Florida Senate - 2001

By the Committee on Banking and Insurance

	311-635D-01
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the judges of compensation
3	claims; amending s. 112.3145, F.S.; redefining
4	the term "specified state employee" to include
5	the Deputy Chief Judge of Compensation Claims;
6	amending s. 120.65, F.S.; establishing
7	requirements for the Deputy Chief Judge;
8	amending s. 121.055, F.S.; including the Deputy
9	Chief Judge in the Senior Management Service
10	Class; conforming provisions to the transfer of
11	the judges of compensation claims from the
12	Department of Labor and Employment Security to
13	the Division of Administrative Hearings;
14	amending s. 381.004, F.S.; conforming
15	provisions to the transfer of the judges of
16	compensation claims to the Division of
17	Administrative Hearings; amending s. 440.105,
18	F.S.; reclassifying the Chief Judge of
19	Compensation Claims as the Deputy Chief Judge
20	of Compensation Claims; amending s. 440.192,
21	F.S.; revising requirements and procedures for
22	the petition for benefits; permitting judges to
23	dismiss portions of the petition; specifying
24	that dismissal of petition is without
25	prejudice; amending s. 440.20, F.S.; waiving
26	hearing requirements under certain
27	circumstances; revising the period for payment;
28	revising lump-sum settlement reporting
29	requirements; amending s. 440.25, F.S.;
30	revising mediation procedures; requiring
31	written consent of the claimant for
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1	continuances; authorizing the director of the
2	Division of Administrative Hearings to employ
3	mediators; requiring the director of the
4	Division of Administrative Hearings to file an
5	annual report; eliminating adoption and
6	enforcement of local rules; amending s. 440.29,
7	F.S.; conforming provisions to the
8	reclassification of the Chief Judge as the
9	Deputy Chief Judge of Compensation Claims;
10	amending s. 440.345, F.S.; providing for the
11	reporting of information concerning attorney's
12	fees to the Office of the Judges of
13	Compensation Claims instead of the Division of
14	Workers' Compensation; amending s. 440.44,
15	F.S.; authorizing the director of the Division
16	of Administrative Hearings to make expenditures
17	relating to the Office of the Judges of
18	Compensation Claims; requiring legislative
19	approval before modifying the number or
20	location of the judges or mediators; conforming
21	provisions to the transfer of the Office of the
22	Judges of Compensation Claims to the Division
23	of Administrative Hearings; amending s.
24	440.442, F.S.; revising Judicial Code of
25	Conduct requirements; amending s. 440.45, F.S.;
26	eliminating the Chief Judge position; creating
27	the position of Deputy Chief Judge of
28	Compensation Claims; conforming provisions to
29	the transfer of the judges of compensation
30	claims from the Department of Labor and
31	Employment Security to the Division of

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1	Administrative Hearings within the Department
2	of Management Services; requiring nominees for
3	the judges of compensation claims to meet
4	additional experience requirements; authorizing
5	the director of the Division of Administrative
6	Hearings to initiate and investigate complaints
7	against the Deputy Chief Judge and judges of
8	compensation claims and make recommendations to
9	the Governor; requiring the statewide
10	nominating commission to consider whether
11	judges of compensation claims have met certain
12	statutory requirements; revising procedures;
13	authorizing the Governor to appoint temporary
14	judges of compensation claims; requiring the
15	Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims to
16	collect certain data for the statewide
17	nominating commission; revising reporting
18	requirements for the judges of compensation
19	claims; amending s. 440.47, F.S.; conforming
20	provisions to the reclassification of the Chief
21	Judge as the Deputy Chief Judge; providing that
22	the director of the Division of Administrative
23	Hearings must approve travel expenses; amending
24	s. 440.59, F.S.; revising reporting
25	requirements; transferring the Office of the
26	Judges of Compensation Claims to the Division
27	of Administrative Hearings; transferring
28	positions from the Division of Workers'
29	Compensation to the Office of Judges of
30	Compensation Claims; providing an effective
31	date.

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CODING:Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.

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1 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 2 3 Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) and 4 subsection (4) of section 112.3145, Florida Statutes, are 5 amended to read: б 112.3145 Disclosure of financial interests and clients 7 represented before agencies.--8 For purposes of this section, unless the context (1)9 otherwise requires, the term: 10 (b) "Specified state employee" means: 11 1. Public counsel created by chapter 350, an assistant state attorney, an assistant public defender, a full-time 12 13 state employee who serves as counsel or assistant counsel to 14 any state agency, the Deputy Chief Judge of Compensation Claims, a judge of compensation claims, an administrative law 15 16 judge, or a hearing officer. 17 2. Any person employed in the office of the Governor or in the office of any member of the Cabinet if that person 18 19 is exempt from the Career Service System, except persons 20 employed in clerical, secretarial, or similar positions. Each appointed secretary, assistant secretary, 21 3. deputy secretary, executive director, assistant executive 22 director, or deputy executive director of each state 23 24 department, commission, board, or council; unless otherwise provided, the division director, assistant division director, 25 deputy director, bureau chief, and assistant bureau chief of 26 any state department or division; or any person having the 27 28 power normally conferred upon such persons, by whatever title. 29 The superintendent or institute director of a state 4. 30 mental health institute established for training and research 31 in the mental health field or the warden or director of any Δ

1 major state institution or facility established for 2 corrections, training, treatment, or rehabilitation. 3 Business managers, purchasing agents having the 5. 4 power to make any purchase exceeding the threshold amount 5 provided for in s. 287.017 for CATEGORY ONE, finance and б accounting directors, personnel officers, or grants 7 coordinators for any state agency. 8 6. Any person, other than a legislative assistant 9 exempted by the presiding officer of the house by which the 10 legislative assistant is employed, who is employed in the 11 legislative branch of government, except persons employed in maintenance, clerical, secretarial, or similar positions. 12 7. Each employee of the Commission on Ethics. 13 (4) Each elected constitutional officer, state 14 15 officer, local officer, and specified state employee shall file a quarterly report of the names of clients represented 16 17 for a fee or commission, except for appearances in ministerial matters, before agencies at his or her level of government. 18 19 For the purposes of this part, agencies of government shall be 20 classified as state-level agencies or agencies below state 21 level. Each local officer shall file such report with the supervisor of elections of the county in which the officer is 22 principally employed or is a resident. Each state officer, 23 24 elected constitutional officer, and specified state employee 25 shall file such report with the commission. The report shall be filed only when a reportable representation is made during 26 27 the calendar quarter and shall be filed no later than the last 28 day of each calendar quarter, for the previous calendar 29 quarter. Representation before any agency shall be deemed to 30 include representation by such officer or specified state 31 employee or by any partner or associate of the professional

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1 firm of which he or she is a member and of which he or she has actual knowledge. For the purposes of this subsection, the 2 3 term "representation before any agency" does not include 4 appearances before any court or the Deputy Chief Judge Judges 5 of Compensation Claims or judges of compensation claims or б representations on behalf of one's agency in one's official 7 capacity. Such term does not include the preparation and 8 filing of forms and applications merely for the purpose of 9 obtaining or transferring a license based on a quota or a 10 franchise of such agency or a license or operation permit to 11 engage in a profession, business, or occupation, so long as the issuance or granting of such license, permit, or transfer 12 13 does not require substantial discretion, a variance, a special consideration, or a certificate of public convenience and 14 15 necessity. Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 120.65, Florida 16 17 Statutes, is amended to read: 18 120.65 Administrative law judges.--19 (1) The Division of Administrative Hearings within the 20 Department of Management Services shall be headed by a 21 director who shall be appointed by the Administration Commission and confirmed by the Senate. The director, who 22 shall also serve as the chief administrative law judge, and 23 24 any deputy chief administrative law judge must possess the 25 same minimum qualifications as the administrative law judges employed by the division. The Deputy Chief Judge of 26 27 Compensation Claims must possess the minimum qualifications 28 established in s. 440.45(2) and shall report to the director. 29 The division shall be a separate budget entity, and the director shall be its agency head for all purposes. 30 The 31 Department of Management Services shall provide administrative 6

1 support and service to the division to the extent requested by 2 the director. The division shall not be subject to control, 3 supervision, or direction by the Department of Management 4 Services in any manner, including, but not limited to, 5 personnel, purchasing, transactions involving real or personal б property, and budgetary matters. Section 3. Paragraph (i) of subsection (1) of section 7 8 121.055, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 9 121.055 Senior Management Service Class.--There is 10 hereby established a separate class of membership within the 11 Florida Retirement System to be known as the "Senior Management Service Class, " which shall become effective 12 February 1, 1987. 13 14 (1)Except as provided in subparagraph 2., effective 15 (i)1. July 1, 1999, participation in the Senior Management Service 16 17 Class is compulsory for any member of the Florida Retirement 18 System who is employed as the Deputy Chief Judge of 19 Compensation Claims or as a judge of compensation claims with 20 the Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims within the Division of Administrative Hearings Department of Labor and 21 22 Employment Security. In lieu of participating in the Senior Management 23 2. 24 Service Class, the Deputy Chief Judge of Compensation Claims 25 or a judge of compensation claims may participate in the Senior Management Service Optional Annuity Program established 26 27 under subsection (6). 28 Section 4. Paragraph (e) of subsection (3) of section 29 381.004, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 30 381.004 HIV testing .--31

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1 (3) HUMAN IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUS TESTING; INFORMED 2 CONSENT; RESULTS; COUNSELING; CONFIDENTIALITY .--3 (e) Except as provided in this section, the identity 4 of any person upon whom a test has been performed and test 5 results are confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. б 119.07(1). No person who has obtained or has knowledge of a 7 test result pursuant to this section may disclose or be compelled to disclose the identity of any person upon whom a 8 9 test is performed, or the results of such a test in a manner 10 which permits identification of the subject of the test, 11 except to the following persons: The subject of the test or the subject's legally 12 1. 13 authorized representative. 2. Any person, including third-party payors, 14 15 designated in a legally effective release of the test results executed prior to or after the test by the subject of the test 16 17 or the subject's legally authorized representative. The test 18 subject may in writing authorize the disclosure of the test 19 subject's HIV test results to third party payors, who need not 20 be specifically identified, and to other persons to whom the test subject subsequently issues a general release of medical 21 information. A general release without such prior written 22 authorization is not sufficient to release HIV test results. 23 24 3. An authorized agent or employee of a health facility or health care provider if the health facility or 25 health care provider itself is authorized to obtain the test 26 results, the agent or employee participates in the 27 28 administration or provision of patient care or handles or 29 processes specimens of body fluids or tissues, and the agent or employee has a need to know such information. 30 The 31

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1 department shall adopt a rule defining which persons have a 2 need to know pursuant to this subparagraph. 3 Health care providers consulting between themselves 4. or with health care facilities to determine diagnosis and 4 5 treatment. For purposes of this subparagraph, health care б providers shall include licensed health care professionals 7 employed by or associated with state, county, or municipal 8 detention facilities when such health care professionals are 9 acting exclusively for the purpose of providing diagnoses or 10 treatment of persons in the custody of such facilities. 11 5. The department, in accordance with rules for reporting and controlling the spread of disease, as otherwise 12 13 provided by state law. 6. A health facility or health care provider which 14 15 procures, processes, distributes, or uses: A human body part from a deceased person, with 16 a. 17 respect to medical information regarding that person; or 18 Semen provided prior to July 6, 1988, for the b. 19 purpose of artificial insemination. 7. Health facility staff committees, for the purposes 20 21 of conducting program monitoring, program evaluation, or service reviews pursuant to chapters 395 and 766. 22 8. Authorized medical or epidemiological researchers 23 24 who may not further disclose any identifying characteristics or information. 25 9. A person allowed access by a court order which is 26 27 issued in compliance with the following provisions: No court of this state shall issue such order 28 а. 29 unless the court finds that the person seeking the test results has demonstrated a compelling need for the test 30 31 results which cannot be accommodated by other means. In 9

1 assessing compelling need, the court shall weigh the need for 2 disclosure against the privacy interest of the test subject 3 and the public interest which may be disserved by disclosure 4 which deters blood, organ, and semen donation and future human 5 immunodeficiency virus-related testing or which may lead to 6 discrimination. This paragraph shall not apply to blood bank 7 donor records.

b. Pleadings pertaining to disclosure of test results
shall substitute a pseudonym for the true name of the subject
of the test. The disclosure to the parties of the subject's
true name shall be communicated confidentially in documents
not filed with the court.

c. Before granting any such order, the court shall
provide the individual whose test result is in question with
notice and a reasonable opportunity to participate in the
proceedings if he or she is not already a party.

d. Court proceedings as to disclosure of test results
shall be conducted in camera, unless the subject of the test
agrees to a hearing in open court or unless the court
determines that a public hearing is necessary to the public
interest and the proper administration of justice.

e. Upon the issuance of an order to disclose test results, the court shall impose appropriate safeguards against unauthorized disclosure which shall specify the persons who may have access to the information, the purposes for which the information shall be used, and appropriate prohibitions on future disclosure.

28 10. A person allowed access by order of a judge of 29 compensation claims of the Division of <u>Administrative Hearings</u> 30 Workers' Compensation of the Department of Labor and

31 Employment Security. A judge of compensation claims shall not 10

issue such order unless he or she finds that the person
 seeking the test results has demonstrated a compelling need
 for the test results which cannot be accommodated by other
 means.

5 Those employees of the department or of 11. б child-placing or child-caring agencies or of family foster 7 homes, licensed pursuant to s. 409.175, who are directly 8 involved in the placement, care, control, or custody of such 9 test subject and who have a need to know such information; 10 adoptive parents of such test subject; or any adult custodian, 11 any adult relative, or any person responsible for the child's welfare, if the test subject was not tested under subparagraph 12 13 (b)2. and if a reasonable attempt has been made to locate and inform the legal guardian of a test result. The department 14 15 shall adopt a rule to implement this subparagraph.

16 12. Those employees of residential facilities or of 17 community-based care programs that care for developmentally 18 disabled persons, pursuant to chapter 393, who are directly 19 involved in the care, control, or custody of such test subject 20 and who have a need to know such information.

13. A health care provider involved in the delivery ofa child can note the mother's HIV test results in the child'smedical record.

14. Medical personnel or nonmedical personnel who have been subject to a significant exposure during the course of medical practice or in the performance of professional duties, or individuals who are the subject of the significant exposure as provided in subparagraphs (h)10., 11., and 13.

29 15. The medical examiner shall disclose positive HIV 30 test results to the department in accordance with rules for 31 reporting and controlling the spread of disease.

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1 Section 5. Paragraph (b) of section (3) of section 440.105, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 2 3 440.105 Prohibited activities; reports; penalties; limitations.--4 5 (3) Whoever violates any provision of this subsection б commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as 7 provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 8 It is shall be unlawful for any attorney or other (b) 9 person, in his or her individual capacity or in his or her 10 capacity as a public or private employee, or for any firm, 11 corporation, partnership, or association to receive any fee or other consideration or any gratuity from a person on account 12 of services rendered for a person in connection with any 13 proceedings arising under this chapter, unless such fee, 14 consideration, or gratuity is approved by a judge of 15 compensation claims or by the Deputy Chief Judge of 16 17 Compensation Claims. Section 6. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 440.192, 18 19 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 20 440.192 Procedure for resolving benefit disputes .--(1) Subject to s. 440.191, any employee who has not 21 received a benefit to which the employee believes she or he is 22 entitled under this chapter shall serve by certified mail upon 23 24 the employer, the employer's carrier, and the Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims division in Tallahassee a 25 petition for benefits that meets the requirements of this 26 section. The Deputy Chief Judge division shall refer the 27 28 petitions petition to the Office of the judges of compensation 29 claims. 30 The Office of the judges of compensation claims (2) 31 shall review each petition and shall dismiss each petition or 12

1 any portion of the petition, upon the judge's its own motion 2 or upon the motion of any party, that does not on its face 3 specifically identify or itemize the following: 4 (a) Name, address, telephone number, and social 5 security number of the employee. б (b) Name, address, and telephone number of the 7 employer. 8 (c) A detailed description of the injury and cause of 9 the injury, including the location of the occurrence. 10 (d) A detailed description of the employee's job, work 11 responsibilities, and work the employee was performing when the injury occurred. 12 13 (e) The time period for which compensation was not timely provided. 14 (f) Date of maximum medical improvement, character of 15 disability, and specific statement of all benefits or 16 17 compensation that the employee is seeking. (g) All travel costs to which the employee believes 18 19 she or he is entitled, including dates of travel and purpose of travel, means of transportation, and mileage. 20 21 (h) Specific listing of all medical charges alleged unpaid, including the name and address of the medical 22 provider, the amounts due, and the specific dates of 23 24 treatment. 25 (i) The type or nature of treatment care or attendance sought and the justification for such treatment. 26 27 Specific explanation of any other disputed issue (j) 28 that a judge of compensation claims will be called to rule 29 upon. 30 31

1 The dismissal of any petition or any portion of the petition 2 under this section is without prejudice and does not require a 3 hearing.

4 Section 7. Paragraph (a) of subsection (11) and
5 paragraph (c) of subsection (12) of section 440.20, Florida
6 Statutes, are amended to read:

7 440.20 Time for payment of compensation; penalties for 8 late payment.--

9 (11)(a) Upon joint petition of all interested parties, 10 a lump-sum payment in exchange for the employer's or carrier's 11 release from liability for future medical expenses, as well as future payments of compensation expenses and any other 12 benefits provided under this chapter, shall be allowed at any 13 time in any case in which the employer or carrier has filed a 14 written notice of denial within 120 days after the date the 15 employer receives notice of the injury, and the judge of 16 17 compensation claims at a hearing to consider the settlement 18 proposal finds a justiciable controversy as to legal or 19 medical compensability of the claimed injury or the alleged 20 accident. A judge of compensation claims is not required to 21 hold a hearing if the claimant is represented by an attorney and all parties stipulate that a hearing is unnecessary. The 22 employer or carrier may not pay any attorney's fees on behalf 23 24 of the claimant for any settlement under this section unless expressly authorized elsewhere in this chapter. Upon the joint 25 petition of all interested parties and after giving due 26 27 consideration to the interests of all interested parties, the 28 judge of compensation claims may enter a compensation order 29 approving and authorizing the discharge of the liability of 30 the employer for compensation and remedial treatment, care, 31 and attendance, as well as rehabilitation expenses, by the

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1 payment of a lump sum. Such a compensation order so entered 2 upon joint petition of all interested parties is not subject 3 to modification or review under s. 440.28. If the settlement proposal together with supporting evidence is not approved by 4 5 the judge of compensation claims, it shall be considered void. б Upon approval of a lump-sum settlement under this subsection, 7 the judge of compensation claims shall send a report to the 8 Deputy Chief Judge of the amount of the settlement and a 9 statement of the nature of the controversy. The Deputy Chief 10 Judge shall keep a record of all such reports filed by each 11 judge of compensation claims and shall submit to the Legislature a summary of all such reports filed under this 12 subsection annually by September 15. 13

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(c) In the event the claimant has not returned to the same or equivalent employment with no substantial reduction in wages or has suffered a substantial loss of earning capacity or a physical impairment, actual or apparent:

An advance payment of compensation not in excess of
 \$2,000 may be approved informally by letter, without hearing,
 by any judge of compensation claims or the Deputy Chief Judge.

An advance payment of compensation not in excess of 22 2. \$2,000 may be ordered by any judge of compensation claims 23 24 after giving the interested parties an opportunity for a 25 hearing thereon pursuant to not less than 10 days' notice by mail, unless such notice is waived, and after giving due 26 27 consideration to the interests of the person entitled thereto. 28 When the parties have stipulated to an advance payment of 29 compensation not in excess of \$2,000, such advance may be 30 approved by an order of a judge of compensation claims, with 31 or without hearing, or informally by letter by any such judge

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of compensation claims, or by the division director, if such
 advance is found to be for the best interests of the person
 entitled thereto.

When the parties have stipulated to an advance 4 3. 5 payment in excess of \$2,000, subject to the approval of the б division, such payment may be approved by a judge of 7 compensation claims by order if the judge finds that such 8 advance payment is for the best interests of the person 9 entitled thereto and is reasonable under the circumstances of 10 the particular case. The judge of compensation claims shall 11 make or cause to be made such investigations as she or he considers necessary concerning the stipulation and, in her or 12 13 his discretion, may have an investigation of the matter made by the Rehabilitation Section of the division. The stipulation 14 and the report of any investigation shall be deemed a part of 15 the record of the proceedings. 16

Section 8. Subsections (2), (3), and (4) of section440.25, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

440.25 Procedures for mediation and hearings.--

20 (2) Any party who participates in a mediation 21 conference shall not be precluded from requesting a hearing following the mediation conference should both parties not 22 agree to be bound by the results of the mediation conference. 23 24 A mediation conference is required to be held unless this 25 requirement is waived by the Deputy Chief Judge. No later than 3 days prior to the mediation conference, all parties must 26 submit any applicable motions, including, but not limited to, 27 28 a motion to waive the mediation conference, to the judge of 29 compensation claims.

30 (3) Such mediation conference shall be conducted31 informally and does not require the use of formal rules of

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evidence or procedure. Any information from the files, reports, case summaries, mediator's notes, or other communications or materials, oral or written, relating to a mediation conference under this section obtained by any person performing mediation duties is privileged and confidential and may not be disclosed without the written consent of all parties to the conference. Any research or evaluation effort directed at assessing the mediation program activities or performance must protect the confidentiality of such information. Each party to a mediation conference has a privilege during and after the conference to refuse to disclose and to prevent another from disclosing communications made during the conference whether or not the contested issues are successfully resolved. This subsection and paragraphs (4)(a) and (b) shall not be construed to prevent or inhibit the discovery or admissibility of any information that is otherwise subject to discovery or that is admissible under applicable law or rule of procedure, except that any conduct or statements made during a mediation conference or in negotiations concerning the conference are inadmissible in any proceeding under this chapter. The director of the Division of Administrative Hearings Chief Judge shall select a mediator. The mediator shall be employed on a full-time basis by the Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims. A mediator must be a member of The Florida Bar for at least 5 years and must complete a mediation training program approved by the director of the Division of Administrative Hearings Chief Judge.

Adjunct mediators may be employed by the Office of the Judgesof Compensation Claims on an as-needed basis and shall be

30 selected from a list prepared by the director of the Division

31 of Administrative Hearings Chief Judge. An adjunct mediator

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must be independent of all parties participating in the 1 2 mediation conference. An adjunct mediator must be a member of 3 The Florida Bar for at least 5 years and must complete a 4 mediation training program approved by the director of the 5 Division of Administrative Hearings Chief Judge. An adjunct б mediator shall have access to the office, equipment, and 7 supplies of the judge of compensation claims in each district. 8 In the event both parties agree, the results of the mediation 9 conference shall be binding and neither party shall have a 10 right to appeal the results. In the event either party refuses 11 to agree to the results of the mediation conference, the results of the mediation conference as well as the testimony, 12 13 witnesses, and evidence presented at the conference shall not be admissible at any subsequent proceeding on the claim. The 14 mediator shall not be called in to testify or give deposition 15 to resolve any claim for any hearing before the judge of 16 17 compensation claims. The employer may be represented by an 18 attorney at the mediation conference if the employee is also 19 represented by an attorney at the mediation conference. 20 (4)(a) If, on the 10th day following commencement of 21 mediation, the questions in dispute have not been resolved, the judge of compensation claims shall hold a pretrial 22 hearing. The judge of compensation claims shall give the 23 24 interested parties at least 7 days' advance notice of the

25 pretrial hearing by mail. At the pretrial hearing, the judge 26 of compensation claims shall, subject to paragraph (b), set a 27 date for the final hearing that allows the parties at least 30 28 days to conduct discovery unless the parties consent to an 29 earlier hearing date.

30 (b) The final hearing must be held and concluded31 within 45 days after the pretrial hearing. Continuances may be

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1 granted only if the requesting party demonstrates to the judge 2 of compensation claims that the reason for requesting the 3 continuance arises from circumstances beyond the party's 4 control. The written consent of the claimant must be obtained 5 before any request is granted for an additional continuance б after the initial continuance has been granted. 7 (c) The judge of compensation claims shall give the 8 interested parties at least 7 days' advance notice of the 9 final hearing, served upon the interested parties by mail. 10 (d) The hearing shall be held in the county where the 11 injury occurred, if the injury occurred in this state, unless otherwise agreed to between the parties and authorized by the 12 13 judge of compensation claims in the county where the injury occurred. If the injury occurred without the state and is one 14 for which compensation is payable under this chapter, then the 15 hearing above referred to may be held in the county of the 16 17 employer's residence or place of business, or in any other county of the state which will, in the discretion of the 18 19 Deputy Chief Judge, be the most convenient for a hearing. The 20 hearing shall be conducted by a judge of compensation claims, who shall, within 30 14 days after final hearing or closure of 21 the hearing record, unless otherwise agreed by the parties, 22 enter a final order on the merits of the disputed issues 23 24 determine the dispute in a summary manner. The judge of 25 compensation claims may enter an abbreviated final order in cases in which compensability is not disputed. Either party 26 27 may request separate findings of fact and conclusions of law. 28 At such hearing, the claimant and employer may each present 29 evidence in respect of such claim and may be represented by any attorney authorized in writing for such purpose. When 30 31 there is a conflict in the medical evidence submitted at the

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1 hearing, the provisions of s. 440.13 shall apply. The report 2 or testimony of the expert medical advisor shall be made a 3 part of the record of the proceeding and shall be given the same consideration by the judge of compensation claims as is 4 5 accorded other medical evidence submitted in the proceeding; б and all costs incurred in connection with such examination and 7 testimony may be assessed as costs in the proceeding, subject 8 to the provisions of s. 440.13. No judge of compensation 9 claims may make a finding of a degree of permanent impairment 10 that is greater than the greatest permanent impairment rating 11 given the claimant by any examining or treating physician, except upon stipulation of the parties. 12

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13 (e) The order making an award or rejecting the claim, referred to in this chapter as a "compensation order," shall 14 set forth the findings of ultimate facts and the mandate; and 15 the order need not include any other reason or justification 16 17 for such mandate. The compensation order shall be filed with the Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims in the office 18 19 of the division at Tallahassee. A copy of such compensation 20 order shall be sent by mail to the parties and attorneys of 21 record at the last known address of each, with the date of mailing noted thereon. 22

(f) Each judge of compensation claims is required to 23 24 submit a special report to the Deputy Chief Judge in each 25 contested workers' compensation case in which the case is not determined within 30 14 days of final hearing or closure of 26 the hearing record. Said form shall be provided by the 27 28 director of the Division of Administrative Hearings Chief 29 Judge and shall contain the names of the judge of compensation claims and of the attorneys involved and a brief explanation 30 31 by the judge of compensation claims as to the reason for such

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a delay in issuing a final order. The Chief Judge shall
 compile these special reports into an annual public report to
 the Governor, the Secretary of Labor and Employment Security,
 the Legislature, The Florida Bar, and the appellate district
 judicial nominating commissions.

(g) Judges of compensation claims shall adopt and enforce uniform local rules for workers' compensation.

8 (g)(h) Notwithstanding any other provision of this 9 section, the judge of compensation claims may require the 10 appearance of the parties and counsel before her or him 11 without written notice for an emergency conference where there is a bona fide emergency involving the health, safety, or 12 13 welfare of an employee. An emergency conference under this section may result in the entry of an order or the rendering 14 of an adjudication by the judge of compensation claims. 15

16 (h)(i) To expedite dispute resolution and to enhance 17 the self-executing features of the Workers' Compensation Law, 18 the <u>Deputy</u> Chief Judge shall make provision by rule or order 19 for the resolution of appropriate motions by judges of 20 compensation claims without oral hearing upon submission of 21 brief written statements in support and opposition, and for 22 expedited discovery and docketing.

(i) (j) To further expedite dispute resolution and to 23 24 enhance the self-executing features of the system, those petitions filed in accordance with s. 440.192 that involve a 25 claim for benefits of \$5,000 or less shall, in the absence of 26 compelling evidence to the contrary, be presumed to be 27 28 appropriate for expedited resolution under this paragraph; and 29 any other claim filed in accordance with s. 440.192, upon the written agreement of both parties and application by either 30 31 party, may similarly be resolved under this paragraph. For

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purposes of expedited resolution pursuant to this paragraph, the Deputy Chief Judge shall make provision by rule or order for expedited and limited discovery and expedited docketing in such cases. At least 15 days prior to hearing, the parties shall exchange and file with the judge of compensation claims a pretrial outline of all issues, defenses, and witnesses on a form promulgated by the Deputy Chief Judge; provided, in no event shall such hearing be held without 15 days' written notice to all parties. No pretrial hearing shall be held. The judge of compensation claims shall limit all argument and presentation of evidence at the hearing to a maximum of 30 minutes, and such hearings shall not exceed 30 minutes in length. Neither party shall be required to be represented by counsel. The employer or carrier may be represented by an adjuster or other qualified representative. The employer or carrier and any witness may appear at such hearing by

17 telephone. The rules of evidence shall be liberally construed 18 in favor of allowing introduction of evidence.

19 Section 9. Subsection (2) of section 440.29, Florida 20 Statutes, is amended to read:

21 440.29 Procedure before the judge of compensation 22 claims.--

23 (2) Hearings before the judge of compensation claims shall be open to the public, and the Deputy Chief Judge is 24 25 authorized to designate the manner in which particular types of hearings are recorded and reported and, when necessary, to 26 contract for the reporting of such hearings. The Deputy Chief 27 28 Judge shall arrange for the preparation of a record of the 29 hearings and other proceedings before judges of compensation claims, as necessary, and is authorized to allow for the 30 31 attendance of court reporters at hearings, for preparation of

1 transcripts of testimony, for copies of any instrument, and 2 for other reporting or recording services. The Deputy Chief 3 Judge may charge the same fees allowed by law or court rule to reporters, persons preparing transcripts, or clerks of courts 4 5 of this state for like services. б Section 10. Section 440.345, Florida Statutes, is 7 amended to read: 8 440.345 Reporting of attorney's fees.--All fees paid 9 to attorneys for services rendered under this chapter shall be 10 reported to the Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims 11 division as the division requires by rule. The division shall 12 annually summarize such data in a report to the Workers' 13 Compensation Oversight Board. Section 11. Subsections (3), (5), (6), and (7) of 14 section 440.44, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 15 440.44 Workers' compensation; staff organization .--16 17 (3) EXPENDITURES.--The division and the director of the Division of Administrative Hearings Chief Judge shall make 18 19 such expenditures, including expenditures for personal 20 services and rent at the seat of government and elsewhere, for 21 law books; for telephone services and WATS lines; for books of reference, periodicals, equipment, and supplies; and for 22 printing and binding as may be necessary in the administration 23 24 of this chapter. All expenditures in the administration of 25 this chapter shall be allowed and paid as provided in s. 440.50 upon the presentation of itemized vouchers therefor 26 approved by the division or the director of the Division of 27 28 Administrative Hearings Chief Judge. 29 (5) OFFICE.--The division and the Deputy Chief Judge 30 shall maintain and keep open during reasonable business hours 31 an office, which shall be provided in the Capitol or some

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1 other suitable building in the City of Tallahassee, for the 2 transaction of business under this chapter, at which office 3 the official records and papers shall be kept. The office shall be furnished and equipped. The division, any judge of 4 5 compensation claims, or the Deputy Chief Judge may hold б sessions and conduct hearings at any place within the state. 7 The Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims shall maintain 8 the 17 district offices, 31 judges of compensation claims, and 9 31 mediators as they exist on June 30, 2001. 10 (6) SEAL.--The division, the judges of compensation 11 claims, and the Deputy Chief Judge shall have a seal upon which shall be inscribed the words "State of Florida Division 12 13 of Administrative Hearings Department of Labor and Employment Security--Seal." 14 (7) DESTRUCTION OF OBSOLETE RECORDS. -- The division may 15 is expressly authorized to provide by rule regulation for the 16 17 destruction of and to destroy obsolete records of the division 18 and commission. The Division of Administrative Hearings may 19 provide by rule for the destruction of obsolete records of the 20 Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims. Section 12. Section 440.442, Florida Statutes, is 21 22 amended to read: 23 440.442 Code of Judicial Conduct. -- The Deputy Chief 24 Judge, and judges of compensation claims shall observe and 25 abide by the Code of Judicial Conduct as adopted by the Florida Supreme Court provided in this section. Any material 26 violation of a provision of the Code of Judicial Conduct shall 27 constitute either malfeasance or misfeasance in office and 28 29 shall be grounds for suspension and removal of the Deputy such Chief Judge, or judge of compensation claims by the Governor. 30 31

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1	(1) A JUDGE SHOULD UPHOLD THE INTEGRITY AND
2	INDEPENDENCE OF THE JUDICIARYAn independent and honorable
3	judiciary is indispensable to justice in our society. A judge
4	should participate in establishing, maintaining, and
5	enforcing, and should himself or herself observe, high
б	standards of conduct so that the integrity and independence of
7	the judiciary may be preserved. The provisions of this code
8	should be construed and applied to further that objective.
9	(2) A JUDGE SHOULD AVOID IMPROPRIETY AND THE
10	APPEARANCE OF IMPROPRIETY IN ALL HIS OR HER ACTIVITIES
11	(a) A judge should respect and comply with the law and
12	should conduct himself or herself at all times in a manner
13	that promotes public confidence in the integrity and
14	impartiality of the judiciary.
15	(b) A judge should not allow his or her personal
16	relationships to influence his or her judicial conduct of
17	judgment. A judge should not lend the prestige of the office
18	to advance the private interest of others; nor convey or
19	authorize others to convey the impression that they are in a
20	special position to influence him or her. A judge should not
21	testify voluntarily as a character witness.
22	(3) A JUDGE SHOULD PERFORM THE DUTIES OF OFFICE
23	IMPARTIALLY AND DILIGENTLYThe judicial duties of a judge
24	take precedence over all his or her other activities. The
25	judicial duties include all the duties of office prescribed by
26	law. In the performance of these duties, the following
27	standards with respect to adjudicative responsibilities apply:
28	(a) A judge should be faithful to the law and maintain
29	professional competence in it. A judge should be unswayed by
30	partisan interests, public clamor, or fear of criticism.
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proceedings.

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(b) A judge should maintain order and decorum in (c) A judge should be patient, dignified, and courteous to litigants, jurors, witnesses, lawyers, and others with whom he or she must deal in an official capacity, and should request similar conduct of lawyers, and of his or her staff, court officials, and others subject to his or her direction and control. (4) A JUDGE MAY ENGAGE IN ACTIVITIES TO IMPROVE THE LAW, THE LEGAL SYSTEM, AND THE ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE. -- A judge, subject to the proper performance of his or her judicial duties, may engage in the following quasi-judicial activities, if in doing so he or she does not cast doubt on his or her capacity to decide impartiality on any issue that may come before him or her: (a) Speak, write, lecture, teach, and participate in other activities concerning the law, the legal system, and the administration of justice. (b) Appear at a public hearing before an executive or

19 20 legislative body or official on matters concerning the law, 21 the legal system, and the administration of justice, and may otherwise consult with an executive or legislative body or 22 official, but only on matters concerning the administration of 23 24 justice. 25 (c) Serve as a member, officer, or director of an

organization or governmental agency devoted to the improvement 26 27 of the law, the legal system, or the administration of justice 28 and assist such an organization in raising funds and may 29 participate in their management and investment, but should not 30 personally participate in public fundraising activities. 31

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1	(d) Make recommendations to public and private
2	fund-granting agencies on projects and programs concerning the
3	law, the legal system, and the administration of justice.
4	(5) A JUDGE SHOULD REGULATE EXTRAJUDICIAL ACTIVITIES
5	TO MINIMIZE THE RISK OF CONFLICT WITH JUDICIAL DUTIES
б	(a) Avocational activitiesA judge may write,
7	lecture, teach, and speak on nonlegal subjects, and engage in
8	the arts, sports, or other social and recreational activities,
9	if such avocational activities do not detract from the dignity
10	of the office or interfere with the performance of judicial
11	duties.
12	(b) Civil and charitable activitiesA judge may not
13	participate in civic and charitable activities that reflect
14	adversely upon his or her impartiality or interfere with the
15	performance of his or her duties. A judge may serve as an
16	officer, director, trustee, or nonlegal advisory of an
17	educational, religious, charitable, fraternal, or civic
18	organization not conducted for the economic or political
19	advantage of its members, subject to the following
20	limitations:
21	1. A judge should not serve if it is likely that the
22	organization will be engaged in proceedings that would
23	ordinarily come before him or her or will be regularly engaged
24	in adversary proceedings in any court.
25	2. A judge should not solicit funds for any
26	educational, religious, charitable, fraternal, or civil
27	organization, or use or permit the use of the prestige of the
28	office for that purpose, but may be listed as an officer,
29	director, or trustee of such an organization. A judge should
30	not be a speaker or a guest of honor at any organization's
31	fundraising events, but may attend such events.
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1	3. A judge should not give investment advice to such
2	an organization, but may serve on its board of directors or
3	trustees even though it has the responsibility for approving
4	investment decisions.
5	(c) Financial activities
6	1. A judge should refrain from financial and business
7	dealings that tend to reflect adversely on his or her
8	impartiality, interfere with the proper performance of his or
9	her judicial duties, exploit his or her judicial position, or
10	involve the judge in frequent transactions with lawyers or
11	persons likely to come before the court on which he or she
12	serves.
13	2. Subject to the requirements of subsection (1), a
14	judge in an individual or corporate capacity may hold and
15	manage investments, including real estate, and engage in other
16	remunerative activity, but should not serve as an officer,
17	director, manager, advisor, or employee of any business,
18	except a closely held family business that does not conflict
19	with subsection (1).
20	3. A judge should manage his or her investments and
21	other financial interests to minimize the number of cases in
22	which he or she is disqualified. As soon as the judge can do
23	so without serious financial detriment, he or she should
24	divest himself or herself of investments and other financial
25	interests that might require frequent disqualifications.
26	4. A judge should not accept a gift, bequest, favor,
27	or loan from anyone except as follows:
28	a. A judge may accept a gift incident to a public
29	testimonial to him or her; books supplied by publishers on a
30	complimentary basis for official use; or an invitation to the
31	judge and spouse to attend a bar-related function or activity
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the administration of justice; 2 3 b. A judge may accept ordinary hospitality; a gift, bequest, favor, or loan from a relative; a wedding or an 4 5 engagement gift; a loan from a lending institution in its 6 regular course of business on the same terms generally 7 available to persons who are not judges; or a scholarship or 8 fellowship awarded on the same terms applied to other 9 applicants; 10 c. A judge may accept any other gift, bequest, favor, 11 or loan exceeding \$100 only if the donor is not a party or other person whose interests have recently come or may likely 12 13 come before him or her in the immediate future. 5. A judge should make a reasonable effort to be 14 informed about the personal financial interests of members of 15 his or her family residing in the judge's household and shall 16 17 report any gift, bequest, favor, or loan received thereby of which he or she has knowledge and which tends to reflect 18 19 adversely on his or her impartiality, in the same manner as he 20 or she reports compensation in subsection (6). 21 6. For the purpose of this section, "member of his or her family residing in the judge's household" means any 22 relative of a judge by blood or marriage, or a person treated 23 24 by a judge as a member of his or her family, who resides in 25 the judge's household. 26 7. A judge is not required by this section to disclose 27 his or her income, debts, or investments, except as provided 28 in subsections (3) and (6). 29 8. Information required by a judge in which his or her 30 judicial capacity should not be used or disclosed by the judge 31

1 in financial dealings or for any other purpose not related to 2 his or her judicial duties. 3 (6) FISCAL MATTERS OF JUDGES.--Fiscal matters of a judge should be conducted in a manner that will not give the 4 5 appearance of influence or impropriety. A judge should 6 regularly file public reports as required by s. 8, Art. II of 7 the State Constitution, and should publicly report gifts. 8 (a) Compensation for quasi-judicial and extrajudicial 9 services and reimbursement of expenses. -- A judge may receive 10 compensation and reimbursement of expenses for the 11 quasi-judicial and extrajudicial activities permitted by this section, if the source of such payments does not give the 12 appearance of influencing the judge in his or her judicial 13 duties or otherwise give the impression of impropriety subject 14 to the following restrictions: 15 16 1. Compensation: Compensation should not exceed a 17 reasonable amount nor should it exceed what a person who is not a judge would receive for the same activity. 18 19 2 Expense reimbursement: Expense reimbursement should be limited to the actual cost of travel, food, and 20 21 lodging reasonably incurred by the judge and, where appropriate to the occasion, to his or her spouse. Any payment 22 23 in excess of such an amount is compensation. 24 (b) Public financial reporting.--1. Income and assets: A judge shall file such public 25 26 reports as may be required by law for all public officials to 27 comply fully with the provisions of s. 8, Art. II of the State Constitution. The form for public financial disclosure shall 28 29 be that recommended or adopted by the Florida Commission on 30 Ethics for use by all public officials. The form shall be 31

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1 filed in the office of the Commission on Ethics on the date 2 prescribed by law. 3 2. Gifts: A judge shall file a public report of all 4 gifts which are required to be disclosed under Canons 5D(5)(h) 5 and 6B(2) of the Code of Judicial Conduct. The report of gifts б received in the preceding calendar year shall be filed in the 7 office of the Commission on Ethics on or before July 1 of each 8 year. 9 Section 440.45, Florida Statutes, is Section 13. 10 amended to read: 11 440.45 Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims .--(1)(a) There is hereby created the Office of the 12 13 Judges of Compensation Claims within the Department of 14 Management Services Labor and Employment Security. The Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims shall be headed by the 15 Deputy Chief Judge of Compensation Claims. The Deputy Chief 16 17 Judge shall report to the director of the Division of Administrative Hearings a Chief Judge. The Deputy Chief Judge 18 19 shall be appointed by the Governor for a term of 4 years from 20 a list of three names submitted by the statewide nominating 21 commission created under subsection (2). The Deputy Chief Judge must demonstrate prior administrative experience and 22 possess the same qualifications for appointment as a judge of 23 24 compensation claims, and the procedure for reappointment of 25 the Deputy Chief Judge will be the same as for reappointment of a judge of compensation claims. The office shall be a 26 27 separate budget entity and the director of the Division of 28 Administrative Hearings Chief Judge shall be its agency head 29 for all purposes. The Department of Management Services Labor and Employment Security shall provide administrative support 30 31 and service to the office to the extent requested by the

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1 director of the Division of Administrative Hearings Chief Judge but shall not direct, supervise, or control the Office 2 3 of the Judges of Compensation Claims in any manner, including, but not limited to, personnel, purchasing, budgetary matters, 4 5 or property transactions. The operating budget of the Office б of the Judges of Compensation Claims shall be paid out of the 7 Workers' Compensation Administration Trust Fund established in 8 s. 440.50.

9 (b) The current term of the Chief Judge of 10 Compensation Claims expires October 1, 2001. The position of 11 Deputy Chief Judge of Compensation Claims is created and 12 becomes effective October 1, 2001.

(2)(a) The Governor shall appoint full-time judges of 13 compensation claims to conduct proceedings as required by this 14 chapter or other law. No person may be nominated to serve as a 15 judge of compensation claims unless he or she has been a 16 17 member of The Florida Bar in good standing for the prior 5 years and is experienced knowledgeable in the practice of law 18 19 of workers' compensation. No judge of compensation claims 20 shall engage in the private practice of law during a term of 21 office.

(b) Except as provided in paragraph (c), the Governor shall appoint a judge of compensation claims from a list of three persons nominated by a statewide nominating commission. The statewide nominating commission shall be composed of the following:

1. Five members, at least one of whom must be a member of a minority group as defined in s. 288.703(3), one of each who resides in each of the territorial jurisdictions of the district courts of appeal, appointed by the Board of Governors of The Florida Bar from among The Florida Bar members who are

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1 engaged in the practice of law. On July 1, 1999, the term of 2 office of each person appointed by the Board of Governors of 3 The Florida Bar to the commission expires. The Board of Governors shall appoint members who reside in the odd-numbered 4 5 district court of appeal jurisdictions to 4-year terms each, б beginning July 1, 1999, and members who reside in the even-numbered district court of appeal jurisdictions to 2-year 7 8 terms each, beginning July 1, 1999. Thereafter, each member 9 shall be appointed for a 4-year term;

10 2. Five electors, at least one of whom must be a 11 member of a minority group as defined in s. 288.703(3), one of each who resides in each of the territorial jurisdictions of 12 the district courts of appeal, appointed by the Governor. On 13 July 1, 1999, the term of office of each person appointed by 14 the Governor to the commission expires. The Governor shall 15 appoint members who reside in the odd-numbered district court 16 17 of appeal jurisdictions to 2-year terms each, beginning July 1, 1999, and members who reside in the even-numbered district 18 19 court of appeal jurisdictions to 4-year terms each, beginning 20 July 1, 1999. Thereafter, each member shall be appointed for a 21 4-year term; and

3. Five electors, at least one of whom must be a 22 member of a minority group as defined in s. 288.703(3), one of 23 24 each who resides in the territorial jurisdictions of the 25 district courts of appeal, selected and appointed by a majority vote of the other 10 members of the commission. On 26 October 1, 1999, the term of office of each person appointed 27 28 to the commission by its other members expires. A majority of 29 the other members of the commission shall appoint members who reside in the odd-numbered district court of appeal 30 31 jurisdictions to 2-year terms each, beginning October 1, 1999,

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and members who reside in the even-numbered district court of
 appeal jurisdictions to 4-year terms each, beginning October
 1, 1999. Thereafter, each member shall be appointed for a
 4-year term.

6 A vacancy occurring on the commission shall be filled by the 7 original appointing authority for the unexpired balance of the 8 term. No attorney who appears before any judge of compensation 9 claims more than four times a year is eligible to serve on the 10 statewide nominating commission. The meetings and 11 determinations of the nominating commission as to the judges 12 of compensation claims shall be open to the public.

13 (c) Each judge of compensation claims shall be 14 appointed for a term of 4 years, but during the term of office may be removed by the Governor for cause. Prior to the 15 expiration of a judge's term of office, the statewide 16 17 nominating commission shall review the judge's conduct and determine whether the judge's performance is satisfactory. 18 19 Effective July 1, 2002, in determining whether a judge's performance is satisfactory, the commission shall consider the 20 extent to which the judge has met the requirements of this 21 22 chapter, including, but not limited to, the requirements of ss. 440.192(2), 440.25(1), 440.25(4)(a)-(f), 440.34(2), and 23 24 440.442.If the judge's performance is deemed satisfactory, 25 the commission shall report its finding to the Governor no later than 6 months prior to the expiration of the judge's 26 27 term of office. The Governor shall review the commission's 28 report and may reappoint the judge for an additional 4-year 29 term. If the Governor does not reappoint the judge, the Governor shall inform the commission. The judge shall remain 30 31 in office until the Governor has appointed a successor judge

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in accordance with paragraphs (a) and (b). If a vacancy occurs during a judge's unexpired term, the statewide nominating commission does not find the judge's performance is satisfactory, or the Governor does not reappoint the judge, the Governor shall appoint a successor judge for a term of 4 years in accordance with paragraph (b). (d) The Governor may appoint any attorney who has 5 years of experience in the practice of law in this state to serve as a Deputy Chief Judge or a judge of compensation claims on a temporary basis in the absence or disqualification of any full-time judge of compensation claims. However, an attorney so appointed by the Governor may not serve for a period exceeding 60 successive days. (e) The director of the Division of Administrative Hearings may receive or initiate complaints, conduct investigations, and dismiss complaints against the Deputy Chief Judge and the judges of compensation claims. The director may recommend to the Governor the removal of the Deputy Chief Judge or a judge of compensation claims or recommend the discipline of a judge whose conduct during his or her term of office warrants such discipline. For purposes of this section, the term "discipline" includes reprimand, fine, and suspension with or without pay. At the conclusion of each investigation, the director shall submit preliminary

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- 25 findings of fact and recommendations to the judge of
- compensation claims who is the subject of the complaint. The 26
- 27 judge of compensation claims has 20 days within which to
- respond to the tentative findings. The response and the 28
- 29 director's rebuttal to the response must be included in the
- 30 final report submitted to the Governor.
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1	(3) The Chief Judge shall select from among the full
2	time judges of the office two or more judges to rotate as
3	docketing judges. Docketing judges shall review all claims for
4	benefits for consistency with the requirements of this chapter
5	and the rules of procedure, including, but not limited to,
6	specificity requirements, and shall dismiss any claim that
7	fails to comport with such rules and requirements. The
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	docketing judge shall not dismiss any claim with prejudice
9	without offering the parties an opportunity to appear and
10	present argument. The Chief Judge may as he or she deems
11	appropriate expand the duties of the docketing judges to
12	include resolution without hearing of other types of
13	procedural and substantive matters, including resolution of
14	fee disputes.
15	(3)(4) The Chief Judge shall have the discretion to
16	require mediation and to designate qualified persons to act as
17	mediators in any dispute pending before the judges of
18	compensation claims and the division. The <u>Deputy</u> Chief Judge
19	shall coordinate with the Director of the Division of Workers'
20	Compensation to establish a mandatory mediation program to
21	facilitate early and efficient resolution of disputes arising
22	under this chapter and to establish training and continuing
23	education for new and sitting judges.
24	(4)(5) The Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims
25	shall promulgate rules to effect the purposes of this section.
26	Such rules shall include procedural rules applicable to
27	workers' compensation claim resolution and uniform criteria
28	for measuring the performance of the office, including, but
29	not limited to, the number of cases assigned and disposed, the
30	age of pending and disposed cases, timeliness of
31	decisionmaking, extraordinary fee awards and other data
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23 24 necessary for the statewide nominating commission to review the performances of judges as required in paragraph (2)(c) performance indicators. The workers' compensation rules of procedure approved by the Supreme Court shall apply until the rules promulgated by the Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims pursuant to this section become effective. (5) (6) Not later than December 1 of each year, the Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims and the Division of Workers' Compensation shall jointly issue a written report to the Governor, the House of Representatives, and the Senate, The Florida Bar, and the statewide nominating commission summarizing the amount, cost, and outcome of all litigation resolved in the prior fiscal year, summarizing the disposition of mediation conferences, the number of mediation conferences waived, the number of continuances granted, the number and disposition of litigated cases, the amount of attorney's fees paid in each case, and the number of final orders not issued within 30 days after the final hearing or closure of the hearing record applications and motions for mediation conferences and recommending changes or improvements to the dispute resolution elements of the Workers' Compensation Law and regulations. If the Deputy Chief Judge finds that judges generally are unable to meet a particular statutory requirement for reasons beyond their control, the Deputy Chief

25 Judge shall submit such findings and any recommendations to 26 the Legislature.

27 Section 14. Section 440.47, Florida Statutes, is28 amended to read:

29 440.47 Travel expenses.--The Deputy Chief Judge,

30 judges of compensation claims, and employees of the department

31 shall be reimbursed for travel expenses as provided in s.

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1 112.061. Such expenses shall be sworn to by the person who 2 incurred the same and shall be allowed and paid as provided in 3 s. 440.50 upon the presentation of vouchers therefor approved 4 by the director of the Division of Administrative Hearings 5 Chief Judge or the department, whichever is applicable. б Section 15. Subsections (4) and (5) of section 440.59, 7 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 8 440.59 Reporting requirements.--9 (4) The division shall prepare an annual report for 10 all claims for which the employee lost more than 7 days from 11 work and shall submit a copy of the report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of 12 13 Representatives, the Democratic and Republican Leaders of the Senate and the House of Representatives, and the chairs of the 14 legislative committees having jurisdiction over workers' 15 compensation, on or before September 15 of each year. The 16 17 annual report shall include a status report on all cases 18 involving work-related injuries in the previous 10 years. The 19 annual report shall include, but not be limited to, the number of open and closed cases, the number of cases receiving 20 various types of benefits, the cash and medical benefits paid 21 between the date of injury and the evaluation date, the number 22 23 of litigated cases, and the amount of attorney's fees paid in 24 each case. 25 (5) The Chief Judge must prepare an annual report summarizing the disposition of mediation conferences and must 26 27 submit the report to the Governor, the President of the 28 Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the 29 Democratic and Republican Leaders of the Senate and the House

30 of Representatives, and the chairs of the legislative

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1 committees having jurisdiction over workers' compensation, on 2 or before September 15 of each year. 3 Section 16. (1) The Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims is transferred by a type two transfer, as 4 5 defined in section 20.06(2), Florida Statutes, from the б Department of Labor and Employment Security to the Division of 7 Administrative Hearings of the Department of Management 8 Services. 9 (2) Four positions within the Division of Workers' 10 Compensation of the Department of Labor and Employment 11 Security responsible for coding or entering data contained within final orders issued by the judges of compensation 12 claims are transferred by a type two transfer, as defined in 13 section 20.06(2), Florida Statutes, to the Office of the 14 Judges of Compensation Claims within the Division of 15 Administrative Hearings of the Department of Management 16 17 Services. (3) Ten positions within the Division of Workers' 18 19 Compensation of the Department of Labor and Employment Security responsible for receiving and preparing docketing 20 21 orders for the petitions for benefits and for receiving and 22 entering data related to the petitions for benefits are transferred by a type two transfer, as defined in section 23 20.06(2), Florida Statutes, to the Office of the Judges of 24 Compensation Claims within the Division of Administrative 25 26 Hearings of the Department of Management Services. 27 (4) Four positions within the Division of Workers' Compensation of the Department of Labor and Employment 28 Security responsible for financial management, accounting, and 29 30 budgeting for the Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims are transferred by a type two transfer, as defined in section 31

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20.06(2), Florida Statutes, to the Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims within the Division of Administrative Hearings of the Department of Management Services. Section 17. This act shall take effect October 1, 2001. б SENATE SUMMARY Transfers the responsibility for handling Workers' Compensation claim petitions and hearings from the Division of Workers' Compensation in the Department of Labor and Employment Security to the Office of the Judges of Compensation Claims within the Division of Administrative Hearings of the Department of Management Services. (See bill for details.)