DATE: March 30, 2001

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES COMMITTEE ON BUSINESS REGULATION ANALYSIS

BILL #: HB 1097

RELATING TO: Real Estate Brokers

SPONSOR(S): Representative(s) Kyle

TIED BILL(S):

ORIGINATING COMMITTEE(S)/COUNCIL(S)/COMMITTEE(S) OF REFERENCE:

- (1) BUSINESS REGULATION YEAS 9 NAYS 0
- (2) SMARTER GOVERNMENT COUNCIL
- (3)
- (4)
- (5)

I. SUMMARY:

The Florida Real Estate Commission under the Division of Real Estate within the Department of Business and Professional Regulation administers regulation of real estate brokers and salespersons. A real estate broker, in simplified terms, means a person who for compensation buys, sells or leases real property or negotiates the transaction for others. The definition includes a general partner, officer, or director of a partnership or corporation that acts as a broker.

A "fiduciary" is a broker in a relationship of trust and confidence between that broker, as agent, and the seller or buyer, as principal. The duties of the broker as a fiduciary are loyalty, confidentiality, obedience, full disclosure, and accounting and the duty to use skill, care, and diligence.

Penalties for violations of the real estate statutes include administrative sanctions and criminal sanctions of a second degree misdemeanor.

This bill is designed to further clarify the application of the term real estate broker. The bill specifies the term broker includes a trustee of a land trust. The bill prohibits the breach of fiduciary duties for which the Florida Real Estate Commission may institute disciplinary action and it provides for a second degree misdemeanor penalty for a violation of the fiduciary relationship.

The bill does not have a fiscal impact on state or local government.

DATE: March 30, 2001

PAGE: 2

II. SUBSTANTIVE ANALYSIS:

A. DOES THE BILL SUPPORT THE FOLLOWING PRINCIPLES:

| 1. | Less Government | Yes [] | No [] | N/A [X] |
|----|-------------------------|--------|-------|---------|
| 2. | Lower Taxes | Yes [] | No [] | N/A [X] |
| 3. | Individual Freedom | Yes [] | No [] | N/A [X] |
| 4. | Personal Responsibility | Yes [] | No [] | N/A [X] |
| 5. | Family Empowerment | Yes [] | No [] | N/A [X] |

For any principle that received a "no" above, please explain:

B. PRESENT SITUATION:

Regulation of real estate brokers and salespersons is established under part I of chapter 475, F.S. The Florida Real Estate Commission under the Division of Real Estate of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation administers this program. Regulation is designed to assure the minimal competency of real estate practitioners in order to protect the public from potential financial harm. Applicants for licensure must meet character and educational requirements, submit to a background check, and pass an examination.

Currently, several real estate terms are used in chapter 475, F.S., including the following:

The term "broker" is statutorily defined as a person who for compensation buys, sells or leases real property or negotiates the transaction for others. The definition includes a general partner, officer, or director of a partnership or corporation which acts as a broker.

A "single agent" is a broker who represents, as a fiduciary, either the buyer or seller but not both in the same transaction. A "dual agent" is a broker who works as an agent for both the buyer and seller and is specifically prohibited in Florida, s. 475.278, F.S.

A "transaction broker" is a broker who facilitates a brokerage transaction between a buyer and a seller. The transaction broker does not affirmatively represent either the buyer or seller as an agent, and no fiduciary duties exist, except for the duty of accounting and the duty to use skill, care, and diligence. However, the transaction broker must treat the buyer and seller with honesty and fairness and must disclose all known facts materially affecting the value of the property in residential transactions to both the buyer and seller.

A "fiduciary" is a broker in a relationship of trust and confidence between that broker, as agent, and the seller or buyer, as principal. The duties of the broker as a fiduciary are loyalty, confidentiality, obedience, full disclosure, and accounting and the duty to use skill, care, and diligence.

DATE: March 30, 2001

PAGE: 3

The term real estate broker has been the focus of extensive litigation. Nevertheless, confusion or disagreement can arise under certain, usually complicated circumstances or arrangements, as to the application of the provisions of chapter 475, F.S. to particular brokerage relationships.

C. EFFECT OF PROPOSED CHANGES:

The bill expands the definition of the term "broker" in chapter 475, F.S., to include trustees of a land trust. It also includes a person acting in a management capacity for a business entity operating to acquire real property for compensation using funds of others.

The bill creates administrative and criminal penalties applicable to a broker who violates fiduciary duties when acting as a trustee of a land trust or acting in a management capacity for a business entity operating to acquire real property for others.

The effective date of the bill is upon becoming law.

D. SECTION-BY-SECTION ANALYSIS:

Section 1. Amends s. 475.01, F.S., to further define the term "broker" to include trustees of a land trust and individuals buying and selling real estate with the funds of others for compensation.

Section 2. Amends s. 475.25, F.S., to authorize administrative sanctions for breaching fiduciary duties of certain real estate brokers.

Section 3. Amends s. 475.42, F.S., to create criminal penalties for breaching fiduciary duties of certain real estate brokers.

Section 4. Reenacts s. 468.383, 475.25, and 475.274, F.S., to incorporate references to the term "broker" as amended by the bill.

Section 5. Provides the act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

III. FISCAL ANALYSIS & ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT:

| Δ | FISCAL | IMPACT | ON STATE | GOVERNMENT | -٠ |
|----|--------|--------|----------|------------|----|
| Л. | INCAL | | CHACLE | | _ |

1. Revenues:

None.

2. Expenditures:

None.

B. FISCAL IMPACT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS:

1. Revenues:

N/A

| STORAGE NAME: h1097a.br.doc DATE: March 30, 2001 PAGE: 4 | | | | | | |
|--|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | 2. Expenditures: | | | | |
| | | N/A | | | | |
| | C. | DIRECT ECONOMIC IMPACT ON PRIVATE SECTOR: | | | | |
| | | N/A | | | | |
| | D. | FISCAL COMMENTS: | | | | |
| | | None. | | | | |
| IV. | <u>CO</u> | NSEQUENCES OF ARTICLE VII, SECTION 18 OF THE FLORIDA CONSTITUTION: | | | | |
| | A. | APPLICABILITY OF THE MANDATES PROVISION: | | | | |
| | | This bill does not require counties or municipalities to spend funds or take an action requiring the expenditure of funds. | | | | |
| | B. | REDUCTION OF REVENUE RAISING AUTHORITY: | | | | |
| | | This bill does not reduce the authority that municipalities or counties have to raise revenues. | | | | |
| | C. | REDUCTION OF STATE TAX SHARED WITH COUNTIES AND MUNICIPALITIES: | | | | |
| | | This bill does not reduce the percentage of a state tax shared with counties or municipalities. | | | | |
| V. | <u>CO</u> | <u>DMMENTS</u> : | | | | |
| | A. | CONSTITUTIONAL ISSUES: | | | | |
| | | None noted. | | | | |
| | B. | RULE-MAKING AUTHORITY: | | | | |
| | | N/A | | | | |
| | C. | OTHER COMMENTS: | | | | |
| | | None. | | | | |
| VI. | <u>AM</u> | ENDMENTS OR COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE CHANGES: | | | | |
| | N/A | · · | | | | |
| VII. | SIG | SNATURES: | | | | |
| | СО | COMMITTEE ON BUSINESS REGULATION: | | | | |
| | | Prepared by: Staff Director: | | | | |
| | _ | Alan W. Livingston Paul Liepshutz | | | | |
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DATE: March 30, 2001 **PAGE**: 5