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33-277A-01 See HB 31

A bill to be entitled An act relating to the Money Transmitter's Code; amending s. 560.103, F.S.; revising definitions; amending s. 560.111, F.S.; providing penalties for specified violations of the deferred presentment act; amending s. 560.114, F.S.; providing additional grounds for disciplinary action; providing for continuation of certain administrative proceedings under certain circumstances; amending s. 560.118, F.S.; eliminating the authority to assess examination fees; amending s. 560.119, F.S.; revising the deposit of fees and assessments; amending s. 560.205, F.S.; adding a fee for authorized vendor or branch locations; amending s. 560.206, F.S.; amending the registration period; amending s. 560.207, F.S.; conforming and clarifying the fee for late renewals; amending the renewal application fee; amending s. 560.208, F.S.; requiring notification of vendor or branch locations; requiring a nonrefundable fee and financial statement; amending s. 560.307, F.S.; applying the application fee to check cashers and foreign currency exchanges and adding a fee for authorized vendors or branch locations; requiring notification of vendor or branch locations; amending s. 560.308, F.S.; increasing the registration and renewal fee for each registrant; clarifying the fee to be charged for late renewal; creating part IV, ch.

1 560, F.S., consisting of ss. 560.401, 560.402, 560.403, 560.404, 560.405, 560.406, 560.407, 2 3 and 560.408, F.S.; providing a short title; providing definitions; providing registration 4 5 requirements for deferred presentment 6 transactions; providing for filing fees; 7 providing limitations; specifying requirements and limitations for engaging in deferred 8 9 presentment transactions; providing 10 prohibitions; providing for fees; providing 11 limitations; requiring certain notice; specifying criteria and requirements for 12 13 deposit and redemption of a drawer's check; providing procedures for recovering damages for 14 worthless checks; requiring maintenance of 15 records for a time certain; providing 16 17 legislative intent; requiring the Comptroller to submit a report to the President of the 18 19 Senate and the Speaker of the House of 20 Representatives concerning the effectiveness of this act; providing an appropriation; providing 21 effective dates. 22 24 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Paragraph (d) is added to subsection (4) of section 560.103, Florida Statutes, and subsection (10) of that section is amended to read:

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560.103 Definitions.--As used in the code, unless the context otherwise requires:

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1 "Code" means the "Money Transmitters' Code," 2 consisting of: 3 (d) Part IV of this chapter, relating to deferred 4 presentments. 5 (10) "Money transmitter" means any person located in 6 or doing business in this state who acts as a payment 7 instrument seller, foreign currency exchanger, check casher, 8 or funds transmitter, or deferred presentment provider. 9 Section 2. Subsection (4) is added to section 560.111, 10 Florida Statutes, to read: 11 560.111 Prohibited acts and practices.--(4) Any person who is not a registered money 12 transmitter and is not otherwise exempt from this code and who 13 14 violates, or any registered money transmitter who willfully violates, any provision of s. 560.403, s. 560.404, s. 560.405, 15 or s. 560.407 commits a felony of the third degree, punishable 16 17 as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. Section 3. Paragraphs (w) and (x) are added to 18

Section 3. Paragraphs (w) and (x) are added to subsection (1) of section 560.114, Florida Statutes, and subsection (5) is added to that section, to read:

560.114 Disciplinary actions.--

(1) The following actions by a money transmitter or money transmitter-affiliated party are violations of the code and constitute grounds for the issuance of a cease and desist order, the issuance of a removal order, the denial of a registration application or the suspension or revocation of any registration previously issued pursuant to the code, or the taking of any other action within the authority of the department pursuant to the code:

(w) Failure to pay any fee, charge, or fine under the code.

Statutes, is amended to read:

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penalty.--

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

(x) Engaging or advertising engagement in the business

(5) If any registration expires while administrative

Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 560.118, Florida

560.118 Examinations, reports, and internal audits;

money transmitter or authorized vendor by providing not less

authorized vendor. However, if the department suspects that

the money transmitter or authorized vendor has violated any provisions of this code or any criminal laws of this state or

of the United States or is engaging in an unsafe and unsound

practice, the department may, at any time without advance

notice, conduct an examination of all affairs, activities, transactions, accounts, business records, and assets of any

than 15 days' advance notice to the money transmitter or

(1)(a) The department may conduct an examination of a

of a money transmitter without a registration, unless the

charges are still pending against the deferred presentment

provider, the proceedings against the registrant shall

continue as if the registration were still in effect.

person is exempted from the registration requirements of the

money transmitter or any money transmitter-affiliated party for the protection of the public. For the purpose of examinations, the department may administer oaths and examine a money transmitter or any of its affiliated parties

concerning their operations and business activities and

affairs. The department may accept an audit or examination

from any appropriate regulatory agency or from an independent

third party with respect to the operations of a money

31 transmitter or an authorized vendor. The department may also

make a joint or concurrent examination with any state or federal regulatory agency. The department may furnish a copy of all examinations made of such money transmitter or authorized vendor to the money transmitter and any appropriate regulatory agency provided that such agency agrees to abide by the confidentiality provisions as set forth in chapter 119.

- (b) Persons subject to this chapter who are examined shall make available to the department or its examiners the accounts, records, documents, files, information, assets, and matters which are in their immediate possession or control and which relate to the subject of the examination. Those accounts, records, documents, files, information, assets, and matters not in their immediate possession shall be made available to the department or the department's examiners within 10 days after actual notice is served on such persons.
- (c) The audit of a money transmitter required under this section may be performed by an independent third party that has been approved by the department or by a certified public accountant authorized to do business in the United States. The examination of a money transmitter or authorized vendor required under this section may be performed by an independent third party that has been approved by the department or by a certified public accountant authorized to do business in the United States. The cost of such an independent examination or audit shall be directly borne by the money transmitter or authorized vendor.
- (d) The department may recover the costs of a regular examination and supervision of a money transmitter or authorized vendor; however, the department may not recover the costs of more than one examination in any 12-month period unless the department has determined that the money

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transmitter or authorized vendor is operating in an unsafe or unsound or unlawful manner.

(e) The department may, by rule, set a maximum per-day examination cost for a regular examination. Such per-day cost may be less than that required to fully compensate the department for costs associated with the examination. For the purposes of this section, "costs" means the salary and travel expenses directly attributable to the field staff examining the money transmitter or authorized vendor, and the travel expenses of any supervisory staff required as a result of examination findings. Reimbursement for such costs incurred under this subsection must be postmarked no later than 30 days after the date of receipt of a notice stating that such costs are due. The department may levy a late payment penalty of up to \$100 per day or part thereof that a payment is overdue, unless the late payment penalty is excused for good cause. In excusing any such late payment penalty, the department may consider the prior payment history of the money transmitter or authorized vendor.

Section 5. Section 560.119, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

560.119 Deposit of fees and assessments.--The application fees, registration renewal fees, examination fees, late payment penalties, civil penalties, administrative fines, and other fees or penalties provided for in the code shall, in all cases, be paid directly to the department, which shall deposit such proceeds into the Financial Institutions' Regulatory Trust Fund. Each year, the Legislature shall appropriate from the trust fund to the department sufficient moneys to pay the department's costs for administration of the

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code. The Financial Institutions' Regulatory Trust Fund is subject to the service charge imposed pursuant to chapter 215.

Section 6. Subsection (2) of section 560.205, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

560.205 Qualifications of applicant for registration; contents.--

- (2) Each application for registration must be submitted under oath to the department on such forms as the department prescribes by rule and must be accompanied by a nonrefundable application investigation fee. Such fee may not exceed \$500 for each payment instrument seller or funds transmitter and \$50 for each authorized vendor or branch location and may be waived by the department for just cause. The application forms shall set forth such information as the department reasonably requires, including, but not limited to:
- (a) The name and address of the applicant, including any fictitious or trade names used by the applicant in the conduct of its business.
- (b) The history of the applicant's material litigation, criminal convictions, pleas of nolo contendere, and cases of adjudication withheld.
- (c) A description of the activities conducted by the applicant, the applicant's history of operations, and the business activities in which the applicant seeks to engage in this state.
- (d) A list identifying the applicant's proposed authorized vendors in this state, including the location or locations in this state at which the applicant and its authorized vendors propose to conduct registered activities.
- (e) A sample authorized vendor contract, if 31 applicable.

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(f) A sample form of payment instrument, if applicable.

- (g) The name and address of the clearing financial institution or financial institutions through which the applicant's payment instruments will be drawn or through which such payment instruments will be payable.
- (h) Documents revealing that the net worth and bonding requirements specified in s. 560.209 have been or will be fulfilled.

Section 7. Section 560.206, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

560.206 Investigation of applicants. -- Upon the filing of a properly completed application, accompanied by the nonrefundable application fee and other required documents, the department shall investigate to ascertain whether the qualifications and requirements prescribed by this part have been met. If the department finds that the applicant meets such qualifications and requirements, the department shall issue the applicant a registration to engage in the business of selling payment instruments and transmitting funds in this state. Any registration issued under this part shall remain effective through April 30 of the second year following the date of issuance of the registration, not to exceed 24 months, unless during such period the registration is in effect through April 30 next following its date of issuance unless otherwise specified by the department or earlier surrendered, suspended, or revoked.

Section 8. Section 560.207, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

560.207 Renewal of registration; registration fee.--

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- (1) Registration may be renewed for a 24-month period or the remainder of any such period without proration following the date of its expiration, upon the filing with the department of an application and other statements and documents as may reasonably be required of registrants by the department. However, the registrant must remain qualified for such registration under the provisions of this part.
- (2) All registration renewal applications shall be accompanied by a renewal fee not to exceed \$1,000, unless such fee is waived by the department. All renewal applications must be filed on or after January 1 of the year in which the existing registration expires, but before March 31. If the renewal application is filed prior to the expiration date of an existing registration, no late investigation fee shall be paid in connection with such renewal application. If the renewal application is filed within 60 days after the expiration date of an existing registration, then, in addition to the \$1,000 renewal fee, the renewal application shall be accompanied by a nonrefundable late fee of \$500 investigation fee pursuant to s. 560.205(2). If the registrant has not filed a renewal application within 60 days after the expiration date of an existing registration, a new application shall be filed with the department pursuant to s. 560.205.
- (3) Every registration renewal application shall also include a 2-year registration fee of \$50 for each location operating within this state or, at the option of the registrant, a total 2-year fee of \$20,000 \$5,000 may be paid to register all such locations operating within this state.

Section 9. Section 560.208, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

560.208 Conduct of business.--

(1) A registrant may conduct its business at one or more locations within this state through branches or by means of authorized vendors, as designated by the registrant.

(2) Each registrant shall notify the department, within 60 days after the date of designation by the registrant, of each authorized vendor or branch location.

Such notification shall be accompanied by a nonrefundable \$50 fee for each authorized vendor or branch location. Each notification shall also be accompanied by a financial statement demonstrating compliance with s. 560.209(1), unless compliance is demonstrated by the quarterly report filed in compliance with s. 560.118(2). This section shall not apply to any authorized vendor or branch location that has been designated by the registrant before the effective date of this provision.

Section 10. Section 560.307, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

560.307 Fees.--

- (1) The application shall be filed together with a nonrefundable application investigation fee that shall be established by department rule; however, the application investigation fee may not exceed \$250 for each check casher or foreign currency exchanger and \$50 for each authorized vendor or branch location. Such investigation fee shall satisfy the fee requirement for the first year of registration or the remaining part thereof.
- (2) Each registrant shall notify the department, within 60 days after the date of designation by the registrant, of each authorized vendor or branch location. Such notification shall be accompanied by a nonrefundable \$50 fee for each authorized vendor or branch location. This section

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shall not apply to any authorized vendor or branch location that has been designated by the registrant before the effective date of this provision.

Section 11. Section 560.308, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

560.308 Registration terms; renewal; renewal fees.--

- (1) Registration pursuant to this part shall remain effective through the remainder of the second calendar year following its date of issuance unless during such calendar year the registration is surrendered, suspended, or revoked.
- (2) The department shall renew registration upon receipt of a completed renewal form and payment of a nonrefundable renewal fee, as provided by rule, not to exceed \$500. The completed renewal form and payment of the renewal fee shall occur on or after June 1 of the year in which the existing registration expires.
- (3) In addition to the renewal fee required by subsection (2), each registrant must register and pay a \$50 registration fee for each location, including any authorized vendors, operating within this state or, at the option of the registrant, a total 2-year fee of\$20,000\$5,000 may be paid to register all such operating locations within this state.
- (4) Registration that is not renewed on or before the expiration date of the registration period automatically expires. A renewal application and fee, and a late fee of \$250 an investigation fee pursuant to s. 560.307, must be filed within 60 calendar days after the expiration of an existing registration in order for the registration to before registration may be reinstated.
- Section 12. Part IV of chapter 560, Florida Statutes, 31 consisting of sections 560.401, 560.402, 560.403, 560.404,

560.405, 560.406, 560.407, and 560.408, Florida Statutes, is 2 created to read: 3 PART IV 4 DEFERRED PRESENTMENT 5 Short title. -- This part may be cited as the 560.401 6 "Deferred Presentment Act." 7 560.402 Definitions.--In addition to the definitions 8 provided in ss. 560.103, 560.202, and 560.302 and unless otherwise clearly indicated by the context, for purposes of 9 10 this part: 11 (1) "Affiliate" means a person who directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries controls or is 12 controlled by, or is under common control with, a deferred 13 14 presentment provider. "Amount financed" means the total amount of credit 15 provided to the drawer by the deferred presentment provider. 16 17 "Business day" means the hours during a particular 18 day during which a deferred presentment provider customarily 19 conducts business, not to exceed 15 consecutive hours during 20 that day. "Days" means calendar days. 21 (4)"Deferment period" means the number of days a 22 (5) deferred presentment provider agrees to defer depositing or 23 24 presenting a payment instrument. A deferment period may not 25 exceed 31 days. "Deferred presentment provider" means a person who 26 27 engages in a deferred presentment transaction and is 28 registered under part II or part III of the code and has filed 29 a declaration of intent with the department. 30 (7) "Deferred presentment transaction" means providing

currency or a payment instrument in exchange for a person's

check and agreeing to hold that person's check for a period of time prior to presentment, deposit, or redemption.

- (8) "Drawer" means any person who writes a personal check and upon whose account the check is drawn.
- (9) "Rollover" means the termination of an existing deferred presentment agreement solely by the payment of fees then due the deferred presentment provider and the continued holding of the check or the substitution of a new check drawn by the drawer pursuant to a new deferred presentment agreement.
- (10) "Fee" means the fee authorized for the deferral of the presentation of a check pursuant to this part.
- (11) "Termination of an existing deferred presentment agreement" occurs when the check that is the basis for the agreement is presented for payment, is deposited, or is redeemed by the drawer by payment in full in cash or a cash equivalent to the deferred presentment provider.
- 560.403 Requirements of registration; declaration of intent.--
- (1) No person shall engage in a deferred presentment transaction unless the person is registered under the provisions of part II or part III and has on file with the department a declaration of intent to engage in deferred presentment transactions. The declaration of intent shall be under oath and on such form as the department prescribes by rule. The declaration of intent shall be filed together with a nonrefundable filing fee of \$1,000. Any person who is registered under part II or part III on the effective date of this act and intends to engage in deferred presentment transactions shall have 60 days after the effective date of this act to file a declaration of intent.

- (2) A registrant under this part shall renew his or her intent to engage in the business of deferred presentment transactions or to act as a deferred presentment provider upon renewing his or her registration under part II or part III and shall do so by indicating his or her intent on the renewal form and by submitting a nonrefundable deferred presentment provider renewal fee of \$1,000, in addition to any fees required for renewal of registration under part II or part III.
- (3) A registrant under this part who fails to timely renew his or her intent to engage in the business of deferred presentment transactions or to act as a deferred presentment provider shall immediately cease to engage in the business of deferred presentment transactions or to act as a deferred presentment provider.
- (4) The license of a registrant under this part who fails to timely renew his or her intent to engage in the business of deferred presentment transactions or to act as a deferred presentment provider on or before the expiration date of the registration period automatically expires. A renewal declaration of intent and fee, and a late fee of \$500, must be filed within 60 calendar days after the expiration of an existing registration in order for the declaration of intent to be reinstated. If the registrant has not filed a renewal declaration of intent within 60 days after the expiration date of an existing registration, a new declaration must be filed with the department.
- (5) No person shall be exempt from registration and declaration if such person engages in deferred presentment transactions, regardless of whether such person is currently exempt from registration under any provision of this code.

1	(6) Every deferred presentment transaction shall be
2	documented in a written agreement signed by both the deferred
3	presentment provider and the drawer.
4	(7) The deferred presentment transaction agreement
5	shall be executed on the day the deferred presentment provider
6	furnishes currency or a payment instrument to the drawer.
7	(8) Each written agreement shall contain:
8	(a) The name or trade name, address, and telephone
9	number of the deferred presentment provider and the name and
10	title of the person who signs the agreement on behalf of the
11	deferred presentment provider.
12	(b) The date the deferred presentment transaction was
13	made.
14	(c) The amount of the drawer's check.
15	(d) The length of deferral period.
16	(e) The address and telephone number of the
17	department.
18	(f) A clear description of the drawer's payment
19	obligations under the deferred presentment transaction.
20	(9) Every deferred presentment provider shall furnish
21	to the drawer a copy of the deferred presentment transaction
22	agreement.
23	(10) No deferred presentment provider shall require a
24	person to provide any additional security for the deferred
25	presentment transaction or any extension or require a person
26	to provide any additional guaranty from another person.
27	(11) A deferred presentment provider shall not include
28	any of the following provisions in any written agreement:
29	(a) A hold harmless clause;
30	(b) A confession of judgment clause;
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1 (c) Any assignment of or order for payment of wages or other compensation for services; 2 3 (d) A provision in which the drawer agrees not to assert any claim or defense arising out of the agreement; or 4 5 (e) A waiver of any provision of this part. 6 560.404 Rules.--A person may engage in deferred 7 presentment transactions, subject to the following: 8 No deferred presentment provider shall charge fees 9 in excess of 10 percent of the amount financed. However, a verification fee may be charged in accordance with s. 10 11 560.309(4) and the rules adopted pursuant to the code. (2) Each deferred presentment provider shall 12 immediately provide the drawer with the full amount of any 13 check to be held, less only the fees permitted under this 14 section. However, no deferred presentment provider shall 15 provide a drawer with the face amount of the check to be held. 16 17 The deferred presentment agreement and drawer's check shall bear the same date, and the number of days shall 18 19 be calculated from this date. No deferred presentment provider or person may alter or delete the date on any written 20 21 agreement or check held by the deferred presentment provider. 22 (4) For each deferred presentment transaction, the deferred presentment provider must comply with the disclosure 23 requirements of 12 C.F.R., Part 226, the federal 24 Truth-in-Lending Act, and Regulation Z of the Board of 25 Governors of the Federal Reserve Board. A copy of the 26 27 disclosure must be provided to the drawer at the time the deferred presentment transaction is initiated. 28 29 (5) No deferred presentment provider may accept or 30 hold an undated check or a check dated on a date other than

 $\underline{\text{hold the check and signed the deferred presentment transaction}}$ agreement.

- (6) No deferred presentment agreement shall be for a term in excess of 21 days or less than 14 days.
- (7) Every deferred presentment provider shall hold the drawer's check for the agreed number of days, unless the drawer chooses to redeem the check before the agreed presentment date.
- (8) The fees authorized by this section may not be collected before the drawer's check is presented or redeemed.
- (9) Proceeds in a deferred presentment transaction may be made to the drawer in the form of the deferred presentment provider's business check or money order if the deferred presentment provider is registered under part II; however, no additional fee may be charged by a deferred presentment provider for issuing or cashing the deferred presentment provider's check.
- (10) No deferred presentment provider may engage in the rollover of any deferred presentment agreement. Two business days after the termination of an existing deferred presentment agreement, the drawer may enter into a separate deferred presentment agreement with the same deferred presentment provider or its affiliate. A deferred presentment provider shall not redeem, extend, or otherwise consolidate a deferred presentment agreement with the proceeds of another deferred presentment transaction made by the same or an affiliated deferred presentment provider.
- (11) The face amount of a check taken for deferred presentment may not exceed \$500 exclusive of the fees allowed by this part.

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1 (12) No deferred presentment provider or affiliate may have outstanding more than one check from any one drawer at 2 3 any one time, nor may the face value of any outstanding check from any one drawer payable to any deferred presentment 4 5 provider or its affiliate exceed \$500, exclusive of the fees 6 allowed by this part. A deferred presentment provider shall maintain a common database for the purpose of verifying 7 8 whether that deferred presentment provider or an affiliate has outstanding more than one check from any one drawer at any 9 10 time. A deferred presentment provider shall not use any device 11 or agreement, including, but not limited to, agreements with or referrals to other deferred presentment providers, to 12 13 obtain greater fees. (13) A deferred presentment provider shall provide a 14 15 notice in a prominent place on each deferred presentment agreement in at least 16-point type in substantially the 16 17 following form: 18 19 NOTICE 20 YOU CANNOT BE PROSECUTED IN CRIMINAL COURT FOR A CHECK 21 WRITTEN UNDER THIS AGREEMENT, BUT ALL LEGALLY AVAILABLE CIVIL MEANS TO ENFORCE THE DEBT MAY BE PURSUED AGAINST YOU. 22 STATE LAW PROHIBITS A REGISTRANT FROM ALLOWING YOU TO 23 24 ROLL OVER YOUR DEFERRED PRESENTMENT TRANSACTION WITH THE REGISTRANT. THIS MEANS THAT YOU CANNOT BE ASKED OR 25

DEPOSIT OR PRESENTMENT OF YOUR CHECK FOR PAYMENT.

STATE LAW PROHIBITS THIS REGISTRANT FROM ENTERING INTO ANOTHER

DEFERRED PRESENTMENT TRANSACTION WITH YOU UNTIL AT LEAST

48 HOURS AFTER THE CLOSING OF THIS TRANSACTION.

STATE LAW PROHIBITS YOU FROM HAVING MORE THAN 1 DEFERRED

REQUIRED TO PAY AN ADDITIONAL FEE IN ORDER TO FURTHER DELAY THE

1 PRESENTMENT AGREEMENT WITH THIS DEFERRED PRESENTMENT PROVIDER 2 OR AN AFFILIATE TOTALING MORE THAN \$500, 3 EXCLUSIVE OF FEES, OUTSTANDING AT ANY TIME. FAILURE TO OBEY THIS LAW COULD CREATE SEVERE FINANCIAL 4 5 HARDSHIP FOR YOU AND YOUR FAMILY. 6 (14) A deferred presentment provider shall charge only 7 those fees specifically authorized in this section. 8 (15) If, at the end of the deferment period, the 9 drawer cannot redeem or pay in full in cash the amount due and owing the deferred presentment provider, or if there are 10 11 insufficient available funds in the drawer's account, the deferred presentment provider shall not deposit or present for 12 payment a check being held for deferred presentment before the 13 expiration of 60 days from the date of the deferred 14 presentment agreement. The deferred presentment provider may 15 rely upon the representation of the drawer as to the 16 17 sufficiency of funds in the drawer's account. No additional fees or penalties shall be imposed on the drawer by virtue of 18 19 any misrepresentation made by the drawer as to the sufficiency of funds in the drawer's account. In no event shall any 20 21 additional fees be added to the amounts due and owing to the deferred presentment provider. 22 560.405 Deposit; redemption.--23 24 (1) The deferred presentment provider shall not present the drawer's check prior to the agreed-upon date of 25 26 presentment, as reflected in the deferred presentment 27 transaction agreement. 28 (2) Before a deferred presentment provider presents 29 the drawer's check, the check shall be endorsed with the 30 actual name under which the deferred presentment provider is doing business. 31

1 (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1), in lieu of presentment, a deferred presentment provider may 2 3 allow the check to be redeemed at any time upon payment to the deferred presentment provider in the amount of the face amount 4 5 of the drawer's check. However, payment may not be made in the 6 form of a personal check. Upon redemption, the deferred 7 presentment provider shall return the drawer's check that was 8 being held and provide a signed, dated receipt showing that 9 the drawer's check has been redeemed. 10 (4) No drawer can be required to redeem his or her 11 check prior to the agreed-upon date, unless the drawer chooses to redeem the check before the agreed-upon presentment date. 12 560.406 Worthless checks.--If a check is returned to a 13 deferred presentment provider from a payor financial 14 institution due to lack of funds, a closed account, or a 15 stop-payment order, the deferred presentment provider may seek 16 collection pursuant to s. 68.065, except a deferred 17 presentment provider shall not be entitled to collect treble 18 19 damages pursuant s. 68.065. The notice sent by a deferred deposit provider pursuant to s. 68.065 shall not include any 20 references to treble damages and must clearly state that the 21 deferred presentment provider is not entitled to recover such 22 damages. Except as otherwise provided in this part, an 23 24 individual who issues a personal check to a deferred presentment provider under a deferred presentment agreement is 25 not subject to criminal penalty. If a check is returned to a 26 27 deferred presentment provider from a payor financial institution due to insufficient funds, a closed account, or a 28 29 stop-payment order, the deferred presentment provider may 30 pursue all legally available civil remedies to collect the

check, including, but not limited to, the imposition of all

charges imposed on the deferred presentment provider by any financial institution. In its collection practices, a deferred presentment provider shall comply with the prohibitions against harassment or abuse, false or misleading representations, and unfair practices, which are contained in ss. 806, 807, and 808 of the Fair Debt Collections Practices Act, 15 U.S.C. ss. 1692d, 1692e, 1692f. A violation of this act is a deceptive and unfair trade practice and constitutes a violation of the Deceptive and Unfair Trade Practices Act, part II, of chapter 501. In addition, a deferred presentment provider shall comply with the applicable provisions of part VI of chapter 559, the Consumer Collection Practices Act, including, but not limited to, the provisions of s. 559.77.

- (1) Each registrant under this part must maintain all books, accounts, records, and documents necessary to determine the registrant's compliance with the provisions of the code.

 Such books, accounts, records, and documents shall be retained for a period of at least 3 years unless a longer period is expressly required by the department, the laws of this state, or any federal law.
- (2) The records required to be maintained by the code or any rule adopted pursuant thereto may be maintained by the registrant at any location within this state, provided that the registrant notifies the department, in writing, of the location of the records in its application or otherwise.
- (3) A registrant shall make records available to the department for examination and investigation in this state, as permitted by the code, within 7 days after receipt of a written request.

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1 (4) The original of any record of a registrant includes the data or other information comprising a record 2 3 stored or transmitted in or by means of any electronic, computerized, mechanized, or other information storage or 4 5 retrieval or transmission system or device that can upon 6 request generate, regenerate, or transmit the precise data or 7 other information comprising the record. An original also 8 includes the visible data or other information so generated, 9 regenerated, or transmitted if it is legible or can be made 10 legible by enlargement or other process. 11 560.408 Legislative intent; report.--(1) It is the intent of the Legislature to provide for 12 the regulation of deferred presentment transactions. It is 13 further the intent of the Legislature to prevent fraud, abuse, 14 and other unlawful activity associated with deferred 15 presentment transactions in part by: 16 17 (a) Providing for sufficient regulatory authority and resources to monitor deferred presentment transactions. 18 19 (b) Preventing rollovers. (c) Regulating the allowable fees charged in 20 21 connection with a deferred presentment transaction. 22 The Comptroller shall submit a report to the (2) President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of 23 Representatives on January 1, 2003, and January 1, 2004, 24 containing findings and conclusions concerning the 25 effectiveness of this act in preventing fraud, abuse, and 26 27 other unlawful activity associated with deferred presentment transactions. The report may contain legislative 28

recommendations addressing the prevention of fraud, abuse, and

other unlawful activity associated with deferred presentment

transactions. Prior to filing the report, the Comptroller

shall consult with the Attorney General for the purpose of including any recommendations or concerns expressed by the Attorney General. Section 13. Effective July 1, 2001, the sum of \$150,000 is appropriated from the Regulatory Trust Fund of the Department of Banking and Finance to the department for fiscal year 2001-2002 to fund three positions for the purpose of administering the provisions of the Deferred Presentment Act. Section 14. Except as otherwise provided in this act, this act shall take effect October 1, 2001. ************ LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY Amends various provisions of the Money Transmitter's Code to revise registration, fee, disciplinary action, and penalty provisions. Creates pt. IV of ch. 560, F.S., as the "Deferred Presentment Act." Regulates transactions whereby a check is cashed by a person licensed to cash payment instruments or exchange foreign currency and provides that, by mutual agreement between such person and the maker of the check, its presentment or negotiation is deferred for a limited period of time. Provides that a deferred presentment transaction is not a loan. Provides requirements, limitations, and proscriptions for registering as a deferred presentment provider and for engaging in deferred presentment transactions. (See bill for details.) Amends various provisions of the Money Transmitter's Code