Florida Senate - 2001

By Senator Lawson

	3-1409-01	See HB
1	A bill to be entitled	
2	An act relating to the State Council on	
3	Competitive Government; amending s. 14.203,	
4	F.S.; providing definitions; requiring the	
5	council to direct the Office of Program Policy	
6	Analysis and Government Accountability and the	
7	Director of Efficiency and Enterprise	
8	Development of the office of planning and	
9	budgeting in the Executive Office of the	
10	Governor to review and report on all requests	
11	for proposals, invitations to bid, invitations	
12	to negotiate, or contracts issued by state	
13	agencies that propose the privatization of	
14	funded government; requiring state agencies to	
15	submit certain privatization proposals to the	
16	council; providing considerations and criteria	
17	for review and report; providing circumstances	
18	for competition with private sources or other	
19	state agency service providers; requiring a	
20	contract entered into by an executive branch	
21	agency to include a statement of contingent	
22	effect; providing for open meetings and	
23	records; providing that a vendor must be a	
24	domiciled state corporation or have a	
25	significant business presence in the state;	
26	providing a definition; providing an effective	
27	date.	
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29	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida	a:
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1	Section 1. Section 14.203, Florida Statutes, is	
2	amended to read:	
3	14.203 State Council on Competitive GovernmentIt is	
4	the policy of this state that all state services be performed	
5	in the most effective and efficient manner in order to provide	
б	the best value and services to the citizens of the state. The	
7	state also recognizes that competition among service providers	
8	ay improve the quality of services provided, and that	
9	competition, innovation, and creativity among service	
10	providers should be encouraged.	
11	(1) For the purposes of this section:	
12	(a) "Commercial activity" means an activity that	
13	provides a product or service that is available from a private	
14	source.	
15	(b) "Council" means the State Council on Competitive	
16	Government.	
17	(c)(b) "Identified state service" means a service	
18	provided by the state that is under consideration to determine	
19	whether the service may be better provided through competition	
20	with private sources.	
21	(d) "Privatization" means the transfer of government	
22	functions, assets, agencies, management, products or	
23	productive capacity, financing, or service delivery from the	
24	government sector to the nongovernment sector.	
25	(2) There is hereby created the State Council on	
26	Competitive Government, which shall be composed of the	
27	Governor and Cabinet, sitting as the Administration Commission	
28	as defined in s. 14.202. The council <u>shall</u> , on its own	
29	initiative, the Office of Program Policy Analysis and	
30	Government Accountability, created pursuant to s. 11.51, or	
31	the Commission on Government Accountability to the People,	
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1 created pursuant to s. 286.30, may identify commercial 2 activities currently being performed by state agencies to 3 determine and, if it is determined that such services may be better provided by requiring competition with private sources 4 5 or other state agency service providers, may recommend that a б state agency engage in any process, including competitive 7 bidding, that creates competition with private sources or 8 other state agency service providers. 9 (3) In performing its duties under this section, the 10 council shall may: 11 (a) Require each state agency to submit all privatization proposals that cost \$100,000 or more to the 12 council for review and approval prior to their issuance. 13 (b) Direct the Office of Program Policy Analysis and 14 Government Accountability and the Director of Efficiency and 15 Enterprise Development of the office of planning and budgeting 16 17 in the Executive Office of the Governor to review and report on all requests for proposals, invitations to bid, invitations 18 19 to negotiate, or contracts issued by state agencies that propose the privatization of funded government services. 20 21 (a) Adopt rules to implement any provision of this 22 section. 23 (b) Hold public hearings or conduct studies. 24 (c) Consult with private sources. 25 (d) Require a state agency to conduct an in-house cost 26 estimate, a management study, or any other hearing, study, 27 review, or cost estimate concerning any aspect of an 28 identified state service. 29 (e) Develop and require for use by state agencies 30 methods to accurately and fairly estimate and account for the cost of providing an identified state service. 31 3

1 (f) Require that an identified state service be 2 submitted to competitive bidding or another process that 3 creates competition with private sources or other governmental entities. In determining whether an identified state service 4 5 should be submitted to competitive bidding, The review and б report council shall consider, at a minimum: 7 Any constitutional and legal implications which may 1. 8 arise as a result of such action. 9 2. The cost of supervising the work of any private 10 contractor. 11 3. The total cost to the state agency of such state agency's performance of a service, including all indirect 12 13 costs related to that state agency and costs of such agencies as the Comptroller, the Treasurer, the Attorney General, and 14 other such support agencies to the extent such costs would not 15 be incurred if a contract is awarded. Costs for the current 16 17 provision of the service shall be considered only when such 18 costs would actually be saved if the contract were awarded to 19 another entity. 20 4. An analysis of whether the cost of health care benefits, retirement, and workers' compensation insurance for 21 employees of the contractor is reasonable comparable to 22 benefits provided by the state. 23 5. Whether two or more state agencies provide an 24 25 essentially similar service to a like population with little or no value added by multiple jurisdictions. 26 27 Whether the public sector service has been created 6. 28 in response to a short-term need or abuse, and any subsequent 29 actions that have satisfactorily addressed the need or 30 remedied the abuse with sufficient protection to the affected 31 public.

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1	7. Whether the program, service, or deployment of	
2	resources exists because of a commitment to job-based tasks	
3	that prove unnecessary in light of alternative	
4	technology-based processes.	
5	8. Whether market forces can address the program or	
6	service for its satisfactory operation in a nongovernment	
7	context.	
8	9. Whether the program or service is peripheral to the	
9	ore mission of state government regardless of the efficiency	
10	of the state agency operation.	
11	10. Whether the service or program provides a subsidy	
12	that the general population can obtain from a nongovernment	
13	provider without loss of integrity or unreasonable cost.	
14	11. Whether the selected program or service unduly	
15	affects economically or geographically disadvantaged segments	
16	of the workforce from receiving subsequent employment.	
17	12. Whether the nongovernment provider has made	
18	satisfactory provisions to avoid service interruption,	
19	provisions for employment by displaced public sector	
20	employees, and provisions for maintenance of the quality and	
21	accessibility of the contracted service.	
22	13. Whether privatization of the program or service	
23	would impair the integrity of the regulatory powers of state	
24	government or its sworn enforcement of functions conferred on	
25	<u>it by law.</u>	
26	14. Whether the alternative method of providing	
27	government services adds value. For the purposes of this	
28	section, an alternative method adds value if it achieves one	
29	or more government sector objectives with improvement outcomes	
30	irrespective of cost; achieves more outcomes within a fixed	
31	amount of appropriation; improves accuracy, timeliness, or	
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1 responsiveness by employees on behalf of customers, clients, or the public; reduces unit costs; or reduces the cost of 2 3 sales and general administrative expenses. 4 (4) In conducting a review under this section, the 5 Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government б Accountability may: 7 Hold public hearings or conduct studies. (a) 8 Consult with private sources. (b) 9 (c) Require a state agency to conduct an in-house cost 10 estimate, a management study, or any other hearing, study, 11 review, or cost estimate concerning any aspect of an identified state service. 12 (d) Develop and require for use by state agencies 13 methods to accurately and fairly estimate and account for the 14 cost of providing an identified state service. 15 The Director of Efficiency and Enterprise 16 (5) Development of the office of planning and budgeting in the 17 Executive Office of the Governor may adopt rules to implement 18 19 any provision of this section. (6) Upon review of the report required under this 20 section, the council may recommend that a state agency engage 21 in any process, including competitive bidding, that creates 22 competition with private sources or other state agency service 23 24 providers. In making such recommendation, the council may: 25 (a)(g) Prescribe, in consultation with affected state agencies, the specifications and conditions of purchase 26 27 procedures that must be followed by a state agency or a 28 private source engaged in competitive bidding to provide an 29 identified state service. 30 (b)(h) Award a contract to a state agency currently 31 providing the service, another state agency, a private source,

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1 or any combination of such entities, if the bidder presents 2 the best and most reasonable bid, which is not necessarily the 3 lowest bid. It is intended that consideration be given as to 4 how to transfer the program back if the bidder is not 5 successful in carrying out the requirements of the contract. б The bid shall also include an analysis of health care 7 benefits, retirement, and workers' compensation insurance for employees of the contractor which are reasonably comparable to 8 9 those provided by the state.

10 (c)(i) Determine the terms and conditions of a 11 contract for service or interagency contract to provide an identified state service or other commercial activity. Such 12 13 terms and conditions may include the requirement that a 14 minimum level of health insurance coverage for employees, 15 including optional family coverage, whether employer-paid or employee-paid, or a combination thereof, is available to 16 17 employees.

18 <u>(d)(j)</u> Require the state agency to encourage state 19 employees to organize and submit a bid for the identified 20 state service.

21 <u>(7)(4)</u> A state agency shall perform any activities
22 required by the council in the performance of its duties or
23 the exercise of its powers under this section.

24 (8)(5) Contracts entered into by the council to 25 implement this section and any decision regarding whether a 26 state agency shall engage in competitive bidding are exempt 27 from state law regulating or limiting purchasing practices and 28 decisions, including chapter 120.

29 <u>(9)(6)</u> A contract entered into pursuant to this 30 section constitutes an executive branch recommendation only 31 and shall not take effect until a specific appropriation is

provided by law to fund such contract. In addition, any 1 2 contract entered into by an executive branch agency under this 3 section must state in its text that its effect is contingent upon a specific appropriation by law. However, a contract 4 5 entered into pursuant to this section may not impair the б actions of any executive branch agency whose powers are 7 derived directly from the State Constitution or impair any 8 contractual or statutory obligations imposed by state or 9 federal law or a grant-in-aid program a state agency pursuant 10 to this section shall include language that its effect is 11 contingent upon a specific appropriation by law. (10) The meetings and records of the council are 12 subject to the provisions of ss. 119.07 and 286.011. 13 14 Section 2. Any other provision of law to the contrary notwithstanding, no contract for services, request for 15 proposals, or invitation to bid between an agency of the state 16 17 and a contract vendor succeeding to the operation of a program or function of a state agency shall be executed unless the 18 19 vendor shall be a domiciled corporation in this state or shall 20 have a significant business presence in the state for the duration of the contract. For the purposes of this section, 21 the term "significant business presence" shall mean a 22 retention of substantially all of the filled positions 23 24 previously assigned to the state agency at substantially the 25 same total cash equivalent of salaries and benefits. Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2001. 26 27 28 29 30 31

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2	HOUSE SUMMARY
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4	Revises provisions relating to the State Council on Competitive Government, Requires the council to direct
5	the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability and the Director of Efficiency and
6	Enterprise Development of the office of planning and budgeting in the Executive Office of the Governor to
7	review and report on all requests for proposals, invitations to bid, invitations to negotiate, or contracts issued by state aconging that propose the
8	contracts issued by state agencies that propose the privatization of funded government. Requires state agencies to submit certain privatization proposals to the
9	council. Provides considerations and criteria for review and report. Provides circumstances for competition with
10	private sources or other state agency service providers. Requires a contract entered into by an executive branch
11	agency to include a statement of contingent effect. Provides for open meetings and records. Requires a vendor
12	to be a domiciled state corporation or a significant business presence in the state.
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