A bill to be entitled 1

> An act relating to public records; creating s. 627.3111, F.S.; providing an exemption from public records requirements for personal identifying information contained in financial records, patient records, and other medical records, as well as bank account numbers, debit, charge, and credit card numbers, held by the Department of Insurance; providing for future review and repeal; providing a finding of public necessity; creating ss. 458.353 and 459.028, F.S.; providing exemptions from public records requirements for information contained in reports made by physicians and osteopathic physicians of adverse incidents occurring in office practice settings; providing for future review and repeal; providing findings of public necessity; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 627.3111, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

24 627.3111 Public records exemption. -- All bank account 25 numbers, and debit, charge, and credit card numbers; and, all personal identifying information contained in financial 26 records, patient records, and other individual health records, 27 28 held by the Department of Insurance, or its service providers, 29 are exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State

Constitution. The department, however, shall release such information to any local, state, or federal law enforcement 31

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agency as is necessary for the performance of such agency's official duties and responsibilities, and in addition, this exemption does not apply to any information regarding an insured or other person who is the subject of a criminal investigation. This exemption is subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act of 1995 in accordance with s. 119.15 and expires on October 2, 2006, unless reviewed and reenacted by the Legislature.

Section 2. The Legislature finds that it is a public necessity that bank account numbers, debit, charge, and credit card numbers; and, personal identifying information contained in financial records, held by the Department of Insurance or its service providers be made exempt from public disclosure, except as otherwise provided in this act, in order to protect the financial interests of those persons about whom that information pertains. Without the exemption, a person could use that information to gain access to highly sensitive, personal financial data that is not his or hers. In addition, this information could easily be used for fraudulent and other illegal purposes, including identify theft, and could result in substantial financial harm. Accordingly, such information is traditionally not disclosed to the public, as is evidenced throughout the Florida Statutes. Furthermore, every person has an expectation of and a right to privacy in all matters concerning his or her personal financial matters. The Legislature further finds that it is a public necessity that personal identifying information contained in patient records and other individual health records held by the Department of Insurance or its service providers be held exempt from public disclosure, except as otherwise provided in the act, because of the sensitive personal nature of such medical information.

Matters of personal health are traditionally private concerns 1 between the patient and the health care provider, which 2 3 pervades both the public and private health care sectors. Such 4 information should not be open to public disclosure just 5 because the records come into the possession of a public entity. Disclosure of such information could cause 6 7 unwarranted damage to the good name or reputation of such individuals and could actually jeopardize their health and 8 9 safety. Section 3. Section 458.353, Florida Statutes, is 10 11 created to read: 12 458.353 Notification of adverse incident; public 13 records exemption. -- The information contained in the 14 notification of an adverse incident, which is required under 15 s. 458.351 and provided to the department by a physician licensed under this chapter, is confidential and exempt from 16 17 s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. The information may not be made available to the public as 18 19 part of the record of investigation or prosecution in a 20 disciplinary proceeding. This section is subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act of 1995 in accordance with s. 21 119.15 and shall stand repealed October 2, 2006, unless 22 23 reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment by the 24 Legislature. Section 4. Section 459.028, Florida Statutes, is 25 26 created to read: 459.028 Notification of adverse incident; public 27 records exemption. -- The information contained in the 28 29 notification of an adverse incident, which is required under s. 459.026 and provided to the department by an osteopathic 30 physician licensed under this chapter, is confidential and 31

exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State 1 2 Constitution. The information may not be made available to 3 the public as part of the record of investigation or 4 prosecution in a disciplinary proceeding. This section is 5 subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act of 1995 in 6 accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed October 2, 7 2006, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment by the Legislature. 8 9 Section 5. The Legislature finds that the exemptions from public records requirements provided in sections 458.353 10 and 459.028, Florida Statutes, are a public necessity, and 11 12 that it would be an invasion of a patient's privacy for 13 personal, sensitive information contained in the notification 14 of an adverse incident to be publicly available. Furthermore, 15 the Legislature finds that failure to protect the confidentiality of any information submitted to or collected 16 17 by the Department of Health pursuant to section 458.351, Florida Statutes, or section 459.026, Florida Statutes, 18 19 regarding an adverse incident, including, but not limited to, 20 the identity of the patient, the type of adverse incident, and the fact that an investigation is being conducted, would deter 21 the collection and reporting of this information to the 22 23 department. This would prevent the department and the appropriate regulatory boards from effectively carrying out 24 their responsibility to enforce safe patient care and take 25 26 necessary disciplinary action for practice violations. Release 27 of such information would deter physicians and osteopathic physicians licensed in this state from reporting adverse 28 29 incidents. This could lead to the deterioration of services and care rendered, all to the detriment of the health of those 30 31 served. These exemptions apply the same exemption accorded

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   under sections 395.0198 and 395.0193, Florida Statutes,
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   relating to the reporting of adverse incidents by facilities
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    licensed under chapter 395, Florida Statutes. The Legislature
    has thus consistently and repeatedly acknowledged the public
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    necessity of these types of exemptions.
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           Section 6. This act shall take effect upon becoming a
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    law.
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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.