HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

FISCAL RESPONSIBILITY COUNCIL ANALYSIS

BILL #: HB 1825

RELATING TO: Class C Travel

SPONSOR(S): Fiscal Responsibility Council and Representative Dockery

TIED BILL(S):

ORIGINATING COMMITTEE(S)/COUNCIL(S)/COMMITTEE(S) OF REFERENCE:

(2)

(3)

(4)

(5)

I. SUMMARY:

This legislation eliminates the meal allowance for Class C travel (day trips) for public employees.

This legislation is estimated to save state agencies \$1.8 million annually (½ General Revenue and ½ trust funds). The impact on other public employers is unknown.

II. SUBSTANTIVE ANALYSIS:

A. DOES THE BILL SUPPORT THE FOLLOWING PRINCIPLES:

1.	Less Government	Yes []	No []	N/A [x]
2.	Lower Taxes	Yes []	No []	N/A [x]
3.	Individual Freedom	Yes []	No []	N/A [x]
4.	Personal Responsibility	Yes []	No []	N/A [x]
5.	Family Empowerment	Yes []	No []	N/A [x]

For any principle that received a "no" above, please explain:

B. PRESENT SITUATION:

"Class A travel" is defined as continuous travel of at least 24 hours away from the employee's official headquarters. "Class B travel" is defined as continuous travel of less than 24 hours which involves an overnight absence from the employee's official headquarters. "Class C travel" is defined to be "travel for short or day trips where the traveler is not away from his or her official headquarters overnight." Section 112.061(2).

While on Class A or B travel, employees are entitled to either \$50 per diem or, if actual expenses exceed \$50, meal allowances plus actual expenses for lodging. The allowances for meals are \$3 for breakfast, \$6 for lunch, and \$12 for dinner. While on Class C travel employees are permitted to receive the appropriate meal allowance. Section 112.061(6).

The meal allowances paid to employees for Class C travel are subject to federal income taxes. The meal allowances paid to employees for Class A and B travel are not subject to federal income taxes.

C. EFFECT OF PROPOSED CHANGES:

This legislation eliminates the meal allowances for Class C travel for public employees.

D. SECTION-BY-SECTION ANALYSIS:

See B and C above.

III. FISCAL ANALYSIS & ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT:

- A. FISCAL IMPACT ON STATE GOVERNMENT:
 - 1. <u>Revenues</u>:

None.

2. Expenditures:

The elimination of meal allowances for Class C travel is estimated to save state agencies \$1.8 million annually (1/2 General Revenue and 1/2 trust funds).

- B. FISCAL IMPACT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS:
 - 1. <u>Revenues</u>:

None.

2. Expenditures:

Local governments will experience cost savings.

C. DIRECT ECONOMIC IMPACT ON PRIVATE SECTOR:

None.

D. FISCAL COMMENTS:

None.

IV. CONSEQUENCES OF ARTICLE VII, SECTION 18 OF THE FLORIDA CONSTITUTION:

A. APPLICABILITY OF THE MANDATES PROVISION:

This bill does not require counties or municipalities to spend funds or to take an action requiring the expenditure of funds.

B. REDUCTION OF REVENUE RAISING AUTHORITY:

This bill does not reduce the authority of municipalities and counties to raise revenues.

C. REDUCTION OF STATE TAX SHARED WITH COUNTIES AND MUNICIPALITIES:

This bill does not reduce the percentage of a state tax shared with counties or municipalities.

- V. <u>COMMENTS</u>:
 - A. CONSTITUTIONAL ISSUES:

None.

B. RULE-MAKING AUTHORITY:

None.

C. OTHER COMMENTS:

None.

VI. <u>AMENDMENTS OR COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE CHANGES</u>:

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None.

VII. <u>SIGNATURES</u>:

FISCAL RESPONSIBILITY COUNCIL:

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