## Florida Senate - 2001

## CS for SB 2220

 ${\bf By}$  the Committee on Comprehensive Planning, Local and Military Affairs; and Senators Posey and Klein

1	316-1794-01
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to governmental data
3	processing; creating s. 119.084, F.S.;
4	providing definitions; authorizing governmental
5	agencies to acquire, hold, and enforce
б	copyrights for data processing software they
7	create; authorizing sale or license of such
8	software; authorizing establishment of sales
9	price and licensing fee; providing requirements
10	for electronic recordkeeping systems; providing
11	for access to public records maintained in
12	electronic recordkeeping systems; providing for
13	fees to be charged for copying public records
14	maintained in electronic recordkeeping systems;
15	prohibiting contracts for public records
16	databases that impair public access to public
17	records; providing for future review and
18	repeal; providing a finding of public
19	necessity; providing an effective date.
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21	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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23	Section 1. Section 119.084, Florida Statutes, is
24	created to read:
25	119.084 Definitions; copyright of data processing
26	software created by governmental agencies; sale price and
27	licensing fee; access to public records; prohibited
28	contracts
29	(1) As used in this section:
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CODING:Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1	(a) "Agency" has the same meaning as in s. 119.011(2),
2	except that the term does not include any private agency,
3	person, partnership, corporation, or business entity.
4	(b) "Data processing software" has the same meaning as
5	<u>in s. 282.303.</u>
6	(c) "Proprietary software" means data processing
7	software that is protected by copyright or trade secret laws.
8	(2) Any agency is authorized to acquire and hold
9	copyrights for data processing software created by the agency
10	and to enforce its rights pertaining to such copyrights,
11	provided that the agency complies with the requirements of
12	this section.
13	(a) Any agency that has acquired a copyright for data
14	processing software created by the agency may sell or license
15	the copyrighted data processing software to any public agency
16	or private person and may establish a price for the sale and a
17	license fee for the use of such data processing software.
18	Proceeds from the sale or licensing of copyrighted data
19	processing software shall be deposited by the agency into a
20	trust fund for the agency's appropriate use for authorized
21	purposes. Counties, municipalities, and other political
22	subdivisions of the state may designate how such sale and
23	licensing proceeds are to be used. The price for the sale of
24	and the fee for the licensing of copyrighted data processing
25	software may be based on market considerations. However, the
26	prices or fees for the sale or licensing of copyrighted data
27	processing software to an individual or entity solely for
28	application to information maintained or generated by the
29	agency that created the copyrighted data processing software
30	shall be determined pursuant to s. 119.07(1).
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1	(b) The provisions of this subsection are supplemental
2	to, and shall not supplant or repeal, any other provision of
3	law that authorizes an agency to acquire and hold copyrights.
4	(3) Subject to the restrictions of copyright and trade
5	secret laws and public records exemptions, agency use of
6	proprietary software must not diminish the right of the public
7	to inspect and copy a public record.
8	(4) An agency must consider when designing or
9	acquiring an electronic recordkeeping system that such system
10	is capable of providing data in some common format such as,
11	but not limited to, the American Standard Code for Information
12	Interchange.
13	(5) Each agency that maintains a public record in an
14	electronic recordkeeping system shall provide to any person,
15	pursuant to this chapter, a copy of any public record in that
16	system which is not exempted by law from public disclosure.
17	An agency must provide a copy of the record in the medium
18	requested if the agency maintains the record in that medium,
19	and the agency may charge a fee which shall be in accordance
20	with this chapter. For the purpose of satisfying a public
21	records request, the fee to be charged by an agency if it
22	elects to provide a copy of a public record in a medium not
23	routinely used by the agency, or if it elects to compile
24	information not routinely developed or maintained by the
25	agency or that requires a substantial amount of manipulation
26	or programming, must be in accordance with s. 119.07(1)(b).
27	(6) An agency may not enter into a contract for the
28	creation or maintenance of a public records database if that
29	contract impairs the ability of the public to inspect or copy
30	the public records of that agency, including public records
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1 that are on-line or stored in an electronic recordkeeping 2 system used by the agency. 3 (7) This section is subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act of 1995 in accordance with s. 119.15 and 4 5 shall stand repealed on October 2, 2006, unless reviewed and б saved from repeal through reenactment by the Legislature. 7 Section 2. The Legislature finds that it is a public 8 necessity to permit governmental agencies to acquire, hold, 9 and enforce copyrights for data processing software created by 10 the agency. Allowing agencies to copyright their software 11 enables agencies to sell or license the software at a fair market value to public agencies or private persons and recoup 12 production expenses. Governmental agencies spend valuable 13 public resources on developing and creating software to 14 enhance system productivity. Currently there is no protection 15 from any person obtaining software created by an agency at the 16 17 expense of taxpayers and using that software without restriction for personal or financial gain. This exemption is 18 19 needed to protect the integrity and development of computer technology design created by governmental agencies by 20 restricting the use of the software for commercial purposes. 21 The Legislature also finds that this exemption protects the 22 public by ensuring that access to electronic public records is 23 24 not prohibited. Thus, the public benefit in copyrighting 25 governmental software significantly outweighs any public or private harm because the use of this information without the 26 27 necessary restrictions adversely impacts governmental 28 agencies' proprietary rights. 29 Section 3. This act shall take effect upon becoming a 30 law. 31

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1	STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR
2	SB 2220
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4	This CS includes the substance of the bill as filed and
5	"agencies" (which includes the state, counties, cities, districts, commissions, etc.) instead of only local governments; a repeal date of 10/02/06, and a statement of
б	governments; a repeal date of 10/02/06, and a statement of public necessity.
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