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By the Council for Healthy Communities and Committee on Health Regulation and Representative Farkas  $\,$ 

A bill to be entitled An act relating to health care regulation; amending s. 483.245, F.S.; prohibiting rebate or split-fee arrangements with dialysis facilities for patient referrals to clinical laboratories; providing penalties; amending s. 381.6021, F.S.; prohibiting rules that establish standards and guidelines for organ and tissue procurement from allowing the pooling of human cells or tissue; amending s. 395.0197, F.S.; revising provisions relating to hospital and ambulatory surgical center internal risk management programs; modifying requirements for risk management and prevention education and training; restricting participation of unlicensed persons in surgical procedures; requiring ongoing evaluation of surgical procedures and protocols; eliminating an annual report summarizing facility incident reports and disciplinary actions; requiring the Agency for Health Care Administration to publish website summaries of adverse incident reports; requiring facility reporting of allegations of sexual misconduct by health care practitioners; providing certain civil liability for licensed risk managers; prohibiting intimidation of a risk manager; providing a penalty; amending s. 395.10972, F.S.; increasing membership on the Health Care Risk Management Advisory Council; amending s. 395.701, F.S.; limiting the financial

1 information the agency may require to determine 2 the amount of hospital annual assessments; 3 amending s. 456.013, F.S.; providing a 4 professional continuing education requirement 5 relating to prevention of medical errors; amending s. 456.057, F.S.; providing for 6 7 appointment of a records custodian under 8 certain circumstances; amending s. 456.063, F.S.; requiring licensed health care 9 10 practitioners to report to the Department of 11 Health any allegations of sexual misconduct; 12 amending s. 456.072, F.S.; providing additional 13 grounds for disciplinary actions; clarifying a 14 penalty involving restriction of professional 15 practice or license; providing additional 16 penalties; requiring assessment of costs related to investigation and prosecution; 17 amending s. 456.073, F.S.; requiring the 18 Department of Health to notify the patient or 19 20 legal representative of the status of a 21 disciplinary case; requiring the department to 22 provide certain information to the complainant; providing time limitations on the filing of 23 24 administrative complaints against licensees of 25 the department; amending s. 456.074, F.S.; 26 providing for an emergency order suspending the 27 license of any practitioner for fraud; amending 28 s. 456.077, F.S.; specifying violations for 29 which the Department of Health or a regulatory board may issue citations; amending s. 456.081, 30 31 F.S.; requiring the Department of Health and

1 regulatory boards to maintain a website 2 containing specified information; creating s. 3 458.3147, F.S.; providing automatic eligibility 4 for admission to any medical school in the 5 State University System for military academy 6 students or graduates who qualify for the 7 Medical Corps of the United States military; 8 providing for waiver or refund of application fees; amending ss. 458.331 and 459.015, F.S.; 9 conforming language and cross references to 10 changes made by the act; amending ss. 465.019 11 12 and 465.0196, F.S.; requiring institutional 13 pharmacies and special pharmacy permittees that 14 use pharmacy technicians to have a written 15 policy and procedures manual; directing the 16 Department of Health and the Agency for Health Care Administration to review health care 17 practitioner and facility reporting 18 requirements; requiring a report to the 19 20 Legislature; amending s. 468.1755, F.S.; providing an additional ground for disciplinary 21 22 action against a nursing home administrator; reenacting ss. 468.1695(3) and 468.1735, F.S., 23 24 to incorporate said amendment in references; 25 reenacting s. 484.056(1)(a), F.S., relating to 26 disciplinary action against hearing aid 27 specialists, to incorporate the amendment to s. 28 456.072(1), in a reference; amending s. 766.101, F.S.; providing that a continuous 29 quality improvement committee of a licensed 30 31 pharmacy is a medical review committee for

1 purposes of immunity from liability, and 2 reenacting ss. 440.105(1)(a) and 626.989(6), 3 F.S., to incorporate said amendment in 4 references; amending s. 766.1115, F.S.; 5 conforming language and cross references to changes made by the act; amending s. 456.047, 6 7 F.S.; providing intent; revising and providing 8 definitions; revising duties of the Department of Health relating to file maintenance; 9 providing that primary source data verified by 10 11 the department or its designee may be relied 12 upon to meet accreditation purposes; amending 13 s. 240.4075, F.S.; transferring the Nursing 14 Student Loan Forgiveness Program from the 15 Department of Education to the Department of 16 Health; including public schools, family practice teaching hospitals, and specialty 17 hospitals for children as eligible facilities 18 under the program; exempting such facilities 19 20 from the fund-matching requirements of the program; amending s. 240.4076, F.S.; 21 22 transferring the nursing scholarship program from the Department of Education to the 23 24 Department of Health; providing requirements under the program for students seeking to 25 26 qualify for a nursing faculty position and 27 receive credit for work in such a position; 28 including nursing homes, hospitals, public 29 schools, colleges of nursing, and community college nursing programs as eligible facilities 30 31 under the program; transferring powers, duties,

functions, rules, records, personnel, property, 1 2 and appropriations and other funds relating to 3 the Nursing Student Loan Forgiveness Program 4 and the nursing scholarship program from the 5 Department of Education to the Department of Health; amending s. 464.005, F.S.; providing 6 7 for future relocation of the headquarters of 8 the Board of Nursing; amending s. 464.008, F.S.; revising education requirements for 9 licensure by examination; amending s. 464.009, 10 11 F.S.; revising requirements for licensure by 12 endorsement; requiring submission of 13 fingerprints for a criminal history check and a 14 fee to cover the costs of such check; providing 15 for an electronic applicant notification process; creating s. 464.0195, F.S.; creating 16 the Florida Center for Nursing and providing 17 its goals; creating s. 464.0196, F.S.; 18 providing for a board of directors; providing 19 20 for appointment of board members; providing for 21 staggered terms; providing powers and duties; 22 authorizing per diem and travel expenses; creating s. 464.0197, F.S.; declaring state 23 24 budget support for the center; prohibiting the Board of Nursing from developing any rule 25 26 relating to faculty/student clinical ratios 27 until a specified time; requiring the Board of 28 Nursing and the Department of Education to 29 submit to the Legislature an implementation plan detailing the impact and cost of any such 30 31 proposed rule change; amending s. 464.0205,

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30 31 F.S.; deleting the application and processing fee for applicants for a retired volunteer nurse certificate; requiring study by Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability of the feasibility of maintaining all of Medical Quality Assurance in one state agency; creating s. 456.0375, F.S.; requiring registration of certain clinics; providing requirements, including fees; providing rulemaking authority; requiring medical directors or clinic directors for such clinics and providing their duties and responsibilities; providing an appropriation; amending s. 456.031, F.S.; providing an alternative by which licensees under ch. 466, F.S., relating to dentistry, may comply with a general requirement that they take domestic-violence education courses; amending s. 456.033, F.S.; providing an alternative by which such licensees may comply with a general requirement that they take AIDS/HIV education courses; amending s. 627.419, F.S.; providing for appeals from certain adverse determinations relating to dental service claims; providing applicability; amending s. 468.302, F.S.; revising a provision relating to exemption from certification to use radiation on human beings; amending ss. 468.352, 468.355, 468.357, 468.358, and 468.359, F.S.; revising definitions and provisions relating to licensure and use of titles and abbreviations

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to correct and conform terminology with respect to respiratory therapists and respiratory care practitioners; amending ss. 468.1155 and 468.1215, F.S.; revising requirements for licensure to practice speech-language pathology or audiology and for certification of speech-language pathology or audiology assistants; amending s. 480.033, F.S.; correcting terminology in the definition of "massage"; amending s. 484.0445, F.S.; removing certain provisions relating to the training program for hearing aid specialists; amending s. 484.045, F.S.; revising requirements for licensure as a hearing aid specialist by examination; amending s. 490.012, F.S.; prohibiting the use of certain titles or descriptions relating to the practice of psychology or school psychology unless properly licensed; providing penalties; amending s. 490.014, F.S.; revising exemptions from regulation under ch. 490, F.S., relating to psychology; correcting a cross reference; amending s. 491.012, F.S.; revising prohibitions against unlicensed practice of clinical social work, marriage and family therapy, and mental health counseling to provide that practice by registered interns is lawful; amending s. 491.014, F.S.; revising exemptions from licensure under ch. 491, F.S., relating to clinical, counseling, and psychotherapy services, to prohibit the use by

1 certain employees of titles, names, or 2 descriptions protected by the chapter; amending ss. 458.319, 459.008, and 765.102, F.S.; 3 conforming terminology relating to palliative 4 5 care; amending s. 765.101, F.S.; redefining the term "end-stage condition" with respect to 6 7 health care advance directives; creating s. 8 765.1025, F.S.; prescribing the content and 9 suitability of palliative care; amending s. 765.1103, F.S.; revising provisions relating to 10 11 compliance with requests for pain management 12 and palliative care; amending s. 765.205, F.S.; 13 prescribing the standards of decisionmaking to 14 be used in certain circumstances by health care 15 surrogates, persons who have durable powers of 16 attorney for health care, and proxy decisionmakers; amending s. 765.401, F.S.; 17 prescribing the standards of decisionmaking to 18 be used in certain circumstances by proxy 19 20 decisionmakers; requiring the Department of 21 Health to conduct an interim study on specialty 22 certification and provide a report to the Legislature; amending s. 499.012, F.S.; 23 authorizing transfer of prescription drugs 24 between a retail pharmacy and a Modified Class 25 26 II institutional pharmacy under a retail 27 pharmacy wholesaler's permit; providing 28 effective dates. 29 30 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsection (1) of section 483.245, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

483.245 Rebates prohibited; penalties.--

(1) It is unlawful for any person to pay or receive any commission, bonus, kickback, or rebate or engage in any split-fee arrangement in any form whatsoever with any <u>dialysis</u> <u>facility</u>, physician, surgeon, organization, agency, or person, either directly or indirectly, for patients referred to a clinical laboratory licensed under this part.

Section 2. Section 381.6021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

381.6021 Certification of organizations engaged in the practice of cadaveric organ and tissue procurement.--The Agency for Health Care Administration shall:

- (1) Establish a program for the certification of organizations, agencies, or other entities engaged in the procurement of organs, tissues, and eyes for transplantation;
- (2) Adopt rules that set forth appropriate standards and guidelines for the program. These standards and guidelines must be substantially based on the existing laws of the Federal Government and this state and the existing standards and guidelines of the federal Food and Drug Administration (FDA), the United Network for Organ Sharing (UNOS), the American Association of Tissue Banks (AATB), the South-Eastern Organ Procurement Foundation (SEOPF), the North American Transplant Coordinators Organization (NATCO), and the Eye Bank Association of America (EBAA). In addition, the Agency for Health Care Administration shall, before adopting these standards and guidelines, seek input from all organ procurement organizations, tissue banks, and eye banks based

law to the contrary, rules adopted under this subsection shall not allow human cells or tissue from two or more donors to be pooled during retrieval, processing, preservation, or storage.

For purposes of this subsection, "pooled" means placed in physical contact or mixed in a single receptacle;

- (3) Collect, keep, and make available to the Governor and the Legislature information regarding the numbers and disposition of organs and tissues procured by each certified entity;
- (4) Monitor participating facilities and agencies for program compliance; and
- (5) Provide for the administration of the Organ and Tissue Procurement and Transplantation Advisory Board.
- Section 3. Section 395.0197, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

395.0197 Internal risk management program.--

- (1) Every licensed facility shall, as a part of its administrative functions, establish an internal risk management program that includes all of the following components:
- (a) The investigation and analysis of the frequency and causes of general categories and specific types of adverse incidents to patients.
- (b) The development of appropriate measures to minimize the risk of adverse incidents to patients, including, but not limited to:
- 1. Risk management and risk prevention education and training of all nonphysician personnel as follows:
- a. Such education and training of all nonphysician personnel as part of their initial orientation; and

- b. At least 1 hour of such education and training annually for all nonphysician personnel of the licensed facility working in clinical areas and providing patient care, except those persons licensed as health care practitioners who are required to complete continuing education coursework pursuant to chapter 456 or the respective practice act.
- 2. A prohibition, except when emergency circumstances require otherwise, against a staff member of the licensed facility attending a patient in the recovery room, unless the staff member is authorized to attend the patient in the recovery room and is in the company of at least one other person. However, a licensed facility is exempt from the two-person requirement if it has:
  - a. Live visual observation;
  - b. Electronic observation; or
- c. Any other reasonable measure taken to ensure patient protection and privacy.
- 3. A prohibition against an unlicensed person from assisting or participating in any surgical procedure unless the facility has authorized the person to do so following a competency assessment, and such assistance or participation is done under the direct and immediate supervision of a licensed physician and is not otherwise an activity that may only be performed by a licensed health care practitioner.
- 4. Development, implementation, and ongoing evaluation of procedures, protocols, and systems to accurately identify patients, planned procedures, and the correct site of the planned procedure so as to minimize the performance of a surgical procedure on the wrong patient, a wrong surgical procedure, a wrong-site surgical procedure, or a surgical

 procedure otherwise unrelated to the patient's diagnosis or medical condition.

- (c) The analysis of patient grievances that relate to patient care and the quality of medical services.
- (d) The development and implementation of an incident reporting system based upon the affirmative duty of all health care providers and all agents and employees of the licensed health care facility to report adverse incidents to the risk manager, or to his or her designee, within 3 business days after their occurrence.
- (2) The internal risk management program is the responsibility of the governing board of the health care facility. Each licensed facility shall hire a risk manager, licensed under s. 395.10974 part IX of chapter 626, who is responsible for implementation and oversight of such facility's internal risk management program as required by this section. A risk manager must not be made responsible for more than four internal risk management programs in separate licensed facilities, unless the facilities are under one corporate ownership or the risk management programs are in rural hospitals.
- (3) In addition to the programs mandated by this section, other innovative approaches intended to reduce the frequency and severity of medical malpractice and patient injury claims shall be encouraged and their implementation and operation facilitated. Such additional approaches may include extending internal risk management programs to health care providers' offices and the assuming of provider liability by a licensed health care facility for acts or omissions occurring within the licensed facility.

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- (4) The agency shall, after consulting with the Department of Insurance, adopt rules governing the establishment of internal risk management programs to meet the needs of individual licensed facilities. Each internal risk management program shall include the use of incident reports to be filed with an individual of responsibility who is competent in risk management techniques in the employ of each licensed facility, such as an insurance coordinator, or who is retained by the licensed facility as a consultant. The individual responsible for the risk management program shall have free access to all medical records of the licensed facility. The incident reports are part of the workpapers of the attorney defending the licensed facility in litigation relating to the licensed facility and are subject to discovery, but are not admissible as evidence in court. A person filing an incident report is not subject to civil suit by virtue of such incident report. As a part of each internal risk management program, the incident reports shall be used to develop categories of incidents which identify problem areas. Once identified, procedures shall be adjusted to correct the problem areas.
- (5) For purposes of reporting to the agency pursuant to this section, the term "adverse incident" means an event over which health care personnel could exercise control and which is associated in whole or in part with medical intervention, rather than the condition for which such intervention occurred, and which:
  - (a) Results in one of the following injuries:
  - 1. Death;
  - 2. Brain or spinal damage;
  - 3. Permanent disfigurement;

- 4. Fracture or dislocation of bones or joints;
- 5. A resulting limitation of neurological, physical, or sensory function which continues after discharge from the facility;
- 6. Any condition that required specialized medical attention or surgical intervention resulting from nonemergency medical intervention, other than an emergency medical condition, to which the patient has not given his or her informed consent; or
- 7. Any condition that required the transfer of the patient, within or outside the facility, to a unit providing a more acute level of care due to the adverse incident, rather than the patient's condition prior to the adverse incident;
- (b) Was the performance of a surgical procedure on the wrong patient, a wrong surgical procedure, a wrong-site surgical procedure, or a surgical procedure otherwise unrelated to the patient's diagnosis or medical condition;
- (c) Required the surgical repair of damage resulting to a patient from a planned surgical procedure, where the damage was not a recognized specific risk, as disclosed to the patient and documented through the informed-consent process; or
- (d) Was a procedure to remove unplanned foreign objects remaining from a surgical procedure.
- (6)(a) Each licensed facility subject to this section shall submit an annual report to the agency summarizing the incident reports that have been filed in the facility for that year. The report shall include:
  - 1. The total number of adverse incidents.
- 2. A listing, by category, of the types of operations, diagnostic or treatment procedures, or other actions causing

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the injuries, and the number of incidents occurring within each category.

- A listing, by category, of the types of injuries caused and the number of incidents occurring within each category.
- 4. A code number using the health care professional's licensure number and a separate code number identifying all other individuals directly involved in adverse incidents to patients, the relationship of the individual to the licensed facility, and the number of incidents in which each individual has been directly involved. Each licensed facility shall maintain names of the health care professionals and individuals identified by code numbers for purposes of this section.
- 5. A description of all malpractice claims filed against the licensed facility, including the total number of pending and closed claims and the nature of the incident which led to, the persons involved in, and the status and disposition of each claim. Each report shall update status and disposition for all prior reports.
- (b) The information reported to the agency pursuant to paragraph (a) which relates to persons licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 461, or chapter 466 shall be reviewed by the agency. The agency shall determine whether any of the incidents potentially involved conduct by a health care professional who is subject to disciplinary action, in which case the provisions of s. 456.073 shall apply.
- (c) The report submitted to the agency shall also contain the name and license number of the risk manager of the licensed facility, a copy of its policy and procedures which 31 govern the measures taken by the facility and its risk manager

to reduce the risk of injuries and adverse incidents, and the results of such measures. The annual report is confidential and is not available to the public pursuant to s. 119.07(1) or any other law providing access to public records. The annual report is not discoverable or admissible in any civil or administrative action, except in disciplinary proceedings by the agency or the appropriate regulatory board. The annual report is not available to the public as part of the record of investigation for and prosecution in disciplinary proceedings made available to the public by the agency or the appropriate regulatory board. However, the agency or the appropriate regulatory board shall make available, upon written request by a health care professional against whom probable cause has been found, any such records which form the basis of the determination of probable cause.

- (7) The licensed facility shall notify the agency no later than 1 business day after the risk manager or his or her designee has received a report pursuant to paragraph (1)(d) and can determine within 1 business day that any of the following adverse incidents has occurred, whether occurring in the licensed facility or arising from health care prior to admission in the licensed facility:
  - (a) The death of a patient;
  - (b) Brain or spinal damage to a patient;
- (c) The performance of a surgical procedure on the wrong patient;
- (d) The performance of a wrong-site surgical procedure; or
  - (e) The performance of a wrong surgical procedure.

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The notification must be made in writing and be provided by facsimile device or overnight mail delivery. The notification must include information regarding the identity of the affected patient, the type of adverse incident, the initiation of an investigation by the facility, and whether the events causing or resulting in the adverse incident represent a potential risk to other patients.

- (8) Any of the following adverse incidents, whether occurring in the licensed facility or arising from health care prior to admission in the licensed facility, shall be reported by the facility to the agency within 15 calendar days after its occurrence:
  - (a) The death of a patient;
  - (b) Brain or spinal damage to a patient;
- (c) The performance of a surgical procedure on the wrong patient;
- (d) The performance of a wrong-site surgical
  procedure;
  - (e) The performance of a wrong surgical procedure;
- (f) The performance of a surgical procedure that is medically unnecessary or otherwise unrelated to the patient's diagnosis or medical condition;
- (g) The surgical repair of damage resulting to a patient from a planned surgical procedure, where the damage is not a recognized specific risk, as disclosed to the patient and documented through the informed-consent process; or
- (h) The performance of procedures to remove unplanned foreign objects remaining from a surgical procedure.
- The agency may grant extensions to this reporting requirement for more than 15 days upon justification submitted in writing

by the facility administrator to the agency. The agency may require an additional, final report. These reports shall not 3 be available to the public pursuant to s. 119.07(1) or any other law providing access to public records, nor be 4 5 discoverable or admissible in any civil or administrative action, except in disciplinary proceedings by the agency or 6 7 the appropriate regulatory board, nor shall they be available 8 to the public as part of the record of investigation for and prosecution in disciplinary proceedings made available to the public by the agency or the appropriate regulatory board. 10 11 However, the agency or the appropriate regulatory board shall make available, upon written request by a health care 12 13 professional against whom probable cause has been found, any 14 such records which form the basis of the determination of probable cause. The agency may investigate, as it deems 15 16 appropriate, any such incident and prescribe measures that must or may be taken in response to the incident. The agency 17 shall review each incident and determine whether it 18 potentially involved conduct by the health care professional 19 20 who is subject to disciplinary action, in which case the provisions of s. 456.073 shall apply. 21

(9) The agency shall publish on the agency's website, no less than quarterly, a summary and trend analysis of adverse incident reports received pursuant to this section, which shall not include information that would identify the patient, the reporting facility, or the health care practitioners involved. The agency shall publish on the agency's website an annual summary and trend analysis of all adverse incident reports and malpractice claims information provided by facilities in their annual reports, which shall not include information that would identify the patient, the

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reporting facility, or the practitioners involved. The purpose of the publication of the summary and trend analysis is to promote the rapid dissemination of information relating to adverse incidents and malpractice claims to assist in avoidance of similar incidents and reduce morbidity and mortality.

 $\underline{(10)}$  (9) The internal risk manager of each licensed facility shall:

- (a) Investigate every allegation of sexual misconduct which is made against a member of the facility's personnel who has direct patient contact, when the allegation is that the sexual misconduct occurred at the facility or on the grounds of the facility.
- (b) Report every allegation of sexual misconduct to the administrator of the licensed facility.
- (c) Notify the family or guardian of the victim, if a minor, that an allegation of sexual misconduct has been made and that an investigation is being conducted.
- (d) Report to the Department of Health every allegation of sexual misconduct, as defined in chapter 456 and the respective practice act, by a licensed health care practitioner that involves a patient.
- $\underline{(11)}\overline{(10)}$  Any witness who witnessed or who possesses actual knowledge of the act that is the basis of an allegation of sexual abuse shall:
  - (a) Notify the local police; and
- (b) Notify the hospital risk manager and the administrator.

For purposes of this subsection, "sexual abuse" means acts of a sexual nature committed for the sexual gratification of

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anyone upon, or in the presence of, a vulnerable adult, without the vulnerable adult's informed consent, or a minor. "Sexual abuse" includes, but is not limited to, the acts defined in s. 794.011(1)(h), fondling, exposure of a vulnerable adult's or minor's sexual organs, or the use of the vulnerable adult or minor to solicit for or engage in prostitution or sexual performance. "Sexual abuse" does not include any act intended for a valid medical purpose or any act which may reasonably be construed to be a normal caregiving action.

(12)<del>(11)</del> A person who, with malice or with intent to discredit or harm a licensed facility or any person, makes a false allegation of sexual misconduct against a member of a licensed facility's personnel is guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

(13)<del>(12)</del> In addition to any penalty imposed pursuant to this section, the agency shall require a written plan of correction from the facility. For a single incident or series of isolated incidents that are nonwillful violations of the reporting requirements of this section, the agency shall first seek to obtain corrective action by the facility. If the correction is not demonstrated within the timeframe established by the agency or if there is a pattern of nonwillful violations of this section, the agency may impose an administrative fine, not to exceed \$5,000 for any violation of the reporting requirements of this section. The administrative fine for repeated nonwillful violations shall not exceed \$10,000 for any violation. The administrative fine for each intentional and willful violation may not exceed 31 | \$25,000 per violation, per day. The fine for an intentional

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and willful violation of this section may not exceed \$250,000. In determining the amount of fine to be levied, the agency shall be guided by s. 395.1065(2)(b). This subsection does not apply to the notice requirements under subsection (7).

(14)<del>(13)</del> The agency shall have access to all licensed facility records necessary to carry out the provisions of this section. The records obtained by the agency under subsection (6), subsection (8), or subsection(10) $\frac{(9)}{(9)}$  are not available to the public under s. 119.07(1), nor shall they be discoverable or admissible in any civil or administrative action, except in disciplinary proceedings by the agency or the appropriate regulatory board, nor shall records obtained pursuant to s. 456.071 be available to the public as part of the record of investigation for and prosecution in disciplinary proceedings made available to the public by the agency or the appropriate regulatory board. However, the agency or the appropriate regulatory board shall make available, upon written request by a health care professional against whom probable cause has been found, any such records which form the basis of the determination of probable cause, except that, with respect to medical review committee records, s. 766.101 controls.

(15)(14) The meetings of the committees and governing board of a licensed facility held solely for the purpose of achieving the objectives of risk management as provided by this section shall not be open to the public under the provisions of chapter 286. The records of such meetings are confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1), except as provided in subsection(14)(13).

 $\underline{\text{(16)}}$  (15) The agency shall review, as part of its licensure inspection process, the internal risk management

program at each licensed facility regulated by this section to determine whether the program meets standards established in statutes and rules, whether the program is being conducted in a manner designed to reduce adverse incidents, and whether the program is appropriately reporting incidents under this section subsections (5), (6), (7), and (8).

(17)(16) There shall be no monetary liability on the part of, and no cause of action for damages shall arise against, any risk manager, licensed under s. 395.10974 part IX of chapter 626, for the implementation and oversight of the internal risk management program in a facility licensed under this chapter or chapter 390 as required by this section, for any act or proceeding undertaken or performed within the scope of the functions of such internal risk management program if the risk manager acts without intentional fraud.

(18) A privilege against civil liability is hereby granted to any licensed risk manager or licensed facility with regard to information furnished pursuant to this chapter, unless the licensed risk manager or facility acted in bad faith or with malice in providing such information.

(19)(17) If the agency, through its receipt of any reports required under this section the annual reports prescribed in subsection (6) or through any investigation, has a reasonable belief that conduct by a staff member or employee of a licensed facility is grounds for disciplinary action by the appropriate regulatory board, the agency shall report this fact to such regulatory board.

(18) The agency shall annually publish a report summarizing the information contained in the annual incident reports submitted by licensed facilities pursuant to subsection (6) and disciplinary actions reported to the agency

1 pursuant to s. 395.0193. The report must, at a minimum, 2 summarize: 3 (a) Adverse incidents, by category of reported 4 incident, and by type of professional involved. 5 (b) Types of malpractice claims filed, by type of 6 professional involved. 7 (c) Disciplinary actions taken against professionals, 8 by type of professional involved. 9 (20) It shall be unlawful for any person to coerce, intimidate, or preclude a risk manager from lawfully executing 10 11 his or her reporting obligations pursuant to this chapter. 12 Such unlawful action shall be subject to civil monetary 13 penalties not to exceed \$10,000 per violation. Section 4. Section 395.10972, Florida Statutes, is 14 15 amended to read: 395.10972 Health Care Risk Manager Advisory 16 Council. -- The Secretary of Health Care Administration may 17 appoint a seven-member five-member advisory council to advise 18 19 the agency on matters pertaining to health care risk managers. 20 The members of the council shall serve at the pleasure of the secretary. The council shall designate a chair. The council 21 22 shall meet at the call of the secretary or at those times as may be required by rule of the agency. The members of the 23 advisory council shall receive no compensation for their 24 25 services, but shall be reimbursed for travel expenses as provided in s. 112.061. The council shall consist of 26 27 individuals representing the following areas: 28 (1) Two shall be active health care risk managers, 29 including one risk manager who is recommended by and a member of the Florida Society of Healthcare Risk Management. 30 31 (2) One shall be an active hospital administrator.

- (3) One shall be an employee of an insurer or self-insurer of medical malpractice coverage.
- (4) One shall be a representative of the health-care-consuming public.
- (5) Two shall be licensed health care practitioners, one of whom shall be licensed as a physician under chapter 458 or chapter 459.

Section 5. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 395.701, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

395.701 Annual assessments on net operating revenues for inpatient and outpatient services to fund public medical assistance; administrative fines for failure to pay assessments when due; exemption. --

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(b) There is imposed upon each hospital an assessment in an amount equal to 1 percent of the annual net operating revenue for outpatient services for each hospital, such revenue to be determined by the agency, based on the actual experience of the hospital as reported to the agency. While prior year report worksheets may be reconciled to the hospital's audited financial statements, no additional audited financial components may be required for the purposes of determining the amount of the assessment imposed pursuant to this section other than those in effect on July 1, 2000. Within 6 months after the end of each hospital fiscal year, the agency shall certify the amount of the assessment for each hospital. The assessment shall be payable to and collected by the agency in equal quarterly amounts, on or before the first day of each calendar quarter, beginning with the first full calendar quarter that occurs after the agency certifies the 31 amount of the assessment for each hospital. All moneys

 collected pursuant to this subsection shall be deposited into the Public Medical Assistance Trust Fund.

Section 6. Subsections (7) through (11) of section 456.013, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (8) through (12), respectively, and a new subsection (7) is added to said section to read:

456.013 Department; general licensing provisions.--

(7) The boards, or the department when there is no board, shall require the completion of a 2-hour course relating to prevention of medical errors as part of the licensure and renewal process. The 2-hour course shall count towards the total number of continuing education hours required for the profession. The course shall be approved by the board or department, as appropriate, and shall include a study of root-cause analysis, error reduction and prevention, and patient safety. If the course is being offered by a facility licensed pursuant to chapter 395 for its employees, the board may approve up to 1 hour of the 2-hour course to be specifically related to error reduction and prevention methods used in that facility.

Section 7. Subsection (19) is added to section 456.057, Florida Statutes, to read:

456.057 Ownership and control of patient records; report or copies of records to be furnished.--

(19) The board, or department when there is no board, may temporarily or permanently appoint a person or entity as a custodian of medical records in the event of the death of a practitioner, the mental or physical incapacitation of the practitioner, or the abandonment of medical records by a practitioner. The custodian appointed shall comply with all

provisions of this section, including the release of patient records.

Section 8. Subsection (3) is added to section 456.063, Florida Statutes, to read:

456.063 Sexual misconduct; disqualification for license, certificate, or registration; reports of allegation of sexual misconduct.--

(3) Licensed health care practitioners shall report allegations of sexual misconduct to the department, regardless of the practice setting in which the alleged sexual misconduct occurred.

Section 9. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 456.072, Florida Statutes, is amended, paragraphs (aa) and (bb) are added to said subsection, paragraphs (c) and (d) of subsection (2) and subsection (4) are amended, and paragraphs (i) and (j) are added to subsection (2) of said section, to read:

456.072 Grounds for discipline; penalties; enforcement.--

- (1) The following acts shall constitute grounds for which the disciplinary actions specified in subsection (2) may be taken:
- (c) Being convicted or found guilty of, or entering a plea of <u>guilty or</u> nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a crime in any jurisdiction which relates to the practice of, or the ability to practice, a licensee's profession.
- (aa) Performing or attempting to perform health care services on the wrong patient, a wrong-site procedure, a wrong procedure, or an unauthorized procedure or a procedure that is medically unnecessary or otherwise unrelated to the patient's

diagnosis or medical condition. For the purposes of this paragraph, performing or attempting to perform health care services includes the preparation of the patient.

- (bb) Leaving a foreign body in a patient, such as a sponge, clamp, forceps, surgical needle, or other paraphernalia commonly used in surgical, examination, or other diagnostic procedures. For the purposes of this paragraph, it shall be legally presumed that retention of a foreign body is not in the best interest of the patient and is not within the standard of care of the profession, regardless of the intent of the professional.
- (2) When the board, or the department when there is no board, finds any person guilty of the grounds set forth in subsection (1) or of any grounds set forth in the applicable practice act, including conduct constituting a substantial violation of subsection (1) or a violation of the applicable practice act which occurred prior to obtaining a license, it may enter an order imposing one or more of the following penalties:
- (c) Restriction of practice or license, including, but not limited to, restricting the licensee from practicing in certain settings, restricting the licensee to work only under designated conditions or in certain settings, restricting the licensee from performing or providing designated clinical and administrative services, restricting the licensee from practicing more than a designated number of hours, or any other restriction found to be necessary for the protection of the public health, safety, and welfare.
- (d) Imposition of an administrative fine not to exceed \$10,000 for each count or separate offense. If the violation is for fraud or making a false or fraudulent representation,

the board, or the department if there is no board, must impose a fine of \$10,000 per count or offense.

- (i) Refund of fees billed and collected from the patient or a third party on behalf of the patient.
- (j) Requirement that the practitioner undergo remedial education.

In determining what action is appropriate, the board, or department when there is no board, must first consider what sanctions are necessary to protect the public or to compensate the patient. Only after those sanctions have been imposed may the disciplining authority consider and include in the order requirements designed to rehabilitate the practitioner. All costs associated with compliance with orders issued under this subsection are the obligation of the practitioner.

pursuant to this section or discipline imposed for a violation of any practice act, the board, or the department when there is no board, shall may assess costs related to the investigation and prosecution of the case. In any case where the board or the department imposes a fine or assessment and the fine or assessment is not paid within a reasonable time, such reasonable time to be prescribed in the rules of the board, or the department when there is no board, or in the order assessing such fines or costs, the department or the Department of Legal Affairs may contract for the collection of, or bring a civil action to recover, the fine or assessment.

Section 10. Paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (9) of section 456.073, Florida Statutes, are amended, and,

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effective upon this act becoming a law, subsection (13) is added to said section, to read:

456.073 Disciplinary proceedings.--Disciplinary proceedings for each board shall be within the jurisdiction of the department.

- (9)(a) The department shall periodically notify the person who filed the complaint, as well as the patient or the patient's legal representative, of the status of the investigation, indicating whether probable cause has been found and the status of any civil action or administrative proceeding or appeal.
- (c) In any disciplinary case for which probable cause is not found, the department shall so inform the person who filed the complaint and notify that person that he or she may, within 60 days, provide any additional information to the department probable cause panel which may be relevant to the decision. To facilitate the provision of additional information, the person who filed the complaint may receive, upon request, a copy of the department's expert report that supported the recommendation for closure, if such a report was relied upon by the department. In no way does this require the department to procure an expert opinion or report if none was used. Additionally, the identity of the expert shall remain confidential. In any administrative proceeding under s. 120.57, the person who filed the disciplinary complaint shall have the right to present oral or written communication relating to the alleged disciplinary violations or to the appropriate penalty.
- (13) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, an administrative complaint against a licensee shall be filed within 6 years after the time of the incident or

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occurrence giving rise to the complaint against the licensee.
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   If such incident or occurrence involved criminal actions,
   diversion of controlled substances, sexual misconduct, or
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   impairment by the licensee, this subsection does not apply to
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   bar initiation of an investigation or filing of an
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   administrative complaint beyond the 6-year timeframe. In those
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   cases covered by this subsection in which it can be shown that
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   fraud, concealment, or intentional misrepresentation of fact
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   prevented the discovery of the violation of law, the period of
   limitations is extended forward, but in no event to exceed 12
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   years after the time of the incident or occurrence.
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           Section 11. Subsection (1) of section 456.074, Florida
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   Statutes, is amended to read:
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           456.074 Certain health care practitioners; immediate
   suspension of license. --
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           (1) The department shall issue an emergency order
   suspending the license of any person licensed under chapter
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   458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, chapter 462,
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   chapter 463, chapter 464, chapter 465, chapter 466, or chapter
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   484 who pleads guilty to, is convicted or found guilty of, or
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   who enters a plea of nolo contendere to, regardless of
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   adjudication, a felony under chapter 409, chapter 817, or
   chapter 893 or under 21 U.S.C. ss. 801-970 or under 42 U.S.C.
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   ss. 1395-1396.
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           Section 12. Subsections (2) and (6) of section
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   456.077, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
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           456.077 Authority to issue citations.--
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           (2) The board, or the department if there is no board,
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   shall adopt rules designating violations for which a citation
   may be issued. Such rules shall designate as citation
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31 violations those violations for which there is no substantial

threat to the public health, safety, and welfare. Violations for which a citation may be issued shall include violations of continuing education requirements, failure to timely pay required fees and fines, failure to comply with the requirements of ss. 381.026 and 381.0261 regarding the dissemination of information regarding patient rights, failure to comply with advertising requirements, failure to timely update practitioner profile and credentialing files, failure to display signs, licenses, and permits, failure to have required reference books available, and all other violations that do not pose a direct and serious threat to the health and safety of the patient.

(6) A board <del>created on or after January 1, 1992,</del> has 6 months in which to enact rules designating violations and penalties appropriate for citation offenses. Failure to enact such rules gives the department exclusive authority to adopt rules as required for implementing this section. A board has continuous authority to amend its rules adopted pursuant to this section.

Section 13. Section 456.081, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

456.081 Publication of information.--The department and the boards shall have the authority to advise licensees periodically, through the publication of a newsletter, about information that the department or the board determines is of interest to the industry. The department and the boards shall maintain a website which contains copies of the newsletter; information relating to adverse incident reports without identifying the patient, practitioner, or facility in which the adverse incident occurred until 10 days after probable cause is found, at which time the name of the practitioner and

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facility shall become public as part of the investigative file; information about error prevention and safety strategies; and information concerning best practices. Unless otherwise prohibited by law, the department and the boards shall publish on the website a summary of final orders entered after July 1, 2001, resulting in disciplinary action fines, suspensions, or revocations, and any other information the department or the board determines is of interest to the public. In order to provide useful and timely information at minimal cost, the department and boards may consult with, and include information provided by, professional associations and national organizations.

Section 14. Section 458.3147, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

458.3147 Medical school eligibility of military academy students or graduates .-- Any Florida resident who is a student at or a graduate of any of the four United States military academies who qualifies for assignment to the Medical Corps of the United States military shall be considered eligible for admission to any medical school in the State University System. All application fees shall be waived or refunded.

Section 15. Subsection (9) of section 458.331, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

458.331 Grounds for disciplinary action; action by the board and department. --

(9) When an investigation of a physician is undertaken, the department shall promptly furnish to the physician or the physician's attorney a copy of the complaint or document which resulted in the initiation of the 31 investigation. For purposes of this subsection, such

documents include, but are not limited to: the pertinent 1 2 portions of an annual report submitted to the department 3 pursuant to s. 395.0197(6); a report of an adverse incident which is provided to the department pursuant to s. 4 5 395.0197<del>(8)</del>; a report of peer review disciplinary action submitted to the department pursuant to s. 395.0193(4) or s. 6 7 458.337, providing that the investigations, proceedings, and 8 records relating to such peer review disciplinary action shall continue to retain their privileged status even as to the licensee who is the subject of the investigation, as provided 10 11 by ss. 395.0193(8) and 458.337(3); a report of a closed claim submitted pursuant to s. 627.912; a presuit notice submitted 12 13 pursuant to s. 766.106(2); and a petition brought under the 14 Florida Birth-Related Neurological Injury Compensation Plan, pursuant to s. 766.305(2). The physician may submit a written 15 16 response to the information contained in the complaint or document which resulted in the initiation of the investigation 17 within 45 days after service to the physician of the complaint 18 or document. The physician's written response shall be 19 20 considered by the probable cause panel.

Section 16. Subsection (9) of section 459.015, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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459.015 Grounds for disciplinary action; action by the board and department. --

(9) When an investigation of an osteopathic physician is undertaken, the department shall promptly furnish to the osteopathic physician or his or her attorney a copy of the complaint or document which resulted in the initiation of the investigation. For purposes of this subsection, such documents include, but are not limited to: the pertinent portions of an 31 annual report submitted to the department pursuant to s.

395.0197(6); a report of an adverse incident which is provided 1 2 to the department pursuant to s.  $395.0197 \frac{(8)}{(8)}$ ; a report of peer 3 review disciplinary action submitted to the department pursuant to s. 395.0193(4) or s. 459.016, provided that the 4 5 investigations, proceedings, and records relating to such peer 6 review disciplinary action shall continue to retain their 7 privileged status even as to the licensee who is the subject 8 of the investigation, as provided by ss. 395.0193(8) and 459.016(3); a report of a closed claim submitted pursuant to 9 s. 627.912; a presuit notice submitted pursuant to s. 10 11 766.106(2); and a petition brought under the Florida Birth-Related Neurological Injury Compensation Plan, pursuant 12 13 to s. 766.305(2). The osteopathic physician may submit a 14 written response to the information contained in the complaint or document which resulted in the initiation of the 15 investigation within 45 days after service to the osteopathic 16 physician of the complaint or document. The osteopathic 17 physician's written response shall be considered by the 18 19 probable cause panel.

Section 17. Subsection (5) of section 465.019, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

465.019 Institutional pharmacies; permits.--

(5) All institutional pharmacies shall be under the professional supervision of a consultant pharmacist, and the compounding and dispensing of medicinal drugs shall be done only by a licensed pharmacist. Every institutional pharmacy that employs or otherwise utilizes pharmacy technicians shall have a written policy and procedures manual specifying those duties, tasks, and functions which a pharmacy technician is allowed to perform.

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1 Section 18. Section 465.0196, Florida Statutes, is 2 amended to read: 3 465.0196 Special pharmacy permits. -- Any person 4 desiring a permit to operate a pharmacy which does not fall 5 within the definitions set forth in s. 465.003(11)(a)1., 2., 6 and 3. shall apply to the department for a special pharmacy 7 permit. If the board certifies that the application complies 8 with the applicable laws and rules of the board governing the practice of the profession of pharmacy, the department shall 9 issue the permit. No permit shall be issued unless a licensed 10 11 pharmacist is designated to undertake the professional 12 supervision of the compounding and dispensing of all drugs 13 dispensed by the pharmacy. The licensed pharmacist shall be 14 responsible for maintaining all drug records and for providing for the security of the area in the facility in which the 15 16 compounding, storing, and dispensing of medicinal drugs occurs. The permittee shall notify the department within 10 17 days of any change of the licensed pharmacist responsible for 18 such duties. Every permittee that employs or otherwise 19 20 utilizes pharmacy technicians shall have a written policy and procedures manual specifying those duties, tasks, and 21 22 functions which a pharmacy technician is allowed to perform. Section 19. The Department of Health and the Agency 23 24 for Health Care Administration shall conduct a review of all 25 statutorily imposed reporting requirements for health care 26 practitioners and health facilities. The department and the 27 agency shall report back to the Legislature on or before 28 November 1, 2001, with recommendations and suggested statutory 29 changes to streamline reporting requirements to avoid duplicative, overlapping, and unnecessary reports or data 30 elements.

Section 20. Paragraph (r) is added to subsection (1) of section 468.1755, Florida Statutes, and, for the purpose of incorporating the amendment to section 456.072(1), Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of said section is reenacted, to read:

468.1755 Disciplinary proceedings.--

- (1) The following acts shall constitute grounds for which the disciplinary actions in subsection (2) may be taken:
- (a) Violation of any provision of s. 456.072(1) or s. 468.1745(1).
- (r) Failing to implement an ongoing quality assurance program directed by an interdisciplinary team that meets at least every other month.
- (2) When the board finds any nursing home administrator guilty of any of the grounds set forth in subsection (1), it may enter an order imposing one or more of the following penalties:
  - (a) Denial of an application for licensure.
  - (b) Revocation or suspension of a license.
- (c) Imposition of an administrative fine not to exceed \$1,000 for each count or separate offense.
  - (d) Issuance of a reprimand.
- (e) Placement of the licensee on probation for a period of time and subject to such conditions as the board may specify, including requiring the licensee to attend continuing education courses or to work under the supervision of another licensee.
  - (f) Restriction of the authorized scope of practice.
- Section 21. For the purpose of incorporating the
  amendment to section 468.1755(1), Florida Statutes, in
  reference thereto, subsection (3) of section 468.1695, Florida

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Statutes, and section 468.1735, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

468.1695 Licensure by examination. --

(3) The department shall issue a license to practice nursing home administration to any applicant who successfully completes the examination in accordance with this section and otherwise meets the requirements of this part. The department shall not issue a license to any applicant who is under investigation in this state or another jurisdiction for an offense which would constitute a violation of s. 468.1745 or s. 468.1755. Upon completion of the investigation, the provisions of s. 468.1755 shall apply.

468.1735 Provisional license. -- The board may establish by rule requirements for issuance of a provisional license. provisional license shall be issued only to fill a position of nursing home administrator that unexpectedly becomes vacant due to illness, sudden death of the administrator, or abandonment of position and shall be issued for one single period as provided by rule not to exceed 6 months. department shall not issue a provisional license to any applicant who is under investigation in this state or another jurisdiction for an offense which would constitute a violation of s. 468.1745 or s. 468.1755. Upon completion of the investigation, the provisions of s. 468.1755 shall apply. The provisional license may be issued to a person who does not meet all of the licensing requirements established by this part, but the board shall by rule establish minimal requirements to ensure protection of the public health, safety, and welfare. The provisional license shall be issued to the person who is designated as the responsible person next in command in the event of the administrator's departure.

board may set an application fee not to exceed \$500 for a provisional license.

Section 22. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment to section 456.072(1), Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 484.056, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

484.056 Disciplinary proceedings.--

- (1) The following acts relating to the practice of dispensing hearing aids shall be grounds for both disciplinary action against a hearing aid specialist as set forth in this section and cease and desist or other related action by the department as set forth in s. 456.065 against any person owning or operating a hearing aid establishment who engages in, aids, or abets any such violation:
- (a) Violation of any provision of s. 456.072(1), s. 484.0512, or s. 484.053.

Section 23. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1), paragraph (a) of subsection (7), and subsection (8) of section 766.101, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

766.101 Medical review committee, immunity from liability.--

- (1) As used in this section:
- (a) The term "medical review committee" or "committee"
  means:
- 1.a. A committee of a hospital or ambulatory surgical center licensed under chapter 395 or a health maintenance organization certificated under part I of chapter 641,
- b. A committee of a physician-hospital organization, a provider-sponsored organization, or an integrated delivery system,

- c. A committee of a state or local professional society of health care providers,
- d. A committee of a medical staff of a licensed hospital or nursing home, provided the medical staff operates pursuant to written bylaws that have been approved by the governing board of the hospital or nursing home,
- e. A committee of the Department of Corrections or the Correctional Medical Authority as created under s. 945.602, or employees, agents, or consultants of either the department or the authority or both,
- f. A committee of a professional service corporation formed under chapter 621 or a corporation organized under chapter 607 or chapter 617, which is formed and operated for the practice of medicine as defined in s. 458.305(3), and which has at least 25 health care providers who routinely provide health care services directly to patients,
- g. A committee of a mental health treatment facility licensed under chapter 394 or a community mental health center as defined in s. 394.907, provided the quality assurance program operates pursuant to the guidelines which have been approved by the governing board of the agency,
- h. A committee of a substance abuse treatment and education prevention program licensed under chapter 397 provided the quality assurance program operates pursuant to the guidelines which have been approved by the governing board of the agency,
- i. A peer review or utilization review committee organized under chapter 440,  $\frac{}{\text{or}}$
- j. A committee of the Department of Health, a county health department, healthy start coalition, or certified rural

health network, when reviewing quality of care, or employees of these entities when reviewing mortality records, or

k. A continuous quality improvement committee of a pharmacy licensed pursuant to chapter 465,

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> which committee is formed to evaluate and improve the quality of health care rendered by providers of health service or to determine that health services rendered were professionally indicated or were performed in compliance with the applicable standard of care or that the cost of health care rendered was considered reasonable by the providers of professional health services in the area; or

- 2. A committee of an insurer, self-insurer, or joint underwriting association of medical malpractice insurance, or other persons conducting review under s. 766.106.
- (7)(a) It is the intent of the Legislature to encourage medical review committees to contribute further to the quality of health care in this state by reviewing complaints against physicians in the manner described in this paragraph. Accordingly, the Department of Health Business and Professional Regulation may enter into a letter of agreement with a professional society of physicians licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, under which agreement the medical or peer review committees of the professional society will conduct a review of any complaint or case referred to the society by the department which involves a question as to whether a physician's actions represented a breach of the prevailing professional standard of care. The prevailing professional standard of care is that level of care, skill, and treatment which, in light of all relevant surrounding 31 circumstances, is recognized as acceptable and appropriate by

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30 31 reasonably prudent similar health care providers. The letter of agreement must specify that the professional society will submit an advisory report to the department within a reasonable time following the department's written and appropriately supported request to the professional society. The advisory report, which is not binding upon the department, constitutes the professional opinion of the medical review committee and must include:

- 1. A statement of relevant factual findings.
- 2. The judgment of the committee as to whether the physician's actions represented a breach of the prevailing professional standard of care.
- (8) No cause of action of any nature by a person licensed pursuant to chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 461, chapter 463, part I of chapter 464, chapter 465, or chapter 466 shall arise against another person licensed pursuant to chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 461, chapter 463, part I of chapter 464, chapter 465, or chapter 466 for furnishing information to a duly appointed medical review committee, to an internal risk management program established under s. 395.0197, to the Department of Health or the Agency for Health Care Administration Business and Professional Regulation, or to the appropriate regulatory board if the information furnished concerns patient care at a facility licensed pursuant to part I of chapter 395 where both persons provide health care services, if the information is not intentionally fraudulent, and if the information is within the scope of the functions of the committee, department, or board. However, if such information is otherwise available from original sources, it is not immune from discovery or use in a civil action

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merely because it was presented during a proceeding of the committee, department, or board.

Section 24. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment to section 766.101(1)(a), Florida Statutes, in references thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 440.105, Florida Statutes, and subsection (6) of section 626.989, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

440.105 Prohibited activities; reports; penalties; limitations.--

(1)(a) Any insurance carrier, any individual self-insured, any commercial or group self-insurance fund, any professional practitioner licensed or regulated by the Department of Business and Professional Regulation, except as otherwise provided by law, any medical review committee as defined in s. 766.101, any private medical review committee, and any insurer, agent, or other person licensed under the insurance code, or any employee thereof, having knowledge or who believes that a fraudulent act or any other act or practice which, upon conviction, constitutes a felony or misdemeanor under this chapter is being or has been committed shall send to the Division of Insurance Fraud, Bureau of Workers' Compensation Fraud, a report or information pertinent to such knowledge or belief and such additional information relative thereto as the bureau may require. The bureau shall review such information or reports and select such information or reports as, in its judgment, may require further investigation. It shall then cause an independent examination of the facts surrounding such information or report to be made to determine the extent, if any, to which a fraudulent act or any other act or practice which, upon conviction, constitutes 31 | a felony or a misdemeanor under this chapter is being

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committed. The bureau shall report any alleged violations of law which its investigations disclose to the appropriate licensing agency and state attorney or other prosecuting agency having jurisdiction with respect to any such violations of this chapter. If prosecution by the state attorney or other prosecuting agency having jurisdiction with respect to such violation is not begun within 60 days of the bureau's report, the state attorney or other prosecuting agency having jurisdiction with respect to such violation shall inform the bureau of the reasons for the lack of prosecution.

626.989 Investigation by department or Division of Insurance Fraud; compliance; immunity; confidential information; reports to division; division investigator's power of arrest. --

(6) Any person, other than an insurer, agent, or other person licensed under the code, or an employee thereof, having knowledge or who believes that a fraudulent insurance act or any other act or practice which, upon conviction, constitutes a felony or a misdemeanor under the code, or under s. 817.234, is being or has been committed may send to the Division of Insurance Fraud a report or information pertinent to such knowledge or belief and such additional information relative thereto as the department may request. Any professional practitioner licensed or regulated by the Department of Business and Professional Regulation, except as otherwise provided by law, any medical review committee as defined in s. 766.101, any private medical review committee, and any insurer, agent, or other person licensed under the code, or an employee thereof, having knowledge or who believes that a fraudulent insurance act or any other act or practice which, 31 upon conviction, constitutes a felony or a misdemeanor under

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the code, or under s. 817.234, is being or has been committed 1 shall send to the Division of Insurance Fraud a report or information pertinent to such knowledge or belief and such additional information relative thereto as the department may require. The Division of Insurance Fraud shall review such information or reports and select such information or reports as, in its judgment, may require further investigation. It shall then cause an independent examination of the facts surrounding such information or report to be made to determine the extent, if any, to which a fraudulent insurance act or any other act or practice which, upon conviction, constitutes a felony or a misdemeanor under the code, or under s. 817.234, 12 13 is being committed. The Division of Insurance Fraud shall 14 report any alleged violations of law which its investigations disclose to the appropriate licensing agency and state 15 16 attorney or other prosecuting agency having jurisdiction with respect to any such violation, as provided in s. 624.310. If 17 18 prosecution by the state attorney or other prosecuting agency having jurisdiction with respect to such violation is not 19 begun within 60 days of the division's report, the state attorney or other prosecuting agency having jurisdiction with respect to such violation shall inform the division of the reasons for the lack of prosecution. 23

Section 25. Paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section 766.1115, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

766.1115 Health care providers; creation of agency relationship with governmental contractors. --

(4) CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS. -- A health care provider that executes a contract with a governmental contractor to deliver health care services on or after April 17, 1992, as an 31 agent of the governmental contractor is an agent for purposes

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of s. 768.28(9), while acting within the scope of duties pursuant to the contract, if the contract complies with the requirements of this section and regardless of whether the individual treated is later found to be ineligible. A health care provider under contract with the state may not be named as a defendant in any action arising out of the medical care or treatment provided on or after April 17, 1992, pursuant to contracts entered into under this section. The contract must provide that:

(c) Adverse incidents and information on treatment outcomes must be reported by any health care provider to the governmental contractor if such incidents and information pertain to a patient treated pursuant to the contract. The health care provider shall submit the reports required by s. 395.0197 annually submit an adverse incident report that includes all information required by s. 395.0197(6)(a), unless the adverse incident involves a result described by s. 395.0197(8), in which case it shall be reported within 15 days after the occurrence of such incident. If an incident involves a professional licensed by the Department of Health or a facility licensed by the Agency for Health Care Administration, the governmental contractor shall submit such incident reports to the appropriate department or agency, which shall review each incident and determine whether it involves conduct by the licensee that is subject to disciplinary action. All patient medical records and any identifying information contained in adverse incident reports and treatment outcomes which are obtained by governmental entities pursuant to this paragraph are confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.

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Section 26. Section 456.047, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

456.047 Standardized credentialing for health care practitioners.--

(1) INTENT. -- The Legislature recognizes that an efficient and effective health care practitioner credentialing program helps to ensure access to quality health care and also recognizes that health care practitioner credentialing activities have increased significantly as a result of health care reform and recent changes in health care delivery and reimbursement systems. Moreover, the resulting duplication of health care practitioner credentialing activities is unnecessarily costly and cumbersome for both the practitioner and the entity granting practice privileges. Therefore, it is the intent of this section that a credentials collection program be established which provides that, once a health care practitioner's core credentials data are collected, they need not be collected again, except for corrections, updates, and modifications thereto. Furthermore, it is the intent of the Legislature that the department and all entities and practitioners work cooperatively to ensure the integrity and accuracy of the program.Participation under this section shall include those individuals licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, or s. 464.012. However, the department shall, with the approval of the applicable board, include other professions under the jurisdiction of the Division of Medical Quality Assurance in this program, provided they meet the requirements of s. 456.039 or s. 456.0391.

(2) DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section, the term:

- (a) "Certified" or "accredited," as applicable, means approved by a quality assessment program, from the National Committee for Quality Assurance, the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations, the American Accreditation HealthCare Commission/URAC, or any such other nationally recognized and accepted organization authorized by the department, used to assess and certify any credentials verification program, entity, or organization that verifies the credentials of any health care practitioner.
- (b) "Core credentials data" means data that is primary source verified and includes the following data: current name, any former name, and any alias, any professional education, professional training, licensure, current Drug Enforcement Administration certification, social security number, specialty board certification, Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates certification, and hospital or other institutional affiliations, evidence of professional liability coverage or evidence of financial responsibility as required by s. 458.320, s. 459.0085, or s. 456.048, history of claims, suits, judgments, or settlements, final disciplinary action reported pursuant to s. 456.039(1)(a)8. or s. 456.0391(1)(a)8. The department may by rule designate additional core credentials data elements, and Medicare or Medicaid sanctions.
- (c) "Credential" or "credentialing" means the process of assessing and verifying the qualifications of a licensed health care practitioner or applicant for licensure as a health care practitioner.
- (d) "Credentials verification organization" means any organization certified or accredited as a credentials verification organization.

- (e) "Department" means the Department of Health, Division of Medical Quality Assurance.
- (f) "Designated credentials verification organization" means the credentials verification organization which is selected by the health care practitioner, if the health care practitioner chooses to make such a designation.
- (g) "Drug Enforcement Administration certification" means certification issued by the Drug Enforcement Administration for purposes of administration or prescription of controlled substances. Submission of such certification under this section must include evidence that the certification is current and must also include all current addresses to which the certificate is issued.
  - (h) "Health care entity" means:
- 1. Any health care facility or other health care organization licensed or certified to provide approved medical and allied health services in this state;
- 2. Any entity licensed by the Department of Insurance as a prepaid health care plan or health maintenance organization or as an insurer to provide coverage for health care services through a network of providers or similar organization licensed under chapter 627, chapter 636, chapter 641, or chapter 651; or
  - 3. Any accredited medical school in this state.
- (i) "Health care practitioner" means any person licensed, or, for credentialing purposes only, any person applying for licensure, under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, or s. 464.012 or any person licensed or applying for licensure under a chapter subsequently made subject to this section by the department with the approval of

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the applicable board, except a person registered or applying for registration pursuant to s. 458.345 or s. 459.021.

- (j) "Hospital or other institutional affiliations" means each hospital or other institution for which the health care practitioner or applicant has provided medical services. Submission of such information under this section must include, for each hospital or other institution, the name and address of the hospital or institution, the staff status of the health care practitioner or applicant at that hospital or institution, and the dates of affiliation with that hospital or institution.
- (j) (k) "National accrediting organization" means an organization that awards accreditation or certification to hospitals, managed care organizations, credentials verification organizations, or other health care organizations, including, but not limited to, the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations, the American Accreditation HealthCare Commission/URAC, and the National Committee for Quality Assurance.
- "Primary source verification" means verification of professional qualifications based on evidence obtained directly from the issuing source of the applicable qualification or from any other source deemed as a primary source for such verification by the department or an accrediting body approved by the department.
- (1)"Professional training" means any internship, residency, or fellowship relating to the profession for which the health care practitioner is licensed or seeking licensure.
- "Specialty board certification" means certification in a specialty issued by a specialty board 31 recognized by the board in this state that regulates the

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profession for which the health care practitioner is licensed or seeking licensure.

- (3) STANDARDIZED CREDENTIALS VERIFICATION PROGRAM. --
- (a) Every health care practitioner shall:
- 1. Report all core credentials data to the department which is not already on file with the department, either by designating a credentials verification organization to submit the data or by submitting the data directly.
- 2. Notify the department within 45 days of any corrections, updates, or modifications to the core credentials data either through his or her designated credentials verification organization or by submitting the data directly. Corrections, updates, and modifications to the core credentials data provided the department under this section shall comply with the updating requirements of s. 456.039(3) or s. 456.0391(3) related to profiling.
  - (b) The department shall:
- Maintain a complete, current file of applicable core credentials data on each health care practitioner, which shall include data provided in accordance with subparagraph (a)1. and all updates provided in accordance with subparagraph (a)2.
- 2. Release the core credentials data that is otherwise confidential or exempt from the provisions of chapter 119 and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution and any corrections, updates, and modifications thereto, if authorized by the health care practitioner.
- 3. Charge a fee to access the core credentials data, which may not exceed the actual cost, including prorated setup and operating costs, pursuant to the requirements of chapter 31 119.

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- Develop standardized forms to be used by the health care practitioner or designated credentials verification organization for the initial reporting of core credentials data, for the health care practitioner to authorize the release of core credentials data, and for the subsequent reporting of corrections, updates, and modifications thereto.
- (c) A registered credentials verification organization may be designated by a health care practitioner to assist the health care practitioner to comply with the requirements of subparagraph (a)2. A designated credentials verification organization shall:
- Timely comply with the requirements of subparagraph (a)2., pursuant to rules adopted by the department.
- Not provide the health care practitioner's core credentials data, including all corrections, updates, and modifications, without the authorization of the practitioner.
- This section shall not be construed to restrict in any way the authority of the health care entity to credential and to approve or deny an application for hospital staff membership, clinical privileges, or managed care network participation.
  - (4) DUPLICATION OF DATA PROHIBITED. --
- (a) A health care entity or credentials verification organization is prohibited from collecting or attempting to collect duplicate core credentials data from any health care practitioner if the information is available from the department. This section shall not be construed to restrict the right of any health care entity or credentials verification organization to collect additional information from the health care practitioner which is not included in the 31 core credentials data file. This section shall not be

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construed to prohibit a health care entity or credentials verification organization from obtaining all necessary attestation and release form signatures and dates.

- (b) Effective July 1, 2002, a state agency in this state which credentials health care practitioners may not collect or attempt to collect duplicate core credentials data from any individual health care practitioner if the information is already available from the department. This section shall not be construed to restrict the right of any such state agency to request additional information not included in the core credentials <del>credential</del> data file, but which is deemed necessary for the agency's specific credentialing purposes.
- (5) STANDARDS AND REGISTRATION. -- Any credentials verification organization that does business in this state must be fully accredited or certified as a credentials verification organization by a national accrediting organization as specified in paragraph (2)(a) and must register with the department. The department may charge a reasonable registration fee, not to exceed an amount sufficient to cover its actual expenses in providing and enforcing such registration. The department shall establish by rule for biennial renewal of such registration. Failure by a registered credentials verification organization to maintain full accreditation or certification, to provide data as authorized by the health care practitioner, to report to the department changes, updates, and modifications to a health care practitioner's records within the time period specified in subparagraph (3)(a)2., or to comply with the prohibition against collection of duplicate core credentials data from a 31 practitioner may result in denial of an application for

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renewal of registration or in revocation or suspension of a registration.

- (6) PRIMARY SOURCE VERIFIED DATA.--Health care entities and credentials verification organizations may rely upon any data that has been primary source verified by the department or its designee to meet primary source verification requirements of national accrediting organizations.
- (7)<del>(6)</del> LIABILITY.--No civil, criminal, or administrative action may be instituted, and there shall be no liability, against any registered credentials verification organization or health care entity on account of its reliance on any data obtained directly from the department.
- (8)<del>(7)</del> LIABILITY INSURANCE REQUIREMENTS.--Each credentials verification organization doing business in this state shall maintain liability insurance appropriate to meet the certification or accreditation requirements established in this section.
- (9) (8) RULES. -- The department shall adopt rules necessary to develop and implement the standardized core credentials data collection program established by this section.
- Section 27. Section 240.4075, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 240.4075 Nursing Student Loan Forgiveness Program. --
- (1) To encourage qualified personnel to seek employment in areas of this state in which critical nursing shortages exist, there is established the Nursing Student Loan Forgiveness Program. The primary function of the program is to increase employment and retention of registered nurses and licensed practical nurses in nursing homes and hospitals in 31 the state and in state-operated medical and health care

 facilities, <u>public schools</u>, birth centers, <u>and</u> federally sponsored community health centers <del>and teaching hospitals</del> by making repayments toward loans received by students from federal or state programs or commercial lending institutions for the support of postsecondary study in accredited or approved nursing programs.

- (2) To be eligible, a candidate must have graduated from an accredited or approved nursing program and have received a Florida license as a licensed practical nurse or a registered nurse or a Florida certificate as an advanced registered nurse practitioner.
- (3) Only loans to pay the costs of tuition, books, and living expenses shall be covered, at an amount not to exceed \$4,000 for each year of education towards the degree obtained.
- (4) Receipt of funds pursuant to this program shall be contingent upon continued proof of employment in the designated facilities in this state. Loan principal payments shall be made by the Department of <a href="Health Education">Health Education</a> directly to the federal or state programs or commercial lending institutions holding the loan as follows:
- (a) Twenty-five percent of the loan principal and accrued interest shall be retired after the first year of nursing;
- (b) Fifty percent of the loan principal and accrued interest shall be retired after the second year of nursing;
- (c) Seventy-five percent of the loan principal and accrued interest shall be retired after the third year of nursing; and
- (d) The remaining loan principal and accrued interest shall be retired after the fourth year of nursing.

In no case may payment for any nurse exceed \$4,000 in any 12-month period.

- Forgiveness Trust Fund to be administered by the Department of Health Education pursuant to this section and s. 240.4076 and department rules. The Comptroller shall authorize expenditures from the trust fund upon receipt of vouchers approved by the Department of Health Education. All moneys collected from the private health care industry and other private sources for the purposes of this section shall be deposited into the Nursing Student Loan Forgiveness Trust Fund. Any balance in the trust fund at the end of any fiscal year shall remain therein and shall be available for carrying out the purposes of this section and s. 240.4076.
- of chapter 464, there is hereby levied and imposed an additional fee of \$5, which fee shall be paid upon licensure or renewal of nursing licensure. Revenues collected from the fee imposed in this subsection shall be deposited in the Nursing Student Loan Forgiveness Trust Fund of the Department of <a href="Health Education">Health Education</a> and will be used solely for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this section and s. 240.4076. Up to 50 percent of the revenues appropriated to implement this subsection may be used for the nursing scholarship program established pursuant to s. 240.4076.
- (7)(a) Funds contained in the Nursing Student Loan Forgiveness Trust Fund which are to be used for loan forgiveness for those nurses employed by hospitals, birth centers, and nursing homes must be matched on a dollar-for-dollar basis by contributions from the employing institutions, except that this provision shall not apply to

state-operated medical and health care facilities, <u>public</u> <u>schools</u>, county health departments, federally sponsored community health centers, <del>or</del> teaching hospitals as defined in s. 408.07, family practice teaching hospitals as defined in s. 395.805, or specialty hospitals for children as used in s. 409.9119. If in any given fiscal quarter there are insufficient funds in the trust fund to grant all eligible applicant requests, awards shall be based on the following priority of employer: county health departments; federally sponsored community health centers; state-operated medical and health care facilities; public schools; teaching hospitals as defined in s. 408.07; family practice teaching hospitals as defined in s. 395.805; specialty hospitals for children as used in s. 409.9119; and other hospitals, birth centers, and nursing homes.

- (b) All Nursing Student Loan Forgiveness Trust Fund moneys shall be invested pursuant to s. 18.125. Interest income accruing to that portion of the trust fund not matched shall increase the total funds available for loan forgiveness and scholarships. Pledged contributions shall not be eligible for matching prior to the actual collection of the total private contribution for the year.
- (8) The Department of  $\underline{\text{Health}}$   $\underline{\text{Education}}$  may solicit technical assistance relating to the conduct of this program from the Department of Education  $\underline{\text{Health}}$ .
- (9) The Department of  $\underline{\text{Health}}$   $\underline{\text{Education}}$  is authorized to recover from the Nursing Student Loan Forgiveness Trust Fund its costs for administering the Nursing Student Loan Forgiveness Program.
- 30 (10) The Department of <u>Health</u> <del>Education</del> may adopt 31 rules necessary to administer this program.

(11) This section shall be implemented only as specifically funded.

Section 28. Section 240.4076, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

240.4076 Nursing scholarship program.--

- (1) There is established within the Department of <u>Health</u> Education a scholarship program for the purpose of attracting capable and promising students to the nursing profession.
- (2) A scholarship applicant shall be enrolled as a full-time or part-time student in the upper division of an approved nursing program leading to the award of a baccalaureate degree or graduate degree to qualify for a nursing faculty position or as an or any advanced registered nurse practitioner degree or be enrolled as a full-time or part-time student in an approved program leading to the award of an associate degree in nursing or a diploma in nursing.
- (3) A scholarship may be awarded for no more than 2 years, in an amount not to exceed \$8,000 per year. However, registered nurses pursuing a graduate degree for a faculty position or to practice as an advanced registered nurse practitioner degree may receive up to \$12,000 per year. Beginning July 1, 1998, these amounts shall be adjusted by the amount of increase or decrease in the consumer price index for urban consumers published by the United States Department of Commerce.
- (4) Credit for repayment of a scholarship shall be as follows:
- (a) For each full year of scholarship assistance, the recipient agrees to work for 12 months <u>in a faculty position</u> in a college of nursing or community college nursing program

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in this state or at a health care facility in a medically underserved area as approved by the Department of Health Education. Scholarship recipients who attend school on a part-time basis shall have their employment service obligation prorated in proportion to the amount of scholarship payments received.

- (b) Eligible health care facilities include nursing homes and hospitals in this state, state-operated medical or health care facilities, public schools, county health departments, federally sponsored community health centers, colleges of nursing in universities in this state, and community college nursing programs in this state or teaching hospitals as defined in s. 408.07. The recipient shall be encouraged to complete the service obligation at a single employment site. If continuous employment at the same site is not feasible, the recipient may apply to the department for a transfer to another approved health care facility.
- (c) Any recipient who does not complete an appropriate program of studies or who does not become licensed shall repay to the Department of Health Education, on a schedule to be determined by the department, the entire amount of the scholarship plus 18 percent interest accruing from the date of the scholarship payment. Moneys repaid shall be deposited into the Nursing Student Loan Forgiveness Trust Fund established in s. 240.4075. However, the department may provide additional time for repayment if the department finds that circumstances beyond the control of the recipient caused or contributed to the default.
- (d) Any recipient who does not accept employment as a nurse at an approved health care facility or who does not 31 complete 12 months of approved employment for each year of

scholarship assistance received shall repay to the Department of <a href="Health">Health</a> Education</a> an amount equal to two times the entire amount of the scholarship plus interest accruing from the date of the scholarship payment at the maximum allowable interest rate permitted by law. Repayment shall be made within 1 year of notice that the recipient is considered to be in default. However, the department may provide additional time for repayment if the department finds that circumstances beyond the control of the recipient caused or contributed to the default.

- (5) Scholarship payments shall be transmitted to the recipient upon receipt of documentation that the recipient is enrolled in an approved nursing program. The Department of <a href="Health Education">Health Education</a> shall develop a formula to prorate payments to scholarship recipients so as not to exceed the maximum amount per academic year.
- (6) The Department of  $\underline{\text{Health}}$   $\underline{\text{Education}}$  shall adopt rules, including rules to address extraordinary circumstances that may cause a recipient to default on either the school enrollment or employment contractual agreement, to implement this section and may solicit technical assistance relating to the conduct of this program from the Department of Health.
- (7) The Department of <u>Health</u> <u>Education</u> is authorized to recover from the Nursing Student Loan Forgiveness Trust Fund its costs for administering the nursing scholarship program.

Section 29. All powers, duties, and functions, rules, records, personnel, property, and unexpended balances of appropriations, allocations, or other funds of the Department of Education relating to the Nursing Student Loan Forgiveness Program and the nursing scholarship program are transferred by

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a type two transfer, as defined in s. 20.06(2), Florida Statutes, to the Department of Health.

Section 30. Effective July 1, 2003, section 464.005, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

464.005 Board headquarters. -- The board shall maintain its official headquarters in Tallahassee the city in which it has been domiciled for the past 5 years.

Section 31. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 464.008, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

464.008 Licensure by examination. --

- (1) Any person desiring to be licensed as a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse shall apply to the department to take the licensure examination. The department shall examine each applicant who:
- (a) Has completed the application form and remitted a fee set by the board not to exceed \$150 and has remitted an examination fee set by the board not to exceed \$75 plus the actual per applicant cost to the department for purchase of the examination from the National Council of State Boards of Nursing or a similar national organization.
- (b) Has provided sufficient information on or after October 1, 1989, which must be submitted by the department for a statewide criminal records correspondence check through the Department of Law Enforcement.
- (c) Is in good mental and physical health, is a recipient of a high school diploma or the equivalent, and has completed the requirements for graduation from an approved program, or its equivalent as determined by the board, for the preparation of registered nurses or licensed practical nurses, whichever is applicable. Courses successfully completed in a 31 professional nursing program which are at least equivalent to

 a practical nursing program may be used to satisfy the education requirements for licensure as a licensed practical nurse.

- (d) Has the ability to communicate in the English language, which may be determined by an examination given by the department.
- (2) Each applicant who passes the examination and provides proof of meeting the educational requirements specified in subsection (1)graduation from an approved nursing program shall, unless denied pursuant to s. 464.018, be entitled to licensure as a registered professional nurse or a licensed practical nurse, whichever is applicable.

Section 32. Section 464.009, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

464.009 Licensure by endorsement. --

- (1) The department shall issue the appropriate license by endorsement to practice professional or practical nursing to an applicant who, upon applying to the department and remitting a fee set by the board not to exceed \$100, demonstrates to the board that he or she:
- (a) Holds a valid license to practice professional or practical nursing in another state of the United States, provided that, when the applicant secured his or her original license, the requirements for licensure were substantially equivalent to or more stringent than those existing in Florida at that time; or
- (b) Meets the qualifications for licensure in s. 464.008 and has successfully completed a state, regional, or national examination which is substantially equivalent to or more stringent than the examination given by the department.

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- (2) Such examinations and requirements from other states shall be presumed to be substantially equivalent to or more stringent than those in this state. Such presumption shall not arise until January 1, 1980. However, the board may, by rule, specify states the examinations and requirements of which shall not be presumed to be substantially equivalent to those of this state.
- (3) The applicant must submit to the department a set of fingerprints on a form and under procedures specified by the department, along with a payment in an amount equal to the costs incurred by the Department of Health for the criminal background check of the applicant. The Department of Health shall submit the fingerprints provided by the applicant to the Florida Department of Law Enforcement for a statewide criminal history check, and the Florida Department of Law Enforcement shall forward the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a national criminal history check of the applicant. The Department of Health shall review the results of the criminal history check, issue a license to an applicant who has met all of the other requirements for licensure and has no criminal history, and shall refer all applicants with criminal histories back to the board for determination as to whether a license should be issued and under what conditions.
- (4) (3) The department shall not issue a license by endorsement to any applicant who is under investigation in another state for an act which would constitute a violation of this part or chapter 456 until such time as the investigation is complete, at which time the provisions of s. 464.018 shall apply.
- (5) The department shall develop an electronic applicant notification process and provide electronic

notification when the application has been received and when background screenings have been completed, and shall issue a license within 30 days after completion of all required data collection and verification. This 30-day period to issue a license shall be tolled if the applicant must appear before the board due to information provided on the application or obtained through screening and data collection and verification procedures.

Section 33. Section 464.0195, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

464.0195 Florida Center for Nursing; goals.--There is established the Florida Center for Nursing to address issues of supply and demand for nursing, including issues of recruitment, retention, and utilization of nurse workforce resources. The Legislature finds that the center will repay the state's investment by providing an ongoing strategy for the allocation of the state's resources directed towards nursing. The primary goals for the center shall be to:

- (1) Develop a strategic statewide plan for nursing manpower in this state by:
- (a) Establishing and maintaining a database on nursing supply and demand in the state, to include current supply and demand, and future projections; and
- (b) Selecting from the plan priorities to be addressed.
- (2) Convene various groups representative of nurses, other health care providers, business and industry, consumers, legislators, and educators to:
- $\underline{\mbox{(a) Review and comment on data analysis prepared for}}$  the center;

1	(b) Recommend systemic changes, including strategies
2	for implementation of recommended changes; and
3	(c) Evaluate and report the results of these efforts
4	to the Legislature and others.
5	(3) Enhance and promote recognition, reward, and
6	renewal activities for nurses in the state by:
7	(a) Promoting nursing excellence programs such as
8	magnet recognition by the American Nurses Credentialing
9	<pre>Center;</pre>
LO	(b) Proposing and creating additional reward,
L1	recognition, and renewal activities for nurses; and
L2	(c) Promoting media and positive image-building
L3	efforts for nursing.
L4	Section 34. Section 464.0196, Florida Statutes, is
L5	created to read:
L6	464.0196 Florida Center for Nursing; board of
L7	directors
L8	(1) The Florida Center for Nursing shall be governed
L9	by a policy-setting board of directors. The board shall
20	consist of 16 members, with a simple majority of the board
21	being nurses representative of various practice areas. Other
22	members shall include representatives of other health care
23	professions, business and industry, health care providers, and
24	consumers. The members of the board shall be appointed by the
25	Governor as follows:
26	(a) Four members recommended by the President of the
27	Senate, at least one of whom shall be a registered nurse
28	recommended by the Florida Organization of Nurse Executives
29	and at least one other representative of the hospital industry
30	recommended by the Florida Hospital Association;

(b) Four members recommended by the Speaker of the 1 House of Representatives, at least one of whom shall be a 2 3 registered nurse recommended by the Florida Nurses Association and at least one other representative of the long-term care 4 5 industry; 6 (c) Four members recommended by the Governor, two of 7 whom shall be registered nurses; and 8 (d) Four nurse educators recommended by the State 9 Board of Education, one of whom shall be a dean of a College of Nursing at a state university, one other shall be a 10 11 director of a nursing program in a state community college. 12 (2) The initial terms of the members shall be as 13 follows: 14 (a) Of the members appointed pursuant to paragraph (1)(a), two shall be appointed for terms expiring June 30, 15 16 2005, one for a term expiring June 30, 2004, and one for a 17 term expiring June 30, 2003. (b) Of the members appointed pursuant to paragraph 18 (1)(b), one shall be appointed for a term expiring June 30, 19 20 2005, two for terms expiring June 30, 2004, and one for a term expiring June 20, 2003. 21 22 (c) Of the members appointed pursuant to paragraph (1)(c), one shall be appointed for a term expiring June 30, 23 2005, one for a term expiring June 30, 2004, and two for terms 24 25 expiring June 30, 2003. 26 (d) Of the members appointed pursuant to paragraph 27 (1)(d), the terms of two members recommended by the State 28 Board of Education shall expire June 30, 2005; the term of the 29 member who is a dean of a College of Nursing at a state university shall expire June 30, 2004; and the term of the 30

member who is a director of a state community college nursing 1 2 program shall expire June 30, 2003. 3 4 After the initial appointments expire, the terms of all the 5 members shall be for 3 years, with no member serving more than 6 two consecutive terms. 7 (3) The board shall have the following powers and 8 duties: 9 (a) To employ an executive director. 10 (b) To determine operational policy. 11 (c) To elect a chair and officers, to serve 2-year 12 terms. The chair and officers may not succeed themselves. 13 (d) To establish committees of the board as needed. 14 To appoint a multidisciplinary advisory council (e) 15 for input and advice on policy matters. 16 (f) To implement the major functions of the center as 17 established in the goals set out in s. 464.0195. (g) To seek and accept nonstate funds for sustaining 18 19 the center and carrying out center policy. 20 (4) The members of the board are entitled to receive per diem and allowances prescribed by law for state boards and 21 22 commissions. 23 Section 35. Section 464.0197, Florida Statutes, is 24 created to read: 25 464.0197 Florida Center for Nursing; state budget 26 support. -- The Legislature finds that it is imperative that the 27 state protect its investment and progress made in nursing

shall have state budget support for its operations so that it

efforts to date. The Legislature finds that the Florida Center

for Nursing is the appropriate means to do so. The center

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 $\underline{\text{may have adequate resources for the tasks the Legislature has}}$  set out in s. 464.0195.

Section 36. The Board of Nursing within the Department of Health shall hold in abeyance until July 1, 2002, the development of any rule pursuant to s. 464.019(2), Florida Statutes, which relates to the establishment of faculty/student clinical ratios. The Board of Nursing and the Department of Education shall submit to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by December 31, 2001, an implementation plan that details both the impact and the cost of any such proposed rule change.

Section 37. Subsection (1) of section 464.0205, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

464.0205 Retired volunteer nurse certificate.--

- (1) Any retired practical or registered nurse desiring to serve indigent, underserved, or critical need populations in this state may apply to the department for a retired volunteer nurse certificate by providing:
  - (a) A complete application.
  - (b) An application and processing fee of \$25.

(b)(c) Verification that the applicant had been licensed to practice nursing in any jurisdiction in the United States for at least 10 years, had retired or plans to retire, intends to practice nursing only pursuant to the limitations provided by the retired volunteer nurse certificate, and has not committed any act that would constitute a violation under s. 464.018(1).

 $\underline{\text{(c)}}$  Proof that the applicant meets the requirements for licensure under s. 464.008 or s. 464.009.

Section 38. <u>The Florida Legislature's Office of</u>

Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability shall

study the feasibility of maintaining the entire Medical 1 Quality Assurance function, including enforcement, within one 2 3 department, as recommended by the Auditor General in 4 Operational Report Number 01-063. The study shall be completed 5 and a report issued to the Legislature on or before November 6 30, 2001. 7 Section 39. Effective October 1, 2001, section 8 456.0375, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 456.0375 Registration of certain clinics; 9 10 requirements; discipline; exemptions. --11 (1)(a) As used in this section, the term "clinic" 12 means a business operating in a single structure or facility 13 or group of adjacent structures or facilities operating under 14 the same business name or management at which health care 15 services are provided to individuals and which tenders charges 16 for reimbursement for such services. (b) For purposes of this section, the term "clinic" 17 does not include and the registration requirements in this 18 19 section do not apply to: 20 1. Entities licensed or registered by the state pursuant to chapter 390, chapter 394, chapter 395, chapter 21 22 397, chapter 400, chapter 463, chapter 465, chapter 466, chapter 478, chapter 480, or chapter 484. 23 2. Entities exempt from federal taxation under 26 24 U.S.C. s. 501(c)(3). 25 26 3. Sole proprietorships, group practices, 27 partnerships, or corporations which provide health care 28 services by licensed health care practitioners pursuant to chapter 457, chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 29 461, chapter 462, chapter 463, chapter 466, chapter 467, 30

part III, part X, part XIII, or part XIV of chapter 468; or s. 464.012, which are wholly owned by licensed health care practitioners or wholly owned by licensed health care practitioners and the spouse, parent, or child of a licensed health care practitioner, so long as one of the owners who is a licensed health care practitioner is supervising the services performed therein and is legally responsible for the entity's compliance with all federal and state laws. However, no health care practitioner may supervise services beyond the scope of the practitioner's license. 

- (2)(a) Every clinic, as defined in paragraph (1)(a), must register, and at all times maintain a valid registration, with the department. Each clinic location must be registered separately even though operated under the same business name or management, and each clinic must appoint a medical director or clinic director.
- administer the registration program, including rules
  establishing the specific registration procedures, forms, and
  fees. Registration may be conducted electronically.
  Registration fees must be calculated to reasonably cover the
  cost of registration and must be of such amount that the total
  fees collected do not exceed the cost of administering and
  enforcing compliance with this section. The registration
  program must require:
- 1. The clinic to file the registration form with the department within 60 days after the effective date of this section or prior to the inception of operation. The registration expires automatically 2 years after its date of issuance and must be renewed biennially thereafter.

- 2. The registration form to contain the name, residence, and business address, phone number, and license number of the medical director or clinic director for the clinic.
- 3. The clinic to display the registration certificate in a conspicuous location within the clinic which is readily visible to all patients.
- (3)(a) Each clinic must employ or contract with a physician maintaining a full and unencumbered physician license in accordance with chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, or chapter 461 to serve as the medical director. However, if the clinic is limited to providing health care services pursuant to chapter 457, chapter 484, chapter 486, chapter 490, or chapter 491 or part I, part III, part X, part XIII, or part XIV of chapter 468, the clinic may appoint a health care practitioner licensed under that chapter to serve as the clinic director who is responsible for the clinic's activities. A health care practitioner may not serve as the clinic director if the services provided at the clinic are beyond the scope of that practitioner's license.
- (b) The medical director or clinic director must agree in writing to accept responsibility for the following activities on behalf of the clinic. The medical director or the clinic director shall:
- 1. Have signs identifying the medical director or clinic director posted in a conspicuous location within the clinic which is readily visible to all patients.
- 2. Ensure that all practitioners providing health care services or supplies to patients maintain a current, active, and unencumbered Florida license.

- $\underline{\mbox{3. Review any patient-referral contracts or agreements}}$  executed by the clinic.
- 4. Ensure that all health care practitioners at the clinic have active appropriate certification or licensure for the level of care being provided.
- $\underline{\text{5.}}$  Serve as the clinic records owner as defined in s. 456.057.
- 6. Ensure compliance with the recordkeeping, office surgery, and adverse incident reporting requirements of chapter 456, the respective practice acts, and the rules adopted thereunder.
- 7. Conduct systematic reviews of clinic billings to ensure that the billings are not fraudulent or unlawful. Upon discovery of an unlawful charge, the medical director or clinic director must take immediate corrective action.
- (c) Any contract to serve as a medical director or clinic director entered into or renewed by a physician or licensed health care practitioner in violation of this section is void as contrary to public policy. This section applies to contracts entered into or renewed on or after the effective date of this section.
- (d) The department, in consultation with the boards, shall adopt rules specifying limitations on the number of registered clinics and licensees for which a medical director or clinic director may assume responsibility for purposes of this section. In determining the quality of supervision a medical director or clinic director can provide, the department shall consider the number of clinic employees, the clinic location, and the services provided by the clinic.
- (4)(a) All charges or reimbursement claims made by or on behalf of a clinic that is required to be registered under

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this section but that is not so registered are unlawful charges and therefore are noncompensable and unenforceable.

- (b) Any person establishing, operating, or managing an unregistered clinic otherwise required to be registered under this section commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (c) Any licensed health care practitioner who violates this section is subject to discipline in accordance with this chapter and the respective practice act.
- (d) The department shall revoke the registration of any clinic registered under this section for operating in violation of the requirements of this section or the rules adopted pursuant to this section.
- (e) The department shall investigate allegations of noncompliance with this section and the rules adopted pursuant to this section.

Section 40. The sum of \$100,000 is appropriated from the registration fees collected from clinics pursuant to s. 456.0375, Florida Statutes, and one-half of one full-time equivalent position is authorized, to the Department of Health for the purposes of regulating medical clinics pursuant to s. 456.0375, Florida Statutes. The appropriated funds shall be deposited into the Medical Quality Assurance Trust Fund.

Section 41. Subsection (3) of section 456.031, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

456.031 Requirement for instruction on domestic violence. --

(3)(a) In lieu of completing a course as required in subsection (1), a licensee or certificateholder may complete a course in end-of-life care and palliative health care, if the 31 licensee or certificateholder has completed an approved

domestic violence course in the immediately preceding biennium.

(b) In lieu of completing a course as required by subsection (1), a person licensed under chapter 466 who has completed an approved domestic-violence education course in the immediately preceding 2 years may complete a course approved by the Board of Dentistry.

Section 42. Subsection (9) of section 456.033, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

456.033 Requirement for instruction for certain licensees on human immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune deficiency syndrome.--

- (9)(a) In lieu of completing a course as required in subsection (1), the licensee may complete a course in end-of-life care and palliative health care, so long as the licensee completed an approved AIDS/HIV course in the immediately preceding biennium.
- (b) In lieu of completing a course as required by subsection (1), a person licensed under chapter 466 who has completed an approved AIDS/HIV course in the immediately preceding 2 years may complete a course approved by the Board of Dentistry.

Section 43. (1) Subsection (9) is added to section 627.419, Florida Statutes, to read:

627.419 Construction of policies.--

(9) With respect to any group or individual insurer covering dental services, each claimant, or dentist acting for a claimant, who has had a claim denied as not medically or dentally necessary or who has had a claim payment based on an alternate dental service in accordance with accepted dental standards for adequate and appropriate care must be provided

an opportunity for an appeal to the insurer's licensed dentist who is responsible for the medical necessity reviews under the plan or is a member of the plan's peer review group. The appeal may be by telephone, and the insurer's dentist must respond within a reasonable time, not to exceed 15 business days.

(2) This section shall apply to policies issued or renewed on or after July 1, 2001.

Section 44. Paragraph (c) of subsection (6) of section 468.302, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

468.302 Use of radiation; identification of certified persons; limitations; exceptions.--

- (6) Requirement for certification does not apply to:
- cardiovascular cardiopulmonary technology, including the radiologic technology duties associated with these procedures, and who provides invasive cardiovascular cardiopulmonary technology services at the direction, and under the direct supervision, of a licensed practitioner who is trained and skilled in performing invasive cardiovascular procedures. Such persons must have successfully completed a didactic and clinical training program in the following areas before performing radiologic technology duties:
- 1. Principles of X-ray production and equipment operation.
  - 2. Biological effects of radiation.
  - 3. Radiation exposure and monitoring.
  - 4. Radiation safety and protection.
- 5. Evaluation of radiographic equipment and accessories.
  - 6. Radiographic exposure and technique factors.

1 7. Film processing. 2 8. Image quality assurance. 3 9. Patient positioning. 4 10. Administration and complications of contrast media. 5 6 11. Specific fluoroscopic and digital X-ray imaging 7 procedures related to invasive cardiovascular technology. 8 Section 45. Subsections (8) and (9) of section 9 468.352, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 468.352 Definitions.--As used in this part, unless the 10 11 context otherwise requires, the term: 12 "Registered respiratory therapist" means any 13 person licensed pursuant to this part who is employed to 14 deliver respiratory care services under the order of a physician licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459, and 15 16 in accordance with protocols established by a hospital, other health care provider, or the board, and who functions in 17 situations of unsupervised patient contact requiring 18 19 individual judgment. 20 (9) "Certified respiratory therapist" or "respiratory care practitioner" means any person licensed pursuant to this 21 22 part who is employed to deliver respiratory care services under the order of a physician licensed pursuant to chapter 23 458 or chapter 459, and in accordance with protocols 24 25 established by a hospital, other health care provider, or the 26 board. 27 Section 46. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 28 468.355, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 29 468.355 Eligibility for licensure; temporary

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licensure.--

- (1) To be eligible for licensure by the board as a <u>certified respiratory therapist</u> <del>respiratory care practitioner</del>, an applicant must:
  - (a) Be at least 18 years old.
- (b) Possess a high school diploma or a graduate equivalency diploma.
  - (c) Meet at least one of the following criteria:
- 1. The applicant has successfully completed a training program for respiratory therapy technicians or respiratory therapists approved by the Commission on Accreditation of Allied Health Education Programs, or the equivalent thereof, as accepted by the board.
- 2. The applicant is currently a "Certified Respiratory Therapist Therapy Technician" certified by the National Board for Respiratory Care, or the equivalent thereof, as accepted by the board.
- 3. The applicant is currently a "Registered Respiratory Therapist" registered by the National Board for Respiratory Care, or the equivalent thereof, as accepted by the board.

22 The criteria set forth in subparagraphs 2. and 3.

notwithstanding, the board shall periodically review the examinations and standards of the National Board for Respiratory Care and may reject those examinations and standards if they are deemed inappropriate.

- (2) To be eligible for licensure by the board as a registered respiratory therapist, an applicant must:
  - (a) Be at least 18 years old.
- 30 (b) Possess a high school diploma or a graduate 31 equivalency diploma.

- (c) Meet at least one of the following criteria:
- 1. The applicant has successfully completed a training program for <u>registered</u> respiratory therapists approved by the Commission on Accreditation of Allied Health Education Programs, or the equivalent thereof, as accepted by the board.
- 2. The applicant is currently a "Registered Respiratory Therapist" registered by the National Board for Respiratory Care, or the equivalent thereof, as accepted by the board.

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The criteria set forth in subparagraphs 1. and 2.

notwithstanding, the board shall periodically review the examinations and standards of the National Board for Respiratory Care and may reject those examinations and

15 standards if they are deemed inappropriate.

Section 47. Section 468.357, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

468.357 Licensure by examination. --

- (1) A person who desires to be licensed as a <u>certified</u> <u>respiratory therapist</u> <u>respiratory care practitioner</u> may submit an application to take the examination, in accordance with board rule.
- (a) Each applicant may take the examination who is determined by the board to have:
- 1. Completed the application form and remitted the applicable fee set by the board;
- 2. Submitted required documentation as required in s. 468.355; and
- 3. Remitted an examination fee set by the examination provider.

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- (b) Examinations for licensure of certified respiratory therapist respiratory care practitioners must be conducted no less than two times a year in such geographical locations or by such methods as are deemed advantageous to the majority of the applicants.
- (c) The examination given for certified respiratory therapist respiratory care practitioners shall be the same as that given by the National Board for Respiratory Care for entry-level certification of respiratory therapists therapy technicians. However, an equivalent examination may be accepted by the board in lieu of that examination.
- (2) Each applicant who passes the examination shall be entitled to licensure as a certified respiratory therapist respiratory care practitioner, and the department shall issue a license pursuant to this part to any applicant who successfully completes the examination in accordance with this section. However, the department shall not issue a license to any applicant who is under investigation in another jurisdiction for an offense which would constitute a violation of this part. Upon completion of such an investigation, if the applicant is found guilty of such an offense, the applicable provisions of s. 468.365 will apply.

Section 48. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 468.358, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

468.358 Licensure by endorsement.--

(1) Licensure as a certified respiratory therapist respiratory care practitioner shall be granted by endorsement to an individual who holds the "Certified Respiratory Therapist Therapy Technician" credential issued by the National Board for Respiratory Care or an equivalent 31 credential acceptable to the board. Licensure by this

mechanism requires verification by oath and submission of evidence satisfactory to the board that such credential is held.

(2) Licensure as a <u>registered</u> respiratory therapist shall be granted by endorsement to an individual who holds the "Registered Respiratory Therapist" credential issued by the National Board for Respiratory Care or an equivalent credential acceptable to the board. Licensure by this mechanism requires verification by oath and submission of evidence satisfactory to the board that such credential is held.

Section 49. Section 468.359, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

468.359 Assumption of title and use of abbreviations.--

- (1) Only persons who are licensed pursuant to this part as respiratory care practitioners have the right to use the title "Respiratory Care Practitioner" and the abbreviation "RCP."
- (2) Only persons who are licensed pursuant to this part as <u>registered</u> respiratory therapists have the right to use the title "Registered Respiratory Therapist" and the abbreviation "RRT; when delivering services pursuant to this <u>part</u> provided such persons have passed the Registry Examination for Respiratory Therapists given by the National Board for Respiratory Care.
- (3) Only persons who are <u>licensed pursuant to this</u>
  part as certified respiratory therapists have the right to use
  the title "Certified Respiratory Therapist" and the
  abbreviation "CRT" when delivering services pursuant to this
  part.graduates of board-approved programs for respiratory

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1 care practitioners may use the term "Graduate Respiratory 2 Therapy Technician" and the abbreviation "GRTT." 3

(4) Only persons who are graduates of board-approved programs for respiratory therapists may use the term "Graduate Respiratory Therapist" and the abbreviation "GRT."

(4) (5) No person in this state shall deliver respiratory care services; advertise as, or assume the title of, respiratory care practitioner, certified respiratory therapist, or registered respiratory therapist; or use the abbreviation "RCP,""CRT," or "RRT" that would lead the public to believe that such person is licensed pursuant to this part unless such person is so licensed; or take any other action that would lead the public to believe that such person is licensed pursuant to this part unless such person is so licensed.

Section 50. Subsections (2), (3), and (4) of section 468.1155, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

468.1155 Provisional license; requirements.--

- (2) The department shall issue a provisional license to practice speech-language pathology to each applicant who the board certifies has:
- (a) Completed the application form and remitted the required fees, including a nonrefundable application fee.
- (b) Received a master's degree or is currently enrolled in a doctoral degree program with a major emphasis in speech-language pathology from an institution of higher learning which is, or at the time the applicant was enrolled and graduated, was, accredited by an accrediting agency recognized by the Council for Higher Education Commission on Recognition of Postsecondary Accreditation or from an 31 institution which is publicly recognized as a member in good

standing with the Association of Universities and Colleges of Canada. An applicant who graduated from or is currently enrolled in a program at a university or college outside the United States or Canada must present documentation of the determination of equivalency to standards established by the Council for Higher Education Commission on Recognition of Postsecondary Accreditation in order to qualify. The applicant must have completed 60 semester hours that include:

- 1. Fundamental information applicable to the normal development and use of speech, hearing, and language; information about training in management of speech, hearing, and language disorders; and information supplementary to these fields.
  - 2. Six semester hours in audiology.
- 3. Thirty of the required 60 semester hours in courses acceptable toward a graduate degree by the college or university in which these courses were taken, of which 24 semester hours must be in speech-language pathology.
- (c) Completed 300 supervised clinical clock hours with 200 clock hours in the area of speech-language pathology or completed the number of clock hours required by an accredited institution meeting national certification standards. The supervised clinical clock hours shall be completed within the training institution or one of its cooperating programs.
- (3) The department shall issue a provisional license to practice audiology to each applicant who the board certifies has:
- (a) Completed the application form and remitted the required fees, including a nonrefundable application fee.
- (b) Received a master's degree or <u>is currently</u> enrolled in a doctoral degree <u>program</u> with a major emphasis in

audiology from an institution of higher learning which is, or at the time the applicant was enrolled and graduated was, accredited by an accrediting agency recognized by the Council for Higher Education Commission on Recognition of

Postsecondary Accreditation or from an institution which is publicly recognized as a member in good standing with the Association of Universities and Colleges of Canada. An applicant who graduated from or is currently enrolled in a program at a university or college outside the United States or Canada must present documentation of the determination of equivalency to standards established by the Council for Higher Education Commission on Recognition of Postsecondary Accreditation in order to qualify. The applicant must have completed 60 semester hours that include:

- 1. Fundamental information applicable to the normal development and use of speech, hearing, and language; information about training in management of speech, hearing, and language disorders; and information supplementary to these fields.
  - 2. Six semester hours in speech-language pathology.
- 3. Thirty of the required 60 semester hours in courses acceptable toward a graduate degree by the college or university in which these courses were taken, of which 24 semester hours must be in audiology.
- (c) Completed 300 supervised clinical clock hours with 200 clock hours in the area of audiology or completed the number of clock hours required by an accredited institution meeting national certification standards. The supervised clinical clock hours shall be completed within the training institution or one of its cooperating programs.

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(4) An applicant for a provisional license who has received a master's degree or is currently enrolled in a doctoral degree program with a major emphasis in speech-language pathology as provided in subsection (2), or audiology as provided in subsection (3), and who seeks licensure in the area in which the applicant is not currently licensed, must have completed 30 semester hours in courses acceptable toward a graduate degree and 200 supervised clinical clock hours in the second discipline from an accredited institution.

Section 51. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) and paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 468.1215, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

468.1215 Speech-language pathology assistant and audiology assistant; certification. --

- (1) The department shall issue a certificate as a speech-language pathology assistant to each applicant who the board certifies has:
- (b) Earned a bachelor's degree from a college or university accredited by a regional association of colleges and schools recognized by the Department of Education which includes at least 24 semester hours of coursework as approved by the board at an institution accredited by an accrediting agency recognized by the Council for Higher Education Commission on Recognition of Postsecondary Accreditation.
- (2) The department shall issue a certificate as an audiology assistant to each applicant who the board certifies has:
- (b) Completed at least 24 semester hours of coursework as approved by the board at an institution accredited by an 31 accrediting agency recognized by the Council for Higher

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Education Commission on Recognition of Postsecondary Accreditation.

Section 52. Subsection (3) of section 480.033, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

480.033 Definitions.--As used in this act:

(3) "Massage" means the manipulation of the <u>soft</u> superficial tissues of the human body with the hand, foot, arm, or elbow, whether or not such manipulation is aided by hydrotherapy, including colonic irrigation, or thermal therapy; any electrical or mechanical device; or the application to the human body of a chemical or herbal preparation.

Section 53. Subsection (1) of section 484.0445, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

484.0445 Training program.--

(1) The board shall establish by rule a training program for a minimum not to exceed 6 months in length, which may include a board-approved home study course. Upon submitting to the department the registration fee, the applicant may register and enter the training program. Upon completion of the training program, the trainee shall take the first available written and practical examinations offered by the department. The department shall administer the written and practical examinations as prescribed by board rule. If the trainee fails either the written or the practical examination, she or he may repeat the training program one time and retake the failed examination, provided she or he takes the next available examination. No person may remain in trainee status or further perform any services authorized for a trainee if she or he fails either the written or the practical examination twice; but, a trainee may continue to

function as a trainee until she or he has received the results of the examinations. Any applicant who has failed an examination twice and is no longer functioning as a trainee shall be eligible for reexamination as provided in s. 484.045(2).

Section 54. Section 484.045, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

484.045 Licensure by examination. --

- (1) Any person desiring to be licensed as a hearing aid specialist shall apply to the department on a form approved by the department to take the licensure examination, which shall include a clinical practical component.
- $\underline{(2)}$  The department shall  $\underline{\text{license}}$  examine each applicant who the board certifies:
- (a) Has completed the application form and remitted the required fees applicable fee to the board and has paid the examination fee;
  - (b) Is of good moral character;
  - (c) Is 18 years of age or older;
- (d) Is a graduate of an accredited high school or its equivalent;  $\overline{\mbox{and}}$
- (e)1. Has met the requirements of the training program set forth in s. 484.0445; or
- 2.a. Has a valid, current license as a hearing aid specialist or its equivalent from another state and has been actively practicing in such capacity for at least 12 months; or
- b. Is currently certified by the National Board for Certification in Hearing Instrument Sciences and has been actively practicing for at least 12 months. Persons qualifying under this sub-subparagraph need not take the written or

practical examination, but must take and pass a test on Florida laws and rules relating to the fitting and dispensing of hearing aids.

- (f) Has passed an examination, as prescribed by board rule; and
- (g) Has demonstrated, in a manner designated by rule of the board, knowledge of state laws and rules relating to the fitting and dispensing of hearing aids.
- (3) A person who fails the examination may make application for reexamination to the appropriate examining entity, as prescribed by board rule.
- (2) On or after October 1, 1990, every applicant who is qualified to take the examination shall be allowed to take the examination three times. If, after October 1, 1990, an applicant fails the examination three times, the applicant shall no longer be eligible to take the examination.
- (3) The department shall issue a license to practice dispensing hearing aids to any applicant who successfully completes the examination in accordance with this section.
- Section 55. Subsection (1) of section 490.012, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 490.012 Violations; penalties; injunction. --
- (1) (a) No person shall hold herself or himself out by any professional title, name, or description incorporating the word "psychologist" unless such person holds a valid, active license as a psychologist under this chapter.
- (b) No person shall hold herself or himself out by any professional title, name, or description incorporating the words "school psychologist" unless such person holds a valid, active license as a school psychologist under this chapter or

## is certified as a school psychologist by the Department of Education.

(c)(a) No person shall hold herself or himself out by any title or description incorporating the words, or permutations of them, "psychologist," "psychology," "psychological," or "psychologist," or "school psychologist," or describe any test or report as psychological, unless such person holds a valid, active license under this chapter or is exempt from the provisions of this chapter.

(d)(b) No person shall hold herself or himself out by any title or description incorporating the word, or a permutation of the word, "psychotherapy" unless such person holds a valid, active license under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 490, or chapter 491, or such person is certified as an advanced registered nurse practitioner, pursuant to s. 464.012, who has been determined by the Board of Nursing as a specialist in psychiatric mental health.

 $\underline{\text{(e)}(c)}$  No person licensed or provisionally licensed pursuant to this chapter shall hold herself or himself out by any title or description which indicates licensure other than that which has been granted to her or him.

(4) Any person who violates any provision of this section, except for subsections (2) and (3), commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. Any person who violates any provision of subsection (2) or subsection (3) is subject to disciplinary action under s. 490.009.

Section 56. Section 490.014, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

490.014 Exemptions.--

- (1)(a) No provision of this chapter shall be construed to limit the practice of physicians licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459 so long as they do not hold themselves out to the public as psychologists or use a professional title protected by this chapter.
- (b) No provision of this chapter shall be construed to limit the practice of nursing, clinical social work, marriage and family therapy, mental health counseling, or other recognized businesses or professions, or to prevent qualified members of other professions from doing work of a nature consistent with their training, so long as they do not hold themselves out to the public as psychologists or use a title or description protected by this chapter. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to exempt any person from the provisions of s. 490.012.
- (2) No person shall be required to be licensed or provisionally licensed under this chapter who:
- (a) Is a salaried employee of a government agency; developmental services program, mental health, alcohol, or drug abuse facility operating pursuant to chapter 393, chapter 394, or chapter 397; subsidized child care program, subsidized child care case management program, or child care resource and referral program operating pursuant to chapter 402; child-placing or child-caring agency licensed pursuant to chapter 409; domestic violence center certified pursuant to chapter 39; accredited academic institution; or research institution, if such employee is performing duties for which he or she was trained and hired solely within the confines of such agency, facility, or institution, so long as the employee is not held out to the public as a psychologist pursuant to s. 490.012(1)(a).

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- (b) Is a salaried employee of a private, nonprofit organization providing counseling services to children, youth, and families, if such services are provided for no charge, if such employee is performing duties for which he or she was trained and hired, so long as the employee is not held out to the public as a psychologist pursuant to s. 490.012(1)(a).
- (c) Is a student who is pursuing a course of study which leads to a degree in medicine or a profession regulated by this chapter who is providing services in a training setting, provided such activities or services constitute part of a supervised course of study, or is a graduate accumulating the experience required for any licensure under this chapter, provided such graduate or student is designated by a title such as "intern" or "trainee" which clearly indicates the in-training status of the student.
- (d) Is certified in school psychology by the Department of Education and is performing psychological services as an employee of a public or private educational institution. Such exemption shall not be construed to authorize any unlicensed practice which is not performed as a direct employee of an educational institution.
- (e) Is not a resident of the state but offers services in this state, provided:
- 1. Such services are performed for no more than 5 days in any month and no more than 15 days in any calendar year; and
- Such nonresident is licensed or certified by a state or territory of the United States, or by a foreign country or province, the standards of which were, at the date of his or her licensure or certification, equivalent to or 31 higher than the requirements of this chapter in the opinion of

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the department or, in the case of psychologists, in the opinion of the board.

- (f) Is a rabbi, priest, minister, or member of the clergy of any religious denomination or sect when engaging in activities which are within the scope of the performance of his or her regular or specialized ministerial duties and for which no separate charge is made, or when such activities are performed, with or without charge, for or under the auspices or sponsorship, individually or in conjunction with others, of an established and legally cognizable church, denomination, or sect, and when the person rendering service remains accountable to the established authority thereof.
- (3) No provision of this chapter shall be construed to limit the practice of any individual who solely engages in behavior analysis so long as he or she does not hold himself or herself out to the public as possessing a license issued pursuant to this chapter or use a title or description protected by this chapter.
- (4) Nothing in this section shall exempt any person from the provisions provision of s. 490.012(1)(a)-(d)(a)-(b).
- (5) Except as stipulated by the board, the exemptions contained in this section do not apply to any person licensed under this chapter whose license has been suspended or revoked by the board or another jurisdiction.
- Section 57. Paragraphs (i), (j), and (k) of subsection (1) of section 491.012, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 491.012 Violations; penalty; injunction. --
- (1) It is unlawful and a violation of this chapter for any person to:
- (i) Practice clinical social work in this state, as 31 the practice is defined in s. 491.003(7), for compensation,

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unless the person holds a valid, active license to practice clinical social work issued pursuant to this chapter or is an intern registered pursuant to s. 491.0045.

- (j) Practice marriage and family therapy in this state, as the practice is defined in s. 491.003(8), for compensation, unless the person holds a valid, active license to practice marriage and family therapy issued pursuant to this chapter or is an intern registered pursuant to s. 491.0045.
- (k) Practice mental health counseling in this state, as the practice is defined in s. 491.003(9), for compensation, unless the person holds a valid, active license to practice mental health counseling issued pursuant to this chapter or is an intern registered pursuant to s. 491.0045.

Section 58. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (4) of section 491.014, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

491.014 Exemptions. --

- (4) No person shall be required to be licensed, provisionally licensed, registered, or certified under this chapter who:
- (a) Is a salaried employee of a government agency; developmental services program, mental health, alcohol, or drug abuse facility operating pursuant to chapter 393, chapter 394, or chapter 397; subsidized child care program, subsidized child care case management program, or child care resource and referral program operating pursuant to chapter 402; child-placing or child-caring agency licensed pursuant to chapter 409; domestic violence center certified pursuant to chapter 39; accredited academic institution; or research institution, if such employee is performing duties for which 31 he or she was trained and hired solely within the confines of

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such agency, facility, or institution, so long as the employee is not held out to the public as a clinical social worker, mental health counselor, or marriage and family therapist and does not use a title, name, or description protected by this chapter.

(b) Is a salaried employee of a private, nonprofit organization providing counseling services to children, youth, and families, if such services are provided for no charge, if such employee is performing duties for which he or she was trained and hired, so long as the employee is not held out to the public as a clinical social worker, mental health counselor, or marriage and family therapist and does not use a title, name, or description protected by this chapter.

Section 59. Subsection (4) of section 458.319, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

458.319 Renewal of license.--

(4) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 456.033, a physician may complete continuing education on end-of-life care and palliative health care in lieu of continuing education in AIDS/HIV, if that physician has completed the AIDS/HIV continuing education in the immediately preceding biennium.

Section 60. Subsection (5) of section 459.008, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

459.008 Renewal of licenses and certificates.--

(5) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 456.033, an osteopathic physician may complete continuing education on end-of-life and palliative health care in lieu of continuing education in AIDS/HIV, if that physician has completed the AIDS/HIV continuing education in the immediately preceding 31 biennium.

Section 61. Subsection (4) of section 765.101, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

765.101 Definitions.--As used in this chapter:

(4) "End-stage condition" means a condition that is caused by injury, disease, or illness which has resulted in progressively severe and permanent deterioration, indicated by incapacity and complete physical dependency, and for which the patient or resident, or his or her authorized representative, would consider life-prolonging treatment to be more of a burden than a benefit, to a reasonable degree of medical certainty, treatment of the irreversible condition would be medically ineffective.

Section 62. Subsection (4) of section 765.102, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

765.102 Legislative findings and intent.--

(4) The Legislature recognizes the need for all health care professionals to rapidly increase their understanding of end-of-life and palliative health care. Therefore, the Legislature encourages the professional regulatory boards to adopt appropriate standards and guidelines regarding end-of-life care and pain management and encourages educational institutions established to train health care professionals and allied health professionals to implement curricula to train such professionals to provide end-of-life care, including pain management and palliative care.

Section 63. Section 765.1025, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

765.1025 Palliative care.--For purposes of this chapter:

(1) Palliative care is the comprehensive management of the physical, psychological, social, spiritual, and

administrative and regulatory barriers.

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manner.

2 suited to the care of persons who have incurable, progressive 3 illness. 4 (2) Palliative care must include: 5 (a) An opportunity to discuss and plan for end-of-life 6 care. 7 (b) Assurance that physical and mental suffering will 8 be carefully attended to. 9 (c) Assurance that preferences for withholding and 10 withdrawing life-sustaining interventions will be honored. (d) Assurance that the personal goals of the dying 11 person will be addressed. 12 13 (e) Assurance that the dignity of the dying person 14 will be a priority. 15 (f) Assurance that health care providers will not 16 abandon the dying person. (g) Assurance that the burden to family and others 17 will be addressed. 18 19 (h) Assurance that advance directives for care will be 20 respected regardless of the location of care. (i) Assurance that organizational mechanisms are in 21 22 place to evaluate the availability and quality of end-of-life 23 and palliative care services, including the removal of

existential needs of patients. Palliative care is especially

(j) Assurance that necessary health care services will

(k) Assurance that the goals expressed in paragraphs

be provided and that relevant reimbursement policies are

(a)-(j) will be accomplished in a culturally appropriate

Section 64. Subsection (2) of section 765.1103, 1 2 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 3 765.1103 Pain management and palliative care.--4 (2) Health care providers and practitioners regulated 5 under chapter 458, chapter 459, or chapter 464 must, as 6 appropriate, comply with a request for pain management or 7 palliative care from a patient under their care or, for an 8 incapacitated patient under their care, from a surrogate, 9 proxy, guardian, or other representative permitted to make health care decisions for the incapacitated patient. 10 Facilities regulated under chapter 400 or chapter 395 must 11 12 comply with the pain management or palliative care measures 13 ordered by the patient's physician. When the patient is 14 receiving care as an admitted patient of a facility or a 15 provider or is a subscriber of a health care facility, health care provider, or health care practitioner regulated under 16 chapter 395, chapter 400, chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 17 464, or chapter 641, such facility, provider, or practitioner 18 19 must, when appropriate, comply with a request for pain 20 management or palliative care from a capacitated patient or an 21 incapacitated patient's health care surrogate or proxy, 22 court-appointed guardian as provided in chapter 744, or 23 attorney in fact as provided in chapter 709. The court-appointed guardian or attorney in fact must have been 24 25 delegated authority to make health care decisions on behalf of 26 the patient. 27 Section 65. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 28 765.205, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 29 765.205 Responsibility of the surrogate.--30 31

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- The surrogate, in accordance with the principal's instructions, unless such authority has been expressly limited by the principal, shall:
- (b) Consult expeditiously with appropriate health care providers to provide informed consent, and make only health care decisions for the principal which he or she believes the principal would have made under the circumstances if the principal were capable of making such decisions. This substituted-judgment standard is the preferred standard of decisionmaking to be used by health care surrogates, persons who have durable powers of attorney for health care, and proxy decisionmakers. However, if there is no indication of what the principal would have chosen, the surrogate, the person who has the durable power of attorney for health care, or the proxy decisionmaker may use a best-interest standard in deciding that proposed treatments are to be withheld or that treatments currently in effect are to be withdrawn.

Section 66. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 765.401, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

765.401 The proxy.--

- (2) Any health care decision made under this part must be based on the proxy's informed consent and on the decision the proxy reasonably believes the patient would have made under the circumstances. This substituted-judgment standard is the preferred standard of decisionmaking to be used by a proxy. However, if there is no indication of what the patient would have chosen, the proxy may use a best-interest standard in deciding that proposed treatments are to be withheld or that treatments currently in effect are to be withdrawn.
- (3) Before exercising the incapacitated patient's 31 rights to select or decline health care, the proxy must comply

with the provisions of ss. 765.205 and 765.305, except that a proxy's decision to withhold or withdraw life-prolonging 3 procedures must be supported by clear and convincing evidence that the decision would have been the one the patient would 4 5 have chosen had the patient been competent or, if there is no 6 indication of what the patient would have chosen, that the 7 decision is in the patient's best interest. 8 Section 67. The Legislature finds that the area of 9 physician specialty training is of great importance to the citizens of this state and that specialty training and 10 certification creates a higher level of proficiency for the 11 12 physician and improves the delivery of health care to 13 Floridians. Because much confusion exists among the patient 14 population and physicians as to the requirements for board 15 certification, the Legislature directs the Department of 16 Health to conduct an interim study of the area of specialty certification for the Board of Medicine and the Board of 17 Osteopathic Medicine. The study should review current Florida 18 19 Statutes and board rules to determine if any barriers exist in 20 board recognition of certifying and physician-certifying organizations and if restrictions placed on a licensee's 21 22 speech both target an identifiable harm and mitigate against 23 such harm in a direct and effective manner. A final report 24 shall be provided no later than January 1, 2002, to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of 25 26 Representatives for distribution to the chairs of the 27 health-care-related committees. 28 Section 68. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section 499.012, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 29 30 499.012 Wholesale distribution; definitions; permits; 31 | general requirements.--

- (2) The following types of wholesaler permits are established:
- (d) A retail pharmacy wholesaler's permit. A retail pharmacy wholesaler is a retail pharmacy engaged in wholesale distribution of prescription drugs within this state under the following conditions:
- 1. The pharmacy must obtain a retail pharmacy wholesaler's permit pursuant to ss. 499.001-499.081 and the rules adopted under those sections.
- 2. The wholesale distribution activity does not exceed 30 percent of the total annual purchases of prescription drugs. If the wholesale distribution activity exceeds the 30-percent maximum, the pharmacy must obtain a prescription drug wholesaler's permit.
- 3. The transfer of prescription drugs that appear in any schedule contained in chapter 893 is subject to chapter 893 and the federal Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970.
- 4. The transfer is between a retail pharmacy and another retail pharmacy, a Modified Class II institutional pharmacy, or a health care practitioner licensed in this state and authorized by law to dispense or prescribe prescription drugs.
- 5. All records of sales of prescription drugs subject to this section must be maintained separate and distinct from other records and comply with the recordkeeping requirements of ss. 499.001-499.081.

Section 69. Except as otherwise provided herein, this act shall take effect July 1, 2001.