## Florida Senate - 2001

CS for SB's 182, 328 & 970

 ${\bf By}$  the Committee on Banking and Insurance; and Senators Silver, Geller and Clary

ĺ	311-1716B-01
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to insurance; amending s.
3	627.062, F.S.; excluding the Florida Windstorm
4	Underwriting Association from certain
5	rate-filing arbitration provisions; amending s.
6	627.0628, F.S.; limiting authority of insurers
7	to use findings of the Florida Commission on
8	Hurricane Loss Projection Methodology in a rate
9	filing under s. 627.062, F.S.; providing that
10	such findings are not admissible and relevant
11	in consideration of a rate filing by the
12	Department of Insurance unless the department
13	has access to all factors and assumptions used
14	in developing the standards or models found by
15	the commission to be reliable or accurate;
16	amending s. 627.351, F.S.; modifying membership
17	of the board of directors of the Florida
18	Windstorm Underwriting Association; revising
19	the criteria for limited apportionment
20	companies; requiring insurers taking policies
21	out of the association to pay certain amounts
22	or take certain actions relative to the
23	producing agent of record; deleting a
24	requirement that certain insureds lose their
25	eligibility for coverage by the association
26	under certain circumstances; revising the
27	immunity from liability for members of the
28	board of the association; providing for
29	assignment by the association of personal lines
30	residential policies located in a deauthorized
31	area to authorized insurers; providing criteria

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1	for distributing assigned policies; providing
2	procedures; providing that assignment of a
3	policy does not affect the producing agent's
4	entitlement to unearned commission; providing
5	for appeals of assignment of policies to the
6	Department of Insurance; providing that a
7	failure to accept residential policies assigned
8	by the association is a willful violation of
9	the Florida Insurance Code; authorizing the
10	department to adopt rules; amending s.
11	627.7013, F.S.; extending the operation of the
12	law limiting the number of personal lines
13	residential policies that may be terminated by
14	an insurer for the purpose of reducing the
15	insurer's exposure to hurricane claims; making
16	legislative findings; amending s. 627.7014,
17	F.S.; extending the operation of the law
18	limiting the number of condominium association
19	property insurance policies that may be
20	terminated by an insurer for the purpose of
21	reducing the insurer's exposure to hurricane
22	claims; making legislative findings; providing
23	an effective date.
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25	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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27	Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section
28	627.062, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
29	627.062 Rate standards
30	(6)(a) After any action with respect to a rate filing
31	that constitutes agency action for purposes of the
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1 Administrative Procedure Act, an insurer other than Florida 2 Windstorm Underwriting Association may, in lieu of demanding a 3 hearing under s. 120.57, require arbitration of the rate filing. Arbitration shall be conducted by a board of 4 5 arbitrators consisting of an arbitrator selected by the б department, an arbitrator selected by the insurer, and an 7 arbitrator selected jointly by the other two arbitrators. Each arbitrator must be certified by the American Arbitration 8 9 Association. A decision is valid only upon the affirmative 10 vote of at least two of the arbitrators. No arbitrator may be 11 an employee of any insurance regulator or regulatory body or of any insurer, regardless of whether or not the employing 12 13 insurer does business in this state. The department and the insurer must treat the decision of the arbitrators as the 14 15 final approval of a rate filing. Costs of arbitration shall be 16 paid by the insurer. 17 Section 2. Section 627.0628, Florida Statutes, is 18 amended to read: 19 627.0628 Florida Commission on Hurricane Loss 20 Projection Methodology .--21 (1) LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND INTENT.--(a) Reliable projections of hurricane losses are 22 necessary in order to assure that rates for residential 23 24 property insurance meet the statutory requirement that rates 25 be neither excessive nor inadequate. The ability to accurately project hurricane losses has been enhanced greatly 26 in recent years through the use of computer modeling. 27 It is 28 the public policy of this state to encourage the use of the 29 most sophisticated actuarial methods to assure that consumers are charged lawful rates for residential property insurance 30 31 coverage.

1 (b) The Legislature recognizes the need for expert 2 evaluation of computer models and other recently developed or 3 improved actuarial methodologies for projecting hurricane losses, in order to resolve conflicts among actuarial 4 5 professionals, and in order to provide both immediate and 6 continuing improvement in the sophistication of actuarial 7 methods used to set rates charged to consumers. 8 (c) It is the intent of the Legislature to create the 9 Florida Commission on Hurricane Loss Projection Methodology as 10 a panel of experts to provide the most actuarially 11 sophisticated guidelines and standards for projection of hurricane losses possible, given the current state of 12 actuarial science. It is the further intent of the 13 Legislature that such standards and guidelines must be used by 14 15 the State Board of Administration in developing reimbursement premium rates for the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, and, 16 17 subject to the provisions of paragraph (3)(c), may be used by insurers in rate filings under s. 627.062 unless the way in 18 19 which such standards and guidelines were applied by the 20 insurer was erroneous, as shown by a preponderance of the 21 evidence. 22 (d) It is the intent of the Legislature that such standards and guidelines be employed as soon as possible, and 23 24 that they be subject to continuing review thereafter.

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(2) COMMISSION CREATED.--

(a) There is created the Florida Commission on
Hurricane Loss Projection Methodology, which is assigned to
the State Board of Administration. The commission shall be
administratively housed within the State Board of
Administration, but it shall independently exercise the powers
and duties specified in this section.

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1 (b) The commission shall consist of the following 11 2 members: 3 The insurance consumer advocate. 1. 4 2. The Chief Operating Officer of the Florida 5 Hurricane Catastrophe Fund. б 3. The Executive Director of the Residential Property 7 and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association. 8 The Director of the Division of Emergency 4. Management of the Department of Community Affairs. 9 10 5. The actuary member of the Florida Hurricane 11 Catastrophe Fund Advisory Council. Six members appointed by the Insurance 12 6. 13 Commissioner, as follows: a. An employee of the Department of Insurance who is 14 15 an actuary responsible for property insurance rate filings. b. An actuary who is employed full time by a property 16 17 and casualty insurer which was responsible for at least 1 18 percent of the aggregate statewide direct written premium for 19 homeowner's insurance in the calendar year preceding the 20 member's appointment to the commission. c. An expert in insurance finance who is a full time 21 22 member of the faculty of the State University System and who has a background in actuarial science. 23 24 d. An expert in statistics who is a full time member 25 of the faculty of the State University System and who has a background in insurance. 26 An expert in computer system design who is a full 27 e. 28 time member of the faculty of the State University System. 29 An expert in meteorology who is a full time member f. of the faculty of the State University System and who 30 31 specializes in hurricanes. 5

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1	(c) Members designated under subparagraphs (b)15.
2	shall serve on the commission as long as they maintain the
3	respective offices designated in subparagraphs (b)15.
4	Members appointed by the Insurance Commissioner under
5	subparagraph (b)6. shall serve on the commission until the end
6	of the term of office of the Insurance Commissioner who
7	appointed them, unless earlier removed by the Insurance
8	Commissioner for cause. Vacancies on the commission shall be
9	filled in the same manner as the original appointment.
10	(d) The State Board of Administration shall annually
11	appoint one of the members of the commission to serve as
12	chair.
13	(e) Members of the commission shall serve without
14	compensation, but shall be reimbursed for per diem and travel
15	expenses pursuant to s. 112.061.
16	(f) The State Board of Administration shall, as a cost
17	of administration of the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund,
18	provide for travel, expenses, and staff support for the
19	commission.
20	(g) There shall be no liability on the part of, and no
21	cause of action of any nature shall arise against, any member
22	of the commission, any member of the State Board of
23	Administration, or any employee of the State Board of
24	Administration for any action taken in the performance of
25	their duties under this section. In addition, the commission
26	may, in writing, waive any potential cause of action for
27	negligence of a consultant, contractor, or contract employee
28	engaged to assist the commission.
29	(3) ADOPTION AND EFFECT OF STANDARDS AND GUIDELINES
30	(a) The commission shall consider any actuarial
31	methods, principles, standards, models, or output ranges that
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1 have the potential for improving the accuracy of or 2 reliability of the hurricane loss projections used in 3 residential property insurance rate filings. The commission 4 shall, from time to time, adopt findings as to the accuracy or 5 reliability of particular methods, principles, standards, 6 models, or output ranges.

7 (b) In establishing reimbursement premiums for the
8 Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, the State Board of
9 Administration must, to the extent feasible, employ actuarial
10 methods, principles, standards, models, or output ranges found
11 by the commission to be accurate or reliable.

(c) With respect to a rate filing under s. 627.062, an 12 13 insurer may employ actuarial methods, principles, standards, 14 models, or output ranges found by the commission to be accurate or reliable to determine hurricane loss factors for 15 use in a rate filing under s. 627.062, which findings and 16 17 factors are admissible and relevant in consideration of a rate filing by the department or in any arbitration or 18 19 administrative or judicial review. However, such findings and 20 factors are not admissible and relevant in consideration of a rate filing unless the department has access to all factors 21 and assumptions that were used in developing the actuarial 22 methods, principles, standards, models, or output ranges found 23 24 by the commission to be accurate or reliable and the 25 department is not precluded from disclosing such information 26 in a rate proceeding. 27 (d) The commission shall adopt initial actuarial methods, principles, standards, models, or output ranges no 28

29 later than December 31, 1995. The commission shall adopt

30 revisions to such actuarial methods, principles, standards,

31 models, or output ranges at least annually thereafter. As

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soon as possible, but no later than July 1, 1996, the 1 2 commission shall adopt revised actuarial methods, principles, 3 standards, models, or output ranges which include 4 specification of acceptable computer models or output ranges 5 derived from computer models. б Section 3. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 7 627.351, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (f) is added to subsection (2), to read: 8 9 627.351 Insurance risk apportionment plans.--10 (2) WINDSTORM INSURANCE RISK APPORTIONMENT.--11 The department shall require all insurers holding (b) a certificate of authority to transact property insurance on a 12 direct basis in this state, other than joint underwriting 13 associations and other entities formed pursuant to this 14 section, to provide windstorm coverage to applicants from 15 areas determined to be eligible pursuant to paragraph (c) who 16 17 in good faith are entitled to, but are unable to procure, such coverage through ordinary means; or it shall adopt a 18 19 reasonable plan or plans for the equitable apportionment or sharing among such insurers of windstorm coverage, which may 20 include formation of an association for this purpose. As used 21 in this subsection, the term "property insurance" means 22 insurance on real or personal property, as defined in s. 23 24 624.604, including insurance for fire, industrial fire, allied 25 lines, farmowners multiperil, homeowners' multiperil, commercial multiperil, and mobile homes, and including 26 liability coverages on all such insurance, but excluding 27 28 inland marine as defined in s. 624.607(3) and excluding 29 vehicle insurance as defined in s. 624.605(1)(a) other than insurance on mobile homes used as permanent dwellings. The 30 31

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department shall adopt rules that provide a formula for the
 recovery and repayment of any deferred assessments.

3 1. For the purpose of this section, properties 4 eligible for such windstorm coverage are defined as dwellings, 5 buildings, and other structures, including mobile homes which 6 are used as dwellings and which are tied down in compliance 7 with mobile home tie-down requirements prescribed by the 8 Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles pursuant to s. 9 320.8325, and the contents of all such properties. An 10 applicant or policyholder is eligible for coverage only if an 11 offer of coverage cannot be obtained by or for the applicant or policyholder from an admitted insurer at approved rates. 12

13 2.a.(I) All insurers required to be members of such association shall participate in its writings, expenses, and 14 losses. Surplus of the association shall be retained for the 15 payment of claims and shall not be distributed to the member 16 17 insurers. Such participation by member insurers shall be in 18 the proportion that the net direct premiums of each member 19 insurer written for property insurance in this state during 20 the preceding calendar year bear to the aggregate net direct 21 premiums for property insurance of all member insurers, as reduced by any credits for voluntary writings, in this state 22 during the preceding calendar year. For the purposes of this 23 24 subsection, the term "net direct premiums" means direct 25 written premiums for property insurance, reduced by premium for liability coverage and for the following if included in 26 allied lines: rain and hail on growing crops; livestock; 27 28 association direct premiums booked; National Flood Insurance 29 Program direct premiums; and similar deductions specifically authorized by the plan of operation and approved by the 30 31 department. A member's participation shall begin on the first

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1 day of the calendar year following the year in which it is 2 issued a certificate of authority to transact property 3 insurance in the state and shall terminate 1 year after the end of the calendar year during which it no longer holds a 4 5 certificate of authority to transact property insurance in the б state. The commissioner, after review of annual statements, 7 other reports, and any other statistics that the commissioner deems necessary, shall certify to the association the 8 9 aggregate direct premiums written for property insurance in 10 this state by all member insurers. 11 (II) The plan of operation shall provide for a board of directors consisting of the Insurance Consumer Advocate 12 appointed under s. 627.0613, 1 representative of a financial 13 14 institution engaging in residential mortgage lending within the association's eligible areas, 1 representative of realtors 15 engaged in the sale of residential property within the 16 17 association's eligible areas, 1 representative who has expertise in State Minimum Building Codes and coastal 18 19 construction, 1 association policyholder, 1 representative who 20 is a licensed property and casualty insurance agent,1 consumer representative appointed by the Insurance 21 22 Commissioner, 1 consumer representative appointed by the Governor, and 7  $\frac{12}{12}$  additional members appointed as specified 23 in the plan of operation. One of the 7  $\frac{12}{12}$  additional members 24 25 shall be elected by the domestic companies of this state on the basis of cumulative weighted voting based on the net 26 direct premiums of domestic companies in this state. Nothing 27 28 in the 1997 amendments to this paragraph terminates the 29 existing board or the terms of any members of the board. (III) The plan of operation shall provide a formula 30 31 whereby a company voluntarily providing windstorm coverage in

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affected areas will be relieved wholly or partially from
 apportionment of a regular assessment pursuant to
 sub-sub-subparagraph d.(I) or sub-sub-subparagraph d.(II).

4 (IV) A company which is a member of a group of
5 companies under common management may elect to have its
6 credits applied on a group basis, and any company or group may
7 elect to have its credits applied to any other company or
8 group.

9 (V) There shall be no credits or relief from
10 apportionment to a company for emergency assessments collected
11 from its policyholders under sub-sub-subparagraph d.(III).

The plan of operation may also provide for the 12 (VI) 13 award of credits, for a period not to exceed 3 years, from a 14 regular assessment pursuant to sub-subparagraph d.(I) or sub-subparagraph d.(II) as an incentive for taking 15 policies out of the Residential Property and Casualty Joint 16 17 Underwriting Association. In order to qualify for the exemption under this sub-sub-subparagraph, the take-out plan 18 19 must provide that at least 40 percent of the policies removed 20 from the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 21 Association cover risks located in Dade, Broward, and Palm Beach Counties or at least 30 percent of the policies so 22 removed cover risks located in Dade, Broward, and Palm Beach 23 24 Counties and an additional 50 percent of the policies so 25 removed cover risks located in other coastal counties, and must also provide that no more than 15 percent of the policies 26 27 so removed may exclude windstorm coverage. With the approval 28 of the department, the association may waive these geographic 29 criteria for a take-out plan that removes at least the lesser of 100,000 Residential Property and Casualty Joint 30 31 Underwriting Association policies or 15 percent of the total

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number of Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 1 2 Association policies, provided the governing board of the 3 Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 4 Association certifies that the take-out plan will materially 5 reduce the Residential Property and Casualty Joint 6 Underwriting Association's 100-year probable maximum loss from 7 hurricanes. With the approval of the department, the board may extend such credits for an additional year if the insurer 8 9 guarantees an additional year of renewability for all policies 10 removed from the Residential Property and Casualty Joint 11 Underwriting Association, or for 2 additional years if the insurer guarantees 2 additional years of renewability for all 12 13 policies removed from the Residential Property and Casualty 14 Joint Underwriting Association.

b. Assessments to pay deficits in the association
under this subparagraph shall be included as an appropriate
factor in the making of rates as provided in s. 627.3512.

The Legislature finds that the potential for 18 c. 19 unlimited deficit assessments under this subparagraph may 20 induce insurers to attempt to reduce their writings in the voluntary market, and that such actions would worsen the 21 availability problems that the association was created to 22 remedy. It is the intent of the Legislature that insurers 23 24 remain fully responsible for paying regular assessments and 25 collecting emergency assessments for any deficits of the association; however, it is also the intent of the Legislature 26 to provide a means by which assessment liabilities may be 27 28 amortized over a period of years.

29 d.(I) When the deficit incurred in a particular 30 calendar year is 10 percent or less of the aggregate statewide 31 direct written premium for property insurance for the prior

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calendar year for all member insurers, the association shall levy an assessment on member insurers in an amount equal to 3 the deficit.

(II) When the deficit incurred in a particular 4 5 calendar year exceeds 10 percent of the aggregate statewide б direct written premium for property insurance for the prior 7 calendar year for all member insurers, the association shall 8 levy an assessment on member insurers in an amount equal to 9 the greater of 10 percent of the deficit or 10 percent of the 10 aggregate statewide direct written premium for property 11 insurance for the prior calendar year for member insurers. Any remaining deficit shall be recovered through emergency 12 13 assessments under sub-sub-subparagraph (III).

(III) Upon a determination by the board of directors 14 that a deficit exceeds the amount that will be recovered 15 through regular assessments on member insurers, pursuant to 16 17 sub-subparagraph (I) or sub-subparagraph (II), the 18 board shall levy, after verification by the department, 19 emergency assessments to be collected by member insurers and 20 by underwriting associations created pursuant to this section which write property insurance, upon issuance or renewal of 21 property insurance policies other than National Flood 22 23 Insurance policies in the year or years following levy of the 24 regular assessments. The amount of the emergency assessment 25 collected in a particular year shall be a uniform percentage of that year's direct written premium for property insurance 26 27 for all member insurers and underwriting associations, 28 excluding National Flood Insurance policy premiums, as 29 annually determined by the board and verified by the department. The department shall verify the arithmetic 30 31 calculations involved in the board's determination within 30

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1 days after receipt of the information on which the 2 determination was based. Notwithstanding any other provision 3 of law, each member insurer and each underwriting association 4 created pursuant to this section shall collect emergency 5 assessments from its policyholders without such obligation б being affected by any credit, limitation, exemption, or 7 deferment. The emergency assessments so collected shall be transferred directly to the association on a periodic basis as 8 9 determined by the association. The aggregate amount of 10 emergency assessments levied under this sub-subparagraph 11 in any calendar year may not exceed the greater of 10 percent of the amount needed to cover the original deficit, plus 12 interest, fees, commissions, required reserves, and other 13 costs associated with financing of the original deficit, or 10 14 percent of the aggregate statewide direct written premium for 15 property insurance written by member insurers and underwriting 16 17 associations for the prior year, plus interest, fees, commissions, required reserves, and other costs associated 18 19 with financing the original deficit. The board may pledge the 20 proceeds of the emergency assessments under this sub-sub-subparagraph as the source of revenue for bonds, to 21 retire any other debt incurred as a result of the deficit or 22 events giving rise to the deficit, or in any other way that 23 24 the board determines will efficiently recover the deficit. The 25 emergency assessments under this sub-sub-subparagraph shall continue as long as any bonds issued or other indebtedness 26 incurred with respect to a deficit for which the assessment 27 28 was imposed remain outstanding, unless adequate provision has 29 been made for the payment of such bonds or other indebtedness pursuant to the document governing such bonds or other 30 31 indebtedness. Emergency assessments collected under this

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sub-subparagraph are not part of an insurer's rates, are not premium, and are not subject to premium tax, fees, or commissions; however, failure to pay the emergency assessment shall be treated as failure to pay premium.

5 (IV) Each member insurer's share of the total regular 6 assessments under sub-sub-subparagraph (I) or 7 sub-sub-subparagraph (II) shall be in the proportion that the 8 insurer's net direct premium for property insurance in this 9 state, for the year preceding the assessment bears to the 10 aggregate statewide net direct premium for property insurance 11 of all member insurers, as reduced by any credits for voluntary writings for that year. 12

13 (V) If regular deficit assessments are made under 14 sub-subparagraph (I) or sub-subparagraph (II), or by the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 15 Association under sub-subparagraph (6)(b)3.a. or 16 17 sub-subparagraph (6)(b)3.b., the association shall levy upon the association's policyholders, as part of its next rate 18 19 filing, or by a separate rate filing solely for this purpose, 20 a market equalization surcharge in a percentage equal to the total amount of such regular assessments divided by the 21 22 aggregate statewide direct written premium for property insurance for member insurers for the prior calendar year. 23 24 Market equalization surcharges under this sub-sub-subparagraph 25 are not considered premium and are not subject to commissions, fees, or premium taxes; however, failure to pay a market 26 equalization surcharge shall be treated as failure to pay 27 28 premium.

e. The governing body of any unit of local government,
any residents of which are insured under the plan, may issue
bonds as defined in s. 125.013 or s. 166.101 to fund an

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1 assistance program, in conjunction with the association, for 2 the purpose of defraying deficits of the association. In order 3 to avoid needless and indiscriminate proliferation, 4 duplication, and fragmentation of such assistance programs, 5 any unit of local government, any residents of which are б insured by the association, may provide for the payment of 7 losses, regardless of whether or not the losses occurred 8 within or outside of the territorial jurisdiction of the local 9 government. Revenue bonds may not be issued until validated 10 pursuant to chapter 75, unless a state of emergency is 11 declared by executive order or proclamation of the Governor pursuant to s. 252.36 making such findings as are necessary to 12 13 determine that it is in the best interests of, and necessary for, the protection of the public health, safety, and general 14 welfare of residents of this state and the protection and 15 preservation of the economic stability of insurers operating 16 17 in this state, and declaring it an essential public purpose to permit certain municipalities or counties to issue bonds as 18 19 will provide relief to claimants and policyholders of the 20 association and insurers responsible for apportionment of plan losses. Any such unit of local government may enter into such 21 22 contracts with the association and with any other entity created pursuant to this subsection as are necessary to carry 23 24 out this paragraph. Any bonds issued under this 25 sub-subparagraph shall be payable from and secured by moneys received by the association from assessments under this 26 subparagraph, and assigned and pledged to or on behalf of the 27 28 unit of local government for the benefit of the holders of 29 such bonds. The funds, credit, property, and taxing power of the state or of the unit of local government shall not be 30 31 pledged for the payment of such bonds. If any of the bonds

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1 remain unsold 60 days after issuance, the department shall 2 require all insurers subject to assessment to purchase the 3 bonds, which shall be treated as admitted assets; each insurer 4 shall be required to purchase that percentage of the unsold 5 portion of the bond issue that equals the insurer's relative б share of assessment liability under this subsection. An 7 insurer shall not be required to purchase the bonds to the 8 extent that the department determines that the purchase would 9 endanger or impair the solvency of the insurer. The authority 10 granted by this sub-subparagraph is additional to any bonding 11 authority granted by subparagraph 6.

The plan shall also provide that any member with a 12 3. 13 surplus as to policyholders of \$25<del>\$20</del> million or less writing 14 25 percent or more of its total countrywide property insurance premiums in this state may petition the department, within the 15 first 90 days of each calendar year, to qualify as a limited 16 17 apportionment company. The apportionment of such a member 18 company in any calendar year for which it is qualified shall 19 not exceed its gross participation, which shall not be 20 affected by the formula for voluntary writings. In no event 21 shall a limited apportionment company be required to participate in any apportionment of losses pursuant to 22 sub-subparagraph 2.d.(I) or sub-subparagraph 2.d.(II) 23 24 in the aggregate which exceeds \$50 million after payment of 25 available plan funds in any calendar year. However, a limited apportionment company shall collect from its policyholders any 26 27 emergency assessment imposed under sub-subparagraph 28 2.d.(III). The plan shall provide that, if the department 29 determines that any regular assessment will result in an impairment of the surplus of a limited apportionment company, 30 31 the department may direct that all or part of such assessment

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1 be deferred. However, there shall be no limitation or 2 deferment of an emergency assessment to be collected from 3 policyholders under sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(III). 4 4. The plan shall provide for the deferment, in whole 5 or in part, of a regular assessment of a member insurer under б sub-subparagraph 2.d.(I) or sub-subparagraph 2.d.(II), 7 but not for an emergency assessment collected from policyholders under sub-subparagraph 2.d.(III), if, in the 8 opinion of the commissioner, payment of such regular 9 10 assessment would endanger or impair the solvency of the member 11 insurer. In the event a regular assessment against a member insurer is deferred in whole or in part, the amount by which 12 13 such assessment is deferred may be assessed against the other member insurers in a manner consistent with the basis for 14 15 assessments set forth in sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(I) or 16 sub-subparagraph 2.d.(II). 17 The plan of operation may include deductibles and 5.a. rules for classification of risks and rate modifications 18 19 consistent with the objective of providing and maintaining 20 funds sufficient to pay catastrophe losses. The association may require arbitration of a rate 21 b. filing under s. 627.062(6). It is the intent of the 22 Legislature that the rates for coverage provided by the 23 24 association be actuarially sound and not competitive with approved rates charged in the admitted voluntary market such 25 that the association functions as a residual market mechanism 26 to provide insurance only when the insurance cannot be 27 28 procured in the voluntary market. The plan of operation shall 29 provide a mechanism to assure that, beginning no later than January 1, 1999, the rates charged by the association for each 30 31 line of business are reflective of approved rates in the

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voluntary market for hurricane coverage for each line of
 business in the various areas eligible for association
 coverage.

The association shall provide for windstorm 4 c. 5 coverage on residential properties in limits up to \$10 million б for commercial lines residential risks and up to \$1 million 7 for personal lines residential risks. If coverage with the association is sought for a residential risk valued in excess 8 9 of these limits, coverage shall be available to the risk up to 10 the replacement cost or actual cash value of the property, at 11 the option of the insured, if coverage for the risk cannot be located in the authorized market. The association must accept 12 13 a commercial lines residential risk with limits above \$10 14 million or a personal lines residential risk with limits above 15 \$1 million if coverage is not available in the authorized market. The association may write coverage above the limits 16 17 specified in this subparagraph with or without facultative or 18 other reinsurance coverage, as the association determines 19 appropriate.

d. The plan of operation must provide objective
criteria and procedures, approved by the department, to be
uniformly applied for all applicants in determining whether an
individual risk is so hazardous as to be uninsurable. In
making this determination and in establishing the criteria and
procedures, the following shall be considered:

26 (I) Whether the likelihood of a loss for the 27 individual risk is substantially higher than for other risks 28 of the same class; and

29 (II) Whether the uncertainty associated with the 30 individual risk is such that an appropriate premium cannot be 31 determined.

1 2 The acceptance or rejection of a risk by the association 3 pursuant to such criteria and procedures must be construed as 4 the private placement of insurance, and the provisions of 5 chapter 120 do not apply. б When the association enters into a contractual e. 7 agreement for a take-out plan, the producing agent of record 8 of the association policy is entitled to retain any unearned commission on such policy, and the take-out insurer shall: 9 10 (I) Pay to the producing agent of record of the 11 association policy an amount equal to the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written if the 12 term of the association policy was in excess of 6 months, or 13 one-half of such usual and customary commission if the term of 14 the association policy was 6 months or less; or 15 (II) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of 16 17 the association policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the 18 19 insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of 20 policy written. 21 The take-out insurer need not take any further action if the 22 offer is rejected. This sub-subparagraph does not apply to any 23 24 reciprocal interinsurance exchange, nonprofit federation, or 25 any subsidiary or affiliate of such organization. This sub-subparagraph does not apply if the agent is also the agent 26 27 of record on the new coverage. The requirement of this sub-subparagraph that the producing agent of record is 28 29 entitled to retain the unearned commission on an association 30 policy does not apply to a policy for which coverage has been provided in the association for 30 days or less. The policies 31

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1 issued by the association must provide that if the association 2 obtains an offer from an authorized insurer to cover the risk 3 at its approved rates under either a standard policy including wind coverage or, if consistent with the insurer's 4 5 underwriting rules as filed with the department, a basic б policy including wind coverage, the risk is no longer eligible 7 for coverage through the association. Upon termination of 8 eligibility, the association shall provide written notice to 9 the policyholder and agent of record stating that the 10 association policy must be canceled as of 60 days after the 11 date of the notice because of the offer of coverage from an authorized insurer. Other provisions of the insurance code 12 relating to cancellation and notice of cancellation do not 13 apply to actions under this sub-subparagraph. 14 f. Association policies and applications must include 15 a notice that the association policy could, under this 16 17 section, be replaced with a policy issued by an authorized insurer that does not provide coverage identical to the 18 19 coverage provided by the association. The notice shall also 20 specify that acceptance of association coverage creates a conclusive presumption that the applicant or policyholder is 21 22 aware of this potential. 6.a. The plan of operation may authorize the formation 23 24 of a private nonprofit corporation, a private nonprofit 25 unincorporated association, a partnership, a trust, a limited liability company, or a nonprofit mutual company which may be 26 27 empowered, among other things, to borrow money by issuing

30 catastrophe losses. The plan may authorize all actions

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

bonds or by incurring other indebtedness and to accumulate

reserves or funds to be used for the payment of insured

necessary to facilitate the issuance of bonds, including the
 pledging of assessments or other revenues.

3 b. Any entity created under this subsection, or any 4 entity formed for the purposes of this subsection, may sue and 5 be sued, may borrow money; issue bonds, notes, or debt б instruments; pledge or sell assessments, market equalization 7 surcharges and other surcharges, rights, premiums, contractual 8 rights, projected recoveries from the Florida Hurricane 9 Catastrophe Fund, other reinsurance recoverables, and other 10 assets as security for such bonds, notes, or debt instruments; 11 enter into any contracts or agreements necessary or proper to accomplish such borrowings; and take other actions necessary 12 13 to carry out the purposes of this subsection. The association 14 may issue bonds or incur other indebtedness, or have bonds issued on its behalf by a unit of local government pursuant to 15 subparagraph (g)2., in the absence of a hurricane or other 16 17 weather-related event, upon a determination by the association subject to approval by the department that such action would 18 19 enable it to efficiently meet the financial obligations of the 20 association and that such financings are reasonably necessary to effectuate the requirements of this subsection. Any such 21 22 entity may accumulate reserves and retain surpluses as of the end of any association year to provide for the payment of 23 24 losses incurred by the association during that year or any 25 future year. The association shall incorporate and continue the plan of operation and articles of agreement in effect on 26 the effective date of chapter 76-96, Laws of Florida, to the 27 28 extent that it is not inconsistent with chapter 76-96, and as 29 subsequently modified consistent with chapter 76-96. The board of directors and officers currently serving shall continue to 30 31 serve until their successors are duly qualified as provided

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under the plan. The assets and obligations of the plan in
 effect immediately prior to the effective date of chapter
 76-96 shall be construed to be the assets and obligations of
 the successor plan created herein.

5 In recognition of s. 10, Art. I of the State c. б Constitution, prohibiting the impairment of obligations of 7 contracts, it is the intent of the Legislature that no action be taken whose purpose is to impair any bond indenture or 8 9 financing agreement or any revenue source committed by 10 contract to such bond or other indebtedness issued or incurred 11 by the association or any other entity created under this subsection. 12

13 7. On such coverage, an agent's remuneration shall be 14 that amount of money payable to the agent by the terms of his 15 or her contract with the company with which the business is 16 placed. However, no commission will be paid on that portion of 17 the premium which is in excess of the standard premium of that 18 company.

19 8. Subject to approval by the department, the 20 association may establish different eligibility requirements and operational procedures for any line or type of coverage 21 for any specified eligible area or portion of an eligible area 22 if the board determines that such changes to the eligibility 23 24 requirements and operational procedures are justified due to 25 the voluntary market being sufficiently stable and competitive in such area or for such line or type of coverage and that 26 consumers who, in good faith, are unable to obtain insurance 27 28 through the voluntary market through ordinary methods would 29 continue to have access to coverage from the association. When coverage is sought in connection with a real property 30 31 transfer, such requirements and procedures shall not provide

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for an effective date of coverage later than the date of the
 closing of the transfer as established by the transferor, the
 transferee, and, if applicable, the lender.

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9. Notwithstanding any other provision of law:

5 The pledge or sale of, the lien upon, and the a. б security interest in any rights, revenues, or other assets of 7 the association created or purported to be created pursuant to any financing documents to secure any bonds or other 8 9 indebtedness of the association shall be and remain valid and 10 enforceable, notwithstanding the commencement of and during 11 the continuation of, and after, any rehabilitation, insolvency, liquidation, bankruptcy, receivership, 12 conservatorship, reorganization, or similar proceeding against 13 14 the association under the laws of this state or any other 15 applicable laws.

b. No such proceeding shall relieve the association of
its obligation, or otherwise affect its ability to perform its
obligation, to continue to collect, or levy and collect,
assessments, market equalization or other surcharges,
projected recoveries from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe
Fund, reinsurance recoverables, or any other rights, revenues,
or other assets of the association pledged.

c. Each such pledge or sale of, lien upon, and 23 24 security interest in, including the priority of such pledge, 25 lien, or security interest, any such assessments, emergency assessments, market equalization or renewal surcharges, 26 projected recoveries from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe 27 28 Fund, reinsurance recoverables, or other rights, revenues, or 29 other assets which are collected, or levied and collected, after the commencement of and during the pendency of or after 30 31

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any such proceeding shall continue unaffected by such
 proceeding.

3 d. As used in this subsection, the term "financing 4 documents" means any agreement, instrument, or other document 5 now existing or hereafter created evidencing any bonds or б other indebtedness of the association or pursuant to which any 7 such bonds or other indebtedness has been or may be issued and pursuant to which any rights, revenues, or other assets of the 8 9 association are pledged or sold to secure the repayment of 10 such bonds or indebtedness, together with the payment of 11 interest on such bonds or such indebtedness, or the payment of any other obligation of the association related to such bonds 12 13 or indebtedness.

14 e. Any such pledge or sale of assessments, revenues, 15 contract rights or other rights or assets of the association shall constitute a lien and security interest, or sale, as the 16 17 case may be, that is immediately effective and attaches to such assessments, revenues, contract, or other rights or 18 19 assets, whether or not imposed or collected at the time the pledge or sale is made. Any such pledge or sale is effective, 20 valid, binding, and enforceable against the association or 21 22 other entity making such pledge or sale, and valid and binding against and superior to any competing claims or obligations 23 24 owed to any other person or entity, including policyholders in 25 this state, asserting rights in any such assessments, revenues, contract, or other rights or assets to the extent 26 set forth in and in accordance with the terms of the pledge or 27 28 sale contained in the applicable financing documents, whether 29 or not any such person or entity has notice of such pledge or sale and without the need for any physical delivery, 30 31 recordation, filing, or other action.

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1	f. There shall be no liability on the part of, and no
2	cause of action of any nature shall arise against, any member
3	insurer or its agents or employees, agents or employees of the
4	association, members of the board of directors of the
5	association, or the department or its representatives, for any
6	action taken by them in the performance of their duties or
7	responsibilities under this subsection. Such immunity does not
8	apply to actions for breach of any contract or agreement
9	pertaining to insurance, any violation of criminal law, or any
10	willful tort.
11	(f)1. After December 31, 2001, the association may not
12	accept an application for coverage for a risk located in the
13	deauthorized area. As used in this paragraph, the term
14	"deauthorized area" means the area between I-95 and U.S. 1 in
15	Miami-Dade, Broward, and Palm Beach Counties.
16	2. Until January 1, 2002, the association shall afford
17	to all authorized insurers an opportunity to voluntarily
18	remove policies located in the deauthorized area from the
19	association. Each policy must be written for at least three
20	full annual policy terms, using rates and forms approved by
21	the department.
22	3.a. Beginning January 1, 2002, every authorized
23	insurer writing personal lines residential coverage in this
24	state must accept assignments of personal lines residential
25	policies located in the deauthorized area from the
26	association, as provided in this paragraph.
27	b. By January 1, 2002, the association shall identify
28	the personal lines residential policies in the deauthorized
29	area that will be assigned to each insurer. The association
30	shall provide each insurer access to information concerning
31	each policy assigned to the insurer. The selection and
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1 subsequent assignment must be coordinated by the association among the various insurers by allocating the distribution of 2 3 the assigned policies among such insurers in such a manner as to limit adverse solvency consequences; to avoid excess 4 5 concentration of policies in any one area with respect to the б insurer's personal lines residential coverage book of 7 business; to take into account the characteristics of risks 8 underwritten in the voluntary market by the assigned insurer 9 and attempt to match assigned risks as closely as possible to 10 the insurer's expertise; and to take into account variations 11 in the market value of the assigned risks. The assignments must be made to each insurer such 12 с. that each insurer's share of the policies assigned is 13 14 approximately equal to that insurer's proportional share of personal lines residential insurance policies written in this 15 state. Insurers that voluntarily remove policies from the 16 17 deauthorized area may receive a reduction in the number of assignments such insurers would otherwise receive from the 18 19 association. d. If more than one insurer within an insurer group is 20 authorized to write personal lines residential coverage in 21 22 this state, insurers in the group receiving the assignments may cede the assignments among authorized members of the group 23 24 as approved by the department. e. Each insurer to which policies are assigned must 25 renew each policy for at least 3 years, unless canceled by the 26 27 insurer for a lawful reason other than reduction of hurricane 28 exposure or unless nonrenewed by the policyholder. Nothing in 29 this paragraph precludes an insurer from offering an assigned policyholder coverage for nonwind perils. If such an offer is 30 31 accepted, the insurer may satisfy its assignment obligations

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1 with regard to that risk by writing all perils coverage at such insurer's approved rates and on its approved forms. For 2 3 each assigned policy canceled or nonrenewed by the insurer for 4 any reason during the coverage period required by this paragraph, the insurer shall accept from the association, if 5 б available, one additional policy covering a risk similar to 7 the risk covered by the canceled or nonrenewed policy. 8 f. Assignment of a policy does not affect the producing agent's entitlement to unearned commission. If the 9 10 policy is assigned to an insurer with which the producing 11 agent has a contract, the producing agent shall retain the business. If the policy is assigned to an insurer that is 12 using the services of a managing general agent, the producing 13 agent is entitled to act as the brokering agent. If the agent 14 is not appointed or offered an appointment with the assuming 15 insurer or not brokering the business with a managing general 16 17 agent being used by the assuming insurer, the agent shall receive an assignment fee of \$50, payable by the association. 18 19 g. If an insurer believes that the assignment of risks would result in the insurer's insolvency or impair the 20 21 insurer's capital and surplus, as those terms are defined in s. 631.011(9), (10), and (11), and reasonable means to avoid 22 the insolvency or impairment are unavailable, the insurer may 23 24 petition the department for revision, in whole or in part, of the selection and assignment of such risks. The insurers shall 25 bear the burden of proving such resulting insolvency or 26 27 impairment of capital or surplus. 28 The failure of an insurer to accept the residential 4. 29 policies selected by the association, constitutes a willful violation of the Florida Insurance Code. Each policy refused 30 31 or rejected by an insurer constitutes a separate violation.

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1 5. The department may adopt rules to administer this 2 paragraph. 3 6. The department may require the revision or 4 amendment of the association's plan of operation or bylaws as 5 necessary for the purposes of this paragraph. б 7. The department may require the revision or 7 amendment of any plan of operation or bylaws of the market 8 assistance plan established under s. 627.3515 as necessary for 9 the purposes of this paragraph. Section 4. Effective June 1, 2001, paragraph (c) is 10 11 added to subsection (1) of section 627.7013, Florida Statutes, and paragraph (e) of subsection (2) of that section is amended 12 13 to read: 14 627.7013 Orderly markets for personal lines 15 residential property insurance. --(1) FINDINGS AND PURPOSE. --16 17 (c) The Legislature finds, as of January 1, 2001, 18 that: 19 1. The conditions described in paragraphs (a) and (b) 20 remain applicable to the property insurance market in this state in 2001 and are likely to remain applicable for several 21 22 years thereafter. 2. The general instability of the market is reflected 23 24 by the following facts: 25 a. The Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association has more than 400,000 policies in force and the Florida 26 27 Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 28 Association has more than 60,000 policies in force. 29 A further extension of the operation of this b. 30 section until June 1, 2004, will provide an opportunity for 31

1 the market to stabilize and for continuation of residual 2 market depopulation efforts. 3 (2) MORATORIUM COMPLETION. --4 (e) This subsection is repealed on June 1, 2004 2001. 5 Section 5. Effective June 1, 2001, present paragraph б (c) of subsection (1) of section 627.7014, Florida Statutes, 7 is redesignated as paragraph (d), a new paragraph (c) is added to that subsection, and paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of 8 9 that section is amended to read: 10 627.7014 Orderly markets for condominium association 11 residential property insurance. --(1) FINDINGS AND PURPOSE. --12 13 (c) The Legislature finds, as of January 1, 2001, 14 that: 15 1. The conditions described in paragraph (a) remain applicable to the commercial residential property insurance 16 17 market in this state in 2001 and are likely to remain applicable for several years thereafter. 18 19 2. The general instability of the market is reflected 20 by the fact that the Florida Windstorm Underwriting 21 Association has approximately 9,000 commercial residential 22 policies in force as of December 31, 2000. 3. An extension of the operation of this section until 23 24 June 1, 2004, will provide an opportunity for the market to 25 stabilize and for continuation of residual market depopulation 26 efforts. 27 (2) MORATORIUM.--28 (d) This subsection is repealed on June 1, 2004 <del>2001</del>. 29 Section 6. Except as otherwise provided in this act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2001. 30 31

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STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SB's 182, 328 & 970 Prohibits the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association (FWUA) from utilizing the law that allows property and casualty insurers to submit a rate filing to an arbitration panel. Restricts the use of hurricane loss projection models in rate proceedings by providing that findings and factors adopted by the Florida COmmission on Hurricane Loss Projection Methodology are not admissible and relevant in consideration of a rate filing, unless the Department of Insurance has access to all factors and assumptions used in developing the models, and unless the department is not precluded from disclosing such information in a rate proceeding. disclosing such information in a rate proceeding. Revises the composition of the Board of Governors of the FWUA. Reduces the boundaries of the FWUA. Establishes an assigned risk plan, beginning January 1, 2002, to remove policies located in the de-authorized area from the FWUA and assigning those policies to authorized insurers. Deletes the provisions of current law that state that if the FWUA obtains an offer of coverage from an authorized insurer to insure a home or other risk at its approval rates, the risk is no longer eligible for coverage through the FWUA. Requires that if the FWUA enters into a contractual agreement for a take-out plan, the take-out insurer must pay to the previous agent a commission. Extends, for 3 more years, the law that limits the number of personal lines residential policies that insurers may non-renew for the purpose of reducing their hurricane exposure. The current limitations are scheduled for repeal on June 1, 2001, which the bill extends until June 1, 2004. Increases from \$20 million to \$25 million, the maximum amount of surplus that an insurer may have to qualify as a limited apportionment company in the FWUA.