## Amendment No. \_\_\_\_ (for drafter's use only)

	CHAMBER ACTION
	<u>Senate</u> <u>House</u>
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5	ORIGINAL STAMP BELOW
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11	Representative(s) Crow offered the following:
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13	Amendment (with title amendment)
14	Remove from the bill: Everything after the enacting clause
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16	and insert in lieu thereof:
17	Section 1. Subsection (4) of section 24.115, Florida
18	Statutes, is amended to read:
19	24.115 Payment of prizes
20	(4) It is the responsibility of the appropriate state
21	agency and of the judicial branch to identify to the
22	department, in the form and format prescribed by the
23	department, persons owing an outstanding debt to any state
24	agency or owing child support collected through a court,
25	including spousal support or alimony for the spouse or former
26	spouse of the obligor if the child-support obligation is being
27	enforced by the Department of Revenue. Prior to the payment of
28	a prize of \$600 or more to any claimant having such an
29	outstanding obligation, the department shall transmit the
30	amount of the debt to the agency claiming the debt and shall
31	authorize payment of the balance to the prize winner after

deduction of the debt. If a prize winner owes multiple debts subject to offset under this subsection and the prize is insufficient to cover all such debts, the amount of the prize shall be transmitted first to the agency claiming that past due child support is owed. If a balance of lottery prize remains after payment of past due child support, the remaining lottery prize amount shall be transmitted to other agencies claiming debts owed to the state, pro rata, based upon the ratio of the individual debt to the remaining debt owed to the state.

Section 2. Subsection (18) of section 61.046, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (19) is added to that section, to read:

- 61.046 Definitions.--As used in this chapter:
- order, whether temporary or final, issued by a court of competent jurisdiction for the support and maintenance of a child which provides for monetary support, health care, arrearages, or past support. When the child-support obligation is being enforced by the Department of Revenue, the term support order also means a judgment, decree, or order, whether temporary or final, issued by a court of competent jurisdiction for the support and maintenance of a child and the spouse or former spouse of the obligor with whom the child is living which provides for monetary support, health care, arrearages, or past support.
  - (19) "Support," unless otherwise specified, means:
- (a) Child support and, when the child-support obligation is being enforced by the Department of Revenue, spousal support or alimony for the spouse or former spouse of the obligor with whom the child is living.

(b) Child support only in cases not being enforced by 1 2 the Department of Revenue. 3 Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 4 61.11, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 5 61.11 Writs.--6 (2)(a) When the court issues a writ of bodily 7 attachment in connection with a court-ordered child support 8 obligation, the writ or attachment to the writ must include, 9 at a minimum, such information on the respondent's physical 10 description and location as is required for entry of the writ into the Florida Crime Information Center telecommunications 11 12 system and authorization for the assessment and collection of 13 the actual costs associated with the service of the writ and 14 transportation of the respondent in compliance thereof. 15 writ shall direct that service and execution of the writ may 16 be made on any day of the week and any time of the day or 17 niaht. Paragraph (a) of subsection (9) of section 18 Section 4. 61.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 19

61.13 Custody and support of children; visitation rights; power of court in making orders.--

(9)(a) Beginning July 1, 1997, each party to any paternity or child support proceeding is required to file with the tribunal as defined in s. 88.1011(22) and State Case Registry upon entry of an order, and to update as appropriate, information on location and identity of the party, including social security number, residential and mailing addresses, telephone number, driver's license number, and name, address, and telephone number of employer. Beginning October 1, 1998, each party to any paternity or child support proceeding in a

non-Title IV-D case shall meet the above requirements for

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updating the tribunal and State Case Registry.

Section 5. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and paragraph (e) of subsection (2) of section 61.1301, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 61.1301 Income deduction orders.--
- (1) ISSUANCE IN CONJUNCTION WITH AN ORDER ESTABLISHING, ENFORCING, OR MODIFYING AN OBLIGATION FOR ALIMONY OR CHILD SUPPORT.--
- (a) Upon the entry of an order establishing, enforcing, or modifying an obligation for alimony, for child support, or for alimony and child support, other than a temporary order, the court shall enter a separate order for income deduction if one has not been entered. Upon the entry of a temporary order establishing support or the entry of a temporary order enforcing or modifying a temporary order of support, the court may enter a separate order of income deduction. Copies of the orders shall be served on the obligee and obligor. If the order establishing, enforcing, or modifying the obligation directs that payments be made through the depository, the court shall provide to the depository a copy of the order establishing, enforcing, or modifying the obligation. If the obligee is a recipient of Title IV-D services, the court shall furnish to the Title IV-D agency a copy of the income deduction order and the order establishing, enforcing, or modifying the obligation.
- 1. In Title IV-D cases, the Title IV-D agency may implement income deduction after receiving a copy of an order from the court under this paragraph or a forwarding agency under UIFSA, URESA, or RURESA by issuing an income deduction notice to the payor.
  - 2. The income deduction notice must state that it is

based upon a valid support order and that it contains an income deduction requirement or upon a separate income deduction order. The income deduction notice must contain the notice to payor provisions specified by paragraph (2)(e). The income deduction notice must contain the following information from the income deduction order upon which the notice is based: the case number, the court that entered the order, and the date entered.

- 3. Payors shall deduct support payments from income, as specified in the income deduction notice, in the manner provided under paragraph (2)(e).
- 4. In non-Title IV-D cases, the income deduction notice must be accompanied by a copy of the support order upon which the notice is based. In Title IV-D cases, upon request of a payor, the Title IV-D agency shall furnish the payor a copy of the income deduction order.
- 5. If a support order entered before January 1, 1994, in a non-Title IV-D case does not specify income deduction, income deduction may be initiated upon a delinquency without the need for any amendment to the support order or any further action by the court. In such case the obligee may implement income deduction by serving a notice of delinquency on the obligor as provided for under paragraph (f).
  - (2) ENFORCEMENT OF INCOME DEDUCTION ORDERS. --
- (e) Notice to payor and income deduction notice. The notice to payor or, in Title IV-D cases, income deduction notice shall contain only information necessary for the payor to comply with the order providing for income deduction. The notice shall:
  - 1. Provide the obligor's social security number.
  - 2. Require the payor to deduct from the obligor's

income the amount specified in the income deduction order, and in the case of a delinquency the amount specified in the notice of delinquency, and to pay that amount to the obligee or to the depository, as appropriate. The amount actually deducted plus all administrative charges shall not be in excess of the amount allowed under s. 303(b) of the Consumer Credit Protection Act, 15 U.S.C. s. 1673(b);

- 3. Instruct the payor to implement income deduction no later than the first payment date which occurs more than 14 days after the date the income deduction notice was served on the payor, and the payor shall conform the amount specified in the income deduction order or, in Title IV-D cases, income deduction notice to the obligor's pay cycle. The court should request at the time of the order that the payment cycle reflect that of the payor;
- 4. Instruct the payor to forward, within 2 days after each date the obligor is entitled to payment from the payor, to the obligee or to the depository the amount deducted from the obligor's income, a statement as to whether the amount totally or partially satisfies the periodic amount specified in the income deduction order or, in Title IV-D cases, income deduction notice, and the specific date each deduction is made. If the IV-D agency is enforcing the order, the payor shall make these notifications to the agency instead of the obligee;
- 5. Specify that if a payor fails to deduct the proper amount from the obligor's income, the payor is liable for the amount the payor should have deducted, plus costs, interest, and reasonable attorney's fees;
- 6. Provide that the payor may collect up to \$5 against the obligor's income to reimburse the payor for administrative

costs for the first income deduction and up to \$2 for each deduction thereafter;

- 7. State that the notice to payor or, in Title IV-D cases, income deduction notice, and in the case of a delinquency the notice of delinquency, are binding on the payor until further notice by the obligee, IV-D agency, or the court or until the payor no longer provides income to the obligor;
- 8. Instruct the payor that, when he or she no longer provides income to the obligor, he or she shall notify the obligee and shall also provide the obligor's last known address and the name and address of the obligor's new payor, if known; and that, if the payor violates this provision, the payor is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$250 for the first violation or \$500 for any subsequent violation. If the IV-D agency is enforcing the order, the payor shall make these notifications to the agency instead of to the obligee. Penalties shall be paid to the obligee or the IV-D agency, whichever is enforcing the income deduction order;
- 9. State that the payor shall not discharge, refuse to employ, or take disciplinary action against an obligor because of the requirement for income deduction and shall state that a violation of this provision subjects the payor to a civil penalty not to exceed \$250 for the first violation or \$500 for any subsequent violation. Penalties shall be paid to the obligee or the IV-D agency, whichever is enforcing the income deduction, if any alimony or child support obligation is owing. If no alimony or child support obligation is owing, the penalty shall be paid to the obligor;
- 10. State that an obligor may bring a civil action in the courts of this state against a payor who refuses to

employ, discharges, or otherwise disciplines an obligor because of income deduction. The obligor is entitled to reinstatement and all wages and benefits lost, plus reasonable attorney's fees and costs incurred;

- 11. Inform the payor that the requirement for income deduction has priority over all other legal processes under state law pertaining to the same income and that payment, as required by the notice to payor or income deduction notice, is a complete defense by the payor against any claims of the obligor or his or her creditors as to the sum paid;
- 12. Inform the payor that, when the payor receives notices to payor or income deduction notices requiring that the income of two or more obligors be deducted and sent to the same depository, the payor may combine the amounts that are to be paid to the depository in a single payment as long as the payments attributable to each obligor are clearly identified; and
- 13. Inform the payor that if the payor receives more than one notice to payor or income deduction notice against the same obligor, the payor shall contact the court or, in Title IV-D cases, the Title IV-D agency for further instructions. Upon being so contacted, the court or, in Title IV-D cases when all the cases upon which the notices are based are Title IV-D cases, the Title IV-D agency shall allocate amounts available for income deduction as provided in subsection (4).
- Section 6. Subsection (1) of section 61.13015, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 61.13015 Petition for suspension or denial of professional licenses and certificates.--
  - (1) An obligee may petition the court which entered

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the support order or the court which is enforcing the support order for an order to suspend or deny the license or certificate issued pursuant to chapters 231, 409, 455, 456, and 559 of any obligor with a delinquent child support obligation. However, no petition may be filed until the obligee has exhausted all other available remedies. The purpose of this section is to promote the public policy of s. 409.2551.

Section 7. Subsection (1) of section 61.13016, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

61.13016 Suspension of driver's licenses and motor vehicle registrations.--

(1) The driver's license and motor vehicle registration of a child support obligor who is delinquent in payment or who has failed to comply with subpoenas or a similar order to appear or show cause relating to paternity or child support proceedings may be suspended. When an obligor is 15 days delinquent making a payment in child support or failure to comply with a subpoena, order to appear, order to show cause, or similar order in IV-D cases, the Title IV-D agency may provide notice to the obligor of the delinquency or failure to comply with a subpoena, order to appear, order to show cause, or similar order and the intent to suspend by regular United States mail that is posted to the obligor's last address of record with the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles. When an obligor is 15 days delinquent in making a payment in child support in non-IV-D cases, and upon the request of the obligee, the depository or the clerk of the court must provide notice to the obligor of the delinquency and the intent to suspend by regular United States mail that is posted to the obligor's last address of record with the

Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles. In either case, the notice must state:

- (a) The terms of the order creating the <del>child</del> support obligation;
- (b) The period of the delinquency and the total amount of the delinquency as of the date of the notice or describe the subpoena, order to appear, order to show cause, or other similar order which has not been complied with;
- (c) That notification will be given to the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to suspend the obligor's driver's license and motor vehicle registration unless, within 20 days after the date the notice is mailed, the obligor:
- 1.a. Pays the delinquency in full and any other costs and fees accrued between the date of the notice and the date the delinquency is paid;
- b. Enters into a written agreement for payment with the obligee in non-IV-D cases or with the Title IV-D agency in IV-D cases; or in IV-D cases, complies with a subpoena or order to appear, order to show cause, or a similar order; or
- c. Files a petition with the circuit court to contest the delinquency action; and
  - 2. Pays any applicable delinquency fees.

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If the obligor in non-IV-D cases enters into a written agreement for payment before the expiration of the 20-day period, the obligor must provide a copy of the signed written agreement to the depository or the clerk of the court.

Section 8. <u>Section 61.13017, Florida Statutes, is</u> repealed.

Section 9. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 61.1354, 31 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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- 61.1354 Sharing of information between consumer reporting agencies and the IV-D agency.--
- (2) The IV-D agency shall report periodically to appropriate consumer credit reporting agencies, as identified by the IV-D agency, the name and social security number of any delinquent obligor and the amount of overdue support owed by the obligor. The IV-D agency, or its designee, shall provide the obligor with written notice, at least 15 days prior to the initial release of information, of the IV-D agency's authority to release the information periodically to the consumer reporting agencies. The notice shall state the amount of overdue support owed and shall inform the obligor of the right to request a hearing with the IV-D agency within 15 days after receipt of the notice or the court in non-Title-IV-D cases to contest the accuracy of the information. After the initial notice is given, no further notice or opportunity for a hearing need be given when updated information concerning the same obligor is periodically released to the consumer reporting agencies.
- (3) For purposes of determining an individual's income and establishing an individual's capacity to make child support payments or for determining the appropriate amount of child support such payment to be made by the individual, consumer reporting agencies shall provide, upon request, consumer reports to the head of the IV-D agency pursuant to s. 604 of the Fair Credit Reporting Act, provided that the head of the IV-D agency, or its designee, certifies that:
- (a) The consumer report is needed for the purpose of determining an individual's income and establishing an individual's capacity to make child support payments or determining the appropriate amount of child-support such

payment to be made by the individual;

- (b) Paternity of the child of the individual whose report is sought, if that individual is the father of the child, has been established or acknowledged pursuant to the laws of Florida;
- (c) The individual whose report is sought was provided with at least 15 days' prior notice, by certified or registered mail to the individual's last known address, that the report was requested; and
- (d) The consumer report will be used solely for the purpose described in paragraph (a).

Section 10. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and paragraphs (a), (b), and (d) of subsection (6) of section 61.14, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 61.14 Enforcement and modification of support, maintenance, or alimony agreements or orders.--
- (1)(a) When the parties enter into an agreement for payments for, or instead of, support, maintenance, or alimony, whether in connection with a proceeding for dissolution or separate maintenance or with any voluntary property settlement, or when a party is required by court order to make any payments, and the circumstances or the financial ability of either party changes or the child who is a beneficiary of an agreement or court order as described herein reaches majority after the execution of the agreement or the rendition of the order, either party may apply to the circuit court of the circuit in which the parties, or either of them, resided at the date of the execution of the agreement or reside at the date of the application, or in which the agreement was executed or in which the order was rendered, for an order decreasing or increasing the amount of support, maintenance,

or alimony, and the court has jurisdiction to make orders as equity requires, with due regard to the changed circumstances or the financial ability of the parties or the child, decreasing, increasing, or confirming the amount of separate support, maintenance, or alimony provided for in the agreement or order. A finding that medical insurance is reasonably available or the child support guidelines in s. 61.30 may constitute changed circumstances. Except as otherwise provided in s. 61.30(11)(c), the court may modify an order of support, maintenance, or alimony by increasing or decreasing the support, maintenance, or alimony retroactively to the date of the filing of the action or supplemental action for modification as equity requires, giving due regard to the changed circumstances or the financial ability of the parties or the child.

- (6)(a)1. When support payments are made through the local depository or through the State Disbursement Unit, any payment or installment of support which becomes due and is unpaid under any support order is delinquent; and this unpaid payment or installment, and all other costs and fees herein provided for, become, after notice to the obligor and the time for response as set forth in this subsection, a final judgment by operation of law, which has the full force, effect, and attributes of a judgment entered by a court in this state for which execution may issue. No deduction shall be made by the local depository from any payment made for costs and fees accrued in the judgment by operation of law process under paragraph (b) until the total amount of support payments due the obligee under the judgment has been paid.
- 2. A certified statement by the local depository evidencing a delinquency in support payments constitute

evidence of the final judgment under this paragraph.

- 3. The judgment under this paragraph is a final judgment as to any unpaid payment or installment of support which has accrued up to the time either party files a motion with the court to alter or modify the support order, and such judgment may not be modified by the court. The court may modify such judgment as to any unpaid payment or installment of support which accrues after the date of the filing of the motion to alter or modify the support order. This subparagraph does not prohibit the court from providing relief from the judgment pursuant to Rule 1.540, Florida Rules of Civil Procedure.
- (b)1. When an obligor is 15 days delinquent in making a payment or installment of support and the amount of the delinquency is greater than the periodic payment amount ordered by the court, the local depository shall serve notice on the obligor informing him or her of:
  - a. The delinquency and its amount.
- b. An impending judgment by operation of law against him or her in the amount of the delinquency and all other amounts which thereafter become due and are unpaid, together with costs and a fee of \$5, for failure to pay the amount of the delinquency.
- c. The obligor's right to contest the impending judgment and the ground upon which such contest can be made.
- d. The local depository's authority to release information regarding the delinquency to one or more credit reporting agencies.
- 2. The local depository shall serve the notice by mailing it by first class mail to the obligor at his or her last address of record with the local depository. If the

obligor has no address of record with the local depository, service shall be by publication as provided in chapter 49.

- 3. When service of the notice is made by mail, service is complete on the date of mailing.
- (d) The court shall hear the obligor's motion to contest the impending judgment within 15 days after the date of the filing of the motion. Upon the court's denial of the obligor's motion, the amount of the delinquency and all other amounts which thereafter become due, together with costs and a fee of \$5, become a final judgment by operation of law against the obligor. The depository shall charge interest at the rate established in s. 55.03 on all judgments for child support.

Section 11. Effective July 1, 2001, subsection (8) of section 61.14, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 61.14 Enforcement and modification of support, maintenance, or alimony agreements or orders.--
- payment pursuant to s. 440.20(11)(a) and (b), judges of compensation claims shall consider the interests of the worker and the worker's family when approving the settlement, which must consider and provide for appropriate recovery of past due support.
- (b) In accordance with Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 440.22, any compensation due or that may become due an employee under chapter 440 is exempt from garnishment, attachment, execution, and assignment of income, except for the purposes of enforcing child or spousal support obligations.
- Section 12. Section 61.181, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 61.181 Depository for alimony transactions, support,

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maintenance, and child support payments; fees.--

(1) The office of the clerk of the court shall operate a depository unless the depository is otherwise created by special act of the Legislature or unless, prior to June 1, 1985, a different entity was established to perform such functions. The department shall, no later than July 1, 1998, extend participation in the federal child support cost reimbursement program to the central depository in each county, to the maximum extent possible under existing federal The depository shall receive reimbursement for services provided under a cooperative agreement with the department pursuant to s. 61.1826. Each depository shall participate in the State Disbursement Unit and shall implement all statutory and contractual duties imposed on the State Disbursement Unit. Each depository shall receive from and transmit to the State Disbursement Unit required data through the Clerk of Court Child Support Enforcement Collection System. Payments on non-Title IV-D cases without income deduction orders shall not be sent to the State Disbursement Unit.

(2)(a) For payments not required to be processed through the State Disbursement Unit, the depository shall impose and collect a fee on each payment made for receiving, recording, reporting, disbursing, monitoring, or handling alimony or child support payments as required under this section. For non-Title IV-D cases required to be processed by the State Disbursement Unit pursuant to this chapter, the State Disbursement Unit shall, on each payment received, collect a fee, and shall transmit to the depository in which the case is located 40 percent of such service charge for the depository's administration, management, and maintenance of such case. If a payment is made to the State Disbursement Unit

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which is not accompanied by the required fee, the State Disbursement Unit shall not deduct any moneys from the support payment for payment of the fee. The fee shall be a flat fee based, to the extent practicable, upon estimated reasonable costs of operation. The fee shall be reduced in any case in which the fixed fee results in a charge to any party of an amount greater than 3 percent of the amount of any support payment made in satisfaction of the amount which the party is obligated to pay, except that no fee shall be less than \$1 nor more than \$5 per payment made. The fee shall be considered by the court in determining the amount of support that the obligor is, or may be, required to pay.

(b)1. For the period of July 1, 1992, through June 30, 2002, the fee imposed in paragraph (a) shall be increased to 4 percent of the support payments which the party is obligated to pay, except that no fee shall be more than \$5.25. The fee shall be considered by the court in determining the amount of support that the obligor is, or may be, required to pay. Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 145.022, 75 percent of the additional revenues generated by this paragraph shall be remitted monthly to the Clerk of the Court Child Support Enforcement Collection System Trust Fund administered by the department as provided in subparagraph 2. These funds shall be used exclusively for the development, implementation, and operation of the Clerk of the Court Child Support Enforcement Collection System to be operated by the depositories, including the automation of civil case information necessary for the State Case Registry. The department shall contract with the Florida Association of Court Clerks and the depositories to design, establish, operate, upgrade, and maintain the automation of the depositories to include, but

not be limited to, the provision of on-line electronic transfer of information to the IV-D agency as otherwise required by this chapter. The department's obligation to fund the automation of the depositories is limited to the state share of funds available in the Clerk of the Court Child Support Enforcement Collection System Trust Fund. Each depository created under this section shall fully participate in the Clerk of the Court Child Support Enforcement Collection System and transmit data in a readable format as required by the contract between the Florida Association of Court Clerks and the department.

- 2. No later than December 31, 1996, moneys to be remitted to the department by the depository shall be done daily by electronic funds transfer and calculated as follows:
- a. For each support payment of less than \$33, 18.75 cents.
- b. For each support payment between \$33 and \$140, an amount equal to 18.75 percent of the fee charged.
- c. For each support payment in excess of \$140, 18.75 cents.
- 3. The fees established by this section shall be set forth and included in every order of support entered by a court of this state which requires payment to be made into the depository.
- (3)(a) For payments not required to be processed through the State Disbursement Unit, the depository shall collect and distribute all support payments paid into the depository to the appropriate party. On or after July 1, 1998, if a payment is made on a Title IV-D case which is not accompanied by the required transaction fee, the depository shall not deduct any moneys from the support payment for

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payment of the fee. Nonpayment of the required fee shall be considered a delinquency, and when the total of fees and costs which are due but not paid exceeds \$50, the judgment by operation of law process set forth in s. 61.14(6)(a) shall become applicable and operational. As part of its collection and distribution functions, the depository shall maintain records listing:

- 1. The obligor's name, address, social security number, place of employment, and any other sources of income.
- 2. The obligee's name, address, and social security number.
- 3. The amount of support due as provided in the court order.
- 4. The schedule of payment as provided in the court order.
- 5. The actual amount of each support payment received, the date of receipt, the amount disbursed, and the recipient of the disbursement.
- 6. The unpaid balance of any arrearage due as provided in the court order.
- 7. Other records as necessary to comply with federal reporting requirements.
- (b) The depository may require a payor or obligor to complete an information form, which shall request the following about the payor or obligor who provides payment by check:
  - 1. Full name, address, and home phone number.
  - 2. Driver's license number.
  - 3. Social security number.
- 4. Name, address, and business phone number of
- 31 obligor's employer.

- 5. Date of birth.
- 6. Weight and height.
- 7. Such other information as may be required by the State Attorney if prosecution for an insufficient check becomes necessary.

If the depository requests such information, and a payor or obligor does not comply, the depository may refuse to accept personal checks from the payor or obligor.

- (c) Parties using the depository for support payments shall inform the depository of changes in their names or addresses. An obligor shall, additionally, notify the depository of all changes in employment or sources of income, including the payor's name and address, and changes in the amounts of income received. Notification of all changes shall be made in writing to the depository within 7 days of a change.
- (d) When custody of a child is relinquished by a custodial parent who is entitled to receive child support moneys from the depository to a licensed or registered long-term care child agency, that agency may request from the court an order directing child support payments which would otherwise be distributed to the custodial parent be distributed to the agency for the period of custody of the child by the agency. Thereafter, payments shall be distributed to the agency as if the agency were the custodial parent until further order of the court.
- (4) The depository shall provide to the IV-D agency, at least once a month, a listing of IV-D accounts which identifies all delinquent accounts, the period of delinquency, and total amount of delinquency. The list shall be in

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alphabetical order by name of obligor, shall include the obligee's name and case number, and shall be provided at no cost to the IV-D agency.

- The depository shall accept a support payment tendered in the form of a check drawn on the account of a payor or obligor, unless the payor or obligor has previously remitted a check which was returned to the depository due to lack of sufficient funds in the account. If the payor or obligor has had a check returned for this reason, the depository shall accept payment by cash, cashier's check, or money order, or may accept a check upon deposit by the payor or obligor of an amount equal to 1 month's payment. Upon payment by cash, cashier's check, or money order, the depository shall disburse the proceeds to the obligee within 2 working days. Payments drawn by check on the account of a payor or obligor shall be disbursed within 4 working days. Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 28.243, the administrator of the depository shall not be personally liable if the check tendered by the payor or obligor is not paid by the bank.
- (6) Certified copies of payment records maintained by a depository shall without further proof be admitted into evidence in any legal proceeding in this state.
- (7) The depository shall provide to the Title IV-D agency the date provided by a payor, as required in s. 61.1301, for each payment received and forwarded to the agency. If no date is provided by the payor, the depository shall provide the date of receipt by the depository and shall report to the Title IV-D agency those payors who fail to provide the date the deduction was made.
- (8) On or before July 1, 1994, the depository shall provide information required by this chapter to be transmitted

to the Title IV-D agency by on-line electronic transmission pursuant to rules promulgated by the Title IV-D agency.

- (9) If the increase in fees as provided by paragraph (2)(b) expires or is otherwise terminated, the depository shall not be required to provide the Title IV-D agency the date provided by a payor as required by s. 61.1301.
- (10) Compliance with the requirements of this section shall be included as part of the annual county audit required pursuant to s. 11.45.

Section 13. Subsection (1) and paragraphs (g), (h), and (m) of subsection (3) of section 61.1824, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 61.1824 State Disbursement Unit.--
- (1) The State Disbursement Unit is hereby created and shall be operated by the Department of Revenue or by a contractor responsible directly to the department. The State Disbursement Unit shall be responsible for the collection and disbursement of payments for:
- (a) All <del>child</del> support cases enforced by the department pursuant to Title IV-D of the Social Security Act; and
- (b) All child support cases not being enforced by the department pursuant to Title IV-D of the Social Security Act in which the initial support order was issued in this state on or after January 1, 1994, and in which the obligor's child support obligation is being paid through income deduction.
- (3) The State Disbursement Unit shall perform the following functions:
- (g) Disburse child support payments to foreign countries as may be required.
- (h) Receive and convert <del>child</del> support payments made in foreign currency.

(m) Provide toll-free access to customer assistance
representatives and an automated voice response system that
will enable the parties to a child support case to obtain
payment information.
 Section 14. Effective October 1, 2001, paragraph (a)
of subsection (3) of section 61.1825, Florida Statutes, is
amended to read:

- 61.1825 State Case Registry.--
- (3)(a) For the purpose of this section, a family violence indicator must be placed on a record when:
- $\underline{1}$ . A party executes a sworn statement requesting that a family violence indicator be placed on that party's record which states that the party has reason to believe that release of information to the Federal Case Registry may result in physical or emotional harm to the party or the child; or
- 2. A temporary or final injunction for protection against domestic violence has been granted pursuant to s. 741.30(6), an injunction for protection against domestic violence has been issued by a court of a foreign state pursuant to s. 741.315, or a temporary or final injunction for protection against repeat violence has been granted pursuant to s. 784.046; or
- 3. The department has received information on a Title IV-D case from the Domestic Violence and Repeat Violence Injunction Statewide Verification System, established pursuant to s. 784.046(8)(b), that a court has granted a party a domestic-violence or repeat-violence injunction.

Section 15. Effective July 1, 2001, paragraph (a) of subsection (2) and subsection (12) of section 61.30, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

61.30 Child support guidelines; retroactive child

support. --

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- (2) Income shall be determined on a monthly basis for the obligor and for the obligee as follows:
- Gross income shall include, but is not limited to, the following items:
  - 1. Salary or wages.
- 2. Bonuses, commissions, allowances, overtime, tips, and other similar payments.
- Business income from sources such as self-employment, partnership, close corporations, and independent contracts. "Business income" means gross receipts minus ordinary and necessary expenses required to produce income.
  - 4. Disability benefits.
    - All worker's compensation benefits and settlements.
    - Unemployment compensation. 6.
    - 7. Pension, retirement, or annuity payments.
    - Social security benefits. 8.
- Spousal support received from a previous marriage 9. or court ordered in the marriage before the court.
  - Interest and dividends. 10.
- Rental income, which is gross receipts minus ordinary and necessary expenses required to produce the income.
  - 12. Income from royalties, trusts, or estates.
- Reimbursed expenses or in kind payments to the extent that they reduce living expenses.
- Gains derived from dealings in property, unless 14. the gain is nonrecurring.
- 30 (12)(a) A parent with a support obligation may have other children living with him or her who were born or adopted

after the support obligation arose. If such subsequent children exist, the court, when considering an upward modification of an existing award, may disregard the income from secondary employment obtained in addition to the parent's primary employment if the court determines that the employment was obtained primarily to support the subsequent children.

- (b) Except as provided in paragraph (a), the existence of such subsequent children should not as a general rule be considered by the court as a basis for disregarding the amount provided in the guidelines. The parent with a support obligation for subsequent children may raise the existence of such subsequent children as a justification for deviation from the guidelines. However, if the existence of such subsequent children is raised, the income of the other parent of the subsequent children shall be considered by the court in determining whether or not there is a basis for deviation from the guideline amount.
- (a) or paragraph (b) may only be raised in a proceeding for an upward modification of an existing award and may not be applied to justify a decrease in an existing award.

Section 16. Subsection (11) of section 61.30, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 61.30 Child support guidelines; retroactive child support.--
- (11)(a) The court may adjust the minimum child support award, or either or both parents' share of the minimum child support award, based upon the following considerations:
- Extraordinary medical, psychological, educational, or dental expenses.
  - 2. Independent income of the child, not to include

moneys received by a child from supplemental security income.

- 3. The payment of support for a parent which regularly has been paid and for which there is a demonstrated need.
- 4. Seasonal variations in one or both parents' incomes or expenses.
- 5. The age of the child, taking into account the greater needs of older children.
- 6. Special needs, such as costs that may be associated with the disability of a child, that have traditionally been met within the family budget even though the fulfilling of those needs will cause the support to exceed the proposed quidelines.
- 7. Total available assets of the obligee, obligor, and the child.
- 8. The impact of the Internal Revenue Service dependency exemption and waiver of that exemption. The court may order the primary residential parent to execute a waiver of the Internal Revenue Service dependency exemption if the noncustodial parent is current in support payments.
- 9. When application of the child support guidelines requires a person to pay another person more than 55 percent of his or her gross income for a child support obligation for current support resulting from a single support order.
- as where the child spends a significant amount of time, but less than 40 percent of the overnights, with the noncustodial parent, thereby reducing the financial expenditures incurred by the primary residential parent; or the refusal of the noncustodial parent to become involved in the activities of the child.
  - 11.<del>10.</del> Any other adjustment which is needed to achieve

an equitable result which may include, but not be limited to, a reasonable and necessary existing expense or debt. Such expense or debt may include, but is not limited to, a reasonable and necessary expense or debt which the parties jointly incurred during the marriage.

- (b) Whenever a particular shared parental arrangement provides that each child spend a substantial amount of time with each parent, the court shall adjust any award of child support, as follows based upon:
- 1. In accordance with subsections (9) and (10), calculate the amount of support obligation apportioned to the noncustodial parent without including day care and health insurance costs in the calculation and multiply the amount by 1.5.
- 2. In accordance with subsections (9) and (10), calculate the amount of support obligation apportioned to the custodial parent without including day care and health insurance costs in the calculation and multiply the amount by 1.5.
- 3. Calculate the percentage of overnight stays the child spends with each parent.
- 4. Multiply the noncustodial parent's support obligation as calculated in subparagraph 1. by the percentage of the custodial parent's overnight stays with the child as calculated in subparagraph 3.
- 5. Multiply the custodial parent's support obligation as calculated in subparagraph 2. by the percentage of the noncustodial parent's overnight stays with the child as calculated in subparagraph 3.
- 6. The difference between the amounts calculated in subparagraphs 4. and 5. shall be the monetary transfer

necessary between the custodial and noncustodial parents for the care of the child, subject to an adjustment for day care and health insurance expenses.

- 7. Pursuant to subsections (7) and (8), calculate the net amounts owed by the custodial and noncustodial parents for the expenses incurred for day care and health insurance coverage for the child. Day care shall be calculated without regard to the 25 percent reduction applied by subsection (7).
- 8. Adjust the support obligation owed by the custodial or noncustodial parent pursuant to subparagraph 6. by crediting or debiting the amount calculated in subparagraph 7. This amount represents the child support which must be exchanged between the custodial and noncustodial parents.
- 9. The court may deviate from the child support amount calculated pursuant to subparagraph 8. based upon the considerations set forth in paragraph (a), as well as the custodial parent's low income and ability to maintain the basic necessities of the home for the child, the likelihood that the noncustodial parent will actually exercise the visitation granted by the court and whether all of the children are exercising the same shared parental arrangement.
- 10. For purposes of adjusting any award of child support under this paragraph, "substantial amount of time" means that the noncustodial parent exercises visitation at least 40 percent of the overnights of the year.
- 1. The amount of time each child will spend with each parent under the shared parental arrangement.
  - 2. The needs of each child.
- 3. The direct and indirect financial expenses for each child. For purposes of this subparagraph, "direct financial expenses" means any expenses which are incurred directly on

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behalf of a child or in which a child directly participates, including, but not limited to, expenses relating to what a child eats or wears or schooling and extracurricular activities, and "indirect financial expenses" means any household expenses from which a child indirectly benefits, including, but not limited to, expenses relating to a mortgage, rent, utilities, automobile, and automobile insurance. 4. The comparative income of each parent, considering 10 all relevant factors, as provided in s. 61.30 (2)(a). 11 5. The station in life of each parent and each child. 12 6. The standard of living experienced by the entire 13 family during the marriage. 14 7. The financial status and ability of each parent. 15 (c) A noncustodial parent's failure to regularly exercise court-ordered or agreed visitation not caused by the 16 custodial parent which resulted in the adjustment of the 18 amount of child support pursuant to paragraph (a)10. or paragraph (b) shall be deemed a substantial change of 19 circumstances for purposes of modifying the child support 20 award. A modification pursuant to this paragraph shall be 21 22 retroactive to the date the noncustodial parent first failed to regularly exercise court-ordered or agreed visitation. 23 24 Section 17. Subsection (4) of section 69.041, Florida 25 Statutes, is amended to read: 69.041 State named party; lien foreclosure, suit to 26 27 quiet title.--(4)(a) The Department of Revenue has the right to 29 participate in the disbursement of funds remaining in the 30 registry of the court after distribution pursuant to s.

applicable procedures in any mortgage foreclosure action in which the department has a duly filed tax warrant, or interests under a lien arising from a judgment, order, or decree for child support, as defined in s. 409.2554, against the subject property and with the same priority, regardless of whether a default against the department has been entered for failure to file an answer or other responsive pleading.

- (b) With respect to a duly filed tax warrant, paragraph (a) applies only to mortgage foreclosure actions initiated on or after July 1, 1994, and to those mortgage foreclosure actions initiated before July 1, 1994, in which no default has been entered against the Department of Revenue before July 1, 1994. With respect to mortgage foreclosure actions initiated based upon interests under a lien arising from a judgment, order, or decree for child support, paragraph (a) applies only to mortgage foreclosure actions initiated on or after July 1, 1998, and to those mortgage foreclosure actions initiated before July 1, 1998, in which no default has been entered against the Department of Revenue before July 1, 1998.
- Section 18. Paragraph (c) is added to subsection (14) of section 120.80, Florida Statutes, to read:
- 120.80 Exceptions and special requirements; agencies.--
  - (14) DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE. --
- orders.--Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 120.569 or s.

  120.57 to the contrary, in proceedings for the establishment
  of administrative support orders pursuant to s. 409.2563,
  final orders in cases referred by the Department of Revenue to
  the Division of Administrative Hearings shall be entered by

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the division's administrative law judge and transmitted to the Department of Revenue for filing and indexing. The Department of Revenue has the right to seek judicial review of a final order entered by an administrative law judge. Administrative support orders rendered pursuant to s. 409.2563 may be enforced pursuant to s. 120.69 or, alternatively, by any method prescribed by law for the enforcement of judicial support orders, except contempt. Section 19. Subsection (15) of section 213.053, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 213.053 Confidentiality and information sharing .--(15) The department may disclose confidential taxpayer information contained in returns, reports, accounts, or declarations filed with the department by persons subject to any state or local tax to the child support enforcement program, to assist in the location of parents who owe or potentially owe a duty of support, as defined in s. 409.2554, pursuant to Title IV-D of the Social Security Act, their assets, their income, and their employer, and to the Department of Children and Family Services for the purpose of diligent search activities pursuant to chapter 39. Nothing in this subsection authorizes the disclosure of information if such disclosure is prohibited by federal law. Employees of the child support enforcement program and of the Department of Children and Family Services are bound by the same requirements of confidentiality and the same penalties for violation of the requirements as the department. Section 20. Section 231.097, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 231.097 Suspension or denial of teaching certificate

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applicants for new or renewal certificates and renewal certificateholders to be screened by the Title IV-D child support agency pursuant to s. 409.2598 to assure compliance with an a support obligation for support, as defined in s. The purpose of this section is to promote the 409.2554. public policy of this state as established in s. 409.2551. The department shall, when directed by the court, deny the application of any applicant found to have a delinquent support obligation. The department shall issue or reinstate the certificate without additional charge to the certificateholder when notified by the court that the certificateholder has complied with the terms of the court The department shall not be held liable for any certificate denial or suspension resulting from the discharge of its duties under this section.

Section 21. Subsection (2) of section 320.05, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

320.05 Records of the department; inspection procedure; lists and searches; fees.--

registration of a motor vehicle or mobile home, as herein provided for, the department shall register the motor vehicle or mobile home under the distinctive number assigned to such motor vehicle or mobile home by the department. Electronic registration records shall be open to the inspection of the public during business hours. Information on a motor vehicle registration may not be made available to a person unless the person requesting the information furnishes positive proof of identification. The agency that furnishes a motor vehicle registration record shall record the name and address of any person other than a representative of a law enforcement agency

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who requests and receives information from a motor vehicle registration record and shall also record the name and address of the person who is the subject of the inquiry or other information identifying the entity about which information is requested. A record of each such inquiry must be maintained for a period of 6 months from the date upon which the information was released to the inquirer. Nothing in this section shall prohibit any financial institution, insurance company, motor vehicle dealer, licensee under chapter 493, attorney, or other agency which the department determines has the right to know from obtaining, for professional or business use only, information in such records from the department through any means of telecommunication pursuant to a code developed by the department providing all fees specified in subsection (3) have been paid. The department shall disclose records or information to the child support enforcement agency to assist in the location of individuals who owe or potentially owe child support, as defined in s. 409.2554, or to whom such an obligation is owed pursuant to Title IV-D of the Social Security Act.

Section 22. Effective July 1, 2001, section 322.058, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

322.058 Suspension of driving privileges due to child support delinquency.--

(1) When the department receives notice from the Title IV-D agency or depository or the clerk of the court that any person licensed to operate a motor vehicle in the State of Florida under the provisions of this chapter has a delinquent child support obligation or has failed to comply with a subpoena, order to appear, order to show cause, or similar

order, the department shall suspend the driver's license of

the person named in the notice and the registration of all motor vehicles owned by that person.

- (2) The department must reinstate the driving privilege and allow registration of a motor vehicle when the Title IV-D agency in IV-D cases or the depository or the clerk of the court in non-IV-D cases provides to the department an affidavit stating that:
  - (a) The person has paid the delinquency;
- (b) The person has reached a written agreement for payment with the Title IV-D agency or the obligee in non-IV-D cases; or
- (c) A court has entered an order granting relief to the obligor ordering the reinstatement of the license and motor vehicle registration; or
- (d) The person has complied with the subpoena, order to appear, order to show cause, or similar order.
- (3) The department shall not be held liable for any license or vehicle registration suspension resulting from the discharge of its duties under this section.
- (4) This section applies only to the annual renewal in the owner's birth month of a motor vehicle registration and does not apply to the transfer of a registration of a motor vehicle sold by a motor vehicle dealer licensed under chapter 320, except for the transfer of registrations which is inclusive of the annual renewals. This section does not affect the issuance of the title to a motor vehicle, notwithstanding s. 319.23(7)(b).
- Section 23. Effective July 1, 2001, subsection (4) of section 322.142, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 30 322.142 Color photographic or digital imaged

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(4) The department may maintain a film negative or print file. The department shall maintain a record of the digital image and signature of the licensees, together with other data required by the department for identification and retrieval. Reproductions from the file or digital record shall be made and issued only for departmental administrative purposes, for the issuance of duplicate licenses, or in response to law enforcement agency requests, or to the Department of Revenue pursuant to an interagency agreement to facilitate service of process in Title IV-D cases, and are exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1).

Section 24. Subsection (1) of section 328.42, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

328.42 Suspension or denial of a vessel registration due to child support delinquency; dishonored checks.--

(1) The department must allow applicants for new or renewal registrations to be screened by the Department of Revenue, as the Title IV-D child support agency under s. 409.2598 to assure compliance with an obligation for support as defined in s. 409.2554, or by a non-IV-D obligee to assure compliance with a child support obligation. The purpose of this section is to promote the public policy of this state as established in s. 409.2551. The department must, when directed by the court, deny or suspend the vessel registration of any applicant found to have a delinquent child support obligation. The department must issue or reinstate a registration when notified by the Title IV-D agency or the court that the applicant has complied with the terms of the court order. The department may not be held liable for any registration denial or suspension resulting from the discharge of its duties under this section.

Section 25. Subsections (7) and (10) of section 409.2554, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsections (13) and (14) are added to that section, to read:

409.2554 Definitions; ss. 409.2551-409.2598.--As used in ss. 409.2551-409.2598, the term:

- (7) "Public assistance" means food stamps, money assistance paid on the basis of Title IV-E and Title XIX of the Social Security Act, or temporary cash assistance, or food stamps received on behalf of a child under 18 years of age who has an absent parent.
  - (10) "Support," unless otherwise specified, means:
- obligation is being enforced by the Department of Revenue, spousal support or alimony for the spouse or former spouse of the obligor with whom the child is living. Support for a child, or child and spouse, or former spouse who is living with the child or children, but only if a support obligation has been established for that spouse and the child support obligation is being enforced under Title IV-D of the Social Security Act; or
- (b) Child support only in cases not being enforced by the Department of Revenue Support for a child who is placed under the custody of someone other than the custodial parent pursuant to s. 39.521, s. 39.522, s. 39.622, s. 39.623, or s. 39.624.
- (13) "Undistributable collection" means a support payment received by the department which the department determines cannot be distributed to the final intended recipient.
- (14) "Unidentifiable collection" means a payment received by the department for which the noncustodial parent,

custodial parent, depository or circuit civil numbers, or 1 2 source of the payment cannot be identified. 3 Section 26. Subsection (3) of section 409.2557, 4 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 5 409.2557 State agency for administering child support 6 enforcement program. --7 (3) SPECIFIC RULEMAKING AUTHORITY. -- The department has 8 the authority to adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 9 120.54 to implement all laws administered by the department in 10 its capacity as the Title IV-D agency for this state including, but not limited to, the following: 11 12 (a) Background screening of department employees and 13 applicants, including criminal records checks; 14 (b) Confidentiality and retention of department 15 records; access to records; record requests; (c) Department trust funds; 16 17 (d) Federal funding procedures; 18 Agreements with law enforcement and other state agencies; National Crime Information Center (NCIC) access; 19 Parent Locator Service access; 20 21 (f) Written agreements entered into between the 22 department and child support obligors in establishment, 23 enforcement, and modification proceedings; 24 (g) Procurement of services by the department, pilot 25 programs, and demonstration projects; Management of cases by the department involving 26 27 any documentation or procedures required by federal or state 28 law, including but not limited to, cooperation; review and

adjustment; audits; interstate actions; diligent efforts for

service of process;

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testing; subpoenas to establish, enforce, or modify orders; 1 2 increasing the amount of monthly obligations to secure 3 delinquent support; suspending or denying driver's and 4 professional licenses and certificates; fishing and hunting license suspensions; suspending vehicle and vessel 5 6 registrations; screening applicants for new or renewal 7 licenses, registrations, or certificates; income deduction; 8 credit reporting and accessing; tax refund intercepts; 9 passport denials; liens; financial institution data matches; 10 expedited procedures; medical support; and all other 11 responsibilities of the department as required by state or 12 federal law;

- (j) Collection and disbursement of child support and alimony payments by the department as required by federal law; collection of genetic testing costs and other costs awarded by the court;
- (k) Report information to and receive information from other agencies and entities;
- (1) Provide location services, including accessing from and reporting to federal and state agencies;
- (m) Privatizing location, establishment, enforcement, modification, and other functions;
  - (n) State case registry;
  - (o) State disbursement unit; and
- (p) All other responsibilities of the department as required by state or federal law.
- Section 27. Section 409.25575, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 409.25575 Child Support enforcement; privatization.--
- 30 (1) It is the intent of the Legislature to encourage 31 the Department of Revenue to contract with private entities

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for the provision of <del>child</del> support enforcement services whenever such contracting is cost-effective.

- (2) The department shall contract for the delivery, administration, or management of child support enforcement activities and other related services or programs, when appropriate. The department shall retain responsibility for the quality of contracted services and programs and shall ensure that services are delivered in accordance with applicable federal and state statutes and regulations.
- (3)(a) The department shall establish a quality assurance program for the privatization of services. The quality assurance program must include standards for each specific component of these services. The department shall establish minimum thresholds for each component. Each program operated pursuant to contract must be evaluated annually by the department or by an objective competent entity designated by the department under the provisions of the quality assurance program. The evaluation must be financed from cost savings associated with the privatization of services. The department shall submit an annual report regarding quality performance, outcome measure attainment, and cost efficiency to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Minority leader of each house of the Legislature, and the Governor no later than January 31 of each year, beginning in 1999. The quality assurance program must be financed through administrative savings generated by this act.
- (b) The department shall establish and operate a comprehensive system to measure and report annually the outcomes and effectiveness of the services that have been privatized. The department shall use these findings in making recommendations to the Governor and the Legislature for future

program and funding priorities in the <del>child</del> support enforcement system.

- (4)(a) Any entity contracting to provide child support enforcement services under this section must comply with all statutory requirements and agency regulations in the provision of contractual services.
- (b) Any entity contracting to provide child support enforcement services under this section must also participate in and cooperate with any federal program that will assist in the maximization of federal supports for these services, as directed by the department.

Section 28. Effective October 1, 2001, section 409.2558, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.2558 Child Support distribution and disbursement.--

- (1) <u>DISTRIBUTION OF PAYMENTS.--</u>The department shall distribute and disburse <del>child</del> support payments collected in Title IV-D cases in accordance with 42 U.S.C. s. 657 and regulations adopted thereunder by the Secretary of the United States Department of Health and Human Services.
  - (2) UNDISTRIBUTABLE COLLECTIONS. --
- (a) The department shall establish by rule the method for determining a collection or refund to a noncustodial parent to be undistributable to the final intended recipient.
- (b) Collections that are determined to be undistributable shall be processed in the following order of priority:
- 1. Apply the payment to any assigned arrears on the custodial parent's case; then
- 2. Apply the payment to any administrative costs ordered by the court pursuant to s. 409.2567 associated with

1	the custodial parent's case; then
2	3. When the noncustodial parent is subject to a valid
3	order to support other children in another case with a
4	different custodial parent and the obligation is being
5	enforced by the department, the department shall, with the
6	noncustodial parent's permission, apply the payment towards
7	his or her other support obligation; then
8	4. Return the payment to the noncustodial parent; then
9	5. If the noncustodial parent cannot be located after
10	diligent efforts by the department, the federal share of the
11	payment shall be credited to the Federal Government and the
12	state share shall be transferred to the General Revenue Fund.
13	(c) Refunds to noncustodial parents that are
14	determined to be undistributable shall be processed in the
15	following manner:
16	1. The federal share of the refund shall be sent to
17	the Federal Government.
18	2. The state share shall be credited to the General
19	Revenue Fund.
20	(3) UNIDENTIFIABLE COLLECTIONS
21	(a) The department shall establish by rule the method
22	for determining a collection to be unidentifiable.
23	(b) Upon being determined to be unidentifiable, the
24	federal share of unidentifiable collections shall be credited
25	to the Federal Government and the state share shall be
26	transferred to the General Revenue Fund.
27	(4) RECLAIMING COLLECTIONS DECLARED TO BE
28	UNDISTRIBUTABLE OR UNIDENTIFIABLE At such time as an
29	undistributable or unidentifiable collection that has been
30	transferred to the Federal Government and to the General

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Revenue Fund in the relevant method above becomes

distributable or identified, meaning either the noncustodial parent or the custodial parent is identified or located, the department shall retrieve the transferred moneys in the following manner:

- (a) Offset the next credit to the Federal Government in an amount equal to the share of the collection which had been transferred; and
- (b) Offset the next transfer to the General Revenue

  Fund in an amount equal to the state share of the collection
  which had been transferred to the General Revenue Fund.

The collection shall then be processed, as appropriate.

DISBURSEMENT.--A recipient of collection and distribution services of the department's Child Support Enforcement Program may request a reconsideration by the department concerning the amount collected, the date collected, the amount distributed, the distribution timing, or the calculation of arrears. The department shall establish by rule a reconsideration procedure for informal review of agency action in distributing and disbursing child support payments collected by the department. The procedures must provide the recipients of services with an opportunity to review the department's actions before a hearing is requested under chapter 120.

(6)(3) OVERPAYMENT.--If the department's records indicate that a child support obligee has received an overpayment of child support from the department due to either mistake or fraud, the department may take action to recover the overpayment. The department may establish by rule a procedure to recover overpayments.

(7) RULEMAKING AUTHORITY. -- The department may adopt

rules to administer this section. The department shall provide a draft of the proposed concepts for the rule for the undistributable collections to interested parties for review and recommendations prior to full development of the rule and initiating the formal rule-development process. The department shall consider but is not required to implement the recommendations. The department shall provide a report to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives containing the recommendations received from interested parties and the department's response regarding incorporating the recommendations into the rule.

Section 29. Subsections (1), (2), (3), and (5) of section 409.2561, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

409.2561 Child Support obligations when public assistance is paid; assignment of rights; subrogation; medical and health insurance information.--

(1) Any payment of temporary cash or Title IV-E public assistance money made to, or for the benefit of, any dependent child creates an obligation in an amount determined pursuant to the child support guidelines. In accordance with 42 U.S.C. s. 657, the state shall retain amounts collected only to the extent necessary to reimburse amounts paid to the family as assistance by the state. Such amounts collected shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund up to the level specified in s. 61.1812. If there has been a prior court order or final judgment of dissolution of marriage establishing an obligation of support, the obligation is limited to the amount provided by such court order or decree. The extraordinary remedy of contempt is applicable in child support enforcement cases because of the public necessity for ensuring that dependent children be maintained from the resources of their

parents, thereby relieving, at least in part, the burden presently borne by the general citizenry through the public assistance program. If there is no prior court order establishing an obligation of support, the court shall establish the liability of the obligor, if any, by applying the child support guidelines. The department may apply for modification of a court order on the same grounds as either party to the cause and shall have the right to settle and compromise actions brought pursuant to law.

- (2)(a) By accepting temporary cash assistance or Title IV-E public assistance, the recipient assigns to the department any right, title, and interest to support the recipient may be owed:
- 1. From any other person up to the amount of <u>temporary</u> <u>cash assistance or Title IV-E</u> <u>public</u> assistance paid where no court order has been entered, or where there is a court order it is limited to the amount provided by such court order;
- 2. On the recipient's own behalf or in behalf of another family member for whom the recipient is receiving temporary cash or Title IV-E assistance; and
- 3. At the time that the assignment becomes effective by operation of law.
- (b) The recipient of public assistance appoints the department as her or his attorney in fact to act in her or his name, place, and stead to perform specific acts relating to the establishment of paternity or the establishment, modification, or enforcement of support obligations, including, but not limited to:
- 1. Endorsing any draft, check, money order, or other negotiable instrument representing support payments which are received on behalf of the dependent child as reimbursement for

the public assistance moneys previously or currently paid;

2. Compromising claims;

- 3. Pursuing the establishment or modification of support obligations;
- $\underline{4.3.}$  Pursuing civil and criminal enforcement of support obligations; and
- 5.4. Executing verified complaints for the purpose of instituting an action for the determination of paternity of a child born, or to be born, out of wedlock.
- (3) The department shall be subrogated to the right of the dependent child or person having the care, custody, and control of the child to prosecute or maintain any support action or action to determine paternity or execute any legal, equitable, or administrative remedy existing under the laws of the state to obtain reimbursement of temporary cash assistance or Title IV-E public assistance paid, being paid, or to be paid.
- (5) With respect to cases for which there is an assignment in effect pursuant to this section:
- (a) The IV-D agency shall obtain basic medical support information for Medicaid recipients and applicants for Medicaid and provide this information to the state Medicaid agency for third-party liability purposes.
- (b) When the obligor receives health insurance coverage for the dependent child, the IV-D agency shall provide health insurance policy information, including any information available about the health insurance policy which would permit a claim to be filed or, in the case of a health maintenance or preferred provider organization, service to be provided, to the state Medicaid agency.
  - (c) The state Medicaid agency, upon receipt of the

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health coverage information from the IV-D agency, shall notify the obligor's insuring entity that the Medicaid agency must be notified within 30 days when such coverage is discontinued.

- (d) Entities providing health insurance as defined in s. 624.603 and health maintenance organizations and prepaid health clinics as defined in chapter 641 shall provide such records and information as is necessary to accomplish the purpose of this subsection, unless such requirement results in an unreasonable burden.
- (e) Upon the state Medicaid agency receiving notice from the obligor's insuring entity that the coverage is discontinued due to cancellation or other means, the Medicaid agency shall notify the IV-D agency of such discontinuance and the effective date. When appropriate, the IV-D agency shall then take action to bring the obligor before the court for enforcement.

Section 30. Section 409.2563, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

409.2563 Pilot program for administrative establishment of child-support obligations.--

- (1) DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Administrative support order" means a final order rendered by or on behalf of the department pursuant to this section establishing or modifying the obligation of a noncustodial parent to contribute to the support and maintenance of his or her child or children, which may include provisions for monetary support, retroactive support, health care, and other elements of support pursuant to chapter 61.
- (b) "Caretaker relative" has the same meaning ascribed in s. 414.0252(11).
  - (c) "Filed" means a document has been received and

accepted for filing at the offices of the department by the clerk or any authorized deputy clerk of the department. The date of filing must be indicated on the face of the document by the clerk or deputy clerk.

- (d) "Rendered" means that a signed written order is filed with the clerk or any deputy clerk of the department.

  The date of filing must be indicated on the face of the order at the time of rendition.
- (e) "Title IV-D case" means a case or proceeding in which the department is providing child-support services within the scope of Title IV-D of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. ss. 651 et seq.
- (f) "Retroactive support" means a child-support obligation established pursuant to s. 61.30(17).

Other terms used in this section have the meanings ascribed in ss. 409.2554 and 61.046.

- (2) PURPOSE AND SCOPE. --
- (a) It is not the Legislature's intent to limit the jurisdiction of the circuit courts to hear and determine issues regarding child support. This section is intended to provide the department with an alternative procedure for establishing child-support obligations in Title IV-D cases in a fair and expeditious manner when there is no court order of support.
- (b) The administrative procedure set forth in this section concerns only the establishment of child-support obligations. This section does not grant jurisdiction to the department or the Division of Administrative Hearings to hear or determine issues of dissolution of marriage, separation, alimony or spousal support, termination of parental rights,

dependency, disputed paternity, award of or change of custody, or visitation. This paragraph notwithstanding, the department and the Division of Administrative Hearings may make findings of fact which are necessary for a proper determination of a noncustodial parent's support obligation as authorized by this section.

- (c) If there is no support order for a child in a Title IV-D case whose paternity has been established or is presumed by law, the department may establish a noncustodial parent's child-support obligation pursuant to this section, s. 61.30, and other relevant provisions of state law. The noncustodial parent's obligation determined by the department may include any obligation to pay retroactive support and any obligation to provide for health care for a child, whether through insurance coverage, reimbursement of expenses, or both. The department may proceed on behalf of:
- 1. An applicant or recipient of public assistance, as provided by ss. 409.2561 and 409.2567;
- 2. A former recipient of public assistance, as provided by s. 409.2569;
- $\underline{\text{3. An individual who has applied for services as}}$  provided by s. 409.2567;
  - 4. Itself or the child, as provided by s. 409.2561; or
- 5. A state or local government of another state, as provided by chapter 88.
- (d) Either parent, or a caretaker relative if applicable, may at any time file a civil action in a circuit court having jurisdiction and proper venue to determine the noncustodial parent's child support obligations, if any. A support order issued by a circuit court prospectively
- supersedes an administrative support order rendered by the

1	department.
2	(3) JURISDICTION OVER NONRESIDENTS The department
3	may use the procedures authorized by this section to establish
4	a child-support obligation against a nonresident over whom the
5	state may assert personal jurisdiction under chapter 48 or
6	chapter 88.
7	(4) NOTICE OF PROCEEDING TO ESTABLISH ADMINISTRATIVE
8	SUPPORT ORDER To commence a proceeding under this section,
9	the department shall provide to the custodial parent and serve
10	the noncustodial parent with a notice of proceeding to
11	establish administrative support order and a blank financial
12	affidavit form. The notice must state:
13	(a) The names of both parents, the name of the
14	caretaker relative, if any, and the name and date of birth of
15	the child or children;
16	(b) That the department intends to establish an
17	administrative support order as defined in this section;
18	(c) That both parents must submit a completed
19	financial affidavit to the department within 20 days after
20	receiving the notice, as provided by paragraph (13)(a);
21	(d) That both parents, or parent and caretaker
22	relative if applicable, are required to furnish to the
23	department information regarding their identities and
24	locations, as provided by paragraph (13)(b);
25	(e) That both parents, or parent and caretaker
26	relative if applicable, are required to promptly notify the
27	department of any change in their mailing addresses to ensure
28	receipt of all subsequent pleadings, notices, and orders, as

(f) That the department will calculate support

provided by paragraph (13)(c);

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and using all available information, as provided by paragraph (5)(a), and will incorporate such obligations into a proposed administrative support order;

- (g) That the department will send by regular mail to both parents, or parent and caretaker relative if applicable, a copy of the proposed administrative support order, the department's child-support worksheet, and any financial affidavits submitted by a parent or prepared by the department;
- (h) That the noncustodial parent may file a request for a hearing in writing within 20 days after the date of mailing or other service of the proposed administrative support order or will be deemed to have waived the right to request a hearing;
- (i) That if the noncustodial parent does not file a timely request for hearing after service of the proposed administrative support order, the department will issue an administrative support order that incorporates the findings of the proposed administrative support order, and will send by regular mail a copy of the administrative support order to both parents, or parent and caretaker relative if applicable;
- (j) That after an administrative support order is rendered, the department will file a copy of the order with the clerk of the circuit court;
- (k) That after an administrative support order is rendered, the department may enforce the administrative support order by any lawful means; and
- (1) That either parent, or caretaker relative if applicable, may file at any time a civil action in a circuit court having jurisdiction and proper venue to determine the noncustodial parent's child-support obligations, if any, and

that a support order issued by a circuit court supersedes an administrative support order rendered by the department.

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The department may serve the notice of proceeding to establish administrative support order by certified mail, return receipt requested. Alternatively, the department may serve the notice by any means permitted for service of process in a civil action. For purposes of this section, an authorized employee of the department may serve the notice and execute an affidavit of service. Service by certified mail is completed when the certified mail is received or refused. The department shall provide the custodial parent or caretaker relative with a copy of the notice by regular mail to the last known address of the custodial parent or caretaker.

- (5) PROPOSED ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT ORDER.--
- (a) After serving notice upon the noncustodial parent in accordance with subsection (4), the department shall calculate the noncustodial parent's child-support obligation under the child-support guidelines as provided by s. 61.30, based on any timely financial affidavits received and other information available to the department. If either parent fails to comply with the requirement to furnish a financial affidavit, the department may proceed on the basis of information available from any source, if such information is sufficiently reliable and detailed to allow calculation of guideline amounts under s. 61.30. If the custodial parent receives public assistance and fails to submit a financial affidavit, the department may submit a financial affidavit for the custodial parent pursuant to s. 61.30(15). If there is a lack of sufficient reliable information concerning a parent's actual earnings for a current or past period, it shall be

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presumed for the purpose of establishing a support obligation that the parent had an earning capacity equal to the federal minimum wage during the applicable period.

- (b) The department shall send by regular mail to both parents, or to a parent and caretaker relative if applicable, copies of the proposed administrative support order, its completed child-support worksheet, and any financial affidavits submitted by a parent or prepared by the department. The proposed administrative support order must contain the same elements as required for an administrative support order under paragraph (7)(e).
- (c) The department shall provide a notice of rights with the proposed administrative support order, which notice must inform the noncustodial parent that:
- 1. The noncustodial parent may, within 20 days after the date of mailing or other service of the proposed administrative support order, request a hearing by filing a written request for hearing in a form and manner specified by the department;
- 2. If the noncustodial parent files a timely request for a hearing, the case shall be transferred to the Division of Administrative Hearings, which shall conduct further proceedings and may enter an administrative support order;
- 3. A noncustodial parent who fails to file a timely request for a hearing shall be deemed to have waived the right to a hearing, and the department may render an administrative support order pursuant to paragraph (7)(b);
- 4. The noncustodial parent may consent in writing to entry of an administrative support order without a hearing;
- 5. The noncustodial parent may, within 10 days after the date of mailing or other service of the proposed

administrative support order, contact a department representative, at the address or telephone number specified in the notice, to informally discuss the proposed administrative support order and, if informal discussions are requested and held within a reasonable time, the time for requesting a hearing will be extended until 10 days after the department notifies the noncustodial parent that the informal discussions have been concluded; and

- 6. If an administrative support order that establishes a noncustodial parent's support obligation is rendered, whether after a hearing or without a hearing, the department may enforce the administrative support order by any lawful means.
- (d) If, after serving the proposed administrative support order but before a final administrative support order is rendered, the department receives additional information that makes it necessary to amend the proposed administrative support order, it shall prepare an amended proposed administrative support order, with accompanying amended child-support worksheets and other material necessary to explain the changes, and follow the same procedures set forth in paragraphs (b) and (c).
- timely request for hearing, the department shall refer the hearing request to the Division of Administrative Hearings.

  Unless otherwise provided by this section, chapter 120 and the division's uniform rules shall govern the conduct of the proceedings. The administrative law judge shall consider all available and admissible information, and any presumptions that apply as provided by paragraph (5)(a). A designated employee or other representative of the department, who need

not be an attorney, may represent the department as a qualified representative at the hearing.

- (7) ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT ORDER.--
- (a) If a hearing is held, notwithstanding ss. 120.569 and 120.57, the administrative law judge of the Division of Administrative Hearings shall issue an administrative support order, or a final order denying an administrative support order, which constitutes final agency action by the department. The Division of Administrative Hearings shall transmit any such order to the department for filing and indexing.
- (b) If the noncustodial parent does not file a timely request for a hearing, the noncustodial parent will be deemed to have waived the right to request a hearing.
- (c) If the noncustodial parent waives the right to a hearing, or consents in writing to the entry of an order without a hearing, the department may render an administrative support order.
- (d) The department shall send by regular mail a copy of the administrative support order, or the final order denying an administrative support order, to both parents, or a parent and caretaker relative if applicable. The noncustodial parent shall be notified of the right to seek judicial review of the administrative support order in accordance with s. 120.68.
- (e) An administrative support order must comply with s. 61.30. The department, after consultation with the Division of Administrative Hearings and the chief judge of the circuit in which the pilot program is located, shall develop a standard form or forms for administrative support orders. An administrative support order must provide and state findings,

1	if applicable, concerning:
2	1. The full name and date of birth of the child or
3	children;
4	2. The name of the noncustodial parent and the
5	custodial parent or caretaker relative;
6	3. The noncustodial parent's duty and ability to
7	provide support;
8	4. The amount of the noncustodial parent's monthly
9	support obligation for each child;
10	5. Any obligation to pay retroactive support;
11	6. The noncustodial parent's obligation to provide for
12	the health care needs of each child, whether through insurance
13	coverage, contribution towards the cost of insurance coverage,
14	payment or reimbursement of health care expenses for the
15	child, or any combination thereof;
16	7. The beginning date of any required monthly payments
17	and health care coverage;
18	8. That all support payments ordered must be paid to
19	the Florida State Disbursement Unit as provided by s. 61.1824;
20	9. That the parents, or caretaker relative if
21	applicable, must file with the department when the
22	administrative support order is rendered, if they have not
23	already done so, and update as appropriate the information
24	required pursuant to paragraph (13)(b); and
25	10. That both parents, or parent and caretaker
26	relative if applicable, are required to promptly notify the
27	department of any change in their mailing addresses pursuant
28	to paragraph (13)(c).
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30	An income-deduction order as provided by s. 61.1301 must be

incorporated into the administrative support order, the 1 2 department shall render a separate income-deduction order. 3 FILING WITH THE CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT; 4 OFFICIAL PAYMENT RECORD; JUDGMENT BY OPERATION OF LAW .-- The 5 department shall file with the clerk of the circuit court a 6 certified copy of an administrative support order rendered 7 under this section. The depository operated pursuant to s. 8 61.181 for the county where the administrative support order 9 has been filed shall: 10 (a) Act as the official recordkeeper for payments 11 required under the administrative support order; 12 (b) Establish and maintain the necessary payment 13 accounts; (c) Upon a delinquency, initiate the judgment by 14 15 operation of law procedure as provided by s. 61.14(6); and 16 (d) Perform all other duties required of a depository 17 with respect to a support order entered. 18 (9) COLLECTION ACTION; ENFORCEMENT. --The department may implement an income-deduction 19 (a) notice immediately upon rendition of an income-deduction 20 order, whether it is incorporated in the administrative 21 22 support order or rendered separately. The department may initiate other collection 23 24 action 15 days after the date an administrative support order 25 is rendered under this section. In a subsequent proceeding to enforce an 26 27 administrative support order, notice of the proceeding that is sent by regular mail to the person's address of record 28 furnished to the department constitutes adequate notice of the 29

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An administrative support order rendered under

proceeding pursuant to paragraph (13)(c).

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this section, until modified by the department or superseded by a court order, may be enforced:

- 1. In any manner permitted for enforcement of a support order issued by a court of this state, except for contempt; or
  - 2. Pursuant to s. 120.69.
- (10) JUDICIAL REVIEW, ENFORCEMENT, OR COURT ORDER SUPERSEDING ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT ORDER.--
- (a) A noncustodial parent has the right to seek judicial review of an administrative support order or a final order denying an administrative support order in accordance with s. 120.68. The department has the right to seek judicial review, in accordance with s. 120.68, of an administrative support order or a final order denying an administrative support order entered by an administrative law judge of the Division of Administrative Hearings.
- (b) An administrative support order rendered under this section may be enforced by any circuit court in the same manner as a support order issued by the court, except for contempt. If the circuit court issues its own order based on the administrative support order, the circuit court may enforce its own order by contempt. Enforcement by the court, without any change by the court in the support obligations established in the administrative support order, does not supersede the administrative support order or affect the department's authority to modify the administrative support order as provided by subsection (12).
- (c) A circuit court of this state, where venue is proper and the court has jurisdiction of the parties, may enter an order prospectively changing the support obligations established in an administrative support order, in which case

the administrative support order is superseded and the court's order shall govern future proceedings in the case. Any unpaid support owed under the superseded administrative support order may not be retroactively modified by the circuit court, except as provided by s. 61.14(1)(a), and remains enforceable by the department, by the obligee, or by the court. In all cases in which an administrative support order is superseded, the court shall determine the amount of any unpaid support owed under the administrative support order and shall include the amount as arrearage in its superseding order.

- (11) EFFECTIVENESS OF ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT

  ORDER.--An administrative support order rendered under this section remains in effect until modified by the department, vacated on appeal, or superseded by a subsequent court order. If the department closes a Title IV-D case in which an administrative support order has been rendered:
- (a) The department shall take no further action to enforce or modify the administrative support order;
- (b) The administrative support order remains effective until superseded by a subsequent court order; and
- (c) The administrative support order may be enforced by the obligee by any means provided by law.
- it has not been superseded by a subsequent court order, the department may modify an administrative support order in a Title IV-D case prospectively, subject to the requirements for modifications of judicial support orders established in chapters 61 and 409, by following the same procedures set forth in this section for establishing an administrative support order, as applicable.
  - (13) REQUIRED DISCLOSURES; PRESUMPTIONS; NOTICE SENT

TO ADDRESS OF RECORD. -- In all proceedings pursuant to this section:

- (a) The noncustodial parent and custodial parent must execute and furnish to the department, no later than 20 days after receipt of the notice of proceeding to establish administrative support order, a financial affidavit in the form prescribed in the Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure. An updated financial affidavit must be executed and furnished to the department at the inception of each proceeding to modify an administrative support order. Caretaker relatives are not required to furnish financial affidavits.
- (b) The noncustodial parent, custodial parent, and caretaker relative if applicable, shall disclose to the department, no later than 20 days after receipt of the notice of proceeding to establish administrative support order, and update as appropriate, information regarding their identity and location, including names they are known by; social security numbers; residential and mailing addresses; telephone numbers; driver's license numbers; and names, addresses, and telephone numbers of employers. Pursuant to the federal Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, each person must provide his or her social security number in accordance with this section. Disclosure of social security numbers obtained through this requirement shall be limited to the purpose of administration of the Title IV-D program for child support enforcement.
- (c) The noncustodial parent, custodial parent, and caretaker relative, if applicable, have a continuing obligation to promptly inform the department in writing of any change in their mailing addresses to ensure receipt of all

subsequent pleadings, notices, payments, statements, and

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orders, and receipt is presumed if sent by regular mail to the most recent address furnished by the person.

- subsequent judicial proceeding concerning the support of the same child or children shall affirmatively plead the existence of, and furnish the court with a correct copy of, an administrative support order rendered under this section, and shall provide the department with a copy of the initial pleading. The department may intervene as a matter of right in any such judicial proceeding involving issues within the scope of the Title IV-D case.
- (15) PROVISIONS SUPPLEMENTAL TO EXISTING LAW.--This section does not limit or negate the department's authority to seek establishment of child support obligations under any other applicable law.
- (16) RULEMAKING AUTHORITY.--The department may adopt rules to administer this section.
- (17) PILOT PROGRAM.--For the purpose of identifying measurable outcomes, the pilot program shall be located in a county selected by the Department of Revenue having a population of fewer than 500,000, in which the Title IV-D caseload did not exceed 20,000 cases, and the obligation rate was approximately 65 percent at the end of the 1999-2000 fiscal year. The Department of Revenue shall develop measurable outcomes that at a minimum consist of the department's support order establishment performance measures that are applicable to this pilot program, a measure of the effectiveness of the pilot program in establishing support orders as compared to the judicial process, and a measure of the cost-efficiency of the pilot program as compared to the judicial process. The Department of Revenue and the Division

of Administrative Hearings shall implement the pilot program 1 established by this section on July 1, 2001, or as soon 2 3 thereafter as practicable. The department shall use the 4 procedures of this section to establish support obligations in Title IV-D cases on behalf of custodial parents or caretaker 5 relatives residing in the county selected for the pilot 6 7 program. By June 30, 2002, the Department of Revenue shall 8 submit a report on the implementation of the pilot program to the Governor and Cabinet, the President of the Senate, and the 9 10 Speaker of the House of Representatives. The Office of Program 11 Policy Analysis and Government Accountability shall conduct an 12 evaluation of the operation and impact of the pilot program. 13 In evaluating the pilot program, achievement of the measurable outcomes must be considered. The Office of Program Policy 14 15 Analysis and Government Accountability shall submit an evaluation report on the pilot program by June 30, 2003 which 16 must include the findings of the evaluation, the feasibility 17 18 of a statewide program, and recommendations, if any, for establishing a statewide program. The pilot program expires 19 June 30, 2004 unless continued by action of the Legislature. 20 Section 31. Paragraph (a) of subsection (8) and 21 22 subsections (10), (11), and (12) of section 409.2564, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 23 24 409.2564 Actions for support.--25 (8) The director of the Title IV-D agency, or the director's designee, is authorized to subpoena from any person 26 27 financial and other information necessary to establish, modify, or enforce a child support order. 28 29 (a) For the purpose of establishing or, modifying a 30 child support order, or enforcing a child support order, the

employee designated by the director of this state's Title IV-D agency or authorized under another state's law, may administer oaths or affirmations, subpoena witnesses and compel their attendance, take evidence and require the production of any matter which is relevant to the child support enforcement action, including the existence, description, nature, custody, condition, and location of any books, documents, or other tangible things and the identity and location of persons having knowledge of relevant facts or any other matter reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of material evidence.

- (10)(a) For the purpose of securing delinquent support, the Title IV-D agency may increase the amount of the monthly child support obligation to include amounts for delinquencies, subject to such conditions or limitations as set forth in paragraph (b).
- (b) In child support obligations not subject to income deduction, the Title IV-D agency shall notify the obligor of his or her delinquency and of the department's intent to require an additional 20 percent of the monthly obligation amount to allow for collection of the delinquency unless, within 20 days, the obligor:
  - 1. Pays the delinquency in full; or
- 2. Files a petition with the circuit court to contest the delinquency action.
- (11) For the purposes of denial, revocation, or limitation of an individual's United States passport, consistent with 42 U.S.C. s. 652(k)(1), the Title IV-D agency shall have procedures to certify to the Secretary of the United States Department of Health and Human Services, in the format and accompanied by such supporting documentation as the

secretary may require, a determination that an individual owes arrearages of child support in an amount exceeding \$5,000. Said procedures shall provide that the individual be given notice of the determination and of the consequence thereof and that the individual shall be given an opportunity to contest the accuracy of the determination.

support orders in IV-D cases at least every 3 years upon request by either party, or the agency in cases where there is an assignment of support to the state under s. 414.095(8), and may seek adjustment of the order if appropriate under the guidelines established in s. 61.30. Not less than once every 3 years the IV-D agency shall provide notice to the parties subject to the order informing them of their right to request a review and, if appropriate, an adjustment of the child-support support order. Said notice requirement may be met by including appropriate language in the initial support order or any subsequent orders.

Section 32. Effective July 1, 2001, section 409.25645, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.25645 Administrative orders for genetic testing.—The department is authorized to use administrative orders to require genetic testing in Title IV-D cases. In such cases the department or an authorized agent may issue an administrative order to a putative father who has not voluntarily submitted to genetic testing, directing him to appear for a genetic test to determine the paternity of a child, provided that the department shall have no authority to issue such an order in the absence of an affidavit or written declaration as provided in s. 92.525(2) of the child's mother stating that the putative father is or may be a parent of the

child. The administrative order shall state:

- (1) The type of genetic test that will be used.
- (2) The date, time, and place to appear for the genetic test.
- (3) That upon failure to appear for the genetic test, or refusal to be tested, the department shall file a petition in circuit court to establish paternity and child support.

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A copy of the affidavit or written declaration which is the basis for the issuance of the administrative order shall be attached to the order. The administrative order is exempt from the hearing provisions in chapter 120, because the person to whom it is directed shall have an opportunity to object in circuit court in the event the department pursues the matter by filing a petition in circuit court. The department may serve the administrative order to appear for a genetic test by regular mail. In any case in which more than one putative father has been identified, the department may proceed under this section with respect to all putative fathers. department receives a request from another state Title IV-D agency to assist in the establishment of paternity, the department may cause an administrative order to appear for a genetic test to be served on a putative father who resides in

Section 33. Section 409.2565, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.2565 Publication of delinquent obligors.--For support orders that are being enforced by the department, the department may compile and make available for publication a listing of cases in which payment of the child support obligation is overdue. Each case on the list may be

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identified only by the name of the support obligor, the support obligor's court order docket or case number, the county in which the obligor's support order is filed, the arrearage amount, and a photograph. The department need not give prior notice to the obligor of the publication and listing of cases.

Section 34. Subsection (1) and paragraph (a) of subsection (7) of section 409.25656, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

409.25656 Garnishment.--

(1) If a person has a child support obligation which is subject to enforcement by the department as the state Title IV-D program, the executive director or his or her designee may give notice of past due and/or overdue support by registered mail to all persons who have in their possession or under their control any credits or personal property, including wages, belonging to the child support obligor, or owing any debts to the child support obligor at the time of receipt by them of such notice. Thereafter, any person who has been notified may not transfer or make any other disposition, up to the amount provided for in the notice, of such credits, other personal property, or debts until the executive director or his or her designee consents to a transfer or disposition, or until 60 days after the receipt of such notice. If the obligor contests the intended levy in the circuit court or under chapter 120, the notice under this section shall remain in effect until final disposition of that circuit court or chapter 120 action. Any financial institution receiving such notice will maintain a right of setoff for any transaction involving a debit card occurring on or before the date of receipt of such notice.

(7)(a) Levy may be made under subsection (3) upon credits, other personal property, or debt of any person with respect to any past due or overdue child support obligation only after the executive director or his or her designee has notified such person in writing of the intention to make such levy.

Section 35. Effective July 1, 2001, subsection (8) of section 409.25656, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.25656 Garnishment.--

(8) An obligor may contest the notice of intent to levy provided for under subsection (7) by filing a petition an action in the existing circuit court case. Alternatively, the obligor may file a petition under the applicable provisions of chapter 120. After an action has been initiated under chapter 120 to contest the notice of intent to levy, an action relating to the same levy may not be filed by the obligor in circuit court, and judicial review is exclusively limited to appellate review pursuant to s. 120.68. Also, after an action has been initiated in circuit court, an action may not be brought under chapter 120.

Section 36. Subsection (5) of section 409.25657, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.25657 Requirements for financial institutions.--

(5) Any financial records obtained pursuant to this section may be disclosed only for the purpose of, and to the extent necessary in, establishing, modifying, or enforcing a child support obligation of such individual.

Section 37. Section 409.25658, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.25658 Use of unclaimed property for past due <del>child</del> support.--

- (1) In a joint effort to facilitate the collection and payment of past due child support, the Department of Revenue, in cooperation with the Department of Banking and Finance, shall identify persons owing child support collected through a court who are presumed to have abandoned property held by the Department of Banking and Finance.
- (2) The department shall periodically provide the Department of Banking and Finance with an electronic file of child support obligors who owe past due child support. The Department of Banking and Finance shall conduct a data match of the file against all apparent owners of abandoned property under chapter 717 and provide the resulting match list to the department.
- (3) Upon receipt of the data match list, the department shall provide to the Department of Banking and Finance the obligor's last known address. The Department of Banking and Finance shall follow the notification procedures under s. 717.118.
- (4) Prior to paying an obligor's approved claim, the Department of Banking and Finance shall notify the department that such claim has been approved. Upon confirmation that the Department of Banking and Finance has approved the claim, the department shall immediately send a notice by certified mail to the obligor, with a copy to the Department of Banking and Finance, advising the obligor of the department's intent to intercept the approved claim up to the amount of the past due child support, and informing the obligor of the obligor's right to request a hearing under chapter 120. The Department of Banking and Finance shall retain custody of the property until a final order has been entered and any appeals thereon have been concluded. If the obligor fails to request a

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hearing, the department shall enter a final order instructing the Department of Banking and Finance to transfer to the department the property in the amount stated in the final order. Upon such transfer, the Department of Banking and Finance shall be released from further liability related to the transferred property.

(5) The provisions of this section provide a supplemental remedy, and the department may use this remedy in conjunction with any other method of collecting child support.

Section 38. Section 409.2567, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.2567 Services to individuals not otherwise eligible .-- All child support services provided by the department shall be made available on behalf of all dependent children. Services shall be provided upon acceptance of public assistance or upon proper application filed with the department. The department shall adopt rules to provide for the payment of a \$25 application fee from each applicant who is not a public assistance recipient. The application fee shall be deposited in the Child Support Enforcement Application and Program Revenue Trust Fund within the Department of Revenue to be used for the Child Support Enforcement Program. The obligor is responsible for all administrative costs, as defined in s. 409.2554. The court shall order payment of administrative costs without requiring the department to have a member of the bar testify or submit an affidavit as to the reasonableness of the costs. An attorney-client relationship exists only between the department and the legal services providers in Title IV-D cases. The attorney shall advise the obligee in Title IV-D cases that the attorney represents the agency and not the

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obligee. In Title IV-D cases, any costs, including filing fees, recording fees, mediation costs, service of process fees, and other expenses incurred by the clerk of the circuit court, shall be assessed only against the nonprevailing obligor after the court makes a determination of the nonprevailing obligor's ability to pay such costs and fees. In any case where the court does not award all costs, the court shall state in the record its reasons for not awarding the costs. The Department of Revenue shall not be considered a party for purposes of this section; however, fees may be assessed against the department pursuant to s. 57.105(1). The department shall submit a monthly report to the Governor and the chairs of the Health and Human Services Fiscal Committee of the House of Representatives and the Ways and Means Committee of the Senate specifying the funds identified for collection from the noncustodial parents of children receiving temporary assistance and the amounts actually collected.

Section 39. Paragraph (i) of subsection (1) and subsections (3) and (4) of section 409.2572, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (5) is added to that section, to read:

## 409.2572 Cooperation. --

- (1) An applicant for, or recipient of, public assistance for a dependent child shall cooperate with the department or a program attorney in:
- (i) Paying to the department any <del>child</del> support received from the obligor after the assignment is effective.
- (3) The Title IV-D staff of the department shall be responsible for determining and reporting to the Title IV-A staff of the Department of Children and Family Services acts of noncooperation by applicants or recipients of public cash

or medical assistance. Any person who applies for or is receiving public assistance for, or who has the care, custody, or control of, a dependent child and who without good cause fails or refuses to cooperate with the department, a program attorney, or a prosecuting attorney in the course of administering this chapter shall be sanctioned by the Department of Children and Family Services pursuant to chapter 414 and is ineligible to receive public assistance until such time as the department determines cooperation has been satisfactory.

- (4) Except as provided for in s. 414.32, the Title IV-D agency shall determine whether an applicant for or recipient of public assistance for a dependent child has good cause for failing to cooperate with the Title IV-D agency as required by this section.
- (5) As used in this section only, the term "applicant for or recipient of public assistance for a dependent child" refers to such applicants and recipients of public assistance as defined in s. 409.2554(7), with the exception of applicants for or recipients of Medicaid solely for the benefit of a dependent child.

Section 40. Subsection (1) of section 409.2578, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.2578 Access to employment information; administrative fine.--

(1) For the purpose of establishing paternity, or establishing a child-support obligation, or enforcing a child support obligation, all persons in this state, including for-profit, not-for-profit, and governmental employers or contractors, shall, upon written request from the IV-D agency

for information concerning an individual employee of such

person, provide to the IV-D agency of this state or its designee or to the Title IV-D agency of any other state or its designee information on the employment, compensation, and benefits of any employee who has a liability to pay child support and is delinquent or who has a potential liability. The IV-D agency may also make such a request for the purpose of modifying a child support obligation after an unsuccessful attempt to obtain the information from either party. The information requested shall be provided within 30 days of receipt of the written request. The Title IV-D agency of this state is authorized to impose a fine for failure to respond to its request.

Section 41. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 409.2579, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
409.2579 Safequarding Title IV-D case file

16 information.--

- (1) Information concerning applicants for or recipients of Title IV-D child support services is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1). The use or disclosure of such information by the IV-D program is limited to purposes directly connected with:
- (a) The administration of the plan or program approved under part A, part B, part D, part E, or part F of Title IV; under Title II, Title X, Title XIV, Title XVI, Title XIX, or Title XX; or under the supplemental security income program established under Title XVI of the Social Security Act;
- (b) Any investigation, prosecution, or criminal or civil proceeding connected with the administration of any such plan or program;
- (c) The administration of any other federal or federally assisted program which provides service or

assistance, in cash or in kind, directly to individuals on the basis of need;

- (d) Reporting to an appropriate agency or official, information on known or suspected instances of physical or mental injury, child abuse, sexual abuse or exploitation, or negligent treatment or maltreatment of a child who is the subject of a child support enforcement activity under circumstances which indicate that the child's health or welfare is threatened thereby; and
- (e) Mandatory disclosure of identifying and location information as provided in s. 61.13(9) by the IV-D program when providing Title IV-D services.
- (2) The IV-D program may not disclose to any legislative body, whether federal, state, or local, or any committee thereof, any information that identifies by name or address an applicant or recipient of child support services.

Section 42. <u>Section 409.2591, Florida Statutes, is repealed.</u>

Section 43. Subsection (2) of section 409.2594, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 409.2594 Record requirements.--The department shall keep the records necessary to evaluate the effectiveness of the program. At a minimum, the records shall include:
- (2) The amount of money generated through the collection of <del>child</del> support of dependent children.
- Section 44. Subsections (1), (2), and (3) of section 409.2598, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 409.2598 Suspension or denial of new or renewal licenses; registrations; certifications.--
- (1) The Title IV-D agency may petition the court that entered the support order or the court that is enforcing the

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support order to deny or suspend the license, registration, or certificate issued under chapter 231, chapter 370, chapter 372, chapter 409, chapter 455, chapter 456, chapter 559, s. 328.42, or s. 597.010 of any obligor with a delinquent child support obligation or who fails, after receiving appropriate notice, to comply with subpoenas, orders to appear, orders to show cause, or similar orders relating to paternity or child support proceedings. However, a petition may not be filed until the Title IV-D agency has exhausted all other available remedies. The purpose of this section is to promote the public policy of the state as established in s. 409.2551.

- (2) The Title IV-D agency is authorized to screen all applicants for new or renewal licenses, registrations, or certificates and current licenses, registrations, or certificates and current licensees, registration holders, and certificateholders of all licenses, registrations, and certificates issued under chapter 231, chapter 370, chapter 372, chapter 409, chapter 455, chapter 456, or chapter 559 or s. 328.42 to ensure compliance with any child support obligation and any subpoenas, orders to appear, orders to show cause, or similar orders relating to paternity or child support proceedings. If the Title IV-D agency determines that an applicant, licensee, registration holder, or certificateholder is an obligor who is delinquent on a support obligation or who is not in compliance with a subpoena, order to appear, order to show cause, or similar order relating to paternity or child support proceedings, the Title IV-D agency shall certify the delinquency pursuant to s. 61.14.
- (3) The Title IV-D agency shall give notice to any obligor who is an applicant for a new or renewal license or certificate or the holder of a current license or certificate

when a delinquency exists in the support obligation or when an obligor has failed to comply with a subpoena, order to appear, order to show cause, or similar order relating to paternity or child support proceeding. The notice shall specify that the obligor has 30 days from the date on which service of the notice is complete to pay the delinquency or to reach an agreement to pay the delinquency with the Title IV-D agency or comply with the subpoena, order to appear, order to show cause, or similar order. The notice shall specify that, if payment is not made or an agreement cannot be reached, or if the subpoena, order to appear, order to show cause, or similar order is not complied with, the application may be denied or the license or certification may be suspended pursuant to a court order.

Section 45. Paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section 414.065, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

414.065 Noncompliance with work requirements.--

- (5) WORK ACTIVITY REQUIREMENTS FOR NONCUSTODIAL PARENTS.--
- (a) The court may order a noncustodial parent who is delinquent in child support payments, as defined in s. 61.046, to participate in work activities under this chapter so that the parent may obtain employment and fulfill the obligation to provide support payments. A noncustodial parent who fails to satisfactorily engage in court-ordered work activities may be held in contempt.

If a noncustodial parent fails to comply with the case plan, the noncustodial parent may be removed from program participation.

31 Section 46. Subsection (8) of section 414.095, Florida

Statutes, is amended to read:

414.095 Determining eligibility for temporary cash assistance.--

(8) ASSIGNMENT OF RIGHTS TO SUPPORT.—As a condition of receiving temporary cash assistance, the family must assign to the department any rights a member of a family may have to support from any other person. This applies to any family member; however, the assigned amounts must not exceed the total amount of temporary cash assistance provided to the family. The assignment of child support does not apply if the family leaves the program.

Section 47. Subsection (1) of section 414.32, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 414.32 Prohibitions and restrictions with respect to food stamps.--
- (1) COOPERATION WITH CHILD SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT AGENCY.--
- (a) A parent or caretaker relative who receives temporary cash assistance or food stamps on behalf of a child under 18 years of age who has an absent parent is ineligible for food stamps unless the parent or caretaker relative cooperates with the state agency that administers the child support enforcement program in establishing the paternity of the child, if the child is born out of wedlock, and in obtaining support for the child or for the parent or caretaker relative and the child. This paragraph does not apply if the state agency that administers the food stamp child support enforcement program determines that the parent or caretaker relative has good cause for failing to cooperate. The Department of Revenue shall determine good cause for failure to cooperate if the Department of Children and Family Services

## obtains written authorization from the United States Department of Agriculture approving such arrangements.

(b) A putative or identified noncustodial parent of a child under 18 years of age is ineligible for food stamps if the parent fails to cooperate with the state agency that administers the child support enforcement program in establishing the paternity of the child, if the child is born out of wedlock, or fails to provide support for the child. This paragraph does not apply if the state agency that administers the child support enforcement program determines that the noncustodial parent has good cause for refusing to cooperate in establishing the paternity of the child.

Section 48. Effective July 1, 2001, paragraph (d) is added to subsection (11) of section 440.20, Florida Statutes, to read:

440.20 Time for payment of compensation; penalties for late payment.--

(11)

(d) When reviewing any settlement of lump-sum payment pursuant to this subsection, judges of compensation claims shall consider the interests of the worker and the worker's family when approving the settlement, which must consider and provide for appropriate recovery of past due support.

Section 49. Effective July 1, 2001, section 440.22, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

440.22 Assignment and exemption from claims of creditors.—No assignment, release, or commutation of compensation or benefits due or payable under this chapter except as provided by this chapter shall be valid, and such compensation and benefits shall be exempt from all claims of creditors, and from levy, execution and attachments or other

remedy for recovery or collection of a debt, which exemption may not be waived. However, the exemption of workers' compensation claims from creditors does not extend to claims based on an award of child support or spousal support.

Section 50. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (1) and subsection (3) of section 443.051, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

443.051 Benefits not alienable; exception, child support intercept.--

- (1) DEFINITIONS. -- As used in this section:
- (b) "Child Support obligations" includes only obligations which are being enforced pursuant to a plan described in s. 454 of the Social Security Act which has been approved by the Secretary of Health and Human Services under Part D of Title IV of the Social Security Act.
- (c) "State or local child support enforcement agency" means any agency of a state or political subdivision thereof which enforces child support obligations.
  - (3) EXCEPTION, CHILD SUPPORT INTERCEPT. --
- (a) The division shall require each individual filing a new claim for unemployment compensation to disclose at the time of filing such claim whether or not she or he owes child support obligations which are being enforced by a state or local child support enforcement agency. If any applicant discloses that she or he owes child support obligations and she or he is determined to be eligible for unemployment compensation benefits, the division shall notify the state or local child support enforcement agency enforcing such obligation.
- (b) The division shall deduct and withhold from any unemployment compensation otherwise payable to an individual

who owes child support obligations:

- 1. The amount specified by the individual to the division to be deducted and withheld under this section;
- 2. The amount determined pursuant to an agreement submitted to the division under s. 454(20)(B)(i) of the Social Security Act by the state or local child support enforcement agency; or
- 3. Any amount otherwise required to be deducted and withheld from such unemployment compensation through legal process as defined in s. 459 of the Social Security Act.
- (c) The division shall pay any amount deducted and withheld under paragraph (b) to the appropriate state or local child support enforcement agency.
- (d) Any amount deducted and withheld under this subsection shall for all purposes be treated as if it were paid to the individual as unemployment compensation and paid by such individual to the state or local child support enforcement agency for child support obligations.
- (e) Each state or local child support enforcement agency shall reimburse the state agency charged with the administration of the Unemployment Compensation Law for the administrative costs incurred by the division under this subsection which are attributable to child support obligations being enforced by the state or local child support enforcement agency.
- Section 51. Subsection (9) of section 455.203, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 455.203 Department; powers and duties.--The department, for the boards under its jurisdiction, shall:
- (9) Allow applicants for new or renewal licenses and current licensees to be screened by the Title IV-D child

support agency pursuant to s. 409.2598 to assure compliance with a support obligation. The purpose of this subsection is to promote the public policy of this state as established in s. 409.2551. The department shall, when directed by the court, suspend or deny the license of any licensee found to have a delinquent support obligation, as defined in s. 409.2554. The department shall issue or reinstate the license without additional charge to the licensee when notified by the court that the licensee has complied with the terms of the court order. The department shall not be held liable for any license denial or suspension resulting from the discharge of its duties under this subsection.

Section 52. Subsection (9) of section 456.004, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

456.004 Department; powers and duties.--The department, for the professions under its jurisdiction, shall:

(9) Allow applicants for new or renewal licenses and current licensees to be screened by the Title IV-D child support agency pursuant to s. 409.2598 to assure compliance with a support obligation, as defined in s. 409.2554. The purpose of this subsection is to promote the public policy of this state as established in s. 409.2551. The department shall, when directed by the court, suspend or deny the license of any licensee found to have a delinquent support obligation. The department shall issue or reinstate the license without additional charge to the licensee when notified by the court that the licensee has complied with the terms of the court order. The department shall not be held liable for any license denial or suspension resulting from the discharge of its duties under this subsection.

Section 53. Subsection (3) of section 559.79, Florida

Statutes, is amended to read:

559.79 Applications for license or renewal.--

(3) The department shall allow the Title IV-D child support agency to screen all applicants for new or renewal licenses and current licensees pursuant to s. 409.2598 to assure compliance with a support obligation, as defined in s. 409.2554. The purpose of this subsection is to promote the public policy of this state as established in s. 409.2551. The department shall, when directed by the court, suspend or deny the license of any licensee found to have a delinquent support obligation. The department shall issue or reinstate the license without additional charge to the licensee when notified by the court that the licensee has complied with the terms of the court order. The department shall not be liable for any license denial or suspension resulting from the discharge of its duties under this subsection.

Section 54. Effective July 1, 2001, subsection (2) of section 742.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

742.12 Scientific testing to determine paternity.--

(2) In any proceeding to establish paternity, the court may, upon request of a party providing a sworn statement or written declaration as provided by s. 92.525(2)alleging paternity and setting forth facts establishing a reasonable possibility of the requisite sexual contact between the parties or providing a sworn statement or written declaration denying paternity and setting forth facts establishing a reasonable possibility of the nonexistence of sexual contact between the parties, require the child, mother, and alleged fathers to submit to scientific tests that are generally acceptable within the scientific community to show a probability of paternity. The court shall direct that the

tests be conducted by a qualified technical laboratory.

Section 55. Subsection (5) of section 943.053, Florida
Statutes, is amended to read:

943.053 Dissemination of criminal justice information; fees.--

(5) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the department shall provide to the Florida Department of Revenue Child Support Enforcement access to Florida criminal records which are not exempt from disclosure under chapter 119, and to such information as may be lawfully available from other states via the National Law Enforcement Telecommunications System, for the purpose of locating subjects who owe or potentially owe child support, as defined in s. 409.2554, or to whom such obligation is owed pursuant to Title IV-D of the Social Security Act. Such information may be provided to child support enforcement authorities in other states for these specific purposes.

Section 56. The Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability, in consultation with the substantive legislative committee, through its staff or by contract with a vendor, is directed to study and analyze case data and court proceedings, chosen through a statistically valid random sample of child support enforcement cases in both Title IV-D and non-Title IV-D cases, on the application of and deviations from the child support guidelines set forth in section 61.30, Florida Statutes. The office shall report its findings to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court no later than January 31, 2002.

Section 57. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this act, this act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ======== 1 2 And the title is amended as follows: 3 remove from the title of the bill: the entire title 4 5 and insert in lieu thereof: 6 A bill to be entitled 7 An act relating to child support enforcement; 8 amending ss. 61.11, 61.13, 61.13015, 61.13016, 61.181, 61.1824, 328.42, 409.2557, 409.25575, 9 10 409.2561, 409.2564, 409.2565, 409.25657, 409.25658, 409.2567, 409.2578, 409.2579, 11 12 409.2594, 409.2598, 414.095, 443.051, F.S.; 13 deleting reference to child support and 14 providing reference to support; amending ss. 15 69.041, 213.053, 231.097, 320.05, 328.42, 414.065, 455.203, 456.004, 559.79, 943.053, 16 17 F.S.; including reference to the definition of support; amending s. 24.115, F.S.; including 18 spousal support or alimony for the former 19 20 spouse of an obligor if child support is being enforced by the Department of Revenue among a 21 list of items that must be paid prior to the 22 award of certain prizes; amending s. 61.046, 23 24 F.S.; redefining the term "support order"; 25 defining the term "support"; amending s. 61.1301, F.S.; prescribing the time within 26 27 which an order of income deduction may be entered after an order establishing or 28 29 modifying support; providing for the court to 30 request that an income-deduction order reflect 31 the payment cycle of the payor; amending s.

61.13016, F.S.; requiring that any costs and 1 2 fees associated with delinquency be paid to 3 prevent suspension of a driver's license; 4 repealing s. 61.1307, F.S., relating to the collection of motor vehicle impact fee refunds 5 for child support; amending s. 61.1354, F.S.; 6 7 revising provisions with respect to the sharing 8 of information between consumer reporting agencies and the Title IV-D agency; amending s. 9 10 61.14, F.S.; including reference to the State Disbursement Unit with respect to support 11 12 payments; amending s. 61.14, F.S.; providing 13 for retroactive increase or decrease in support, maintenance, or alimony; providing 14 15 requirements for judges of compensation claims 16 with respect to settlement of a lump-sum 17 payment; specifying the delinquency amount for which notice to the obligor is required; 18 amending s. 61.1825, F.S.; revising provisions 19 with respect to the state case registry to 20 include additional provisions requiring the 21 placement of a family violence indicator in the 22 record; amending s. 61.30, F.S.; redefining the 23 24 term "gross income" with respect to child support guidelines; authorizing the court to 25 adjust the minimum child support award based on 26 27 consideration of the particular shared parental arrangement; specifying procedure for 28 adjustment of any award of child support when 29 30 the particular shared parental arrangement 31 provides that each child spend a substantial

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amount of time with each parent; specifying circumstances under which failure of a noncustodial parent to exercise visitation may trigger modification of the child support award; providing for retroactive application of such modified support award; prescribing conditions under which income from secondary employment may be disregarded in modifying an existing award; amending s. 120.80, F.S.; providing for proceedings for administrative child support orders under the Department of Revenue; amending s. 322.058, F.S.; including additional provisions requiring the suspension of a drivers' license for failure to comply with a subpoena, order to appear, order to show cause, or similar order with respect to a delinquent support obligation; amending s. 322.142, F.S.; including an additional reason that reproductions of records with respect to drivers' licenses may be sent from the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles; amending s. 328.42, F.S.; authorizing the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to allow the Department of Revenue to screen applicants for new or renewal vessel registrations to assure compliance with an obligation for support; amending s. 409.2554, F.S.; redefining the term "public assistance" and "support"; defining the terms "undistributable collection" and "unidentifiable collection"; amending s.

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409.2558, F.S.; revising provisions with respect to support distribution and disbursement to include reference to undistributable collections and unidentifiable collections; providing rulemaking authority; providing for review prior to the formal rule-development process; providing for a report to the Legislature; amending s. 409.2561, F.S.; deleting reference to public assistance and including reference to temporary cash or Title IV-E assistance; creating s. 409.2563, F.S.; creating a pilot program for the administrative establishment of child-support obligations; providing definitions; providing legislative intent with respect to an alternative procedure for establishing child support obligations in certain cases; authorizing the Department of Children and Family Services to establish an administrative support order; providing procedures; providing notice requirements; providing for a hearing conducted by the Division of Administrative Hearings; providing that a final order by an administrative law judge constitutes final agency action; providing for collection and enforcement of an administrative support order; providing for judicial review and a prospective change in the support obligation; providing for disclosures and a presumption of receipt of certain notices, payments, and orders; authorizing the

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department to adopt rules; providing 1 2 requirements for establishing the pilot 3 program; providing for expiration of the pilot 4 program; amending s. 409.2564, F.S.; revising 5 provisions with respect to actions for support; amending s. 409.25645, F.S.; revising 6 7 provisions with respect to administrative orders for genetic testing; amending s. 8 9 409.25656, F.S.; revising provisions with 10 respect to garnishment; amending s. 409.2572, F.S.; including reference to public assistance 11 12 with respect to certain acts of noncooperation; amending s. 409.2578, F.S.; revising provisions 13 14 with respect to access to employment 15 information for enforcing support obligations; repealing s. 409.2591, F.S.; relating to 16 17 unidentifiable moneys held in a special account; amending s. 414.32, F.S.; revising 18 provisions with respect to certain food stamp 19 20 programs; amending s. 440.20, F.S.; revising provisions with respect to lump-sum payments 21 under workers compensation; amending s. 440.22, 22 F.S.; providing that exemption of workers' 23 24 compensation claims from creditors does not extend to claims based on an award of child 25 support or alimony; amending s. 742.12, F.S.; 26 27 revising provisions with respect to scientific testing to determine paternity; providing for a 28 case analysis; providing effective dates. 29 30

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