${\bf By}$  the Committees on Fiscal Resource, Regulated Industries and Senator Lee

314-2216-00

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to pari-mutuel wagering; amending s. 212.20, F.S.; authorizing a distribution of sales and use tax revenues to county governments; repealing s. 550.01215(8), F.S., relating to the use of permitted facilities; amending s. 550.135, F.S.; eliminating the annual distribution of pari-mutuel tax revenues to county governments; amending s. 550.0951, F.S.; providing that the daily license fee tax credit provided by said section and the \$360,000 or \$500,000 tax exemption provided by s. 550.09514(1), F.S., may be applied to any tax and daily license fees imposed under ch. 550, F.S.; removing restrictions on the transfer of the daily license fee tax credit by greyhound permitholders; authorizing transfer of the \$360,000 or \$500,000 tax exemption by a greyhound permitholder to a greyhound permitholder that acts as host track to such permitholder for intertrack wagering; providing for repayment; providing for rules; reducing the taxes on handle for greyhound dogracing, for intertrack wagering when the host track is a dog track, for intertrack wagers accepted by certain dog tracks, for intrack wagers when both the host and guest are thoroughbred tracks; and for harness racing; providing exceptions; removing the additional tax on the surcharge on winning tickets; redirecting

1 deposits from the General Revenue Fund to the 2 Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund; specifying the 3 rate of the tax on handle for greyhound simulcast races received from outside the 4 5 United States; revising the time period for 6 remittance of certain fees and taxes; forgiving 7 certain taxes; amending s. 550.09514, F.S.; revising application and administration of the 8 9 \$360,000 or \$500,000 tax exemption provided by 10 said section; providing for payment of 11 additional purses by greyhound permitholders in an amount equal to a percentage of the tax 12 reduction resulting from the reduction of the 13 taxes on handle; providing requirements with 14 respect thereto; providing for audits; amending 15 s. 550.09515, F.S.; modifying the tax on handle 16 17 for thoroughbred performances; redirecting deposits from the General Revenue Fund to the 18 19 Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund; amending s. 550.1645, F.S., to conform; creating s. 20 550.1647, F.S.; providing for payments and 21 credits concerning unclaimed pari-mutuel 22 tickets and retention of breaks by greyhound 23 24 permitholders; amending s. 550.615, F.S., 25 relating to intertrack wagering and leased greyhound facilities; authorizing certain 26 27 permitholders to conduct intertrack wagering at 28 certain additional facilities; amending s. 29 550.0555, F.S.; providing legislative intent; providing for the relocation of jai alai 30 31 permittees within a county in the same manner

1 as is currently provided for the relocation of 2 greyhound dogracing permittees within a county; 3 providing that relocation of permittees be consistent with local government comprehensive 4 5 plan; amending s. 550.09512, F.S.; reducing the 6 tax on handle for live harness performances; 7 amending s. 550.475, F.S.; providing for leasing of jai alai facilities; amending s. 8 9 550.625, F.S.; increasing the percentage of 10 purses for harness racing; amending s. 550.155, 11 F.S.; requiring counties to approve certain capital improvements by permitholders in 12 13 certain situations; amending s. 550.26352, F.S., relating to the Breeders' Cup Meet; 14 increasing the amount of certain tax credits 15 allowed to permitholders; deleting certain 16 17 limitations on broadcasts to pari-mutuel facilities; authorizing the Division of 18 19 Pari-mutuel Wagering of the Department of 20 Business and Professional Regulation to waive certain rules; amending s. 550.3551, F.S.; 21 conforming provisions; amending s. 550.6305, 22 F.S.; conforming cross-references; amending s. 23 24 550.002, F.S.; substituting the term "same 25 class of races, games, or permit" for the term "same class of race or permit"; amending s. 26 27 550.0251, F.S.; providing for the Division of 28 Pari-mutuel Wagering to adopt rules for 29 wagering through a pari-mutuel wagering pool; amending s. 550.0351, F.S.; increasing the 30 31 number of charity performances per fiscal year

1 which a jai alai permitholder may conduct; 2 amending s. 550.105, F.S.; revising provisions 3 relating to licenses for persons or entities with access to certain areas of racetracks and 4 5 frontons; amending s. 550.24055, F.S.; amending 6 standards used in testing certain licensees to 7 determine whether they have abused alcoholic beverages; amending s. 550.2614, F.S.; 8 9 substantially amending provisions relating to 10 horsemen's association membership and 11 responsibilities; providing for the use of specified funds from the purse pool to provide 12 13 financial assistance to certain thoroughbred racing personnel and their spouses and 14 15 children; amending s. 550.26165, F.S.; providing for breeders' awards and stallion 16 17 awards; providing for certain moneys to be returned to the permitholders that generated 18 19 the money, in accordance with a plan to be 20 established annually by specified entities; amending s. 550.2625, F.S.; amending minimum 21 purse requirements for horseracing 22 permitholders; amending criteria for the 23 24 payment of breeders' awards and stallion awards; amending s. 550.3551, F.S.; requiring 25 the written approval of the Florida Horsemen's 26 27 Benevolent and Protective Association, Inc., 28 before a thoroughbred permitholder may conduct 29 fewer than eight live races on any race day; amending s. 550.6308, F.S.; amending provisions 30 31 relating to limited intertrack wagering

1 licenses; expanding the types of pari-mutuel 2 races or games on which intertrack wagering may 3 be conducted, subject to certain conditions; requiring a licensee to pay a specified amount 4 5 to the daily pari-mutuel pool on certain wagers 6 to thoroughbred permitholders conducting live 7 races; amending s. 773.01, F.S.; amending the definition of the term "participant" as used in 8 ss. 773.01-773.05, F.S.; amending ss. 773.03, 9 10 F.S., relating to limitation on liability for 11 equine activity; providing that the section does apply to the horseracing industry as 12 defined in ch. 550, F.S.; creating the 13 Interstate Compact on Licensure of Participants 14 in Pari-mutuel Wagering; providing purposes of 15 the compact; providing definitions; providing 16 17 for the effective date of the compact; providing criteria for eligibility to join the 18 19 compact; providing procedures for withdrawing 20 from the compact; creating an interstate governmental entity to be known as the compact 21 committee; providing the powers and duties of 22 the compact committee; providing voting 23 24 requirements for the committee; providing for the administration and management of the 25 committee; providing that committee employees 26 27 are governmental employees; providing immunity 28 from liability for performance of official responsibilities and duties of the compact 29 committee; providing rights and 30 31 responsibilities of each state that is a party

to the compact; providing for construction and severability of provisions of the compact; repealing s. 550.0951(2)(a), F.S., relating to an admission tax imposed on each attendee at a horserace, dograce, or jai alai game; repealing s. 550.2415(10), (11), (12), F.S., relating to postmortem examinations of injured animals that subsequently die or are destroyed; repealing s. 550.615(9), F.S., relating to limited intertrack wagering license; providing effective dates.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (6) of section 212.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

212.20 Funds collected, disposition; additional powers of department; operational expense; refund of taxes adjudicated unconstitutionally collected.--

- (6) Distribution of all proceeds under this chapter shall be as follows:
- (a) Proceeds from the convention development taxes authorized under s. 212.0305 shall be reallocated to the Convention Development Tax Clearing Trust Fund.
- (b) Proceeds from discretionary sales surtaxes imposed pursuant to ss. 212.054 and 212.055 shall be reallocated to the Discretionary Sales Surtax Clearing Trust Fund.
- (c) Proceeds from the tax imposed pursuant to s. 212.06(5)(a)2. shall be reallocated to the Mail Order Sales Tax Clearing Trust Fund.

- (d) Proceeds from the fee imposed pursuant to s. 212.18(5) shall be deposited in the Solid Waste Management Clearing Trust Fund, which is hereby created to be used by the department, and shall be subsequently transferred to the State Treasurer to be deposited into the Solid Waste Management Trust Fund.
- (e) Proceeds from the fees imposed under ss. 212.05(1)(i)3. and 212.18(3) shall remain with the General Revenue Fund.
- (f) The proceeds of all other taxes and fees imposed pursuant to this chapter shall be distributed as follows:
- 1. In any fiscal year, the greater of \$500 million, minus an amount equal to 4.6 percent of the proceeds of the taxes collected pursuant to chapter 201, or 5 percent of all other taxes and fees imposed pursuant to this chapter shall be deposited in monthly installments into the General Revenue Fund.
- 2. Two-tenths of one percent shall be transferred to the Solid Waste Management Trust Fund.
- 3. After the distribution under subparagraphs 1. and 2., 9.653 percent of the amount remitted by a sales tax dealer located within a participating county pursuant to s. 218.61 shall be transferred into the Local Government Half-cent Sales Tax Clearing Trust Fund.
- 4. After the distribution under subparagraphs 1., 2., and 3., 0.054 percent shall be transferred to the Local Government Half-cent Sales Tax Clearing Trust Fund and distributed pursuant to s. 218.65.
  - 5. Of the remaining proceeds:
- a. Beginning July 1, 2000, and in each fiscal year
  thereafter, the sum of \$29,915,500 shall be divided into as

many equal parts as there are counties in the state, and one part shall be distributed to each county. The distribution 2 3 among the several counties shall begin each fiscal year on or before January 5th and shall continue monthly for a total of 4 4 5 months. If a local or special law required that any moneys 6 accruing to a county in fiscal year 1999-2000 under the 7 then-existing provisions of s. 550.135 be paid directly to the 8 district school board, special district, or a municipal government, such payment shall continue until such time that 9 10 the local or special law is amended or repealed. The state 11 covenants with holders of bonds or other instruments of indebtedness issued by local governments, special districts, 12 or district school boards prior to July 1, 2000, that it is 13 not the intent of this subparagraph to adversely affect the 14 rights of those holders or relieve local governments or 15 district school boards of the duty to meet their obligations 16 17 as a result of previous pledges or assignments or trusts entered into which obligated funds received from the 18 19 distribution to county governments under then-existing s. 550.135. This distribution specifically is in lieu of funds 20 distributed under s. 550.135 prior to July 1, 2000. 21 b.a. Beginning July 1, 1992, \$166,667 shall be 22 distributed monthly by the department to each applicant that 23 24 has been certified as a "facility for a new professional 25 sports franchise" or a "facility for a retained professional sports franchise" pursuant to s. 288.1162 and \$41,667 shall be 26 distributed monthly by the department to each applicant that 27 28 has been certified as a "new spring training franchise facility" pursuant to s. 288.1162. Distributions shall begin 29 60 days following such certification and shall continue for 30 30 31 years. Nothing contained herein shall be construed to allow an

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applicant certified pursuant to s. 288.1162 to receive more in distributions than actually expended by the applicant for the public purposes provided for in s. 288.1162(7). However, a certified applicant shall receive distributions up to the maximum amount allowable and undistributed under this section for additional renovations and improvements to the facility for the franchise without additional certification.

c.b. Beginning 30 days after notice by the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development to the Department of Revenue that an applicant has been certified as the professional golf hall of fame pursuant to s. 288.1168 and is open to the public, \$166,667 shall be distributed monthly, for up to 300 months, to the applicant.

d.<del>c.</del> Beginning 30 days after notice by the Department of Commerce to the Department of Revenue that the applicant has been certified as the International Game Fish Association World Center facility pursuant to s. 288.1169, and the facility is open to the public, \$83,333 shall be distributed monthly, for up to 180 months, to the applicant. distribution is subject to reduction pursuant to s. 288.1169.

6. All other proceeds shall remain with the General Revenue Fund.

Section 2. Subsection (8) of section 550.01215 is repealed.

Section 3. Section 550.135, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.135 Division of moneys derived under this law.--All moneys that are deposited with the Treasurer to the credit of the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund shall be distributed as follows in the following proportions, in the 31 manner and at the times specified in this section:

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1 (1) In each fiscal year, the sum of \$29,915,500 shall 2 be divided into as many equal parts as there are counties in 3 the state, and one part shall be distributed to each county; 4 any excess of such moneys after the distributions to the 5 counties shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund. If the 6 sum available for distribution is less than \$29,915,500, the 7 deficiency shall be paid into the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund from the General Revenue Fund up to the amount of the 8 9 deficiency if the deficiency does not exceed the deposits of 10 pari-mutuel tax collections to the General Revenue Fund for 11 that fiscal year.

(2) The distribution among the several counties provided for in subsection (1) shall begin each fiscal year on or before January 5 and shall continue monthly for a total of 4 months. If during the fiscal year the sums available for distribution to the counties is not sufficient to make the scheduled distributions, the division shall immediately transfer to the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund from deposits made by the division to the General Revenue Fund during that fiscal year, the sums required to make the distributions. on April 5 the sums distributed to the counties do not equal the maximum sum to be distributed, the division shall immediately transfer to the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund, from deposits made by the division to the General Revenue Fund during that fiscal year, the sums required to pay each county the sum entitled and shall make such payments on or before the end of that fiscal year. The Comptroller is appointed as the agent of the division to make the distribution to the counties and to make transfers as may be required by this section. (1)<del>(3)</del> The daily license fee revenues collected

31 pursuant to s. 550.0951(1) shall be used to fund the operating

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cost of the division and to provide a proportionate share of the operation of the office of the secretary and the Division of Administration of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation; however, other collections in the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund, after the payments required by subsections (1) and (2), may also be used to fund the operation of the division in accordance with authorized appropriations.

(2)<del>(4)</del> After payments to the counties have been completed as provided in subsections (1) and (2), All unappropriated funds in excess of \$2 million in the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund shall be deposited to the Treasurer to the credit of the General Revenue Fund <del>as</del> provided in subsection (1).

(5) If a local or special law requires that any moneys accruing to a county under this chapter, the same being division funds, be paid to the Treasurer of the state, as ex officio treasurer of the teachers' salary fund, to the credit of a district school board, those moneys shall be paid directly to the district school board.

Section 4. Subsections (1), (3), and (5) and paragraph (b) of subsection (6) of section 550.0951, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

550.0951 Payment of daily license fee and taxes.--

(1)(a) DAILY LICENSE FEE. -- Each person engaged in the business of conducting race meetings or jai alai games under this chapter, hereinafter referred to as the "permitholder," "licensee," or "permittee," shall pay to the division, for the use of the division, a daily license fee on each live or simulcast pari-mutuel event of \$100 for each horserace and \$80 31 | for each dograce and \$40 for each jai alai game conducted at a

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racetrack or fronton licensed under this chapter. Effective October 1, 1996, In addition to the tax exemption specified in s. 550.09514(1) of \$360,000 or \$500,000 per greyhound permitholder per state fiscal year, each greyhound permitholder shall receive in the current state fiscal year a tax credit equal to the number of live greyhound races conducted in the previous state fiscal year times the daily license fee specified for each dograce in this subsection applicable for the previous state fiscal year. This tax credit and the exemption in s. 550.09514(1) shall be applicable to any the tax imposed by this chapter or the daily license fees imposed by this chapter on live handle under subsection (3) except during any charity or scholarship performances conducted pursuant to s. 550.0351. Effective October 1, 1996, Each permitholder shall pay daily license fees not to exceed \$500 per day on any simulcast races or games on which such permitholder accepts wagers regardless of the number of out-of-state events taken or the number of out-of-state locations from which such events are taken. This license fee shall be deposited with the Treasurer to the credit of the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund.

(b) Each permitholder that authorized a maximum tax savings of \$500,000 per state fiscal year pursuant to s. 550.09514(1) or the greyhound permitholder that had the lowest live handle during the preceding state fiscal year, which cannot utilize the full amount of the exemption of \$360,000 or \$500,000 provided in s. 550.09514(1) or the daily license fee credit provided in this section, may, after notifying the division in writing, elect once per state fiscal year on a form provided by the division to transfer such exemption or 31 credit or any portion thereof to any greyhound permitholder

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which acts as a host track to such permitholder for the purpose of intertrack wagering. Once an election to transfer such exemption or credit is filed with the division it shall not be rescinded. The division shall disapprove the credit transfer when the amount of the exemption or credit or portion thereof is unavailable to the transferring permitholder or when the permitholder, who is entitled to transfer the exemption or credit or who is entitled to receive the exemption or credit-owes taxes to the state pursuant to a deficiency letter or administrative complaint issued by the division. Upon approval of the transfer by the division, the transferred tax exemption or credit shall be effective for the first performance of the next biweekly pay period as specified in subsection (5). The exemption or daily license fee credit transferred to such host track may be applied by such host track against any its taxes imposed by this chapter or daily license fees imposed by this chapter on live racing as provided in this subsection. The greyhound permitholder host track to which such exemption or daily license fee credit is transferred shall reimburse such permitholder the exact monetary value of such transferred exemption or credit as actually applied against the taxes and daily license fees of the host track. The division shall ensure that all transfers of exemption or credit are made in accordance with this subsection and shall have the authority to adopt rules to ensure the implementation of this section.

(3) TAX ON HANDLE. -- Each permitholder shall pay a tax on contributions to pari-mutuel pools, the aggregate of which is hereinafter referred to as "handle," on races or games conducted by the permitholder. The tax is imposed daily and is 31 based on the total contributions to all pari-mutuel pools

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conducted during the daily performance. If a permitholder conducts more than one performance daily, the tax is imposed on each performance separately.

- (a) The tax on handle for thoroughbred horse racing, harness horse racing, and quarter horse racing is 1.0 3.3 percent of the handle.
- (b)1. The tax on handle for dogracing is 5.6  $\frac{7.6}{1.6}$ percent of the handle, except that for live charity performances held pursuant to s. 550.0351, and for intertrack wagering on such charity performances at a guest greyhound track within the market area of the host, the tax is 7.6 percent of the handle.and
- 2. The tax on handle for jai alai is 7.1 percent of the handle.
- (c)1. The tax on handle for intertrack wagering is 1.5 3.3 percent of the handle if the host track is a horse track, 3.3 percent if the host track is a harness track, 5.6  $\frac{7.6}{1.6}$ percent if the host track is a dog track, and 7.1 percent if the host track is a jai alai fronton. The tax on handle for intertrack wagering is 0.5 percent if the host track and the guest track are thoroughbred permitholders. The tax on handle for intertrack wagering on rebroadcasts of simulcast horseraces is 2.4 percent of the handle and 1.25 percent of the handle if the permitholder is a harness track. The tax shall be deposited into the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust General Revenue Fund.
- Effective October 1, 1996, The tax on handle for intertrack wagers accepted by any dog track located in an area of the state in which there are only three permitholders, all of which are greyhound permitholders, located in three 31 contiguous counties, from any greyhound permitholder also

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located within such area or any dog track or jai alai fronton located as specified in s. 550.615(6) or (9)(8), on races or games received from the same class of permitholder located within the same market area is 4 6 percent if the host facility is a greyhound permitholder and, if the host facility is a jai alai permitholder, the rate shall be 6.1 percent except that it shall be 2.3 percent on handle at such time as the total tax on intertrack handle paid to the division by the permitholder during the current state fiscal year exceeds the total tax on intertrack handle paid to the division by the permitholder during the 1992-1993 state fiscal year.

- Any guest track that imposes a surcharge on each winning ticket cashed pursuant to s. 550.6335 shall pay an additional tax equal to 5 percent of the surcharge so imposed. Any taxes so imposed shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
- (d) The tax on handle for greyhound simulcast races received from a location outside the United States is 2 percent of the handle.
- (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, in order to protect the Florida jai alai industry, effective July 1, 2000, a jai alai permitholder may not be taxed on live handle at a rate higher than 2 percent.
- (5) PAYMENT AND DISPOSITION OF FEES AND TAXES.--Payment for the admission tax, tax on handle, and the breaks tax imposed by this section shall be paid to the division. The division shall deposit these sums with the Treasurer, to the credit of one-half being credited to the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund, hereby established, and one-half being credited to the General Revenue Fund. The 31 permitholder shall remit to the division payment for the daily

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license fee, the admission tax, the tax on handle, and the breaks tax. Such payments shall be remitted by 3 p.m. Friday of each week for taxes and fees imposed and collected for the preceding Sunday, Monday, and Tuesday, and by 3 p.m. Wednesday of each week for taxes imposed and collected for the preceding week ending on Sunday Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, and Saturday. Permitholders shall file a report under oath by the 5th day of each calendar month for all taxes remitted during the preceding calendar month. Such payments shall be accompanied by a report under oath showing the total of all admissions, the pari-mutuel wagering activities for the preceding calendar month, and such other information as may be prescribed by the division.

- (6) PENALTIES.--
- (b) In addition to the civil penalty prescribed in paragraph (a), any willful or wanton failure by any permitholder to make payments of the daily license fee, admission tax, tax on handle, or breaks tax, or surtax constitutes sufficient grounds for the division to suspend or revoke the license of the permitholder, to cancel the permit of the permitholder, or to deny issuance of any further license or permit to the permitholder.

Section 5. Any double-sum tax liability that accrued under section 550.09515(2)(a)2., Florida Statutes, between January 1, 2000, and the effective date of this act is forgiven, and the Department of Business and Professional Regulation may not maintain an action to collect such taxes.

Section 6. Section 550.09514, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.09514 Greyhound dogracing taxes; purse 31 requirements.--

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(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 550.0951(3)(b), Wagering on greyhound racing is subject to a tax on handle for live greyhound racing as specified in s. 550.0951(3) at the rate of 7.6 percent of handle. However, each permitholder shall pay no the tax on live or market area greyhound intertrack wagering handle in excess of \$100,000 per performance until such time as this subsection has resulted in a tax savings per state fiscal year of \$360,000. Thereafter, each permitholder shall pay the tax as specified in s. 550.0951(3)provided in this subsection on all handle for the remainder of the permitholder's current race meet, and the tax must be calculated and commence beginning the day after the biweekly period in which the permitholder reaches the maximum tax savings per state fiscal year provided in this section. For the three permitholders that which conducted a full schedule of live racing in 1995, and are closest to another state that which authorizes greyhound pari-mutuel wagering, the maximum tax savings per state fiscal year shall be The provisions of this subsection relating to tax exemptions shall not apply to any charity or scholarship performances conducted pursuant to s. 550.0351.

(2)(a) The division shall determine for each greyhound permitholder the annual purse percentage rate of live handle for the state fiscal year 1993-1994 by dividing total purses paid on live handle by the permitholder, exclusive of payments made from outside sources, during the 1993-1994 state fiscal year by the permitholder's live handle for the 1993-1994 state fiscal year. Each permitholder shall pay as purses for live races conducted during its current race meet a percentage of its live handle not less than the percentage determined under

this paragraph, exclusive of payments made by outside sources, for its 1993-1994 state fiscal year.

- (b)1. Except as otherwise provided herein, in addition to the minimum purse percentage required by paragraph (a), each permitholder shall pay as purses, for fiscal year 1996-1997, an amount equal to 75 percent of the permitholder's tax credit pursuant to s. 550.0951(1).
- Except as otherwise set forth herein, in addition to the minimum purse percentage required by paragraph (a), beginning July 1, 1997, each permitholder shall pay as purses an annual amount equal to 75 percent of the daily license fees paid by each permitholder for the 1994-1995 fiscal year. This purse supplement shall be disbursed weekly during the permitholder's race meet in an amount determined by dividing the annual purse supplement by the number of performances approved for the permitholder pursuant to its annual license and multiplying that amount by the number of performances conducted each week. For the greyhound permitholders in the county where there are two greyhound permitholders located as specified in s. 550.615(6), such permitholders shall pay in the aggregate an amount equal to 75 percent of the daily license fees paid by such permitholders for the 1994-1995 fiscal year. These permitholders shall be jointly and severally liable for such purse payments.

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The additional purses provided by this paragraph must be used exclusively for purses other than stakes. The division shall conduct audits necessary to ensure compliance with this section.

(c)1. Each greyhound permitholder when conducting at 31 least three live performances during any week shall pay purses

 in that week on wagers it accepts as a guest track on intertrack and simulcast greyhound races at the same rate as it pays on live races. Each greyhound permitholder when conducting at least three live performances during any week shall pay purses in that week, at the same rate as it pays on live races, on wagers accepted on greyhound races at a guest track which is not conducting live racing and is located within the same market area as the greyhound permitholder conducting at least three live performances during any week.

- 2. Each host greyhound permitholder shall pay purses on its simulcast and intertrack broadcasts of greyhound races to guest facilities that are located outside its market area in an amount equal to one quarter of an amount determined by subtracting the transmission costs of sending the simulcast or intertrack broadcasts from an amount determined by adding the fees received for greyhound simulcast races plus 3 percent of the greyhound intertrack handle at guest facilities that are located outside the market area of the host and that paid contractual fees to the host for such broadcasts of greyhound races.
- (d) The division shall require sufficient documentation from each greyhound permitholder regarding purses paid on live racing to assure that the annual purse percentage rates paid by each permitholder on the live races are not reduced below those paid during the 1993-1994 state fiscal year. The division shall require sufficient documentation from each greyhound permitholder to assure that the purses paid by each permitholder on the greyhound intertrack and simulcast broadcasts are in compliance with the requirements of paragraph (c).

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(e) In addition to the purse requirements of paragraphs (a)-(c), each greyhound permitholder shall pay as purses an amount equal to one-third of the amount of the tax reduction on live and simulcast handle applicable to such permitholder as a result of the reductions in tax rates provided by this act through the amendments to s. 550.0951(3). With respect to intertrack wagering when the host and quest tracks are greyhound permitholders not within the same market area, an amount equal to the tax reduction applicable to the guest track handle as a result of the reduction in tax rate provided by this act through the amendment to s. 550.0951(3) shall be distributed to the guest track, one-third of which amount shall be paid as purses at the quest track. However, if the guest track is a greyhound permitholder within the market area of the host or if the guest track is not a greyhound permitholder, an amount equal to such tax reduction applicable to the guest track handle shall be retained by the host track, one-third of which amount shall be paid as purses at the host track. These purse funds shall be disbursed in the week received if the permitholder conducts at least one live performance during that week. If the permitholder does not conduct at least one live performance during the week in which the purse funds are received, the purse funds shall be disbursed weekly during the permitholder's next race meet in an amount determined by dividing the purse amount by the number of performances approved for the permitholder pursuant to its annual license, and multiplying that amount by the number of performances conducted each week. The division shall conduct audits necessary to ensure compliance with this paragraph.

 (f)(e) Each greyhound permitholder shall, during the permitholder's race meet, supply kennel operators and the Division of Pari-Mutuel Wagering with a weekly report showing purses paid on live greyhound races and all greyhound intertrack and simulcast broadcasts, including both as a guest and a host together with the handle or commission calculations on which such purses were paid and the transmission costs of sending the simulcast or intertrack broadcasts, so that the kennel operators may determine statutory and contractual compliance.

 $\underline{(g)(f)}$  Each greyhound permitholder shall make direct payment of purses to the greyhound owners who have filed with such permitholder appropriate federal taxpayer identification information based on the percentage amount agreed upon between the kennel operator and the greyhound owner.

(h)(g) At the request of a majority of kennel operators under contract with a greyhound permitholder, the permitholder shall make deductions from purses paid to each kennel operator electing such deduction and shall make a direct payment of such deductions to the local association of greyhound kennel operators formed by a majority of kennel operators under contract with the permitholder. The amount of the deduction shall be at least 1 percent of purses, as determined by the local association of greyhound kennel operators. No deductions may be taken pursuant to this paragraph without a kennel operator's specific approval before or after the effective date of this act.

(3) For the purpose of this section, the term "live handle" means the handle from wagers placed at the permitholder's establishment on the live greyhound races conducted at the permitholder's establishment.

Section 7. Subsections (2), (5), and (6) of section 550.09515, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

550.09515 Thoroughbred horse taxes; abandoned interest in a permit for nonpayment of taxes.--

(2)

- (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 550.0951(3)(a), the tax on handle for live thoroughbred <a href="https://doi.org/10.2016/journal.com/">horserace horse</a> performances shall be subject to the following:
- 1. The tax on handle per performance for live thoroughbred performances is 0.5 2.0 percent of handle for performances conducted during the period beginning on January 3 and ending March 16; 0.2.20 percent of handle for performances conducted during the period beginning March 17 and ending May 22; and 0.5 1.25 percent of handle for performances conducted during the period beginning May 23 and ending January 2.
- 2. If any thoroughbred permitholder conducts performances during more than one time period or if performances are conducted during more than one period at any facility, the tax on handle per performance is double the sum of the tax percentages for the periods in which performances are being conducted, except:
- a. Pursuant to s. 550.01215, two permitholders, by mutual written agreement, may agree to the operation by one of them in the other permitholder's tax period for up to 3 days, if the 3 days are either the first 3 days or the last 3 days of the racing period in which the permitholders intend to operate.
- b. If, on March 31 of any year, there is nopermitholder holding a license for operating any one of the

three race periods set forth in this section or if the permitholder who is licensed to operate in any period fails to operate for 10 consecutive days, a permitholder already licensed to operate in another period may apply for and be issued a license to operate the period in question, in addition to the period already licensed.

c. Two permitholders who operated in different periods in the preceding fiscal year may, by mutual written agreement, switch periods for the current racing season, even if it results in either permitholder or the facility of a permitholder being operated in two different periods.

However, any thoroughbred permitholder whose total handle on live performances during the 1991-1992 state fiscal year was not greater than \$34 million is authorized to conduct live performances at any time of the year and shall pay 0.5 percent on live handle per performance.

- 3. For the period beginning on April 1 and ending May 23 during the state fiscal year 1992-1993, any permitholder which has operated less than 51 racing days in the last 18 months may operate said period and pay 1.25 percent tax on live handle per performance. In the event this provision takes effect after April 1, 1993, it shall be construed to apply retroactively from April 1, 1993, through May 23, 1993.
- 4. In the event any licenses have been issued to any thoroughbred permitholders for racing dates prior to April 26, 1993, then, notwithstanding the provisions of s. 550.525(2), amendments may be filed to the racing dates up to May 1, 1993.
- (b) For purposes of this section, the term "handle" shall have the same meaning as in s. 550.0951, and shall not include handle from intertrack wagering.

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- (5) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 550.0951(3)(c), the tax on handle for intertrack wagering on rebroadcasts of simulcast horseraces is 2.4 percent of the handle; provided however, that if the guest track is a throughbred track located more than 35 miles from the host track, the host track shall pay a tax of 0.1.5 percent of the handle, and additionally the host track shall pay to the quest track 1.9 percent of the handle to be used by the guest track solely for purses. The tax shall be deposited into the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust General Revenue Fund.
- (6) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 550.0951(3)(c), the tax on handle is 0.2 percent for intertrack wagering and for intertrack wagering on rebroadcasts of simulcast horseraces for a thoroughbred permitholder that conducts performances during the period beginning March 17 and ending May 22. This subsection applies only to thoroughbred permitholders located in any area of the state where there are three or more thoroughbred permitholders within 25 miles of each other. The tax shall be deposited into the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust General Revenue Fund. Effective July 1, 2001, this subsection is repealed.

Section 8. Effective July 1, 2001, paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 550.09515, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 4 of chapter 98-190, Laws of Florida, is reenacted to read:

550.09515 Thoroughbred horse taxes; abandoned interest in a permit for nonpayment of taxes. --

(2)(a) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 550.0951(3)(a), The tax on handle for live thoroughbred horserace horse performances shall be 0.5 percent. subject to 31 the following:

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1. The tax on handle per performance for live thoroughbred performances is 2.25 percent of handle for performances conducted during the period beginning on January 3 and ending March 16; .70 percent of handle for performances conducted during the period beginning March 17 and ending May 22; and 1.5 percent of handle for performances conducted during the period beginning May 23 and ending January 2.

2. However, any thoroughbred permitholder whose total handle on live performances during the 1991-1992 state fiscal year was not greater than \$34 million is authorized to conduct live performances at any time of the year and shall pay 0.5 percent on live handle per performance.

Section 9. Section 550.1645, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.1645 Escheat to state of abandoned interest in or contribution to pari-mutuel pools.--

- (1) It is the public policy of the state, while protecting the interest of the owners, to possess all unclaimed and abandoned interest in or contribution to <u>certain</u> any pari-mutuel <u>pools</u> pool conducted in this state under this chapter, for the benefit of all the people of the state; and this law shall be liberally construed to accomplish such purpose.
- money or other property represented by any unclaimed, uncashed, or abandoned pari-mutuel ticket which has remained in the custody of or under the control of any licensee authorized to conduct pari-mutuel pools in this state for a period of 1 year after the date the pari-mutuel ticket was issued, if the rightful owner or owners thereof have made no claim or demand for such money or other property within the

 aforesaid period of time, is hereby declared to have escheated to or to escheat to, and to have become the property of, the state.

(3) All money or other property that has escheated to and become the property of the state as provided herein, and which is held by such licensee authorized to conduct pari-mutuel pools in this state, shall be paid by such licensee to the Treasurer annually within 60 days after the close of the race meeting of the licensee. Such moneys so paid by the licensee to the Treasurer shall be deposited in the State School Fund to be used for the support and maintenance of public free schools as required by s. 6, Art. IX of the State Constitution.

Section 10. Section 550.1647, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

550.1647 Greyhound permitholders; unclaimed tickets; breaks.--

(1) All money or other property represented by any unclaimed, uncashed, or abandoned pari-mutuel ticket which has remained in the custody of or under the control of any permitholder authorized to conduct greyhound racing pari-mutuel pools in this state for a period of 1 year after the date the pari-mutuel ticket was issued, if the rightful owner or owners thereof have made no claim or demand for such money or other property within that period of time, shall, with respect to live races conducted by the permitholder and with respect to simulcast greyhound races received by the permitholder, be remitted to the state pursuant to s.

550.1645; however, such permitholder shall be entitled to a credit that may be applied against any taxes imposed pursuant to this chapter in the amount of the money or property so

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remitted. In addition, each permitholder shall pay, from any source, including the proceeds from performances conducted pursuant to s. 550.0351, an amount not less than 10 percent of the amount of the credit provided by this section to any bonafide organization that promotes or encourages the adoption of greyhounds.

(2) With respect to live greyhound races, the breaks shall be retained by the permitholder conducting the race, and, with respect to simulcast greyhound races, the breaks shall be retained by the permitholder who receives the simulcast.

Section 11. Section 550.615, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.615 Intertrack wagering.--

- (1) Any horserace permitholder licensed under this chapter which has conducted a full schedule of live racing may, at any time, receive broadcasts of horseraces and accept wagers on horseraces conducted by horserace permitholders licensed under this chapter at its facility.
- (2) Any track or fronton licensed under this chapter which in the preceding year conducted a full schedule of live racing is qualified to, at any time, receive broadcasts of any class of pari-mutuel race or game and accept wagers on such races or games conducted by any class of permitholders licensed under this chapter.
- (3) If a permitholder elects to broadcast its signal to any permitholder in this state, any permitholder that is eligible to conduct intertrack wagering under the provisions of ss. 550.615-550.6345 is entitled to receive the broadcast and conduct intertrack wagering under this section; provided, 31 however, that the host track may require a guest track within

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25 miles of another permitholder to receive in any week at least 60 percent of the live races that the host track is making available on the days that the guest track is otherwise operating live races or games. A host track may require a guest track not operating live races or games and within 25 miles of another permitholder to accept within any week at least 60 percent of the live races that the host track is making available. A person may not restrain or attempt to restrain any permitholder that is otherwise authorized to conduct intertrack wagering from receiving the signal of any other permitholder or sending its signal to any permitholder.

- In no event shall any intertrack wager be accepted on the same class of live races or games of any permitholder without the written consent of such operating permitholders conducting the same class of live races or games if the guest track is within the market area of such operating permitholder.
- (5) No permitholder within the market area of the host track shall take an intertrack wager on the host track without the consent of the host track.
- (6) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (3), in any area of the state where there are three or more horserace permitholders within 25 miles of each other, intertrack wagering between permitholders in said area of the state shall only be authorized under the following conditions: Any permitholder, other than a thoroughbred permitholder, may accept intertrack wagers on races or games conducted live by a permitholder of the same class or any harness permitholder located within such area and any harness permitholder may accept wagers on games conducted live by any jai alai 31 permitholder located within its market area and from a jai

 alai permitholder located within the area specified in this subsection when no jai alai permitholder located within its market area is conducting live jai alai performances; any greyhound or jai alai permitholder may receive broadcasts of and accept wagers on any permitholder of the other class provided that a permitholder, other than the host track, of such other class is not operating a contemporaneous live performance within the market area.

- (7) In any county of the state where there are only two permits, one for dogracing and one for jai alai, no intertrack wager may be taken during the period of time when a permitholder is not licensed to conduct live races or games without the written consent of the other permitholder that is conducting live races or games. However, if neither permitholder is conducting live races or games, either permitholder may accept intertrack wagers on horseraces or on the same class of races or games, or on both horseraces and the same class of races or games as is authorized by its permit.
- (8) In any three contiguous counties of the state where there are only three permitholders, all of which are greyhound permitholders, if any permitholder leases the facility of another permitholder for all or any portion of the conduct of its live race meet pursuant to s. 550.475, such lessee may conduct intertrack wagering at its pre-lease permitted facility throughout the entire year, including while its live meet is being conducted at the leased facility, if such permitholder has conducted a full schedule of live racing during the preceding fiscal year at its pre-lease permitted facility or at a leased facility, or combination thereof.

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30 31 (9)(8) In any two contiguous counties of the state in which there are located only four active permits, one for thoroughbred horse racing, two for greyhound dogracing, and one for jai alai games, no intertrack wager may be accepted on the same class of live races or games of any permitholder without the written consent of such operating permitholders conducting the same class of live races or games if the guest track is within the market area of such operating permitholder.

 $(10)\frac{(9)}{(a)}$  Upon application to the division on or before January 31 of each year, any quarter horse permitholder that has conducted at least 15 days of thoroughbred horse sales at a permanent sales facility for at least 3 consecutive years, and conducted at least one day of nonwagering thoroughbred racing, with a purse structure of at least \$250,000 per year for 2 consecutive years prior to such application, shall be issued a license to conduct intertrack wagering for thoroughbred racing for up to 21 days in connection with thoroughbred sales, to conduct intertrack wagering at such permanent sales facility between November 1 and May 8 of the following year, to conduct intertrack wagering at such permanent sales facility between May 9 and October 31 at such times and on such days as any jai alai permitholder in the same county is not conducting live performances, and to conduct intertrack wagering under the provisions of this subsection during the weekend of the Kentucky Derby, the Preakness, the Belmont, and a Breeders' Cup Meet that is conducted before November 1 and after May 8, subject to conditions set forth in this subsection, provided that no more than one such license may be issued.

- (b) If more than one permitholder applies, the division shall determine which permitholder shall be granted the license. In making its determination, the division shall consider the length of time the permitholder has been conducting thoroughbred horse sales in this state, the length of time the applicant has had a permanent location in this state, and the volume of sales of thoroughbred horses in this state, giving the greater weight to the applicant that meets these criteria.
- (c) The applicant must comply with the provisions of  $ss.\ 550.125$  and 550.1815.
- (d) Intertrack wagering under this subsection may not be conducted within 50 miles of any greyhound racetrack that conducted a full schedule of live racing prior to June 1, 1990.
- (e) For each year such quarter horse permitholder must obtain the license set forth in paragraph (a), any provisions relating to suspension or revocation of a quarter horse permit for failure to conduct live quarter horse racing do not apply.
- (f) Intertrack wagering under this subsection may only be conducted on thoroughbred horse racing, and intertrack wagering under this subsection may not be conducted on evening performances.
- (11)(10) All costs of receiving the transmission of the broadcasts shall be borne by the guest track; and all costs of sending the broadcasts shall be borne by the host track.
- (12)(11) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, any thoroughbred permitholder that conducts performances during the period beginning May 23 and ending January 2 must make available any live pari-mutuel event

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conducted and any simulcast pari-mutuel event received by such permitholder to any thoroughbred permitholder that conducts performances during the period beginning March 17 and ending May 22, and such guest permitholder is authorized to accept wagers on such signals. Notwithstanding s. 550.0951(3)(c), the tax on wagers accepted by the quest permitholder on such events shall be 2 percent, but such amount shall be retained by the host track as compensation for lost revenues and purses. At least 50 percent of the amount retained shall be paid as purses at the host track. This subsection applies only to thoroughbred permitholders located in any area of the state where there are three or more thoroughbred permitholders within 25 miles of each other.

Section 12. Section 550.0555, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.0555 Greyhound dogracing and jai alai permits; relocation within a county; conditions .--

- (1) It is the finding of the Legislature that pari-mutuel wagering on greyhound dogracing and jai alai provides substantial revenues to the state. It is the further finding that, in some cases, this revenue-producing ability is hindered due to the lack of provisions allowing the relocation of existing dogracing and jai alai operations. It is therefore declared that state revenues derived from greyhound dogracing and jai alai will continue to be jeopardized if provisions allowing the relocation of such greyhound racing and jai alai permits are not implemented. This enactment is made pursuant to, and for the purpose of, implementing such provisions.
- (2) Any holder of a valid outstanding permit for 31 greyhound dogracing in a county in which there is only one

dogracing permit issued, as well as any holder of a valid outstanding permit for jai alai in a county where only one jai 2 3 alai permit is issued, is authorized, without the necessity of 4 an additional county referendum required under s. 550.0651, to 5 move the location for which the permit has been issued to 6 another location within a 30-mile radius of the location fixed 7 in the permit issued in that county, provided the move does not cross the county boundary, that such relocation is 8 9 approved under the zoning regulations of the county or 10 municipality in which the permit is to be located as a planned 11 development use, consistent with the comprehensive plan, and that such move is approved by the department after it is 12 13 determined at a proceeding pursuant to chapter 120 in the county affected that the move is necessary to ensure the 14 revenue-producing capability of the permittee without 15 deteriorating the revenue-producing capability of any other 16 17 pari-mutuel permittee within 50 miles; the distance shall be measured on a straight line from the nearest property line of 18 19 one racing plant or jai alai fronton to the nearest property line of the other. 20 Section 13. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 21 550.09512, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 22 550.09512 Harness horse taxes; abandoned interest in a 23 24 permit for nonpayment of taxes. --25 (2)(a) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 550.0951(3)(a), the tax on handle for live harness horse 26 performances is 0.5 \(\frac{1}{2}\) percent of handle per performance. 27 28 Section 14. Section 550.475, Florida Statutes, is 29 amended to read: 550.475 Lease of pari-mutuel facilities by pari-mutuel 30

31 permitholders.--Holders of valid pari-mutuel permits for the

conduct of any jai alai games, dogracing, or thoroughbred and standardbred horse racing in this state are shall be entitled to lease any and all of their facilities to any other holder of a same class valid pari-mutuel permit for jai alai games, dogracing, or thoroughbred or standardbred horse racing, when located within a 35-mile radius of each other; and such lessee is shall be entitled to a permit and license to operate its race meet or jai-alai games at the leased premises.

Section 15. Subsection (1) of section 550.625, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.625 Intertrack wagering; purses; breeders' awards.--If a host track is a horse track:

(1) A host track racing under either a thoroughbred or quarter horse permit shall pay an amount equal to 7.125 6.125 percent of all wagers placed pursuant to the provisions of s. 550.615, as purses during its current race meet. However, up to 0.50 percent of all wagers placed pursuant to s. 550.615 may, at the option of the host track, be deducted from the amount retained by the host track for purses to supplement the awards program for owners of Florida-bred horses as set forth in s. 550.2625(6). A host track racing under a harness permit shall pay an amount equal to 7 percent of all wagers placed pursuant to the provisions of s. 550.615, as purses during its current race meet. If a host track underpays or overpays purses required by this section and s. 550.2625, the provisions of s. 550.2625 apply to the overpayment or underpayment.

Section 16. Subsection (2) of section 550.155, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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550.155 Pari-mutuel pool within track enclosure; takeouts; breaks; penalty for purchasing part of a pari-mutuel pool for or through another in specified circumstances .--

- (2) The permitholder's share of the takeout is that portion of the takeout that remains after the pari-mutuel tax imposed upon the contributions to the pari-mutuel pool is deducted from the takeout and paid by the permitholder. The takeout is deducted from all pari-mutuel pools but may be different depending on the type of pari-mutuel pool. The permitholder shall inform the patrons, either through the official program or via the posting of signs at conspicuous locations, as to the takeout currently being applied to handle at the facility. A capital improvement proposed by a permitholder licensed under this chapter to a pari-mutuel facility existing on June 23, 1981, which capital improvement requires, pursuant to any municipal or county ordinance, resolution, or regulation, the qualification or approval of the municipality or county wherein the permitholder conducts its business operations, shall receive approval unless the municipality or county is able to show that the proposed improvement presents a justifiable and immediate hazard to the health and safety of municipal or county residents, provided the permitholder pays to the municipality or county the cost of a building permit and provided the capital improvement meets the following criteria:
- The improvement does not qualify as a development of regional impact as defined in s. 380.06; and
- (b) The improvement is contiguous to or within the existing pari-mutuel facility site. To be contiguous, the site of the improvement must share a sufficient common 31 | boundary with the present pari-mutuel facility to allow full

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and free access without crossing a public roadway, public waterway, or similar barrier.

Section 17. Subsections (3), (5), (6), (8), and (10) of section 550.26352, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

550.26352 Breeders' Cup Meet; pools authorized; conflicts; taxes; credits; transmission of races; rules; application.--

(3) If the permitholder conducting the Breeders' Cup Meet is located within 35 miles of one or more permitholders scheduled to conduct a thoroughbred race meet on any of the 3 days of the Breeders' Cup Meet, then operation on any of those 3 days by the other permitholders is prohibited. compensation for the loss of racing days caused thereby, such operating permitholders shall receive a credit against the taxes otherwise due and payable to the state under ss. 550.0951 and 550.09515. This credit shall be in an amount equal to the operating loss determined to have been suffered by the operating permitholders as a result of not operating on the prohibited racing days, but shall not exceed a total of \$950,000credited shall be made by the division upon application by the operating permitholder. The tax credits provided in this subsection shall not be available unless an operating permitholder is required to close a bona fide meet consisting in part of no fewer than 10 scheduled performances in the 15 days immediately preceding or 10 scheduled performances in the 15 days immediately following the Breeders' Cup Meet. tax credit shall be in lieu of any other compensation or consideration for the loss of racing days. There shall be no replacement or makeup of any lost racing days.

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- (5) The permitholder conducting the Breeders' Cup Meet shall receive a credit against the taxes otherwise due and payable to the state under ss. 550.0951 and 550.09515 generated during said permitholder's next ensuing regular thoroughbred race meet. This credit shall be in an amount not to exceed\$950,000<del>\$800,000</del> and shall be utilized by the permitholder to pay the purses offered by the permitholder during the Breeders' Cup Meet in excess of the purses which the permitholder is otherwise required by law to pay. amount to be credited shall be determined by the division upon application of the permitholder which is subject to audit by the division.
- (6) The permitholder conducting the Breeders' Cup Meet shall receive a credit against the taxes otherwise due and payable to the state under ss. 550.0951 and 550.09515 generated during said permitholder's next ensuing regular thoroughbred race meet. This credit shall be in an amount not to exceed\$950,000<del>\$800,000</del> and shall be utilized by the permitholder for such capital improvements and extraordinary expenses as may be necessary for operation of the Breeders' The amount to be credited shall be determined by Cup Meet. the division upon application of the permitholder which is subject to audit by the division.
- (8)(a) Pursuant to s. 550.3551(2), the permitholder conducting the Breeders' Cup Meet is authorized to transmit broadcasts of the races conducted during the Breeders' Cup Meet to locations outside of this state for wagering purposes. The division may approve broadcasts to pari-mutuel permitholders and other betting systems authorized under the laws of any other state or country. Wagers accepted by any 31 out-of-state pari-mutuel permitholder or betting system on any

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30 31 races broadcast under this section may be, but are not required to be, commingled with the pari-mutuel pools of the permitholder conducting the Breeders' Cup Meet. The calculation of any payoff on national pari-mutuel pools with commingled wagers may be performed by the permitholder's totalisator contractor at a location outside of this state. Pool amounts from wagers placed at pari-mutuel facilities or other betting systems in foreign countries before being commingled with the pari-mutuel pool of the Florida permitholder conducting the Breeders' Cup Meet shall be calculated by the totalisator contractor and transferred to the commingled pool in United States currency in cycles customarily used by the permitholder. Pool amounts from wagers placed at any foreign pari-mutuel facility or other betting system shall not be commingled with a Florida pool until a determination is made by the division that the technology utilized by the totalisator contractor is adequate to assure commingled pools will result in the calculation of accurate payoffs to Florida bettors. Any totalisator contractor at a location outside of this state shall comply with the provisions of s. 550.495 relating to totalisator licensing.

(b) The permitholder conducting the Breeders' Cup Meet is authorized to transmit broadcasts of the races conducted during the Breeders' Cup Meet to other pari-mutuel facilities located in this state for wagering purposes; however, the permitholder conducting the Breeders' Cup Meet shall not be required to transmit broadcasts to any pari-mutuel facility located within 25 miles of the facility at which the Breeders' Cup Meet is conducted and, further, shall not transmit broadcasts to any pari-mutuel facility located within 25 miles of the facility at which the Breeders' Cup Meet is conducted

 without the consent of all operating permitholders in the market area. Wagers accepted by all pari-mutuel facilities located in the state on any races broadcast under this section shall be included in the pari-mutuel pools of the permitholder conducting the Breeders' Cup Meet.

(10) The division is authorized to adopt such rules as are necessary to facilitate the conduct of the Breeders' Cup Meet as authorized in this section. Included within this grant of authority shall be the adoption or waiver of rules regarding the overall conduct of racing during the Breeders' Cup Meet so as to ensure the integrity of the races, licensing for all participants, special stabling and training requirements for foreign horses, commingling of pari-mutuel pools, and audit requirements for tax credits and other benefits.

Section 18. Paragraph (a) of subsection (9) of section 550.6305, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.6305 Intertrack wagering; guest track payments; accounting rules.--

- (9) A host track that has contracted with an out-of-state horse track to broadcast live races conducted at such out-of-state horse track pursuant to s. 550.3551(5) may broadcast such out-of-state races to any guest track and accept wagers thereon in the same manner as is provided in s. 550.3551.
- (a) For purposes of this section, "net proceeds" means the amount of takeout remaining after the payment of state taxes, purses required pursuant to s. 550.0951(3)(c)1., the cost to the permitholder required to be paid to the out-of-state horse track, breeders' awards paid to the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association and the Florida

 Standardbred Breeders and Owners Association, to be used as set forth in s. 550.625(2)(a) and (b), and the deduction of any amount retained pursuant to s. 550.615(12)(11).

Section 19. Subsection (31) of section 550.002, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.002 Definitions.--As used in this chapter, the term:

(31) "Same class of <u>races</u>, <u>games</u>, <u>race</u> or permit" means, with respect to a jai alai permitholder, jai alai games or other jai alai permitholders; with respect to a greyhound permitholder, greyhound races or other greyhound permitholders; with respect to a thoroughbred permitholder, thoroughbred races or other thoroughbred permitholders; with respect to a harness permitholder, harness races or other harness permitholders; with respect to a quarter horse permitholder, quarter horse races or other quarter horse permitholders.

Section 20. Subsection (3) of section 550.0251, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.0251 The powers and duties of the Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation.--The division shall administer this chapter and regulate the pari-mutuel industry under this chapter and the rules adopted pursuant thereto, and:

(3) The division shall adopt reasonable rules for the control, supervision, and direction of all applicants, permittees, and licensees: and for the holding, conducting, and operating of all racetracks, race meets, and races held in this state; and for wagering through a pari-mutuel wagering pool. Such rules must be uniform in their application and

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effect, and the duty of exercising this control and power is made mandatory upon the division.

Section 21. Subsections (8) and (9) of section 550.0351, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

550.0351 Charity racing days.--

- (8) In addition to the eligible charities that meet the criteria set forth in this section, a jai alai permitholder is authorized to conduct two one additional charity performances performance each fiscal year for a fund to benefit retired jai alai players. This performance shall be known as the "Retired Jai Alai Players Charity Day." administration of this fund shall be determined by rule by the division.
- (9) Notwithstanding the limitations set forth in subsection (8), any jai alai permitholder who has not conducted one "Retired Jai Alai Players Charity Day" performance per year since the 1992-1993 fiscal year is authorized to conduct up to two performances per fiscal year until the time when the total number of such performances is equivalent to the total number of fiscal years. This subsection shall be repealed on July 1, 2000.

Section 22. Section 550.105, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.105 Occupational licenses of racetrack employees; fees; denial, suspension, and revocation of license; penalties and fines.--

(1) Each person connected with a racetrack or jai alai fronton, as specified in paragraph (2)(a), shall purchase from the division an annual occupational license, which license is valid from May 1 until June 30 of the following year. 31 | moneys collected pursuant to this section each fiscal year

shall be deposited into the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund. If the division determines that it is in the best interest of the division and persons connected with racetracks, the division may issue a license valid for one season at one racetrack but may not make that determination apply to any person who objects to such determination. In any event, the season license fee must be equal to the annual occupational license fee. Any person may, at her or his option and pursuant to the rules adopted by the division, purchase an occupational license valid for a period of 3 years if the purchaser of the license pays the full occupational license fee for each of the years for which the license is purchased at the time the 3-year license is requested. The occupational license shall be valid during its specified term at any pari-mutuel facility.

- (2)(a) The following Unrestricted licenses shall be issued to persons or entities with access to the backside, racing animals, jai alai players' room, jockeys' room, drivers' room, totalisator room, the mutuels, or money room, or to persons who, by virtue of the position they hold, might be granted access to these areas or to any other person or entity in one of the following categories and with scheduled annual fees as follows:
- 1. Business licenses: any business such as a vendor, contractual concessionaire, contract kennel, business owning racing animals, trust or estate, totalisator company, stable name, or other fictitious name: \$50.
- 2. Professional occupational licenses: professional persons with access to the backside of a racetrack or players' quarters in jai alai such as trainers, officials, veterinarians, doctors, nurses, EMT's, jockeys and

apprentices, drivers, jai alai players, owners, trustees, or any management or officer or director or shareholder or any other professional-level person who might have access to the jockeys' room, the drivers' room, the backside, racing animals, kennel compound, or managers or supervisors requiring access to mutuels machines, the money room, or totalisator equipment: \$40.

3. General occupational licenses: general employees with access to the jockeys' room, the drivers' room, racing animals, the backside of a racetrack or players' quarters in jai alai, such as grooms, kennel helpers, leadouts, pelota makers, cesta makers, or ball boys, or a practitioner of any other occupation who would have access to the animals, the backside, or the kennel compound, or who would provide the security or maintenance of these areas, or mutuel employees, totalisator employees, money-room employees, or any employee with access to mutuels machines, the money room, or totalisator equipment or who would provide the security or maintenance of these areas: \$10.

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The individuals and entities that are licensed under this paragraph Persons issued an unrestricted license require heightened the most state scrutiny, including the submission by the individual licensees or persons associated with the entities described in this chapter of fingerprints for a Federal Bureau of Investigation criminal records check.

(b) Restricted licenses shall be issued to persons without access to the backside, racing animals, jai alai players' room, jockeys' room, drivers' room, totalisator room, the mutuels, or money room. Persons issued a restricted 31 license require the less state scrutiny and will not require

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30 31 routine criminal records check. The division may require persons issued the restricted license to submit fingerprints for a criminal records check as needed for investigations.

(b)(c) The division shall adopt promulgate rules pertaining to pari-mutuel regarding unrestricted and restricted occupational licenses.

- (d) Pari-mutuel occupational licenses shall be issued in the categories and with scheduled annual fees as follows:
- 1. Business licenses: any business such as vendors, contractual concessionaires, contract kennels, businesses owning racing animals, trusts or estates, totalisator companies, stable names, or other fictitious names: \$50.
- 2. Unrestricted licenses: professional persons with access to the backside of a racetrack or players' quarters in jai alai such as trainers, officials, veterinarians, doctors, nurses, EMT's, jockeys and apprentices, drivers, jai alai players, owners, trustees, or any management or officer or director or shareholder or any other professional level person who might have access to the jockeys' room, drivers' room, the backside, racing animals, or kennel compound: \$40.
- 3. Unrestricted licenses: general employees with access to the jockeys' room, drivers' room, racing animals, the backside of a racetrack or players' quarters in jai alai such as grooms, kennel helpers, leadouts, pelota makers, cesta makers, ball boys, vendor representatives, or any other occupation who would have access to the animals, the backside, or the kennel compound, or the security or maintenance of these areas: \$10.
- 4. Unrestricted licenses: managers or supervisors requiring access to mutuels machines, the money room, or

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totalisator equipment but not requiring access to the 2 backside: \$40. 3

- 5. Unrestricted licenses: mutuel employees, totalisator employees, money room employees, and any employee with access to mutuels machines, the money room, or totalisator equipment or the security or maintenance of these areas: \$10.
- 6. Restricted licenses: managers, supervisors, and other professionals who do not require access to the jockeys' room, drivers' room, racing animals, the backside, the kennel compound, mutuels areas, or money room or totalisator equipment: \$40.
- 7. Restricted licenses: general employees or occupations which do not require access to the jockeys' room, drivers' room, racing animals, the backside, kennel compound, mutuels areas, money room, or totalisator equipment: \$10.
- (3) Certified public accountants and attorneys licensed to practice in this state shall not be required to hold an occupational license under this section while providing accounting or legal services to a permitholder if the certified public accountant's or attorney's primary place of employment is not on the permitholder premises.
- (4) (4) (3) It is unlawful for any person to take part in or officiate in any way or to serve in any capacity at any pari-mutuel facility without first having secured a license and paid the occupational license fee.
  - (5) $\frac{(4)}{(a)}$  The division may:
- Deny a license to or revoke, suspend, or place conditions upon or restrictions on a license of any person who has been refused a license by any other state racing 31 commission or racing authority;

 Deny, suspend, or place conditions on a license of any person who is under suspension or has unpaid fines in another jurisdiction;

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if the state racing commission or racing authority of such other state or jurisdiction extends to the division reciprocal courtesy to maintain the disciplinary control.

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The division may deny, suspend, revoke, or declare ineligible any occupational license if the applicant for or holder thereof has violated the provisions of this chapter or the rules of the division governing the conduct of persons connected with racetracks and frontons. In addition, the division may deny, suspend, revoke, or declare ineligible any occupational license if the applicant for such license has been convicted in this state, in any other state, or under the laws of the United States of a capital felony, a felony, or an offense in any other state which would be a felony under the laws of this state involving arson; trafficking in, conspiracy to traffic in, smuggling, importing, conspiracy to smuggle or import, or delivery, sale, or distribution of a controlled substance; or a crime involving a lack of good moral character, or has had a pari-mutuel license revoked by this state or any other jurisdiction for an offense related to pari-mutuel wagering.

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30 31 (c) The division may deny, declare ineligible, or revoke any occupational license if the applicant for such license has been convicted of a felony or misdemeanor in this state, in any other state, or under the laws of the United States, if such felony or misdemeanor is related to gambling or bookmaking, as contemplated in s. 849.25, or involves cruelty to animals. If the applicant establishes that she or

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he is of good moral character, that she or he has been rehabilitated, and that the crime she or he was convicted of is not related to pari-mutuel wagering and is not a capital offense, the restrictions excluding offenders may be waived by the director of the division.

- (d) If an occupational license will expire by division rule during the period of a suspension the division intends to impose, or if a license would have expired but for pending administrative charges and the occupational licensee is found to be in violation of any of the charges, the license may be revoked and a time period of license ineligibility may be The division may bring administrative charges declared. against any person not holding a current license for violations of statutes or rules which occurred while such person held an occupational license, and the division may declare such person ineligible to hold a license for a period The division may impose a civil fine of up to \$1,000 for each violation of the rules of the division in addition to or in lieu of any other penalty provided for in this section. In addition to any other penalty provided by law, the division may exclude from all pari-mutuel facilities in this state, for a period not to exceed the period of suspension, revocation, or ineligibility, any person whose occupational license application has been denied by the division, who has been declared ineligible to hold an occupational license, or whose occupational license has been suspended or revoked by the division.
- (e) The division may cancel any occupational license that has been voluntarily relinquished by the licensee.
- (6) (5) In order to promote the orderly presentation of 31 pari-mutuel meets authorized in this chapter, the division may

 issue a temporary occupational license. The division shall adopt rules to implement this subsection. However, no temporary occupational license shall be valid for more than 30 days, and no more than one temporary license may be issued for any person in any year.

(7)(6) The division may deny, revoke, or suspend any occupational license if the applicant therefor or holder thereof accumulates unpaid obligations or defaults in obligations, or issues drafts or checks that are dishonored or for which payment is refused without reasonable cause, if such unpaid obligations, defaults, or dishonored or refused drafts or checks directly relate to the sport of jai alai or racing being conducted at a pari-mutuel facility within this state.

(8) (7) The division may fine, or suspend or revoke, or place conditions upon, the license of any licensee who under oath knowingly provides false information regarding an investigation by the division.

(9)(8) The tax imposed by this section is in lieu of all license, excise, or occupational taxes to the state or any county, municipality, or other political subdivision, except that, if a race meeting or game is held or conducted in a municipality, the municipality may assess and collect an additional tax against any person conducting live racing or games within its corporate limits, which tax may not exceed \$150 per day for horseracing or \$50 per day for dogracing or jai alai. Except as provided in this chapter, a municipality may not assess or collect any additional excise or revenue tax against any person conducting race meetings within the corporate limits of the municipality or against any patron of any such person.

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1 (10) (9) Upon application for an occupational license, 2 the division may require the applicant's full legal name; any 3 nickname, alias, or maiden name for the applicant; name of the applicant's spouse; the applicant's date of birth, residence 4 5 address, mailing address, residence address and business phone number, and social security number; disclosure of any felony or any conviction involving bookmaking, illegal gambling, or cruelty to animals; disclosure of any past or present enforcement or actions by any racing or gaming agency against 10 the applicant; and any information the division determines is 11 necessary to establish the identity of the applicant or to establish that the applicant is of good moral character. 12 13 Fingerprints shall be taken in a manner approved by the division and then shall be submitted to the Federal Bureau of 14 Investigation, or to the association of state officials 15 regulating pari-mutuel wagering pursuant to the Federal 16 17 Pari-mutuel Licensing Simplification Act of 1988. The cost of 18 processing fingerprints shall be borne by the applicant and 19 paid to the association of state officials regulating 20 pari-mutuel wagering from the trust fund to which the 21 processing fees are deposited. The division shall require each applicant for an occupational license to have the 22 applicant's signature witnessed and notarized or signed in the 23 24 presence of a division official. The division, by rule, may require additional information from licensees which is 25 reasonably necessary to regulate the industry. The division 26 may, by rule, exempt certain occupations or groups of persons 27 28 from the fingerprinting requirements. 29 Section 23. Subsection (2) of section 550.24055, 30 Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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30 31 550.24055 Use of controlled substances or alcohol prohibited; testing of certain occupational licensees; penalty; evidence of test or action taken and admissibility for criminal prosecution limited.--

- 5 (2) The occupational licensees, by applying for and 6 holding such licenses, are deemed to have given their consents 7 to submit to an approved chemical test of their breath for the purpose of determining the alcoholic content of their blood 8 9 and to a urine or blood test for the purpose of detecting the 10 presence of controlled substances. Such tests shall only be 11 conducted upon reasonable cause that a violation has occurred as shall be determined solely by the stewards at a horseracing 12 13 meeting or the judges or board of judges at a dogtrack or jai 14 alai meet. The failure to submit to such test may result in a 15 suspension of the person's occupational license for a period of 10 days or until this section has been complied with, 16 17 whichever is longer.
  - (a) If there was at the time of the test 0.05 percent or less by weight of alcohol in the person's blood, the person is presumed not to have been under the influence of alcoholic beverages to the extent that the person's normal faculties were impaired, and no action of any sort may be taken by the stewards, judges, or board of judges or the division.
  - (b) If there was at the time of the test an excess of 0.05 percent but less than 0.08 0.10 percent by weight of alcohol in the person's blood, that fact does not give rise to any presumption that the person was or was not under the influence of alcoholic beverages to the extent that the person's faculties were impaired, but the stewards, judges, or board of judges may consider that fact in determining whether

or not the person will be allowed to officiate or participate in any given race or jai alai game.

(c) If there was at the time of the test 0.08 0.10 percent or more by weight of alcohol in the person's blood, that fact is prima facie evidence that the person was under the influence of alcoholic beverages to the extent that the person's normal faculties were impaired, and the stewards or judges may take action as set forth in this section, but the person may not officiate at or participate in any race or jai alai game on the day of such test.

All tests relating to alcohol must be performed in a manner substantially similar, or identical, to the provisions of s. 316.1934 and rules adopted pursuant to that section. Following a test of the urine or blood to determine the presence of a controlled substance as defined in chapter 893, if a controlled substance is found to exist, the stewards, judges, or board of judges may take such action as is

Section 24. Section 550.2614, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

(Substantial rewording of section. See

s. 550.2614, F.S., for present text.)

550.2614 Horsemen's association; membership;

25 responsibilities.--

permitted in this section.

(1) Upon receiving a license or renewal thereof, each thoroughbred owner and trainer shall receive automatic membership in the Florida Horsemen's Benevolent and Protective Association, Inc., or another association designated by the licensee which represents the majority of the thoroughbred racehorse owners and trainers at the permitholder located in

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Hillsborough County, and shall be counted on the membership rolls of that association, unless, within 30 calendar days after receiving a license from the division, the individual declines such membership in writing. The division shall monitor the membership rolls of each association to ensure that complete, accurate, and timely listings are maintained for the purposes specified in this section and s. 550.3551.

- Each licensee that holds a permit for thoroughbred horse racing in this state shall deduct from the total purse pool an amount of money equal to 1 percent of the total purse pool and shall pay that amount to the Florida Horsemen's Benevolent and Protective Association, Inc., or to another association representing a majority of the thoroughbred racehorse owners and trainers at the permittee located in Hillsborough County. These funds must be used for the purpose of providing for the benefit, aid, assistance, or relief of thoroughbred owners, trainers, exercise riders, grooms, stable attendants, and other thoroughbred racing personnel employed in connection with racing, and their spouses and children, who demonstrate a need for financial assistance connected with death, illness, or off-the-job injury and who are not otherwise covered by health and welfare plans, workers' compensation, social security, public assistance, or any other type of health, medical, death, or accident insurance.
- (3) The division shall audit the collection and distribution of funds as authorized in this section to assure that the funds are being used for the charitable and beneficial purposes set forth in this section. The division may take action to assure that such funds are being used as authorized by subsection (2). Such actions may include seeking an injunction against distribution, or seeking recovery, of

funds that are being distributed in a manner inconsistent with the requirements of subsection (2). The division may adopt 2 3 rules to facilitate the orderly transfer of funds authorized by subsection (2) or to carry out its responsibilities as 4 5 provided in this section. 6 Section 25. Subsection (1) of section 550.26165, 7 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 8 550.26165 Breeders' awards.--9 (1) The purpose of this section is to encourage the 10 agricultural activity of breeding and training racehorses in 11 this state. Moneys dedicated in this chapter for use as breeders' awards and stallion awards from breaks and uncashed 12 tickets from pari-mutuel wagering and horseraces are to be 13 14 used for awards of up to 20 percent of the announced gross purse at any race to breeders of registered Florida-bred 15 horses winning horseraces and for similar awards to the owners 16 17 of stallions who sired Florida-bred horses winning stakes races, if the stallions are registered as Florida stallions 18 19 standing in this state. Such awards shall be given at a uniform rate to all winners of the awards, shall not be 20 21 greater than 20 percent of the announced gross purse, and shall not be less than 15 percent of the announced gross purse 22 if funds are available. In addition, no less than 25 percent 23 24 nor more than 45 percent, as determined by the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association, of the moneys dedicated in 25 this chapter for use as breeders' awards and stallion awards 26 27 for thoroughbreds shall be returned prorata to the permitholders that generated the moneys for awards to be 28 29 distributed by the permitholders to owners of registered 30 Florida-bred thoroughbred horses winning in thoroughbred races 31 and winning or placing in thoroughbred stakes races, all in

accordance with a plan established annually no later than 120 days before the first day of the permitholders' racing meet 2 3 and agreed upon by the permitholder, the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association, and the Florida Horsemen's Benevolent 4 5 and Protective Association, Inc. Awards for thoroughbred races 6 are to be paid through the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' 7 Association, and awards for standardbred races are to be paid 8 through the Florida Standardbred Breeders and Owners Association. Among other sources specified in this chapter, 9 10 The moneys for thoroughbred breeders' awards will come from 11 the 0.975 <del>0.75</del> percent of handle for thoroughbred races conducted, received, broadcast, or simulcast under this 12 chapter as provided in s. 550.2625(3). The moneys for quarter 13 horse and harness breeders' awards will come from the breaks 14 and uncashed tickets on live quarter horse and harness racing 15 performances and 1 percent of handle on intertrack wagering. 16 17 The funds for these breeders' awards shall be paid to the respective breeders' associations by the permitholders 18 19 conducting the races. The awards are to be given at a uniform 20 rate to all winners of the awards and may not be less than 15 percent of the announced gross purse if funds are available. 21 Section 26. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 22 550.2625, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 23 24 550.2625 Horseracing; minimum purse requirement, Florida breeders' and owners' awards.--25 (2) Each permitholder conducting a horserace meet is 26 required to pay from the takeout withheld on pari-mutuel pools 27 28 a sum for purses in accordance with the type of race 29 performed. (a) A permitholder conducting a thoroughbred horse 30

31 race meet under this chapter must pay from the takeout

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withheld a sum not less than  $7.75 \frac{7.5}{7.5}$  percent of all contributions to pari-mutuel pools conducted during the race meet as purses. In addition to the  $7.75 \, \frac{7.5}{7.5}$  percent minimum purse payment, permitholders conducting live thoroughbred performances shall be required to pay as additional purses .625 percent of live handle for performances conducted during the period beginning on January 3 and ending March 16; .225 percent for performances conducted during the period beginning March 17 and ending May 22; and .85 percent for performances conducted during the period beginning May 23 and ending January 2. Except that any thoroughbred permitholder whose total handle on live performances during the 1991-1992 state fiscal year was not greater than \$34 million is not subject to this additional purse payment. A permitholder authorized to conduct thoroughbred racing may withhold from the handle an additional amount equal to 1 percent on exotic wagering for use as owners' awards, and may withhold from the handle an amount equal to 2 percent on exotic wagering for use as overnight purses. No permitholder may withhold in excess of 20 percent from the handle without withholding the amounts set forth in this subsection.

- (b)1. A permitholder conducting a harness horse race meet under this chapter must pay to the purse pool from the takeout withheld a purse requirement that totals an amount not less than 8.25 8 percent of all contributions to pari-mutuel pools conducted during the race meet. An amount not less than 7.75 7.5 percent of the total handle shall be paid from this purse pool as purses.
- An amount not to exceed 0.5 percent of the total handle on all harness horse races that are subject to the 31 purse requirement of subparagraph 1., must be available for

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30 31 use to provide medical, dental, surgical, life, funeral, or disability insurance benefits for occupational licensees who work at tracks in this state at which harness horse races are conducted. Such insurance benefits must be paid from the purse pool specified in subparagraph 1. An annual plan for payment of insurance benefits from the purse pool, including qualifications for eligibility, must be submitted by the Florida Standardbred Breeders and Owners Association for approval to the division. An annual report of the implemented plan shall be submitted to the division. All records of the Florida Standardbred Breeders and Owners Association concerning the administration of the plan must be available for audit at the discretion of the division to determine that the plan has been implemented and administered as authorized. If the division finds that the Florida Standardbred Breeders and Owners Association has not complied with the provisions of this section, the division may order the association to cease and desist from administering the plan and shall appoint the division as temporary administrator of the plan until the division reestablishes administration of the plan with the association.

- (c) A permitholder conducting a quarter horse race meet under this chapter shall pay from the takeout withheld a sum not less than 6 percent of all contributions to pari-mutuel pools conducted during the race meet as purses.
- (d) The division shall adopt reasonable rules to ensure the timely and accurate payment of all amounts withheld by horserace permitholders regarding the distribution of purses, owners' awards, and other amounts collected for payment to owners and breeders. Each permitholder that fails to pay out all moneys collected for payment to owners and

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breeders shall, within 10 days after the end of the meet during which the permitholder underpaid purses, deposit an amount equal to the underpayment into a separate interest-bearing account to be distributed to owners and breeders in accordance with division rules.

- (e) An amount equal to 8.5 percent of the purse account generated through intertrack wagering and interstate simulcasting will be used for Florida Owners' Awards as set forth in subsection (3). Any thoroughbred permitholder with an average blended takeout which does not exceed 20 percent and with an average daily purse distribution excluding sponsorship, entry fees, and nominations exceeding \$225,000 is exempt from the provisions of this paragraph.
- (3) Each horseracing permitholder conducting any thoroughbred race under this chapter, including any intertrack race taken pursuant to ss. 550.615-550.6305 or any interstate simulcast taken pursuant to s. 550.3551(3) shall pay a sum equal to  $0.975 \, \frac{0.75}{0.75}$  percent on all pari-mutuel pools conducted during any such race for the payment of breeders' and stallion awards as authorized in this section. This subsection also applies to all Breeder's Cup races conducted outside this state taken pursuant to s. 550.3551(3). On any race originating live in this state which is broadcast out-of-state to any location at which wagers are accepted pursuant to s. 550.3551(2), the host track is required to pay  $3.65 \frac{3.3}{1.3}$ percent of the gross revenue derived from such out-of-state broadcasts as breeders' and stallion awards. The Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association is authorized to receive these payments from the permitholders and make payments of awards earned. The Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association 31 has the right to withhold up to 10 percent of the

permitholder's payments under this section as a fee for administering the payments of awards and for general promotion of the industry. The permitholder shall remit these payments to the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association by the 5th day of each calendar month for such sums accruing during the preceding calendar month and shall report such payments to the division as prescribed by the division. With the exception of the 10-percent fee, the moneys paid by the permitholders shall be maintained in a separate, interest-bearing account, and such payments together with any interest earned shall be used exclusively for the payment of breeders' awards and stallion awards in accordance with the following provisions:

- (a) The breeder of each Florida-bred thoroughbred horse winning a thoroughbred horse race is entitled to an award of up to, but not exceeding, 20 percent of the announced gross purse, including nomination fees, eligibility fees, starting fees, supplementary fees, and moneys added by the sponsor of the race.
- (b) The owner or owners of the sire of a Florida-bred thoroughbred horse that wins a stakes race is entitled to a stallion award of up to, but not exceeding, 20 percent of the announced gross purse, including nomination fees, eligibility fees, starting fees, supplementary fees, and moneys added by the sponsor of the race.
- (c) The owners of registered Florida-bred thoroughbred horses winning or placing in thoroughbred stakes races may receive an award in accordance with a plan established in s. 550.26165(1).
- $\underline{(d)(c)}$  In order for a breeder of a Florida-bred thoroughbred horse to be eligible to receive a breeder's award, or for the owners of a registered Florida-bred

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thoroughbred horse to be eligible to receive an award under paragraph (c), the horse winning the race must have been registered as a Florida-bred horse with the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association, and the Jockey Club certificate for the winning horse must show that it the winner has been duly registered as a Florida-bred horse as evidenced by the seal and proper serial number of the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association registry. The Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association shall be permitted to charge the registrant a reasonable fee for this verification and registration.

(e)(d) In order for an owner of the sire of a thoroughbred horse winning a stakes race to be eligible to receive a stallion award, the stallion must have been registered with the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association, and the breeding of the registered Florida-bred horse must have occurred in this state. The stallion must be standing permanently in this state during the period of time between February 1 and June 15 of each year or, if the stallion is dead, must have stood permanently in this state for a period of not less than 1 year immediately prior to its death. The removal of a stallion from this state during the period of time between February 1 and June 15 of any year for any reason, other than exclusively for prescribed medical treatment, as approved by the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association, renders the owner or owners of the stallion ineligible to receive a stallion award under any circumstances for offspring sired prior to removal; however, if a removed stallion is returned to this state, all offspring sired subsequent to the return make the owner or owners of the 31 stallion eligible for the stallion award but only for those

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offspring sired subsequent to such return to this state. The Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association shall maintain complete records showing the date the stallion arrived in this state for the first time, whether or not the stallion remained in the state permanently, the location of the stallion, and whether the stallion is still standing in this state and complete records showing awards earned, received, and distributed. The association may charge the owner, owners, or breeder a reasonable fee for this service.

(f)<del>(e)</del> A permitholder conducting a thoroughbred horse race under the provisions of this chapter shall, within 30 days after the end of the race meet during which the race is conducted, certify to the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association such information relating to the thoroughbred horses winning a stakes or other horserace at the meet as may be required to determine the eligibility for payment of breeders' awards and stallion awards.

(g)(f) The Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association shall maintain complete records showing the starters and winners in all races conducted at thoroughbred tracks in this state; shall maintain complete records showing awards earned, received, and distributed; and may charge the owner, owners, or breeder a reasonable fee for this service.

(h)<del>(g)</del> The Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association shall annually establish a uniform rate and procedure for the payment of breeders' and stallion awards and shall make breeders' and stallion award payments in strict compliance with the established uniform rate and procedure plan. plan may set a cap on winnings and may limit, exclude, or defer payments to certain classes of races, such as the 31 Florida stallion stakes races, in order to assure that there

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are adequate revenues to meet the proposed uniform rate. Such plan must include proposals for the general promotion of the industry. Priority shall be placed upon imposing such restrictions in lieu of allowing the uniform rate to be less than 15 percent of the total purse payment. The uniform rate and procedure plan must be approved by the division before implementation. In the absence of an approved plan and procedure, the authorized rate for breeders' and stallion awards is 15 percent of the announced gross purse for each race. Such purse must include nomination fees, eligibility fees, starting fees, supplementary fees, and moneys added by the sponsor of the race. If the funds in the account for payment of breeders' and stallion awards are not sufficient to meet all earned breeders' and stallion awards, those breeders and stallion owners not receiving payments have first call on any subsequent receipts in that or any subsequent year.

(i)(h) The Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association shall keep accurate records showing receipts and disbursements of such payments and shall annually file a full and complete report to the division showing such receipts and disbursements and the sums withheld for administration. The division may audit the records and accounts of the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association to determine that payments have been made to eligible breeders and stallion owners in accordance with this section.

 $\underline{(j)}(i)$  If the division finds that the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association has not complied with any provision of this section, the division may order the association to cease and desist from receiving funds and administering funds received under this section. If the division enters such an order, the permitholder shall make the

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payments authorized in this section to the division for deposit into the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund; and any funds in the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association account shall be immediately paid to the Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering for deposit to the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund. The division shall authorize payment from these funds to any breeder or stallion owner entitled to an award that has not been previously paid by the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association in accordance with the applicable rate.

Section 27. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section 550.3551, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.3551 Transmission of racing and jai alai information; commingling of pari-mutuel pools. --

(6)(a) A maximum of 20 percent of the total number of races on which wagers are accepted by a greyhound permitholder not located as specified in s. 550.615(6) may be received from locations outside this state. A permitholder may not conduct fewer than eight live races or games on any authorized race day except as provided in this subsection. A thoroughbred permitholder may not conduct fewer than eight live races on any race day without the written approval of the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association and the Florida Horsemen's Benevolent and Protective Association, Inc. horsemen's group representing the majority of thoroughbred racehorse owners and trainers in this state. A harness permitholder may conduct fewer than eight live races on any authorized race day, except that such permitholder must conduct a full schedule of live racing during its race meet consisting of at least eight live races per authorized race day for at least 100 days. Any harness horse permitholder that during the preceding racing 31 season conducted a full schedule of live racing may, at any

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time during its current race meet, receive full-card broadcasts of harness horse races conducted at harness racetracks outside this state at the harness track of the permitholder and accept wagers on such harness races. With specific authorization from the division for special racing events, a permitholder may conduct fewer than eight live races or games when the permitholder also broadcasts out-of-state races or games. The division may not grant more than two such exceptions a year for a permitholder in any 12-month period, and those two exceptions may not be consecutive.

Section 28. Subsections (1) and (4) of section 550.6308, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (5) is added to that section, to read:

550.6308 Limited intertrack wagering license.--In recognition of the economic importance of the thoroughbred breeding industry to this state, its positive impact on tourism, and of the importance of a permanent thoroughbred sales facility as a key focal point for the activities of the industry, a limited license to conduct intertrack wagering is established to ensure the continued viability and public interest in thoroughbred breeding in Florida.

(1) Upon application to the division on or before January 31 of each year, any person that is licensed to conduct public sales of thoroughbred horses pursuant to s. 535.01, that has conducted at least 15 days of thoroughbred horse sales at a permanent sales facility in this state for at least 3 consecutive years, and that has conducted at least 1 day of nonwagering thoroughbred racing in this state, with a purse structure of at least \$250,000 per year for 2 consecutive years before such application, shall be issued a 31 license, subject to the conditions set forth in this section,

facility during the following periods: for thoroughbred racing 2 3 for 4 (a) Up to 21 days in connection with thoroughbred 5 sales; , to conduct intertrack wagering at such permanent sales 6 facility 7 (b) Between November 1 and May 8; , to conduct 8 intertrack wagering at such permanent sales facility 9 (c) Between May 9 and October 31 at such times and on 10 such days as any thoroughbred, jai alai, or a greyhound 11 permitholder in the same county is not conducting live performances; provided that any such permitholder may waive 12 this requirement, in whole or in part, and allow the licensee 13 14 under this section to conduct intertrack wagering during one or more of the permitholder's live performances; and, and to 15 16 conduct intertrack wagering under the provisions of this 17 subsection (d) During the weekend of the Kentucky Derby, the 18 19 Preakness, the Belmont, and a Breeders' Cup Meet that is

to conduct intertrack wagering at such a permanent sales

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No more than one such license may be issued, and no such license may be issued for a facility located within 50 miles of any thoroughbred permitholder's track.

conducted before November 1 and after May 8., subject to

conditions set forth in this section but

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(4) Intertrack wagering under this section may be conducted only on thoroughbred horse racing, except that intertrack wagering may be conducted on any class of pari-mutuel race or game conducted by any class of permitholders licensed under this chapter if all thoroughbred,

jai alai, and greyhound permitholders in the same county as the licensee under this section give their consent.

(5) The licensee shall be considered a guest track under this chapter. The licensee shall pay 2.5 percent of the total contributions to the daily pari-mutuel pool on wagers accepted at the licensee's facility on greyhound races or jai alai games to the thoroughbred permitholder that is conducting live races for purses to be paid during its current racing meet. If more than one thoroughbred permitholder is conducting live races on a day during which the licensee is conducting intertrack wagering on greyhound races or jai alai games, the licensee shall allocate these funds between the operating thoroughbred permitholders on a prorata basis based on the total live handle at the operating permitholders' facilities.

Section 29. Subsection (7) of section 773.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

773.01 Definitions.--As used in ss. 773.01-773.05:

(7) "Participant" means any person, whether amateur or professional, who engages in or any equine that participates in an equine activity, whether or not a fee is paid to participate in the equine activity.

Section 30. Subsection (1) of section 773.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

773.03 Limitation on liability for equine activity; exceptions.--

(1) This section <u>applies</u> shall not apply to the horseracing industry as defined in chapter 550.

Section 31. Interstate Compact on Licensure of

Participants in Pari-mutuel Wagering. -- There is created the

Interstate Compact on Licensure of Participants in Pari-mutuel

Wagering.

Section 32. Purposes. -- The purposes of this compact 1 2 are to: 3 (1) Establish uniform requirements among the party states for the licensing of participants with pari-mutuel 4 5 wagering, and ensure that all licensed participants meet a 6 uniform minimum standard of honesty and integrity. 7 (2) Facilitate the growth of the pari-mutuel wagering 8 industry in each party state and nationwide by simplifying the process for licensing participants in pari-mutuel wagering, 9 10 and reduce the duplicative and costly process of separate 11 licensing by the regulatory agency in each state that conducts 12 pari-mutuel wagering. (3) Authorize the Department of Business and 13 14 Professional Regulation to participate in this compact. (4) Provide for participation in this compact by 15 officials of the party states, and permit those officials, 16 through the compact committee established by this compact, to 17 18 enter into contracts with governmental agencies and 19 nongovernmental persons to carry out the purposes of this 20 compact. (5) Establish the compact committee created by this 21 compact as an interstate governmental entity duly authorized 22 to request and receive criminal-history record information 23 24 from the Federal Bureau of Investigation and other state and 25 local law enforcement agencies. Section 33. Definitions. -- As used in this compact, the 26 27 term: 28 "Compact committee" means the organization of 29 officials from the party states which is authorized and 30 empowered to carry out the purposes of this compact.

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1 (2) "Official" means the appointed, elected, designated, or otherwise duly selected member of a racing 2 3 commission, or the equivalent thereof, in a party state who 4 represents that party state as a member of the compact 5 committee. 6 (3) "Participants in pari-mutuel wagering" means participants in horseracing, greyhound racing, and jai alai 7 8 games with pari-mutuel wagering in the party states. 9 "Party state" means each state that has enacted 10 this compact. 11 (5) "State" means each of the several states of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of 12 13 Puerto Rico, and each territory or possession of the United 14 States. Section 34. Entry into force. -- This compact shall come 15 into force when enacted by any four states. Thereafter, this 16 compact shall become effective in any other state upon that 17 18 state's enactment of this compact and upon the affirmative 19 vote of a majority of the officials on the compact committee as provided in section 43. 20 Section 35. States eligible to join compact. -- Any 21 state that has adopted or authorized pari-mutuel wagering 22 shall be eligible to become a party to this compact. 23 24 Section 36. Withdrawal from compact; impact on force 25 and effect. --

written notice of the withdrawal to the heads of the executive

(1) Any party state may withdraw from this compact by

enacting a statute repealing this compact, but such a

withdrawal becomes effective only when the head of the

branch of all other party states.

executive branch of the withdrawing party state has given

(2) If, as a result of withdrawals, participation in this compact decreases to fewer than three party states, this compact shall no longer be in force and effect until participation in this compact increases to three or more party states.

Section 37. Compact committee. --

- (1) There is created an interstate governmental entity to be known as the "compact committee," which shall be composed of one official from the racing commission, or the equivalent thereof, in each party state who shall be appointed, serve, and be subject to removal in accordance with the laws of the party state that she or he represents. The official from Florida shall be appointed by the Secretary of Business and Professional Regulation. Pursuant to the laws of her or his party state, each official shall have the assistance of her or his state's racing commission, or the equivalent thereof, in considering issues related to licensing of participants in pari-mutuel wagering and in fulfilling her or his responsibilities as the representative from her or his state to the compact committee.
- (2) If an official is unable to perform any of her or his duties as a member of the compact committee, the racing commission, or the equivalent thereof, from her or his state shall designate another of its members as an alternate who shall serve in her or his place and represent the party state as its official on the compact committee, until that racing commission, or the equivalent thereof, determines that the original representative official is once again able to perform her or his duties as that party state's representative official on the compact committee. The designation of an alternate shall be communicated by the affected state's racing

commission, or the equivalent thereof, to the compact committee as the committee's bylaws provide. 2 3 Section 38. Powers and duties of compact committee. -- In order to carry out the purposes of this 4 5 compact, the compact committee has the power and duty to: 6 (1)(a) Determine which categories of participants in 7 pari-mutuel wagering, including, but not limited to, owners, 8 trainers, jockeys, jai alai players, drivers, grooms, mutuel clerks, racing officials, veterinarians, and farriers, should 9 be licensed by the committee, and to establish the 10 11 requirements for the initial licensure of applicants in each category, the term of the license for each category, and the 12 requirements for renewal of licenses in each category. 13 (b) With regard to requests for criminal-history 14 record information on each applicant for a license, and with 15 regard to the effect of a criminal record on the issuance or 16 17 renewal of a license, determine for each category of participants in pari-mutuel wagering which licensure 18 19 requirements for that category are, in its judgment, the most-restrictive licensure requirements of any party state for 20 that category and to adopt licensure requirements for that 21 category which are, in its judgment, comparable to those 22 most-restrictive requirements. 23 24 (2) Investigate applicants for licensure by the compact committee and, as permitted by federal and state law, 25 26 gather information on such applicants, including 27 criminal-history record information from the Federal Bureau of Investigation and relevant state and local law enforcement 28 agencies, and, where appropriate, from the Royal Canadian 29 30 Mounted Police and law enforcement agencies of other 31 countries, which is necessary to determine whether a license

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should be issued under the licensure requirements established
    by the committee under subsection (1). The fingerprints of
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    each applicant for licensure by the compact committee shall be
    taken by the compact committee, its employees, or its
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    designee, and, pursuant to Pub. L. No. 92-544 or Pub. L. No.
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    100-413, shall be forwarded to a state identification bureau
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    or to the Association of Racing Commissioners International,
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    Inc., for submission to the Federal Bureau of Investigation
    for a criminal-history record check. Such fingerprints may be
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    submitted on a fingerprint card or by electronic or other
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    means authorized by the Federal Bureau of Investigation or
    other receiving law enforcement agency.
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          (3) Issue licenses to, and renew the licenses of,
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    participants in pari-mutuel wagering who are found by the
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    committee to have met the licensure and renewal requirements
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    established by the committee under subsection (1). The compact
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    committee shall not have the power or authority to deny a
    license. If the compact committee determines that an
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    applicant is not eligible for the issuance or renewal of a
    compact committee license, the compact committee shall notify
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    the applicant that her or his application will not be
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    processed further. Such notification does not constitute and
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    shall not be considered to be the denial of a license. Any
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    such applicant shall have the right to present additional
    evidence to, and be heard by, the compact committee, but the
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    final decision on issuance or renewal of the license shall be
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    made by the compact committee using the requirements
    established under subsection (1).
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              Enter into contracts or agreements with
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    governmental agencies and nongovernmental persons to provide
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personal services for its activities and such other services as are necessary to effectuate the purposes of this compact.

- (5) Create, appoint, and abolish those offices, employments, and positions, including that of executive director, that it considers necessary for the purposes of this compact; prescribe the powers, duties, and qualifications of, and hire persons to fill, such offices, employments, and positions; and provide for the removal, term, tenure, compensation, fringe benefits, retirement benefits, and other conditions of employment of persons filling such offices, employments, and positions.
- (6) Borrow, accept, or contract for the services of personnel from any state, the United States, or any other governmental agency, or from any person, firm, association, corporation, or other entity.
- (7) Acquire, hold, and dispose of real and personal property by gift, purchase, lease, or license, or in other similar manner, in furtherance of the purposes of this compact.
- (8) Charge a fee to each applicant for an initial license or renewal of a license.
- (9) Receive other funds through gifts, grants, and appropriations.

Section 39. Voting requirements.--

- $\underline{\mbox{(1)}}$  Each member of the compact committee is entitled to one vote.
- (2) All action taken by the compact committee with regard to the addition of party states, the licensure of participants in pari-mutuel wagering, and the receipt and disbursement of funds requires a majority vote of the members of the compact committee or their alternates. All other action

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31 | state.--

1 by the compact committee requires a majority vote of the members present or their alternates. 2 3 (3) The compact committee may not take any action unless a quorum is present. A majority of the members of the 4 5 compact committee or their alternates constitutes a quorum. 6 Section 40. Administration and management. --7 The compact committee shall elect annually from 8 among its members a chairperson, a vice chairperson, and a 9 secretary/treasurer. 10 (2) The compact committee shall adopt bylaws for the 11 conduct of its business by a two-thirds vote of the members of the committee or their alternates and may, by the same vote, 12 amend and rescind these bylaws. The compact committee shall 13 publish its bylaws in convenient form and shall file a copy 14 thereof and a copy of any amendments thereto with the 15 Secretary of State or equivalent agency of each of the party 16 17 states. 18 The compact committee may delegate the day-to-day (3) 19 management and administration of its duties and responsibilities to an executive director and her or his 20 21 support staff. 22 Employees of the compact committee shall be considered governmental employees. 23 24 Section 41. Immunity from liability for performance of 25 official responsibilities and duties. -- A member or employee of 26 the compact committee may not be held personally liable for 27 any good-faith act or omission that occurs during the 28 performance and within the scope of her or his

Section 42. Rights and responsibilities of each party

responsibilities and duties under this compact.

- (1) By enacting this compact, each party state:
- (a) Agrees to:
- 1. Accept the decisions of the compact committee regarding the issuance of compact committee licenses to participants in pari-mutuel wagering pursuant to the committee's licensure requirements.
- 2. Reimburse or otherwise pay the expenses of its official representative on the compact committee or her or his alternate.
- (b) Agrees not to treat a notification to an applicant by the compact committee described in subsection (3) of section 42 as the denial of a license, or to penalize such an applicant in any other way based solely on such a decision by the compact committee.
  - (c) Reserves the right to:
- 1. Apply its own standards in determining whether, on the facts of a particular case, a compact committee license should be suspended or revoked. Any party state that suspends or revokes a compact committee license shall, through its racing commission or the equivalent thereof, or otherwise, promptly notify the compact committee of that suspension or revocation.
- 2. Apply its own standards in determining licensure eligibility, under the laws of that party state, for categories of participants in pari-mutuel wagering which the compact committee decides not to license and for individual participants in pari-mutuel wagering who do not meet the licensure requirements of the compact committee.
- 3. Establish its own licensure standards for those who are not covered by the compact committee license.

1 (2) A party state may not be held liable for the debts or other financial obligations incurred by the compact 2 3 committee. 4 Section 43. Construction and severability. --5 This compact shall be liberally construed so as to 6 effectuate its purposes. The provisions of this compact shall 7 be severable, and, if any phrase, clause, sentence, or 8 provision of this compact is declared to be contrary to the Constitution of the United States or of any party state, or if 9 10 the applicability of this compact to any government, agency, 11 person, or circumstance is held invalid, the validity of the remainder of this compact and the applicability thereof to any 12 government, agency, person, or circumstance shall not be 13 14 affected thereby. (2) If all or some portion of this compact is held to 15 be contrary to the constitution of any party state, the 16 compact shall remain in full force and effect as to the 17 remaining party states and in full force and effect as to the 18 19 state affected as to all severable matters. Section 44. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 20 550.0951, subsections (10), (11), and (12) of section 21 550.2415, and subsection (9) of section 550.615, Florida 22 23 Statutes, are repealed. 24 Section 45. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2000. 25 26 27 28 29 30 31

This committee substitute makes the following changes:  1) Provides that the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund will retain \$2 million when the balance is transferred to General Revenue.  2) Changes the tax on live and simulcast greyhound handle to 5.6%, instead of the 7.6% rate in current law and the 3.6% rate in CS/SB 2324.  3) Keeps the tax rate on ITW harness handle at 3.3%, instead of 1.6% in CS/SB 2324.  4) Keeps the tax rate on ITW simulcast thoroughbred handle at 2.4%, instead of the 2.0% rate in CS/SB 2324; changes tax on simulcast ITW harness handle to 1.25%, instead of 2.4% in current law and 1.2% in CS/SB 2324.  5) Changes the tax on simulcast greyhound handle in the Jacksonville, Tampa Bay and South Florida market areas to 4.0%, instead of the 6.0% rate in current law and the 2.0% rate in CS/SB 2324.  6) Keeps the tax on thoroughbred ITW simulcast handle at 2.4%, instead of the 2.0% rate in CS/SB 2324.  7) Deletes the 2% tax credit for contributions to the Jockeys Guild.  8) Provides that a greyhound or jai alai facility being relocated within a county must be consistent with local government comprehensive plan.  9) Deletes the provision redirecting proceeds of unclaimed winning jai alai tickets from the State School Fund to the Jai Alai Association.  10) Keeps required purse payments for harness racing at 7% of ITW handle, instead of 7.85% requirement in CS/SB 2324.  11) Deletes the provision that would have eliminated the tax on admissions for all types of pari-mutuel performances and would have exempted programs and parking from the state sales tax.	1		STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR
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1) Provides that the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund will retain \$2 million when the balance is transferred to General Revenue.  2) Changes the tax on live and simulcast greyhound handle to 5.6%, instead of the 7.6% rate in current law and the 3.6% rate in CS/SB 2324.  3) Keeps the tax rate on ITW harness handle at 3.3%, instead of 1.6% in CS/SB 2324.  4) Keeps the tax rate on ITW simulcast thoroughbred handle at 2.4%, instead of the 2.0% rate in CS/SB 2324; changes tax on simulcast ITW harness handle to 1.25%, instead of 2.4% in current law and 1.2% in CS/SB 2324.  5) Changes the tax on simulcast greyhound handle in the Jacksonville, Tampa Bay and South Florida market areas to 4.0%, instead of the 6.0% rate in current law and the 2.0% rate in CS/SB 2324.  6) Keeps the tax on thoroughbred ITW simulcast handle at 2.4%, instead of the 2.0% rate in CS/SB 2324.  7) Deletes the 2% tax credit for contributions to the Jockeys Guild.  8) Provides that a greyhound or jai alai facility being relocated within a county must be consistent with local government comprehensive plan.  9) Deletes the provision redirecting proceeds of unclaimed winning jai alai tickets from the State School Fund to the Jai Alai Association.  10) Keeps required purse payments for harness racing at 7% of ITW handle, instead of 7.85% requirement in CS/SB 2324.  11) Deletes the provision that would have eliminated the tax on admissions for all types of pari-mutuel performances and would have exempted programs and parking from the state sales tax.  27 12) Provides that the act will take effect July 1, 2000, instead of "upon becoming a law."	3		
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