By the Committees on Commerce and Economic Opportunities; Health, Aging and Long-Term Care; and Senator Mitchell

310-1880-01

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to medical records; providing legislative findings and intent; amending s. 456.057, 395.3025, 400.1415, F.S.; prohibiting the use of a patient's medical records for purposes of solicitation and marketing without specific written release or authorization; providing for criminal penalties; creating s. 626.9651, F.S.; requiring the Department of Insurance to adopt rules governing the use of a consumer's nonpublic personal financial and health information; providing standards for the rules; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. The Legislature finds that personally identifying information, name, age, diagnosis, address, bank account numbers, and debit and credit card numbers contained in the records relating to an individual's personal health or eligibility for health-related services made or received by the individual's physician, pharmacist, and public or private health facility should be held confidential. Furthermore, the Legislature finds that every person has an expectation of and a right to privacy in all matters concerning her or his personal health when medical services are provided. Matters of personal health are traditionally private and confidential concerns between the patient and the health care provider. The private and confidential nature of personal health matters pervades both the public and private sectors. For these reasons, it is the expressed intent of the Legislature to

 protect confidential information and the individual's expectations of and right to privacy in all matters regarding her or his personal health, and to not have such information exploited for purposes of solicitation or marketing the sale of goods and services.

Section 2. Subsection (5) of section 456.057, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

456.057 Ownership and control of patient records; report or copies of records to be furnished.--

(5)(a) Except as otherwise provided in this section and in s. 440.13(4)(c), such records may not be furnished to, and the medical condition of a patient may not be discussed with, any person other than the patient or the patient's legal representative or other health care practitioners and providers involved in the care or treatment of the patient, except upon written authorization of the patient. However, such records may be furnished without written authorization under the following circumstances:

 $\frac{1.(a)}{}$ To any person, firm, or corporation that has procured or furnished such examination or treatment with the patient's consent.

2.(b) When compulsory physical examination is made pursuant to Rule 1.360, Florida Rules of Civil Procedure, in which case copies of the medical records shall be furnished to both the defendant and the plaintiff.

3.(c) In any civil or criminal action, unless otherwise prohibited by law, upon the issuance of a subpoena from a court of competent jurisdiction and proper notice to the patient or the patient's legal representative by the party seeking such records.

 $\frac{4.(d)}{d}$ For statistical and scientific research, provided the information is abstracted in such a way as to protect the identity of the patient or provided written permission is received from the patient or the patient's legal representative.

(b) Absent a specific written release or authorization permitting utilization of patient information for solicitation or marketing the sale of goods or services, any use of that information for those purposes is prohibited.

Section 3. Subsection (7) of section 395.3025, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

395.3025 Patient and personnel records; copies; examination.--

- (7)(a) If the content of any record of patient treatment is provided under this section, the recipient, if other than the patient or the patient's representative, may use such information only for the purpose provided and may not further disclose any information to any other person or entity, unless expressly permitted by the written consent of the patient. A general authorization for the release of medical information is not sufficient for this purpose. The content of such patient treatment record is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s . 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.
- (b) Absent a specific written release or authorization permitting utilization of patient information for solicitation or marketing the sale of goods or services, any use of that information for those purposes is prohibited.

Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 400.1415, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.1415 Patient records; penalties for alteration.--

1 (1) Any person who fraudulently alters, defaces, or falsifies any medical record or releases medical records for 2 3 the purposes of solicitation or marketing the sale of goods or services absent a specific written release or authorization 4 5 permitting utilization of patient information; or other 6 nursing home record, or causes or procures any of these 7 offenses to be committed, commits a misdemeanor of the second 8 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. Section 5. Section 626.9651, Florida Statutes, is 9 10 created to read: 11 626.9651 Privacy. -- The department shall adopt rules consistent with other provisions of the Florida Insurance Code 12 to govern the use of a consumer's nonpublic personal financial 13 and health information. These rules must be based on, 14 15 consistent with, and not more restrictive than the Privacy of Consumer Financial and Health Information Regulation, adopted 16 17 September 26, 2000, by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, however, the rules must permit the use and 18 19 disclosure of nonpublic personal health information for scientific, medical, or public policy research, in accordance 20 with federal law. In addition, these rules must be consistent 21 with, and not more restrictive than, the standards contained 22 in Title V of the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act of 1999, Pub. L. No. 23 106-102. If the department determines that a health insurer or 24 25 health maintenance organization is in compliance with, or is actively undertaking compliance with, the consumer privacy 26 27 protection rules adopted by the United States Department of Health and Human Services, in conformance with the Health 28 29 Insurance Portability and Affordability Act, that health 30 insurer or health maintenance organization is in compliance 31 with this section.

| 1 | Section 6. This act shall take effect July 1, 2001. |
|----------|--|
| 2 | |
| 3 | STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN |
| 4 | COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR CS/SB 2146 |
| 5 | |
| 6 | The committee substitute directs the Department of Insurance to adopt rules to govern the use of a consumer's nonpublic |
| 7 | financial and health information by health insurers and health maintenance organizations consistent with the National |
| 8 | Association of Insurance Commissioners' Privacy of Consumer Financial and Health Information Regulation adopted September |
| 9 | 26, 2000. The committee substitute also requires that these |
| 10 | rules be consistent with, and not more restrictive than, the standards contained in Title V of the federal Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act of 1999 (Pub. L. No. 106-102). |
| 11 | The committee substitute also makes clarifying and technical |
| 12 | revisions to the statement of legislative findings. |
| 13 | |
| 14 | |
| 15 | |
| 16 | |
| 17 | |
| 18 | |
| 19 20 | |
| 21 | |
| 22 | |
| 23 | |
| 24 | |
| 25 | |
| 26 | |
| 27 | |
| 28 | |
| 29 | |
| 30 | |
| 31 | |