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A bill to be entitled An act relating to funeral and cemetery services; amending s. 497.003, F.S.; revising references relating to burial records and need determinations; amending s. 497.005, F.S.; providing and revising definitions; amending s. 497.101, F.S.; providing membership and terms of the Board of Funeral Directors, Embalmers, and Cemetery Services; amending s. 497.103, F.S.; providing rulemaking authority; amending s. 497.105, F.S.; providing for appointment of the executive director of the board; amending s. 497.107, F.S.; providing headquarters of the board; amending s. 497.109, F.S.; conforming provisions; amending s. 497.201, F.S.; increasing minimum acreage requirements to establish a cemetery company; eliminating need determinations for new cemeteries; revising experience requirements for the general manager of a cemetery company; amending s. 497.237, F.S.; authorizing care and maintenance trust funds to be established with a federal savings and loan association holding trust powers in this state; amending s. 497.245, F.S.; revising provisions establishing the percentage of payments for burial rights to be deposited in care and maintenance trust funds; amending s. 497.253, F.S.; revising minimum acreage requirements and references, to conform; amending s. 497.257, F.S.; requiring cemetery companies to disclose to purchasers the month

1 and year of scheduled completion of units of mausoleums, columbaria, or belowground crypts 2 3 under construction; creating s. 497.258, F.S.; requiring permanent labels on containers used 4 5 for inurnment of human remains; amending s. 6 497.309, F.S.; applying recordkeeping 7 requirements to certificateholders; amending s. 8 497.337, F.S.; revising provisions relating to 9 delivery of the sale of personal property and 10 services; repealing s. 497.353(12), F.S., 11 relating to prohibiting the use in need determinations of spaces or lots from burial 12 13 rights reacquired by a cemetery, to conform; amending s. 497.405, F.S.; requiring a 14 certificate of authority to quarantee funeral 15 merchandise or services in the future or offer 16 17 a preneed contract; amending s. 497.413, F.S., relating to the Preneed Funeral Contract 18 19 Consumer Protection Trust Fund; providing for separate accounting of funds received pursuant 20 to s. 497.425, F.S., from bond sureties; 21 authorizing the Board of Funeral and Cemetery 22 Services to adopt rules for the distribution of 23 24 such separated funds; revising the total amount of restitutions that may be made from the trust 25 fund in any fiscal year to certain applicants; 26 27 amending s. 497.417, F.S.; providing entities 28 with which deposits for a preneed trust fund 29 may be placed; providing a restriction on the 30 amount of trust assets of a preneed contract a 31 certificateholder may revest title to; amending

1 s. 497.425, F.S., relating to financial 2 responsibility alternatives to the placing in 3 trust of preneed contract funds; revising the 4 amount required to be secured by a surety bond; 5 authorizing the sale of preneed merchandise and 6 services under other forms of security; 7 revising requirements relating to the filing of claims with such sureties; providing for 8 deposit in the Preneed Funeral Contract 9 10 Consumer Protection Trust Fund of sums received 11 by the board from sureties for payment to claimants; providing for payment to such 12 claimants from the trust fund; amending s. 13 497.429, F.S.; revising requirements for 14 disbursement of trust funds discharging or 15 refunding a preneed contract; amending s. 16 17 470.002, F.S.; providing for future redefinition of the terms "department" and 18 19 "board"; amending s. 470.003, F.S.; providing for future placement of the Board of Funeral 20 Directors and Embalmers within the Department 21 of Banking and Finance; providing for future 22 transfer of all records, personnel, property, 23 24 and unexpended balances of appropriations, 25 allocations, or other funds for the administration of ch. 470, F.S., relating to 26 funeral directing, embalming, and direct 27 28 disposition, from the Department of Business 29 and Professional Regulation to the Department of Banking and Finance; preserving the validity 30 31 of judicial and administrative proceedings

pending at the time of such transfer and the validity of licenses and registrations in effect at the time of such transfer; requiring the Department of Banking and Finance to submit to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives a report on the impact of merging the Board of Funeral Directors and Embalmers with the Board of Funeral and Cemetery Services, including proposed legislation providing for the merger; providing effective dates.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsections (2) and (4) of section 497.003, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

497.003 Cemeteries; exemption; investigation and mediation.--

(2) <u>Sections</u> <u>Section</u> 497.309(1) <u>as to burial records</u>, <u>and ss.</u>497.321, 497.325, 497.341, and 497.345 apply to all cemeteries in this state.

(4) Any religious-institution-owned cemetery that is exempt under paragraph (1)(d), is located in a county with a population of at least 1.3 million persons on July 1, 1996, and was selling merchandise and services to the religious institution's members prior to October 1, 1993, may establish one additional exempt cemetery in such county after December 31, 2020, without establishing need under s. 497.201.

Section 2. Section 497.005, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

497.005 Definitions.--As used in this chapter:

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- "At-need solicitation" means any uninvited contact by a licensee or her or his agent for the purpose of the sale of burial services or merchandise to the family or next of kin of a person after her or his death has occurred.
- "Bank of belowground crypts" means any construction unit of belowground crypts which is acceptable to the department and which a cemetery uses to initiate its belowground crypt program or to add to existing belowground crypt structures.
- "Belowground crypts" consist of interment space in preplaced chambers, either side by side or multiple depth, covered by earth and sod and known also as "lawn crypts," "westminsters," or "turf-top crypts."
- "Board" means the Board of Funeral Directors, (4)Embalmers, and Cemetery Services.
- "Burial merchandise," "funeral merchandise," or "merchandise" means any personal property offered or sold by any person for use in connection with the final disposition, memorialization, interment, entombment, or inurnment of human remains.
- "Burial right" means the right to use a grave space, mausoleum, or columbarium, ossuary, or scattering garden for the interment, entombment, or inurnment, or other disposition of human remains.
- "Burial service," "funeral service," or "service" (7) means any service offered or provided by any person in connection with the final disposition, memorialization, interment, entombment, or inurnment of human remains.
- (8) "Care and maintenance" means the perpetual process of keeping a cemetery and its lots, graves, grounds, 31 | landscaping, roads, paths, parking lots, fences, mausoleums,

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columbaria, vaults, crypts, utilities, and other improvements, structures, and embellishments in a well-cared-for and dignified condition, so that the cemetery does not become a nuisance or place of reproach and desolation in the community. As specified in the rules of the board, "care and maintenance" may include, but is not limited to, any or all of the following activities: mowing the grass at reasonable intervals; raking and cleaning the grave spaces and adjacent areas; pruning of shrubs and trees; suppression of weeds and exotic flora; and maintenance, upkeep, and repair of drains, water lines, roads, buildings, and other improvements. "Care and maintenance" may include, but is not limited to, reasonable overhead expenses necessary for such purposes, 14 including maintenance of machinery, tools, and equipment used for such purposes. "Care and maintenance" may also include repair or restoration of improvements necessary or desirable as a result of wear, deterioration, accident, damage, or destruction. "Care and maintenance" does not include expenses for the construction and development of new grave spaces or interment structures to be sold to the public.

- "Casket" means a rigid container which is designed for the encasement of human remains and which is usually constructed of wood or metal, ornamented, and lined with fabric.
- (10) "Cemetery" means a place dedicated to and used or intended to be used for the permanent interment of human remains. A cemetery may contain land or earth interment; mausoleum, vault, or crypt interment; a columbarium, ossuary, scattering garden, or other structure or place used or intended to be used for the interment or disposition of

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cremated human remains; or any combination of one or more of such structures or places.

- (11) "Cemetery company" means any legal entity that owns or controls cemetery lands or property.
- (12) "Certificateholder" or "licensee" means the person or entity that is authorized under this chapter to sell preneed funeral or burial services, preneed funeral or burial merchandise, or burial rights. Each term shall include the other, as applicable, as the context requires. For the purposes of chapter 120, all certificateholders, licensees, and registrants shall be considered licensees.
- (13) "Columbarium" means a structure or building which is substantially exposed above the ground and which is intended to be used for the inurnment of cremated human remains.
- (14) "Common business enterprise" means a group of two or more business entities that share common ownership in excess of 50 percent.
- (15) "Community" means the area within a 15-mile radius surrounding the location or proposed location of a cemetery.
- (15)(16) "Cremation" includes any mechanical or thermal process whereby a dead human body is reduced to ashes. Cremation also includes any other mechanical or thermal process whereby human remains are pulverized, burned, recremated, or otherwise further reduced in size or quantity.
- (16)(17) "Department" means the Department of Banking and Finance.
- (17)(18) "Direct disposer" means any person who is registered in this state to practice direct disposition 31 pursuant to the provisions of chapter 470.

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(18) (19) "Final disposition" means the final disposal of a dead human body whether by interment, entombment, burial at sea, cremation, or any other means and includes, but is not limited to, any other disposition of remains for which a segregated charge is imposed.

(19)(20) "Funeral director" means any person licensed in this state to practice funeral directing pursuant to the provisions of chapter 470.

(20)(21) "Grave space" means a space of ground in a cemetery intended to be used for the interment in the ground of human remains.

(21)(22) "Human remains" means the bodies of deceased persons and includes bodies in any stage of decomposition and cremated remains.

(22)(23) "Mausoleum" means a structure or building which is substantially exposed above the ground and which is intended to be used for the entombment of human remains.

(23)(24) "Mausoleum section" means any construction unit of a mausoleum which is acceptable to the department and which a cemetery uses to initiate its mausoleum program or to add to its existing mausoleum structures.

(24)(25) "Monument" means any product used for identifying a grave site and cemetery memorials of all types, including monuments, markers, and vases.

(25)(26) "Monument establishment" means a facility that operates independently of a cemetery or funeral establishment and that offers to sell monuments or monument services to the public for placement in a cemetery.

(26) "Net assets" means the amount by which the total assets of a certificateholder, excluding goodwill, 31 | franchises, customer lists, patents, trademarks, and

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receivables from or advances to officers, directors, employees, salespersons, and affiliated companies, exceed total liabilities of the certificateholder. For purposes of this definition, the term "total liabilities" does not include the capital stock, paid-in capital, or retained earnings of the certificateholder.

- (27)(28) "Net worth" means total assets minus total liabilities pursuant to generally accepted accounting principles.
- (28) "Ossuary" means a receptacle used for the communal placement of cremated human remains without benefit of an urn or any other container. It may or may not include memorialization.
- (29) "Outer burial container" means an enclosure into which a casket is placed and includes, but is not limited to, vaults made of concrete, steel, fiberglass, or copper; sectional concrete enclosures; crypts; and wooden enclosures.
- (30) "Preneed contract" means any arrangement or method, of which the provider of funeral merchandise or services has actual knowledge, whereby any person the funeral establishment, direct disposer, or certificateholder agrees to furnish funeral merchandise or service in the future.
- (31) "Religious institution" means an organization formed primarily for religious purposes which has qualified for exemption from federal income tax as an exempt organization under the provisions of s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.
- (32) "Scattering garden" means a location set aside, within a cemetery, which is used for the spreading or broadcasting of cremated remains. It may or may not include memorialization.

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(33)(32) "Servicing agent" means any person acting as an independent contractor whose fiduciary responsibility is to assist both the trustee and certificateholder hereunder in administrating their responsibilities pursuant to this chapter.

(34)(33) "Solicitation" means any communication which directly or implicitly requests an immediate oral response from the recipient.

(35)(34) "Statutory accounting" means generally accepted accounting principles, except as modified by this chapter.

Section 3. Effective January 1, 2002, section 497.101, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

497.101 Board of Funeral Directors, Embalmers, and Cemetery Services; membership; appointment; terms.--

- (1) The Board of Funeral Directors, Embalmers, and Cemetery Services is created within the Department of Banking and Finance and shall consist of nine seven members appointed by the Governor, from nominations made by the Comptroller, and confirmed by the Senate. The Comptroller shall nominate three persons for each vacancy on the board, and the Governor shall fill each vacancy on the board by appointing one of the three persons nominated by the Comptroller to fill that vacancy. the Governor objects to each of the three nominations for a vacancy, she or he shall inform the Comptroller in writing. Upon notification of an objection by the Governor, the Comptroller shall submit three additional nominations for that vacancy until the vacancy is filled.
- Three Two members of the board must be funeral directors licensed under chapter 470 who are not associated with a cemetery company through ownership interests or through

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employment with a company which has an ownership interest in a cemetery. Three Two members must be owners or operators of a cemetery licensed under this chapter. The remaining three members must be residents of the state who have never been licensed as funeral directors or embalmers and who are in no way connected with a cemetery, the death care industry, or the practice of embalming, funeral directing, or direct disposition. At least one consumer member of the board must be 60 years of age or older. No licensee on the board may be associated by employment or ownership with a funeral establishment or cemetery which is owned partly or wholly by a person, business, corporation, or other entity which is associated with another licensee on the board.

(3) The Governor shall appoint members for terms of 4 years, and such members shall serve until their successors are appointed. The initial board must consist of at least one funeral director who was a member of the Board of Funeral Directors and Embalmers, one owner or operator of a cemetery who was a member of the Board of Funeral and Cemetery Services, and one former consumer member of either the Board of Funeral Directors and Embalmers or the Board of Funeral and Cemetery Services. The terms of two of the funeral directors, two of the owners or operators of cemeteries, and one consumer member who are members of the initial board shall be 4 years. The terms of the remaining members of the initial board shall be 2 years. When the terms of the initial board members expire, the Governor shall stagger the terms of the successor members as follows: one funeral director, one cemetery company representative, and one consumer member shall be appointed for terms of 2 years, and the remaining members shall be appointed

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for terms of 4 years. All subsequent terms shall be for 4 years.

Section 4. Effective January 1, 2002, section 497.103, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

497.103 Rulemaking authority of board and department.--

- (1) The board has authority to adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement provisions of chapters 470 and 497 this chapter conferring duties upon it. The department may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to administer provisions of this chapter conferring duties upon it. The board or the department may also adopt rules to allow for the electronic submission of any applications, documents, or fees required by this chapter. The board or the department may adopt rules to authorize the board or the department to accept certification of compliance with certain requirements of this chapter in lieu of requiring submission of the documents.
- (2) The board shall adopt rules which establish requirements for inspection of cemeteries.
- (3) The board shall adopt and enforce rules governing the operation of cemeteries in this state and arrange for the preparation, publication, and dissemination to the public of these rules and other information and material relevant to the operation of cemeteries.
- (4) The department shall examine the financial affairs of any cemetery company and any preneed sales certificateholder.
- Section 5. Effective January 1, 2002, subsection (2) of section 497.105, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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- 497.105 Department of Banking and Finance; powers and duties .-- The Department of Banking and Finance shall:
- (2) Appoint the executive director of the Board of Funeral Directors, Embalmers, and Cemetery Services, subject to the approval of the board.

Section 6. Effective January 1, 2002, section 497.107, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

497.107 Headquarters. -- The Board of Funeral Directors, Embalmers, and Cemetery Services may be contacted through the headquarters of the Department of Banking and Finance in the City of Tallahassee.

Section 7. Effective January 1, 2002, section 497.109, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

497.109 Board of Funeral Directors, Embalmers, and Cemetery Services; membership. --

- (1) The Board of Funeral Directors, Embalmers, and Cemetery Services shall comply with the provisions of this section.
- The board shall annually elect from among its number a chair and a vice chair.
- (3) The board shall hold such meetings during the year as it may deem necessary, one of which shall be the annual meeting. The chair or a quorum of the board may call other meetings, and a quorum is necessary for the conduct of business by the board. Unless otherwise provided by law, a majority of the members of the board constitutes a quorum. A vacancy shall occur upon the failure of a member of the board to attend three consecutive meetings of the board or at least half of the meetings of the board during any 12-month period.
- (4) Unless otherwise provided by law, a board member 31 | shall be compensated \$50 for each day the member attends an

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official meeting of the board and for each day the member participates in any other business involving the board. The board shall adopt rules defining the phrase "other business involving the board," but the phrase may not be defined to include telephone conference calls. A board member is entitled to reimbursement for expenses pursuant to s. 112.061, but travel out of state requires the prior approval of the Comptroller.

(5) The chair of the board may appoint committees necessary to conduct the business of the board, including, but not limited to, committees having responsibilities with respect to rules, continuing education, and consumer protection. Each committee must be chaired by a current or former member of the board or a former member of the Board of Funeral Directors and Embalmers or of the Board of Funeral and Cemetery Services.

Section 8. Section 497.201, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

497.201 Cemetery companies; license; application; fee.--

- No person may operate a cemetery without first obtaining a license from the department, unless specifically exempted from this chapter.
- (2) The department may require any person desiring to establish a cemetery company who applies for a license to provide any information reasonably necessary to make a determination of the applicant's eligibility for licensure. Any person desiring to establish a cemetery company shall first:
- (a) File an application, which states the exact 31 location of the proposed cemetery, which site shall contain

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not less than 30 15 contiguous acres; provide a financial statement signed by all officers of the company which attest to a net worth of at least \$50,000, which net worth must be continuously maintained as a condition of licensure; and pay an application fee of \$5,000;

- (b) Create a legal entity; and
- (c) Demonstrate to the satisfaction of the board that the applicant possesses the ability, experience, financial stability, and integrity to operate a cemetery.
- (3) The department shall determine the need for a new cemetery by considering the adequacy of existing cemetery facilities, licensed and unlicensed, within the community; the solvency of the trust funds of the existing facilities; and the relationship between population, rate of population growth, death rate, and ratio of burials to deaths to meet the projected need for burial spaces for a period of 30 years. In order to promote competition, the department may waive the criteria of this subsection so that each county may have at least six cemeteries operated by different licensees.
- (3) (4) If the board finds that the applicant meets the criteria established in subsection (2) and the department determines that a need for the new cemetery in the community exists, the department shall notify the applicant that a license will be issued when:
- (a) The establishment of a care and maintenance trust fund containing not less than \$50,000 has been certified by a trust company operating under chapter 660, a state or national bank holding trust powers, or a savings and loan association holding trust powers as provided in s. 497.237 licensed in this state.

- 1 The applicant has filed with the department 2 development plans which are sufficient to ensure the 3 department that the cemetery will provide adequate service to 4 the community and which have been approved by the appropriate 5 local governmental agency regulating zoning in the area of the 6 proposed cemetery. 7 (c) The applicant holds an unencumbered fee simple 8 title to at least 30 15 contiguous acres of land.
 - (d) The applicant has designated as general manager a person who has integrity, 3 years 1 year of cemetery management experience as defined by board rule, and the
 - ability to operate a cemetery.
 - (e) The applicant has fully developed not less than 2 acres for use as burial space, such development to include a paved road from a public roadway to the developed section.
 - (f) The applicant has recorded, in the public records of the county in which the land is located, a notice which contains the following language:

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29 30 31 the property. NOTICE

The property described herein shall not be sold, conveyed, leased, mortgaged, or encumbered without the prior written approval of the Department of Banking and Finance, as provided in the Florida Funeral and Cemetery Services Act.

Such notice shall be clearly printed in boldfaced type of not less than 10 points and may be included on the face of the deed of conveyance to the licensee or may be contained in a separate recorded instrument which contains a description of

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30 31 (4) (5) The department shall issue a license to operate a cemetery company to any applicant who, within 12 months after notice that a license may be issued, meets the criteria of subsection (3) (4). With respect to any application for which the department has given notice under subsection (3) (4) on or after January 1, 1984, the board may, for good cause shown, grant up to two extensions of the 12-month period within which the applicant must meet the criteria of subsection (3) (4).

Section 9. Subsection (1) of section 497.237, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

497.237 Care and maintenance trust fund; remedy of department for noncompliance.--

(1) No cemetery company may establish a cemetery, or operate a cemetery if already established, without providing for the future care and maintenance of the cemetery, for which a care and maintenance trust fund shall be established, to be known as "the care and maintenance trust fund of" The trust fund shall be established with a trust company operating pursuant to chapter 660, or with a state or national bank holding trust powers, or with a federal or state savings and loan association holding trust powers. Trust funds which are with a state or national bank or savings and loan association licensed in this state on October 1, 1993, shall remain in force; however, when the amount of any such trust fund exceeds the amount that is insured by an agency of the Federal Government, the cemetery company shall transfer that trust fund to a trust company operating pursuant to chapter 660, or to a state or national bank holding trust powers, or to a federal or state savings and loan association holding trust powers.

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Section 10. Subsection (1) of section 497.245, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

497.245 Care and maintenance trust fund, percentage of payments for burial rights to be deposited.--

- (1) Each cemetery company shall set aside and deposit in its care and maintenance trust fund the following percentages or amounts for all sums received from sales of burial rights:
- (a) For <u>burial rights</u> graves, 10 percent of all payments received; however, for sales made after September 30, 1993, no deposit shall be less than \$25 per grave. For each burial right, grave, or space which is provided without charge, the deposit to the fund shall be \$25.
- (b) For mausoleums or columbaria, 10 percent of payments received.
- (c) For general endowments for the care and maintenance of the cemetery, the full amount of sums received when received.
- (d) For special endowments for a specific lot or grave or a family mausoleum, memorial, marker, or monument, the cemetery company may set aside the full amount received for this individual special care in a separate trust fund or by a deposit to a savings account in a bank or savings and loan association located within and authorized to do business in the state; however, if the licensee does not set up a separate trust fund or savings account for the special endowment, the full amount thereof shall be deposited into the care and maintenance trust fund as required of general endowments.

Section 11. Section 497.253, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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30 31 497.253 Minimum acreage; sale or disposition of cemetery lands.--

- (1) Each licensee shall set aside a minimum of $\underline{30}$ $\underline{15}$ contiguous acres of land for use by the licensee as a cemetery and shall not sell, mortgage, lease, or encumber that property without prior written approval of the department.
- (2) Any lands owned by a licensee and dedicated for use by it as a cemetery, which are contiguous, adjoining, or adjacent to the minimum of 30 15 contiguous acres described in subsection (1), may be sold, conveyed, or disposed of by the licensee, after obtaining written approval of the department pursuant to subsection (3), for use by the new owner for other purposes than as a cemetery. All of the human remains which have been previously interred therein shall first have been removed from the lands proposed to be sold, conveyed, or disposed of; however, the provisions of ss. 470.0295 and 497.515(7) must be complied with prior to any disinterment of human remains. Any and all titles, interests, or burial rights which may have been sold or contracted to be sold in lands which are the subject of the sale shall be conveyed to and revested in the licensee prior to consummation of any such sale, conveyance, or disposition.
- (3)(a) If the property to be sold, conveyed, or disposed of under subsection (2) has been or is being used for the permanent interment of human remains, the applicant for approval of such sale, conveyance, or disposition shall cause to be published, at least once a week for 4 consecutive weeks, a notice meeting the standards of publication set forth in s. 125.66(4)(b)2. The notice shall describe the property in question and the proposed noncemetery use and shall advise substantially affected persons that they may file a written

request for a hearing pursuant to chapter 120, within 14 days after the date of last publication of the notice, with the department if they object to granting the applicant's request to sell, convey, or dispose of the subject property for noncemetery uses.

- (b) If the property in question has never been used for the permanent interment of human remains, no notice or hearing is required.
- (c) If the property in question has been used for the permanent interment of human remains, the department shall approve the application, in writing, if it finds that it would not be contrary to the public interest. In determining whether to approve the application, the department shall consider any evidence presented concerning the following:
- 1. The historical significance of the subject property, if any.
- 2. The archaeological significance of the subject property, if any.
- 3. The public purpose, if any, to be served by the proposed use of the subject property.
- 4. The impact of the proposed change in use of the subject property upon the inventory of remaining cemetery facilities in the community and upon the other factors enumerated in s. 497.201(3).
- $\underline{4.5.}$ The impact of the proposed change in use of the subject property upon the reasonable expectations of the families of the deceased regarding whether the cemetery property was to remain as a cemetery in perpetuity.
- 5.6. Whether any living relatives of the deceased actively oppose the relocation of their deceased's remains and the conversion of the subject property to noncemetery uses.

6.7. The elapsed time since the last interment in the subject property.

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7.8. Any other factor enumerated in this chapter that the department considers relevant to the public interest.

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(d) Any deed, mortgage, or other conveyance by a cemetery company or other owner pursuant to subsections (a) and (c) above must contain a disclosure in the following or substantially similar form:

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NOTICE: The property described herein was formerly used and dedicated as a cemetery. Conveyance of this property and its use for noncemetery purposes was authorized by the Florida Department of Banking and Finance by Order No., dated

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(e) The department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.

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(4) A licensee may convey and transfer to a municipality or county its real and personal property, together with moneys deposited in trust funds pursuant to this chapter, provided the municipality or county will accept responsibility for maintenance thereof and prior written approval of the department is obtained.

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The provisions of subsections (1) and (2) relating to a requirement for minimum acreage shall not apply to any cemetery company licensed by the department on or before July 1, 2001 $\frac{1965}{1}$, which owns a total of less than 30 $\frac{15}{1}$ acres of land; however, no cemetery company shall dispose of any land without the prior written consent of the department.

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Section 12. Subsection (1) of section 497.257, Florida 31 Statutes, is amended to read:

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497.257 Construction of mausoleums, columbaria, and belowground crypts; preconstruction trust fund; compliance requirement.--

(1) A cemetery company shall start construction of that section of a mausoleum, columbarium, or bank of belowground crypts in which sales, contracts for sales, reservations for sales, or agreements for sales are being made within 4 years after the date of the first such sale or 50 percent of the mausoleum, columbarium, or belowground crypts have been sold and the purchase price has been received, whichever occurs first. The construction shall be completed within 5 years after the date of the first sale made. However, extensions for completion, not to exceed 1 year, may be granted by the department for good cause shown. If the units have not been completely constructed at the time of need or the time specified herein, all moneys paid shall be refunded upon request, plus interest earned thereon for that portion of the moneys deposited in the trust fund and an amount equal to the interest that would have been earned on that portion of the moneys which was that were not in trust. The month and year in which construction is scheduled to be completed must be disclosed to the purchaser.

Section 13. Section 497.258, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

497.258 Permanent labels on containers used for final disposition or inurnment of human remains.--

- (1) All permanent outer burial receptacles, caskets, and urns must be affixed with a permanent label identifying the full name of the deceased and the date of death.
- (2) Labels on permanent outer burial receptacles must
 be placed in a conspicuous location on the receptacle.

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- 1 (3) Labels on caskets must be placed in a conspicuous location on the interior and exterior of the casket. Labels on 2 3 caskets must be attached prior to the funeral if a funeral is 4 held. 5
 - (4) Labels on urns must be placed on or attached to any location on the urn. Labels must also be placed inside the urn.

Section 497.309, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

497.309 Records.--

- (1)(a) A record shall be kept of every burial in the cemetery of a cemetery company, showing the date of burial and the name of the person buried, together with lot, plot, and space and location as specified in paragraph (b)in which the burial was made.
- The location of each opened grave must, prior to the burial of a casket or permanent outer burial receptacle, be determined and recorded to within a meter's accuracy or better to the center of the burial site.
- (2)(a) All financial records of the cemetery company or certificateholder shall be available at its principal place of business in this state and shall be readily available at all reasonable times for examination by the department.
- (b) (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) subsection (1), the board may, upon request, authorize a cemetery company or certificateholder to maintain its financial records at a location other than its principal place of business and may, if necessary, require the company or certificateholder to make its books, accounts, records, and documents available at a reasonable and convenient location in 31 | this state.

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 (3) The board may prescribe the minimum information to be shown in the books, accounts, records, and documents of a cemetery company or certificateholder to enable the department to determine the company's or certificateholder's compliance with this chapter.

Section 15. Section 497.337, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

497.337 <u>Delivery</u> Prohibition on sale of personal property or services.--

- certificate holders licensed pursuant to this chapter that offer for sale or sell personal property or services that which may be used in a cemetery in connection with the burial of human remains or the commemoration of the memory of a deceased human being and also to any person in direct written contractual relationship with licensed cemetery companies.
- chapter, every no cemetery company or certificate holder that shall directly or indirectly enters enter into a contract for the sale of personal property or services, excluding burial or interment rights, shall deliver which may be used in a cemetery in connection with disposing of human remains, or commemorating the memory of a deceased human being, if delivery of the personal property or perform performance of the service is to be made more than 120 days after receipt of final payment under the contract of sale, except as provided in s. 497.417. This shall include, but not be limited to, the sale for future delivery of burial vaults, grave liners, urns, memorials, vases, foundations, memorial bases, and similar merchandise and related services commonly sold or used in

cemeteries and interment fees but $\underline{\text{excludes}}$ $\underline{\text{excluding}}$ burial or interment rights.

- (b) For the purposes of this section, the term "deliver" "delivery" means to actually deliver actual delivery and install installation at the time of need or at the request of the owner or the owner's agent. Merchandise is not considered delivered under paragraph (a) if it is stored on the grounds of the cemetery or at a storage facility except for monuments, markers, and permanent outer burial receptacles that are stored in a protected environment and are comprised of materials designed to withstand prolonged, protected storage without adversely affecting the structural integrity or aesthetic characteristics of such permanent outer burial receptacles.
- and paragraph (b), for sales to cemetery companies and funeral establishments, and only for such sales, the manufacturer of a permanent outer burial receptacle which meets standards adopted by the board may elect, at its discretion, to comply with the delivery requirements of this section by annually submitting, in writing, evidence of the manufacturer's financial responsibility with the board for its review and approval. The standards and procedures to establish evidence of financial responsibility shall be those in s. 497.423 or s. 497.425, with the manufacturer of permanent outer burial receptacles which meet national industry standards assuming the same rights and responsibilities as those of a certificateholder under s. 497.423 or s. 497.425.
- (3) No nonprofit cemetery corporation which has been incorporated and engaged in the cemetery business prior to and continuously since 1915 and which has current care and

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maintenance trust assets exceeding \$2 million shall be required to designate a corporate trustee for its preneed trust fund.

Section 16. Subsection (12) of section 497.353, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 17. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 497.405, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

497.405 Certificate of authority required.--

(1)(a) No person, including any cemetery exempt under s. 497.003, may guarantee funeral merchandise or services in the future or offer sell a preneed contract without first having a valid certificate of authority.

(2)

The provisions of paragraph (a) do not apply to a any trust company operating pursuant to chapter 660, or to a any national or state bank holding trust powers, or to a federal or state savings and loan association having trust powers which company, bank, or association receives any money in trust pursuant to the sale of a preneed contract.

Section 18. Section 497.413, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

497.413 Preneed Funeral Contract Consumer Protection Trust Fund. --

- (1) There is hereby created in the department the Preneed Funeral Contract Consumer Protection Trust Fund to be administered and regulated by the board.
- (2) Within 60 days after the end of each calendar quarter, for each preneed contract written during the quarter and not canceled within 30 days after the date of the 31 execution of the contract, each certificateholder, whether

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funding preneed contracts by the sale of insurance or by establishing a trust pursuant to s. 497.417 or s. 497.429, shall remit the sum of \$2.50 for each preneed contract having a purchase price of \$1,500 or less, and the sum of \$5 for each preneed contract having a purchase price in excess of \$1,500; and each certificateholder utilizing s. 497.423 or s. 497.425 shall remit the sum of \$5 for each preneed contract having a purchase price of \$1,500 or less, and the sum of \$10 for each preneed contract having a purchase price in excess of \$1,500.

- (3) In addition to the amounts specified in subsection (2), each remittance shall contain such other additional information as needed by the board to carry out its responsibilities under this chapter and as prescribed by rule of the board.
- (4) All funds received by the board or the department pursuant to this section shall be deposited into the Preneed Funeral Contract Consumer Protection Trust Fund.
- (5) All funds received pursuant to s. 497.425 shall be accounted for separately from other funds received pursuant to this section. The board may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 for the distribution of funds received pursuant to s. 497.425.
- (6) (6) (5) The amounts remitted for deposit into the Preneed Funeral Contract Consumer Protection Trust Fund shall not be deemed proceeds from the sale of a preneed contract within the meaning of this chapter.
- (7) (6) Upon the commencement of a delinquency proceeding pursuant to this chapter against a certificateholder, the board may use up to 50 percent of the balance of the trust fund not already committed to a prior 31 delinquency proceeding or received pursuant to s. 497.425

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solely for the purpose of providing restitution to preneed contract purchasers and their estates due to a certificateholder's failure to provide the benefits of a preneed contract or failure to refund the appropriate principal amount by reason of cancellation thereof. The balance of the trust fund shall be determined as of the date of the delinquency proceeding.

(8) (8) (7) In any situation in which a delinquency proceeding has not commenced, the board may, in its discretion, use the trust fund for the purpose of providing restitution to any consumer, owner, or beneficiary of a preneed contract or similar regulated arrangement under this chapter entered into after June 30, 1977. If, after investigation, the board determines that a certificateholder has breached a preneed contract by failing to provide benefits or an appropriate refund, or that a provider, who is a former certificateholder or an establishment which has been regulated under this chapter or chapter 470, has sold a preneed contract and has failed to fulfill the arrangement or provide the appropriate refund, and such certificateholder or provider does not provide or does not possess adequate funds to provide appropriate refunds, payments from the trust fund may be authorized by the board. In considering whether payments shall be made or when considering who will be responsible for such payments, the board shall consider whether the certificateholder or previous provider has been acquired by a successor who is or should be responsible for the liabilities of the defaulting entity. With respect to preneed contracts funded by life insurance, payments from the fund shall be made: if the insurer is insolvent, but only to the extent that 31 | funds are not available through the liquidation proceeding of

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the insurer; or if the certificateholder is unable to perform under the contract and the insurance proceeds are not sufficient to cover the cost of the merchandise and services contracted for. In no event shall the board approve payments in excess of the insurance policy limits unless it determines that at the time of sale of the preneed contract, the insurance policy would have paid for the services and merchandise contracted for. Such monetary relief shall be in an amount as the board may determine and shall be payable in such manner and upon such conditions and terms as the board may prescribe. However, with respect to preneed contracts to be funded pursuant to s. 497.417, s. 497.419, s. 497.423, or s. 497.425, any restitution made pursuant to this subsection shall not exceed, as to any single contract or arrangement, the lesser of the gross amount paid under the contract or 4 percent of the uncommitted assets of the trust fund. With respect to preneed contracts funded by life insurance policies, any restitution shall not exceed, as to any single contract or arrangement, the lesser of the face amount of the policy, the actual cost of the arrangement contracted for, or 4 percent of the uncommitted assets of the trust fund. The total of all restitutions made to all applicants under this subsection in a single fiscal year shall not exceed the greater of 30 percent of the uncommitted assets of the trust fund as of the end of the most recent fiscal year or\$500,000 \$120,000. The department may use moneys in the trust fund to contract with independent vendors pursuant to chapter 287 to administer the requirements of this subsection. (9)(8) All moneys deposited in the Preneed Funeral

Contract Consumer Protection Trust Fund together with all

accumulated income shall be used only for the purposes

expressed in this section and shall not be subject to any liens, charges, judgments, garnishments, or other creditor's claims against the certificateholder, any trustee utilized by the certificateholder, any company providing a surety bond as specified in this chapter, or any purchaser of a preneed contract. No preneed contract purchaser shall have any vested rights in the trust fund.

(10)(9) If restitution is paid to a preneed contract purchaser or her or his estate in accordance with this section, the amount of restitution paid shall not exceed the gross amount of the principal payments made by the purchaser on its contract.

(11)(10) Whenever the board makes payments from the trust fund to a purchaser or its estate, the board shall be subrogated to the purchaser's rights under the contract, and any amounts so collected by the board shall be deposited in the Preneed Funeral Contract Consumer Protection Trust Fund.

(12)(11) No person shall make, publish, disseminate, circulate, or place before the public, or cause, directly or indirectly, to be made, published, disseminated, circulated, or placed before the public, in a newspaper, magazine, or other publication, or in the form of a notice, circular, pamphlet, letter, or poster, or over any radio station or television station, or in any other way, any advertisement, announcement, or statement which uses the existence of the Preneed Funeral Contract Consumer Protection Trust Fund for the purpose of sales, solicitation, or inducement to purchase any form of preneed contract covered under this chapter.

 $\underline{(13)(12)}$ Notwithstanding the fee structure in subsection (2), the department shall review the status of the trust fund annually, and if it determines that the uncommitted

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trust fund balance exceeds \$1 million, the board may by rule lower the required payments to the trust fund to an amount not less than \$1 per preneed contract.

Section 19. Subsections (1) and (5) of section 497.417, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

497.417 Disposition of proceeds received on contracts.--

(1) Any person who is paid, collects, or receives funds under a preneed contract for funeral services or merchandise or burial services or merchandise shall deposit in this state an amount at least equal to the sum of 70 percent of the purchase price collected for all services sold and facilities rented; 100 percent of the purchase price collected for all cash advance items sold; and 30 percent of the purchase price collected or 110 percent of the wholesale cost, whichever is greater, for each item of merchandise sold. The method of determining wholesale cost shall be established by rule of the board and shall be based upon the certificateholder's stated wholesale cost for the 12-month period beginning July 1 during which the initial deposit to the preneed trust fund for the preneed contract is made. Such deposits shall be made within 30 days after the end of the calendar month in which payment is received, under the terms of a revocable trust instrument entered into with a trust company operating under chapter 660, a national or state bank holding trust powers, or a state savings and loan association holding having trust powers or a trust company. The trustee shall take title to the property conveyed to the trust for the purpose of investing, protecting, and conserving it for the certificateholder; collecting income; and distributing the 31 principal and income as prescribed in this chapter.

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certificateholder is prohibited from sharing in the discharge of these responsibilities, except that the certificateholder 2 3 may request the trustee to invest in tax-free investments and 4 may appoint an adviser to the trustee. The trust agreement 5 shall be submitted to the board for approval and filing. The funds shall be held in trust, both as to principal and income earned thereon, and shall remain intact, except that the cost of the operation of the trust or trust account authorized by this section may be deducted from the income earned thereon. 10 The contract purchaser shall have no interest whatsoever in, 11 or power whatsoever over, funds deposited in trust pursuant to this section. In no event may said funds be loaned to a 12 certificateholder, an affiliate of a certificateholder, or any 13 14 person directly or indirectly engaged in the burial, funeral home, or cemetery business. Furthermore, the 15 certificateholder's interest in said trust shall not be 16 pledged as collateral for any loans, debts, or liabilities of 17 the certificateholder and shall not be transferred to any 18 19 person without the prior written approval from the department 20 and the trustee which shall not be unreasonably withheld. Even though the certificateholder shall be deemed and treated 21 as the settlor and beneficiary of said trust for all purposes, 22 all of said trust funds are exempt from all claims of 23 24 creditors of the certificateholder except as to the claims of 25 the contract purchaser, her or his representative, the board, or the department. 26 27 (5) The certificateholder, at her or his election,

shall have the right and power, at any time, to revest in it

title to no more than 50 percent of the trust assets, or 50

percent of its pro rata share thereof, provided it has

complied with s. 497.423 or s. 497.425. Notwithstanding

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anything contained in this chapter to the contrary, the certificateholder, via its election to sell or offer for sale preneed contracts subject to this section, shall represent and warrant, and is hereby deemed to have done such, to all federal and Florida taxing authorities, as well as to all potential and actual preneed contract purchasers, that s. 497.423 or s. 497.425 is a viable option available to it at any and all relevant times. If in the certificateholder's opinion it does not have the ability to select the financial responsibility alternative of s. 497.423 or s. 497.425, then it shall not have the right to sell or solicit contracts pursuant to this section.

Section 20. Section 497.425, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

497.425 Alternatives to deposits under s. 497.417.--(1)(a) As an alternative to the requirements of s. 497.417 that relate to trust funds, a certificateholder may purchase a surety bond in an amount not less than the aggregate value of outstanding liabilities on undelivered preneed contracts for merchandise and services, so long as the amount secured by the surety bond does not exceed 50 percent of the sum of the amount maintained in trust pursuant to ss. 497.417 and 497.429 and the amount secured pursuant to this section. For the purpose of this section, the term "outstanding liabilities" means the gross replacement or wholesale value of the preneed merchandise and services. The bond shall be made payable to the State of Florida for the benefit of the board and all purchasers of preneed cemetery merchandise or services. The bond must be approved by the board.

- (b) The amount of the bond shall be based on a report documenting the outstanding liabilities of the certificateholder and shall be prepared by the certificateholder using generally accepted accounting principles and signed by the certificateholder's chief financial officer.
- (c) The report shall be compiled as of the end of the certificateholder's fiscal year and updated annually. The amount of the bond shall be increased or decreased as necessary to correlate with changes in the outstanding liabilities.
- (d) If a certificateholder fails to maintain a bond pursuant to this section, the certificateholder shall cease the sale of preneed merchandise and services <u>until another</u> form of security is provided to the board. At no time shall <u>outstanding liabilities be unsecured</u>.
- (2) Upon prior approval by the board, the certificateholder may file a letter of credit with the board in lieu of a surety bond. Such letter of credit must be in a form, and is subject to terms and conditions, prescribed by the board. It may be revoked only with the express approval of the board.
- (3)(a) A buyer of preneed merchandise or services who does not receive such services or merchandise due to the economic failure, closing, or bankruptcy of the certificateholder must file a claim with the surety as a prerequisite to payment of the claim and, if the claim is not paid, may bring an action based on the bond and recover against the surety. The buyer's claim shall not exceed the amount paid to the certificateholder under the preneed contract. In the case of a letter of credit or cash deposit

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that has been filed with the board, the buyer may file a claim with the board.

- (b) In order to qualify for recovery on any claim with the surety under paragraph (a), the buyer must file the claim no later than 1 year after the date on which the merchandise and services contracted for under the preneed contract with the certificateholder have been fully provided by another certificateholder closed or bankruptcy was filed.
- (c) The board may file a claim with the surety on behalf of any buyer under paragraph (a). The surety shall pay the amount of the claims to the board for distribution to claimants entitled to restitution and shall be relieved of liability to that extent. Any amount received by the board pursuant to this section shall be deposited in the Preneed Funeral Contract Consumer Protection Trust Fund and distributed pursuant to s. 497.413(5).
- The liability of the surety under any bond may not exceed the aggregate amount of the bond, regardless of the number or amount of claims filed.
- (e) If the total value of the claims filed exceeds the amount of the bond, the surety shall pay the amount of the bond to the board for distribution to claimants entitled to restitution in accordance with s. 497.413 and shall be relieved of all liability under the bond.
- (4) The certificateholder shall maintain accurate records of the bond and premium payments on it, which records shall be open to inspection by the board.
- (5) For purposes of this section, a preneed contract is a contract calling for the delivery of merchandise and services in the future and entered into before the death of 31 | the prospective recipient.

- (6) This act does not relieve the certificateholder or other entity from liability for nonperformance of contractual terms unless the certificateholder cannot deliver the merchandise or services because of a national emergency, strike, or act of God.
- (7) The board may require the holder of any assets of the certificateholder to furnish written verification of the financial report required to be submitted by the certificateholder or other entity.
- (8) Any preneed contract which promises future delivery of merchandise at no cost constitutes a paid-up contract. Merchandise which has been delivered is not covered by the required performance bond or letter of credit even though the contract is not completely paid. The certificateholder may not cancel a contract unless the purchaser is in default according to the terms of the contract. A contract sold, discounted, and transferred to a third party constitutes a paid-up contract for the purposes of the performance bond or letter of credit.
- (9) Each contract must state the type, size, and design of merchandise and the description of service to be delivered or performed.
- (10) A purchaser and a certificateholder who are parties to a preneed contract executed prior to July 2, 1988, may enter into an amended preneed contract which is made subject to this section.
- (11) The board may adopt forms and rules necessary to implement this section, including, but not limited to, rules which ensure that the surety bond and line of credit provide liability coverage for preneed merchandise and services.

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Section 21. Subsections (2) and (7) of section 497.429, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 497.429 Alternative preneed contracts.--

- (2) The contract must require that a trust be established by the certificateholder on behalf of, and for the use, benefit, and protection of, the purchaser and that the trustee must be a national or state bank holding trust powers, or a federal or state savings and loan association having trust powers, or a trust company operating under chapter 660 with the same powers of investment as provided elsewhere in this chapter.
- (7) Disbursement of funds discharging any preneed contract shall be made by the trustee to the person issuing or writing such contract upon receipt of a certified copy of the death certificate of the contract beneficiary or and evidence satisfactory to the trustee that the preneed contract has been fully performed. In the event of any contract default or cancellation by the contract purchaser, or in the event that the funeral merchandise or service contracted for is not provided or is not desired by the purchaser or the heirs or personal representative of the contract beneficiary, the trustee shall return, within 30 days after its receipt of a written request therefor, funds paid on the contract to the contract purchaser or to her or his assigns, heirs, or personal representative, subject to the lawful liquidation damage provision in the contract.

Section 22. Subsection (1) of section 470.002, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

470.002 Definitions. -- As used in this chapter:

"Department" means the Department of Banking and 31 | Finance Business and Professional Regulation.

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1 Section 23. Effective January 1, 2002, subsection (2) of section 470.002, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 2 3 470.002 Definitions.--As used in this chapter: (2) "Board" means the Board of Funeral Directors, and 4 5 Embalmers, and Cemetery Services created in chapter 497. 6 Section 24. Effective January 1, 2002, subsections (1) 7 and (4) of section 470.003, Florida Statutes, are amended to 8 9 470.003 Board of Funeral Directors and Embalmers; 10 membership; appointment; terms.--11 The Board of Funeral Directors and Embalmers is created within the Department of Banking and Finance Business 12 and Professional Regulation and shall consist of seven members 13 appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate. 14 (4) Notwithstanding provisions of chapter 455 to the 15 contrary, chapter 455 applies to the department and the Board 16 17 of Funeral Directors and Embalmers as if the department were 18 the Department of Business and Professional Regulation All provisions of chapter 455 and s. 20.165 relating to activities 19 20 of regulatory boards shall apply. 21 Section 25. Effective January 1, 2002, all of the records, personnel, property, and unexpended balances of 22 appropriations, allocations, or other funds for the 23 administration of chapter 470, Florida Statutes, shall be 24 25 transferred by a type two transfer as defined in section 20.06(2), Florida Statutes, from the Department of Business 26 27 and Professional Regulation to the Department of Banking and Finance. 28 29 Section 26. Effective January 1, 2002, section

470.0396, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

1 470.0396 Notwithstanding provisions to the contrary in chapter 455, all applicable provisions of chapter 455 apply to 2 3 the Board of Funeral Directors, Embalmers, and Cemetery Services and to the Department of Banking and Finance as if 4 5 the Department of Banking and Finance were the Department of 6 Business and Professional Regulation with respect to the 7 administration of chapter 470 to the extent that no conflict 8 exists with the general provisions creating the board under 9 chapter 497. 10 Section 27. The transfer of regulatory authority over 11 chapter 470, Florida Statutes, provided by this act shall not affect the validity of any judicial or administrative 12 proceeding pending as of June 30, 2001, and the Department of 13 Banking and Finance shall be substituted for the Department of 14 Business and Professional Regulation as a party in interest. 15 Section 28. Notwithstanding the transfer of regulatory 16 17 authority over chapter 470, Florida Statutes, provided by this act, all licenses and registrations issued pursuant to chapter 18 19 470, Florida Statutes, which are valid on June 30, 2001, shall 20 remain in effect subject to the provisions of chapter 470, Florida Statutes. 21 Section 29. Effective January 1, 2002, section 22 470.003, Florida Statutes, is repealed. 23 24 Section 30. Except as otherwise expressly provided in 25 this act, this act shall take effect July 1, 2001. 26 27 28 29 30 31

LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

Revises various provisions of ch. 497, F.S., relating to funeral and cemetery services. Provides and revises definitions. Increases minimum acreage requirements to establish a cemetery company. Eliminates need determinations for new cemeteries. Revises experience requirements for the general manager of a cemetery company. Authorizes care and maintenance trust funds to be established with a federal savings and loan be established with a federal savings and loan association holding trust powers in this state. Revises provisions establishing the percentage of payments for burial rights to be deposited in care and maintenance trust funds. Requires cemetery companies to disclose to purchasers the month and year of scheduled completion of units of mausoleums, columbaria, or belowground crypts under construction. Applies recordkeeping requirements to certificateholders. Revises provisions relating to prohibition on the sale of personal property and services. Requires a certificate of authority to guarantee funeral merchandise or services in the future or offer a preneed contract. Provides for separate or offer a preneed contract. Provides for separate accounting of funds in the Preneed Funeral Contract Consumer Protection Trust Fund that were received from Consumer Protection Trust Fund that were received from bond sureties under certain circumstances. Authorizes the Board of Funeral and Cemetery Services to adopt rules for the distribution of such separated funds. Revises the total amount of restitutions that may be made from the trust fund in any fiscal year to certain applicants. Provides a restriction on the amount of trust assets of a preneed contract a certificateholder may revest title to. Revises provisions relating to financial responsibility alternatives to the placing in trust of preneed contract funds to revise the amount required to be secured by a surety bond, authorize the sale of preneed merchandise and services under other forms of security, revise requirements relating to the filing of claims with such sureties, provide for deposit in the Preneed Funeral Contract Consumer Protection Trust Fund of sums received by the board from sureties for payment to claimants, and Contract Consumer Protection Trust Fund of sums received by the board from sureties for payment to claimants, and provide for payment to such claimants from the trust fund. Revises requirements for disbursement of trust funds discharging or refunding a preneed contract. Provides for future transfer of all records, personnel, property, and unexpended balances of appropriations, allocations, or other funds for the administration of ch. 470, F.S., relating to funeral directing, embalming, and direct disposition, from the Department of Business and Professional Regulation to the Department of Banking and Finance. Preserves the validity of judicial and administrative proceedings pending at the time of such transfer and the validity of licenses and registrations in effect at the time of such transfer. Provides for redefinition of the term "department" as used in ch. 470, F.S., and for placement of the Board of Funeral Directors and Embalmers within the Department of Banking and Finance at such future date, to conform. Requires the Finance at such future date, to conform. Requires the Department of Banking and Finance to submit to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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the House of Representatives a report on the impact of merging the Board of Funeral Directors and Embalmers with the Board of Funeral and Cemetery Services, including proposed legislation providing for the merger. (See bill for details.)
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