Florida Senate - 2001

By Senator Mitchell

	4-159B-01
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to prescription drugs; creating
3	the "Prescription Drug Fair Pricing Act";
4	providing legislative findings and purpose;
5	providing definitions; creating the
б	Reduced-Cost Prescription Program within the
7	Agency for Health Care Administration;
8	requiring drug manufacturers and labelers that
9	sell prescription drugs through any
10	state-funded program to enter into a rebate
11	agreement with the agency and make certain
12	rebate payments to state agencies; requiring
13	that the Secretary of Health Care
14	Administration negotiate the amount of the
15	rebate; requiring retail pharmacies to provide
16	a discount for drugs covered by the program and
17	sold to program participants; requiring that
18	the agency establish the discounted prices;
19	providing program eligibility for state
20	residents who do not have coverage for
21	prescription drugs under any health insurance
22	plan or public program; providing for an annual
23	enrollment fee; requiring retail pharmacies to
24	disclose the amount of savings to program
25	participants; requiring that the agency
26	reimburse retail pharmacies for discounted
27	prices; providing a procedure for resolving any
28	discrepancy in the rebate amount; requiring
29	that the agency annually report to the
30	Legislature on the Reduced-Cost Prescription
31	Program; providing rulemaking authority;

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1	authorizing the agency to apply for federal
2	waivers necessary to administer the program;
3	providing an appropriation; providing an
4	effective date.
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6	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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8	Section 1. Prescription Drug Fair Pricing Act
9	(1) SHORT TITLE This section may be cited as the
10	"Prescription Drug Fair Pricing Act."
11	(2) FINDINGS AND PURPOSE
12	(a) The Legislature finds that:
13	1. Uninsured residents of this state pay excessive
14	prices for prescription drugs. In many cases, excessive drug
15	prices deny residents access to medically necessary health
16	care, and thereby threaten their health and safety. Many
17	residents are admitted to or treated at hospitals each year
18	because they cannot afford drugs prescribed for them that
19	could have prevented the need for hospitalization. Many others
20	must enter expensive institutional care settings because they
21	cannot afford the necessary prescription drugs that could have
22	supported them outside of an institution. All residents of
23	this state are threatened by the possibility that when they
24	need medically necessary prescription drugs most, they may be
25	unable to afford their doctor's recommended treatment.
26	2. Residents of this state and other Americans pay the
27	highest prices in the world for prescription drugs, prices
28	that result in extremely high profits for drug companies.
29	Excessive pricing for prescription drugs undermines the
30	economy of this state by diminishing the ability of its
31	residents to contribute as employees and employers.
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1 (b) The purpose of this section is to make prescription drugs more affordable for state residents, 2 3 thereby increasing the overall health of our families; benefiting employers, employees, and the fiscal strength of 4 5 our society; promoting healthy communities; and improving the б public health and welfare. 7 (3) DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section, the term: 8 (a) "Agency" means the Agency for Health Care 9 Administration. 10 (b) "Labeler" means a person or entity that receives 11 prescription drugs from a manufacturer or wholesaler and repackages those drugs for later retail sale and that has a 12 labeler code from the Federal Food and Drug Administration 13 under section 207.20 of Title 21 of the Code of Federal 14 15 Regulations. "Manufacturer" means a manufacturer of 16 (C) prescription drugs and includes a subsidiary or affiliate of a 17 18 manufacturer. 19 (d) "Retail pharmacy" means a business that is licensed to dispense prescription drugs in this state and that 20 21 dispenses drugs covered by a rebate agreement under the 22 Reduced-Cost Prescription Program. 23 "Secretary" means the Secretary of Health Care (e) 24 Administration or the secretary's designee. (4) REDUCED-COST PRESCRIPTION PROGRAM.--25 The Reduced-Cost Prescription Program is 26 (a) 27 established within the agency to provide discounted prescription drug prices to uninsured residents of this state. 28 29 (b) Any drug manufacturer or labeler that sells 30 prescription drugs in this state through any program funded or operated by the state shall enter into a rebate agreement with 31

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1 the agency for the Reduced-Cost Prescription Program. The rebate agreement must require the manufacturer or labeler to 2 3 make rebate payments to the appropriate state agency each calendar quarter according to a schedule established by the 4 5 department. б (c) The secretary shall negotiate the amount of the 7 rebate required from a manufacturer or labeler in accordance 8 with this subsection. 9 The secretary shall take into consideration the 1. 10 rebate calculated under the Medicaid Rebate Program pursuant 11 to section 1396r-8 of Title 42 of the United States Code, the average wholesale price of prescription drugs, and any other 12 information with respect to prescription drug prices and price 13 14 discounts. 2. The secretary shall use his or her best efforts to 15 obtain an initial rebate amount equal to or greater than the 16 17 rebate calculated under the Medicaid program pursuant to section 1396r-8 of Title 42 of the United States Code. 18 19 3. With respect to the rebate taking effect no later than July 1, 2002, the secretary shall use his or her best 20 efforts to obtain an amount equal to or greater than the 21 22 amount of any discount, rebate, or price reduction for prescription drugs provided to the Federal Government. 23 24 (d) A retail pharmacy shall discount the price of 25 drugs covered by the Reduced-Cost Prescription Program and 26 sold to program participants. 27 The agency shall establish discounted prices for 1. drugs covered by a rebate agreement and shall promote the use 28 29 of efficacious and reduced-cost drugs, taking into 30 consideration reduced prices for state and federally capped 31

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1 drug programs, differential dispensing fees, administrative 2 overhead, and incentive payments. 3 2. Beginning January 1, 2002, a retail pharmacy shall offer prescription drugs at or below the average wholesale 4 5 price, minus 6 percent, plus the dispensing fee provided under б the state Medicaid program. These initial price levels shall 7 be specified by the secretary. The average wholesale price is 8 the wholesale price charged on a specific commodity that is 9 assigned by the drug manufacturer and is listed in a 10 nationally recognized drug-pricing file. 11 3. No later than July 1, 2002, a retail pharmacy shall offer prescription drugs at or below the initial price levels 12 specified in subparagraph 2., minus the amount of any rebate 13 paid by the state to the retail pharmacy, plus the dispensing 14 fee provided under the state Medicaid program. The secretary 15 shall specify the discounted price levels. In determining the 16 17 discounted price levels, the secretary shall consider an average of all rebates weighted by sales of drugs subject to 18 19 these rebates over the most recent 12-month period for which the information is available. 20 21 (e)1. Any resident of the state who does not have 22 coverage for prescription drugs under any health insurance plan or under any public program may participate in the 23 Reduced-Cost Prescription Program. The agency shall establish 24 simplified procedures for determining eligibility and issuing 25 26 enrollment cards to eligible residents. The agency shall 27 undertake outreach efforts to build public awareness of the program and maximize enrollment by eligible residents. The 28 29 agency may adjust the requirements and terms of the 30 Reduced-Cost Prescription Program to accommodate any new 31 federally funded prescription drug programs. 5

1	2. Each fiscal year, the agency shall establish an
2	annual enrollment fee for the Reduced-Cost Prescription
3	Program, which may not exceed \$50. An eligible resident must
4	pay the enrollment fee before enrolling in the program.
5	(f)1. The agency shall adopt rules requiring that
б	retail pharmacies disclose to program participants the amount
7	of savings provided as a result of the program. The rules
8	shall protect proprietary information.
9	2. The agency may not impose transaction charges on
10	retail pharmacies that submit claims or receive payments under
11	the Reduced-Cost Prescription Program.
12	3. A retail pharmacy shall submit claims to the agency
13	to verify the amount charged to program participants.
14	4. On a weekly or biweekly basis, the agency shall
15	reimburse a retail pharmacy for discounted prices provided to
16	program participants.
17	5. The agency shall collect from the retail pharmacy
18	any data that is necessary to calculate the amount of the
19	rebate from the manufacturer or labeler. The agency shall
20	protect the confidentiality of all information subject to
21	confidentiality protection under state or federal law or rule.
22	(g) The name of any manufacturer or labeler that does
23	not enter into a rebate agreement as provided in paragraph
24	(4)(c) is public information and the department shall release
25	this information to the public. The agency shall impose
26	requirements for prior authorization under the Medicaid
27	program, as permitted by law, for dispensing prescription
28	drugs provided by a manufacturer or labeler that does not
29	enter into a rebate agreement.
30	(h) Any discrepancy in the rebate amount must be
31	resolved as provided in this paragraph.

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1	1. If there is a discrepancy in the manufacturer's or
2	labeler's favor between the amount claimed by a pharmacy and
3	the amount rebated by the manufacturer or labeler, the agency,
4	at the agency's expense, may hire a mutually agreed-upon
5	independent auditor. If a discrepancy exists following the
6	audit, the manufacturer or labeler shall justify the reason
7	for the discrepancy or make payment to the agency for any
8	additional amount due.
9	2. If there is a discrepancy against the interest of
10	the manufacturer or labeler in the information provided by the
11	agency to the manufacturer or labeler regarding the
12	manufacturer's or labeler's rebate, the manufacturer or
13	labeler, at the manufacturer's or labeler's expense, may hire
14	a mutually agreed-upon independent auditor to verify the
15	accuracy of the data supplied to the agency. If a discrepancy
16	exists following the audit, the agency shall justify the
17	reason for the discrepancy or refund to the manufacturer any
18	excess payment made by the manufacturer or labeler.
19	3. Following the procedures established in
20	subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2., the agency or the
21	manufacturer or labeler may request a hearing. Supporting
22	documentation must accompany the request for a hearing.
23	(i) By January 15 of each year, the agency shall
24	submit a report to the Legislature on the enrollment and
25	financial status of the Reduced-Cost Prescription Program.
26	(j) In administering this section, the agency may
27	coordinate with other governmental programs and may take
28	actions to enhance efficiency, reduce the cost of prescription
29	drugs, and maximize the benefits of this and other
30	governmental programs, including providing the benefits of the
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1 Reduced-Cost Prescription Program to the beneficiaries of 2 other programs. 3 The agency may adopt rules for administering this (k) 4 <u>pro</u>gram. 5 The agency may apply for any waiver of federal law (1) 6 or rule which is necessary to administer this program. 7 Section 2. (1) The sum of \$115,451,530 is 8 appropriated from the Grants and Donations Trust Fund in the 9 Agency for Health Care Administration for the purpose of 10 paying the administrative costs and meeting the cash-flow 11 requirements of the Reduced-Cost Prescription Program during 12 the 2001-2002 fiscal year. (2) The annual enrollment fee for participants in the 13 14 Reduced-Cost Prescription Program for the 2001-2002 fiscal 15 year is \$36. 16 Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2001. 17 18 19 SENATE SUMMARY Creates the "Prescription Drug Fair Pricing Act." Establishes the Reduced-Cost Prescription Program within the Agency for Health Care Administration. Requires drug manufacturers and labelers that sell prescription drugs 20 21 manufacturers and labelers that sell prescription drugs through state programs to pay certain rebates to those programs. Provides for the Secretary of Health Care Administration to negotiate the rebate amounts. Requires that retail pharmacies provide a discount for drugs that are covered under the program and sold to program participants. Provides for program eligibility for state residents who do not have coverage for prescription drugs under any health insurance plan or public program. Requires participants in the program to pay an annual enrollment fee, which may not exceed \$50. Requires that the agency reimburse retail pharmacies for discounted prices. Requires that the agency report to the 22 23 24 25 26 27 prices. Requires that the agency report to the Legislature on the Reduced-Cost Prescription Program. (See bill for details.) 28 29 30 31 8