STORAGE NAME: h0269.ge.doc **DATE:** January 24, 2001

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES COMMITTEE ON GENERAL EDUCATION ANALYSIS

BILL #: HB 269

RELATING TO: School District Best Financial Management Practices Reviews

SPONSOR(S): Representatives Murman, Lacasa, Byrd, Mack, Melvin, Diaz-Balart, Cantens, Bense,

Argenziano, and Lynn

TIED BILL(S):

ORIGINATING COMMITTEE(S)/COMMITTEE(S) OF REFERENCE:

- (1) COMMITTEE ON GENERAL EDUCATION
- (2) EDUCATION APPROPRIATIONS
- (3) COUNCIL ON LIFELONG LEARNING

(4)

(5)

I. SUMMARY:

This bill combines two existing school district review programs (the school district performance review program [s. 230.2302, F.S.] and the best financial management practices review program [ss. 230.23025, and 11.515, F.S.]), leaving a single program, the revised and expanded best financial management practices review program. Perhaps the most important and notable modification is that the revised review program is no longer selective or voluntary, and is instead mandatory, requiring that all school districts undergo such a review every five years.

Under the revision, elements of the school district performance reviews are rolled into the best financial management practices review program, and the school district performance review program is eliminated. The bill specifies the areas in which best practices shall be developed, and specifically lists which school districts are to be reviewed in which year. The State Board of Education shall adopt the best practices as a standard, and the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability (OPPAGA) shall, in their review, consider implementation of the best practices as the goal for school districts.

Once a district has been reviewed, OPPAGA issues a final report noting any shortcomings in complying with the best financial practices, and providing the district an action plan on how to come into compliance. The district must vote on whether it will seek to implement the action plan. If, in the assessment of OPPAGA, the district successfully implements the best financial management practices (as set forth in the action plan) within two years, the State Board of Education will award the district a "Seal of Best Financial Management." The seal is good for five years, but the State Board of Education may revoke the seal at any time it determines that the district is no longer complying with the best practices.

In order to review every district every five years, OPPAGA must conduct an average of 13.4 reviews per year. They are authorized to employ such consultants as they deem necessary to conduct all or part of any review. School districts will no longer pay part of the cost of a review. These reviews are to be fully funded by the Legislature, at an estimated cost of just over 4.1 million per year.

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II. SUBSTANTIVE ANALYSIS:

A. DOES THE BILL SUPPORT THE FOLLOWING PRINCIPLES:

1.	Less Government	Yes [x]	No []	N/A []
2.	Lower Taxes	Yes []	No []	N/A [x]
3.	Individual Freedom	Yes []	No []	N/A [x]
4.	Personal Responsibility	Yes []	No []	N/A [x]
5.	Family Empowerment	Yes []	No []	N/A [x]

For any principle that received a "no" above, please explain:

B. PRESENT SITUATION:

The Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability (OPPAGA)

The 1994 Legislature created the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability (OPPAGA) to help improve the performance and accountability of state government. OPPAGA is a research unit that conducts studies on Florida agencies and programs to identify opportunities to improve services to citizens and reduce government costs.

OPPAGA produces policy analyses and performance reviews on state government programs. These studies assess the efficiency, effectiveness, and long-term implications of state policies and programs, and make recommendations to Florida government. OPPAGA also produces program evaluation and justification reviews of Florida agencies that are operating under Performance-Based Program Budgeting (PB2).

Currently, OPPAGA administers two types of reviews of Florida school districts: school district performance reviews and best financial management practices reviews.

School District Performance Reviews

The 1996 Florida Legislature created the school district performance review program to assist Florida school districts in identifying ways to save funds, improve management, and increase efficiency and effectiveness. Pursuant to s. 230.2302, F.S., the Legislature annually designates the districts to undergo a review. These reviews are conducted by private consulting firms selected by OPPAGA using a request for proposal (RFP) process and are fully funded by the state. Participating school districts retain any cost savings resulting from the implementation of review recommendations.

According to s. 11.515, F.S., school district performance reviews must examine the following 11 broad school district management and operational areas:

- School district organization and management
- Educational service delivery
- Community involvement
- Facilities use and management
- Personnel management
- Asset and risk management
- Financial management
- Purchasing

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- Transportation
- Food service
- Safety and security

OPPAGA works with school districts undergoing a review to refine the scope to address specific district issues. Nine districts have undergone this review: Hamilton, Hillsborough, Lee, Clay, Glades, Orange, Broward, Brevard, and Martin. The Legislature fully funded these reviews, except for Brevard and Martin, which actually received a combined performance review/Best Financial Management practices review, for which they paid part of the cost. A private consultant was utilized for each of these reviews.

The 1999 Legislature appropriated \$30,000 in the General Appropriations Act (GAA), Line Item 131, for post-review evaluations of Hamilton, Hillsborough, and Lee County schools. The Legislature did not appropriate any funds in the 1999-2000 GAA for school district performance reviews.

Best Financial Management Practices Reviews

The 1997 Legislature directed OPPAGA and Florida's Auditor General to develop a system for reviewing the financial management practices of the school districts. OPPAGA and the Auditor General developed best financial management practices for Florida school districts (s. 230.23025, F.S.). The best practices were then adopted by the Commissioner of Education in September of 1997. The best practices may be revised, as needed. To date, they have been revised only once, in October of 2000.

OPPAGA and the Auditor General jointly examine school district operations to determine whether they are using the best financial management practices in certain statutorily specified areas. Best financial management practices reviews are designed to encourage school districts to:

- Use performance and cost-efficiency measures to evaluate programs
- Use appropriate benchmarks based on comparable school districts, government agencies, and industry standards to assess their operations and performance
- Identify potential cost-savings through privatization and alternative service delivery
- Link financial planning and budgeting to district priorities, including student performance

OPPAGA published the first best financial management practices review, a review of Manatee County School District, in October of 1998. The possible net savings to the district as a result of this review could surpass \$35 million if the school board follows through with the implementation of this plan. Manatee County voted to implement all of the recommendations made by OPPAGA. Manatee County's initial report on the implementation of these changes will be published in February of 2001.

In 1999, OPPAGA conducted a best financial management practices review for the Polk County School District and contracted a combined performance and best financial management practices review for the Brevard and Martin County School Districts. These reviews are funded on a 50-50 basis; the district pays for half and the Legislature funds the other half. The estimated (if the school board were to vote to implement all of the recommendations) savings to the district, as a result of these reviews, could be:

- Polk County -- \$1.5 million in fiscal year 1998-99 and \$8 million over five years
- Martin County -- \$16.4 million over five years
- Brevard County -- \$6 million over five years

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The 2000 Legislature directed OPPAGA to expand the best financial management practices to include four additional areas—school safety, community involvement, administrative and instructional technology, and educational service delivery. The Commissioner of Education adopted the new best practices in October 2000.

In addition, the 2000 Legislature directed OPPAGA to conduct a BFMP review in Lake County during the 2000-01 fiscal year. OPPAGA has obtained a consultant to conduct the review, and expects to begin the review in March 2001.

Differences

School district performance reviews differ from best financial management practices reviews in several ways:

- A performance review is selective, but compulsory, in that districts participating in it are generally designated by the Legislature, whereas a best practices review is voluntary, in that school districts apply to OPPAGA to conduct the review.
- Although the general areas covered by both reviews are similar, best practices reviews
 determine whether a district is using a comprehensive set of standards, or best practices,
 adopted by the Commissioner of Education. In a best practices review, if a district is found
 to be using the best practices, it is eligible for a Seal of Best Financial Management.

1999 General Session

The House passed HB 469 that would have integrated the school district performance reviews and the Best Financial Management Practice Reviews into a single process. HB 469 died on the Senate calendar. OPPAGA indicated, "combining the two programs would eliminate overlap between the two types of reviews, simplify administration, resolve confusion among school districts about the reviews, and enable all school districts to participate."

C. EFFECT OF PROPOSED CHANGES:

Essentially, the bill combines and revises two existing school district performance review programs into a single program.

The bill revises and expands the best financial management practices review (s. 230.23025, F.S.). That review program is conducted by OPPAGA and is, in its current form, selective and voluntary. The revised best financial management practices review becomes mandatory, and provides that each school district shall undergo the review at least once every five years.

Having included elements of the school district performance review (s. 230.2302, F.S.) in the revised best financial management practices review, the bill eliminates the school district performance review.

D. SECTION-BY-SECTION ANALYSIS:

Section 1. Amends s. 230.23025, F.S., revising the best financial management practices review of school districts in the following manner:

 Provides for a mandatory comprehensive review of each school district, establishing a schedule of specific districts to be reviewed each year, at a rate allowing each district to be reviewed every five years (i.e., in a "continuing five year cycle"). The reviews will no longer be voluntary

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and districts will not choose between a full or partial review. The Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability (OPPAGA) will conduct the review.

- Provides that the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee, the President of the Senate, or the Speaker of the House of Representatives may add up to two reviews in any given year, if such review is deemed necessary to address adverse financial conditions. Provision is also made for the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee to adjust the schedule of reviews in any given year, when unforeseen circumstances have prevented, or would prevent, scheduled reviews from being conducted.
- Provides that the reviews must be fully funded by the Legislature. Districts will no longer contribute part of the estimated cost.
- o Provides a clear statement regarding the purpose and objectives of the review, together with the listing of the 'best practice" areas that must be covered.
- Provides that OPPAGA may conduct the review entirely with their own personnel, or may contract with a private firm, selected through a formal request-for-proposal process, to perform all or part of any review.
- Provides that the OPPAGA review shall be completed within six months of its commencement, and that OPPAGA shall issue its final report on that review within 60 days of that completion. That final report must detail any ways in which the district fails to meet best financial management practices (best practices), and must include an action report on how the district could meet the best practices within two years.
- o Provides that the school district must, within 90 days, vote on whether or not to implement the action plan and pursue a "Seal of Best Financial Management." This seal is awarded by the State Board of Education to any school district that has been found to have successfully implemented the best practices within two years of the issuance of OPPAGA's report. The vote to pursue the seal must be by a majority of the board, plus one (i.e., if the board has seven members, it would take an affirmative vote from five members).
- Any school board, having voted not to implement the action plan and pursue the seal, may still reverse itself and choose to implement the plan and pursue the seal. However, in order to receive the seal, the district must complete successful implementation of the best practices within two years from the date of the issuance of the final report in its initial review.
- A district that that has voted to pursue the seal must submit a status report on its progress, no later than one year from the date of the issuance of the final report. OPPAGA will then assess the district's progress. If the district is found not to have successfully completed implementation of the best practices at that point, they have one more year. At the completion of that second year, the district submits a second status report. OPPAGA again assesses their progress, and may recommend that it be granted the seal. Each time OPPAGA assesses the district's progress, its assessment is issued as a report, and is provided to both the district and the Legislature. If, at any point within two years from the issuance of OPPAGA's final report, OPPAGA concludes that the district has successfully implemented the best practices, the State Board of Education shall issue the district the "Seal of Best Financial Management." OPPAGA has indicated that some of the best financial management practices will be considered more important and given more weight than others, and that "successful" implementation of the best practices does not necessarily require 100% conformance with every practice.
- Once a seal is issued, it is good for five years, or until the next review. A district that has
 received a seal must submit a report each year notifying the Auditor General and the State

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Board of Education of any changes in policies or operations or any other situations that would not conform to the best practices. The State Board of Education may revoke the designation if it determines that the district is no longer complying with the best practices.

o If a school board fails, within 90 days of the receipt of OPPAGA's final report, to vote as to whether it will seek to implement the action plan, school board members may be required to appear before the Legislature to explain their inaction. And, if the school board votes to implement the action plan, but fails to do so within two years from the issuance of the final report by OPPAGA, school board members may be required to appear before the Legislature to explain their failure to implement the action plan.

Sections 2 and 3. Repeal ss. 11.515, and 230.2302, F.S., eliminating the school district performance reviews.

Section 4. Repeals s. 230.23026, F.S., repealing the Florida School District Review Trust Fund. Since school districts will no longer pay part of the cost of reviews, there is no need for this trust fund.

Sections 5-8. Amend ss. 11.51, 230.23027, 233.43, and 235.2197, F.S., making purely technical changes to correct cross references.

Section 9. Provides that the bill shall take effect July 1, 2001.

III. FISCAL ANALYSIS & ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT:

A. FISCAL IMPACT ON STATE GOVERNMENT:

1. Revenues:

None.

2. Expenditures:

In order to review every district every five years, OPPAGA must conduct an average of 13.4 reviews per year. They are authorized to employ such consultants as they deem necessary to conduct all or part of any review. The reviews are to be fully funded by the Legislature, at no expense to the school districts, at an estimated cost of just over 4.1 million per year.

B. FISCAL IMPACT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS:

1. Revenues:

None.

2. Expenditures:

None.

C. DIRECT ECONOMIC IMPACT ON PRIVATE SECTOR:

Private consulting firms chosen by OPPAGA can expect to derive a substantial amount of business in assisting OPPAGA with these reviews.

	D.	D. FISCAL COMMENTS:			
		Providing the services in the best financial manag without requiring the districts to share in the cost of school districts, who currently have to pay part of	of the review, will produce some savings to local		
IV.	CONSEQUENCES OF ARTICLE VII, SECTION 18 OF THE FLORIDA CONSTITUTION:				
	A.	APPLICABILITY OF THE MANDATES PROVISION	1 :		
		This bill does not require counties or municipalities expenditure of funds.	s to spend funds or to take an action requiring the		
	B. REDUCTION OF REVENUE RAISING AUTHORITY:				
	This bill does not reduce the authority that municipalities or counties have to raise revenu aggregate.				
	C. REDUCTION OF STATE TAX SHARED WITH COUNTIES AND MUNICIPALITIES: This bill does not reduce the percentage of a state tax shared with counties or municipalities.				
V.	V. <u>COMMENTS</u> :				
	A.	CONSTITUTIONAL ISSUES:			
		None.			
	В.	RULE-MAKING AUTHORITY:			
		None.			
	C.	OTHER COMMENTS:			
		None.			
VI.	. AMENDMENTS OR COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE CHANGES:				
	Noi	None.			
VII.	. <u>SIGNATURES</u> :				
	COMMITTEE ON GENERAL EDUCATION:				
		Prepared by:	Staff Director:		
	-	Gip Arthur	Ouida Ashworth		

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