of 13 a master antenna television system or duly franchised cable 14 television service obtained pursuant to a bulk contract shall be deemed a common expense. If the declaration does not 15 provide for the cost of a master antenna television system or 16 17 duly franchised cable television service obtained under a bulk contract as a common expense, the board of administration may 18 19 enter into such a contract, and the cost of the service will be a common expense but allocated on a per-unit basis rather 20 than a percentage basis if the declaration provides for other 21 22 than an equal sharing of common expenses, and any contract 23 entered into before July 1, 1998, in which the cost of the service is not equally divided among all unit owners, may be 24 changed by vote of a majority of the voting interests present 25 26 at a regular or special meeting of the association, to 27 allocate the cost equally among all units. The contract shall be for a term of not less than 2 years. 28

Any contract made by the board after the effective
date hereof for a community antenna system or duly franchised
cable television service may be canceled by a majority of the

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voting interests present at the next regular or special meeting of the association. Any member may make a motion to cancel said contract, but if no motion is made or if such motion fails to obtain the required majority at the next regular or special meeting, whichever is sooner, following the making of the contract, then such contract shall be deemed ratified for the term therein expressed.

8 2. Any such contract shall provide, and shall be 9 deemed to provide if not expressly set forth, that any hearing impaired or legally blind unit owner who does not occupy the 10 unit with a non-hearing-impaired or sighted person may 11 12 discontinue the service without incurring disconnect fees, penalties, or subsequent service charges, and as to such 13 14 units, the owners shall not be required to pay any common 15 expenses charge related to such service. If less than all members of an association share the expenses of cable 16 17 television, the expense shall be shared equally by all 18 participating unit owners. The association may use the 19 provisions of s. 718.116 to enforce payment of the shares of such costs by the unit owners receiving cable television. 20

21 (e)(c) The expense of installation, replacement, 22 operation, repair, and maintenance of hurricane shutters by 23 the board pursuant to s. 718.113(5) shall constitute a common expense as defined herein and shall be collected as provided 24 in this section. Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 25 26 718.116(9), a unit owner who has previously installed hurricane shutters in accordance with s. 718.113(5) or 27 laminated glass architecturally designed to function as 28 29 hurricane protection which complies with the applicable building code shall receive a credit equal to the pro rata 30 portion of the assessed installation cost assigned to each 31

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1 unit. However, such unit owner shall remain responsible for 2 the pro rata share of expenses for hurricane shutters 3 installed on common elements and association property by the 4 board pursuant to s. 718.113(5), and shall remain responsible 5 for a pro rata share of the expense of the replacement, 6 operation, repair, and maintenance of such shutters.

7 <u>(f)(d)</u> If any unpaid share of common expenses or 8 assessments is extinguished by foreclosure of a superior lien 9 or by a deed in lieu of foreclosure thereof, the unpaid share 10 of common expenses or assessments are common expenses 11 collectible from all the unit owners in the condominium in 12 which the unit is located.

(2) Except as otherwise provided by this chapter, 13 14 funds for the payment of the common expenses of a condominium 15 shall be collected by assessments against the units in that condominium unit owners in the proportions or percentages 16 17 provided in that condominium's the declaration. In a residential condominium, or mixed-use condominium created 18 19 after January 1, 1996, each unit's share unit owners' shares of the common expenses of the condominium and common surplus 20 of the condominium shall be the same as the unit's appurtenant 21 22 in the same proportions as their ownership interest in the 23 common elements. (3) Common surplus is owned by unit owners in the same 24 shares as their ownership interest in the common elements. 25

25 shares as their ownership interest in the common elements. 26 <u>(4)(a)</u> Funds for payment of the common expenses of a 27 condominium within a multicondominium shall be collected as 28 provided in subsection (2). Common expenses of a 29 multicondominium association shall be funded by assessments 30 against all unit owners in the association in the proportion 31

or percentage set forth in the declaration as required by s. 1 718.104(4)(h) or s. 718.110(12), as applicable. 2 3 (b) In a multicondominium association, the total 4 common surplus owned by a unit owner consists of that owner's 5 share of the common surplus of the association plus that 6 owner's share of the common surplus of the condominium in 7 which the owner's unit is located, in the proportion or 8 percentage set forth in the declaration as required by s. 9 718.104(4)(h) or s. 718.110(12), as applicable. Section 10. Subsection (9) of section 718.116, Florida 10 Statutes, is amended to read: 11 12 (Substantial rewording of subsection. See s. 718.116(9), F.S., for present text.) 13 718.116 Assessments; liability; lien and priority; 14 15 interest; collection.--(9)(a) A unit owner may not be excused from payment of 16 17 the unit owner's share of common expenses unless all other unit owners are likewise proportionately excluded from 18 19 payment, except as provided in subsection (1) and in the 20 following cases: 21 1. If authorized by the declaration, a developer who is offering units for sale may elect to be excused from 22 23 payment of assessments against those unsold units for a stated period of time after the declaration is recorded. However, 24 the developer must pay common expenses incurred during such 25 26 period which exceed regular periodic assessments against other unit owners in the same condominium. The stated period must 27 terminate no later than the first day of the fourth calendar 28 29 month following the month in which the first closing occurs of a purchase contract for a unit in that condominium. If a 30 31 developer-controlled association has maintained all insurance 40

coverage required by s. 718.111(11)(a), common expenses 1 2 incurred during the stated period resulting from a natural 3 disaster or an act of God occurring during the stated period, 4 which are not covered by proceeds from insurance maintained by 5 the association, may be assessed against all unit owners 6 owning units on the date of such natural disaster or act of 7 God, and their respective successors and assigns, including 8 the developer with respect to units owned by the developer. In 9 the event of such an assessment, all units shall be assessed 10 in accordance with s. 718.115(2). 2. A developer who owns condominium units, and who is 11 12 offering the units for sale, may be excused from payment of assessments against those unsold units for the period of time 13 14 the developer has guaranteed to all purchasers or other unit 15 owners in the same condominium that assessments will not exceed a stated dollar amount and that the developer will pay 16 17 any common expenses that exceed the guaranteed amount. Such guarantee may be stated in the purchase contract, declaration, 18 19 prospectus, or written agreement between the developer and a 20 majority of the unit owners other than the developer and may provide that after the initial guarantee period, the developer 21 may extend the guarantee for one or more stated periods. If a 22 23 developer-controlled association has maintained all insurance coverage required by s. 718.111(11)(a), common expenses 24 incurred during a guarantee period, as a result of a natural 25 26 disaster or an act of God occurring during the same guarantee period, which are not covered by the proceeds from such 27 insurance, may be assessed against all unit owners owning 28 29 units on the date of such natural disaster or act of God, and their successors and assigns, including the developer with 30 respect to units owned by the developer. Any such assessment 31 41

shall be in accordance with s. 718.115(2) or (4), as 1 2 applicable. 3 (b) If the purchase contract, declaration, prospectus, 4 or written agreement between the developer and a majority of 5 unit owners other than the developer, provides for the 6 developer to be excused from payment of assessments under 7 paragraph (a), only regular periodic assessments for common 8 expenses as provided for in the declaration and prospectus and 9 disclosed in the estimated operating budget shall be used for payment of common expenses during any period in which the 10 developer is excused. Accordingly, no funds which are 11 12 receivable from unit purchasers or unit owners and payable to 13 the association, including capital contributions or startup 14 funds collected from unit purchasers at closing, may be used 15 for payment of such common expenses. If a developer of a multicondominium is excused 16 (C) 17 from payment of assessments under paragraph (a), the 18 developer's financial obligation to the multicondominium 19 association during any period in which the developer is 20 excused from payment of assessments is as follows: 21 1. The developer shall pay the common expenses of a condominium affected by a guarantee, including the funding of 22 23 reserves as provided in the adopted annual budget of that condominium, which exceed the regular periodic assessments at 24 25 the guaranteed level against all other unit owners within that 26 condominium. The developer shall pay the common expenses of a 27 2. multicondominium association, including the funding of 28 29 reserves as provided in the adopted annual budget of the 30 association, which are allocated to units within a condominium affected by a guarantee and which exceed the regular periodic 31 42

assessments against all other unit owners within that 1 2 condominium. 3 Section 11. Subsection (11) is added to section 4 718.117, Florida Statutes, to read: 5 718.117 Termination.--6 (11) This section does not apply to the termination of 7 a condominium incident to a merger of that condominium with 8 one or more other condominiums under s. 718.110(7). 9 Section 12. Subsection (8) of section 718.403, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 10 718.403 Phase condominiums.--11 12 (8) Upon recording the declaration of condominium or amendments adding phases pursuant to this section, the 13 14 developer shall file the recording information with the division within 120 calendar 30 working days on a form 15 prescribed by the division. 16 17 Section 13. Section 718.405, Florida Statutes, is 18 created to read: 19 718.405 Multicondominiums; multicondominium 20 associations.--21 (1) An association may operate more than one condominium if the declaration for each condominium to be 22 23 operated by that association provides for participation in a multicondominium, in conformity with this section, and 24 25 discloses or describes: 26 (a) The manner or formula by which the assets, liabilities, common surplus, and common expenses of the 27 28 association will be apportioned among the units within the 29 condominiums operated by the association, in accordance with 30 s. 718.104(4)(g) or (h), as applicable. 31 43

1	(b) Whether unit owners in any other condominium, or
2	any other persons, will or may have the right to use
3	recreational areas or any other facilities or amenities that
4	are common elements of the condominium, and, if so, the
5	specific formula by which the other users will share the
6	common expenses related to those facilities or amenities.
7	(c) Recreational and other commonly used facilities or
8	amenities which the developer has committed to provide that
9	will be owned, leased by, or dedicated by a recorded plat to
10	the association but which are not included within any
11	condominium operated by the association. The developer may
12	reserve the right to add additional facilities or amenities if
13	the declaration and prospectus for each condominium to be
14	operated by the association contains the following statement
15	in conspicuous type and in substantially the following form:
16	RECREATIONAL FACILITIES MAY BE EXPANDED OR ADDED WITHOUT
17	CONSENT OF UNIT OWNERS OR THE ASSOCIATION.
18	(d) The voting rights of the unit owners in the
19	election of directors and in other multicondominium
20	association affairs when a vote of the owners is taken,
21	including, but not limited to, a statement as to whether each
22	unit owner will have a right to personally cast his or her own
23	vote in all matters voted upon.
24	(2) If any declaration requires a developer to convey
25	additional lands or facilities to a multicondominium
26	association and the developer fails to do so within the time
27	specified, or within a reasonable time if none is specified in
28	the declaration, any unit owner or the association may enforce
29	that obligation against the developer or bring an action
30	against the developer for specific performance or for damages
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that result from the developer's failure or refusal to convey 1 2 the additional lands or facilities. 3 (3) The declaration for each condominium to be 4 operated by a multicondominium association may not, at the 5 time of the initial recording of the declaration, contain any 6 provision with respect to allocation of the association's 7 assets, liabilities, common surplus, or common expenses which 8 is inconsistent with this chapter or the provisions of a 9 declaration for any other condominium then being operated by the multicondominium association. 10 (4) This section does not prevent or restrict the 11 12 formation of a multicondominium by the merger or consolidation 13 of two or more condominium associations. Mergers or 14 consolidations of associations shall be accomplished in 15 accordance with this chapter, the declarations of the 16 condominiums being merged or consolidated, and chapter 617. 17 Section 718.110(4) does not apply to amendments to declarations necessary to effect a merger or consolidation. 18 19 Section 14. Section 718.5019, Florida Statutes, is 20 repealed. 21 Section 15. Present subsections (15) through (27) of section 718.504, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as 22 23 subsections (16) through (28), respectively, and a new subsection (15) is added to said section, to read: 24 718.504 Prospectus or offering circular.--Every 25 26 developer of a residential condominium which contains more than 20 residential units, or which is part of a group of 27 residential condominiums which will be served by property to 28 29 be used in common by unit owners of more than 20 residential units, shall prepare a prospectus or offering circular and 30 file it with the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums, 31 45

and Mobile Homes prior to entering into an enforceable 1 contract of purchase and sale of any unit or lease of a unit 2 3 for more than 5 years and shall furnish a copy of the prospectus or offering circular to each buyer. In addition to 4 5 the prospectus or offering circular, each buyer shall be 6 furnished a separate page entitled "Frequently Asked Questions 7 and Answers," which shall be in accordance with a format 8 approved by the division and a copy of the financial 9 information required by s. 718.111. This page shall, in 10 readable language, inform prospective purchasers regarding their voting rights and unit use restrictions, including 11 12 restrictions on the leasing of a unit; shall indicate whether and in what amount the unit owners or the association is 13 14 obligated to pay rent or land use fees for recreational or 15 other commonly used facilities; shall contain a statement identifying that amount of assessment which, pursuant to the 16 17 budget, would be levied upon each unit type, exclusive of any special assessments, and which shall further identify the 18 19 basis upon which assessments are levied, whether monthly, quarterly, or otherwise; shall state and identify any court 20 cases in which the association is currently a party of record 21 in which the association may face liability in excess of 22 \$100,000; and which shall further state whether membership in 23 a recreational facilities association is mandatory, and if so, 24 shall identify the fees currently charged per unit type. The 25 26 division shall by rule require such other disclosure as in its 27 judgment will assist prospective purchasers. The prospectus or offering circular may include more than one condominium, 28 29 although not all such units are being offered for sale as of the date of the prospectus or offering circular. 30 The 31

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prospectus or offering circular must contain the following 1 2 information: 3 (15) If the condominium is or may become part of a multicondominium, the following information must be provided: 4 5 (a) A statement in conspicuous type in substantially 6 the following form: THIS CONDOMINIUM IS (MAY BE) PART OF A 7 MULTICONDOMINIUM DEVELOPMENT IN WHICH OTHER CONDOMINIUMS WILL (MAY) BE OPERATED BY THE SAME ASSOCIATION. Immediately 8 following this statement, the location in the prospectus or 9 offering circular and its exhibits where the multicondominium 10 aspects of the offering are described must be stated. 11 12 (b) A summary of the provisions in the declaration, articles of incorporation, and bylaws which establish and 13 14 provide for the operation of the multicondominium, including a statement as to whether unit owners in the condominium will 15 have the right to use recreational or other facilities located 16 17 or planned to be located in other condominiums operated by the same association, and the manner of sharing the common 18 19 expenses related to such facilities. 20 (c) A statement of the minimum and maximum number of 21 condominiums, and the minimum and maximum number of units in each of those condominiums, which will or may be operated by 22 23 the association, and the latest date by which the exact number will be finally determined. 24 (d) A statement as to whether any of the condominiums 25 in the multicondominium may include units intended to be used 26 for nonresidential purposes and the purpose or purposes 27 28 permitted for such use. 29 (e) A general description of the location and 30 approximate acreage of any land on which any additional condominiums to be operated by the association may be located. 31 47

Section 16. Paragraph (e) of subsection (3) of section 1 2 721.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 3 721.13 Management.--4 (3) The duties of the managing entity include, but are 5 not limited to: 6 (e) Arranging for an annual audit of the financial 7 statements of the timeshare plan by a certified public 8 accountant licensed by the Board of Accountancy of the 9 Department of Business and Professional Regulation, in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards as 10 defined by the rules of the Board of Accountancy of the 11 12 Department of Business and Professional Regulation. The financial statements required by this section must be prepared 13 14 on an accrual basis using fund accounting, and must be 15 presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A copy of the audited financial statements must be 16 filed with the division and forwarded to the board of 17 directors and officers of the owners' association, if one 18 19 exists, no later than 5 calendar months after the end of the timeshare plan's fiscal year. If no owners' association 20 exists, each purchaser must be notified, no later than 5 21 months after the end of the timeshare plan's fiscal year, that 22 23 a copy of the audited financial statements is available upon request to the managing entity. Notwithstanding any 24 requirement of s. 718.111(13) or (14), the audited financial 25 26 statements required by this section are the only annual 27 financial reporting requirements for timeshare condominiums. 28 Section 17. Paragraph (j) of subsection (1) of section 29 718.501, Florida Statutes, is repealed. Section 18. This act shall take effect July 1, 2000. 30 31 48