By the Committee on Health, Aging and Long-Term Care; and Senator Saunders

## 317-1850A-01

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to health care; amending s. 395.0197, F.S.; revising provisions relating to hospital and ambulatory surgical center internal risk management programs; modifying requirements for risk management and prevention education and training; restricting participation of unlicensed persons in surgical procedures; requiring ongoing evaluation of surgical procedures and protocols; eliminating an annual report summarizing facility incident reports and disciplinary actions; requiring the Agency for Health Care Administration to publish website summaries of adverse incident reports; requiring facility reporting of allegations of sexual misconduct by health care practitioners; providing certain civil liability for licensed risk managers; prohibiting intimidation of a risk manager; providing a penalty; amending s. 395.10972, F.S.; increasing membership on the Health Care Risk Management Advisory Council; amending s. 395.701, F.S.; limiting the financial information the agency may require to determine the amount of hospital annual assessments; amending s. 456.013, F.S.; providing a professional continuing education requirement relating to prevention of medical errors; amending s. 456.063, F.S.; requiring licensed health care practitioners to report to the Department of Health any allegations of sexual

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misconduct; amending s. 456.072, F.S.; providing additional grounds for disciplinary actions; clarifying a penalty involving restriction of professional practice or license; providing additional penalties; requiring assessment of costs related to investigation and prosecution; amending s. 456.073, F.S.; requiring the department to notify the patient or legal representative of the status of a disciplinary case; requiring the agency to provide certain information to the complainant; amending s. 456.077, F.S.; specifying violations for which the department or a regulatory board may issue citations; amending s. 456.074, F.S.; revising grounds for the emergency suspension of a license; amending s. 456.081, F.S.; requiring the department and regulatory boards to maintain a website containing specified information; amending ss. 458.331, 459.015, F.S.; conforming provisions and cross-references to changes made by the act; amending ss. 465.019, 465.0196, F.S.; requiring institutional pharmacies and special pharmacy permittees that use pharmacy technicians to have a written policy and procedures manual; directing the department and agency to review health care practitioner and facility reporting requirements; requiring a report to the Legislature; amending s. 468.1755, F.S.; providing an additional ground for disciplinary action against a nursing home

1 administrator; reenacting ss. 468.1695(3), 468.1735, F.S., to incorporate the amendment in 2 3 references; reenacting s. 484.056(1)(a), F.S., relating to disciplinary action against hearing 4 5 aid specialists, to incorporate the amendment 6 to s. 456.072(1) in a reference; amending s. 7 766.101, F.S.; providing that a continuous 8 quality improvement committee of a licensed pharmacy is a medical review committee for 9 10 purposes of immunity from liability, and 11 reenacting ss. 440.105(1)(a), 626.989(6), F.S., to incorporate the amendment in references; 12 amending s. 766.1115, F.S.; conforming 13 provisions and cross-references to changes made 14 by the act; amending s. 456.047, F.S.; 15 providing intent; revising and providing 16 17 definitions; revising duties of the Department of Health relating to file maintenance; 18 19 providing that primary source data verified by 20 the department or its designee may be relied upon to meet accreditation purposes; amending 21 s. 240.4075, F.S.; transferring the Nursing 22 Student Loan Forgiveness Program from the 23 24 Department of Education to the Department of Health; including public schools, family 25 practice teaching hospitals, and specialty 26 27 hospitals for children as eligible facilities 28 under the program; exempting such facilities 29 from the fund-matching requirements of the 30 program; amending s. 240.4076, F.S.; providing 31 requirements under the nursing scholarship

1 program for students seeking to qualify for a 2 nursing faculty position and receive credit for 3 work in such a position; including nursing homes, hospitals, public schools, colleges of 4 5 nursing, and community college nursing programs 6 as eligible facilities under the program; transferring powers, duties, functions, rules, 7 records, personnel, property, and 8 9 appropriations and other funds relating to the 10 Nursing Student Loan Forgiveness Program and 11 the nursing scholarship program from the Department of Education to the Department of 12 Health; amending s. 464.005, F.S.; providing 13 for future relocation of the headquarters of 14 the Board of Nursing; amending s. 464.008, 15 F.S.; revising education requirements for 16 17 licensure by examination; amending s. 464.009, F.S.; revising requirements for licensure by 18 19 endorsement; requiring submission of 20 fingerprints for a criminal history check and a fee to cover the costs of such check; providing 21 for an electronic applicant-notification 22 process; amending s. 464.0205, F.S.; deleting 23 24 the application and processing fee for applicants for a retired volunteer nurse 25 certificate; requiring study by the Office of 26 27 Program Policy Analysis and Government 28 Accountability of the feasibility of 29 maintaining all of Medical Quality Assurance in one state agency; amending s. 627.419, F.S.; 30 31 providing for appeals from certain adverse

1 determinations relating to dental claims; amending s. 456.031, F.S.; providing an 2 3 alternative by which licensees may comply with a general requirement that they take domestic 4 5 violence courses; amending s. 456.033, F.S.; 6 providing an alternative by which licensees may 7 comply with a general requirement that they take AIDS/HIV education courses; amending s. 8 9 468.302, F.S.; revising requirements for an 10 exemption from certification under part IV of 11 ch. 468, F.S.; providing additional exemptions from certification; amending ss. 468.352, 12 468.355, 468.357, 468.358, 468.359, F.S.; 13 revising definitions and provisions relating to 14 licensure and use of titles and abbreviations 15 to correct and conform terminology with respect 16 17 to respiratory therapists and respiratory care practitioners; amending s. 468.1155, F.S.; 18 19 revising provisions governing provisional 20 licensure to practice speech-language pathology or audiology; amending s. 468.1215, F.S.; 21 revising accreditation provisions applicable to 22 certification of speech-language pathology or 23 24 audiology assistants; amending s. 480.033, 25 F.S.; conforming terminology in the definition of "massage"; amending s. 484.0445, F.S.; 26 revising provisions governing training 27 programs; amending s. 484.045, F.S.; revising 28 29 licensing requirements and procedures; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 30 31 490.012, F.S.; revising provisions relating to

1 titles and descriptions; amending s. 490.014, 2 F.S.; revising provisions relating to 3 exemptions; amending s. 491.012, F.S.; revising prohibitions against the unlicensed practice of 4 5 clinical social work, marriage and family 6 therapy, and mental health counseling to 7 provide that practice by registered interns is 8 lawful; amending s. 456.057, F.S.; authorizing 9 the regulatory boards or the department to 10 appoint a medical records custodian; creating 11 the Florida Center for Nursing; providing for a board of directors; providing goals, powers, 12 and duties of the board; providing objectives 13 for the center; providing for appointment, 14 terms, and expense reimbursement of board 15 members; amending s. 499.012, F.S.; providing 16 17 an additional condition under which a retail pharmacy wholesaler's permit may be issued; 18 19 providing a short title; defining the term 20 "pharmaceutical adverse incident" and requiring that such incidents be reported to the 21 Department of Health; providing for the 22 adoption of rules and forms; amending s. 23 24 484.002, F.S.; redefining the term "opticianry" and defining the term "contact lenses"; 25 amending ss. 484.002, 484.006, 484.012, F.S.; 26 27 replacing references to the term "medical 28 doctor" with the term "allopathic or 29 osteopathic physician"; amending s. 484.013, F.S.; revising provisions prescribing 30 31 violations and penalties applicable to the

practice of opticianry; amending s. 484.015, F.S.; revising inspection authority; amending s. 921.0022, F.S., relating to the Criminal Punishment Code; providing an offense severity ranking for the offense of practicing opticianry without a license; amending s. 483.245, F.S.; revising provisions governing prohibited referrals to licensed clinical laboratories; providing effective dates.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 395.0197, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

395.0197 Internal risk management program.--

- (1) Every licensed facility shall, as a part of its administrative functions, establish an internal risk management program that includes all of the following components:
- (a) The investigation and analysis of the frequency and causes of general categories and specific types of adverse incidents to patients.
- (b) The development of appropriate measures to minimize the risk of adverse incidents to patients, including, but not limited to:
- 1. Risk management and risk prevention education and training of all nonphysician personnel as follows:
- a. Such education and training of all nonphysician personnel as part of their initial orientation; and
- b. At least 1 hour of such education and training 31 annually for all nonphysician personnel of the licensed

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facility working in clinical areas and providing patient care, except those persons licensed as health care practitioners who are required to complete continuing education coursework pursuant to chapter 456 or the respective practice act.

- A prohibition, except when emergency circumstances require otherwise, against a staff member of the licensed facility attending a patient in the recovery room, unless the staff member is authorized to attend the patient in the recovery room and is in the company of at least one other person. However, a licensed facility is exempt from the two-person requirement if it has:
  - a. Live visual observation;
  - Electronic observation; or b.
- c. Any other reasonable measure taken to ensure patient protection and privacy.
- 3. A prohibition against an unlicensed person from assisting or participating in any surgical procedure unless the facility has authorized the person to do so following a competency assessment, and such assistance or participation is done under the direct and immediate supervision of a licensed physician and is not otherwise an activity that may only be performed by a licensed health care practitioner.
- 4. Development, implementation, and ongoing evaluation of procedures, protocols, and systems to accurately identify patients, planned procedures, and the correct site of the planned procedure so as to minimize the performance of a surgical procedure on the wrong patient, a wrong surgical procedure, a wrong-site surgical procedure, or a surgical procedure otherwise unrelated to the patient's diagnosis or medical condition.

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- (c) The analysis of patient grievances that relate to patient care and the quality of medical services.
- (d) The development and implementation of an incident reporting system based upon the affirmative duty of all health care providers and all agents and employees of the licensed health care facility to report adverse incidents to the risk manager, or to his or her designee, within 3 business days after their occurrence.
- (2) The internal risk management program is the responsibility of the governing board of the health care facility. Each licensed facility shall hire a risk manager, licensed under s. 395.10974 part IX of chapter 626, who is responsible for implementation and oversight of such facility's internal risk management program as required by this section. A risk manager must not be made responsible for more than four internal risk management programs in separate licensed facilities, unless the facilities are under one corporate ownership or the risk management programs are in rural hospitals.
- (3) In addition to the programs mandated by this section, other innovative approaches intended to reduce the frequency and severity of medical malpractice and patient injury claims shall be encouraged and their implementation and operation facilitated. Such additional approaches may include extending internal risk management programs to health care providers' offices and the assuming of provider liability by a licensed health care facility for acts or omissions occurring within the licensed facility.
- (4) The agency shall, after consulting with the Department of Insurance, adopt rules governing the establishment of internal risk management programs to meet the

needs of individual licensed facilities. Each internal risk 2 management program shall include the use of incident reports 3 to be filed with an individual of responsibility who is competent in risk management techniques in the employ of each licensed facility, such as an insurance coordinator, or who is retained by the licensed facility as a consultant. individual responsible for the risk management program shall have free access to all medical records of the licensed facility. The incident reports are part of the workpapers of 10 the attorney defending the licensed facility in litigation 11 relating to the licensed facility and are subject to discovery, but are not admissible as evidence in court. 12 13 person filing an incident report is not subject to civil suit 14 by virtue of such incident report. As a part of each internal 15 risk management program, the incident reports shall be used to develop categories of incidents which identify problem areas. 16 Once identified, procedures shall be adjusted to correct the 18 problem areas.

- (5) For purposes of reporting to the agency pursuant to this section, the term "adverse incident" means an event over which health care personnel could exercise control and which is associated in whole or in part with medical intervention, rather than the condition for which such intervention occurred, and which:
  - (a) Results in one of the following injuries:
  - 1. Death;
  - 2. Brain or spinal damage;
  - 3. Permanent disfigurement;
  - 4. Fracture or dislocation of bones or joints;

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- 5. A resulting limitation of neurological, physical, or sensory function which continues after discharge from the facility;
- 6. Any condition that required specialized medical attention or surgical intervention resulting from nonemergency medical intervention, other than an emergency medical condition, to which the patient has not given his or her informed consent; or
- 7. Any condition that required the transfer of the patient, within or outside the facility, to a unit providing a more acute level of care due to the adverse incident, rather than the patient's condition prior to the adverse incident;
- (b) Was the performance of a surgical procedure on the wrong patient, a wrong surgical procedure, a wrong-site surgical procedure, or a surgical procedure otherwise unrelated to the patient's diagnosis or medical condition;
- (c) Required the surgical repair of damage resulting to a patient from a planned surgical procedure, where the damage was not a recognized specific risk, as disclosed to the patient and documented through the informed-consent process; or
- (d) Was a procedure to remove unplanned foreign objects remaining from a surgical procedure.
- (6)(a) Each licensed facility subject to this section shall submit an annual report to the agency summarizing the incident reports that have been filed in the facility for that year. The report shall include:
  - 1. The total number of adverse incidents.
- 2. A listing, by category, of the types of operations, diagnostic or treatment procedures, or other actions causing

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the injuries, and the number of incidents occurring within each category.

- 3. A listing, by category, of the types of injuries caused and the number of incidents occurring within each category.
- A code number using the health care professional's licensure number and a separate code number identifying all other individuals directly involved in adverse incidents to patients, the relationship of the individual to the licensed facility, and the number of incidents in which each individual has been directly involved. Each licensed facility shall maintain names of the health care professionals and individuals identified by code numbers for purposes of this section.
- A description of all malpractice claims filed against the licensed facility, including the total number of pending and closed claims and the nature of the incident which led to, the persons involved in, and the status and disposition of each claim. Each report shall update status and disposition for all prior reports.
- (b) The information reported to the agency pursuant to paragraph (a) which relates to persons licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 461, or chapter 466 shall be reviewed by the agency. The agency shall determine whether any of the incidents potentially involved conduct by a health care professional who is subject to disciplinary action, in which case the provisions of s. 456.073 shall apply.
- (c) The report submitted to the agency shall also contain the name and license number of the risk manager of the licensed facility, a copy of its policy and procedures which 31 govern the measures taken by the facility and its risk manager

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to reduce the risk of injuries and adverse incidents, and the results of such measures. The annual report is confidential and is not available to the public pursuant to s. 119.07(1) or any other law providing access to public records. The annual report is not discoverable or admissible in any civil or administrative action, except in disciplinary proceedings by the agency or the appropriate regulatory board. The annual report is not available to the public as part of the record of investigation for and prosecution in disciplinary proceedings made available to the public by the agency or the appropriate regulatory board. However, the agency or the appropriate regulatory board shall make available, upon written request by a health care professional against whom probable cause has been found, any such records which form the basis of the determination of probable cause.

- (7) The licensed facility shall notify the agency no later than 1 business day after the risk manager or his or her designee has received a report pursuant to paragraph (1)(d) and can determine within 1 business day that any of the following adverse incidents has occurred, whether occurring in the licensed facility or arising from health care prior to admission in the licensed facility:
  - (a) The death of a patient;
  - (b) Brain or spinal damage to a patient;
- (c) The performance of a surgical procedure on the wrong patient;
- (d) The performance of a wrong-site surgical procedure; or
  - (e) The performance of a wrong surgical procedure.

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The notification must be made in writing and be provided by facsimile device or overnight mail delivery. The notification must include information regarding the identity of the affected patient, the type of adverse incident, the initiation of an investigation by the facility, and whether the events causing or resulting in the adverse incident represent a potential risk to other patients.

- (8) Any of the following adverse incidents, whether occurring in the licensed facility or arising from health care prior to admission in the licensed facility, shall be reported by the facility to the agency within 15 calendar days after its occurrence:
  - (a) The death of a patient;
  - (b) Brain or spinal damage to a patient;
- (c) The performance of a surgical procedure on the wrong patient;
- (d) The performance of a wrong-site surgical
  procedure;
  - (e) The performance of a wrong surgical procedure;
- (f) The performance of a surgical procedure that is medically unnecessary or otherwise unrelated to the patient's diagnosis or medical condition;
- (g) The surgical repair of damage resulting to a patient from a planned surgical procedure, where the damage is not a recognized specific risk, as disclosed to the patient and documented through the informed-consent process; or
- (h) The performance of procedures to remove unplanned foreign objects remaining from a surgical procedure.

The agency may grant extensions to this reporting requirement for more than 15 days upon justification submitted in writing

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by the facility administrator to the agency. The agency may require an additional, final report. These reports shall not 2 3 be available to the public pursuant to s. 119.07(1) or any other law providing access to public records, nor be 4 5 discoverable or admissible in any civil or administrative 6 action, except in disciplinary proceedings by the agency or 7 the appropriate regulatory board, nor shall they be available 8 to the public as part of the record of investigation for and 9 prosecution in disciplinary proceedings made available to the 10 public by the agency or the appropriate regulatory board. 11 However, the agency or the appropriate regulatory board shall make available, upon written request by a health care 12 13 professional against whom probable cause has been found, any such records which form the basis of the determination of 14 15 probable cause. The agency may investigate, as it deems appropriate, any such incident and prescribe measures that 16 17 must or may be taken in response to the incident. The agency shall review each incident and determine whether it 18 19 potentially involved conduct by the health care professional 20 who is subject to disciplinary action, in which case the 21 provisions of s. 456.073 shall apply.

(9) The agency shall publish on the agency's website, no less than quarterly, a summary and trend analysis of adverse incident reports received pursuant to this section, which shall not include information that would identify the patient, the reporting facility, or the health care practitioners involved. The agency shall publish on the agency's website an annual summary and trend analysis of all adverse incident reports and malpractice claims information provided by facilities in their annual reports, which shall not include information that would identify the patient, the

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reporting facility, or the practitioners involved. purpose of the publication of the summary and trend analysis is to promote the rapid dissemination of information relating to adverse incidents and malpractice claims to assist in avoidance of similar incidents and reduce morbidity and mortality.

(10)<del>(9)</del> The internal risk manager of each licensed facility shall:

- (a) Investigate every allegation of sexual misconduct which is made against a member of the facility's personnel who has direct patient contact, when the allegation is that the sexual misconduct occurred at the facility or on the grounds of the facility.; and
- (b) Report every allegation of sexual misconduct to the administrator of the licensed facility.
- (c) Notify the family or guardian of the victim, if a minor, that an allegation of sexual misconduct has been made and that an investigation is being conducted. +
- (d) Report to the Department of Health every allegation of sexual misconduct, as defined in chapter 456 and the respective practice act, by a licensed health care practitioner that involves a patient.
- (11)<del>(10)</del> Any witness who witnessed or who possesses actual knowledge of the act that is the basis of an allegation of sexual abuse shall:
  - (a) Notify the local police; and
- (b) Notify the hospital risk manager and the administrator.

For purposes of this subsection, "sexual abuse" means acts of 31 a sexual nature committed for the sexual gratification of

 anyone upon, or in the presence of, a vulnerable adult, without the vulnerable adult's informed consent, or a minor. "Sexual abuse" includes, but is not limited to, the acts defined in s. 794.011(1)(h), fondling, exposure of a vulnerable adult's or minor's sexual organs, or the use of the vulnerable adult or minor to solicit for or engage in prostitution or sexual performance. "Sexual abuse" does not include any act intended for a valid medical purpose or any act which may reasonably be construed to be a normal caregiving action.

(12)(11) A person who, with malice or with intent to discredit or harm a licensed facility or any person, makes a false allegation of sexual misconduct against a member of a licensed facility's personnel is guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

(13)(12) In addition to any penalty imposed pursuant to this section, the agency shall require a written plan of correction from the facility. For a single incident or series of isolated incidents that are nonwillful violations of the reporting requirements of this section, the agency shall first seek to obtain corrective action by the facility. If the correction is not demonstrated within the timeframe established by the agency or if there is a pattern of nonwillful violations of this section, the agency may impose an administrative fine, not to exceed \$5,000 for any violation of the reporting requirements of this section. The administrative fine for repeated nonwillful violations shall not exceed \$10,000 for any violation. The administrative fine for each intentional and willful violation may not exceed \$25,000 per violation, per day. The fine for an intentional

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and willful violation of this section may not exceed \$250,000. In determining the amount of fine to be levied, the agency shall be guided by s. 395.1065(2)(b). This subsection does not apply to the notice requirements under subsection (7).

(14)<del>(13)</del> The agency shall have access to all licensed facility records necessary to carry out the provisions of this section. The records obtained by the agency under subsection (6), subsection (8), or subsection(10) $\frac{(9)}{(9)}$  are not available to the public under s. 119.07(1), nor shall they be discoverable or admissible in any civil or administrative action, except in disciplinary proceedings by the agency or the appropriate regulatory board, nor shall records obtained pursuant to s. 456.071 be available to the public as part of the record of investigation for and prosecution in disciplinary proceedings made available to the public by the agency or the appropriate regulatory board. However, the agency or the appropriate regulatory board shall make available, upon written request by a health care professional against whom probable cause has been found, any such records which form the basis of the determination of probable cause, except that, with respect to medical review committee records, s. 766.101 controls.

(15)<del>(14)</del> The meetings of the committees and governing board of a licensed facility held solely for the purpose of achieving the objectives of risk management as provided by this section shall not be open to the public under the provisions of chapter 286. The records of such meetings are confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1), except as provided in subsection(14) $\frac{(13)}{(13)}$ .

(16)<del>(15)</del> The agency shall review, as part of its 31 licensure inspection process, the internal risk management

program at each licensed facility regulated by this section to determine whether the program meets standards established in statutes and rules, whether the program is being conducted in a manner designed to reduce adverse incidents, and whether the program is appropriately reporting incidents under this section subsections (5), (6), (7), and (8).

(17)(16) There shall be no monetary liability on the part of, and no cause of action for damages shall arise against, any risk manager, licensed under s. 395.10974 part IX of chapter 626, for the implementation and oversight of the internal risk management program in a facility licensed under this chapter or chapter 390 as required by this section, for any act or proceeding undertaken or performed within the scope of the functions of such internal risk management program if the risk manager acts without intentional fraud.

(18) A privilege against civil liability is hereby granted to any licensed risk manager or licensed facility with regard to information furnished pursuant to this chapter, unless the licensed risk manager or facility acted in bad faith or with malice in providing such information.

(19)(17) If the agency, through its receipt of any reports required under this section the annual reports prescribed in subsection (6) or through any investigation, has a reasonable belief that conduct by a staff member or employee of a licensed facility is grounds for disciplinary action by the appropriate regulatory board, the agency shall report this fact to such regulatory board.

(18) The agency shall annually publish a report summarizing the information contained in the annual incident reports submitted by licensed facilities pursuant to subsection (6) and disciplinary actions reported to the agency

pursuant to s. 395.0193. The report must, at a minimum, 2 summarize: 3 (a) Adverse incidents, by category of reported 4 incident, and by type of professional involved. 5 (b) Types of malpractice claims filed, by type of 6 professional involved. 7 (c) Disciplinary actions taken against professionals, 8 by type of professional involved. 9 (20) It shall be unlawful for any person to coerce, 10 intimidate, or preclude a risk manager from lawfully executing 11 his or her reporting obligations pursuant to this chapter. Such unlawful action shall be subject to civil monetary 12 penalties not to exceed \$10,000 per violation. 13 14 Section 2. Section 395.10972, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 15 395.10972 Health Care Risk Manager Advisory 16 17 Council. -- The Secretary of Health Care Administration may appoint a seven-member five-member advisory council to advise 18 19 the agency on matters pertaining to health care risk managers. 20 The members of the council shall serve at the pleasure of the 21 secretary. The council shall designate a chair. The council shall meet at the call of the secretary or at those times as 22 may be required by rule of the agency. The members of the 23 24 advisory council shall receive no compensation for their services, but shall be reimbursed for travel expenses as 25 provided in s. 112.061. The council shall consist of 26 27 individuals representing the following areas: 28 (1) Two shall be active health care risk managers, 29 including one risk manager who is recommended by and a member of the Florida Society of Healthcare Risk Management. 30

(2) One shall be an active hospital administrator.

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- (3) One shall be an employee of an insurer or self-insurer of medical malpractice coverage.
- (4) One shall be a representative of the health-care-consuming public.
- Two shall be licensed health care practitioners, one of whom shall be licensed as a physician under chapter 458 or chapter 459.

Section 3. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 395.701, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

395.701 Annual assessments on net operating revenues for inpatient and outpatient services to fund public medical assistance; administrative fines for failure to pay assessments when due; exemption. --

(2)

(b) There is imposed upon each hospital an assessment in an amount equal to 1 percent of the annual net operating revenue for outpatient services for each hospital, such revenue to be determined by the agency, based on the actual experience of the hospital as reported to the agency. While prior year report worksheets may be reconciled to the hospital's audited financial statements, no additional audited financial components may be required for the purposes of determining the amount of the assessment imposed pursuant to this section other than those in effect on July 1, 2000. Within 6 months after the end of each hospital fiscal year, the agency shall certify the amount of the assessment for each hospital. The assessment shall be payable to and collected by the agency in equal quarterly amounts, on or before the first day of each calendar quarter, beginning with the first full calendar quarter that occurs after the agency certifies the 31 amount of the assessment for each hospital. All moneys

collected pursuant to this subsection shall be deposited into 2 the Public Medical Assistance Trust Fund. 3 Section 4. Present subsections (7) through (11) of section 456.013, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as 4 5 subsections (8) through (12), respectively, and a new 6 subsection (7) is added to that section to read: 7 456.013 Department; general licensing provisions.--8 The boards, or the department when there is no board, shall require the completion of a 2-hour course 9 10 relating to prevention of medical errors as part of the 11 licensure and renewal process. The 2-hour course shall count towards the total number of continuing education hours 12 required for the profession. The course shall be approved by 13 14 the board or department, as appropriate, and shall include a study of root-cause analysis, error reduction and prevention, 15 and patient safety. If the course is being offered by a 16 17 facility licensed pursuant to chapter 395 for its employees, the board may approve up to 1 hour of the 2-hour course to be 18 19 specifically related to error reduction and prevention methods 20 used in that facility. Section 5. Subsection (3) is added to section 456.063, 21 Florida Statutes, to read: 22 456.063 Sexual misconduct; disqualification for 23 24 license, certificate, or registration. --25 (3) Licensed health care practitioners shall report allegations of sexual misconduct to the department, regardless 26 27 of the practice setting in which the alleged sexual misconduct 28 occurred. 29 Section 6. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 456.072, Florida Statutes, is amended, paragraphs (aa) and 30 31 (bb) are added to that subsection, paragraphs (c) and (d) of

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subsection (2) and subsection (4) are amended, and paragraphs (i) and (j) are added to subsection (2) of that section, to read:

456.072 Grounds for discipline; penalties; enforcement. --

- The following acts shall constitute grounds for which the disciplinary actions specified in subsection (2) may be taken:
- (c) Being convicted or found guilty of, or entering a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a crime in any jurisdiction which relates to the practice of, or the ability to practice, a licensee's profession.
- (aa) Performing or attempting to perform health care services on the wrong patient, a wrong-site procedure, a wrong procedure, or an unauthorized procedure or a procedure that is medically unnecessary or otherwise unrelated to the patient's diagnosis or medical condition. For the purposes of this paragraph, performing or attempting to perform health care services includes the preparation of the patient.
- (bb) Leaving a foreign body in a patient, such as a sponge, clamp, forceps, surgical needle, or other paraphernalia commonly used in surgical, examination, or other diagnostic procedures. For the purposes of this paragraph, it shall be legally presumed that retention of a foreign body is not in the best interest of the patient and is not within the standard of care of the profession, regardless of the intent of the professional.
- (2) When the board, or the department when there is no board, finds any person guilty of the grounds set forth in 31 subsection (1) or of any grounds set forth in the applicable

practice act, including conduct constituting a substantial violation of subsection (1) or a violation of the applicable practice act which occurred prior to obtaining a license, it may enter an order imposing one or more of the following penalties:

- not limited to, restricting the licensee from practicing in certain settings, restricting the licensee to work only under designated conditions or in certain settings, restricting the licensee from performing or providing designated clinical and administrative services, restricting the licensee from practicing more than a designated number of hours, or any other restriction found to be necessary for the protection of the public health, safety, and welfare.
- (d) Imposition of an administrative fine not to exceed \$10,000 for each count or separate offense. If the violation is for fraud or making a false or fraudulent representation, the board, or department if there is no board, shall impose a fine of \$10,000 per count or offense.
- (i) Refund of fees billed and collected from the patient or a third party on behalf of the patient.
- (j) Requirement that the practitioner undergo remedial education.

In determining what action is appropriate, the board, or department when there is no board, must first consider what sanctions are necessary to protect the public or to compensate the patient. Only after those sanctions have been imposed may the disciplining authority consider and include in the order requirements designed to rehabilitate the practitioner. All

 costs associated with compliance with orders issued under this subsection are the obligation of the practitioner.

(4) In addition to any other discipline imposed pursuant to this section or discipline imposed for a violation of any practice act, the board, or the department when there is no board, shall may assess costs related to the investigation and prosecution of the case. In any case where the board or the department imposes a fine or assessment and the fine or assessment is not paid within a reasonable time, such reasonable time to be prescribed in the rules of the board, or the department when there is no board, or in the order assessing such fines or costs, the department or the Department of Legal Affairs may contract for the collection of, or bring a civil action to recover, the fine or assessment.

Section 7. Paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (9) of section 456.073, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

456.073 Disciplinary proceedings.--Disciplinary proceedings for each board shall be within the jurisdiction of the department.

- (9)(a) The department shall periodically notify the person who filed the complaint, as well as the patient or the patient's legal representative, of the status of the investigation, indicating whether probable cause has been found and the status of any civil action or administrative proceeding or appeal.
- (c) In any disciplinary case for which probable cause is not found, the department shall so inform the person who filed the complaint and notify that person that he or she may, within 60 days, provide any additional information to the department probable cause panel which may be relevant to the

safety of the patient.

decision. To facilitate the provision of additional information, the person who filed the complaint may receive, 2 3 upon request, a copy of the department's expert report that supported the recommendation for closure, if such a report was 4 5 relied upon by the department. In no way does this require the 6 department to procure an expert opinion or report if none was 7 used. Additionally, the identity of the expert shall remain 8 confidential. In any administrative proceeding under s. 9 120.57, the person who filed the disciplinary complaint shall 10 have the right to present oral or written communication 11 relating to the alleged disciplinary violations or to the 12 appropriate penalty. Section 8. Subsections (2) and (6) of section 456.077, 13 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 14 456.077 Authority to issue citations.--15 (2) The board, or the department if there is no board, 16 17 shall adopt rules designating violations for which a citation may be issued. Such rules shall designate as citation 18 19 violations those violations for which there is no substantial 20 threat to the public health, safety, and welfare. Violations for which a citation may be issued shall include violations of 21 continuing education requirements, failure to timely pay 22 required fees and fines, failure to comply with the 23 requirements of ss. 381.026 and 381.0261 regarding the 24 25 dissemination of information regarding patient rights, failure to comply with advertising requirements, failure to timely 26 27 update practitioner profile and credentialing files, failure 28 to display signs, licenses, and permits, failure to have 29 required reference books available, and all other violations 30 that do not pose a direct and serious threat to the health and

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(6) A board <del>created on or after January 1, 1992,</del> has 6 months in which to enact rules designating violations and penalties appropriate for citation offenses. Failure to enact such rules gives the department exclusive authority to adopt rules as required for implementing this section. A board has continuous authority to amend its rules adopted pursuant to this section.

Section 9. Subsection (1) of section 456.074, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

456.074 Certain health care practitioners; immediate suspension of license.--

(1) The department shall issue an emergency order suspending the license of any person licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, chapter 462, chapter 463, chapter 464, chapter 465, chapter 466, or chapter 484 who pleads guilty to, is convicted or found guilty of, or who enters a plea of nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a felony under chapter 409, or chapter 893, or chapter 817, or under 21 U.S.C. ss. 801-970, or under 42 U.S.C. ss. 1395-1396.

Section 10. Section 456.081, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

456.081 Publication of information.--The department and the boards shall have the authority to advise licensees periodically, through the publication of a newsletter, about information that the department or the board determines is of interest to the industry. The department and the boards shall maintain a website that contains copies of the newsletter; information relating to adverse incident reports without identifying the patient, practitioner, or facility in which the adverse incident occurred until 10 days after probable

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cause is found, at which time the name of the practitioner and facility shall become public as part of the investigative file; information about error prevention and safety strategies; and information concerning best practices. Unless otherwise prohibited by law, the department and the boards shall publish on the website a summary of final orders entered after July 1, 2001, resulting in disciplinary action fines, suspensions, or revocations, and any other information the department or the board determines is of interest to the public. In order to provide useful and timely information at minimal cost, the department and boards may consult with, and include information provided by, professional associations and national organizations.

Section 11. Subsection (9) of section 458.331, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

458.331 Grounds for disciplinary action; action by the board and department. --

(9) When an investigation of a physician is undertaken, the department shall promptly furnish to the physician or the physician's attorney a copy of the complaint or document which resulted in the initiation of the investigation. For purposes of this subsection, such documents include, but are not limited to: the pertinent portions of an annual report submitted to the department pursuant to s. 395.0197(6); a report of an adverse incident which is provided to the department pursuant to s. 395.0197<del>(8)</del>; a report of peer review disciplinary action submitted to the department pursuant to s. 395.0193(4) or s. 458.337, providing that the investigations, proceedings, and records relating to such peer review disciplinary action shall 31 continue to retain their privileged status even as to the

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30 31 licensee who is the subject of the investigation, as provided by ss. 395.0193(8) and 458.337(3); a report of a closed claim submitted pursuant to s. 627.912; a presuit notice submitted pursuant to s. 766.106(2); and a petition brought under the Florida Birth-Related Neurological Injury Compensation Plan, pursuant to s. 766.305(2). The physician may submit a written response to the information contained in the complaint or document which resulted in the initiation of the investigation within 45 days after service to the physician of the complaint or document. The physician's written response shall be considered by the probable cause panel.

Section 12. Subsection (9) of section 459.015, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

459.015 Grounds for disciplinary action; action by the board and department.--

(9) When an investigation of an osteopathic physician is undertaken, the department shall promptly furnish to the osteopathic physician or his or her attorney a copy of the complaint or document which resulted in the initiation of the investigation. For purposes of this subsection, such documents include, but are not limited to: the pertinent portions of an annual report submitted to the department pursuant to s. 395.0197(6); a report of an adverse incident which is provided to the department pursuant to s.  $395.0197 \frac{(8)}{(8)}$ ; a report of peer review disciplinary action submitted to the department pursuant to s. 395.0193(4) or s. 459.016, provided that the investigations, proceedings, and records relating to such peer review disciplinary action shall continue to retain their privileged status even as to the licensee who is the subject of the investigation, as provided by ss. 395.0193(8) and 459.016(3); a report of a closed claim submitted pursuant to

 s. 627.912; a presuit notice submitted pursuant to s. 766.106(2); and a petition brought under the Florida Birth-Related Neurological Injury Compensation Plan, pursuant to s. 766.305(2). The osteopathic physician may submit a written response to the information contained in the complaint or document which resulted in the initiation of the investigation within 45 days after service to the osteopathic physician of the complaint or document. The osteopathic physician's written response shall be considered by the probable cause panel.

Section 13. Subsection (5) of section 465.019, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

465.019 Institutional pharmacies; permits.--

(5) All institutional pharmacies shall be under the professional supervision of a consultant pharmacist, and the compounding and dispensing of medicinal drugs shall be done only by a licensed pharmacist. Every institutional pharmacy that employs or otherwise uses pharmacy technicians shall have a written policy and procedures manual specifying those duties, tasks, and functions that a pharmacy technician is allowed to perform.

Section 14. Section 465.0196, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

465.0196 Special pharmacy permits.—Any person desiring a permit to operate a pharmacy which does not fall within the definitions set forth in s. 465.003(11)(a)1., 2., and 3. shall apply to the department for a special pharmacy permit. If the board certifies that the application complies with the applicable laws and rules of the board governing the practice of the profession of pharmacy, the department shall issue the permit. No permit shall be issued unless a licensed

31 468.1745(1).

pharmacist is designated to undertake the professional 2 supervision of the compounding and dispensing of all drugs 3 dispensed by the pharmacy. The licensed pharmacist shall be responsible for maintaining all drug records and for providing 4 5 for the security of the area in the facility in which the 6 compounding, storing, and dispensing of medicinal drugs occurs. The permittee shall notify the department within 10 7 8 days of any change of the licensed pharmacist responsible for 9 such duties. Every permittee that employs or otherwise uses 10 pharmacy technicians shall have a written policy and 11 procedures manual specifying those duties, tasks, and functions that a pharmacy technician is allowed to perform. 12 The Department of Health and the Agency 13 Section 15. 14 for Health Care Administration shall conduct a review of all 15 statutorily imposed reporting requirements for health care practitioners and health facilities. The department and the 16 17 agency shall report back to the Legislature on or before November 1, 2001, with recommendations and suggested statutory 18 19 changes to streamline reporting requirements to avoid duplicative, overlapping, and unnecessary reports or data 20 21 elements. Section 16. Paragraph (r) is added to subsection (1) 22 of section 468.1755, Florida Statutes, and, for the purpose of 23 24 incorporating the amendment to section 456.072(1), Florida 25 Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of that section is reenacted, to read: 26 27 468.1755 Disciplinary proceedings.--28 (1) The following acts shall constitute grounds for 29 which the disciplinary actions in subsection (2) may be taken: 30 (a) Violation of any provision of s. 456.072(1) or s.

(r) Failing to implement an ongoing quality-assurance program directed by an interdisciplinary team that meets at least every other month.

Section 17. For the purpose of incorporating the

(3) The department shall issue a license to practice

reference thereto, subsection (3) of section 468.1695, Florida Statutes, and section 468.1735, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

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468.1695 Licensure by examination.--

amendment to section 468.1755(1), Florida Statutes, in

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nursing home administration to any applicant who successfully completes the examination in accordance with this section and otherwise meets the requirements of this part. The department 14 shall not issue a license to any applicant who is under investigation in this state or another jurisdiction for an

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s. 468.1755. Upon completion of the investigation, the 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26

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provisions of s. 468.1755 shall apply. 468.1735 Provisional license.--The board may establish by rule requirements for issuance of a provisional license. A provisional license shall be issued only to fill a position of nursing home administrator that unexpectedly becomes vacant due to illness, sudden death of the administrator, or abandonment of position and shall be issued for one single period as provided by rule not to exceed 6 months. department shall not issue a provisional license to any applicant who is under investigation in this state or another jurisdiction for an offense which would constitute a violation of s. 468.1745 or s. 468.1755. Upon completion of the investigation, the provisions of s. 468.1755 shall apply.

offense which would constitute a violation of s. 468.1745 or

31 provisional license may be issued to a person who does not

meet all of the licensing requirements established by this part, but the board shall by rule establish minimal requirements to ensure protection of the public health, safety, and welfare. The provisional license shall be issued to the person who is designated as the responsible person next in command in the event of the administrator's departure. The board may set an application fee not to exceed \$500 for a provisional license.

Section 18. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment to section 456.072(1), Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 484.056, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

484.056 Disciplinary proceedings.--

- (1) The following acts relating to the practice of dispensing hearing aids shall be grounds for both disciplinary action against a hearing aid specialist as set forth in this section and cease and desist or other related action by the department as set forth in s. 456.065 against any person owning or operating a hearing aid establishment who engages in, aids, or abets any such violation:
- (a) Violation of any provision of s. 456.072(1), s. 484.0512, or s. 484.053.

Section 19. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1), paragraph (a) of subsection (7), and subsection (8) of section 766.101, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

766.101 Medical review committee, immunity from liability.--

- (1) As used in this section:
- 29 (a) The term "medical review committee" or "committee" 30 means:

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- 1.a. A committee of a hospital or ambulatory surgical center licensed under chapter 395 or a health maintenance organization certificated under part I of chapter 641,
- b. A committee of a physician-hospital organization, a provider-sponsored organization, or an integrated delivery system,
- A committee of a state or local professional society of health care providers,
- d. A committee of a medical staff of a licensed hospital or nursing home, provided the medical staff operates pursuant to written bylaws that have been approved by the governing board of the hospital or nursing home,
- A committee of the Department of Corrections or the Correctional Medical Authority as created under s. 945.602, or employees, agents, or consultants of either the department or the authority or both,
- f. A committee of a professional service corporation formed under chapter 621 or a corporation organized under chapter 607 or chapter 617, which is formed and operated for the practice of medicine as defined in s. 458.305(3), and which has at least 25 health care providers who routinely provide health care services directly to patients,
- g. A committee of a mental health treatment facility licensed under chapter 394 or a community mental health center as defined in s. 394.907, provided the quality assurance program operates pursuant to the guidelines which have been approved by the governing board of the agency,
- h. A committee of a substance abuse treatment and education prevention program licensed under chapter 397 provided the quality assurance program operates pursuant to

the guidelines which have been approved by the governing board of the agency,

- i. A peer review or utilization review committee organized under chapter 440,  $\frac{1}{2}$
- j. A committee of the Department of Health, a county health department, healthy start coalition, or certified rural health network, when reviewing quality of care, or employees of these entities when reviewing mortality records, or
- <u>k. A continuous quality-improvement committee of a pharmacy licensed pursuant to chapter 465,</u>

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 which committee is formed to evaluate and improve the quality of health care rendered by providers of health service or to determine that health services rendered were professionally indicated or were performed in compliance with the applicable standard of care or that the cost of health care rendered was considered reasonable by the providers of professional health services in the area; or

- 2. A committee of an insurer, self-insurer, or joint underwriting association of medical malpractice insurance, or other persons conducting review under s. 766.106.
- (7)(a) It is the intent of the Legislature to encourage medical review committees to contribute further to the quality of health care in this state by reviewing complaints against physicians in the manner described in this paragraph. Accordingly, the Department of Health Business and Professional Regulation may enter into a letter of agreement with a professional society of physicians licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, under which agreement the medical or peer review committees of the professional society will conduct a review of any complaint or case referred to the

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society by the department which involves a question as to whether a physician's actions represented a breach of the prevailing professional standard of care. The prevailing professional standard of care is that level of care, skill, and treatment which, in light of all relevant surrounding circumstances, is recognized as acceptable and appropriate by reasonably prudent similar health care providers. The letter of agreement must specify that the professional society will submit an advisory report to the department within a reasonable time following the department's written and appropriately supported request to the professional society. The advisory report, which is not binding upon the department, constitutes the professional opinion of the medical review committee and must include:

- 1. A statement of relevant factual findings.
- The judgment of the committee as to whether the physician's actions represented a breach of the prevailing professional standard of care.
- (8) No cause of action of any nature by a person licensed pursuant to chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 461, chapter 463, part I of chapter 464, chapter 465, or chapter 466 shall arise against another person licensed pursuant to chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 461, chapter 463, part I of chapter 464, chapter 465, or chapter 466 for furnishing information to a duly appointed medical review committee, to an internal risk management program established under s. 395.0197, to the Department of Health or the Agency for Health Care Administration Business and Professional Regulation, or to the appropriate regulatory board if the information furnished concerns patient care at a facility licensed 31 pursuant to part I of chapter 395 where both persons provide

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health care services, if the information is not intentionally fraudulent, and if the information is within the scope of the functions of the committee, department, or board. However, if such information is otherwise available from original sources, it is not immune from discovery or use in a civil action merely because it was presented during a proceeding of the committee, department, or board.

Section 20. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment to section 766.101(1)(a) in references thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 440.105, Florida Statutes, and subsection (6) of section 626.989, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

440.105 Prohibited activities; reports; penalties; limitations.--

(1)(a) Any insurance carrier, any individual self-insured, any commercial or group self-insurance fund, any professional practitioner licensed or regulated by the Department of Business and Professional Regulation, except as otherwise provided by law, any medical review committee as defined in s. 766.101, any private medical review committee, and any insurer, agent, or other person licensed under the insurance code, or any employee thereof, having knowledge or who believes that a fraudulent act or any other act or practice which, upon conviction, constitutes a felony or misdemeanor under this chapter is being or has been committed shall send to the Division of Insurance Fraud, Bureau of Workers' Compensation Fraud, a report or information pertinent to such knowledge or belief and such additional information relative thereto as the bureau may require. The bureau shall review such information or reports and select such information or reports as, in its judgment, may require further

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investigation. It shall then cause an independent examination of the facts surrounding such information or report to be made to determine the extent, if any, to which a fraudulent act or any other act or practice which, upon conviction, constitutes a felony or a misdemeanor under this chapter is being committed. The bureau shall report any alleged violations of law which its investigations disclose to the appropriate licensing agency and state attorney or other prosecuting agency having jurisdiction with respect to any such violations of this chapter. If prosecution by the state attorney or other prosecuting agency having jurisdiction with respect to such violation is not begun within 60 days of the bureau's report, the state attorney or other prosecuting agency having jurisdiction with respect to such violation shall inform the bureau of the reasons for the lack of prosecution.

626.989 Investigation by department or Division of Insurance Fraud; compliance; immunity; confidential information; reports to division; division investigator's power of arrest. --

(6) Any person, other than an insurer, agent, or other person licensed under the code, or an employee thereof, having knowledge or who believes that a fraudulent insurance act or any other act or practice which, upon conviction, constitutes a felony or a misdemeanor under the code, or under s. 817.234, is being or has been committed may send to the Division of Insurance Fraud a report or information pertinent to such knowledge or belief and such additional information relative thereto as the department may request. Any professional practitioner licensed or regulated by the Department of Business and Professional Regulation, except as otherwise 31 provided by law, any medical review committee as defined in s.

766.101, any private medical review committee, and any 2 insurer, agent, or other person licensed under the code, or an 3 employee thereof, having knowledge or who believes that a 4 fraudulent insurance act or any other act or practice which, 5 upon conviction, constitutes a felony or a misdemeanor under 6 the code, or under s. 817.234, is being or has been committed 7 shall send to the Division of Insurance Fraud a report or 8 information pertinent to such knowledge or belief and such 9 additional information relative thereto as the department may 10 require. The Division of Insurance Fraud shall review such 11 information or reports and select such information or reports as, in its judgment, may require further investigation. It 12 13 shall then cause an independent examination of the facts surrounding such information or report to be made to determine 14 the extent, if any, to which a fraudulent insurance act or any 15 other act or practice which, upon conviction, constitutes a 16 17 felony or a misdemeanor under the code, or under s. 817.234, is being committed. The Division of Insurance Fraud shall 18 19 report any alleged violations of law which its investigations 20 disclose to the appropriate licensing agency and state attorney or other prosecuting agency having jurisdiction with 21 respect to any such violation, as provided in s. 624.310. If 22 prosecution by the state attorney or other prosecuting agency 23 24 having jurisdiction with respect to such violation is not begun within 60 days of the division's report, the state 25 attorney or other prosecuting agency having jurisdiction with 26 respect to such violation shall inform the division of the 27 28 reasons for the lack of prosecution. 29 Section 21. Paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section 30 766.1115, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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30 31 766.1115 Health care providers; creation of agency relationship with governmental contractors.--

- (4) CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS.--A health care provider that executes a contract with a governmental contractor to deliver health care services on or after April 17, 1992, as an agent of the governmental contractor is an agent for purposes of s. 768.28(9), while acting within the scope of duties pursuant to the contract, if the contract complies with the requirements of this section and regardless of whether the individual treated is later found to be ineligible. A health care provider under contract with the state may not be named as a defendant in any action arising out of the medical care or treatment provided on or after April 17, 1992, pursuant to contracts entered into under this section. The contract must provide that:
- (c) Adverse incidents and information on treatment outcomes must be reported by any health care provider to the governmental contractor if such incidents and information pertain to a patient treated pursuant to the contract. The health care provider shall submit the reports required by s. 395.0197 annually submit an adverse incident report that includes all information required by s. 395.0197(6)(a), unless the adverse incident involves a result described by s. 395.0197(8), in which case it shall be reported within 15 days after the occurrence of such incident. If an incident involves a professional licensed by the Department of Health or a facility licensed by the Agency for Health Care Administration, the governmental contractor shall submit such incident reports to the appropriate department or agency, which shall review each incident and determine whether it involves conduct by the licensee that is subject to

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30 31 disciplinary action. All patient medical records and any identifying information contained in adverse incident reports and treatment outcomes which are obtained by governmental entities pursuant to this paragraph are confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.

Section 22. Section 456.047, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

456.047 Standardized credentialing for health care practitioners.--

(1) INTENT. -- The Legislature recognizes that an efficient and effective health care practitioner credentialing program helps to ensure access to quality health care and also recognizes that health care practitioner credentialing activities have increased significantly as a result of health care reform and recent changes in health care delivery and reimbursement systems. Moreover, the resulting duplication of health care practitioner credentialing activities is unnecessarily costly and cumbersome for both the practitioner and the entity granting practice privileges. Therefore, it is the intent of this section that a credentials collection program be established which provides that, once a health care practitioner's core credentials data are collected, they need not be collected again, except for corrections, updates, and modifications thereto. Furthermore, it is the intent of the Legislature that the department and all entities and practitioners work cooperatively to ensure the integrity and accuracy of the program.Participation under this section shall include those individuals licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, or s. 464.012. However, the department shall, with the approval of the applicable

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board, include other professions under the jurisdiction of the Division of Medical Quality Assurance in this program, provided they meet the requirements of s. 456.039 or s. 456.0391.

- (2) DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section, the term:
- "Certified" or "accredited," as applicable, means approved by a quality assessment program, from the National Committee for Quality Assurance, the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations, the American Accreditation HealthCare Commission/URAC, or any such other nationally recognized and accepted organization authorized by the department, used to assess and certify any credentials verification program, entity, or organization that verifies the credentials of any health care practitioner.
- "Core credentials data" means data that is primary-source-verified and includes the following data: current name, any former name, and any alias, any professional education, professional training, licensure, current Drug Enforcement Administration certification, social security number, specialty board certification, Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates certification, and hospital or other institutional affiliations, evidence of professional liability coverage or evidence of financial responsibility as required by s. 458.320, s. 459.0085, or s. 456.048, history of claims, suits, judgments, or settlements, final disciplinary action reported pursuant to s. 456.039(1)(a)8. or s. 456.0391(1)(a)8. The department may by rule designate additional core credentials data elements, and Medicare or Medicaid sanctions.
- "Credential" or "credentialing" means the process (c) 31 of assessing and verifying the qualifications of a licensed

health care practitioner or applicant for licensure as a health care practitioner.

- (d) "Credentials verification organization" means any organization certified or accredited as a credentials verification organization.
- (e) "Department" means the Department of Health, Division of Medical Quality Assurance.
- (f) "Designated credentials verification organization" means the credentials verification organization which is selected by the health care practitioner, if the health care practitioner chooses to make such a designation.
- (g) "Drug Enforcement Administration certification" means certification issued by the Drug Enforcement Administration for purposes of administration or prescription of controlled substances. Submission of such certification under this section must include evidence that the certification is current and must also include all current addresses to which the certificate is issued.
  - (h) "Health care entity" means:
- 1. Any health care facility or other health care organization licensed or certified to provide approved medical and allied health services in this state;
- 2. Any entity licensed by the Department of Insurance as a prepaid health care plan or health maintenance organization or as an insurer to provide coverage for health care services through a network of providers or similar organization licensed under chapter 627, chapter 636, chapter 641, or chapter 651; or
  - 3. Any accredited medical school in this state.
- (i) "Health care practitioner" means any personlicensed, or, for credentialing purposes only, any person

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applying for licensure, under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, or s. 464.012 or any person licensed or applying for licensure under a chapter subsequently made subject to this section by the department with the approval of the applicable board, except a person registered or applying for registration pursuant to s. 458.345 or s. 459.021.

(j) "Hospital or other institutional affiliations" means each hospital or other institution for which the health care practitioner or applicant has provided medical services. Submission of such information under this section must include, for each hospital or other institution, the name and address of the hospital or institution, the staff status of the health care practitioner or applicant at that hospital or institution, and the dates of affiliation with that hospital or institution.

(j)(k) "National accrediting organization" means an organization that awards accreditation or certification to hospitals, managed care organizations, credentials verification organizations, or other health care organizations, including, but not limited to, the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations, the American Accreditation HealthCare Commission/URAC, and the National Committee for Quality Assurance.

(k) "Primary-source verification" means verification of professional qualifications based on evidence obtained directly from the issuing source of the applicable qualification or from any other source considered a primary source for such verification by the department or by an accrediting body approved by the department.

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- "Professional training" means any internship, residency, or fellowship relating to the profession for which the health care practitioner is licensed or seeking licensure.
  - "Specialty board certification" means certification in a specialty issued by a specialty board recognized by the board in this state that regulates the profession for which the health care practitioner is licensed or seeking licensure.
    - (3) STANDARDIZED CREDENTIALS VERIFICATION PROGRAM. --
    - (a) Every health care practitioner shall:
  - 1. Report all core credentials data to the department which is not already on file with the department, either by designating a credentials verification organization to submit the data or by submitting the data directly.
- 2. Notify the department within 45 days of any corrections, updates, or modifications to the core credentials data either through his or her designated credentials verification organization or by submitting the data directly. Corrections, updates, and modifications to the core credentials data provided the department under this section shall comply with the updating requirements of s. 456.039(3) or s. 456.0391(3) related to profiling.
  - (b) The department shall:
- Maintain a complete, current file of applicable core credentials data on each health care practitioner, which shall include data provided in accordance with subparagraph (a)1. and all updates provided in accordance with subparagraph (a)2.
- 2. Release the core credentials data that is otherwise confidential or exempt from the provisions of chapter 119 and 31 | s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution and any

corrections, updates, and modifications thereto, if authorized by the health care practitioner.

- 3. Charge a fee to access the core credentials data, which may not exceed the actual cost, including prorated setup and operating costs, pursuant to the requirements of chapter 119.
- 4. Develop standardized forms to be used by the health care practitioner or designated credentials verification organization for the initial reporting of core credentials data, for the health care practitioner to authorize the release of core credentials data, and for the subsequent reporting of corrections, updates, and modifications thereto.
- (c) A registered credentials verification organization may be designated by a health care practitioner to assist the health care practitioner to comply with the requirements of subparagraph (a)2. A designated credentials verification organization shall:
- 1. Timely comply with the requirements of subparagraph (a)2., pursuant to rules adopted by the department.
- 2. Not provide the health care practitioner's core <u>credentials</u> data, including all corrections, updates, and modifications, without the authorization of the practitioner.
- (d) This section shall not be construed to restrict in any way the authority of the health care entity to credential and to approve or deny an application for hospital staff membership, clinical privileges, or managed care network participation.
  - (4) DUPLICATION OF DATA PROHIBITED. --
- (a) A health care entity or credentials verification organization is prohibited from collecting or attempting to collect duplicate core credentials data from any health care

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practitioner if the information is available from the department. This section shall not be construed to restrict the right of any health care entity or credentials verification organization to collect additional information from the health care practitioner which is not included in the core credentials data file. This section shall not be construed to prohibit a health care entity or credentials verification organization from obtaining all necessary attestation and release form signatures and dates.

- (b) Effective July 1, 2002, a state agency in this state which credentials health care practitioners may not collect or attempt to collect duplicate core credentials data from any individual health care practitioner if the information is already available from the department. This section shall not be construed to restrict the right of any such state agency to request additional information not included in the core credentials credential data file, but which is deemed necessary for the agency's specific credentialing purposes.
- (5) STANDARDS AND REGISTRATION. -- Any credentials verification organization that does business in this state must be fully accredited or certified as a credentials verification organization by a national accrediting organization as specified in paragraph (2)(a) and must register with the department. The department may charge a reasonable registration fee, not to exceed an amount sufficient to cover its actual expenses in providing and enforcing such registration. The department shall establish by rule for biennial renewal of such registration. Failure by a registered credentials verification organization to maintain 31 | full accreditation or certification, to provide data as

authorized by the health care practitioner, to report to the department changes, updates, and modifications to a health care practitioner's records within the time period specified in subparagraph (3)(a)2., or to comply with the prohibition against collection of duplicate core credentials data from a practitioner may result in denial of an application for renewal of registration or in revocation or suspension of a registration.

- (6) PRIMARY SOURCE VERIFIED DATA.--Health care entities and credentials verification organizations may rely upon any data that has been primary-source-verified by the department or its designee to meet primary-source-verification requirements of national accrediting organizations.
- (7)(6) LIABILITY.--No civil, criminal, or administrative action may be instituted, and there shall be no liability, against any registered credentials verification organization or health care entity on account of its reliance on any data obtained directly from the department.
- (8) (7) LIABILITY INSURANCE REQUIREMENTS.--Each credentials verification organization doing business in this state shall maintain liability insurance appropriate to meet the certification or accreditation requirements established in this section.
- (9) (8) RULES.--The department shall adopt rules necessary to develop and implement the standardized core credentials data collection program established by this section.
- Section 23. Section 240.4075, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 240.4075 Nursing Student Loan Forgiveness Program.--

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- employment in areas of this state in which critical nursing shortages exist, there is established the Nursing Student Loan Forgiveness Program. The primary function of the program is to increase employment and retention of registered nurses and licensed practical nurses in nursing homes and hospitals in the state and in state-operated medical and health care facilities, <u>public schools</u>, birth centers, <u>and</u> federally sponsored community health centers and teaching hospitals by making repayments toward loans received by students from federal or state programs or commercial lending institutions for the support of postsecondary study in accredited or approved nursing programs.
- (2) To be eligible, a candidate must have graduated from an accredited or approved nursing program and have received a Florida license as a licensed practical nurse or a registered nurse or a Florida certificate as an advanced registered nurse practitioner.
- (3) Only loans to pay the costs of tuition, books, and living expenses shall be covered, at an amount not to exceed \$4,000 for each year of education towards the degree obtained.
- (4) Receipt of funds pursuant to this program shall be contingent upon continued proof of employment in the designated facilities in this state. Loan principal payments shall be made by the Department of <a href="Health Education">Health Education</a> directly to the federal or state programs or commercial lending institutions holding the loan as follows:
- (a) Twenty-five percent of the loan principal and accrued interest shall be retired after the first year of nursing;

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- (b) Fifty percent of the loan principal and accrued interest shall be retired after the second year of nursing;
- (c) Seventy-five percent of the loan principal and accrued interest shall be retired after the third year of nursing; and
- The remaining loan principal and accrued interest shall be retired after the fourth year of nursing.

In no case may payment for any nurse exceed \$4,000 in any 12-month period.

- (5) There is created the Nursing Student Loan Forgiveness Trust Fund to be administered by the Department of Health Education pursuant to this section and s. 240.4076 and department rules. The Comptroller shall authorize expenditures from the trust fund upon receipt of vouchers approved by the Department of Health Education. All moneys collected from the private health care industry and other private sources for the purposes of this section shall be deposited into the Nursing Student Loan Forgiveness Trust Fund. Any balance in the trust fund at the end of any fiscal year shall remain therein and shall be available for carrying out the purposes of this section and s. 240.4076.
- (6) In addition to licensing fees imposed under part I of chapter 464, there is hereby levied and imposed an additional fee of \$5, which fee shall be paid upon licensure or renewal of nursing licensure. Revenues collected from the fee imposed in this subsection shall be deposited in the Nursing Student Loan Forgiveness Trust Fund of the Department of Health Education and will be used solely for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this section and s. 240.4076. 31 Up to 50 percent of the revenues appropriated to implement

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30 31 this subsection may be used for the nursing scholarship program established pursuant to s. 240.4076.

(7)(a) Funds contained in the Nursing Student Loan Forgiveness Trust Fund which are to be used for loan forgiveness for those nurses employed by hospitals, birth centers, and nursing homes must be matched on a dollar-for-dollar basis by contributions from the employing institutions, except that this provision shall not apply to state-operated medical and health care facilities, public schools, county health departments, federally sponsored community health centers, or teaching hospitals as defined in s. 408.07, family practice teaching hospitals as defined in s. 395.805, or specialty hospitals for children as used in s. 409.9119. If in any given fiscal quarter there are insufficient funds in the trust fund to grant all eligible applicant requests, awards shall be based on the following priority of employer: county health departments; federally sponsored community health centers; state-operated medical and health care facilities; public schools; teaching hospitals as defined in s. 408.07; family practice teaching hospitals as defined in s. 395.805; specialty hospitals for children as used in s. 409.9119; and other hospitals, birth centers, and nursing homes.

(b) All Nursing Student Loan Forgiveness Trust Fund moneys shall be invested pursuant to s. 18.125. Interest income accruing to that portion of the trust fund not matched shall increase the total funds available for loan forgiveness and scholarships. Pledged contributions shall not be eligible for matching prior to the actual collection of the total private contribution for the year.

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- The Department of Health Education may solicit technical assistance relating to the conduct of this program from the Department of Education Health.
- (9) The Department of Health Education is authorized to recover from the Nursing Student Loan Forgiveness Trust Fund its costs for administering the Nursing Student Loan Forgiveness Program.
- (10) The Department of Health Education may adopt rules necessary to administer this program.
- (11) This section shall be implemented only as specifically funded.
- Section 24. Section 240.4076, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 240.4076 Nursing scholarship program.--
- (1) There is established within the Department of Education a scholarship program for the purpose of attracting capable and promising students to the nursing profession.
- (2) A scholarship applicant shall be enrolled as a full-time or part-time student in the upper division of an approved nursing program leading to the award of a baccalaureate degree or graduate degree to qualify for a nursing faculty position or as an or any advanced registered nurse practitioner degree or be enrolled as a full-time or part-time student in an approved program leading to the award of an associate degree in nursing or a diploma in nursing.
- (3) A scholarship may be awarded for no more than 2 years, in an amount not to exceed \$8,000 per year. However, registered nurses pursuing a graduate degree for a faculty position or to practice as an advanced registered nurse practitioner degree may receive up to \$12,000 per year. Beginning July 1, 1998, these amounts shall be adjusted by the

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amount of increase or decrease in the consumer price index for urban consumers published by the United States Department of Commerce.

- (4) Credit for repayment of a scholarship shall be as follows:
- (a) For each full year of scholarship assistance, the recipient agrees to work for 12 months in a faculty position in a college of nursing or community college nursing program in this state or at a health care facility in a medically underserved area as approved by the Department of Health Education. Scholarship recipients who attend school on a part-time basis shall have their employment service obligation prorated in proportion to the amount of scholarship payments received.
- Eligible health care facilities include nursing homes and hospitals in this state, state-operated medical or health care facilities, public schools, county health departments, federally sponsored community health centers, colleges of nursing in universities in this state, and community college nursing programs in this state or teaching hospitals as defined in s. 408.07. The recipient shall be encouraged to complete the service obligation at a single employment site. If continuous employment at the same site is not feasible, the recipient may apply to the department for a transfer to another approved health care facility.
- (c) Any recipient who does not complete an appropriate program of studies or who does not become licensed shall repay to the Department of Education, on a schedule to be determined by the department, the entire amount of the scholarship plus 18 percent interest accruing from the date of the scholarship 31 payment. Moneys repaid shall be deposited into the Nursing

 Student Loan Forgiveness Trust Fund established in s. 240.4075. However, the department may provide additional time for repayment if the department finds that circumstances beyond the control of the recipient caused or contributed to the default.

- (d) Any recipient who does not accept employment as a nurse at an approved health care facility or who does not complete 12 months of approved employment for each year of scholarship assistance received shall repay to the Department of Education an amount equal to two times the entire amount of the scholarship plus interest accruing from the date of the scholarship payment at the maximum allowable interest rate permitted by law. Repayment shall be made within 1 year of notice that the recipient is considered to be in default. However, the department may provide additional time for repayment if the department finds that circumstances beyond the control of the recipient caused or contributed to the default.
- (5) Scholarship payments shall be transmitted to the recipient upon receipt of documentation that the recipient is enrolled in an approved nursing program. The Department of Education shall develop a formula to prorate payments to scholarship recipients so as not to exceed the maximum amount per academic year.
- (6) The Department of Education shall adopt rules, including rules to address extraordinary circumstances that may cause a recipient to default on either the school enrollment or employment contractual agreement, to implement this section and may solicit technical assistance relating to the conduct of this program from the Department of Health.

1 (7) The Department of Education is authorized to 2 recover from the Nursing Student Loan Forgiveness Trust Fund 3 its costs for administering the nursing scholarship program. 4 Section 25. All powers, duties, functions, rules,

Section 25. All powers, duties, functions, rules, records, personnel, property, and unexpended balances of appropriations, allocations, or other funds of the Department of Education relating to the Nursing Student Loan Forgiveness Program are transferred by a type two transfer, as defined in section 20.06(2), Florida Statutes, to the Department of Health.

Section 26. Effective July 1, 2003, section 464.005, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

464.005 Board headquarters.--The board shall maintain its official headquarters in <u>Tallahassee</u> the city in which it has been domiciled for the past 5 years.

Section 27. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 464.008, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

464.008 Licensure by examination. --

- (1) Any person desiring to be licensed as a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse shall apply to the department to take the licensure examination. The department shall examine each applicant who:
- (a) Has completed the application form and remitted a fee set by the board not to exceed \$150 and has remitted an examination fee set by the board not to exceed \$75 plus the actual per applicant cost to the department for purchase of the examination from the National Council of State Boards of Nursing or a similar national organization.
- (b) Has provided sufficient information on or after October 1, 1989, which must be submitted by the department for

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a statewide criminal records correspondence check through the Department of Law Enforcement.

- (c) Is in good mental and physical health, is a recipient of a high school diploma or the equivalent, and has completed the requirements for graduation from an approved program, or its equivalent as determined by the board, for the preparation of registered nurses or licensed practical nurses, whichever is applicable. Courses successfully completed in a professional nursing program which are at least equivalent to a practical nursing program may be used to satisfy the education requirements for licensure as a licensed practical nurse.
- (d) Has the ability to communicate in the English language, which may be determined by an examination given by the department.
- (2) Each applicant who passes the examination and provides proof of meeting the educational requirements specified in subsection (1) graduation from an approved nursing program shall, unless denied pursuant to s. 464.018, be entitled to licensure as a registered professional nurse or a licensed practical nurse, whichever is applicable.

Section 28. Section 464.009, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

464.009 Licensure by endorsement.--

- (1) The department shall issue the appropriate license by endorsement to practice professional or practical nursing to an applicant who, upon applying to the department and remitting a fee set by the board not to exceed \$100, demonstrates to the board that he or she:
- (a) Holds a valid license to practice professional or 31 practical nursing in another state of the United States,

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provided that, when the applicant secured his or her original license, the requirements for licensure were substantially equivalent to or more stringent than those existing in Florida at that time; or

- (b) Meets the qualifications for licensure in s. 464.008 and has successfully completed a state, regional, or national examination which is substantially equivalent to or more stringent than the examination given by the department.
- (2) Such examinations and requirements from other states shall be presumed to be substantially equivalent to or more stringent than those in this state. Such presumption shall not arise until January 1, 1980. However, the board may, by rule, specify states the examinations and requirements of which shall not be presumed to be substantially equivalent to those of this state.
- The applicant must submit to the department a set of fingerprints on a form and under procedures specified by the department, along with a payment in an amount equal to the costs incurred by the Department of Health for the criminal background check of the applicant. The Department of Health shall submit the fingerprints provided by the applicant to the Florida Department of Law Enforcement for a statewide criminal history check, and the Florida Department of Law Enforcement shall forward the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for a national criminal history check of the applicant. The Department of Health shall review the results of the criminal history check, issue a license to an applicant who has met all of the other requirements for licensure and has no criminal history, and shall refer all applicants with criminal histories back to the board for determination as to whether a license should be issued and under what conditions.

(4)(3) The department shall not issue a license by endorsement to any applicant who is under investigation in another state for an act which would constitute a violation of this part or chapter 456 until such time as the investigation is complete, at which time the provisions of s. 464.018 shall apply.

(5) The department shall develop an electronic

(5) The department shall develop an electronic applicant-notification process and provide electronic notification when the application has been received and when background screenings have been completed, and shall issue a license within 30 days after completion of all required data collection and verification. This 30-day period to issue a license shall be tolled if the applicant must appear before the board due to information provided on the application or obtained through screening and data collection and verification procedures.

Section 29. Subsection (1) of section 464.0205, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

464.0205 Retired volunteer nurse certificate.--

- (1) Any retired practical or registered nurse desiring to serve indigent, underserved, or critical need populations in this state may apply to the department for a retired volunteer nurse certificate by providing:
  - (a) A complete application.
  - (b) An application and processing fee of \$25.

(b)(c) Verification that the applicant had been licensed to practice nursing in any jurisdiction in the United States for at least 10 years, had retired or plans to retire, intends to practice nursing only pursuant to the limitations provided by the retired volunteer nurse certificate, and has

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30 31 Statutes, is amended to read:

not committed any act that would constitute a violation under s. 464.018(1). 2 3 (c) (d) Proof that the applicant meets the requirements for licensure under s. 464.008 or s. 464.009. 4 5 Section 30. The Florida Legislature's Office of 6 Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability shall 7 study the feasibility of maintaining the entire Medical 8 Quality Assurance function, including enforcement, within one 9 department, as recommended by the Auditor General in 10 Operational Report Number 01-063. The study shall be completed 11 and a report issued to the Legislature on or before November 12 30, 2001. 13 Section 31. Subsection (3) of section 456.031, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 14 456.031 Requirement for instruction on domestic 15 violence. --16 17 (3)(a) In lieu of completing a course as required in subsection (1), a licensee or certificateholder may complete a 18 19 course in end-of-life care and palliative health care, if the 20 licensee or certificateholder has completed an approved 21 domestic violence course in the immediately preceding 22 biennium. (b) In lieu of completing a course as required by 23 24 subsection (1), a person licensed under chapter 466, who has completed an approved domestic-violence education course in 25 the immediately preceding 2 years may complete a course 26 27 approved by the Board of Dentistry.

Section 32. Subsection (9) of section 456.033, Florida

456.033 Requirement for instruction for certain licensees on human immunodeficiency virus and acquired immune deficiency syndrome.-
(9)(a) In lieu of completing a course as required in

- (9)(a) In lieu of completing a course as required in subsection (1), the licensee may complete a course in end-of-life care and palliative health care, so long as the licensee completed an approved AIDS/HIV course in the immediately preceding biennium.
- (b) In lieu of completing a course as required by subsection (1), a person licensed under chapter 466 who has completed an approved AIDS/HIV course in the immediately preceding 2 years may complete a course approved by the Board of Dentistry.

Section 33. Subsection (9) is added to section 627.419, Florida Statutes, to read:

627.419 Construction of policies.--

(9) With respect to any group or individual insurer covering dental services, each claimant, or dentist acting for a claimant, who has had a claim denied as not medically or dentally necessary or who has had a claim payment based on an alternate dental service in accordance with accepted dental standards for adequate and appropriate care must be provided an opportunity for an appeal to the insurer's licensed dentist who is responsible for the medical necessity reviews under the plan or is a member of the plan's peer review group. The appeal may be by telephone, and the insurer's dentist must respond within a reasonable time, not to exceed 15 business days.

Section 34. <u>Section 33 of this act, amending section</u> 627.419, Florida Statutes, shall apply to policies issued or renewed after July 1, 2001.

1 Section 35. Paragraph (c) of subsection (6) of section 468.302, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (d) is 2 3 added to that subsection, to read: 468.302 Use of radiation; identification of certified 4 5 persons; limitations; exceptions. --6 (6) Requirement for certification does not apply to: 7 (c) A person who is trained and skilled in invasive 8 cardiovascular cardiopulmonary technology, including the 9 radiologic technology duties associated with these procedures, 10 and who provides invasive cardiovascular cardiopulmonary 11 technology services at the direction, and under the direct supervision, of a physician licensed under chapter 458 or 12 chapter 459 who is trained and skilled in performing invasive 13 14 cardiovascular procedures practitioner. Such persons must successfully complete a didactic and clinical training program 15 in the following areas before performing radiologic technology 16 17 duties: 18 1. Principles of x-ray production and equipment 19 operation; 2. Biological effects of radiation; 20 3. Radiation exposure and monitoring; 21 22 4. Radiation safety and protection; 23 5. Evaluation of radiographic equipment and 24 accessories; 25 6. Radiographic exposure and technique factors; 7. Film processing; 26 27 8. Image quality assurance; 28 9. Patient positioning; 29 10. Administration and complications of contrast 30 media; and 31

1 1. Specific fluoroscopic and digital x-ray imaging 2 procedures related to invasive cardiovascular technology.

(d) A registered nurse licensed under chapter 464 or a general radiographer certified under this section, if a person certified in radiation therapy by the American Registry of Radiologic Technologists is in the immediate vicinity during the use of radiation.

Section 36. Subsections (8) and (9) of section 468.352, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

468.352 Definitions.--As used in this part, unless the context otherwise requires, the term:

- (8) "Registered respiratory therapist" means any person licensed pursuant to this part who is employed to deliver respiratory care services under the order of a physician licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459, and in accordance with protocols established by a hospital, other health care provider, or the board, and who functions in situations of unsupervised patient contact requiring individual judgment.
- (9) "Certified respiratory therapist" or "respiratory care practitioner" means any person licensed pursuant to this part who is employed to deliver respiratory care services under the order of a physician licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459, and in accordance with protocols established by a hospital, other health care provider, or the board.

Section 37. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 468.355, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

468.355 Eligibility for licensure; temporary licensure.--

- (1) To be eligible for licensure by the board as a certified respiratory therapist respiratory care practitioner, an applicant must:
  - (a) Be at least 18 years old.
- (b) Possess a high school diploma or a graduate equivalency diploma.
  - (c) Meet at least one of the following criteria:
- 1. The applicant has successfully completed a training program for respiratory therapy technicians or respiratory therapists approved by the Commission on Accreditation of Allied Health Education Programs, or the equivalent thereof, as accepted by the board.
- 2. The applicant is currently a "Certified Respiratory Therapist Therapy Technician" certified by the National Board for Respiratory Care, or the equivalent thereof, as accepted by the board.
- 3. The applicant is currently a "Registered Respiratory Therapist" registered by the National Board for Respiratory Care, or the equivalent thereof, as accepted by the board.

The criteria set forth in subparagraphs 2. and 3. notwithstanding, the board shall periodically review the examinations and standards of the National Board for Respiratory Care and may reject those examinations and standards if they are deemed inappropriate.

- (2) To be eligible for licensure by the board as a registered respiratory therapist, an applicant must:
  - (a) Be at least 18 years old.
- 30 (b) Possess a high school diploma or a graduate 31 equivalency diploma.

- (c) Meet at least one of the following criteria:
- 1. The applicant has successfully completed a training program for <u>registered</u> respiratory therapists approved by the Commission on Accreditation of Allied Health Education Programs, or the equivalent thereof, as accepted by the board.
- 2. The applicant is currently a "Registered Respiratory Therapist" registered by the National Board for Respiratory Care, or the equivalent thereof, as accepted by the board.

11 The criteria set forth in subparagraphs 1. and 2.

notwithstanding, the board shall periodically review the examinations and standards of the National Board for Respiratory Care and may reject those examinations and standards if they are deemed inappropriate.

Section 38. Section 468.357, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

468.357 Licensure by examination. --

- (1) A person who desires to be licensed as a <u>certified</u> <u>respiratory therapist</u> <u>respiratory care practitioner</u> may submit an application to take the examination, in accordance with board rule.
- (a) Each applicant may take the examination who is determined by the board to have:
- 1. Completed the application form and remitted the applicable fee set by the board;
- 2. Submitted required documentation as required in s. 468.355; and
- 3. Remitted an examination fee set by the examination provider.

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- (b) Examinations for licensure of certified respiratory therapist respiratory care practitioners must be conducted no less than two times a year in such geographical locations or by such methods as are deemed advantageous to the majority of the applicants.
- (c) The examination given for certified respiratory therapist <del>respiratory care practitioners</del> shall be the same as that given by the National Board for Respiratory Care for entry-level certification of respiratory therapists therapy technicians. However, an equivalent examination may be accepted by the board in lieu of that examination.
- (2) Each applicant who passes the examination shall be entitled to licensure as a certified respiratory therapist respiratory care practitioner, and the department shall issue a license pursuant to this part to any applicant who successfully completes the examination in accordance with this section. However, the department shall not issue a license to any applicant who is under investigation in another jurisdiction for an offense which would constitute a violation of this part. Upon completion of such an investigation, if the applicant is found guilty of such an offense, the applicable provisions of s. 468.365 will apply.
- Section 39. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 468.358, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

468.358 Licensure by endorsement.--

(1) Licensure as a certified respiratory therapist respiratory care practitioner shall be granted by endorsement to an individual who holds the "Certified Respiratory Therapist Therapy Technician" credential issued by the National Board for Respiratory Care or an equivalent 31 credential acceptable to the board. Licensure by this

 mechanism requires verification by oath and submission of evidence satisfactory to the board that such credential is held.

(2) Licensure as a <u>registered</u> respiratory therapist shall be granted by endorsement to an individual who holds the "Registered Respiratory Therapist" credential issued by the National Board for Respiratory Care or an equivalent credential acceptable to the board. Licensure by this mechanism requires verification by oath and submission of evidence satisfactory to the board that such credential is held.

Section 40. Section 468.359, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

468.359 Assumption of title and use of abbreviations.--

- (1) Only persons who are licensed pursuant to this part as respiratory care practitioners have the right to use the title "Respiratory Care Practitioner" and the abbreviation "RCP."
- (2) Only persons who are licensed pursuant to this part as <u>registered</u> respiratory therapists have the right to use the title "Registered Respiratory Therapist" and the abbreviation "RRT" when delivering services pursuant to this <u>part.," provided such persons have passed the Registry Examination for Respiratory Therapists given by the National Board for Respiratory Care.</u>
- (3) Only persons who are <u>licensed pursuant to this</u>
  part as certified respiratory therapists have the right to use
  the title "Certified Respiratory Therapist" and the
  abbreviation "CRT" when delivering services pursuant to this
  part.graduates of board-approved programs for respiratory

care practitioners may use the term "Graduate Respiratory Therapy Technician" and the abbreviation "GRTT."

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the board certifies has:

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

(b) Received a master's degree or is currently enrolled in a doctoral degree program with a major emphasis in

speech-language pathology from an institution of higher

learning which is, or at the time the applicant was enrolled

(4) Only persons who are graduates of board-approved

programs for respiratory therapists may use the term "Graduate

respiratory care services; advertise as, or assume the title

Respiratory Therapist" and the abbreviation "GRT."

(4) (5) No person in this state shall deliver

of, respiratory care practitioner, certified respiratory therapist, or registered respiratory therapist; or use the

abbreviation "RCP,""CRT," or "RRT" which would lead the

public to believe that such person is licensed pursuant to this part unless such person is so licensed; or take any other

is licensed pursuant to this part unless such person is so

Section 41. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2),

paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (3), and subsection (4) of section 468.1155, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

468.1155 Provisional license; requirements.--

to practice speech-language pathology to each applicant who

(2) The department shall issue a provisional license

action that would lead the public to believe that such person

and graduated, was, accredited by an accrediting agency

recognized by the Council for Higher Education Commission on

Recognition of Postsecondary Accreditation or from an

institution which is publicly recognized as a member in good

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Canada. An applicant who graduated from a program at a university or college outside the United States or Canada must present documentation of the determination of equivalency to standards established by the Council for Higher Education Commission on Recognition of Postsecondary Accreditation in order to qualify. The applicant must have completed 60 semester hours that include:

- 1. Fundamental information applicable to the normal development and use of speech, hearing, and language; information about training in management of speech, hearing, and language disorders; and information supplementary to these fields.
  - Six semester hours in audiology.
- Thirty of the required 60 semester hours in courses acceptable toward a graduate degree by the college or university in which these courses were taken, of which 24 semester hours or the number of clock hours required by an accredited institution meeting national certification standards, must be in speech-language pathology.
- (3) The department shall issue a provisional license to practice audiology to each applicant who the board certifies has:
- (b) Received a master's degree or is currently enrolled in a doctoral degree program with a major emphasis in audiology from an institution of higher learning which is, or at the time the applicant was enrolled and graduated was, accredited by an accrediting agency recognized by the Council for Higher Education Commission on Recognition of Postsecondary Accreditation or from an institution which is publicly recognized as a member in good standing with the 31 | Association of Universities and Colleges of Canada. An

applicant who graduated from <u>or is currently enrolled in</u> a program at a university or college outside the United States or Canada must present documentation of the determination of equivalency to standards established by the <u>Council for Higher Education</u> Commission on Recognition of Postsecondary

Accreditation in order to qualify. The applicant must have completed 60 semester hours that include:

- 1. Fundamental information applicable to the normal development and use of speech, hearing, and language; information about training in management of speech, hearing, and language disorders; and information supplementary to these fields.
  - 2. Six semester hours in speech-language pathology.
- 3. Thirty of the required 60 semester hours in courses acceptable toward a graduate degree by the college or university in which these courses were taken, of which 24 semester hours must be in audiology.
- (c) Completed 300 supervised clinical clock hours with 200 clock hours, or the number of clock hours required by an accredited institution meeting national certification standards, in the area of audiology. The supervised clinical clock hours institution or one of its cooperating programs.
- (4) An applicant for a provisional license who has received a master's degree or is currently enrolled in a doctoral degree program with a major emphasis in speech-language pathology as provided in subsection (2), or audiology as provided in subsection (3), and who seeks licensure in the area in which the applicant is not currently licensed, must have completed 30 semester hours in courses acceptable toward a graduate degree and 200 supervised

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clinical clock hours in the second discipline from an accredited institution.

Section 42. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) and paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 468.1215, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

468.1215 Speech-language pathology assistant and audiology assistant; certification. --

- The department shall issue a certificate as a (1)speech-language pathology assistant to each applicant who the board certifies has:
- (b) Earned a bachelor's degree from a college or university accredited by a regional association of colleges and schools recognized by the Department of Education which includes at least 24 semester hours of coursework as approved by the board at an institution accredited by an accrediting agency recognized by the Council for Higher Education Commission on Recognition of Postsecondary Accreditation.
- (2) The department shall issue a certificate as an audiology assistant to each applicant who the board certifies has:
- (b) Completed at least 24 semester hours of coursework as approved by the board at an institution accredited by an accrediting agency recognized by the Council for Higher Education Commission on Recognition of Postsecondary Accreditation.

Section 43. Subsection (3) of section 480.033, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

480.033 Definitions.--As used in this act:

(3) "Massage" means the manipulation of the soft superficial tissues of the human body with the hand, foot, 31 arm, or elbow, whether or not such manipulation is aided by

hydrotherapy, including colonic irrigation, or thermal 2 therapy; any electrical or mechanical device; or the 3 application to the human body of a chemical or herbal 4 preparation. 5 Section 44. Subsection (1) of section 484.0445, 6 Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 7 484.0445 Training program.--8 The board shall establish by rule a training 9 program for a minimum of not to exceed 6 months in length, 10 which may include a board-approved home study course. Upon 11 submitting to the department the registration fee, the applicant may register and enter the training program. Upon 12 completion of the training program, the trainee shall take the 13 first available written and practical examinations offered by 14 the department. The department shall administer the written 15 and practical examinations as prescribed by board rule. If 16 the trainee fails either the written or the practical 17 18 examination, she or he may repeat the training program one 19 time and retake the failed examination, provided she or he 20 takes the next available examination. No person may remain in trainee status or further perform any services authorized for 21 a trainee if she or he fails either the written or the 22 practical examination twice; but, a trainee may continue to 23 24 function as a trainee until she or he has received the results 25 of the examinations. Any applicant who has failed an examination twice and is no longer functioning as a trainee 26 27 shall be eliqible for reexamination as provided in s. 28 484.045(2). 29 Section 45. Section 484.045, Florida Statutes, is 30 amended to read: 484.045 Licensure by examination. --31

- (1) Any person desiring to be licensed as a hearing aid specialist shall apply to the department on a form approved by the department to take the licensure examination, which shall include a clinical practical component.
- (2) The department shall <u>license</u> examine each applicant who the board certifies:
- (a) Has completed the application form and remitted the required fees applicable fee to the board and has paid the examination fee;
  - (b) Is of good moral character;
  - (c) Is 18 years of age or older;
- (d) Is a graduate of an accredited high school or its equivalent;  $\frac{1}{2}$
- (e)1. Has met the requirements set forth in the training program s. 484.0445; or
- 2.a. Has a valid, current license as a hearing aid specialist or its equivalent from another state and has been actively practicing in such capacity for at least 12 months; or
- b. Is currently certified by the National Board for Certification in Hearing Instrument Sciences and has been actively practicing for at least 12 months.
- (f) Has passed an examination, as prescribed by board rule; and
- (g) Has demonstrated, in a manner designated by rule of the board, knowledge of the laws and rules in this state relating to the fitting and dispensing of hearing aids.

  Persons qualifying under this sub-subparagraph need not take the written or practical examination, but must take and pass a test on Florida laws and rules relating to the fitting and dispensing of hearing aids.

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(3) A person who fails the examination may apply for reexamination to the appropriate examining entity, as prescribed by board rule.

- (2) On or after October 1, 1990, every applicant who is qualified to take the examination shall be allowed to take the examination three times. If, after October 1, 1990, an applicant fails the examination three times, the applicant shall no longer be eliqible to take the examination.
- (3) The department shall issue a license to practice dispensing hearing aids to any applicant who successfully completes the examination in accordance with this section.

Section 46. Subsection (1) of section 490.012, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

490.012 Violations; penalties; injunction. --

- (1)(a) No person shall hold herself or himself out by any professional title, name or description incorporating the word "psychologist" unless such person holds a valid, active license as a psychologist under this chapter.
- (b) No person shall hold herself or himself out by any professional title, name or description incorporating the words "school psychologist" unless such person holds a valid, active license as a school psychologist under this chapter or is certified as a school psychologist by the Department of Education.
- (c) No person shall hold herself or himself out by any title or description incorporating the words, or permutations of them, "psychologist," "psychology, " "psychological, " or "psychodiagnostic," <del>or "school psychologist,"</del>or describe any test or report as psychological, unless such person holds a valid, active license under this chapter or is exempt from the 31 provisions of this chapter.

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(d)(b) No person shall hold herself or himself out by any title or description incorporating the word, or a permutation of the word, "psychotherapy" unless such person holds a valid, active license under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 490, or chapter 491, or such person is certified as an advanced registered nurse practitioner, pursuant to s. 464.012, who has been determined by the Board of Nursing as a specialist in psychiatric mental health.

 $\underline{\text{(e)}(c)}$  No person licensed or provisionally licensed pursuant to this chapter shall hold herself or himself out by any title or description which indicates licensure other than that which has been granted to her or him.

Section 47. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (2) of section 490.014, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

490.014 Exemptions.--

- (2) No person shall be required to be licensed or provisionally licensed under this chapter who:
- (a) Is a salaried employee of a government agency; developmental services program, mental health, alcohol, or drug abuse facility operating pursuant to chapter 393, chapter 394, or chapter 397; subsidized child care program, subsidized child care case management program, or child care resource and referral program operating pursuant to chapter 402; child-placing or child-caring agency licensed pursuant to chapter 409; domestic violence center certified pursuant to chapter 39; accredited academic institution; or research institution, if such employee is performing duties for which he or she was trained and hired solely within the confines of such agency, facility, or institution, so long as the employee is not held out to the public as a psychologist under s. 490.012(1)(a).

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1 (b) Is a salaried employee of a private, nonprofit 2 organization providing counseling services to children, youth, 3 and families, if such services are provided for no charge, if such employee is performing duties for which he or she was 4 5 trained and hired , so long as the employee is not held out 6 to the public as a psychologist under s. 490.012(1)(a).

Section 48. Paragraphs (i), (j), and (k) of subsection (1) of section 491.012, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 491.012 Violations; penalty; injunction. --

- (1) It is unlawful and a violation of this chapter for any person to:
- (i) Practice clinical social work in this state, as the practice is defined in s. 491.003(7), for compensation, unless the person holds a valid, active license to practice clinical social work issued pursuant to this chapter or is an intern registered pursuant to s. 491.0045.
- (j) Practice marriage and family therapy in this state, as the practice is defined in s. 491.003(8), for compensation, unless the person holds a valid, active license to practice marriage and family therapy issued pursuant to this chapter or is an intern registered pursuant to s. 491.0045.
- (k) Practice mental health counseling in this state, as the practice is defined in s. 491.003(9), for compensation, unless the person holds a valid, active license to practice mental health counseling issued pursuant to this chapter or is an intern registered pursuant to s. 491.0045.

Section 49. Subsection (19) is added to section 456.057, Florida Statutes, to read:

456.057 Ownership and control of patient records; 31 report or copies of records to be furnished.--

31 <u>Center;</u>

1	(19) Each board, or department when there is no board,
2	may temporarily or permanently appoint a health care
3	practitioner who agrees to serve as a custodian of medical
4	records in the event of the death or mental or physical
5	incapacitation of a practitioner or the abandonment of medical
6	records by a practitioner. The custodian must comply with all
7	provisions of this section, including the release of patient
8	records.
9	Section 50. (1) There is established the Florida
10	Center for Nursing to address issues of supply and demand for
11	nursing, including recruitment, retention, and utilization of
12	nurse workforce resources. The center shall:
13	(a) Develop a strategic statewide plan for nursing
14	manpower in this state by:
15	1. Establishing and maintaining a database on current
16	and future nursing supply and demand in this state; and
17	2. Selecting priorities to be addressed.
18	(b) Convene representatives of nurses, other health
19	care providers, business and industry, consumers, legislators,
20	and educators to:
21	1. Review and comment on data analysis prepared for
22	the center;
23	2. Recommend systemic changes, including strategies
24	for implementation of recommended changes; and
25	3. Evaluate such data and report the results to the
26	Legislature and others.
27	(c) Enhance and promote recognition, reward, and
28	renewal activities for nurses by:
29	1. Promoting nursing excellence programs such as

magnet recognition by the American Nurses Credentialing

- - $\underline{\mbox{3. Promoting media and positive image-building efforts}}$  for nursing.
  - (2) The Florida Center for Nursing shall be governed by a board of directors composed of 16 members, with a simple majority being nurses representative of various practice areas. Other members shall include representatives of other health care professions, business and industry, health care providers, and consumers.
    - (a) The members shall be appointed as follows:
  - 1. Four members appointed by the President of the Senate, at least one of whom shall be a registered nurse recommended by the Florida Organization of Nurse Executives and at least one of whom shall be a representative of the hospital industry recommended by the Florida Hospital Association;
  - 2. Four members appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, at least one of whom shall be a registered nurse recommended by the Florida Nurses Association and at least one of whom shall be a representative of the long-term care industry;
  - 3. Four members appointed by the Governor, two of whom shall be registered nurses; and
  - 4. Four members who are nurse educators appointed by the State Board of Education, one of whom shall be a dean of a state university college of nursing and one of whom shall be a director of an nursing program in a state community college.
  - (b) The initial terms of the members shall be as follows:

1	1. Of the members appointed by the President of the
2	Senate, two shall be appointed for terms expiring June 30,
3	2005, one for a term expiring June 30, 2004, and one for a
4	term expiring June 30, 2003;
5	2. Of the members appointed by the Speaker of the
6	House of Representatives, one shall be appointed for a term
7	expiring June 30, 2005, two for terms expiring June 30, 2004,
8	and one for a term expiring June 20, 2003;
9	3. Of the members appointed by the Governor, one shall
10	be appointed for a term expiring June 30, 2005, one for a term
11	expiring June 30, 2004, and two for terms expiring June 30,
12	2003; and
13	4. Of the members appointed by the State Board of
14	Education, the terms of the member who is a dean of a college
15	of nursing shall expire June 30, 2004; and the term of the
16	member who is a director of a community college nursing
17	program shall expire June 30, 2003; and the terms of the other
18	two members shall expire June 30, 2005.
19	(c) After the initial appointments expire, the terms
20	of all members shall be 3 years, with no member serving more
21	than two consecutive terms.
22	(d) The board may:
23	1. Employ an executive director;
24	2. Determine operational policy;
25	3. Elect a chairperson and officers, to serve 2-year
26	terms. The chairperson and officers may not succeed
27	themselves;
28	4. Establish committees;
29	5. Appoint a multidisciplinary advisory council for

input and advice on policy matters;

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- 6. Implement the major functions of the center established in subsection (1); and
- 7. Seek and accept nonstate funds to operate the center and implement center policy.
- (e) Board members are entitled to reimbursement for per diem and travel expenses pursuant to section 112.061, Florida Statutes.

Section 51. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section 499.012, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

499.012 Wholesale distribution; definitions; permits; general requirements.--

- (2) The following types of wholesaler permits are established:
- (d) A retail pharmacy wholesaler's permit. A retail pharmacy wholesaler is a retail pharmacy engaged in wholesale distribution of prescription drugs within this state under the following conditions:
- 1. The pharmacy must obtain a retail pharmacy wholesaler's permit pursuant to ss. 499.001-499.081 and the rules adopted under those sections.
- 2. The wholesale distribution activity does not exceed 30 percent of the total annual purchases of prescription drugs. If the wholesale distribution activity exceeds the 30-percent maximum, the pharmacy must obtain a prescription drug wholesaler's permit.
- 3. The transfer of prescription drugs that appear in any schedule contained in chapter 893 is subject to chapter 893 and the federal Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970.
- 4. The transfer is between a retail pharmacy, a modified class II institutional pharmacy, and another retail

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pharmacy or a health care practitioner licensed in this state and authorized by law to dispense or prescribe prescription drugs.

5. All records of sales of prescription drugs subject to this section must be maintained separate and distinct from other records and comply with the recordkeeping requirements of ss. 499.001-499.081.

Section 52. (1) This section may be cited as the "Ernest Belles Act."

- (2) As used in this section, the term "pharmaceutical adverse incident" means the dispensing of a different medication, a different dose, or the correct medication in a container with different instructions than that specified in the prescription, but does not include the dispensing of a generic equivalent medication with the patient's consent.
- (3) A pharmacist licensed under chapter 465, Florida Statutes, or other health care practitioner, as defined in section 456.001, Florida Statutes, who becomes aware of a pharmaceutical adverse incident must report such incident to the Department of Health on forms provided by the department.
- The required notification to the department must be submitted in writing by certified mail and postmarked within 15 days after the occurrence of the adverse incident.
- The Department of Health shall adopt forms and rules for administering this section.

Section 53. Effective October 1, 2001, subsection (3) of section 484.002, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (8) is added to that section, to read:

484.002 Definitions.--As used in this part:

"Opticianry" means the preparation and dispensing 31 of lenses, spectacles, eyeglasses, contact lenses, and other

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optical devices to the intended user or agent thereof, upon the written prescription of a licensed allopathic or 2 3 osteopathic physician medical doctor or optometrist who is 4 duly licensed to practice or upon presentation of a duplicate 5 prescription. The selection of frame designs, the actual 6 sales transaction, and the transfer of physical possession of lenses, spectacles, eyeglasses, contact lenses, and other optical devices subsequent to performance of all services of the optician shall not be considered the practice of 10 opticianry; however, such physical possession shall not be 11 transferred until the optician has completed the fitting of the optical device upon the customer. The practice of 12 13 opticianry also includes the duplication of lenses accurately 14 as to power, without prescription. A board-certified optician qualified and operating under rules established by the board 15 may fill, fit, adapt, or dispense any soft contact lens 16 17 prescription. Such optician may fill, fit, adapt, or dispense any extended wear or hard contact lens prescription to the 18 19 extent authorized to do so by the prescribing allopathic or 20 osteopathic physician medical doctor or optometrist.

"Contact lenses" means a prescribed medical device intended to be worn directly against the cornea of the eye to correct vision conditions, act as a therapeutic device, or provide a cosmetic effect.

Section 54. Effective October 1, 2001, subsection (2) of section 484.006, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 484.006 Certain rules prohibited.--

(2) No rule or policy of the board shall prohibit any optician from practicing jointly with optometrists or allopathic or osteopathic physicians medical doctors licensed in this state.

Section 55. Effective October 1, 2001, subsections (1) and (2) of section 484.012, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

484.012 Prescriptions; filing; duplication of prescriptions; duplication of lenses.--

- allopathic or osteopathic physician medical doctor or optometrist for any lenses, spectacles, eyeglasses, contact lenses, or other optical devices shall be kept on file for a period of 2 years with the optical establishment that fills such prescription. However, the licensed optician may maintain a copy of the prescription.
- (2) Upon request by the intended user of the prescribed lenses, spectacles, eyeglasses, contact lenses, or other optical devices, or by an agent of the intended user, the optician who fills the original prescription shall duplicate, on a form prescribed by rule of the board, the original prescription. However, for medical reasons only, the prescribing allopathic or osteopathic physician medical doctor or optometrist may, upon the original prescription, prohibit its duplication. Any duplication shall be considered a valid prescription to be filled for a period of 5 years from the date of the original prescription, except that a contact lens prescription shall be considered a valid prescription to be filled for a period of 2 years from the date of the original prescription.

Section 56. Effective October 1, 2001, section 484.013, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

484.013 Violations and penalties. --

(1) It is unlawful for any person:

- 31 or his person

- (a) To <u>intentionally</u> make a false or fraudulent statement, either for herself or himself or for another person, in any application, affidavit, or statement presented to the board or in any proceeding before the board.
- (b) To prepare or dispense lenses, spectacles, eyeglasses, contact lenses, or other optical devices when such person is not licensed as an optician in this state.
- (c) To prepare or dispense lenses, spectacles, eyeglasses, contact lenses, or other optical devices without first being furnished with a prescription as provided for in s. 484.012.
- (2) It is unlawful for any person other than an optician licensed under this part to use the title "optician" or otherwise lead the public to believe that she or he is engaged in the practice of opticianry.
- (3) It is unlawful for any optician to engage in the diagnosis of the human eyes, attempt to determine the refractive powers of the human eyes, or, in any manner, attempt to prescribe for or treat diseases or ailments of human beings.
- (4) It is unlawful for any person to open or operate, either alone or with any other person or persons, an optical establishment which does not have the permit required by this part.
- (5) A Any person who violates any a provision of this section commits a felony misdemeanor of the third second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, or s. 775.084.
- This section does not apply to an individual transferring her or his personal lenses, spectacles, eyeglasses, contact

lenses, or other optical devices that are exclusively cosmetic to another individual without any compensation or any 2 3 incidental or peripheral compensation. Section 57. Effective October 1, 2001, section 4 5 484.015, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 6 484.015 Authority to inspect. -- Duly authorized agents 7 and employees of the department shall have the power to 8 inspect in a lawful manner at all reasonable hours an any 9 establishment of any kind in the state in which lenses, 10 spectacles, eyeglasses, contact lenses, and any other optical 11 devices are prepared or and dispensed, for the purposes of: (1) Determining if any provision of this part, or any 12 rule promulgated under its authority, is being violated; 13 14 (2) Securing samples or specimens of any lenses, spectacles, eyeglasses, contact lenses, or other optical 15 devices, after paying or offering to pay for such sample or 16 17 specimen; or (3) Securing such other evidence as may be needed for 18 19 prosecution under this part. 20 Section 58. Effective October 1, 2001, paragraph (g) 21 of subsection (3) of section 921.0022, Florida Statutes, is 22 amended to read: 23 921.0022 Criminal Punishment Code; offense severity 24 ranking chart .--25 (3) OFFENSE SEVERITY RANKING CHART 26 27 Florida Felony 28 Statute Description Degree 29 LEVEL 7 30 (q)31

1	316.193(3)(c)2.	3rd	DUI resulting in serious bodily
2			injury.
3	327.35(3)(c)2.	3rd	Vessel BUI resulting in serious
4			bodily injury.
5	402.319(2)	2nd	Misrepresentation and negligence
6			or intentional act resulting in
7			great bodily harm, permanent
8			disfiguration, permanent
9			disability, or death.
10	409.920(2)	3rd	Medicaid provider fraud.
11	456.065(2)	3rd	Practicing a health care
12			profession without a license.
13	456.065(2)	2nd	Practicing a health care
14			profession without a license
15			which results in serious bodily
16			injury.
17	458.327(1)	3rd	Practicing medicine without a
18			license.
19	459.013(1)	3rd	Practicing osteopathic medicine
20			without a license.
21	460.411(1)	3rd	Practicing chiropractic medicine
22			without a license.
23	461.012(1)	3rd	Practicing podiatric medicine
24			without a license.
25	462.17	3rd	Practicing naturopathy without a
26			license.
27	463.015(1)	3rd	Practicing optometry without a
28			license.
29	464.016(1)	3rd	Practicing nursing without a
30			license.
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1	465.015(2)	3rd	Practicing pharmacy without a
2			license.
3	466.026(1)	3rd	Practicing dentistry or dental
4			hygiene without a license.
5	467.201	3rd	Practicing midwifery without a
6			license.
7	468.366	3rd	Delivering respiratory care
8			services without a license.
9	483.828(1)	3rd	Practicing as clinical laboratory
10			personnel without a license.
11	483.901(9)	3rd	Practicing medical physics
12			without a license.
13	484.013	<u>3rd</u>	Practicing opticianry without a
14			license.
15	484.053	3rd	Dispensing hearing aids without a
16			license.
17	494.0018(2)	1st	Conviction of any violation of
18			ss. 494.001-494.0077 in which the
19			total money and property
20			unlawfully obtained exceeded
21			\$50,000 and there were five or
22			more victims.
23	560.123(8)(b)1.	3rd	Failure to report currency or
24			payment instruments exceeding
25			\$300 but less than \$20,000 by
26			money transmitter.
27	560.125(5)(a)	3rd	Money transmitter business by
28			unauthorized person, currency or
29			payment instruments exceeding
30			\$300 but less than \$20,000.
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1	655.50(10)(b)1.	3rd	Failure to report financial
2	, , , ,		transactions exceeding \$300 but
3			less than \$20,000 by financial
4			institution.
5	782.051(3)	2nd	Attempted felony murder of a
6			person by a person other than the
7			perpetrator or the perpetrator of
8			an attempted felony.
9	782.07(1)	2nd	Killing of a human being by the
10			act, procurement, or culpable
11			negligence of another
12			(manslaughter).
13	782.071	2nd	Killing of human being or viable
14			fetus by the operation of a motor
15			vehicle in a reckless manner
16			(vehicular homicide).
17	782.072	2nd	Killing of a human being by the
18			operation of a vessel in a
19			reckless manner (vessel
20			homicide).
21	784.045(1)(a)1.	2nd	Aggravated battery; intentionally
22			causing great bodily harm or
23			disfigurement.
24	784.045(1)(a)2.	2nd	Aggravated battery; using deadly
25			weapon.
26	784.045(1)(b)	2nd	Aggravated battery; perpetrator
27			aware victim pregnant.
28	784.048(4)	3rd	Aggravated stalking; violation of
29			injunction or court order.
30	784.07(2)(d)	1st	Aggravated battery on law
31			enforcement officer.

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1	784.08(2)(a)	1st	Aggravated battery on a person 65
2			years of age or older.
3	784.081(1)	1st	Aggravated battery on specified
4			official or employee.
5	784.082(1)	1st	Aggravated battery by detained
6			person on visitor or other
7			detainee.
8	784.083(1)	1st	Aggravated battery on code
9			inspector.
10	790.07(4)	1st	Specified weapons violation
11			subsequent to previous conviction
12			of s. 790.07(1) or (2).
13	790.16(1)	1st	Discharge of a machine gun under
14			specified circumstances.
15	790.166(3)	2nd	Possessing, selling, using, or
16			attempting to use a hoax weapon
17			of mass destruction.
18	796.03	2nd	Procuring any person under 16
19			years for prostitution.
20	800.04(5)(c)1.	2nd	Lewd or lascivious molestation;
21			victim less than 12 years of age;
22			offender less than 18 years.
23	800.04(5)(c)2.	2nd	Lewd or lascivious molestation;
24			victim 12 years of age or older
25			but less than 16 years; offender
26			18 years or older.
27	806.01(2)	2nd	Maliciously damage structure by
28			fire or explosive.
29	810.02(3)(a)	2nd	Burglary of occupied dwelling;
30			unarmed; no assault or battery.
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1	810.02(3)(b)	2nd	Burglary of unoccupied dwelling;
2			unarmed; no assault or battery.
3	810.02(3)(d)	2nd	Burglary of occupied conveyance;
4			unarmed; no assault or battery.
5	812.014(2)(a)	1st	Property stolen, valued at
6			\$100,000 or more; property stolen
7			while causing other property
8			damage; 1st degree grand theft.
9	812.019(2)	1st	Stolen property; initiates,
10			organizes, plans, etc., the theft
11			of property and traffics in
12			stolen property.
13	812.131(2)(a)	2nd	Robbery by sudden snatching.
14	812.133(2)(b)	1st	Carjacking; no firearm, deadly
15			weapon, or other weapon.
16	825.102(3)(b)	2nd	Neglecting an elderly person or
17			disabled adult causing great
18			bodily harm, disability, or
19			disfigurement.
20	825.1025(2)	2nd	Lewd or lascivious battery upon
21			an elderly person or disabled
22			adult.
23	825.103(2)(b)	2nd	Exploiting an elderly person or
24			disabled adult and property is
25			valued at \$20,000 or more, but
26			less than \$100,000.
27	827.03(3)(b)	2nd	Neglect of a child causing great
28			bodily harm, disability, or
29			disfigurement.
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1	827.04(3)	3rd	Impregnation of a child under 16
2			years of age by person 21 years
3			of age or older.
4	837.05(2)	3rd	Giving false information about
5			alleged capital felony to a law
6			enforcement officer.
7	872.06	2nd	Abuse of a dead human body.
8	893.13(1)(c)1.	1st	Sell, manufacture, or deliver
9			cocaine (or other drug prohibited
10			under s. 893.03(1)(a), (1)(b),
11			(1)(d), (2)(a), (2)(b), or
12			(2)(c)4.) within 1,000 feet of a
13			child care facility or school.
14	893.13(1)(e)1.	1st	Sell, manufacture, or deliver
15			cocaine or other drug prohibited
16			under s. 893.03(1)(a), (1)(b),
17			(1)(d), (2)(a), (2)(b), or
18			(2)(c)4., within 1,000 feet of
19			property used for religious
20			services or a specified business
21			site.
22	893.13(4)(a)	1st	Deliver to minor cocaine (or
23			other s. 893.03(1)(a), (1)(b),
24			(1)(d), (2)(a), (2)(b), or
25			(2)(c)4. drugs).
26	893.135(1)(a)1.	1st	Trafficking in cannabis, more
27			than 50 lbs., less than 2,000
28			lbs.
29	893.135		
30	(1)(b)1.a.	1st	Trafficking in cocaine, more than
31			28 grams, less than 200 grams.

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1	893.135		
2	(1)(c)1.a.	1st	Trafficking in illegal drugs,
3			more than 4 grams, less than 14
4			grams.
5	893.135		
6	(1)(d)1.	1st	Trafficking in phencyclidine,
7			more than 28 grams, less than 200
8			grams.
9	893.135(1)(e)1.	1st	Trafficking in methaqualone, more
10			than 200 grams, less than 5
11			kilograms.
12	893.135(1)(f)1.	1st	Trafficking in amphetamine, more
13			than 14 grams, less than 28
14			grams.
15	893.135		
16	(1)(g)1.a.	1st	Trafficking in flunitrazepam, 4
17			grams or more, less than 14
18			grams.
19	893.135		
20	(1)(h)1.a.	1st	Trafficking in
21			gamma-hydroxybutyric acid (GHB),
22			1 kilogram or more, less than 5
23			kilograms.
24	893.135		
25	(1)(i)1.a.	1st	Trafficking in 1,4-Butanediol, 1
26			kilogram or more, less then 5
27			kilograms.
28	893.135		
29	(1)(j)2.a.	1st	Trafficking in Phenethylamines,
30			10 grams or more, less than 200
31			grams.

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1	896.101(5)(a)	3rd	Money laundering, financial	
2			transactions exceeding \$300 but	
3			less than \$20,000.	
4	896.104(4)(a)1.	3rd	Structuring transactions to evade	
5			reporting or registration	
6			requirements, financial	
7			transactions exceeding \$300 but	
8			less than \$20,000.	
9	Section 59.	Subsect	ion (1) of section 483.245, Florida	
10	Statutes, is amende	ed to rea	d:	
11	483.245 Rek	oates pro	hibited; penalties	
12	(1) It is u	unlawful	for any person to pay or receive	
13	any commission, bor	nus, kick	back, or rebate or engage in any	
14	split-fee arrangeme	ent in an	y form whatsoever with any <u>dialysis</u>	
15	<u>facility</u> ,physician,	, surgeon	, organization, agency, or person,	
16	either directly or indirectly, for patients referred to a			
17	clinical laboratory	y license	d under this part.	
18	Section 60.	Except	as otherwise expressly provided in	
19	this act, this act	shall ta	ke effect July 1, 2001.	
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                                                           STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN
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                                                                                                                                      Senate Bill 2158
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                The bill incorporates many of the recommendations of the Florida Commission on Excellence in Health Care that was established to facilitate the development of a comprehensive statewide strategy for improving the health care delivery system. The bill: exempts licensed health care practitioners in hospitals and ambulatory surgical centers from the required annual 1 hour of risk management and risk prevention education, but requires health care practitioners to complete a 2-hour department or board-approved course relating to the prevention of medical errors as part of licensure; requires risk management programs in hospitals and ambulatory surgical centers to implement measures to minimize surgical mistakes; requires the Agency for Health Care Administration to publish certain information regarding adverse incident reports and malpractice claims on its website; requires risk managers to
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                requires the Agency for Health care Administration to publish certain information regarding adverse incident reports and malpractice claims on its website; requires risk managers to report every allegation of sexual misconduct by a licensed health care practitioner to the Department of Health; creates a privilege against civil liability for any licensed risk manager or facility with regard to information furnished under ch. 395, F.S., unless it involved bad faith or malice; makes it unlawful to interfere with a risk manager in the performance of his or her reporting obligations; revises the composition of the Health Care Risk Manager Advisory Council; specifies additional grounds for discipline related to medical errors and penalties for licensed health care practitioners; requires the Department of Health to notify the patient named in a complaint regarding the status of disciplinary investigations and authorizes the complainant to receive the department's expert report; specifies additional disciplinary violations which boards may subject to resolution by the issuance of a citation; provides for emergency suspension of a health care licensee for fraud; provides requirements for pharmacy technicians; and makes nursing home administrators subject to discipline for failing to implement an ongoing quality-assurance program.
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                   quality-assurance program.
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                 The bill revises requirements for the annual hospital assessment to fund public medical assistance and requires the Department of Health and the Agency for Health Care Administration to conduct a review of all statutorily imposed reporting requirements for health care providers and report to the Legislature by November 1, 2001.
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                 The bill does not transfer, by a type two transfer, the Nursing Scholarship Program from the Department of Education to the Department of Health. The bill creates the Florida Center for Nursing to address issues of supply and demand for
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                   nursing.
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                    The Board of Nursing is transferred from Jacksonville to
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                   Tallahassee, effective July 1, 2003.
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                   The bill requires the Office of Program Policy Analysis and
                 Governmental Accountability to study the feasibility of maintaining the entire Medical Quality Assurance function
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                   within one department.
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The bill makes additional regulatory changes for the practice of dentistry, respiratory therapy, hearing aid specialists, speech-language pathology and audiology, radiation therapy, massage, psychotherapy, psychology, opticianry, and pharmacy.
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         The bill revises provisions governing prohibited referrals to clinical laboratories to include dialysis facilities.
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        The bill authorizes the Department of Health to appoint a health care practitioner who agrees to serve as custodian of the medical records.
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