1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to ad valorem taxation;
3	amending s. 196.011, F.S.; delaying the year of
4	implementation of provisions which require
5	that, in connection with renewal of specified
6	exemptions, the applicant's and applicant's
7	spouse's social security numbers are required;
8	creating s. 193.016, F.S.; providing for the
9	assessment of tangible personal property after
10	adjustments by the value adjustment board;
11	amending s. 194.013, F.S.; deleting provision
12	for refund; amending s. 196.198, F.S.;
13	maintaining exemption from taxation for
14	property leased from a governmental agency if
15	the agency continues to use the property
16	exclusively for educational purposes; providing
17	an effective date.
18	
19	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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21	Section 1. Subsection (11) of section 196.011, Florida
22	Statutes, is amended to read:
23	196.011 Annual application required for exemption
24	(11) For exemptions enumerated in paragraph (1)(b),
25	granted for the $2001 + 2000$ tax year and thereafter, social
26	security numbers of the applicant and the applicant's spouse,
27	if any, are required and must be submitted to the department.
28	Applications filed pursuant to subsection (5) or subsection
29	(6) may be required to include social security numbers of the
30	applicant and the applicant's spouse, if any, and shall
31	include such information if filed for the <u>2001</u> <del>2000</del> tax year
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1	or thereafter. For counties where the annual application
2	requirement has been waived, property appraisers may require
3	refiling of an application to obtain such information.
4	Section 2. Section 193.016, Florida Statutes, is
5	created to read:
6	193.016 Property appraiser's assessment; effect of
7	determinations by value adjustment boardIf the property
8	appraiser's assessment of the same items of tangible personal
9	property in the previous year was adjusted by the value
10	adjustment board and the decision of the board to reduce the
11	assessment was not successfully appealed by the property
12	appraiser, the property appraiser shall consider the reduced
13	values determined by the value adjustment board in assessing
14	those items of tangible personal property. If the property
15	appraiser adjusts upward the reduced values previously
16	determined by the value adjustment board, the property
17	appraiser shall assert additional basic and underlying facts
18	not properly considered by the value adjustment board as the
19	basis for the increased valuation notwithstanding the prior
20	adjustment by the board.
21	Section 3. Subsections (4) and (5) of s. 194.013,
22	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
23	194.013 Filing fees for petitions; disposition;
24	waiver
25	(4) Should the petitioner prevail at the value
26	adjustment board hearing or in a conference with the property
27	appraiser, resulting in a reduced assessment or increased
28	exemption, the filing fee shall be refunded to the taxpayer no
29	later than 45 days after certification of the tax roll under
30	<del>s. 193.122(1). The refund shall be made by the clerk of the</del>
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value adjustment board without any further authority from the 1 Department of Revenue under s. 197.182. 2 3 (4) (5) All filing fees collected by the clerk shall be 4 allocated and utilized to defray, to the extent possible, the 5 costs incurred in connection with the administration and 6 operation of the value adjustment board. 7 Section 4. Section 196.198, Florida Statutes, is 8 amended to read: 9 196.198 Educational property exemption.--Educational institutions within this state and their property used by them 10 or by any other exempt entity or educational institution 11 12 exclusively for educational purposes shall be exempt from taxation. Sheltered workshops providing rehabilitation and 13 14 retraining of disabled individuals and exempted by a 15 certificate under s. (d) of the federal Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended, are declared wholly educational in 16 17 purpose and shall be exempted from certification, accreditation, and membership requirements set forth in s. 18 19 196.012. Those portions of property of college fraternities and sororities certified by the president of the college or 20 university to the appropriate property appraiser as being 21 essential to the educational process, shall be exempt from ad 22 23 valorem taxation. The use of property by public fairs and expositions chartered by chapter 616 is presumed to be an 24 educational use of such property and shall be exempt from ad 25 26 valorem taxation to the extent of such use. Property used 27 exclusively for educational purposes shall be deemed owned by an educational institution if the entity owning 100 percent of 28 29 the educational institution is owned by the identical persons who own the property. If legal title to property is held by a 30 governmental agency that leases the property to a lessee, the 31

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1	property shall be deemed to be owned by the governmental		
2	agency and used exclusively for educational purposes if the		
3	governmental agency continues to use such property exclusively		
4	for educational purposes pursuant to a sublease or other		
5	contractual agreement with that lessee.If the title to land		
6	is held by the trustee of an irrevocable inter vivos trust and		
7	if the trust grantor owns 100 percent of the entity that owns		
8	an educational institution that is using the land exclusively		
9	for educational purposes, the land is deemed to be property		
10	owned by the educational institution for purposes of this		
11	exemption. Property owned by an educational institution shall		
12	be deemed to be used for an educational purpose if the		
13	institution has taken affirmative steps to prepare the		
14	property for educational use. Affirmative steps means		
15	environmental or land use permitting activities, creation of		
16	architectural plans or schematic drawings, land clearing or		
17	site preparation, construction or renovation activities, or		
18	other similar activities that demonstrate commitment of the		
19	property to an educational use.		
20	Section 5. This act shall take effect January 1, 2001.		
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