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32-1147-01
                        A bill to be entitled
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           An act relating to the excise tax on documents;
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           creating s. 201.032, F.S.; authorizing certain
           district school boards to levy an additional
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           surtax on deeds and other instruments relating
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           to real property and interests therein;
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           providing for the use of the proceeds;
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           authorizing pledge of the proceeds for bonds;
           providing that a school board may elect to
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           receive the proceeds of the surtax or of
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           certain impact fees; providing that certain
           impact-fee programs are not repealed by this
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           act; specifying the effect of this act on
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           conflicting ordinances and laws; requiring a
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           report; providing an effective date.
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   Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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           Section 1. Section 201.032, Florida Statutes, is
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   created to read:
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           201.032 Levy of optional surtax on deeds by school
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   board; use of proceeds; effect on impact fees .--
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          (1) Each district school board that levies a minimum
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    of 2 mills on the nonexempt assessed valuation for school
   purposes of the district under:
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          (a) Section 236.25(2),
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          (b) The millage voted for local capital improvement
   pursuant to s. 9(b) or s. 12, Art. VII of the State
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    Constitution, or
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              A combination of paragraphs (a) and (b),
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 may levy an optional additional surtax on those documents taxed under s. 201.02 at a rate not exceeding 30 cents for each \$100 or fractional part thereof of the consideration for the real estate or interest therein. The surtax shall be paid by the buyer of the real estate or interest therein. The surtax must be levied by resolution proposed at a regular meeting of the school board and approved by a majority of the total membership of the board. The school board must hold a public hearing at least 2 weeks before the formal adoption of the resolution.

- (2) The proceeds of the surtax must be used to fund new construction and remodeling projects of public educational facilities identified pursuant to s. 235.435(3)(b) which are necessary to implement adopted local-government comprehensive plans and plans of the school board, so that public educational facilities will be available to meet the needs of the school-age population concurrently with the impacts of development.
- (3) Section 201.15 does not apply to this surtax. The clerk of the circuit court shall collect all proceeds of the tax levied under this section and shall not remit any of the proceeds to the Department of Revenue. After retaining for his or her office the collection allowance authorized by s.

  201.11, the clerk of the circuit court shall distribute all tax revenues collected under this section to the school board. The revenues must be deposited in a separate fund created for this purpose from which expenditures may be made in accordance with this section. A school board that receives the proceeds of the surtax authorized by this section may not apply the proceeds, or any other funds designated as capital outlay funds, to operating costs. A portion of the tax revenues may

be used to pay the costs of collection and enforcement of the surtax.

- (4) Any school board that receives proceeds of this surtax may pledge the proceeds of the surtax for the payment of the principal and interest on bonds issued or to be issued to implement the programs authorized by this section. If such proceeds are pledged to secure principal and interest due on such bonds, the pledge constitutes a valid and legally binding contract between the school board and the bondholders, and the school board is obligated to continue to levy the surtax as long as any bonds are outstanding.
- either the surtax authorized by this section or from an impact fee or other form of exaction for the construction or remodeling of public educational facilities imposed as a condition to or in conjunction with the issuance of any development permit as defined in s. 163.3164; however, this section does not repeal an impact-fee program that is in effect on July 1, 2001, and is based upon the uniform countywide level of service and the educational facility plan of the school board. Any ordinance that conflicts with this subsection is superseded, and any conflicting special or general law authorization is superseded to the extent of the conflict.
- (6) Each school board that levies a surtax under this section shall, within 90 days after the close of its fiscal year, submit to the Department of Banking and Finance a financial report that contains information showing the revenues and the expenses of the fund established under subsection (3).

Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2001.

SENATE SUMMARY Authorizes school boards that levy capital outlay or voted capital improvement millage of at least 2 mills to levy an additional documentary stamp surtax on instruments relating to real property. Provides for the use of the proceeds for public educational facilities needed to implement local comprehensive plans. Authorizes the issuance of bonds. Provides that a school board may elect to receive surtax proceeds or certain impact-fee proceeds. Specifies that the act supersedes conflicting ordinances and laws. Requires an annual report.