A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to economic development; providing legislative intent for certain career 3 and technical education programs within 4 5 comprehensive programs of study in high schools; providing for industry-certification, 6 7 for certain required courses and activities; 8 authorizing an endorsement and funding; 9 authorizing rules of the Department of Education; requiring certain programs and 10 career-development activities to assist 11 counselors; amending ss. 228.041, 229.601, 12 229.602, 239.121, F.S.; revising a personnel 13 classification title; amending s. 236.081, 14 15 F.S.; providing for funding of certain programs; prohibiting certain courses and 16 17 programs from being reported for funding or from being substituted for other courses or 18 19 programs; providing for certain 20 professional-development activities; amending s. 239.229, F.S.; providing certain 21 22 responsibilities for school boards and superintendents; amending s. 212.13, F.S.; 23 24 requiring freight forwarders to provide 25 warehouse receipts or copies of airway bills or bills of lading for certain purposes; providing 26 27 receipt requirements; requiring freight forwarders to maintain certain records for a 2.8 29 time certain; providing for effect of such 30 documentation; providing a misdemeanor penalty for failing to provide such documentation or 31

1 maintain certain records; amending s. 288.012, 2 F.S.; changing the date for submission of 3 certain reports by foreign offices; providing 4 for the reports to be compiled and submitted by Enterprise Florida, Inc., as part of its annual 5 6 report; amending s. 288.095, F.S.; increasing 7 the amount of the total state share of tax refunds that may be scheduled annually for 8 9 payment under the qualified target industry tax refund program and the qualified defense 10 contractor tax refund program; revising the due 11 12 date and content for an annual report on incentives and reassigning responsibility for 13 14 such report to Enterprise Florida, Inc.; amending s. 288.106, F.S., relating to the tax 15 refund program for qualified target industry 16 17 businesses; revising requirements for 18 application for certification as such business 19 with respect to the number of current and new jobs at the business and projections by the 20 21 Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic 22 Development of refunds based thereon; revising 23 requirements relating to the tax refund agreement with respect to job creation and the 24 time for filing of claims for refund; revising 25 provisions relating to annual claims for 26 refund; authorizing an extension of time for 27 28 signing the tax refund agreement; providing an 29 application deadline; revising provisions relating to the order authorizing a tax refund; 30 revising conditions under which a prorated tax 31

refund will be approved; providing for the 1 2 calculation of such prorated tax refund; 3 specifying that the section does not create a 4 presumption that a claim will be approved and 5 paid; revising the agencies with which the 6 office may verify information and to which the 7 office may provide information; expanding the purposes for which the office may seek 8 9 assistance from certain entities; specifying that certain appropriations may not be used for 10 any purpose other than the payment of specified 11 12 tax refunds; amending s. 288.90151, F.S.; authorizing Enterprise Florida, Inc., to hire 13 14 an economic analysis firm to assist with 15 certain reporting requirements; directing Enterprise Florida, Inc., to hire a survey firm 16 17 to assist with a customer-satisfaction survey; conforming changes; amending s. 288.905, F.S.; 18 19 revising the deadline for submission of updates or modifications to the strategic plan 20 developed by Enterprise Florida, Inc.; amending 21 22 s. 288.980, F.S.; providing that grants by the 23 Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development to support activities related to 24 the retention of military installations 25 26 potentially affected by closure or realignment 27 must be from funds specifically appropriated therefor; creating the "New Product Transfer 28 29 Enhancement Act"; creating s. 288.907, F.S.; providing definitions; providing for licensing 30 of certain products or technologies by donor 31

1 companies to receiving companies for production 2 and marketing; providing duties of such 3 companies and of Enterprise Florida, Inc.; 4 providing requirements for product development agreements; creating s. 220.115, F.S.; 5 6 requiring receiving companies to file a 7 corporate tax return and remit to the state 8 certain fees in addition to any corporate 9 income tax due; providing for application of administrative and penalty provisions of ch. 10 220, F.S.; creating s. 220.1825, F.S.; 11 12 providing for a credit against the corporate income tax for donor companies; providing for 13 14 determination of the amount of the credit by Enterprise Florida, Inc., and notification to 15 the Department of Revenue; providing for 16 17 carryover of the credit; amending s. 220.02, 18 F.S.; providing order of credits against the 19 tax; creating s. 121.155, F.S.; providing 20 legislative findings relating to the 21 relationship between availability of capital 22 and the development of high-technology 23 businesses; expressing legislative intent that Florida Retirement System investments 24 25 complement economic development strategies; 26 requiring staff of the State Board of Administration to review certain economic 27 28 development information; expanding annual 29 report requirements; amending s. 159.26, F.S.; declaring, for purposes of the Florida 30 Industrial Development Financing Act, that the 31

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

information technology industry is vital to the 1 2 economy of the state; providing that the 3 advancement of information technology is a 4 purpose underlying the act; amending s. 159.27, 5 F.S.; redefining the term "project" to include information technology facilities; defining the 6 7 term "information technology facility"; amending s. 159.705, F.S.; specifying that 8 9 certain entities may operate a project located in a research and development park and financed 10 under the Florida Industrial Development 11 12 Financing Act; creating s. 240.1055, F.S.; providing that the mission of the state system 13 14 of postsecondary education includes supporting 15 the economic development goals of the state; expressing legislative intent; amending s. 16 17 240.710, F.S.; revising duties relating to the Digital Media Education Coordination Group; 18 19 eliminating obsolete provisions; providing for the group to submit an annual report; amending 20 s. 288.108, F.S.; specifying that the 21 22 information technology sector is a high-impact 23 sector for the purposes of a grant program for investments by certain businesses; providing 24 legislative intent relating to the provision of 25 26 state assistance to a not-for-profit corporation created to advocate on behalf of 27 the information technology industry; creating 28 29 s. 288.9522, F.S.; creating the Florida Research Consortium; providing legislative 30 intent related to the consortium; providing for 31

the organization, membership, purpose, powers, 1 2 and administration of the consortium; requiring 3 an annual report from the consortium and its 4 member universities; requiring Enterprise 5 Florida, Inc., to provide initial staff support 6 to the Florida Research Consortium; requiring 7 the Florida Research Consortium to report on statutory and other factors affecting the 8 9 transfer and commercialization of technology and the formation of relationships between 10 university employees and business entities; 11 12 prescribing elements of such report; requiring the consortium to solicit the participation of 13 14 certain experts in the preparation of such report; amending s. 445.045, F.S.; reassigning 15 responsibility for development and maintenance 16 17 of an information technology promotion and workforce recruitment website to Workforce 18 19 Florida, Inc.; requiring consistency and compatibility with other information systems; 20 21 authorizing Workforce Florida, Inc., to secure 22 website services from outside entities; 23 requiring coordination of the information technology website with other marketing, 24 promotion, and advocacy efforts; authorizing 25 Workforce Florida, Inc., to act through the 26 27 Agency for Workforce Innovation in fulfilling its responsibilities related to the website; 28 29 directing the agency to provide such services to Workforce Florida, Inc.; directing Workforce 30 Florida, Inc., to establish a pilot grant 31

program for youth internships in 1 2 high-technology fields, subject to legislative 3 appropriation; specifying the amount of a grant 4 under the program; providing for eligibility; requiring an eligible business to submit an 5 6 internship work plan; specifying criteria for 7 evaluating an application for funding of an internship; requiring Workforce Florida, Inc., 8 9 to report the outcomes of the pilot program to the Legislature; authorizing Workforce Florida, 10 Inc., to act through the Agency for Workforce 11 12 Innovation in fulfilling its responsibilities 13 related to the pilot program; directing the 14 agency to provide such services to Workforce 15 Florida, Inc.; providing legislative findings and intent relating to establishment of 16 17 joint-use advanced digital-media research and production facilities; authorizing the Office 18 19 of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development to create a program supporting establishment of 20 such facilities; prescribing the purposes of 21 22 such facilities; specifying powers and duties 23 of the office relating to establishment of such facilities; defining the term "digital media"; 24 requiring a report to the Legislature on 25 26 recommended funding levels for such facilities; authorizing the Board of Regents and the State 27 Board of Community Colleges, in implementing a 28 29 single, statewide computer-assisted student advising system, to secure and enforce patents 30 on work products, enter into various 31

1 agreements, and sell or license work products; 2 requiring the Board of Regents and the State 3 Board of Community Colleges to submit certain 4 agreements to the Legislature; providing for 5 uses of any or all of the proceeds derived from 6 such activities; providing appropriations; authorizing the Office of Tourism, Trade, and 7 Economic Development to use a portion of funds 8 9 appropriated for the Rural Community Development Revolving Loan Fund for loan 10 activities on behalf of small citrus growers; 11 12 creating s. 341.821, F.S.; creating the Florida High-Speed Rail Authority; providing 13 14 membership, terms, organization, and 15 reimbursement of expenses; providing duties of the authority; relating to specified conflicts 16 17 of interest with respect to authority members; 18 assigning the authority to the Department of 19 Transportation for administrative purposes; 20 providing for future legislative review and 21 repeal; creating s. 341.822, F.S.; providing 22 powers and duties of the authority; authorizing the authority to seek federal funds; providing 23 applicable criteria; requiring submittal of a 24 25 report; authorizing the department to issue 26 requests for information and proposals; 27 authorizing the authority to request assistance 28 from the private sector; providing for agency 29 assistance; providing an appropriation; amending s. 331.367, F.S.; revising the 30 membership and functions of entities under the 31

Spaceport Management Council; amending s. 331.368, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the authority of the Florida Space Research Institute; stating legislative findings and intent; providing for creation of the Digital Divide Council; authorizing design and implementation of programs; expressing program objectives and goals; providing for review and assessment of program performances; providing effective dates. 

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

- Section 1. (1) The Legislature intends to ensure that all high schools provide supportive services to students and their parents to determine the comprehensive program of study that will best meet the needs and goals of each student. At a minimum, these services must include access to a guidance counselor and assistance in developing an educational and career plan. Each high school shall provide a variety of comprehensive, relevant programs of study which will meet the needs of all students and enable each student to pursue his or her individual educational and career goals.
- (2) Key components of this process are:
- (a) A variety of programs of study which are based on individual educational and career goals.
- (b) Parental involvement in the identification of the appropriate program of study.
- (c) Assurance that all programs of study are designed to provide a seamless transition to an appropriate postsecondary education and employment.

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Section 2. (1) A career and technical education program within a comprehensive high school program of study must be certified or endorsed by the appropriate industry to ensure that all components of the program are relevant and appropriate to prepare the student for further education and employment in that industry.

- (2) Effective July 1, 2006, each career and technical program preparing for postsecondary education and employment offered as part of a comprehensive program of study in a high school must be industry-certified or endorsed, except for courses classified as exploratory, orientation, or practical arts. A student enrolled in a course within a career and technical program that is not industry-certified may not be reported for full-time equivalent funding through the Florida Education Finance Program unless the course is classified as exploratory, orientation, or practical arts. The Department of Education shall assure that each program is certified by July 1, 2006, and recertified at least every 5 years. The department shall adopt rules for the certification process, and the rules must establish any necessary procedures for obtaining appropriate business partners and requirements for business and industry involvement in curriculum oversight and equipment procurement.
- (3) Each full-time equivalent student in an industry-certified or endorsed career and technical program generates 1.15 times the cost factor for students enrolled in the basic program for grades 9-12, as provided by section 236.081, Florida Statutes, and the annual General Appropriations Act.
- (4) Effective July 1, 2006, each career and technical education program offered by a high school and able to be

articulated to a postsecondary level must also have an articulation agreement with one or more appropriate postsecondary education institutions to ensure a seamless transition to a related postsecondary program without a loss of credit for the student. Students enrolled in a program that is not articulated to a postsecondary program may not be reported for full-time equivalent student funding through the Florida Education Finance Program unless the course is classified as exploratory, orientation, or practical arts or terminates at the high school level.

Section 3. (1) A comprehensive program of study in career and technical education must be designed to ensure that, upon completion of the program of study and graduation from high school, a student is prepared to continue his or her education at a postsecondary education institution and obtain employment. Therefore, a comprehensive career and technical program of study must require of each student:

- (a) Completion of academic courses with a designation from the Department of Education of level two or above. All credits earned to meet graduation requirements in mathematics, science, and communication must have that designation.
- (b) Attainment of at least one occupational completion point in an industry-certified or endorsed career and technical education program or completion of at least two courses in a technology education program.
- (c) Completion of a one-credit core course addressing workplace-readiness skills. The Department of Education shall define in rule the content of the course and shall assure that the course meets graduation requirements for performing arts or practical arts. The course requirement may be satisfied

 through infusing course content into existing select career and technical education course.

- (d) Participation in work-based learning experiences, as defined in rule by the Department of Education.
- (e) Participation in a capstone activity that includes a project related to a career. This activity is designed to apply and demonstrate the competencies and concepts attained in the student's program of study. The Department of Education may specify in rule characteristics of capstone activities that meet the intent of this paragraph.
- (2) The Legislature intends to recognize with an endorsement on the high school diploma a student who:
- (a) Completes the requirements for high school graduation as provided in section 232.246, Florida Statutes, and the additional requirements for a comprehensive career and technical program of study provided in subsection (1).
- (b) Passes the college entry-level placement test or an equivalent test identified by the department with a score adequate to enroll in a public postsecondary education program without the need for college preparatory or vocational preparatory instruction.
- (3) The endorsement indicates that the student is prepared to continue into postsecondary education without the need for remediation and that the student has marketable employment skills. The Department of Education may adopt by rule a standard format for the endorsement.
- (4) For each student who receives the endorsement on his or her diploma, the school district shall receive incentive funding, as provided in section 236.081, Florida Statutes, and the annual General Appropriations Act.

(5) A school district that generates funds as a result of industry-certified programs or incentive funding for student achievement of the endorsement must expend the total amount on the comprehensive career and technical program of study. The district may not apply indirect charges to incentive funds earned.

Section 4. The Legislature finds that, to adequately assist students in advanced technical and academic career planning, high school guidance counselors and career specialists require preservice and inservice professional development programs that contain sufficient information on career education.

- (1) Each guidance counselor and career specialist in a school with technical education programs certified as provided in section 2 of this act shall complete 12 inservice points in technical education and career development which include:
- (a) An emphasis on labor-market trends and
  projections;
- (b) A practicum that focuses on development of a career-awareness program; and
- (c) Content related to a career or employment within the counselor's work experience.
- counselors and career specialists in attaining the additional inservice required. The State Board of Education shall revise rules governing the certification and recertification of guidance counselors to allow substitution of personal work-based experiences and temporary-employment opportunities in business and industry for the required classroom instruction. A minimum of 12 hours of inservice in career and technical education will be required for each 5-year period.

(3) To implement the requirements of this act through
preservice education, the Legislature encourages colleges of
education to provide for the additional courses required
without increasing the total number of credit hours needed to
complete a program. Instead, the colleges are encouraged to
infuse course content required for ethics courses into courses
required for introduction, theory, and practicum.

Section 5. Paragraph (b) of subsection (9) of section 228.041, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

228.041 Definitions.--Specific definitions shall be as follows, and wherever such defined words or terms are used in the Florida School Code, they shall be used as follows:

- (9) INSTRUCTIONAL PERSONNEL.--"Instructional personnel" means any staff member whose function includes the provision of direct instructional services to students. Instructional personnel also includes personnel whose functions provide direct support in the learning process of students. Included in the classification of instructional personnel are:
- (b) Pupil personnel services.--Pupil personnel services include staff members responsible for: advising students with regard to their abilities and aptitudes, educational and occupational opportunities, and personal and social adjustments; providing placement services; performing educational evaluations; and similar functions. Included in this classification are guidance counselors, social workers, career occupational/placement specialists, and school psychologists.

Section 6. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 229.601, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

229.601 Career education program. --

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- (2) There is hereby established a career education program in the state educational system. The Commissioner of Education and his or her designated staff shall administer this program. In developing and administering the career education program, the purpose of which is to promote positive career opportunities for all students regardless of their race, color, creed, national origin, ancestry, socioeconomic status, or gender, the commissioner shall:
- (c) Develop programs for preservice and inservice training for the purpose of infusing career education concepts into the basic curricula of public schools and core curricula of community colleges and state universities and programs for preservice and inservice training for counselors and career occupational and placement specialists to assist in career counseling and placement and followup activities.
- Section 7. Paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section 229.602, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 229.602 Florida private sector and education partnerships.--
- (5) Each school district shall designate one or more persons to coordinate local private sector and education partnership activities. The general activities of these coordinators shall be to enhance private sector and education partnership activities. The specific duties of the district coordinators shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
- (a) Maintaining contact with local businesses and industries, local chamber of commerce organizations, regional workforce boards private industry councils with Job Training Partnership Act programs, district, career occupational specialists, guidance personnel, economics educators,

volunteer coordinators, community education coordinators, appropriate governmental personnel, and any others interested in private sector and education partnerships.

Section 8. Paragraphs (c), (d), and (l) of subsection (1) of section 236.081, Florida Statutes, are amended, present paragraphs (m) through (p) of that subsection are redesignated as paragraphs (n) through (q), respectively, and a new paragraph (m) is added to that subsection, and paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of that section is amended, to read:

236.081 Funds for operation of schools.--If the annual allocation from the Florida Education Finance Program to each district for operation of schools is not determined in the annual appropriations act or the substantive bill implementing the annual appropriations act, it shall be determined as follows:

- (1) COMPUTATION OF THE BASIC AMOUNT TO BE INCLUDED FOR OPERATION. -- The following procedure shall be followed in determining the annual allocation to each district for operation:
- desired relative cost differences between the following programs shall be established in the annual General Appropriations Act. A secondary career or technical education program certified as required by section 2 of this act generates funding as provided in paragraph (m). Effective July 1, 2006, a full-time equivalent student in a career or technical education program that is not industry-certified or endorsed shall not generate any state funding unless the student is in a course classified as exploration, orientation, or practical arts and the General Appropriations Act contains a cost factor for such courses. The Department of Education

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shall complete a study by January 2002 to determine if career and technical education programs should have differentiated funding weights. The Commissioner of Education shall specify a matrix of services and intensity levels to be used by districts in the determination of the two weighted cost factors for exceptional students with the highest levels of need. For these students, the funding support level shall fund the exceptional students' education program, with the exception of extended school year services for students with disabilities. 10

- 1. Basic programs.--
- a. Kindergarten and grades 1, 2, and 3.
- b. Grades 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8.
- c. Grades 9, 10, 11, and 12.
- 2. Programs for exceptional students. --
- a. Support Level IV.
- b. Support Level V.
- Secondary career and technical education programs, industry-certified or endorsed. --
- 4. Career and technical education programs, all other programs.--
  - 5.4. English for Speakers of Other Languages. --
  - (d) Annual allocation calculation. --
- 1. The Department of Education shall is authorized and directed to review all district programs and enrollment projections and calculate a maximum total weighted full-time equivalent student enrollment for each district for the K-12 FEFP.
- Maximum enrollments calculated by the department shall be derived from enrollment estimates used by the Legislature to calculate the FEFP. If two or more districts

enter into an agreement under the provisions of s. 230.23(4)(d), after the final enrollment estimate is agreed upon, the amount of FTE specified in the agreement, not to exceed the estimate for the specific program as identified in paragraph (c), may be transferred from the participating districts to the district providing the program.

- 3. As part of its calculation of each district's maximum total weighted full-time equivalent student enrollment, the department shall establish separate enrollment ceilings for each of two program groups. Group 1 shall be composed of grades K-3, grades 4-8, and grades 9-12. Group 2 shall be composed of students in exceptional student education programs, English for Speakers of Other Languages programs, all basic programs other than the programs in group 1, and all vocational programs in grades 6-12 7-12.
- a. The weighted enrollment ceiling for group 2 programs shall be calculated by multiplying the final enrollment conference estimate for each program by the appropriate program weight. The weighted enrollment ceiling for program group 2 shall be the sum of the weighted enrollment ceilings for each program in the program group, plus the increase in weighted full-time equivalent student membership from the prior year for clients of the Department of Children and Family Services and the Department of Juvenile Justice.
- b. If, for any calculation of the FEFP, the weighted enrollment for program group 2, derived by multiplying actual enrollments by appropriate program weights, exceeds the enrollment ceiling for that group, the following procedure shall be followed to reduce the weighted enrollment for that group to equal the enrollment ceiling:

- (I) The weighted enrollment ceiling for each program in the program group shall be subtracted from the weighted enrollment for that program derived from actual enrollments.
- (II) If the difference calculated under sub-sub-subparagraph (I) is greater than zero for any program, a reduction proportion shall be computed for the program by dividing the absolute value of the difference by the total amount by which the weighted enrollment for the program group exceeds the weighted enrollment ceiling for the program group.
- (III) The reduction proportion calculated under sub-sub-subparagraph (II) shall be multiplied by the total amount of the program group's enrollment over the ceiling as calculated under sub-subparagraph (I).
- (IV) The prorated reduction amount calculated under sub-sub-subparagraph (III) shall be subtracted from the program's weighted enrollment. For any calculation of the FEFP, the enrollment ceiling for group 1 shall be calculated by multiplying the actual enrollment for each program in the program group by its appropriate program weight.
- c. For program group 2, the weighted enrollment ceiling shall be a number not less than the sum obtained by:
- (I) Multiplying the sum of reported FTE for all programs in the program group that have a cost factor of 1.0 or more by 1.0, and
- (II) By adding this number to the sum obtained by multiplying the projected FTE for all programs with a cost factor less than 1.0 by the actual cost factor.
- 4. Following completion of the weighted enrollment ceiling calculation as provided in subparagraph 3., a supplemental capping calculation shall be employed for those districts that are over their weighted enrollment ceiling. For

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each such district, the total reported unweighted FTE enrollment for group 2 programs shall be compared with the total appropriated unweighted FTE enrollment for group 2 programs. If the total reported unweighted FTE for group 2 is greater than the appropriated unweighted FTE, then the excess unweighted FTE up to the unweighted FTE transferred from group 2 to group 1 for each district by the Public School FTE Estimating Conference shall be funded at a weight of 1.0 and added to the funded weighted FTE computed in subparagraph 3. This adjustment shall be calculated beginning with the third calculation of the 1998-1999 FEFP.

(1) Instruction in career education. -- Effective for the 1985-1986 school year and thereafter, District pupil progression plans shall provide for the substitution of vocational courses for the nonelective courses required for high school graduation pursuant to s. 232.246. Beginning July 1, 2006, a career and technical course may not be substituted for another required course unless it is part of an industry-certified or endorsed program certified as provided in section 2 of this act.A student in grades 9 through 12 who enrolls in and satisfactorily completes a job-preparatory course program may substitute credit for a portion of the required four credits in English, three credits in mathematics, any credits in social studies, and three credits in science. The credit substituted for English, mathematics, social studies, or science earned through the vocational job-preparatory course program shall be on a curriculum equivalency basis as provided for in the State Course Code Directory. The State Board of Education shall authorize by rule vocational course substitutions not to exceed two credits in each of the nonelective academic subject areas of English,

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mathematics, social studies, and science. School districts shall provide for vocational course substitutions not to exceed two credits in each of the nonelective academic subject areas of English, mathematics, social studies, and science, upon adoption of vocational student performance standards by the school board pursuant to s. 232.2454. A career and technical course vocational program which has been used as a substitute for a nonelective academic credit in one subject area may not be used as a substitute for any other subject area. The credit in practical arts or exploratory career education required for high school graduation pursuant to s. 232.246(1) shall be funded as a career education course. Such a course is eligible for funding at 1.15 times the cost factor for students enrolled in the basic program for grades 9-12 only if it is part of a program certified or endorsed as required by section 2 of this act.

(m) Calculation of full-time equivalent membership for an industry-certified or endorsed technical program.--Funding for students enrolled in an industry-certified program as provided in section 2 of this act is calculated at 1.15 times the cost factor for students enrolled in the program for grades 9-12 and multiplying that number by the number of full-time equivalent students in an industry-certified or endorsed career and technical program. A student who earns the endorsement authorized by section 3 of this act generates additional incentive funding for the program, as provided in subsection (5). During the transition from the 2001-2002 school year until July 1, 2006, all career and technical education programs not industry-certified or endorsed or articulated to postsecondary institutions will continue to

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<u>earn</u> weighted funding as determined in the General Appropriations Act.

- (5) CATEGORICAL PROGRAMS.—The Legislature hereby provides for the establishment of selected categorical programs to assist in the development and maintenance of activities giving indirect support to the programs previously funded. These categorical appropriations may be funded as general and transitional categorical programs. It is the intent of the Legislature that no transitional categorical program be funded for more than 4 fiscal years from the date of original authorization. Such programs are as follows:
  - (a) General.--
- 1. Comprehensive school construction and debt service as provided by law.
  - 2. Community schools as provided by law.
  - 3. School lunch programs as provided by law.
  - 4. Instructional material funds as provided by law.
  - 5. Student transportation as provided by law.
  - 6. Student development services as provided by law.
- 7. Diagnostic and learning resource centers as provided by law.
  - 8. Comprehensive health education as provided by law.
  - 9. Excellent Teaching Program as provided by law.
- 10. Attainment of the high school career and technical endorsement authorized by section 3 of this act and rules of the State Board of Education.
- Section 9. Section 239.121, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 239.121 Career Occupational specialists.--
- (1) District school boards and community college boards of trustees may employ <u>career</u> <u>occupational</u> specialists

to provide student counseling services and occupational information to students and to provide information to local business and industry regarding the availability of vocational programs through local educational institutions. Under the supervision of a certified counselor, career occupational specialists may undertake special assignments that include, but are not limited to, the identification and intensive counseling of current and former students and the parents of such students, as well as counseling students and all education personnel regarding job and career opportunities.

- certification pursuant to State Board of Education rule <u>and s. 231.1725</u>. <u>A career No occupational</u> specialist may <u>not</u> be paid less than any other member of the instructional personnel who has equivalent qualifications and provides similar services. <u>Career Occupational</u> specialists may receive salary supplements upon documentation that such supplements are necessary for recruiting or retaining suitable personnel.
- district that employs a career specialist shall assist that person in preparing a professional development plan designed to provide the skills necessary to perform the duties associated with implementing a comprehensive technical education program of study.

Section 10. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 239.229, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

239.229 Vocational standards.--

(2)(a) Each school board and superintendent shall direct the smooth transition of high school career and technical education programs to industry-certified or endorsed programs of study included in a comprehensive course of study.

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Each school board and superintendent shall also direct the 1 2 implementation of all components required to obtain the 3 endorsement authorized in section 3 of this act if the 4 district chooses to offer the endorsement. School board, 5 superintendent, and school accountability for career education within elementary and secondary schools includes, but is not 6 limited to:

- 1. Student exposure to a variety of careers and provision of instruction to explore specific careers in greater depth.
- Student awareness of available vocational programs and the corresponding occupations into which such programs lead.
  - Student development of individual career plans.
- Integration of academic and vocational skills in the secondary curriculum.
- Student preparation to enter the workforce and enroll in postsecondary education without being required to complete college-preparatory or vocational-preparatory instruction.
- 6. Student retention in school through high school graduation.
- Career and technical Vocational curriculum articulation with corresponding postsecondary programs in the local area technical center or community college, or both.
- Section 11. Effective January 1, 2002, subsection (1) of section 212.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 212.13 Records required to be kept; power to inspect; audit procedure. --
- (1)(a) For the purpose of enforcing the collection of the tax levied by this chapter, the department is hereby

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specifically authorized and empowered to examine at all reasonable hours the books, records, and other documents of all transportation companies, agencies, or firms that conduct their business by truck, rail, water, aircraft, or otherwise, in order to determine what dealers, or other persons charged with the duty to report or pay a tax under this chapter, are importing or are otherwise shipping in articles or tangible personal property which are liable for said tax. In the event said transportation company, agency, or firm refuses to permit such examination of its books, records, or other documents by the department as aforesaid, it is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. If, however, any subsequent offense involves intentional destruction of such records with an intent to evade payment of or deprive the state of any tax revenues, such subsequent offense shall be a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. The department shall have the right to proceed in any chancery court to seek a mandatory injunction or other appropriate remedy to enforce its right against the offender, as granted by this section, to require an examination of the books and records of such transportation company or carrier.

(b) Each freight forwarder operating in this state shall provide a warehouse receipt for any tangible personal property received from any person for the purpose of transporting such property outside this state by air or water. The warehouse receipt shall be provided to the person who engages the freight forwarder to arrange such transportation at the time the tangible personal property is delivered to the freight forwarder. The warehouse receipt shall contain the name, address, and telephone number of the freight forwarder,

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a preprinted warehouse receipt number, the date the property 1 2 was delivered to the freight forwarder, and a brief 3 description of the tangible personal property. Within 2 weeks 4 after the date the freight forwarder receives the airway bill or bill of lading from the transportation company with whom 5 6 the freight forwarder has contracted to transport the tangible 7 personal property, the freight forwarder shall mail or deliver 8 the airway bill or bill of lading to the person for whom the freight forwarder arranged transportation of the tangible 9 personal property. The warehouse receipt and airway bill or 10 bill of lading shall constitute evidence that the tangible 11 12 personal property was sold in a sale for export under s. 13 212.06(5)(a). A freight forwarder shall maintain a copy of 14 each such warehouse receipt, airway bill, and bill of lading 15 in its own records for a period of 3 years. Any freight 16 forwarder who fails to provide the documentation required by 17 this paragraph to a person who arranges air or water transportation of tangible personal property through the 18 19 freight forwarder or who fails to maintain such required 20 documentation in its records as provided in this paragraph commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as 21 provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 22 23 Section 12. Subsection (3) of section 288.012, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 24 288.012 State of Florida foreign offices. -- The 25 Legislature finds that the expansion of international trade 26 and tourism is vital to the overall health and growth of the 27 economy of this state. This expansion is hampered by the lack 28

Legislature finds that these businesses could be assisted by

of technical and business assistance, financial assistance, and information services for businesses in this state. The

providing these services at State of Florida foreign offices. The Legislature further finds that the accessibility and provision of services at these offices can be enhanced through cooperative agreements or strategic alliances between state entities, local entities, foreign entities, and private businesses.

- office shall submit to the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development a complete and detailed report on its activities and accomplishments during the preceding fiscal year. The reports must be compiled and submitted to the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development on behalf of the foreign offices by Enterprise Florida, Inc., as part of the annual report of Enterprise Florida, Inc., required under s. 288.906. In a format provided by Enterprise Florida, Inc., the report must set forth information on:
  - (a) The number of Florida companies assisted.
- (b) The number of inquiries received about investment opportunities in this state.
  - (c) The number of trade leads generated.
  - (d) The number of investment projects announced.
- (e) The estimated U.S. dollar value of sales confirmations.
  - (f) The number of representation agreements.
  - (g) The number of company consultations.
- (h) Barriers or other issues affecting the effective operation of the office.
- (i) Changes in office operations which are planned for the current fiscal year.
  - (j) Marketing activities conducted.

- (k) Strategic alliances formed with organizations in the country in which the office is located.
- (1) Activities conducted with other Florida foreign offices.
- (m) Any other information that the office believes would contribute to an understanding of its activities.
- Section 13. Paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (3) of section 288.095, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
  - 288.095 Economic Development Trust Fund.--
- (3)(a) The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development may approve applications for certification pursuant to ss. 288.1045(3) and 288.106. However, the total state share of tax refund payments scheduled in all active certifications for fiscal year 2000-2001 shall not exceed \$24 million. The state share of tax refund payments scheduled in all active certifications for fiscal year 2001-2002 may and each subsequent year shall not exceed \$30 million. The total for each subsequent fiscal year may not exceed \$35 million.
- Enterprise Florida, Inc., the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall submit a complete and detailed report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development board of directors of Enterprise Florida, Inc., created under part VII of this chapter, of all applications received, recommendations made to the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, final decisions issued, tax refund agreements executed, and tax refunds paid or other payments made under all programs funded out of the Economic Development Incentives Account, including analyses of benefits and costs, types of projects supported,

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and employment and investment created. Enterprise Florida, Inc., The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall also include a separate analysis of the impact of such tax refunds on state enterprise zones designated pursuant to s. 290.0065, rural communities, brownfield areas, and distressed urban communities. By December 1 of each year, the board of directors of Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall review and comment on the report, and the board shall submit the report, together with the comments of the board, to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. The report must discuss whether the authority and moneys appropriated by the Legislature to the Economic Development Incentives Account were managed and expended in a prudent, fiducially sound manner. The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall assist Enterprise Florida, Inc. in the collection of data related to business performance and incentive payments.

Section 14. Paragraphs (a) and (d) of subsection (3), paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (4), and subsections (5) and (6) of section 288.106, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

288.106 Tax refund program for qualified target industry businesses.--

- (3) APPLICATION AND APPROVAL PROCESS.--
- (a) To apply for certification as a qualified target industry business under this section, the business must file an application with the office before the business has made the decision to locate a new business in this state or before the business had made the decision to expand an existing business in this state. The application shall include, but is not limited to, the following information:

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- 1. The applicant's federal employer identification number and the applicant's state sales tax registration number.
- 2. The permanent location of the applicant's facility in this state at which the project is or is to be located.
- 3. A description of the type of business activity or product covered by the project, including four-digit SIC codes for all activities included in the project.
- 4. The number of <u>net new</u> full-time equivalent <u>Florida</u> jobs at the qualified target industry business as of <u>December 31 of each year included</u> in this state that are or will be dedicated to the project and the average wage of those jobs. If more than one type of business activity or product is included in the project, the number of jobs and average wage for those jobs must be separately stated for each type of business activity or product.
- 5. The total number of full-time equivalent employees currently employed at the business unit, and if the business unit is a member of a larger group of affiliated businesses, an estimate of the total number of employees of these affiliated businesses by the applicant in this state.
  - 6. The anticipated commencement date of the project.
- 7. A brief statement concerning the role that the tax refunds requested will play in the decision of the applicant to locate or expand in this state.
- 8. An estimate of the proportion of the sales resulting from the project that will be made outside this state.
- 9. A resolution adopted by the governing board of the county or municipality in which the project will be located, which resolution recommends that certain types of businesses

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be approved as a qualified target industry business and states that the commitments of local financial support necessary for the target industry business exist. In advance of the passage of such resolution, the office may also accept an official letter from an authorized local economic development agency that endorses the proposed target industry project and pledges that sources of local financial support for such project exist. For the purposes of making pledges of local financial support under this subsection, the authorized local economic development agency shall be officially designated by the passage of a one-time resolution by the local governing authority.

- 10. Any additional information requested by the office.
- The office shall forward its written findings and (d) evaluation concerning each application meeting the requirements of paragraph (b) to the director within 45 calendar days after receipt of a complete application. The office shall notify each target industry business when its application is complete, and of the time when the 45-day period begins. In its written report to the director, the office shall specifically address each of the factors specified in paragraph (c) and shall make a specific assessment with respect to the minimum requirements established in paragraph (b). The office shall include in its report projections of the tax refunds the business would be eligible to receive refund claim that will be sought by the target industry business in each fiscal year based on the creation and maintenance of the net new Florida jobs specified in subparagraph (a)4. as of December 31 of the preceding state fiscal year information submitted in the application.

- (4) TAX REFUND AGREEMENT.--
- (a) Each qualified target industry business must enter into a written agreement with the office which specifies, at a minimum:
- 1. The total number of full-time equivalent jobs in this state that will be dedicated to the project, the average wage of those jobs, the definitions that will apply for measuring the achievement of these terms during the pendency of the agreement, and a time schedule or plan for when such jobs will be in place and active in this state. This information must be the same as the information contained in the application submitted by the business under subsection (3).
- 2. The maximum amount of tax refunds which the qualified target industry business is eligible to receive on the project and the maximum amount of a tax refund that the qualified target industry business is eligible to receive in each fiscal year, based on the job creation and maintenance schedule specified in subparagraph 1.
- 3. That the office may review and verify the financial and personnel records of the qualified target industry business to ascertain whether that business is in compliance with this section.
- 4. The date  $\underline{by}$  after which, in each fiscal year, the qualified target industry business may file  $\underline{a}$  an annual claim under subsection (5) to be considered to receive a tax refund in the following fiscal year.
- 5. That local financial support will be annually available and will be paid to the account. The director may not enter into a written agreement with a qualified target industry business if the local financial support resolution is

not passed by the local governing authority within 90 days after he or she has issued the letter of certification under subsection (3).

- (c) The agreement must be signed by the director and by an authorized officer of the qualified target industry business within 120 days after the issuance of the letter of certification under subsection (3), but not before passage and receipt of the resolution of local financial support. The office may grant an extension of this period at the written request of the qualified target industry business.
  - (5) ANNUAL CLAIM FOR REFUND. --
- (a) To be eligible to claim any scheduled tax refund, a qualified target industry business that has entered into a tax refund agreement with the office under subsection (4) must may apply by January 31 of once each fiscal year to the office for the a tax refund scheduled to be paid from the appropriation for the fiscal year which begins on July 1 following the January 31 claims submission date. The office may, upon written request, grant a 30-day extension of the filing date. The application must be made on or after the date specified in that agreement.
- (b) The claim for refund by the qualified target industry business must include a copy of all receipts pertaining to the payment of taxes for which the refund is sought and data related to achievement of each performance item specified in the tax refund agreement. The amount requested as a tax refund may not exceed the amount specified for the relevant that fiscal year in that agreement.
- (c) A tax refund may not be approved for a qualified target industry business unless the required local financial support has been paid into the account for that refund in that

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fiscal year. If the local financial support provided is less than 20 percent of the approved tax refund, the tax refund must be reduced. In no event may the tax refund exceed an amount that is equal to 5 times the amount of the local financial support received. Further, funding from local sources includes any tax abatement granted to that business under s. 196.1995 or the appraised market value of municipal or county land conveyed or provided at a discount to that business. The amount of any tax refund for such business approved under this section must be reduced by the amount of any such tax abatement granted or the value of the land granted; and the limitations in subsection (2) and paragraph (3)(f) must be reduced by the amount of any such tax abatement or the value of the land granted. A report listing all sources of the local financial support shall be provided to the office when such support is paid to the account.

(d) A prorated tax refund, less a 5-percent penalty, shall be approved for a qualified target industry business provided all other applicable requirements have been satisfied and the business proves to the satisfaction of the director that it has achieved at least 80 percent of its projected employment and that the average wage paid by the business is at least 90 percent of the average wage specified in the tax refund agreement, but in no case less than 115 percent of the average private-sector wage in the area available at the time of the claim, or 150 percent or 200 percent of the average private-sector wage if the business requested the additional per job tax refund authorized in (2)(b) for wages above those levels. The prorated tax refund shall be calculated by multiplying the tax refund amount for which the qualified target industry business would have been eligible, if all

applicable requirements had been satisfied, by the percentage of the average employment specified in the tax refund agreement which was achieved, and by the percentage of the average wages specified in the tax refund agreement which was achieved.

- (e) The director, with such assistance as may be required from the office, the Department of Revenue, or the Agency for Workforce Innovation Department of Labor and Employment Security, shall, by June 30 following the scheduled date for the tax refund claim submission, specify by written final order the approval or disapproval of the tax refund claim and, if approved, the amount of the tax refund that is authorized to be paid to for the qualified target industry business for the fiscal year within 30 days after the date that the claim for the annual tax refund is received by the office. The office may grant an extension of this date on the request of the qualified target industry business for the purpose of filing additional information in support of the claim.
- (f) The total amount of tax refund claims approved by the director under this section in any fiscal year must not exceed the amount authorized under s. 288.095(3).
- (g) Nothing in this section shall create a presumption that a scheduled tax refund claim will be approved and paid.

 $\underline{\text{(h)}(g)}$  Upon approval of the tax refund under paragraphs (c), (d), and (e), the Comptroller shall issue a warrant for the amount specified in the  $\underline{\text{final}}$  order. If the  $\underline{\text{final}}$  order is appealed, the Comptroller may not issue a warrant for a refund to the qualified target industry business until the conclusion of all appeals of that order.

(6) ADMINISTRATION. --

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provided in any claim submitted for tax credits under this section with regard to employment and wage levels or the payment of the taxes to the appropriate agency or authority, including the Department of Revenue, the Agency for Workforce Innovation Department of Labor and Employment Security, or any local government or authority.

The office is authorized to verify information

- (b) To facilitate the process of monitoring and auditing applications made under this program, the office may provide a list of qualified target industry businesses to the Department of Revenue, to the Agency for Workforce Innovation Department of Labor and Employment Security, or to any local government or authority. The office may request the assistance of those entities with respect to monitoring jobs and wages and the payment of the taxes listed in subsection (2).
- (c) Funds specifically appropriated for the tax refund program for qualified target industry businesses shall not be used for any purpose other than the payment of tax refunds authorized by this section.
- Section 15. Subsection (8) of section 288.90151, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 288.90151 Return on investment from activities of Enterprise Florida, Inc. --
- (8) Enterprise Florida, Inc., in consultation with the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability, shall hire a private accounting firm or an economic analysis firm to develop the methodology for establishing and reporting return-on-investment and in-kind contributions as described in this section and a survey firm to develop, analyze, and report on the results of the customer-satisfaction survey. The Office of Program Policy

Analysis and Government Accountability shall review and offer feedback on the methodology before it is implemented. The firms used to satisfy the requirements of this subsection private accounting firm shall certify whether the applicable statements in the annual report comply with this subsection.

Section 16. Subsection (2) of section 288.905, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.905 Duties of the board of directors of Enterprise Florida, Inc.--

(2) The board of directors shall, in conjunction with the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, the Office of Urban Opportunities, and local and regional economic development partners, develop a strategic plan for economic development for the State of Florida. Such plan shall be submitted to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Senate Minority Leader, and the House Minority Leader and shall be updated or modified before January 31 ± of each year. The plan must be approved by the board of directors prior to submission to the Governor and Legislature.

Section 17. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 288.980, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.980 Military base retention; legislative intent; grants program.--

(2)(a) The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development is authorized to award grants from any funds specifically appropriated available to it to support activities related to the retention of military installations potentially affected by federal base closure or realignment.

Section 18. <u>Sections 19 through 21 of this act may be</u> cited as the "New Product Transfer Enhancement Act."

Section 19. Effective January 1, 2002, section 2 288.907, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

288.907 Licensing of products or technologies by donor companies to receiving companies; tax credits.--

- (1) The purpose of this section is to promote economic growth by providing an incentive for corporations which have developed or patented products or technologies they do not wish to develop further to license those items to companies located in Florida for production and marketing.
  - (2) As used in this section:
- (a) "Annual statement of corporate tax credit" means the statement produced by Enterprise Florida, Inc., for each donor company listing the total amount of credit available to the donor company for all of the product development agreements it has entered into. This statement shall also include any additional information specified in the product development agreement.
- (b) "Annual statement of fees due" means the statement submitted by the receiving company to Enterprise Florida,

  Inc., and the Department of Revenue each year, which lists the amount of fees and royalties owed by it under the product development agreement to the donor company for the preceding calendar year. This statement shall contain any additional information specified in the product development agreement.
- (c) "Donor company" means an entity subject to the tax imposed by chapter 220 which has developed or holds the patent for a product or technology that it does not wish to develop itself and which has entered into a product development agreement.
- (d) "Product development agreement" means a contract or series of contracts which provides the receiving company

with the right to produce and market a product or technology which was developed or patented by the donor company.

- (e) "Receiving company" means a business operating in Florida which has entered into a product development agreement for the purpose of obtaining the right to produce and market a product or technology from a donor company.
- (3) Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall actively seek out corporations which may be interested in becoming donor companies and Florida businesses which may be interested in becoming receiving companies and attempt to facilitate the formation of product development agreements.
- (4) To qualify under this section, a product development agreement shall specify that a minimum of 75 percent of the jobs created by the production of the new product or technology shall be located in Florida. In addition, the agreement shall specify the amount of compensation to be remitted by the receiving company for the license. The agreement shall further provide for submission by the receiving company of an annual statement of fees due to both Enterprise Florida, Inc., and the Department of Revenue and specify the information to be included in the statement.
- (5) Each receiving company shall submit an annual statement of fees due to Enterprise Florida, Inc., and the Department of Revenue by February 1 each year, in a format approved by Enterprise Florida, Inc. Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall be responsible for producing an annual statement of corporate tax credit for each donor company using the information contained in the statements. The corporate tax credit for each donor company shall equal 94.5 percent of the total of the amounts specified in the annual statements of fees due from all receiving companies with which it has

entered a product development agreement. In any year the total 1 2 amount of credits granted under all annual statements of 3 corporate tax credit shall not exceed 94.5 percent of the 4 amount due to the state under all annual statements of fees 5 due. 6 (6) Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall send the annual 7 statement of corporate tax credit to each donor company by 8 March 1 each year. These statements shall contain the 9 information specified by the product development agreement. Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall also submit to the Department 10 of Revenue a statement, in a format approved by the 11 12 department, which specifies the amount of tax credit due to 13 each donor company and the identities of the receiving 14 companies from which those credits originated. Section 20. Effective January 1, 2002, section 15 220.115, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 16 17 220.115 Fees due from receiving companies pursuant to s. 288.907.--In addition to the tax imposed by this chapter, 18 19 any company that has entered into a product development 20 agreement pursuant to s. 288.907 as a receiving company shall 21 remit to the state the funds listed as due on the annual statement of fees due which the company has submitted to both 22 23 Enterprise Florida, Inc., and the Department of Revenue. Even 24 if no tax is due under this chapter and a return would not normally be required, a Florida corporate income tax return 25 26 shall be filed by the receiving company, and the funds listed on the annual statement of fees due shall be remitted to the 27 28 department, subject to all filing requirements, fines, and 29 penalties specified for returns and taxes due under this chapter. The Department of Revenue may adopt rules requiring 30 31 the information that it considers necessary to ensure that the

funds due under this section are properly reported and paid, 1 including, but not limited to, rules relating to the methods, 2 3 forms (including the filing of returns by the receiving 4 companies), deadlines, and penalties for providing the 5 information required under this section. Section 21. Effective January 1, 2002, section 6 7 220.1825, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 220.1825 Credit for donor companies pursuant to s. 8 9 288.907.--Upon remittance of funds to the Department of Revenue by a receiving company under s. 220.115, a credit 10 against the tax imposed by this chapter shall be allowed to 11 12 the donor company that has entered into a product development 13 agreement with that receiving company pursuant to s. 288.907, 14 which credit shall be limited to 94.5 percent of the amount 15 stated in the annual statement of corporate tax credit 16 provided to the company by Enterprise Florida, Inc. If any 17 credit granted under this section is not fully used in the first year for which it becomes available, the unused amount 18 19 may be carried forward for a period not to exceed 5 years. The 20 Department of Revenue may adopt rules relating to the method of reporting and claiming this credit. 21 Section 22. Effective January 1, 2002, subsection (8) 22 23 of section 220.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 220.02 Legislative intent.--24 (8) It is the intent of the Legislature that credits 25 26 against either the corporate income tax or the franchise tax 27 be applied in the following order: those enumerated in s. 631.828, those enumerated in s. 220.191, those enumerated in 28 29 s. 220.181, those enumerated in s. 220.183, those enumerated in s. 220.182, those enumerated in s. 220.1895, those 30 enumerated in s. 221.02, those enumerated in s. 220.184, those 31 41

enumerated in s. 220.186, those enumerated in s. 220.1845, those enumerated in s. 220.19, and those enumerated in s. 220.185, and those enumerated in s. 220.1825.

Section 23. Section 121.155, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 121.155 Investments in support of economic development strategies; legislative findings and intent.--
  - (1) The Legislature finds that:
- (a) The recruitment, retention, and expansion of high-technology businesses are a principal economic development strategy of the state.
- (b) High-technology businesses have the potential to contribute significantly to the prosperity of the state and its residents through the creation of employment opportunities and through the generation of revenues into the economy.
- (c) A significant barrier to the growth of high-technology businesses in the state is caused by a lack of access to sources of capital to support the activities of such businesses.
- (d) The State Board of Administration, through the investment of funds of the System Trust Fund, has the ability to influence the availability of capital in the marketplace for businesses located in the state.
- (e) The investment of funds of the System Trust Fund in a manner consistent with the economic development goals of the state enhances the prospects for fulfillment of such goals.
- (2) It is the intent of the Legislature that the State Board of Administration, consistent with sound investment policy and with the investment provisions set forth in ss. 215.44-215.53, maximize opportunities to invest and reinvest

available funds of the System Trust Fund in a manner that is consistent with, and that supports fulfillment of, the economic development strategies of the state, including investing and reinvesting funds in support of the capital needs of emerging and strategic high-technology businesses located in the state. It is further the intent of the Legislature that the State Board of Administration, in supporting fulfillment of the economic development strategies of the state, establish partnerships, where feasible, with venture capital firms designed to facilitate investment of venture capital in high-technology businesses located in this state.

- (3) Staff of the State Board of Administration shall regularly solicit information from Enterprise Florida, Inc., on those high-technology business sectors that research indicates have significant potential to contribute to the economic development of the state and shall provide such information to the Investment Advisory Council created under s. 215.444.
- (4) As part of the annual report required under s.

  215.44, the State Board of Administration shall describe those investment activities during the year in furtherance of the findings and intent of this section.

Section 24. Section 159.26, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 159.26 Legislative findings and purposes.--The Legislature finds and declares that:
- (1) The agriculture, tourism, urban development, historic preservation, <u>information technology</u>, education, and health care industries, among others, are vital to the economy of the state and to the welfare of the people and need to be

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enhanced and expanded to improve the competitive position of the state;

- (2) There is a need to enhance other economic activity in the state by attracting manufacturing development, business enterprise management, and other activities conducive to economic promotion in order to provide a stronger, more balanced, and stable economy in the state, while providing through pollution control and otherwise for the health and safety of the people;
- (3) In order to improve the prosperity and welfare of the state and its inhabitants; to improve education, living conditions, and health care; to promote the preservation of historic structures; to promote the rehabilitation of enterprise zones; to promote improved transportation; to promote effective and efficient pollution control throughout the state; to promote the advancement of education and science and research in and the economic development of the state; to promote the advancement of information technology; and to increase purchasing power and opportunities for gainful employment, it is necessary and in the public interest to facilitate the financing of the projects provided for in this part and to facilitate and encourage the planning and development of these projects without regard to the boundaries between counties, municipalities, special districts, and other local governmental bodies or agencies in order to more effectively and efficiently serve the interests of the greatest number of people in the widest area practicable; and
- (4) The purposes to be achieved by such projects and the financing of them in compliance with the criteria and requirements of this part are predominantly the public purposes stated in this section, and such purposes implement

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the governmental purposes under the State Constitution of providing for the health, safety, and welfare of the people, including implementing the purpose of s. 10(c), Art. VII of the State Constitution.

Section 25. Subsection (5) of section 159.27, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection is added to that section to read:

159.27 Definitions.--The following words and terms, unless the context clearly indicates a different meaning, shall have the following meanings:

"Project" means any capital project comprising an industrial or manufacturing plant, a research and development park, an information technology facility, an agricultural processing or storage facility, a warehousing or distribution facility, a headquarters facility, a tourism facility, a convention or trade show facility, an urban parking facility, a trade center, a health care facility, an educational facility, a correctional or detention facility, a motion picture production facility, a preservation or rehabilitation of a certified historic structure, an airport or port facility, a commercial project in an enterprise zone, a pollution-control facility, a hazardous or solid waste facility, a social service center, or a mass commuting facility, including one or more buildings and other structures, whether or not on the same site or sites; any rehabilitation, improvement, renovation, or enlargement of, or any addition to, any buildings or structures for use as a factory, a mill, a processing plant, an assembly plant, a fabricating plant, an industrial distribution center, a repair, overhaul, or service facility, a test facility, an agricultural processing or storage facility, a warehousing or

distribution facility, a headquarters facility, a tourism facility, a convention or trade show facility, an urban 2 parking facility, a trade center, a health care facility, an 3 educational facility, a correctional or detention facility, a 4 5 motion picture production facility, a preservation or rehabilitation of a certified historic structure, an airport 6 7 or port facility, a commercial project in an enterprise zone, a pollution-control facility, a hazardous or solid waste 8 9 facility, a social service center, or a mass commuting 10 facility, and other facilities, including research and development facilities and information technology facilities, 11 12 for manufacturing, processing, assembling, repairing, 13 overhauling, servicing, testing, or handling of any products 14 or commodities embraced in any industrial or manufacturing 15 plant, in connection with the purposes of a research and development park, or other facilities for or used in 16 17 connection with an agricultural processing or storage facility, a warehousing or distribution facility, a 18 19 headquarters facility, a tourism facility, a convention or trade show facility, an urban parking facility, a trade 20 center, a health care facility, an educational facility, a 21 22 correctional or detention facility, a motion picture production facility, a preservation or rehabilitation of a 23 certified historic structure, an airport or port facility, or 24 a commercial project in an enterprise zone or for controlling 25 air or water pollution or for the disposal, processing, 26 conversion, or reclamation of hazardous or solid waste, a 27 social service center, or a mass commuting facility; and 28 including also the sites thereof and other rights in land 29 therefor whether improved or unimproved, machinery, equipment, 30 site preparation and landscaping, and all appurtenances and 31

facilities incidental thereto, such as warehouses, utilities, access roads, railroad sidings, truck docking and similar 2 facilities, parking facilities, office or storage or training 3 4 facilities, public lodging and restaurant facilities, dockage, 5 wharfage, solar energy facilities, and other improvements necessary or convenient for any manufacturing or industrial 6 7 plant, research and development park, information technology facility, agricultural processing or storage facility, 8 9 warehousing or distribution facility, tourism facility, convention or trade show facility, urban parking facility, 10 trade center, health care facility, educational facility, a 11 12 correctional or detention facility, motion picture production facility, preservation or rehabilitation of a certified 13 14 historic structure, airport or port facility, commercial 15 project in an enterprise zone, pollution-control facility, 16 hazardous or solid waste facility, social service center, or a 17 mass commuting facility and any one or more combinations of 18 the foregoing. 19 (25) "Information technology facility" means a building or structure, including infrastructure such as roads, 20 power, water, network access points, and fiber optic cable 21 leading to the structure, which is used to house businesses 22 23 classified within the following codes of the North American 24 Industry Classification System (NAICS): 334111 (electronic computer manufacturing), 334112 (computer storage device 25 26 manufacturing), 334113 (computer terminal manufacturing), 27 334119 (other computer peripheral equipment manufacturing), 334613 (magnetic and optical recording media manufacturing), 28 29 334418 (printed circuit assembly manufacturing), 334411 (electron tube manufacturing), 334412 (bare printed circuit 30 board manufacturing), 334413 (semiconductor and related device 31

manufacturing), 334417 (electronic connector manufacturing), 1 2 334611 (software reproducing), 541512 (computer systems design 3 services), 51421 (data processing services), 514191 (on-line 4 information services), 811212 (computer and office machine 5 repair and maintenance), 44312 (computer and software 6 stores-retail), 541519 (other computer related services), 7 42143 (computer and computer peripheral equipment and software 8 wholesalers), 51121 (software publishers), 541511 (custom 9 computer programming services), and 61142 (computer training). 10 The term also includes joint-use advanced digital media research and production facilities created pursuant to 11 12 authority from the Legislature for the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development to administer a program 13 14 facilitating the establishment and maintenance of such digital 15 media facilities. Section 26. Subsection (10) of section 159.705, 16 17 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 18 159.705 Powers of the authority.--The authority is 19 authorized and empowered: 20 (10) Other provisions of law to the contrary notwithstanding, to acquire by lease, without consideration, 21 22 purchase, or option any lands owned, administered, managed, 23 controlled, supervised, or otherwise protected by the state or any of its agencies, departments, boards, or commissions for 24 the purpose of establishing a research and development park, 25 26 subject to being first designated a research and development 27 authority under the provisions of ss. 159.701-159.7095. authority may cooperate with state and local political 28 29 subdivisions and with private profit and nonprofit entities to implement the public purposes set out in s. 159.701. Such 30 cooperation may include agreements for the use of the 31 48

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resources of state and local political subdivisions, agencies, or entities on a fee-for-service basis or on a cost-recovery 2 3 basis. A project that is located in a research and development 4 park and is financed under the provisions of the Florida 5 Industrial Development Financing Act may be operated by a 6 research and development authority, a state university, a 7 Florida community college, or a governmental agency, provided that the purpose and operation of such project is consistent 8 9 with the purposes and policies enumerated in ss. 10 159.701-159.7095.

Section 27. Section 240.1055, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

240.1055 Economic development mission.--

- (1) The Legislature finds that the state system of postsecondary education contributes to the economic well-being of the state and its people through the education and training of individuals for employment, through research and development of technologies that have commercial applications, and through the provision of assistance to businesses based in this state. The Legislature further finds that the quality and activities of the state system of postsecondary education directly affect the success of state, regional, and local efforts to develop, recruit, retain, and expand businesses, particularly high-technology businesses, that create jobs and generate revenue. Therefore, as a fundamental component of the purpose and mission articulated in s. 240.105, the mission of the state system of postsecondary education is to complement, facilitate, and support the economic development strategies and goals of the state and its communities.
- (2) In recognition and furtherance of the economic development mission of the state system of postsecondary

education, it is the policy of the state to use the patent system and the technology-licensing operations of public universities to promote the use of inventions arising from funded research; to encourage to the maximum extent possible the participation of businesses based in this state in opportunities to commercialize technology; to promote collaboration between businesses in this state and universities; and to secure for the residents of this state enhanced returns on the intellectual property developed by public universities through funded research.

Section 28. Section 240.710, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

240.710 Digital Media Education Coordination Group.--

- Education, or the division's successor entity, Board of Regents shall create a Digital Media Education Coordination Group composed of representatives of the universities within the State University System that shall work in conjunction with the Division Department of Education, the State Board of Community Colleges, the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, and the Articulation Coordinating Committee on the development of a plan to enhance Florida's ability to meet the current and future workforce needs of the digital media industry. The following purposes of the group shall be included in its plan development process:
- (a) Coordination of the use of existing academic programs and research and faculty resources to promote the development of a digital media industry in this state.
- (b) Address strategies to improve opportunities for interdisciplinary study and research within the emerging field of digital media through the development of tracts in existing

degree programs, new interdisciplinary degree programs, and interdisciplinary research centers.

- (c) Address the sharing of resources among universities in such a way as to allow a student to take courses from multiple departments or multiple educational institutions in pursuit of competency, certification, and degrees in digital information and media technology.
- (2) Where practical, private accredited institutions of higher learning in this state should be encouraged to participate.
- (3) In addition to the elements of the plan governed by the purposes described in subsection (1), the plan shall include, to the maximum extent practical, the coordination of educational resources to be provided by distance learning and shall facilitate to the maximum extent possible articulation and transfer of credits between community colleges and the state universities. The plan shall address student enrollment in affected programs with emphasis on enrollment beginning as early as fall term, 2001.
- (3)(4) The Digital Media Education Coordination Group shall submit an annual report of its activities with any recommendations for policy implementation or funding to the State Board of Education its plan to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives no later than February 1 of each year January 1, 2001.
- Section 29. Paragraph (i) of subsection (6) of section 288.108, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 288.108 High-impact business.--
- (6) SELECTION AND DESIGNATION OF HIGH-IMPACT SECTORS.--

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(i) For the purposes of this subsection, the 1 semiconductor a high-impact sector consists of the silicon technology sector and the information technology sector are that Enterprise Florida, Inc., has found to be focused around the type of high-impact businesses for which the incentive created in this section subsection is designed. These sectors required and will create the kinds of economic sector and economy wide benefits that justify the use of state resources as economic development incentives. Further, the use of state resources to encourage investment in these sectors is necessary to encourage these investments and require substantial inducements to compete with the incentive packages offered by other states and nations. For the purposes of this subsection and s. 220.191, the term "information technology sector" shall encompass, but not be limited to, the digital media sector as defined by Enterprise Florida, Inc., and 16 approved by the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic 18 Development. Section 30. The Legislature finds that the Information Services Technology Development Task Force created under chapter 99-354, Laws of Florida, performed an integral role in analyzing and recommending policies to facilitate the beneficial development and deployment of information technology on a statewide basis. It is the intent of the 24 Legislature that, upon the dissolution of the task force effective July 1, 2001, the state solicit continued policy guidance and direction from a not-for-profit corporation created to advocate on behalf of information technology businesses and other high-technology businesses throughout the state and which does business under the name "itflorida.com, Inc." It further is the intent of the Legislature that the

State Technology Office; the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development; and Enterprise Florida, Inc., facilitate the formation and initial operation of such corporation to the maximum extent feasible and that such organizations use the corporation as a resource for information and insights about the information technology industry and other high-technology industries.

Section 31. Effective upon this act becoming a law, section 288.9522, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

288.9522 Florida Research Consortium.--

- (1) CREATION; INTENT.--
- (a) There is created the Florida Research Consortium, which shall be organized and operated as a not-for-profit corporation in compliance with chapter 617. The consortium shall serve as an entity for uniting businesses and universities in the state in order to enhance economic development through the development and commercialization of science and technology and for targeting the activities of such universities toward fulfillment of the economic development goals of the state.
- (b) It is the intent of the Legislature that the Florida Research Consortium complement, and not supplant, any elements of the governance structure for the state system of post-secondary education. It further is the intent of the Legislature that the consortium operate as a private corporation and not as an agency of state government. It also is the intent of the Legislature that the state provide a framework for and facilitate the creation and initial operation of the consortium, but that ultimately the consortium function as a dynamic, independent entity that

identifies and implements activities to fulfill strategies 2 developed by its board of directors. (2) BOARD OF DIRECTORS. -- The Florida Research 3 4 Consortium shall be governed by a board of directors comprised 5 of the following members: 6 (a) Ten chief executive officers of businesses based 7 in this state who are appointed by the Governor. Initially, of 8 the 10 chief executive officers, the Governor shall appoint 5 members for terms of 4 years, 3 members for terms of 3 years, 9 and 2 members for terms of 2 years. Thereafter, the Governor 10 shall appoint all members for terms of 4 years. 11 12 (b) Two chief executive officers of businesses based 13 in this state who are appointed by the President of the Senate 14 and who serve at the pleasure of the President. 15 (c) Two chief executive officers of businesses based in this state who are appointed by the Speaker of the House of 16 17 Representatives and who serve at the pleasure of the Speaker. 18 (d) The presidents of the following universities: 19 1. University of Florida; 20 2. Florida State University; 3. University of Central Florida; 21 22 4. University of South Florida; 23 5. Florida Atlantic University; 24 6. Florida International University; 7. Florida Agricultural and Mechanical University; 25 26 8. University of North Florida; 27 9. Florida Gulf Coast University; 10. University of West Florida; and 28 29 11. University of Miami. (e) The president of Enterprise Florida, Inc. 30 The president of Workforce Florida, Inc. 31 (f)

- 1 (g) One representative each from two not-for-profit
  2 research institutes located in the state which are not public
  3 or private universities, who are appointed by the Governor for
  4 terms of 4 years.
  5 (h) The Governor or the Governor's designee, who shall
  6 serve as an ex officio, nonvoting member.
  - (i) The Commissioner of Education or the commissioner's designee, who shall serve as an ex officio,

9 non-voting member.

The voting members of the board of directors shall biennially elect one of the voting members of the board to serve as the chairman of the board. All members appointed under paragraphs (a), (b), (c), and (g) are subject to Senate confirmation.

- (3) PURPOSE.--The purpose of the Florida Research
  Consortium is to support economic development in the state by
  linking the research capabilities of member universities with
  the needs and activities of private businesses in the state
  and by fostering the development and growth of scientific and
  technology-based industry and commerce in this state.
- (4) POWERS AND DUTIES.--The powers and duties of the board of directors of the Florida Research Consortium shall include, but not be limited to:
- (a) Raising funds from nonstate sources to leverage any appropriations from the Legislature;
- (b) Identifying three specific disciplines in science or technology which shall be the focus of the activities of the consortium, with such disciplines being narrowly defined and being viable areas of potential success for the state from an economic development and academic perspective;

- (c) Developing and implementing strategies to recruit and retain preeminent researchers in science and technology-based disciplines to universities in the state, with such strategies including but not being limited to the endowment of faculty or research chairs at universities in the state in the disciplines identified under paragraph (b);
- (d) Developing and implementing strategies to recruit and retain graduate and undergraduate students in science and technology-based disciplines to universities in the state;
- (e) Assisting new and expanding science and technology-based businesses with their research, technology commercialization, capital, and workforce needs;
- (f) Developing and implementing strategies to increase
  the state's share of research funds;
- (g) Identifying statutory, regulatory, policy, or other barriers impeding the effective, efficient, and timely transfer of technology and commercialization of research from the university setting and proposing resolutions to such barriers, including reforms to university policies on issues such as conflicts of interest;
- (h) Developing and implementing strategies to create a culture at member universities which promotes the conduct of applied research and the transfer of technology as fundamental activities of such universities;
- (i) Developing measures to assess the performance of the technology transfer offices of the member universities in facilitating the transfer of technology to businesses in the state;
- (j) Facilitating discussions, meetings, and other forms of communication among university researchers, faculty,

administrators, and students; high technology businesses in the state; and economic-development professionals;

- (k) Establishing and maintaining an Internet-based database for the marketing, publication, and exchange of information with the public and private sectors on basic, applied, and other research being conducted at universities in the state;
- (1) Coordinating donations of equipment from high-technology businesses to secondary schools;
- (m) Hiring an executive director and other staff for the Florida Research Consortium; and
- (n) Meeting at least four times each calendar year, with the first meeting of the board of directors being held by July 1, 2001.
  - (5) ANNUAL REPORT.--
- (a) By January 1 of each year, the Florida Research
  Consortium shall submit a report of its activities and
  accomplishments for the year to the Governor, the President of
  the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.
  The report shall also include specific recommendations
  regarding actions the state could take to enhance the
  commercialization of research and transfer of technologies
  from the universities and to enhance the role of universities
  in accomplishing the economic development goals of the state.
- (b) By December 1 of each year, the technology transfer office of each university that is a member of the Florida Research Consortium shall report to the board of directors on the activities of the office during the year related to facilitating the transfer of technology to businesses and on its other activities related to building relationships between university researchers, faculty,

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students, and administrators and businesses in the state. The 2 report must include information on the achievement by the 3 office of the performance measures identified under paragraph 4 (4)(i). The board of directors shall summarize the information provided by the technology transfer offices as part of the 6 annual report by the board under paragraph (a).

Section 32. (1) Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall provide staff support to the Florida Research Consortium created under section 288.9522, Florida Statutes, to assist the board of directors of the consortium with the initial organization and operation of the consortium, until such time as the board of directors of the consortium hires an executive director or other staff.

(2) This section shall take effect upon this act becoming a law.

Section 33. (1) The Legislature finds that promoting objectivity in research at public universities is important to ensure that conflicts of interest do not compromise the responsibility of faculty, researchers, staff, and students to the state and the public educational institutions they represent. The Legislature also finds, however, that the transfer of technology from the university setting to the private sector produces economic development benefits for the state and its citizens and is a laudable public policy goal of the state. The Legislature further finds that such transfer of technology is facilitated by encouraging communication and relationships between university employees and business entities. Therefore, it is the intent of the Legislature that public universities in the state operate under policies and procedures that safeguard the public trust but that also facilitate the transfer of technology by not unduly burdening

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the building of relationships between university employees and business entities.

- (2) The Florida Research Consortium created under section 288.9522, Florida Statutes, shall report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by January 1, 2002, on the impact of existing statutes, regulations, policies, and procedures, as well as other factors the consortium identifies, on the transfer and commercialization of technology from the university setting to the private sector and on the ability of university faculty, researchers, other staff, and students to establish relationships with business entities emanating from research conducted at the universities. The report shall include specific recommendations for actions by the Legislature, universities, and state agencies to enhance and promote the transfer and commercial ization of technology to produce economic development benefits for the state and its residents. At a minimum, this report must:
- (a) Examine the code of ethics for public officers and employees under part III of chapter 112, Florida Statutes, to identify any specific provisions that impede the transfer and commercialization of technology and recommend any changes to the code that the consortium deems necessary to address such impediments.
- (b) Assess the strengths and weaknesses of technology transfer and commercialization policies and practices of the member universities of the consortium and identify any exemplars.
- (c) Review technology transfer and commercialization policies and practices in other states to identify models for potential adoption in this state.

- CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

- (d) Examine federal statutes and regulations governing conflicts of interest and disclosure of significant financial interests by researchers who apply for or receive federal research funds and recommend whether comparable statutory or regulatory provisions should be adopted in this state.
- (e) Analyze the provisions of the federal Bayh-Dole
  Act and related legislation and recommend whether any
  comparable provisions should be adopted in this state.
- (f) Assess the advantages and disadvantages of adopting policies and practices related to the transfer and commercialization of technology on a statewide basis versus at the individual university level.
- (3) The consortium shall solicit the participation in the preparation of this report of individuals who have expertise related to the transfer and commercialization of technology but who are not members of the consortium.
- (4) This section shall take effect upon this act becoming a law.
- Section 34. Section 445.045, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 445.045 Development of an Internet-based system for information technology industry promotion and workforce recruitment.--
- (1) Workforce Florida, Inc., The Department of Labor and Employment Security shall be responsible for directing facilitate efforts to ensure the development and maintenance of a website that promotes and markets the information technology industry in this state. The website shall be designed to inform the public concerning the scope of the information technology industry in the state and shall also be designed to address the workforce needs of the industry. The

website shall include, through links or actual content, information concerning information technology businesses in this state, including links to such businesses; information concerning employment available at these businesses; and the means by which a jobseeker may post a resume on the website.

- and Employment Security shall coordinate with the State Technology Office and the Agency for Workforce Innovation Workforce Development Board of Enterprise Florida, Inc., to ensure links, where feasible and appropriate, to existing job information websites maintained by the state and state agencies and to ensure that information technology positions offered by the state and state agencies are posted on the information technology website.
- (3) Workforce Florida, Inc., shall ensure that the website developed and maintained under this section is consistent, compatible, and coordinated with the workforce information systems required under s. 445.011, including, but not limited to, the automated job-matching information system for employers, job seekers, and other users.
- (4)(a) Workforce Florida, Inc., shall coordinate development and maintenance of the website under this section with the state's Chief Information Officer in the State

  Technology Office to ensure compatibility with the state's information system strategy and enterprise architecture.
- (b) Workforce Florida, Inc., may enter into an agreement with the State Technology Office, the Agency for Workforce Innovation, or any other public agency with the requisite information technology expertise for the provision of design, operating, or other technological services necessary to develop and maintain the website.

(c) Workforce Florida, Inc., may procure services 1 2 necessary to implement the provisions of this section, 3 provided, however, that it employs competitive processes, including requests for proposals, competitive negotiation, and 4 5 other competitive processes to ensure that the procurement 6 results in the most cost-effective investment of state funds. 7 (5) In furtherance of the requirements under this 8 section that the website promote and market the information 9 technology industry by communicating information on the scope of the industry in this state, Workforce Florida, Inc., shall 10 coordinate its efforts with the high-technology industry 11 12 marketing efforts of Enterprise Florida, Inc., under s. 288.911. Through links or actual content, the website 13 14 developed under this section shall serve as a forum for 15 distributing the marketing campaign developed by Enterprise Florida, Inc., under s. 288.911. In addition, Workforce 16 17 Florida, Inc., shall solicit input from the not-for-profit corporation created to advocate on behalf of the information 18 19 technology industry as an outgrowth of the Information Service 20 Technology Development Task Force created under chapter 21 99-354, Laws of Florida. (6) In fulfilling its responsibilities under this 22 23 section, Workforce Florida, Inc., may enlist the assistance of and act through the Agency for Workforce Innovation. The 24 agency is authorized and directed to provide such services as 25 26 Workforce Florida, Inc., and the agency deem necessary to 27 implement this section. 28 Section 35. Pilot grant program for youth 29 internships.--30 (1) Subject to legislative appropriation, Workforce

Florida, Inc., shall establish a pilot matching grant program

that is designed to encourage high-technology businesses to employ, train, and mentor financially needy youth through internships completed under the direct supervision of the eligible business. Under this program, Workforce Florida, Inc., may award grants to an eligible business for the benefit of a named eligible youth. Part of the purpose of the program shall be to help financially needy youth acquire and develop information technology skills in order to help close the "digital divide."

- (2) Grant funds awarded under this program shall be used to supplement the stipend of the eligible youth and must be matched by contributions from the eligible business. The maximum grant amount that may be awarded on behalf of a single eligible youth at one time is \$2,000. Workforce Florida, Inc., may establish limitations on the total number of internship grants that may be awarded to a single eligible business or that may be awarded on behalf of a single eligible youth.
- any sole proprietorship, firm, partnership, or corporation in this state that is in the information technology sector, health technology sector, or other high-technology sector that the board of directors of Workforce Florida, Inc., in consultation with Enterprise Florida, Inc., determines is strategically important to the economic development goals of the state.
- (4) An eligible youth under this program includes a student between the ages of 15 and 18 who is currently enrolled at a high school in Florida and who has not been previously employed within the preceding 12 months by the eligible business, or a successor business, applying for matching funds under this program. The youth must be a member

of a family that includes a parent with one or more minor children or a caretaker with one or more minor children and that is at risk of welfare dependency because the family's income does not exceed 200 percent of the federal poverty level.

- (5)(a) As part of an application for funding under this program, an eligible business must submit an internship work plan that describes:
  - 1. The work to be performed by the eligible youth;
- 2. The anticipated number of hours per week the eligible youth will work;
- 3. The total hourly stipend to be paid to eligible youth, with a description of the portion of the stipend proposed to be paid by the eligible business and the portion of the stipend proposed to be paid by the state;
  - 4. The anticipated term of the internship;
- 5. The training and supervision to be provided by the eligible business, particularly in terms of skill development of the youth related to computers and other information technologies;
- 6. The impact of the grant funds on the ability of the eligible business to employ the eligible youth through the internship; and
- 7. The prospects for unsubsidized employment of the youth after the internship period concludes.
- (b) An application for funding must also identify the eligible youth to be hired under the internship and include information to demonstrate that the eligible youth satisfies the requirements of subsection (4).
- (6) Workforce Florida, Inc., shall establish guidelines governing the administration of this program which

facilitate access to the program by businesses and shall establish criteria to be used in evaluating an application for funding and the internship plan accompanying the application as required under subsection (5). Such criteria must include, but need not be limited to:

- (a) The nature of the work to be performed by the eligible youth;
- (b) The potential experience and skills to be acquired by the eligible youth, particularly related to computers and other information technologies, as identified by Workforce Florida, Inc., which may help address the digital divide;
- (c) Whether the eligible business is classified in one of the business sectors identified by Enterprise Florida,

  Inc., as being strategically important to the economic development efforts of the state or is classified in a business sector identified as being strategically important to the particular regional or local area in which the business is located;
- (d) The supervision, training, and counseling to be provided to the eligible youth as part of the internship;
- (e) The demonstrated need of the eligible business and the amount of matching funds to be provided by the eligible business; and
- (f) The extent to which the internship has potential to result in permanent employment with the eligible business at the completion of the internship or anytime thereafter.
- (7) Before allocating funds for any grant application under this program, Workforce Florida, Inc., shall execute a simplified grant agreement with the eligible business. Such agreement must include provisions for Workforce Florida, Inc.,

to have access to information about the performance of eligible youth upon completion of the internship.

- (8) Workforce Florida, Inc., shall ensure that any forms or reports associated with this program which a business or individual is required to complete are as concise and simple to complete as practicable.
- (9) Before the 2003 legislative session, Workforce
  Florida, Inc., shall prepare a report describing the outcomes
  of the pilot program authorized under this section. The report
  must include a recommendation as to whether the Legislature
  should continue to fund the program and on any changes
  necessary to enhance the program. The report must be submitted
  to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker
  of the House of Representatives by January 31, 2003.
- (10) In fulfilling its responsibilities under this section, Workforce Florida, Inc., may enlist the assistance of and act through the Agency for Workforce Innovation. The agency is authorized and directed to provide such services as Workforce Florida, Inc., and the agency deem necessary to implement this section.

Section 36. <u>Joint-Use Advanced Digital-Media Research</u> and Production Facilities.--

(1) The Legislature finds that developments in digital media are having, and will continue to have, a profound effect on the state, its people, and its businesses in areas including, but not limited to, information technology, simulation technology, and film and entertainment production and distribution. The digital-media industry represents a strategic economic development opportunity for the state to become a global leader in this emerging and dynamic field. The ability of the state to succeed in developing the

with skills necessary to meet the demands of the industry. The Legislature further finds that the convergence of media and the collaboration of businesses and multi-disciplinary academic research programs will enable this state to compete more successfully with other digital-media innovation centers around the country and around the world. Therefore, it is the intent of the Legislature to support the establishment and maintenance of joint-use advanced digital-media research and production facilities in the state to provide regional focal points for collaboration between research and education programs and digital-media industries.

- of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development is authorized to create and administer a program to facilitate the establishment and maintenance of joint-use advanced digital-media research and production facilities at strategic locations around the state. The office shall administer all facets of this program in cooperation and consultation with the Office of the Film Commissioner; Enterprise Florida, Inc.; Workforce Florida, Inc.; the Digital Media Education Coordination Group of the State University System; and a not-for-profit corporation that represents information technology businesses throughout the state.
- (3) The purposes of a joint-use advanced digital-media research and production facility shall include:
- (a) Creating opportunities for industry, academia, and government to benefit from student and researcher involvement in applied research and development projects and other projects related to digital media.

- 1 (b) Promoting paths to future employment for students
  2 participating in the activities of the facility.
  - (c) Contributing to the development of a skilled workforce to support the needs of the digital-media industry.
  - (d) Facilitating the transfer of research results to commercial and government applications.
  - (e) Integrating the efforts and activities of the diverse, high-technology industries in the state that are critical to the economic future of the state.
  - (f) Assisting producers, suppliers, and distributors to make the transition from well-established passive media infrastructure to a highly interactive and immersive media infrastructure.
  - (g) Performing other functions or activities designed to contribute to the success of the state in becoming a leader in the digital-media industry, as approved by the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development.
  - (4) In carrying out its responsibilities under this section, the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development:
  - (a) Shall develop a strategic plan for how joint-use advanced digital-media research and production facilities will be governed and for how such facilities will be funded in the long term. The office may contract for the preparation of the strategic plan required by this paragraph.
  - (b) May contract for the establishment of joint-use advanced digital-media research and production facilities. In identifying, approving, and executing such contracts, the office shall attempt to maximize the use and integration of existing facilities and programs in the state that are suitable for application as joint-use advanced digital-media

facilities. Funds awarded under such contracts may be used to lease or refurbish existing facilities to create state-of-the-art digital-media design, production, and research laboratories that shall be shared by public and private educational institutions and industry partners.

- (c) Shall ensure that funds appropriated for the program authorized in this section are expended in a manner consistent with the priority needs for developing the digital-media industry in this state, as identified by the organizations listed in subsection (2).
- (d) Shall require any entity or organization receiving state funding under this section to match such funding with non-state sources.
- (e) Shall require any joint-use advanced digital-media research and production facility receiving state funds to submit for approval by the office a detailed plan for the operation of such facility. Such operating plan must, at a minimum, include provisions for the establishment of a tenant association, with representation by each tenant using the facility, and for the collection of annual dues from tenants to support the operation and maintenance of the facility.
- (f) Shall require any joint-use advanced digital-media research and production facility receiving state funding to submit an annual report to the office by a date established by the office. Upon receipt of such annual reports, the office shall provide copies to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.
- (g) Shall establish guidelines and criteria governing the application for and receipt of funds under this section.
- (h) May, as part of the annual report on the business climate of the state required under section 14.2015, Florida

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Statutes, recommend to the Legislature policies designed to enhance the effectiveness of the program for joint-use advanced digital-media research and production facilities or policies designed to otherwise promote the development of the digital-media industry in the state.

(5) For the purposes of this section, the term
"digital media" is defined as a discipline based on the
creative convergence of art, science, and technology for human
expression, communication, and social interaction. The Office
of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, in cooperation
and consultation with the organizations identified in
subsection (2), shall identify specific types of businesses or
types of business activity to be included within the term
"digital media."

Section 37. The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, the Office of the Film Commissioner, and the Digital Media Education Coordination Group shall jointly report to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by December 1, 2001, on recommended funding levels for the program to facilitate establishment and maintenance of joint-use advanced digital-media research and production facilities as authorized by this act. The report must include options based on different funding levels and information on the number and types of facilities that the organizations estimate could be established under each funding option. The report also must include an assessment of the long-term costs associated with operating such facilities and an assessment of non-state funding sources that could be accessed to support establishment and maintenance of such facilities.

Section 38. (1) In implementing the single, statewide computer-assisted student advising system required under section 240.2099, Florida Statutes, the Board of Regents and the State Board of Community Colleges may:

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(a) Perform all things necessary to secure letters of patent, copyrights, and trademarks on any work products and enforce their rights with respect thereto.

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(b) Enter into binding agreements with organizations, corporations, or government entities to license, lease, assign, or otherwise give written consent to any person, firm, corporation, or agency for the use of the single, statewide, computer-assisted student advising system and collect royalties or any other consideration that the boards find proper.

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(c) Sell or license any such work products and execute all instruments necessary to consummate the sale or license.

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(2) The Board of Regents and the State Board of Community Colleges shall submit to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives any agreement relating to this section. The President and Speaker may review the terms of the agreement and respond with comments for 30 days after receipt of an agreement; after that time, the

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23 agreement is binding.

(3) All or a portion of the proceeds derived from 24 25 26 27 28 29 30

activities authorized under this section may be expended for developing the next generation of on-line student services, maintaining and operating the system, and acquiring statewide licenses for related software. Proceeds in excess of that necessary to support such expenditures may be deposited in the State Treasury to support need-based student aid or to support

information technology infrastructure.

Section 39. The unexpended balance of funds from section 38 of chapter 2000-164, Laws of Florida, authorized to reimburse eligible companies for sales tax payments made on equipment specifically associated with the creation of a network access point, is reappropriated for fiscal year 2001-2002 to the Department of Revenue for reimbursement of such sales tax payments as provided in section 212.08(5), Florida Statutes.

Revenue Fund to the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic

Development the sum of \$100,000 in fiscal year 2001-2002 for

use by the Florida Research Consortium created under section

288.9522, Florida Statutes, for the purposes specified in such section.

Security Administration Trust Fund to the Agency for Workforce Innovation the sum of \$200,000 in fiscal year 2001-2002 for use by Workforce Florida, Inc., in implementing the pilot matching grant program for youth internships as provided in this act. The source of these funds is the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families block grant.

Section 42. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development may use up to \$500,000 of the amount appropriated by the Legislature in fiscal year 2001-2002 to the office for the Rural Community Development Revolving Loan Fund under section 288.065, Florida Statutes, to provide loans, loan guarantees, or loan loss reserves, consistent with the requirements and intent of such section, through units of local government to small citrus growers in rural counties or rural communities to assist such growers in upgrading machinery and equipment in

 order to make their farming operations more viable and sustainable.

Section 43. Section 341.821, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

341.821 Florida High-Speed Rail Authority.--

- (1) There is created and established a body politic and corporate, an agency of the state, to be known as the 'Florida High-Speed Rail Authority," hereinafter referred to as the "authority."
- (2)(a) The governing board of the authority shall consist of nine voting members appointed as follows:
- 1. Three members shall be appointed by the Governor, one of whom must have a background in the area of environmental concerns, one of whom must have a legislative background, and one of whom must have a general business background.
- 2. Three members shall be appointed by the President of the Senate, one of whom must have a background in civil engineering, one of whom must have a background in transportation construction, and one of whom must have a general business background.
- 3. Three members shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, one of whom must have a legal background, one of whom must have a background in financial matters, and one of whom must have a general business background.
- (b) The appointed members shall not be subject to confirmation by the Senate. The initial term of each member appointed by the Governor shall be for 4 years. The initial term of each member appointed by the President of the Senate shall be for 3 years. The initial term of each member

appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall be for 2 years. Succeeding terms for all members shall be for terms of 4 years. Initial appointments must be made within 30 days after the effective date of this act.

- (c) A vacancy occurring during a term shall be filled by the respective appointing authority in the same manner as the original appointment and only for the balance of the unexpired term. An appointment to fill a vacancy shall be made within 60 days after the occurrence of the vacancy.
- (d) The Secretary of Transportation shall be a nonvoting ex officio member of the board.
- (e) The board shall elect one of its members as chair of the authority. The chair shall hold office at the will of the board. Five members of the board shall constitute a quorum, and the vote of five members shall be necessary for any action taken by the authority. The authority may meet upon the constitution of a quorum. No vacancy in the authority shall impair the right of a quorum of the board to exercise all rights and perform all duties of the authority.
- (f) The members of the board shall not be entitled to compensation but shall be entitled to receive their travel and other necessary expenses as provided in s. 112.061.
- (3) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, it shall not be or constitute a conflict of interest for a person having a background specified in this section to serve as a member of the authority. However, in each official decision to which this act is applicable, such member's firm or related entity may not have a financial or economic interest nor shall the authority contract with or conduct any business with a member or such member's firm or directly related business entity.

(4) The authority shall be assigned to the Department of Transportation for administrative purposes. The authority shall be a separate budget entity. The Department of Transportation shall provide administrative support and service to the authority to the extent requested by the chair of the authority. The authority shall not be subject to control, supervision, or direction by the Department of Transportation in any manner, including, but not limited to, personnel, purchasing, transactions involving real or personal property, and budgetary matters.

Section 44. Section 341.822, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

341.822 Powers and duties.--

- (1)(a) The authority created and established by this act shall plan, administer, and manage the preliminary engineering and preliminary environmental assessment of the intrastate high-speed rail system in the state, hereinafter referred to as "intrastate high-speed rail."
- (b) The authority may exercise all powers granted to corporations under the Florida Business Corporation Act, chapter 607, except the authority may not incur debt.
- (c) The authority shall have perpetual succession as a body politic and corporate.
- (d) The authority is authorized to seek federal matching funds or any other funds to fulfill the requirements of this act.
- (e) The authority may employ an executive director, permanent or temporary, as it may require and shall determine the qualifications and fix the compensation. The authority may delegate to one or more of its agents or employees such of its power as it deems necessary to carry out the purposes of this

act, subject always to the supervision and control of the 1 2 authority. 3 Section 45. (1) The following criteria shall apply in 4 developing the preliminary engineering, preliminary 5 environmental assessment, and recommendations required by this 6 act: 7 (a) The system shall be capable of traveling speeds in 8 excess of 120 miles per hour consisting of dedicated rails or 9 guideways separated from motor vehicle traffic; (b) The initial segments of the system will be 10 developed and operated between St. Petersburg, Tampa, and 11 12 Orlando, with future service to Miami; (c) The authority is to develop a model that uses, to 13 14 the maximum extent feasible, nongovernmental sources of funding for the design, construction, and operation of the 15 16 system; 17 (2) The authority shall make recommendations 18 concerning: 19 (a) The format and types of information that must be 20 included in a financial or business plan for the high-speed 21 rail system, and the authority may develop that financial or 22 business plan; 23 (b) The preferred routes between the cities designated 24 in paragraph (1)(b); 25 (c) The preferred locations for the stations in the 26 cities designated in paragraph (1)(b); (d) The preferred locomotion technology to be employed 27 28 from constitutional choices of monorail, fixed guideway, or 29 magnetic levitation; 30 31

1	(e) Any changes that may be needed in state statutes
2	or federal laws which would make the proposed system eligible
3	for available federal funding; and
4	(f) Any other issues the authority deems relevant to
5	the development of a high-speed rail system.
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7	(3) When preparing the operating plan, the authority shall include:
8	(a) The frequency of service between the cities
9	designated in paragraph (1)(b);
10	(b) The proposed fare structure for passenger and
11	freight service;
12	(c) Proposed trip times, system capacity, passenger
13	accommodations, and amenities;
14	(d) Methods to ensure compliance with applicable
15	environmental standards and regulations;
16	(e) A marketing plan, including strategies that can be
17	employed to enhance the utilization of the system;
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	(f) A detailed planning-level ridership study;
19	(g) Consideration of nonfare revenues that may be
20	derived from:
21	1. The sale of development rights at the stations;
22	2. License, franchise, and lease fees;
23	3. Sale of advertising space on the trains or in the
24	stations; and
25	4. Any other potential sources deemed appropriate.
26	(h) An estimate of the total cost of the entire
27	system, including, but not limited to, the costs to:
28	1. Design and build the stations and monorail, fixed
29	guideway, or magnetic levitation system;
30	2. Acquire any necessary rights-of-way;
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3. Purchase or lease rolling stock and other equipment 1 2 necessary to build, operate, and maintain the system. (i) An estimate of the annual operating and 3 4 maintenance costs for the system and all other associated 5 expenses. 6 (j) An estimate of the value of assets the state or 7 its political subdivisions may provide as in-kind contributions for the system, including rights-of-way, 8 9 engineering studies performed for previous high-speed rail initiatives, land for rail stations and necessary maintenance 10 facilities, and any expenses that may be incurred by the state 11 12 or its political subdivisions to accommodate the installation 13 of the system. 14 (k) An estimate of the funding required per year from 15 state funds for the next 30 years for operating the preferred 16 routes between the cities designated in paragraph (1)(b). 17 Whenever applicable and appropriate, the authority will base 18 19 estimates of projected costs, expenses, and revenues on 20 documented expenditures or experience derived from similar 21 projects. 22 Section 46. The authority shall prepare a report of its actions, findings, and recommendations and submit the 23 report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the 24 25 Speaker of the House of Representatives on or before January 26 1, 2002. If statutory changes are recommended, the report shall contain proposed legislation necessary to implement 27 28 those recommendations. 29 Section 47. The Department of Transportation may 30 prepare and issue a request for information from 31 private-sector entities regarding their interest in

participating in financing, building, and operating the 1 high-speed rail system in this state, and may issue a request 2 3 for proposals in order for the authority to contract with a 4 consultant to assist the authority in fulfilling the 5 requirements of this act. Furthermore, the authority may 6 enlist assistance or input from the private sector and from 7 existing rail and fixed guideway system vendors or operators, 8 including Amtrak. The Department of Transportation is directed 9 to begin, as soon as possible, collecting and organizing existing research, studies, and reports concerning high-speed 10 rail systems in preparation for the authority's first meeting. 11 12 Section 48. The Florida Transportation Commission, the Department of Community Affairs, and the Department of 13 14 Environmental Protection shall, at the authority's request, provide technical, scientific, or other assistance. 15 16 Section 49. There is appropriated from funds assigned 17 to the Transportation Outreach Program to the authority the sum of \$4,500,000 for the purpose of performing its duties 18 19 under this act. These funds shall be administered by the 20 authority, and the funding for the authority, for its board, and for any consultant under the provisions of this act shall 21 be allocated from this appropriation. 22 23 Section 50. Section 331.367, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 24 331.367 Spaceport Management Council. --25 26 (1) The Spaceport Management Council is created within 27 the Spaceport Florida Authority to provide coordination 28 between government agencies and commercial operators for the 29 purpose of developing and recommendations on projects and activities to that will increase the operability and 30

capabilities of Florida's space launch facilities, increase

statewide space-related industry and opportunities, and promote space education, and research, and technology development within the state. The council shall work to create develop integrated facility and programmatic development plans to address commercial, state, and federal requirements and to identify appropriate private, state, and federal resources to implement these plans.

- (2) The council shall make recommendations regarding:
- (a) The development of a spaceport master plan.
- (b) The projects and levels of commercial financing required from the Florida Commercial Space Financing Corporation created by s. 331.407.
- (c) Development and expansion of space-related education and research <u>facilities and</u> programs within Florida <u>in consultation with the Florida Space Research Institute</u>, including recommendations to be provided to the State University System, the Division of Community Colleges, and the Department of Education.
- (d) The regulation of spaceports and federal and state policy.
- (e) Appropriate levels of governmental and private funding for sustainable Florida's approach to the Federal Government regarding requests for funding of space development.
- (3) The council shall submit its recommendations to the Governor and Lieutenant Governor and provide copies to the Secretary of Transportation, the director of the Office of Tourism, Trade and Economic Development, the associate administrator for Space Transportation in the United States Department of Transportation, the administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, and the Deputy

Assistant Secretary of the Air Force for Space Plans and Policy.

(4)(3)(a) The council shall consist of an executive board consisting, which shall consist of representatives of governmental organizations having with responsibilities for developing or operating space transportation facilities, and a Space Industry Committee, which shall consist of representatives of Florida's space industry.

- (b) The executive board consists of the following individuals or their designees shall serve on the executive board:
- 1. The executive director of the Spaceport Florida Authority or his or her designee.
- 2. The director of the John F. Kennedy Space Center or his or her designee.
- 3. The Commander of the United States Air Force 45th Space Wing or his or her designee.
- 4. The Commander of the Naval Ordnance Test Unit or his or her designee.
- 2.5. The Secretary of Transportation or his or her designee.
- 3.6. The president of Enterprise Florida, Inc., or his or her designee, as an ex officio nonvoting member.
- $\underline{4.7.}$  The director of the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development or his or her designee, as an ex officiononvoting member.
- (c)1. Participation by the federal agencies having space-related missions in the state will contribute to council effectiveness, and the following installation heads or their designees may serve as official liaisons to the council: the director of the John F. Kennedy Space Center, the Commander of

the 45th Space Wing, and the Commander of the Naval Ordnance

Test Unit.

- 2. Federal liaison officials may attend and participate in council meetings and deliberations, provide federal-agency views on issues before the council, and present issues of concern and make recommendations to the council.
- 3. The role of federal liaison officials is limited by federal statutes and other constraints, but the determination of this limitation is a federal function.
- 4. The fiduciary responsibility of the official liaisons shall remain at all times with their respective agencies.
- 5. To the extent that the advice or recommendations of the official liaisons are not adopted or incorporated into the final recommendations of the council, the official liaisons may append to such final recommendations their advice, recommendations, or opinions.
- (4) Each member shall be appointed to serve for a 3-year term, beginning July 1. Initial appointments shall be made no later than 60 days after the effective date of this act.
- (5) The executive board shall hold its initial meeting no later than 30 days after the members have been appointed. The Space Industry Committee shall hold its initial meeting no later than 60 days after the members have been appointed.
- (6) All council members must be residents of the state.
- (5)(7) The executive board council shall adopt bylaws governing the manner in which the business of the council shall be conducted. The bylaws shall specify the procedure by which the chairperson of the council is elected.

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(6) The council shall provide infrastructure and program requirements and develop other information to be utilized in a 5-year spaceport master plan. The council shall define goals and objectives concerning the development of spaceport facilities and an intermodal transportation system consistent with the goals of the Florida Transportation Plan developed pursuant to s. 339.155.

(7) The council shall provide requirements and other information to be utilized in the development of a 5-year Spaceport Economic Development Plan, defining the goals and objectives of the council concerning the development of facilities for space manufacturing, research, technology and development, and education educational facilities.

(8) (10) The council shall meet at the call of its chairperson, at the request of two or more members of the executive board a majority of its membership, or at such times as may be prescribed in its bylaws. However, the council must meet at least semiannually. A majority of voting members of the council constitutes a quorum for the purpose of transacting the business of the council. A majority vote of the majority of the voting members present is sufficient for any action of the council, unless the bylaws of the council require a greater vote for a particular action.

Section 51. Section 331.368, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

331.368 Florida Space Research Institute.--

(1) There is created the Florida Space Research Institute, the purpose of which is to serve as an industry-driven center for research, leveraging the state's resources in a collaborative effort to support Florida's space

industry and its expansion, diversification, and transition to commercialization.

- (2) The institute shall operate as a public/private partnership under the direction of a board composed of:
- (a) A representative of the Spaceport Florida Authority.
  - (b) A representative of Enterprise Florida, Inc.
- (c) A representative of the Florida Aviation Aerospace Alliance.
- (d) A representative of the Florida Space Business Roundtable.
- (e) Additional private-sector representatives from the space industry selected collaboratively by the core members specified in paragraphs (a)-(d). The additional space industry representatives under this paragraph must comprise the majority of members of the board and must be from geographic regions throughout the state. <u>Each private-sector</u> representative shall serve a term of 3 years.
- (f) Two representatives from the educational community who are selected collaboratively by the core members specified in paragraphs (a)-(d) and who are engaged in research or instruction related to the space industry. One representative must be from a community college, and one representative must be from a public or private university. Each educational representative shall serve a term of 2 years.
- (g) Annually, the members of the board shall select one of the members to serve as chair, who shall be responsible for convening and leading meetings of the board.
- (h) The board members are considered to be volunteers as defined in s. 110.501, and shall serve with all protections provided to volunteers of state agencies under s. 768.1355.

- (3) The Florida Space Research Institute may:
- (a) Acquire property under such conditions as the board considers necessary, and sell or otherwise dispose of the property.
- (b) Serve as a coordinating organization among public and private academic institutions, the State University

  System, industry, and government agencies to support the expansion and diversification of the state's space industry and to support research and education programs.
- (c) Execute contracts and other documents, adopt proceedings, and perform any acts determined by the board to be necessary to carry out the purposes of this section.
- (d) Establish a personnel-management system and procedures, rules, and rates governing administrative and financial operations of the institute.
- (e) Acquire, accept, or administer grants, contracts, and fees from other organizations to perform activities that are consistent with the purposes of this section.
- (f) Work in partnership with the Spaceport Florida

  Authority, Enterprise Florida, Inc., and other organizations
  to support their programs to promote the state as a center for space enterprise, research, and technology development.
- $\underline{(4)}$  (3) The board of the Florida Space Research Institute shall:
- (a) Set the strategic direction for the space-related research priorities of the state and its space-related businesses, the scope of research projects for the institute, and the timeframes for completion.
- (b) Invite the participation of public and private academic institutions universities, including, but not limited to, the University of Central Florida, the University of

Florida, the University of South Florida, Florida State University, Florida Institute of Technology, and the University of Miami.

- (c) Select a lead university to:
- 1. Serve as coordinator of research <u>for</u> and as the administrative entity of the institute;
- 2. Support the institute's development of a statewide space research agenda and programs; and
- 3. Develop, and update as necessary, a report recommending ways that the state's public and private universities can work in partnership to support the state's space-industry requirements, which report must be completed by December 15, 2000.
- (d) Establish a partnership with the state Workforce Development Board, or its successor entity, under which the institute coordinates the workforce-training requirements identified by the space industry and supports development of workforce-training initiatives to meet such requirements, using training providers approved by the board or its successor entity.
- (e) Comanage, with the National Aeronautics and Space Administration and subject to the terms of an agreement with NASA, operation of a Space Experiment Research and Processing Laboratory, if such a facility is constructed on land of the John F. Kennedy Space Center. The institute shall carry out such responsibility through a consortium of public and private universities in the state led by the University of Florida.
- (f) Develop initiatives to foster the participation of the state's space industry in the International Space Station and to help the state maintain and enhance its competitive position in the commercial space-transportation industry.

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- (g) Pursue partnerships with the National Aeronautics and Space Administration to coordinate and conduct research in fields including, but not limited to, environmental monitoring; agriculture; aquatics; resource reutilization technologies for long-duration space missions; and spaceport technologies which support current or next-generation launch vehicles and range systems.
- (h) Pursue partnerships with the National Aeronautics and Space Administration for the conduct of space-related research using computer technology to connect experts in a given field of science who are in disparate locations and to perform research experiments in a real-time, virtual environment.
- (i) Appoint or dismiss, as considered necessary by the board, a person to act as executive director of the institute, who shall have such title, functions, duties, powers, and salary as the board prescribes.
- (5) (4) By December 15 of each year, the institute shall submit a report of its activities and accomplishments for the year to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. The report shall also include recommendations regarding actions the state should take to enhance the development of space-related businesses, including:
  - (a) Future research activities.
- (b) The development of capital and technology assistance to new and expanding industries.
  - (c) The removal of regulatory impediments.
- (d) The establishment of business development incentives.

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(e) The initiation of education and training programs to ensure a skilled workforce.

Section 52. Legislative findings and intent; Digital Divide Council; powers and duties; program objectives and goals; review and assessment of program performances; annual report.

- (1) Legislative findings and intent.--The Legislature finds as follows:
- (a) Frequent access to use of information technology and possession of the knowledge and skills required to use information technology productively is becoming increasingly important to being competitively qualified for high skill/high wage employment;
- (b) The availability of reasonable opportunities to have frequent access to use of information technology and to obtain the education and training necessary to acquire the knowledge and skills required to use information technology productively is critical to becoming competitively qualified for high skill/high wage employment;
- (c) Families that are living near or below the poverty level are without adequate economic resources to have reasonable opportunities to obtain frequent access to use of information technology or the education and training necessary to acquire the knowledge and skills required to become competively qualified for high skill/high wage employment;
- (d) The absence of such economic resources divides such families from those who have adequate economic resources to have such opportunities, places such families at-risk of never realizing their employment and income earning potential, and prevents the state's economy from prospering to the extent

it could if such families realized their employment and income 1 2 earning potential; and 3 (e) The divide between the members of such at-risk 4 families and those who have adequate economic resources to 5 have reasonable opportunities to obtain frequent use of 6 information technology and the education and training 7 necessary to acquire the knowledge and skills required to 8 become competitively qualified for high skill/high wage 9 employment could be reduced, and the economy of the state could be enhanced, by the design and implementation of 10 programs that provide such opportunities to members of such 11 12 at-risk families. 13 14 It is the intent of the Legislature to provide the authority 15 and resources reasonably necessary to facilitate design and implementation of such programs. 16 17 (2) Digital Divide Council. -- There is created in the State Technology Office a Digital Divide Council. The Council 18 19 shall be constituted as follows: 20 (a) The Chief Information Officer in the State 21 Technology Office; 22 The Director of the Office of Tourism, Trade and 23 Economic Development in the Executive Office of the Governor; The President of Workforce Florida, Inc.; 24 25 (d) The Director of the Agency for Workforce 26 Innovation; 27 (e) The Chair of itflorida.com, Inc.; (f) The Commissioner of Education; 28 29 The Executive Director of the State Board of (g)30 Community Colleges; 31 89

- (h) The Executive Director of the State Board for Career Education;
- (i) A representative of the information technology industry in Florida appointed by the Speaker of the Florida House of Representatives;
- (j) A representative of the information technology industry in Florida appointed by the President of the Florida Senate.
- (k) Two members of the Florida House of

  Representatives, who shall be ex officio, nonvoting members of
  the council, appointed by the Speaker of the House, one of
  whom shall be a member of the Republican caucus, and the other
  of whom shall be a member of the Democratic caucus; and
- (1) Two members of the Florida Senate, who shall be ex officio, nonvoting members of the council, appointed by the President of the Senate, one of whom shall be a member of the Republican caucus, and the other of whom shall be a member of the Democratic caucus.
- (3) Term of appointed members of Council; vacancies; compensation of members.—The appointed members of the Council shall serve an initial term of one year commencing July 1, 2001, and ending June 30, 2002, and successor appointees shall serve a term of two years, the first of which shall commence July 1, 2002, and end June 30, 2004. Successive two year terms shall commence and end on the same schedule in subsequent years. Any vacancy in the membership of the Council resulting from resignation, incapacity or death shall be filled within 30 days from the date the vacancy is effective. The appointed members of the Council shall serve without compensation, but such appointees and the other members of the Council shall be entitled to receive per diem

and reimbursement for travel expenses as provided in s.

112.061, Florida Statutes. Payment of such per diem and reimbursement of such travel expenses may be made from appropriations authorized to be used for such purposes.

- (4) Council meetings; election of officers.--The Council shall conduct its initial meeting by August 1, 2001, and shall meet thereafter at least once every 60 days. In its initial meeting, the members of the Council shall elect one of themselves to serve as Chair and another to serve as Vice-Chair, each for a term of one year from the date of the election. Any vacancy in the offices of Chair and Vice-Chair resulting from resignation, incapacity or death shall be filled by similar election within 30 days from the date the vacancy is effective.
- (5) Administrative and technical support; payment of support costs.—The State Technology Office shall provide such administrative and technical support to the Council as is reasonably necessary for the Council to effectively and timely carry out its duties and responsibilities. All direct and indirect costs of providing such support and performing the other duties imposed on the State Technology Office related to design and implementation of the programs authorized above may be paid from appropriations authorized to be used for such purposes.
- (6) Powers and duties of Council.--The Digital Divide Council, through the State Technology Office, is authorized and empowered to facilitate the design and implementation of programs that are aimed at achieving the objectives and goals stated in this section. The State Technology Office shall present and demonstrate to the Council the design characteristics and functional elements of each program

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proposed to be implemented to achieve the objectives and goals 1 stated in this section, and each such program shall be 2 3 reviewed and approved by the Council before being 4 implemented. Such programs shall initially be implemented as 5 pilot programs in a minimum of six different areas of the 6 state to develop model programs that are likely to be 7 successful if deployed throughout the state. The areas of the state where the pilot programs are implemented shall be 8 9 selected by the Digital Divide Council with the objectives of testing the merits of the programs in each geographic region 10 of the state and providing equal exposure of the programs to 11 urban and rural communities alike. Implementation of all such 12 13 pilot and model programs shall be administered by and through 14 the local workforce development boards, and each such board 15 shall coordinate and confirm the ready availability and timely delivery of all elements of such programs to ensure the 16 17 highest probability of such programs achieving their intended 18 results.

- (7) Program objectives and goals.--The programs authorized by this section shall have the following objectives and goals:
- (a) Maximizing efficient and productive use of existing facilities, equipment, personnel, programs and funds available from federal, state and local government agencies, and from any private person or entity;
- (b) Using innovative concepts employing newly developed technologies in educating and training those who are enrolled in the programs authorized by this section;
- (c) Developing viable partnerships between public agencies and private persons and entities based on mutual commitment to responsible and dedicated participation in

designing and implementing the programs authorized by this
section;

- (d) Recruiting, enrolling, retaining and graduating as many at-risk family members as feasible to ensure that they have reasonable opportunities to obtain access to frequent use of information technology and the education and training necessary to competitively qualify them for high skill/high wage employment;
- (e) Reducing the number of underachieving and failing students in the state's public school systems who are members of at-risk families;
- (f) Reducing the number of underemployed and unemployed members of at-risk families;
- (g) Using information technology to facilitate
  achievement of Sunshine State Standards by all children
  enrolled in the state's K-12 school system who are members of
  at-risk families;
- (h) Training teachers in the state's K-12 school system to efficiently and effectively use information technology to plan, teach and administer all courses of instruction required and available by election of children enrolled in the system;
- (i) Using information technology to enable members of at-risk families who are no longer enrolled in K-12 schools to obtain the education needed to achieve successful completion of general education development test preparation to earn a high school diploma, an applied technology diploma, a vocational certificate, an associate of arts degree, or a baccalaureate degree;
- (j) Bridging the digital divide in developing a competitive workforce to meet the employment needs of Florida

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based information technology businesses and establishing
Florida as having the most information technology ready
workforce in the western hemisphere.

(8) Monitoring, reviewing and evaluating program performances; reporting results. -- The Digital Divide Council, through the State Technology Office, shall continually monitor, review and evaluate the progress of performances realized from implementation of the programs authorized by this section. The State Technology Office shall prepare and submit a report to the Council at least 10 days in advance of each of its meetings subsequent to its initial meeting and each such report shall, at a minimum, identify and describe the functional elements of each program being implemented, and identify and describe the facilities, equipment, personnel, programs and funds used to design and implement the program. For each such program, the report shall also identify by name, address, age and sex the school-age children, and their older siblings and parents who are enrolled in the program, state the educational level achieved by each enrollee as of the date he or she enrolled in the program, state the attendance and achievement level recorded for each enrollee in the program, evaluate the progress each enrollee is making toward successful completion of the program, and identify by name, address, age and sex each enrollee who successfully completes the program. For each such program that is designed to prepare enrollees for high skill/high wage employment, the report shall identify each enrollee who successfully completes the program, describe each such employment position for which each enrollee has applied, identify by name, address and nature of business each Florida based employer to whom each such application for employment

has been addressed, state the results each enrollee obtained from making each such application, and describe the nature of any employment obtained and terms of compensation being earned from such employment by each enrollee as a result of making such applications. (9) Annual report.--By March 1, 2002, the Digital Divide Council, through the State Technology Office, shall report to the Executive Office of the Governor, the Speaker of the Florida House of Representatives, and the President of the Florida Senate the results of the Council's monitoring, reviewing and evaluating such programs since their inception, and the Council's recommendations as to whether such programs should be continued and expanded to achieve the objectives and goals stated in this section. Section 53. Except as otherwise provided, this act shall take effect July 1, 2001.