By the Committee on Finance and Taxation; and Senator Pruitt

314-1708-01

1

3 4

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16 17

18 19

20

21

22

23

2425

2627

28

2930

31

A bill to be entitled An act relating to the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission; amending s. 327.73, F.S.; providing a civil penalty for violation of certain established vessel speed limits; making provisions for dismissal of a boating violation; amending s. 328.72, F.S.; increasing registration fees for vessels; providing for the distribution of certain vessel fees; amending s. 328.76, F.S.; providing for the use of vessel and dealer registration fees transferred into the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund; providing funding for manatee protection; amending s. 370.06, F.S.; recognizing the Railroad Retirement Board for making certain disability determinations; amending s. 372.105, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the Lifetime Fish and Wildlife Trust Fund; amending s. 372.106, F.S.; conforming cross-references; amending s. 372.16, F.S.; increasing the permit fee for a private game preserve or farm; amending s. 372.561, F.S.; revising provisions relating issuance of recreational licenses, permits, and authorization numbers to take wild animal life, freshwater aquatic life, and marine life, and administrative costs and reporting related thereto; creating s. 372.562, F.S.; providing exemptions from recreational license and permit fees; amending s. 372.57, F.S.; creating a gold sportsman's license for residents; revising and

1 reorganizing provisions specifying fees and 2 requirements for recreational licenses, 3 permits, and authorization numbers, including hunting licenses, saltwater and freshwater 4 5 fishing licenses, 5-year licenses, and lifetime licenses; increasing the fee for a nonresident 6 7 Florida turkey permit; providing for pier licenses and recreational vessel licenses, and 8 9 fees therefor; providing for snook permits and 10 crawfish permits, and uses thereof; creating s. 11 372.5701, F.S.; prescribing requirements for the deposit of saltwater license fees and 12 allocation of federal funds; creating s. 13 372.5702, F.S.; prescribing requirements for 14 the expenditure of certain funds for marine 15 research; creating s. 372.5704, F.S.; providing 16 17 a license program to take tarpon; amending ss. 372.571, 372.5712, 372.5715, 372.573, F.S.; 18 19 conforming cross-references; amending s. 20 372.547, F.S.; prescribing requirements for subagents for the sale of certain licenses and 21 permits; creating s. 372.579, F.S.; authorizing 22 the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission 23 24 to prescribe a processing fee for certain 25 licenses and permits; amending s. 372.661, F.S.; increasing fees for operating a private 26 27 hunting preserve; amending s. 372.711, F.S.; 28 providing for a fee for dismissing certain 29 violations of license and permit requirements; 30 amending s. 372.921, F.S.; increasing fees for 31 possession and exhibition of wildlife; amending

(d)

1 s. 372.922, F.S.; increasing certain fees for 2 the personal possession of wildlife; amending 3 s. 705.101, F.S., adding derelict vessels to the definition of abandoned property; repealing 4 5 s. 370.0605, F.S., which provides for saltwater 6 fishing licenses; repealing s. 370.0608, F.S., 7 which provides for deposit of saltwater license fees; repealing s. 370.0609, F.S., which 8 9 provides for expenditure of funds for marine 10 research; repealing s. 370.0615, F.S., which 11 provides for lifetime saltwater fishing licenses; repealing s. 370.062, F.S., which 12 13 provides for tarpon tags and fees; repealing s. 370.1111, F.S., which provides for snook 14 regulation; repealing s. 370.14(10) and (11), 15 F.S., which provides for crawfish regulation; 16 17 providing an effective date. 18 19 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 20 Section 1. Subsections (1) and (4) of section 327.73, 21 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 22 327.73 Noncriminal infractions.--23 24 (1) Violations of the following provisions of the 25 vessel laws of this state are noncriminal infractions: Section 328.46, relating to operation of 26 27 unregistered and unnumbered vessels. 28 (b) Section 328.48(4), relating to display of number 29 and possession of registration certificate. (c) Section 328.48(5), relating to display of decal. 30

Section 328.52(2), relating to display of number.

6

7

8

9

11

12

13

16

17

18 19

20

2122

2324

25

26

27

28

29

- (e) Section 328.54, relating to spacing of digits and
 letters of identification number.

 (f) Section 328.60, relating to military personnel and
 registration of vessels.
 - (g) Section 328.72(14), relating to operation with an expired registration.
 - (h) Section 327.33(2), relating to careless operation.
 - (i) Section 327.37, relating to water skiing, aquaplaning, parasailing, and similar activities.
 - (j) Section 327.44, relating to interference with navigation.
 - (k) Violations relating to restricted areas and speed limits:
- 14 1. Established by the commission pursuant to s. 15 327.46.
 - 2. Established by local governmental authorities pursuant to s. 327.22 or s. 327.60.
 - 3. Speed limits established pursuant to s. 370.12(2), for which the civil penalty is \$100.
 - (1) Section 327.48, relating to regattas and races.
 - (m) Section 327.50(1) and (2), relating to required safety equipment, lights, and shapes.
 - (n) Section 327.65, relating to muffling devices.
 - (o) Section 327.33(3)(b), relating to navigation rules.
 - (p) Section 327.39(1), (2), (3), and (5), relating to personal watercraft.
 - (q) Section 327.53(1), (2), and (3), relating to marine sanitation.
- 30 (r) Section 327.53(4), (5), and (7), relating to 31 marine sanitation, for which the civil penalty is \$250.

- 1 (s) Section 327.395, relating to boater safety
 2 education.
 3 (t) Section 327.52(3), relating to operation of
 - (t) Section 327.52(3), relating to operation of overloaded or overpowered vessels.

7

9

11

12 13

14

15

16 17

18

19

20

21

22

2324

25

issued.

Any person cited for a violation of any such provision shall be deemed to be charged with a noncriminal infraction, shall be cited for such an infraction, and shall be cited to appear before the county court. The civil penalty for any such infraction is \$50, except as otherwise provided in this section. Any person who fails to appear or otherwise properly respond to a uniform boating citation shall, in addition to the charge relating to the violation of the boating laws of this state, be charged with the offense of failing to respond to such citation and, upon conviction, be guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. A written warning to this effect shall be provided at the time such uniform boating citation is

- (4) Any person charged with a noncriminal infraction under this section may:
- (a) Pay the civil penalty, either by mail or in person, within 30 days of the date of receiving the citation; or,
- (b) If he or she has posted bond, forfeit bond by not appearing at the designated time and location.

2627

If a person who is cited for a violation of s. 327.395 can
show proof of having a boating safety identification card
issued to him or her and valid at the time of the citation,
the clerk of the court shall dismiss the case and may assess a

1	\$5 dismissal fee. If the person cited follows either of the
2	above procedures, he or she shall be deemed to have admitted
3	the noncriminal infraction and to have waived the right to a
4	hearing on the issue of commission of the infraction. Such
5	admission shall not be used as evidence in any other
6	proceedings.
7	Section 2. Subsections (1) and (15) of section 328.72,
8	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
9	328.72 Classification; registration; fees and charges;
10	surcharge; disposition of fees; fines; marine turtle
11	stickers
12	(1) VESSEL REGISTRATION FEEVessels that are
13	required to be registered shall be classified for registration
14	purposes according to the following schedule, and the
15	registration certificate fee shall be in the following
16	amounts:
17	Class A-1Less than 12 feet in length, and all canoes
18	to which propulsion motors have been attached, regardless of
19	length <u>\$8.50</u> \$3.50
20	Class A-212 feet or more and less than 16 feet in
21	length <u>15.50</u> 10.50
22	(To county)2.85
23	Class 116 feet or more and less than 26 feet in
24	length <u>28.50</u> 18.50
25	(To county)8.85
26	Class 226 feet or more and less than 40 feet in
27	length <u>65.50</u> 50.50
28	(To county)32.85
29	Class 340 feet or more and less than 65 feet in
30	length <u>97.50</u> 82.50
31	(To county)56.85

```
1
         Class 4--65 feet or more and less than 110 feet in
   2
3
   4
          Class 5--110 feet or more in length......137.50<del>122.50</del>
5
   6
         Dealer registration certificate......26.50<del>16.50</del>
7
8
   The county portion of the vessel registration fee is derived
9
   from recreational vessels only.
10
          (15) DISTRIBUTION OF FEES. -- Moneys designated for the
11
   use of the counties, as specified in subsection (1), shall be
   distributed by the tax collector to the board of county
12
   commissioners for use as provided in this section. Such
13
   moneys to be returned to the counties are for the sole
14
15
   purposes of providing recreational channel marking and public
   launching facilities and other boating-related activities, for
16
17
   removal of vessels and floating structures deemed a hazard to
18
   public safety and health for failure to comply with s. 327.53,
19
   and for manatee and marine mammal protection and recovery. The
20
   county portion of the vessel registration certificate fee
   collected by the Fast Title Section of the Bureau of Titles
21
22
   and Registration of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor
   Vehicles must be returned to the vessel owner's county of
23
24
   Florida residence.
25
         Section 3. Paragraph (e) is added to subsection (1) of
   section 328.76, Florida Statutes, to read:
26
27
          328.76 Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund;
28
   vessel registration funds; appropriation and distribution .--
29
          (1) Except as otherwise specified and less any
30
   administrative costs, all funds collected from the
31 registration of vessels through the Department of Highway
```

3

4 5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13 14

15

16

17

18 19

20

22

23 24

25

26 27

28

29

30

31

Safety and Motor Vehicles and the tax collectors of the state, except for those funds designated for the use of the counties pursuant to s. 328.72(1), shall be deposited in the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund for recreational channel marking; public launching facilities; law enforcement and quality control programs; aquatic weed control; manatee protection, recovery, rescue, rehabilitation, and release; and marine mammal protection and recovery. The funds collected pursuant to s. 328.72(1) shall be transferred as follows: (e)1. The following amounts shall be transferred to the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund to fund

- additional on-the-water law enforcement efforts of the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission:
 - \$3 from each Class A-1 vessel registration fee.
 - \$3 from each Class A-2 vessel registration fee.
 - \$8 from each Class 1 vessel registration fee. c.
 - \$13 from each Class 2 vessel registration fee. d.
 - \$13 from each Class 3 vessel registration fee.
 - f. \$13 from each Class 4 vessel registration fee.
 - \$13 from each Class 5 vessel registration fee.
- \$8 from each dealer registration certificate. 21 h.
 - One dollar from each vessel registered in this state must be used to fund additional research and development of manatee protection and technology with the primary focus for manatee-avoidance technology for watercrafts, and \$1 from each vessel registered in this state shall be used for additional funding for manatee population research and census efforts, and manatee signs on waterways.
 - Section 4. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 370.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 370.06 Licenses.--

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

1213

14

15

16 17

18 19

20

21

22

2324

25

26

2728

29

30 31

- (2) SALTWATER PRODUCTS LICENSE. --
- Every person, firm, or corporation that sells, offers for sale, barters, or exchanges for merchandise any saltwater products, or which harvests saltwater products with certain gear or equipment as specified by law, must have a valid saltwater products license, except that the holder of an aquaculture certificate under s. 597.004 is not required to purchase and possess a saltwater products license in order to possess, transport, or sell marine aquaculture products. saltwater products license allows the holder to engage in any of the activities for which the license is required. The license must be in the possession of the licenseholder or aboard the vessel and shall be subject to inspection at any time that harvesting activities for which a license is required are being conducted. A restricted species endorsement on the saltwater products license is required to sell to a licensed wholesale dealer those species which the state, by law or rule, has designated as "restricted species." This endorsement may be issued only to a person who is at least 16 years of age, or to a firm certifying that over 25 percent of its income or \$5,000 of its income, whichever is less, is attributable to the sale of saltwater products pursuant to a license issued under this paragraph or a similar license from another state. This endorsement may also be issued to a for-profit corporation if it certifies that at least \$5,000 of its income is attributable to the sale of saltwater products pursuant to a license issued under this paragraph or a similar license from another state. However, if at least 50 percent of the annual income of a person, firm, or for-profit corporation is derived from charter fishing, the person, firm, or for-profit corporation must certify that at least \$2,500 of

the income of the person, firm, or corporation is attributable to the sale of saltwater products pursuant to a license issued under this paragraph or a similar license from another state, in order to be issued the endorsement. Such income attribution must apply to at least 1 year out of the last 3 years. For the purpose of this section "income" means that income which is attributable to work, employment, entrepreneurship, pensions, retirement benefits, and social security benefits. To renew an existing restricted species endorsement, a marine aquaculture producer possessing a valid saltwater products license with a restricted species endorsement may apply income from the sale of marine aquaculture products to licensed wholesale dealers.

- 1. The commission is authorized to require verification of such income. Acceptable proof of income earned from the sale of saltwater products shall be:
- a. Copies of trip ticket records generated pursuant to this subsection (marine fisheries information system), documenting qualifying sale of saltwater products;
- b. Copies of sales records from locales other than Florida documenting qualifying sale of saltwater products;
- c. A copy of the applicable federal income tax return, including Form 1099 attachments, verifying income earned from the sale of saltwater products;
- d. Crew share statements verifying income earned from the sale of saltwater products; or
- e. A certified public accountant's notarized statement attesting to qualifying source and amount of income.

29 Any provision of this section or any other section of the 30 Florida Statutes to the contrary notwithstanding, any person

31 | who owns a retail seafood market or restaurant at a fixed

 location for at least 3 years who has had an occupational license for 3 years prior to January 1, 1990, who harvests saltwater products to supply his or her retail store and has had a saltwater products license for 1 of the past 3 years prior to January 1, 1990, may provide proof of his or her verification of income and sales value at the person's retail seafood market or restaurant and in his or her saltwater products enterprise by affidavit and shall thereupon be issued a restricted species endorsement.

- 2. Exceptions from income requirements shall be as follows:
- a. A permanent restricted species endorsement shall be available to those persons age 62 and older who have qualified for such endorsement for at least 3 out of the last 5 years.
- b. Active military duty time shall be excluded from consideration of time necessary to qualify and shall not be counted against the applicant for purposes of qualifying.
- c. Upon the sale of a used commercial fishing vessel owned by a person, firm, or corporation possessing or eligible for a restricted species endorsement, the purchaser of such vessel shall be exempted from the qualifying income requirement for the purpose of obtaining a restricted species endorsement for a period of 1 year after purchase of the vessel.
- d. Upon the death or permanent disablement of a person possessing a restricted species endorsement, an immediate family member wishing to carry on the fishing operation shall be exempted from the qualifying income requirement for the purpose of obtaining a restricted species endorsement for a period of 1 year after the death or disablement.

1

- 6 7
- 9 10
- 11 12 13
- 141516
- 171819
- 2021
- 2223
- 2425
- 2627
- 28
- 29
- 30 | 1
- CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

e. A restricted species endorsement may be issued on

- f. A permanent restricted species endorsement may also be issued on an individual saltwater products license to a person age 70 or older who has held a saltwater products license for at least 3 of the last 5 license years.
- g.(I) Any resident who is certified to be totally and permanently disabled by the Railroad Retirement Board, by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs or its predecessor, or by any branch of the United States Armed Forces, or who holds a valid identification card issued by the Department of Veterans' Affairs pursuant to s. 295.17, upon proof of the same, or any resident certified to be totally disabled by the United States Social Security Administration, upon proof of the same, shall be exempted from the income requirements if he or she also has held a saltwater products license for at least 3 of the last 5 license years prior to the date of the disability.
- (II) A Disability Award Notice issued by the United States Social Security Administration is not sufficient certification for a resident to obtain the income exemption unless the notice certifies that the resident is totally disabled.

At least one saltwater products license bearing a restricted

vessel shall have a commercial vessel registration. This subsection does not apply to any person, firm, or corporation 3 licensed under s. 370.07(1)(a)1. or (b) for activities pursuant to such licenses. A saltwater products license may be 4 5 issued in the name of an individual or a valid boat 6 registration number. Such license is not transferable. A decal 7 shall be issued with each saltwater products license issued to a valid boat registration number. The saltwater products 8 license decal shall be the same color as the vessel 9 10 registration decal issued each year pursuant to s. 328.48(5) 11 and shall indicate the period of time such license is valid. The saltwater products license decal shall be placed beside 12 13 the vessel registration decal and, in the case of an undocumented vessel, shall be placed so that the vessel 14 registration decal lies between the vessel registration number 15 and the saltwater products license decal. Any saltwater 16 17 products license decal for a previous year shall be removed from a vessel operating on the waters of the state. A resident 18 19 shall pay an annual license fee of \$50 for a saltwater 20 products license issued in the name of an individual or \$100 for a saltwater products license issued to a valid boat 21 registration number. A nonresident shall pay an annual license 22 fee of \$200 for a saltwater products license issued in the 23 24 name of an individual or \$400 for a saltwater products license 25 issued to a valid boat registration number. An alien shall pay an annual license fee of \$300 for a saltwater products license 26 27 issued in the name of an individual or \$600 for a saltwater 28 products license issued to a valid boat registration number. 29 Any person who sells saltwater products pursuant to this license may sell only to a licensed wholesale dealer. A 30 31 saltwater products license must be presented to the licensed

3

4 5

6

7

8 9

10

11

12 13

14

15

16 17

18 19

20

21

22

23 24

25

26 27

28

29

30

wholesale dealer each time saltwater products are sold, and an imprint made thereof. The wholesale dealer shall keep records of each transaction in such detail as may be required by rule of the commission not in conflict with s. 370.07(6), and shall provide the holder of the saltwater products license with a copy of the record. It is unlawful for any licensed wholesale dealer to buy saltwater products from any unlicensed person under the provisions of this section, except that a licensed wholesale dealer may buy from another licensed wholesale dealer. It is unlawful for any licensed wholesale dealer to buy saltwater products designated as "restricted species" from any person, firm, or corporation not possessing a restricted species endorsement on his or her saltwater products license under the provisions of this section, except that a licensed wholesale dealer may buy from another licensed wholesale dealer. The commission shall be the licensing agency, may contract with private persons or entities to implement aspects of the licensing program, and shall establish by rule a marine fisheries information system in conjunction with the licensing program to gather fisheries data.

Section 5. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) and paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 372.105, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

372.105 Lifetime Fish and Wildlife Trust Fund.--

- (2) The principal of the fund shall be derived from the following:
- (b) Proceeds from the sale of lifetime licenses issued in accordance with s. 372.57 with the exception of the saltwater portion of the lifetime sportsman's license.
- (3) The fund is declared to constitute a special trust 31 derived from a contractual relationship between the state and

the members of the public whose investments contribute to the fund. In recognition of such special trust, the following limitations and restrictions are placed on expenditures from the funds:

(b) The interest income received and accruing from the investments of the fund shall be spent in furtherance of the commission's exercise of the regulatory and executive powers of the state with respect to the management, protection, and conservation of wild animal life and <u>saltwater and</u> freshwater aquatic life as set forth in s. 9, Art. IV of the State Constitution and this chapter and as otherwise authorized by the Legislature.

Section 6. Section 372.106, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

372.106 Dedicated License Trust Fund.--

- (1) There is established within the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission the Dedicated License Trust Fund. The fund shall be credited with moneys collected pursuant to \underline{s} . \underline{ss} . $\underline{370.0605}$ and $\underline{372.57}$ for 5-year licenses and replacement 5-year licenses.
- (2) The fund shall be exempt from the provisions of s. 215.20.

Section 7. Subsection (4) of section 372.16, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

372.16 Private game preserves and farms; penalty.--

(4) Any person violating the provisions of this section shall for the first offense be guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, and for a second or subsequent offense shall be guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. Any person convicted of

violating the provisions of this section shall forfeit, to the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, any license or permit issued under the provisions hereof; and no further license or permit shall be issued to such person for a period of 1 year following such conviction. Before any private game preserve or farm is established, the owner or operator shall secure a license from the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, the fee for which shall be\\$25\\$5 per year.

Section 8. Section 372.561, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

(Substantial rewording of section. See s. 372.561, F.S., for present text.)

372.561 Recreational licenses, permits, and authorization numbers to take wild animal life, freshwater aquatic life, and marine life; issuance; costs; reporting.--

- (1) This section applies to all recreational licenses and permits, and any authorization numbers issued by the commission through the electronic sale of recreational licenses or permits.
- (2) The commission shall establish forms for the issuance of recreational licenses and permits.
- an authorization number to take wild animal life, freshwater acquatic life, or marine life when an applicant provides proof that she or he is entitled to such license, permit, or authorization number. Each applicant for a recreational license, permit, or authorization number shall provide her or his social security number on the application form.

 Disclosure of social security numbers obtained through this requirement shall be limited to the purposes of administration

 of the Title IV-D program for child support enforcement, use by the commission, and as otherwise provided by law.

- (4) The commission is authorized to establish the following using competitive bid procedures:
- (a) A process and a vendor fee for the sale of
 licenses, permits, and authorizations over the telephone using
 a credit card.
- (b) A process and a vendor fee for the electronic sale of licenses, permits, and authorizations.
- (c) The commission may select a vendor and establish a fee for a statewide automated license system through competitive bid procedures.
- (5) Licenses and permits to take wild animal life, freshwater aquatic life, or marine life may be sold by the commission, by any tax collector in the state, or by any subagent authorized under s. 372.574.
- (6) In addition to any license or permit fee, the sum of \$1.50 shall be charged for each license or management area permit to cover the cost of issuing such license or permit.
- (7)(a)1. For each sportsman's license, gold sportsman's license, hunting license, or freshwater fishing license sold, a tax collector may retain \$1.
- 2. For each management area permit sold, a tax collector may retain \$1.
- 3. For each saltwater fishing tag or license sold, including combination saltwater fishing and freshwater fishing licenses, or combination saltwater fishing, freshwater fishing, and hunting licenses, a tax collector may retain \$1.50.
- 30 (b) Tax collectors shall remit license and permit
 31 moneys, along with a report of funds collected and other

required documentation, to the commission weekly. Tax collectors shall maintain records of all licenses and permits that are sold, voided, stolen, or lost.

- 1. The tax collector is responsible to the commission for the fees for all licenses and permits sold, and for the value of all licenses and permits reported as lost.
- 2. The tax collector shall report stolen licenses and permits to the appropriate law enforcement agency.
- 3. The tax collector shall submit a written report and a copy of the law enforcement agency's report to the commission within 5 days after discovering a theft.
- 4. The tax collector is responsible for the fees for all licenses, permits, and authorizations sold or lost by a subagent appointed pursuant to s. 372.574.
- (8) The commission is authorized to adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement the provisions of this section.

Section 9. Section 372.562, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 372.562 Recreational licenses and permits; exemptions from fees and requirements.--
- (1) Hunting, freshwater fishing, and saltwater fishing licenses and permits shall be issued without fee to any resident who is certified:
- (a) To be totally and permanently disabled by the Railroad Retirement Board, by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs or its predecessor, or by any branch of the United States Armed Forces, or who holds a valid identification card issued under the provisions of s. 295.17, upon proof of same. Any license issued under this paragraph

after January 1, 1997, expires after 5 years and must be reissued, upon request, every 5 years thereafter.

- (b) To be disabled by the United States Social

 Security Administration, upon proof of same. Any license issued under this paragraph after October 1, 1999, expires after 2 years and must be reissued, upon proof of certification of disability, every 2 years thereafter.
- (2) A hunting, freshwater fishing, or saltwater fishing license or permit is not required for:
- (a) Any child under 16 years of age, except as otherwise provided in this chapter.
- (b) Any person hunting or fishing on her or his homestead property, or on the homestead property of the person's spouse or minor child; or any minor child hunting or fishing on the homestead property of her or his parent.
- (c) Any resident who is a member of the United States

 Armed Forces and not stationed in this state, when home on

 leave for 30 days or less, upon submission of orders.
- (d) Any resident fishing for recreational purposes only, within her or his county of residence with live or natural bait, using poles or lines not equipped with a fishing line retrieval mechanism, except on a legally established fish management area.
- (e) Any person fishing in a fishpond of 20 acres or less that is located entirely within the private property of the fishpond owner.
- (f) Any person fishing in a fishpond that is licensed in accordance with s. 372.5705.
- (g) Any person fishing who has been accepted as a client for developmental disabilities services by the

1	Department of Children and Family Services, provided the
2	department furnishes proof thereof.
3	(h) Any resident fishing in saltwater from land or
4	from a structure fixed to the land.
5	(i) Any person fishing from a vessel licensed pursuant
6	to s. 372.57(7).
7	(j) Any person fishing from a vessel, the operator of
8	which is licensed pursuant to s. 372.57(7).
9	(k) Any person who holds a valid saltwater products
10	license issued under s. 370.06(2).
11	(1) Any person recreationally fishing from a pier
12	licensed under s. 372.57.
13	(m) Any resident who is fishing for mullet in
14	freshwater and who has a valid Florida freshwater fishing
15	license.
16	(n) Any resident fishing for a saltwater species in
17	freshwater from land or from a structure fixed to land.
18	(o) Any resident 65 years of age or older who has in
19	her or his possession proof of age and residency. A no-cost
20	license under this paragraph may be obtained from any tax
21	collector's office upon proof of age and residency, and must
22	be in the possession of the resident during hunting,
23	freshwater fishing, and saltwater fishing activities.
24	Section 10. Section 372.57, Florida Statutes, is
25	amended to read:
26	(Substantial rewording of section. See
27	s. 372.57, F.S., for present text.)
28	372.57 Recreational licenses, permits, and
29	authorization numbers; fees established
30	(1) LICENSE, PERMIT, OR AUTHORIZATION NUMBER
31	REQUIREDExcept as provided in s. 372.562, no person shall

hunt, fish, or take fur-bearing animals within this state without having first obtained a license, permit, or authorization number and paying the fees set forth in this chapter. Such license, permit, or authorization number shall authorize the person to whom it is issued to hunt, fish, take fur-bearing animals, and participate in outdoor recreational activities in accordance with the laws of the state and rules of the commission.

(2) NONTRANSFERABILITY; INFORMATION AND DOCUMENTATION. --

- (a) Licenses, permits, and authorization numbers issued under this chapter are not transferable. Each license and permit must bear on its face in indelible ink the name of the person to whom it is issued and other information as deemed necessary by the commission. Licenses issued to the owner, operator, or custodian of a vessel must include the vessel registration number or federal documentation number. Annual licenses must be dated when issued, and remain valid for 12 months after the date of issuance.
- (b) The lifetime licenses and 5-year licenses authorized in this section shall be embossed with the name, date of birth, date of issuance, and other pertinent information as deemed necessary by the commission. A certified copy of the applicant's birth certificate shall accompany each application for a lifetime license for a resident 12 years of age or younger.
- (c) A positive form of identification is required when using a free license, a lifetime license, a five-year license, or an authorization number issued under this chapter, or when otherwise required by a license or permit.

1	(3) PERSONAL POSSESSION REQUIREDEach license,
2	permit, or authorization number must be in the personal
3	possession of the person to whom it is issued while such
4	person is hunting, fishing, or taking fur-bearing animals. Any
5	person hunting, fishing, or taking fur-bearing animals who
6	fails to produce a license, permit, or authorization number at
7	the request of a commission law enforcement officer commits a
8	violation of the law.
9	(4) RESIDENT HUNTING AND FISHING LICENSES The
10	licenses and fees for residents participating in hunting and
11	fishing activities in this state are as follows:
12	(a) Annual freshwater fishing license, \$12.
13	(b) Annual saltwater fishing license, \$12.
14	(c) Annual hunting license to take game, \$11.
15	(d) Annual combination freshwater fishing and hunting
16	license, \$22.
17	(e) Annual combination freshwater fishing and
18	saltwater fishing license, \$24.
19	(f) Annual combination hunting, freshwater fishing,
20	and saltwater fishing license, \$34.
21	(g) Annual license to take fur-bearing animals, \$25.
22	However, a resident with a valid hunting license or a no-cost
23	license who is taking fur-bearing animals for noncommercial
24	purposes using guns or dogs only, and not traps or other
25	devices, is not required to purchase this license. Also, a
26	resident 65 years of age or older is not required to purchase
27	this license.
28	(h) Annual sportsman's license, \$66. A sportsman's
29	license authorizes the person to whom it is issued to take

30 freshwater fish and game, subject to the state and federal

31 laws, rules, and regulations, including rules of the

8

9

10 11

12

13

14 15

16 17

18 19

20

21

22

2324

25

2627

28

29

```
commission, in effect at the time of the taking. Other

authorized activities include activities authorized by a

management area permit, a muzzle-loading gun permit, a turkey

permit, a Florida waterfowl permit, and an archery permit. A

sportsman's license for a resident 64 years of age or older is

$12.
```

- (i) Annual gold sportsman's license, \$82. The gold sportsman's license authorizes the person to whom it is issued to take freshwater fish, saltwater fish, and game, subject to state and federal laws, rules, regulations, including rules of the commission in effect at the time of taking. Other authorized activities include activities authorized by a management area permit, a muzzle-loading gun permit, a turkey permit, a Florida waterfowl permit, an archery permit, a snook permit and a crawfish permit.
- (5) NONRESIDENT HUNTING AND FISHING LICENSES.--The licenses and fees for nonresidents participating in hunting and fishing activities in the state are as follows:
- (a) Freshwater fishing license to take freshwater fish for 7 consecutive days, \$15.
- (b) Saltwater fishing license to take saltwater fish for 1 day, \$7.50.
- (c) Saltwater fishing license to take saltwater fish for 7 consecutive days, \$15.
 - (d) Annual freshwater fishing license, \$30.
- (e) Annual saltwater fishing license, \$30.
 - (f) Annual hunting license to take game, \$150.
- (g) Hunting license to take game for 10 consecutive days, \$25.
- (h) Annual license to take fur-bearing animals, \$25.
 However, a nonresident with a valid Florida hunting license

who is taking fur-bearing animals for noncommercial purposes using guns or dogs only, and not traps or other devices, is not required to purchase this license.

(6) PIER LICENSE.--A pier license for any pier fixed to land for the purpose of taking or attempting to take saltwater fish is \$500 per year. The pier license may be purchased at the option of the owner, operator, or custodian of such pier and must be available for inspection at all times.

(7) VESSEL LICENSES.--

- (a) No person may operate any vessel wherein a fee is paid either directly or indirectly, for the purpose of taking, attempting to take, or possessing any marine fish for noncommercial purposes unless he or she has been issued an authorization number or has obtained a license for each vessel for that purpose, and has paid the license fee pursuant to paragraphs (b) and (c) for such vessel.
- (b) For any person who operates any vessel licensed to carry more than 10 customers wherein a fee is paid, either directly or indirectly, for the purpose of taking or attempting to take marine fish, \$800 per year. The license must be kept aboard the vessel at all times.
- (c)1. For any person who operates any vessel licensed to carry no more than 10 customers, or for any person licensed to operate any vessel carrying 6 or fewer customers, wherein a fee is paid either directly or indirectly for the purpose of taking or attempting to take marine fish, \$400 per year.
- 2. For any person licensed to operate any vessel carrying 6 or fewer customers, wherein a fee is paid either directly or indirectly or the purpose of taking or attempting

to take marine fish, \$200 per year. The license must be kep aboard the vessel at all times.

- 3. A person who operates a vessel required to be licensed pursuant to subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2. may obtain a license in his or her own name, and such license shall be transferable and apply to any vessel operated by the purchaser provided that the purchaser has paid the appropriate license fee.
- (d) For a recreational vessel not for hire and for which no fee is paid either directly or indirectly by guests for the purpose of taking or attempting to take marine fish noncommercially, \$2,000 per year. The license may be purchased at the option of the vessel owner and must be kept aboard the vessel at all times. A log of species taken and the date the species were taken shall be maintained and a copy of the log filed with the commission at the time of renewal of the license.
- (e) The owner, operator, or custodian of a vessel the operator of which has been licensed pursuant to paragraph (a) must maintain and report such statistical data as required by, and in a manner set forth in, the rules of the commission.
- (8) SPECIFIED HUNTING, FISHING, AND RECREATIONAL

 ACTIVITY PERMITS. -- In addition to any license required under this chapter, the following permits and fees for specified hunting, fishing, and recreational uses and activities are required:
- (a) An annual Florida waterfowl permit for a resident or nonresident to take wild ducks or geese within the state or its coastal waters is \$3.
- 30 (b) An annual Florida turkey permit for a resident to take wild turkeys within the state is \$5.

- (c) An annual Florida turkey permit for a nonresident to take wild turkeys within the state is \$100.
- (d) An annual snook permit for a resident or nonresident to take or possess any snook from any waters of the state is \$2. Revenue generated from the sale of snook permits shall be used exclusively for programs to benefit the snook population.
- (e) An annual crawfish permit for a resident or nonresident to take or possess any crawfish for recreational purposes from any waters of the state is \$2. Revenue generated from the sale of crawfish permits shall be used exclusively for programs to benefit the crawfish population.
- or nonresident to hunt within the state with a muzzle-loading gun is \$5. Hunting with a muzzle-loading gun is limited to game seasons in which hunting with a modern firearm is not authorized by the commission.
- (g) An annual archery permit for a resident or nonresident to hunt within the state with a bow and arrow is 5. Hunting with an archery permit is limited to those game seasons in which hunting with a firearm is not authorized by the commission.
- (h) A special use permit for a resident or nonresident to participate in limited entry hunting or fishing activities as authorized by commission rule shall not exceed \$100 per day or \$250 per week. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, there are no exclusions, exceptions, or exemptions from this permit fee. In addition to the permit fee, the commission may charge each special use permit applicant a nonrefundable application fee not to exceed \$10.

- (i)1. A management area permit for a resident or nonresident to hunt on, fish on, or otherwise use for outdoor recreational purposes land owned, leased, or managed by the commission, or by the state for the use and benefit of the commission, shall not exceed \$25 per year.
- 2. Permit fees for short-term use of land that is owned, leased, or managed by the commission may be established by rule of the commission for activities on such lands. Such permits may be in lieu of, or in addition to, the annual management area permit authorized in subparagraph 1.
- 3. Other than for hunting or fishing, the provisions of this paragraph shall not apply on any lands not owned by the commission, unless the commission has obtained the written consent of the owner or primary custodian of such lands.
- (j)1. A recreational user permit is required to hunt on, fish on, or otherwise use for outdoor recreational purposes land leased by the commission from private nongovernmental owners, except for those lands located directly north of the Apalachicola National Forest, east of the Ochlocknee River until the point the river meets the dam forming Lake Talquin, and south of the closest federal highway. The fee for a recreational user permit shall be based upon the economic compensation desired by the landowner, game population levels, desired hunter density, and administrative costs. The permit fee shall be set by commission rule on a per-acre basis. The recreational user permit fee, less administrative costs of up to \$25 per permit, shall be remitted to the landowner as provided in the lease agreement for each area.
- 2. One minor dependent, 16 years of age or younger, may hunt under the supervision of the permittee and is exempt

from the recreational user permit requirements. The spouse
and dependent children of a permittee are exempt from the
recreational user permit requirements when engaged in outdoor
recreational activities other than hunting and when
accompanied by a permittee. Notwithstanding any other
provisions of this chapter, no other exclusions, exceptions,
or exemptions from the recreational user permit fee are
authorized.

- (9)(a) RESIDENT 5-YEAR HUNTING AND FISHING
 LICENSES.--Five-year licenses are available for residents
 only, as follows:
- 1. A 5-year freshwater fishing or saltwater fishing license is \$60 for each type of license and authorizes the person to whom the license is issued to take or attempt to take or possess freshwater fish or saltwater fish consistent with the state and federal laws and regulations and rules of the commission in effect at the time of taking.
- 2. A 5-year hunting license is \$55 and authorizes the person to whom it is issued to take or attempt to take or possess game consistent with the state and federal laws and regulations and rules of the commission in effect at the time of taking.
- (b) Proceeds from the sale of all 5-year licenses shall be deposited into the Dedicated License Trust Fund, to be distributed in accordance with the provisions of s. 372.106.
- (10) RESIDENT LIFETIME FRESHWATER AND SALTWATER FISHING LICENSES.--
- 29 <u>(a) Lifetime freshwater fishing licenses and saltwater</u>
 30 <u>fishing licenses are available for residents only, as follows,</u>
 31 for:

30

31

1	1. Persons 4 years of age or younger, for a fee of
2	\$125 for each type of license.
3	2. Persons 5 years of age or older, but under 13 years
4	of age, for a fee of \$225 for each type of license.
5	3. Persons 13 years of age or older, for a fee of \$300
6	for each type of license.
7	(b) The following activities are authorized by the
8	purchase of a lifetime freshwater fishing license:
9	1. Taking or attempting to take or possess freshwater
10	fish consistent with the state and federal laws and
11	regulations and rules of the commission in effect at the time
12	of the taking.
13	2. All activities authorized by a management area
14	permit, excluding hunting.
15	(c) The following activities are authorized by the
16	purchase of a lifetime saltwater fishing license:
17	1. Taking or attempting to take or possess saltwater
18	fish consistent with the state and federal laws and
19	regulations and rules of the commission in effect at the time
20	of the taking.
21	2. All activities authorized by a snook permit and a
22	crawfish permit.
23	3. All activities for which an additional license,
24	permit, or fee is required to take or attempt to take or
25	possess saltwater fish, which additional license, permit, or
26	fee was imposed subsequent to the date of the purchase of the
27	lifetime saltwater fishing license.
28	(11) RESIDENT LIFETIME HUNTING LICENSES
4 0	(TI) VESTAGNI DILETIME HONITING DICENSES

(a) Lifetime hunting licenses are available to

residents only, as follows, for:

1 1. Persons 4 years of age or younger, for a fee of 2 \$200. 3 2. Persons 5 years of age or older, but under 13 years of age, for a fee of \$350. 4 5 Persons 13 years of age or older, for a fee of 6 \$500. 7 (b) The following activities are authorized by the 8 purchase of a lifetime hunting license: 9 Taking or attempting to take or possess game 10 consistent with the state and federal laws and regulations and 11 rules of the commission in effect at the time of the taking. 2. All activities authorized by a muzzle-loading gun 12 permit, a turkey permit, an archery permit, a Florida 13 14 waterfowl permit, and a management area permit, excluding 15 fishing. (12) RESIDENT LIFETIME SPORTSMAN'S LICENSES. --16 17 (a) Lifetime sportsman's licenses are available, to residents only, as follows, for: 18 19 Persons 4 years of age or younger, for a fee of 20 \$400. 2. Persons 5 years of age or older, but under 13 years 21 of age, for a fee of \$700. 22 23 3. Persons 13 years of age or older, for a fee of 24 \$1,000. 25 (b) The following activities are authorized by the purchase of a lifetime sportsman's license: 26 27 Taking or attempting to take or possess freshwater or saltwater fish, and game, consistent with the state and 28 29 federal laws and regulations and rules of the commission in 30 effect at the time of taking.

31 created to read:

1 2. All activities authorized by a management area permit, a muzzle-loading gun permit, a turkey permit, an 2 3 archery permit, a Florida waterfowl permit, a snook permit, 4 and a crawfish permit. 5 6 The proceeds from the sale of all lifetime licenses authorized 7 in this section shall be deposited into the Lifetime Fish and 8 Wildlife Trust Fund, to be distributed as provided in s. 372.105. 9 10 (13) RECIPROCAL FEE AGREEMENTS. -- The commission is 11 authorized to reduce the fees for licenses and permits under this section for residents of those states with which the 12 13 commission has entered into reciprocal agreements with respect 14 to such fees. (14) FREE FISHING DAYS. -- The commission may designate 15 by rule no more than 2 consecutive or nonconsecutive days in 16 each year as free freshwater fishing days, and may designate 17 by rule no more than 2 consecutive or nonconsecutive days in 18 19 each year as free saltwater fishing days. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, any person may take 20 freshwater or saltwater fish for noncommercial purposes on a 21 free fishing day without obtaining or possessing a license, or 22 paying a license fee as prescribed in this section. A person 23 24 who takes freshwater or saltwater fish on a free fishing day 25 without obtaining a license or paying a fee must comply with all laws, rules, and regulations governing the holders of a 26 27 fishing license and all other conditions and limitations regulating the taking of freshwater or saltwater fish as are 28 29 imposed by law or rule. 30 Section 11. Section 372.5701, Florida Statutes, is

1 372.5701 Deposit of saltwater license fees; allocation 2 of federal funds. --3 (1) All annual saltwater license fees collected 4 pursuant to s. 372.57 shall be deposited into the Marine 5 Resources Conservation Trust Fund, to be used as follows: 6 (a) Not less than 2.5 percent of the total fees 7 collected shall be used for aquatic education purposes. 8 (b)1. The remainder of such fees shall be used by the department for the following program functions: 9 10 Not more than 5 percent of the total fees 11 collected, for administration of the licensing program and for information and education. 12 b. Not more than 30 percent of the total fees 13 14 collected, for law enforcement. c. Not less than 27.5 percent of the total fees 15 collected, for marine research. 16 17 Not less than 30 percent of the total fees collected, for fishery enhancement, including, but not limited 18 19 to, fishery statistics development, artificial reefs, and fish 20 hatcheries. 21 The Legislature shall annually appropriate to the 2. 22 commission from the General Revenue Fund for the activities and programs specified in subparagraph 1. at least the same 23 24 amount of money as was appropriated to the Department of Environmental Protection from the General Revenue Fund for 25 such activities and programs for fiscal year 1988-1989, and 26 the amounts appropriated to the commission for such activities 27 and programs from the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund 28 29 shall be in addition to the amount appropriated to the 30 commission for such activities and programs from the General Revenue Fund. The proceeds from recreational saltwater fishing 31

2

3

4 5

6

7 8

9 10

11

12

13

14

15

16 17

18 19

20 21

22

23 24

25

26

license fees paid by fishers shall only be appropriated to the commission.

- (2) Funds available from the Wallop-Breaux Aquatic Resources Trust Fund shall be distributed by the commission between the Division of Freshwater Fisheries and the Division of Marine Fisheries in proportion to the numbers of resident fresh and saltwater anglers as determined by the most current data on license sales. Unless otherwise provided by federal law, the commission, at a minimum, shall provide the following:
- (a) Not less than 5 percent or more than 10 percent of the funds allocated to the commission shall be expended for an aquatic resources education program; and
- (b) Not less than 10 percent of the funds allocated to the commission shall be expended for acquisition, development, renovation, or improvement of boating facilities.

Section 12. Section 372.5702, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

372.5702 Expenditure of funds.--Any moneys available pursuant to s. 372.5701(1)(b)1.c. may be expended by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission within Florida through grants and contracts for research with research institutions including but not limited to: Florida Sea Grant; Florida Marine Resources Council; Harbour Branch Oceanographic Institute; Technological Research and Development Authority; Mote Marine Laboratory; Marine Resources Development

27 Foundation; Florida Institute of Oceanography; Rosentiel

School of Marine and Atmospheric Science; and the Smithsonian 28

29 Marine Station at Ft. Pierce.

30 Section 13. Section 372.5704, Florida Statutes, is 31 created to read:

2

4 5

6

7

8

9

10 11

12

13

14

15

16 17

18 19

2021

22

23

2425

26

27

28

29

30

31

372.5704 Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission license program for tarpon; fees; penalties.--

- (1) The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission shall establish a license program for the purpose of issuing tags to individuals desiring to harvest tarpon (megalops atlantica) from the waters of the State of Florida. The tags shall be nontransferable, except that the commission may allow for a limited number of tags to be purchased by professional fishing guides for transfer to individuals, and issued by the commission in order of receipt of a properly completed application for a nonrefundable fee of \$50 per tag. The commission and any tax collector may sell the tags and collect the fees therefor. Tarpon tags are valid from July 1 through June 30. Before August 5 of each year, each tax collector shall submit to the commission all unissued tags for the previous calendar year along with a written audit report, on forms prescribed or approved by the commission, as to the numbers of the unissued tags. To defray the cost of issuing any tag, the issuing tax collector shall collect and retain as his or her costs, in addition to the tag fee collected, the amount allowed under s. 372.561(4) for the issuance of licenses.
 - determined by rule of the commission. The commission shall in no way allow the issuance of tarpon tags to adversely affect the tarpon population.
 - (3) Proceeds from the sale of tarpon tags shall be deposited in the Marine Resources Conservation Trust Fund and shall be used to gather information directly applicable to tarpon management.

- (4) No individual shall take, kill, or possess any fish of the species megalops atlantica, commonly known as tarpon, unless such individual has purchased a tarpon tag and securely attached it through the lower jaw of the fish. Said individual shall within 5 days after the landing of the fish submit a form to the commission which indicates the length, weight, and physical condition of the tarpon when caught; the date and location of where the fish was caught; and any other pertinent information which may be required by the commission. The commission may refuse to issue new tags to individuals or guides who fail to provide the required information.
- (5) Any individual including a taxidermist who possesses a tarpon which does not have a tag securely attached as required by this section shall be subject to penalties as prescribed in s. 370.021. Provided, however, a taxidermist may remove the tag during the process of mounting a tarpon. The removed tag shall remain with the fish during any subsequent storage or shipment.
- (6) Purchase of a tarpon tag shall not accord the purchaser any right to harvest or possess tarpon in contravention of rules adopted by the commission. No individual may sell, offer for sale, barter, exchange for merchandise, transport for sale, either within or without the state, offer to purchase, or purchase any species of fish known as tarpon.
- (7) The commission shall prescribe and provide suitable forms and tags necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.
- (8) The provisions of this section shall not apply to anyone who immediately returns a tarpon uninjured to the water at the place where the fish was caught.

2

3

4

5

6

7

9 10

11

12

13 14

15

16 17

18 19

20

21

22

23 24

25

26 27

28

29

30

Section 14. Section 372.571, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

372.571 Expiration of licenses and permits.--Each license or permit issued under this chapter must be dated when issued. Each license or permit issued under this chapter remains valid for 12 months after the date of issuance, except for a lifetime license issued pursuant to s. 372.57 which is valid from the date of issuance until the death of the individual to whom the license is issued unless otherwise revoked in accordance with s. 372.99, or a 5-year license issued pursuant to s. 372.57 which is valid for 5 consecutive years from the date of purchase unless otherwise revoked in accordance with s. 372.99 or a license issued pursuant to s. 372.57(2)(b), (c), or (j) or (4)(b) or (f) or (g), which is valid for the period specified on the license. A resident lifetime license or a resident 5-year license that has been purchased by a resident of this state and who subsequently resides in another state shall be honored for activities authorized by that license.

Section 15. Subsection (1) of section 372.5712, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

372.5712 Florida waterfowl permit revenues.--

(1) The commission shall expend the revenues generated from the sale of the Florida waterfowl permit as provided in s. 372.57(4)(a) or that pro rata portion of any license that includes waterfowl hunting privileges, as provided in s. 372.57(2)(1) and (m)s. 372.57(2)(i) and (14)(b)as follows: A maximum of 5 percent of the gross revenues shall be expended for administrative costs; a maximum of 25 percent of the gross revenues shall be expended for waterfowl research approved by 31 the commission; and a maximum of 70 percent of the gross

3

4 5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12 13

14

15

16 17

18

19

20

21 22

23 24

25

26 27

28

29

30

revenues shall be expended for projects approved by the commission, in consultation with the Waterfowl Advisory Council, for the purpose of protecting and propagating migratory waterfowl and for the development, restoration, maintenance, and preservation of wetlands within the state. Section 16. Subsection (1) of section 372.5715, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

372.5715 Florida wild turkey permit revenues.--

(1) The commission shall expend the revenues generated from the sale of the turkey permit as provided for in s. 372.57(4)(e) or that pro rata portion of any license that includes turkey hunting privileges as provided for in s. 372.57(2)(1) and $(m)_{s.} \frac{372.57(2)(1)}{(1)}$ and $\frac{(14)(b)}{(14)(14)}$ for research and management of wild turkeys.

Section 17. Section 372.573, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

372.573 Management area permit revenues.--The commission shall expend the revenue generated from the sale of the management area permit as provided for in s. 372.57(4)(b) or that pro rata portion of any license that includes management area privileges as provided for in s. 372.57(2)(1) and $(m)_{s.}$ 372.57(2)(i) and (14)(b) for the lease, management, and protection of lands for public hunting, fishing, and other outdoor recreation.

Section 18. Paragraph (h) of subsection (1) and paragraph (i) of subsection (2) of section 372.574, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

372.574 Appointment of subagents for the sale of hunting, fishing, and trapping licenses and permits .--

(1) A county tax collector who elects to sell licenses 31 and permits may appoint any person as a subagent for the sale

2.

of fishing, hunting, and trapping licenses and permits that the tax collector is allowed to sell. The following are requirements for subagents:

- (h) A subagent shall submit payment for and report the sale of licenses and permits to the tax collector weekly as prescribed by the tax collector but no less frequently than monthly.
- (2) If a tax collector elects not to appoint subagents, the commission may appoint subagents within that county. Subagents shall serve at the pleasure of the commission. The commission may establish, by rule, procedures for selection of subagents. The following are requirements for subagents so appointed:
- (i) By July 15 of each year, each subagent shall submit to the commission all unissued stamps for the previous year along with a written audit report, on forms prescribed or approved by the commission, on the numbers of the unissued stamps.

Section 19. Section 372.579, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

372.579 Processing applications for licenses and permits.—The commission may by rule adopt a processing fee, not to exceed \$100, for each license or permit required by Title 68 of the Florida Administrative Code. The commission shall annually report actions taken under this section to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Section 20. Section 372.661, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

30 372.661 Private hunting preserve, license; 31 exception.--

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16 17

19

20

21 22

23 24

25

26 27

28

29

30

31

- (1) Any person who operates a private hunting preserve commercially or otherwise shall be required to pay a license fee of\$50\$25 for each such preserve; provided, however, that during the open season established for wild game of any species a private individual may take artificially propagated game of such species up to the bag limit prescribed for the particular species without being required to pay the license fee required by this section; provided further that if any such individual shall charge a fee for taking such game she or he shall be required to pay the license fee required by this section and to comply with the rules and regulations of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission relative to the operation of private hunting preserves.
- (2) A commercial hunting preserve license, which shall exempt patrons of licensed preserves from the licensure requirements of s. $372.57(2)(e), \frac{(f)}{(g)}, (g), (h), \frac{and}{(i)}, (j),$ (1) and (m),(4)(a),(c),(d), and (e),(7),(9), and (15)(b)18 (14)(b)while hunting on the licensed preserve property, shall be \$500. Such commercial hunting preserve license shall be available only to those private hunting preserves licensed pursuant to this section which are operated exclusively for commercial purposes, which are open to the public, and for which a uniform fee is charged to patrons for hunting privileges.

Section 21. Subsection (8) is added to section 372.711, Florida Statutes, to read:

372.711 Noncriminal infractions.--

(8) A person who is charged with a violation of the license or permit requirements of s. 372.57 may not be convicted if, prior to or at the time of his or her court or hearing appearance, the person produces in court or to the

4

5

6

7

8

9

10 11

12

13

14

15

16 17

18 19

20

21

22

23 24

25

26 27

28

29

30

clerk of the court in which the charge is pending the required license or permit that was issued to him or her and valid at the time of his or her arrest. The clerk of the court is authorized to dismiss such case at any time before the defendant's appearance in court. The clerk of the court may assess a fee of \$5 for dismissing the case under this subsection.

Section 22. Subsections (1), (2), and (4) of section 372.921, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

372.921 Exhibition of wildlife.--

- (1) In order to provide humane treatment and sanitary surroundings for wild animals kept in captivity, no person, firm, corporation, or association shall have, or be in possession of, in captivity for the purpose of public display with or without charge or for public sale any wildlife, specifically birds, mammals, amphibians, and reptiles, whether indigenous to Florida or not, without having first secured a permit from the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission authorizing such person, firm, or corporation to have in its possession in captivity the species and number of wildlife specified within such permit; however, this section does not apply to any wildlife not protected by law and the regulations of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission.
- (2) The fees to be paid for the issuance of permits required by subsection (1) shall be as follows:
- (a) For not more than 25 Class I or Class II 10 individual specimens in the aggregate of all species, the sum of\$100\$5 per annum.
- (b) For over 25 Class I or Class II 10 individual specimens in the aggregate of all species, the sum of \$250 \$25 31 per annum.

(c) For any number of Class III individual specimens in the aggregate of all species, the sum of \$25 per annum.

234

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

20

21

22

2324

25

2627

28

2930

31

1

The fees prescribed by this section shall be submitted to the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission with the application for permit required by subsection (1) and shall be deposited in the State Game Fund.

(4) Permits issued pursuant to this section and places where wildlife is kept or held in captivity shall be subject to inspection by officers of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission at all times. The commission shall have the power to release or confiscate any specimens of any wildlife, specifically birds, mammals, amphibians, or reptiles, whether indigenous to the state or not, when it is found that conditions under which they are being confined are unsanitary, or unsafe to the public in any manner, or that the species of wildlife are being maltreated, mistreated, or neglected or kept in any manner contrary to the provisions of chapter 828, any such permit to the contrary notwithstanding. Before any such wildlife is confiscated or released under the authority of this section, the owner thereof shall have been advised in writing of the existence of such unsatisfactory conditions; the owner shall have been given 30 days in which to correct such conditions; the owner shall have failed to correct such conditions; the owner shall have had an opportunity for a proceeding pursuant to chapter 120; and the commission shall have ordered such confiscation or release after careful consideration of all evidence in the particular case in question. The final order of the commission shall constitute final agency action.

Section 23. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 372.922, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

372.922 Personal possession of wildlife.--

- (2) The classifications of types of wildlife and fees to be paid for the issuance of permits shall be as follows:
- (a) Class I--Wildlife which, because of its nature, habits, or status, shall not be possessed as a personal pet.
- (b) Class II--Wildlife considered to present a real or potential threat to human safety, the sum of \$100 per annum.
- (c) Class III--Wildlife as specified by rule of the commission, the sum of \$25 per annum.
- (3) The commission shall promulgate regulations defining Class I, Class II, and Class III and II types of wildlife. The commission shall also establish regulations and requirements necessary to ensure that permits are granted only to persons qualified to possess and care properly for wildlife and that permitted wildlife possessed as personal pets will be maintained in sanitary surroundings and appropriate neighborhoods.

Section 24. Subsection (3) of section 705.101, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

705.101 Definitions.--As used in this chapter:

(3) "Abandoned property" means all tangible personal property that does not have an identifiable owner and that has been disposed on public property in a wrecked, inoperative, or partially dismantled condition or has no apparent intrinsic value to the rightful owner. However, Vessels determined to be derelict by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission or a county or municipality in accordance with the provisions of s. 823.11 are not included within this definition.

Section 25. Sections 370.0605, 370.0608, 370.0609, 370.0615, 370.062, and 370.1111, Florida Statutes, and subsections (10) and (11) of s. 370.14, Florida Statutes, are repealed. Section 26. This act shall take effect July 1, 2001. STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SB 2024 Creates an annual resident, gold sportsman's license for a fee of \$82. The gold sportsman's license authorizes the person to whom it is issued to take freshwater fish, saltwater fish, and game. It also includes activities authorized by a management area permit, a muzzle-loading gun permit, a turkey permit, a Florida water fowl permit, an archery permit, a snook permit and a crawfish permit. Provides that if a person who is cited for a violation of s. 327.395, F.S., can show proof of having a boating safety identification card issued to him or her and valid at the time of the citation, the clerk of the court shall dismiss the case and may assess a \$5 dismissal fee. 2. Under current law, \$1 from each vessel registered in this state must be used to fund additional research and development of manatee avoidance technology for watercrafts, and \$1 from each vessel registered in this state shall be used for additional funding for manatee census efforts and manatee signs on waterways. The committee substitutes expands the usage of these funds for manatee protection and technology and for population research research. Includes in the definition of "abandoned property", vessels determined to be derelict by the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission or a county or municipality.