A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to misappropriated pawned and 3 secondhand property enforcement; requiring the 4 Department of Law Enforcement to establish a 5 statewide database for accessing records from 6 pawnshop transaction forms and secondhand goods 7 acquisition records; designating the Department of Law Enforcement as administrator of the 8 system; providing authorized access to the 9 10 database; designating agencies responsible for the transfer of information to the database in 11 a manner approved by the Department of Law 12 13 Enforcement; providing that the Department of 14 Law Enforcement must establish standards for 15 transmitting information into the statewide 16 system in consultation with the Florida Sheriffs Association and the Florida Police 17 Chiefs Association; limiting the scope of 18 19 certain database searches; providing rulemaking 20 authority; amending s. 539.001, F.S.; specifying a petition form for certain actions 21 22 to recover misappropriated property; deleting a provision imposing claimant liability for 23 24 certain costs under certain circumstances; 25 authorizing the state to file a motion in a 26 pending criminal action relating to 27 misappropriated property; providing 28 requirements; requiring the Division of 29 Consumer Services of the Department of 30 Agriculture and Consumer Services to adopt by 31 rule a pamphlet explaining a claimant's right

to property recovery; providing pamphlet requirements; requiring the division to distribute the pamphlets to law enforcement agencies and law enforcement agencies to distribute the pamphlets to certain persons under certain circumstances; specifying procedures for a claimant to obtain possession of misappropriated property; providing for waiver of certain fees; specifying absence of a claimant's liability for certain costs or fees; requiring the division to adopt a disclosure form specifying a claimant's rights and responsibilities; requiring the division to distribute the disclosure form to pawnbrokers; requiring pawnbrokers to provide the disclosure form to certain persons under certain circumstances; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. (1) The Department of Law Enforcement shall establish and maintain a database of pawnshop and secondhand goods transactions submitted to it from local law enforcement agencies.

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(2) Local law enforcement agencies that have collected records of pawnshop transactions or secondhand goods acquisitions under chapter 538 or chapter 539, Florida Statutes, shall transfer, as soon as practicable, the information contained in the records to the department in a format and manner that are established by the department after

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consultation with the Florida Sheriffs Association and the Florida Police Chiefs Association.

- (3) The database established by the department may be accessed by a law enforcement agency for official investigative purposes only. The department may not, without legislative authority, sell or otherwise provide to private entities the information supplied to it under this section.
- The department shall adopt rules pursuant to chapter 120, Florida Statutes, to administer the provisions of this act.

Section 2. Subsection (15) of section 539.001, Florida Statutes, is amended, subsections (16)-(22) of said section are renumbered as subsections (18)-(24), respectively, and new subsections (16) and (17) are added to said section, to read:

539.001 The Florida Pawnbroking Act.--

- (15) CLAIMS AGAINST PURCHASED GOODS OR PLEDGED GOODS HELD BY PAWNBROKERS. --
- (a) To obtain possession of purchased or pledged goods held by a pawnbroker which a claimant claims to be misappropriated, the claimant must notify the pawnbroker by certified mail, return receipt requested, or in person evidenced by signed receipt, of the claimant's claim to the purchased or pledged goods. The notice must contain a complete and accurate description of the purchased or pledged goods and must be accompanied by a legible copy of the applicable law enforcement agency's report on the misappropriation of such property. If the claimant and the pawnbroker do not resolve the matter within 10 days after the pawnbroker's receipt of the notice, the claimant may petition the court to order the return of the property, naming the pawnbroker as a defendant, 31 and must serve the pawnbroker with a copy of the petition. The

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pawnbroker shall hold the property described in the petition until the right to possession is resolved by the parties or by a court of competent jurisdiction. The court shall waive any filing fee for the petition to recover the property, and the sheriff shall waive the service fees.

(b) The claimant may bring an action in a court of competent jurisdiction by petition in substantially the following form:

Plaintiff, (plaintiff's name), sues defendant, (defendant's name), and alleges:

- 1. This is an action to recover possession of personal property in (name of county) County, Florida.
- 2. The description of the property is: (list of the property). To the best of the plaintiff's knowledge, information, and belief, the value of the property is 16 \$ (monetary value of the property).
  - 3. Plaintiff is entitled to the possession of the property.
  - 4. To plaintiff's best knowledge, information, and belief, the property is located at (street address) .
  - 5. The property is wrongfully detained by defendant. Defendant came into possession of the property by (description of method of possession). To plaintiff's best knowledge, information, and belief, defendant detains the property because (reasons for detention).
  - 6. The property has not been taken under an execution or attachment against plaintiff's property.
  - (c) (b) If, after notice and a hearing, the court finds that the property was misappropriated and orders the return of the property to the claimant:

- 1. The claimant may recover from the pawnbroker the cost of the action, including the claimant's reasonable attorney's fees; and
- 2. If the conveying customer is convicted of theft, a violation of this section, or dealing in stolen property, the court shall order the conveying customer to repay the pawnbroker the full amount the conveying customer received from the pawnbroker for the property, plus all applicable pawn service charges. As used in this paragraph, the term "convicted of" includes a plea of nolo contendere to the charges or any agreement in which adjudication is withheld; and
- 3. The conveying customer shall be responsible to pay all attorney's fees and taxable costs incurred by the pawnbroker in defending a replevin action or any other civil matter wherein it is found that the conveying customer was in violation of this paragraph.
- (c) If the court finds that the claimant failed to comply with the requirements in paragraph (a) or otherwise finds against the claimant, the claimant is liable for the defendants' costs, including reasonable attorney's fees.
- (d) In addition to the remedy of a civil petition for return, the state may file a motion as part of a pending criminal case related to the property. The criminal court has jurisdiction to determine ownership, to order return or other disposition of the property, and to order any appropriate restitution to any person. Such order shall be entered upon hearing after proper notice has been given to the pawnbroker, the victim, and the defendant in the criminal case.

  $\underline{\text{(e)}(d)}$  The sale, pledge, or delivery of tangible personal property to a pawnbroker by any person in this state is considered to be:

- 1. An agreement by the person who sells, pledges, or delivers the tangible personal property that the person is subject to the jurisdiction of the court in all civil actions and proceedings arising out of the pledge or sale transaction filed by either a resident or nonresident plaintiff;
- 2. An appointment of the Secretary of State by any nonresident of this state as that person's lawful attorney and agent upon whom may be served all process in suits pertaining to the actions and proceedings arising out of the sale, pledge, or delivery; and
- 3. An agreement by any nonresident that any process in any suit so served has the same legal force and validity as if personally served in this state.
- which shall explain a claimant's rights to property recovery under subsection (15) and specify that the claimant is not obligated to reimburse or otherwise pay the pawnbroker to recover misappropriated property. The pamphlet shall also contain the a copy of the form provided in paragraph (15)(b). In developing the pamphlet, the agency shall consult with the Attorney General, Florida Department of Law Enforcement, Florida Sheriffs Association, Florida Police Chiefs Association, Florida Pawnbrokers Association, and any other interested party.
- (b) The agency shall distribute the pamphlets to law enforcement agencies which shall in turn be responsible for distributing the pamphlet to any victim of a crime who

believes that misappropriated property belonging to the victim is in a pawnbroker's possession.

(17)(a)1. To obtain possession of property claimed to be misappropriated, a claimant shall provide notice of the claim to the pawnbroker by certified mail, return receipt requested, or in person, evidenced by a signed receipt. The notice must contain a complete and accurate description of the purchased or pledged goods and must be accompanied by a legible copy of the applicable law enforcement agency's report on the misappropriation of such property.

- 2. If the claimant and the pawnbroker do not resolve the matter within 10 days after the pawnbroker's receipt of the notice, the claimant may petition the court to order the return of the property, naming the pawnbroker as a defendant, and shall serve the pawnbroker with a copy of the petition.
- 3. The pawnbroker shall hold the property described in the petition until the right to possession is resolved by the parties or by a court.
- 4. The court shall waive any filing fee for the petition to recover the property and the sheriff shall waive any fee for service of process.
- 5. The claimant shall not be liable for the pawnbroker's costs or attorney's fees.
- (b) The agency shall adopt by rule a disclosure form which shall contain the following provisions:

IF YOU BELIEVE THAT PROPERTY STOLEN FROM YOU

HAS BEEN PAWNED OR SOLD TO THIS PAWNSHOP, YOU

ARE UNDER NO LEGAL OBLIGATION TO REIMBURSE OR

OTHERWISE PAY THIS PAWNSHOP IN ORDER TO RECOVER

1 THE PROPERTY. FLORIDA LAW PROVIDES THAT YOU 2 HAVE THE FOLLOWING RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES: 3 4 To obtain possession of the property, you must 5 provide notice of your claim to the pawnbroker by certified mail, return receipt requested, or 6 7 in person, evidenced by a signed receipt. The 8 notice must contain a complete and accurate 9 description of the purchased or pledged goods 10 and must be accompanied by a legible copy of 11 the applicable law enforcement agency's report 12 on the misappropriation of such property. 13 14 If you and the pawnbroker do not resolve the 15 matter within 10 days after the pawnbroker's 16 receipt of the notice, you may petition the 17 court to order the return of the property, naming the pawnbroker as a defendant, and must 18 19 serve the pawnbroker with a copy of the 20 petition. 21 22 The pawnbroker is required to hold the property 23 described in the petition until the right to 24 possession is resolved by the parties or by a 25 court. 26 27 You will not be liable for any filing fee for 28 the petition to recover the property or any fee 29 for service of process by the sheriff. 30 31

You will not be liable for the pawnbroker's costs or attorney's fees.

(c) The agency shall distribute the disclosure forms to all pawnbrokers. When a person demands that a pawnshop return property which the person claims has been misappropriated, the pawnbroker shall provide the person with the disclosure form and the person and the pawnbroker shall sign the form.

Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2000.

## LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

Requires the Department of Law Enforcement to establish and maintain a database of pawnshop and secondhand goods transaction information received from local law enforcement agencies. Requires agencies that have collected such information to transfer the information to the department in a format established by the department in consultation with the Florida Sheriffs Association and the Florida Police Chiefs Association. Provides for access to such information by a law enforcement officer for official investigative purposes only. Prohibits the department from selling or providing the information to private entities without legislative authority. Specifies a petition form for actions to recover misappropriated property. Authorizes the state to file a motion in a pending criminal action relating to misappropriated property. Requires the Division of Consumer Services of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services to adopt a pamphlet explaining a claimant's right to property recovery and requires the division to distribute the pamphlets to law enforcement agencies and law enforcement agencies to distribute the pamphlets to property claimants. Specifies procedures for a claimant to obtain possession of misappropriated property. Requires the division to adopt a disclosure form specifying a claimant's rights and responsibilities in claiming misappropriated property and requires the division to distribute the disclosure form to persons claiming return of misappropriated property.