## First Engrossed

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to motor vehicles; amending s.
3	320.01, F.S.; conforming the length limitation
4	for a motor home to that established in ch.
5	316, F.S.; amending s. 320.699, revising
6	provisions relating to administrative hearings;
7	amending s. 681.115, F.S.; providing that a
8	motor vehicle sales agreement that prohibits
9	disclosure of its terms is void; providing
10	definitions; prohibiting certain unfair or
11	deceptive acts by such dealers; requiring the
12	trial court to consider certain information
13	when awarding attorney's fees; repealing s.
14	320.27(9)(n), F.S., relating to licensure
15	sanctions for dealers who fail to disclose
16	certain new vehicle damages to a purchaser;
17	providing an effective date.
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19	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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21	Section 1. Subsection (1) of section 320.01, Florida
22	Statutes, is amended to read:
23	320.01 Definitions, generalAs used in the Florida
24	Statutes, except as otherwise provided, the term:
25	(1) "Motor vehicle" means:
26	(a) An automobile, motorcycle, truck, trailer,
27	semitrailer, truck tractor and semitrailer combination, or any
28	other vehicle operated on the roads of this state, used to
29	transport persons or property, and propelled by power other
30	than muscular power, but the term does not include traction
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engines, road rollers, such vehicles as run only upon a track, 1 bicycles, or mopeds. 2 3 (b) A recreational vehicle-type unit primarily 4 designed as temporary living quarters for recreational, 5 camping, or travel use, which either has its own motive power 6 or is mounted on or drawn by another vehicle. Recreational 7 vehicle-type units, when traveling on the public roadways of this state, must comply with the length and width provisions 8 9 of s. 316.515, as that section may hereafter be amended. As defined below, the basic entities are: 10 1. The "travel trailer," which is a vehicular portable 11 12 unit, mounted on wheels, of such a size or weight as not to require special highway movement permits when drawn by a 13 14 motorized vehicle. It is primarily designed and constructed to 15 provide temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, or travel use. It has a body width of no more than 8 1/2 feet 16 and an overall body length of no more than 40 feet when 17 18 factory-equipped for the road. 19 2. The "camping trailer," which is a vehicular 20 portable unit mounted on wheels and constructed with 21 collapsible partial sidewalls which fold for towing by another vehicle and unfold at the campsite to provide temporary living 22 23 quarters for recreational, camping, or travel use. The "truck camper," which is a truck equipped with 24 3. a portable unit designed to be loaded onto, or affixed to, the 25 26 bed or chassis of the truck and constructed to provide 27 temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, or travel 28 use. 29 4. The "motor home," which is a vehicular unit which 30 does not exceed the 40 feet in length, and the height, and the width limitations provided in s. 316.515, is a self-propelled 31 2 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

motor vehicle, and is primarily designed to provide temporary 1 living quarters for recreational, camping, or travel use. 2 3 The "private motor coach," which is a vehicular 5. 4 unit which does not exceed the length, width, and height 5 limitations provided in s. 316.515(9), is built on a self-propelled bus type chassis having no fewer than three 6 7 load-bearing axles, and is primarily designed to provide temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, or travel 8 9 use. The "van conversion," which is a vehicular unit 10 6. which does not exceed the length and width limitations 11 12 provided in s. 316.515, is built on a self-propelled motor 13 vehicle chassis, and is designed for recreation, camping, and 14 travel use. 7. 15 The "park trailer," which is a transportable unit 16 which has a body width not exceeding 14 feet and which is 17 built on a single chassis and is designed to provide seasonal or temporary living quarters when connected to utilities 18 19 necessary for operation of installed fixtures and appliances. The total area of the unit in a setup mode, when measured from 20 the exterior surface of the exterior stud walls at the level 21 22 of maximum dimensions, not including any bay window, does not 23 exceed 400 square feet when constructed to ANSI A-119.5 standards, and 500 square feet when constructed to United 24 States Department of Housing and Urban Development Standards. 25 26 The length of a park trailer means the distance from the 27 exterior of the front of the body (nearest to the drawbar and coupling mechanism) to the exterior of the rear of the body 28 29 (at the opposite end of the body), including any protrusions. The "fifth-wheel trailer," which is a vehicular 30 8. unit mounted on wheels, designed to provide temporary living 31

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quarters for recreational, camping, or travel use, of such 1 size or weight as not to require a special highway movement 2 permit, of gross trailer area not to exceed 400 square feet in 3 4 the setup mode, and designed to be towed by a motorized 5 vehicle that contains a towing mechanism that is mounted above or forward of the tow vehicle's rear axle. 6 Section 2. Subsection (2) of section 320.699, Florida 7 Statutes, is amended to read: 8 9 320.699 Administrative hearings and adjudications; 10 procedure.--(2) If a written objection or notice of protest is 11 12 filed with the department under paragraph (1)(b), a hearing shall be held within 180 days of the date of filing of the 13 14 first objection or notice of protest, unless the time is 15 extended by the Administrative Law Judge for good cause shown. 16 This subsection shall govern the schedule of hearings in lieu 17 of any other provision of law with respect to administrative hearings conducted by the Department of Highway Safety and 18 19 Motor Vehicles or the Division of Administrative Hearings, 20 including performance standards of state agencies, which may be included in current and future appropriations acts. hearing 21 22 officer for good cause shown. If a hearing is not scheduled 23 within said time, any party may request such hearing which 24 shall be held forthwith by the hearing officer. 25 Section 3. Section 681.115, Florida Statutes, is 26 amended to read: 681.115 Certain agreements void.--Any agreement 27 entered into by a consumer that waives, limits, or disclaims 28 29 the rights set forth in this chapter, or that requires a consumer not to disclose the terms of such agreement as a 30 condition thereof, is void as contrary to public policy. 31 The 4

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rights set forth in this chapter shall extend to a subsequent 1 transferee of such motor vehicle. 2 Section 4. Definitions.--As used in this act, the 3 4 term: (1) "Customer" includes a customer's designated agent. 5 6 (2) "Dealer" means a motor vehicle dealer as defined 7 in section 320.27, Florida Statutes, but does not include a 8 motor vehicle auction as defined in section 320.27(1)(c)4., 9 Florida Statutes. (3) "Replacement item" means a tire, bumper, bumper 10 fascia, glass, in-dashboard equipment, seat or upholstery 11 cover or trim, exterior illumination unit, grill, sunroof, 12 13 external mirror and external body cladding. The replacement of 14 up to three of these items does not constitute repair of 15 damage if each item is replaced because of a product defect or 16 damaged due to vandalism while the new motor vehicle is under 17 the control of the dealer and the items are replaced with original manufacturer equipment, unless an item is replaced 18 19 due to a crash, collision, or accident. 20 (4) "Threshold amount" means 3 percent of the 21 manufacturer's suggested retail price of a motor vehicle or \$650, whichever is less. 22 23 "Vehicle" means any automobile, truck, bus, (5) recreational vehicle or motorcycle required to be licensed 24 under chapter 320, Florida Statutes, for operation over the 25 26 roads of Florida, but does not include trailers, mobile homes, 27 travel trailers or trailer coaches without independent motive 28 power. 29 Section 5. It is an unfair or deceptive act or practice, actionable under the Florida Deceptive and Unfair 30 31 Trade Practices Act, for a dealer to: 5

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1	(1) Represent directly or indirectly that a motor
2	vehicle is a factory executive vehicle or executive vehicle
3	unless such vehicle was purchased directly from the
4	manufacturer or a subsidiary of the manufacturer and the
5	vehicle was used exclusively by the manufacturer, its
6	subsidiary, or a dealer for the commercial or personal use of
7	the manufacturer's, subsidiary's, or dealer's employees.
8	(2) Represent directly or indirectly that a vehicle is
9	a demonstrator unless the vehicle was driven by prospective
10	customers of a dealership selling the vehicle and such vehicle
11	complies with the definition of a demonstrator in section
12	320.60(3), Florida Statutes.
13	(3) Represent the previous usage or status of a
14	vehicle to be something that it was not, or make usage or
15	status representations unless the dealer has correct
16	information regarding the history of the vehicle to support
17	the representations.
18	(4) Represent the quality of care, regularity of
19	servicing, or general condition of a vehicle unless known by
20	the dealer to be true and supportable by material fact.
21	(5) Represent orally or in writing that a particular
22	vehicle has not sustained structural or substantial skin
23	damage unless the statement is made in good faith and the
24	vehicle has been inspected by the dealer or his agent to
25	determine whether the vehicle has incurred such damage.
26	(6) Sell a vehicle without fully and conspicuously
27	disclosing in writing at or before the consummation of sale
28	any warranty or guarantee terms, obligations, or conditions
29	that the dealer or manufacturer has given to the buyer. If the
30	warranty obligations are to be shared by the dealer and the
31	buyer, the method of determining the percentage of repair
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costs to be assumed by each party must be disclosed. If the 1 2 dealer intends to disclaim or limit any expressed or implied 3 warranty, the disclaimer must be in writing in a conspicuous 4 manner and in layman's terms in accordance with chapter 672, Florida Statutes, and the Magnuson-Moss Warranty - Federal 5 6 Trade Commission Improvement Act. 7 (7) Provide an express or implied warranty and fail to 8 honor such warranty unless properly disclaimed pursuant to 9 subsection (6). 10 (8) Misrepresent warranty coverage, application period, or any warranty transfer cost or conditions to a 11 12 customer. 13 (9) Obtain signatures from a customer on contracts 14 that are not fully completed at the time the customer signs or which do not reflect accurately the negotiations and agreement 15 16 between the customer and the dealer. 17 (10) Require or accept a deposit from a prospective customer prior to entering into a binding contract for the 18 19 purchase and sale of a vehicle unless the customer is given a 20 written receipt that states how long the dealer will hold the vehicle from other sale and the amount of the deposit, and 21 clearly and conspicuously states whether and upon what 22 23 conditions the deposit is refundable or nonrefundable. (11) Add to the cash price of a vehicle as defined in 24 section 520.02(2), Florida Statutes, any fee or charge other 25 26 than those provided in that section and in Rule 3D-50.001, Florida Administrative Code. All fees or charges permitted to 27 be added to the cash price by Rule 3D-50.001, Florida 28 29 Administrative Code, must be fully disclosed to customers in 30 all binding contracts concerning the vehicle's selling price. 31 7

(12) Alter or change the odometer mileage of a 1 2 vehicle. 3 (13) Sell a vehicle without disclosing to the customer 4 the actual year and model of the vehicle. (14) File a lien against a new vehicle purchased with 5 6 a check unless the dealer fully discloses to the purchaser 7 that a lien will be filed if purchase is made by check and fully discloses to the buyer the procedures and cost to the 8 9 buyer for gaining title to the vehicle after the lien is filed. 10 (15) Increase the price of the vehicle after having 11 12 accepted an order of purchase or a contract from a buyer, 13 notwithstanding subsequent receipt of an official price change 14 notification. The price of a vehicle may be increased after a 15 dealer accepts an order of purchase or a contract from a buyer 16 if: 17 (a) A trade-in vehicle is reappraised because it subsequently is damaged, or parts or accessories are removed; 18 19 (b) The price increase is caused by the addition of 20 new equipment, as required by state or federal law; 21 (c) The price increase is caused by the revaluation of 22 the U.S. dollar by the Federal Government, in the case of a 23 foreign-made vehicle; (d) The price increase is caused by state or federal 24 25 tax rate changes; or 26 (e) Price protection is not provided by the manufacturer, importer, or distributor. 27 28 (16) Advertise the price of a vehicle unless the 29 vehicle is identified by year, make, model, and a commonly 30 accepted trade, brand, or style name. The advertised price 31 must include all fees or charges that the customer must pay, 8

1	including freight or destination charge, dealer preparation
2	charge, and charges for undercoating or rustproofing. State
3	and local taxes, tags, registration fees, and title fees,
4	unless otherwise required by local law or standard, need not
5	be disclosed in the advertisement. When two or more dealers
6	advertise jointly, with or without participation of the
7	franchiser, the advertised price need not include fees and
8	charges that are variable among the individual dealers
9	cooperating in the advertisement, but the nature of all
10	charges that are not included in the advertised price must be
11	disclosed in the advertisement.
12	(17) Charge a customer for any pre-delivery service
13	required by the manufacturer, distributor, or importer for
14	which the dealer is reimbursed by the manufacturer,
15	distributor, or importer.
16	(18) Charge a customer for any pre-delivery service
17	without having printed on all documents that include a line
18	item for pre-delivery service the following disclosure: "This
19	charge represents costs and profit to the dealer for items
20	such as inspecting, cleaning, and adjusting vehicles, and
21	preparing documents related to the sale."
22	(19) Add an additional charge for pre-delivery service
23	other than those shown on a conspicuous label attached to the
24	window of the vehicle specifying any charges for pre-delivery
25	services and describing the charges as pre-delivery services,
26	delivery and handling, dealer preparation, or in similar terms
27	the dealer's charge for each dealer-installed option, and a
28	total price line.
29	(20) Fail to disclose damage to a new motor vehicle,
30	as defined in subsection 319.001(4), Florida Statutes, of
31	which the dealer had actual knowledge, if the dealer's actual
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    cost of repairs exceeds the threshold amount, excluding
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    replacement items.
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    In any civil litigation resulting from a violation of this
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    section, when evaluating the reasonableness of an award of
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    attorney's fees to a private person, the trial court shall
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    consider the amount of actual damages in relation to the time
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    spent.
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           Section 6. Paragraph (n) of subsection (9) of section
    320.27, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
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                       This act applies to any vehicle sold after
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           Section 7.
    October 1, 2001.
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           Section 8. This act shall take effect October 1, 2001.
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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.
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