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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to health care; providing an appropriation for a feasibility study relating to outsourcing specified functions of the Board of Dentistry; amending s. 409.8177, F.S.; requiring the agency to contract for an evaluation of the Florida Kidcare program; amending s. 409.904, F.S.; revising provisions governing optional payments for medical assistance and related services; amending s. 409.905, F.S.; providing additional criteria for the agency to adjust a hospital's inpatient per diem rate for Medicaid; amending s. 409.906, F.S.; authorizing the agency to make payments for specified services which are optional under Title XIX of the Social Security Act; amending s. 409.912, F.S.; revising provisions governing the purchase of goods and services for Medicaid recipients; providing for quarterly reports to the Governor and presiding officers of the Legislature; amending s. 409.9116, F.S.; revising the disproportionate share/financial assistance program for rural hospitals; amending s. 409.9122, F.S.; revising provisions governing mandatory Medicaid managed care enrollment; amending s. 499.012, F.S.; redefining the term "wholesale distribution" with respect to regulation of distribution of prescription drugs; requiring the Agency for Health Care Administration to conduct a study of health care services provided to medically

1 fragile or medical-technology-dependent 2 children; requiring the Agency for Health Care 3 Administration to conduct a pilot program for a 4 subacute pediatric transitional care center; 5 requiring background screening of center 6 personnel; requiring the agency to amend the 7 Medicaid state plan and seek federal waivers as necessary; requiring the center to have an 8 9 advisory board; providing for membership on the advisory board; providing requirements for the 10 admission, transfer, and discharge of a child 11 12 to the center; requiring the agency to submit certain reports to the Legislature; providing 13 14 guidelines for the agency to distribute disproportionate share funds during the 15 2002-2003 fiscal year; authorizing the Agency 16 for Health Care Administration to conduct a 17 pilot project on overnight stays in an 18 19 ambulatory surgical center; amending s. 624.91, 20 F.S.; revising duties of the Florida Healthy 21 Kids Corporation with respect to annual determination of participation in the Healthy 22 23 Kids Program; prescribing duties of the corporation in establishing local match 24 25 requirements; revising the composition of the 26 board of directors; providing an effective date. 27

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 409.8177, Florida Statutes, is 1 amended to read: 3 409.8177 Program evaluation.--

(1) The agency, in consultation with the Department of Health, the Department of Children and Family Services, and the Florida Healthy Kids Corporation, shall contract for an evaluation of the Florida Kidcare program and shall by January 1 of each year submit to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives a report of the Florida Kidcare program. In addition to the items specified under s. 2108 of Title XXI of the Social Security Act, the report shall include an assessment of crowd-out and access to health care, as well as the following:

(a)(1) An assessment of the operation of the program, including the progress made in reducing the number of uncovered low-income children.

(b) (2) An assessment of the effectiveness in increasing the number of children with creditable health coverage, including an assessment of the impact of outreach.

(c) (c) (3) The characteristics of the children and families assisted under the program, including ages of the children, family income, and access to or coverage by other health insurance prior to the program and after disenrollment from the program.

(d)(4) The quality of health coverage provided, including the types of benefits provided.

(e) The amount and level, including payment of part or all of any premium, of assistance provided.

(f) (6) The average length of coverage of a child under the program.

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 $\underline{(g)(7)}$ The program's choice of health benefits coverage and other methods used for providing child health assistance.

 $\underline{\text{(h)}}$ (8) The sources of nonfederal funding used in the program.

 $\underline{(i)}$ An assessment of the effectiveness of Medikids, Children's Medical Services network, and other public and private programs in the state in increasing the availability of affordable quality health insurance and health care for children.

 $\underline{(j)}$ (10) A review and assessment of state activities to coordinate the program with other public and private programs.

 $\underline{\text{(k)}(11)}$ An analysis of changes and trends in the state that affect the provision of health insurance and health care to children.

 $\underline{(1)}\overline{(12)}$ A description of any plans the state has for improving the availability of health insurance and health care for children.

 $\underline{\text{(m)}}$ (13) Recommendations for improving the program.

(n) (14) Other studies as necessary.

(2) The agency shall also submit each month to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives a report of enrollment for each program component of the Florida Kidcare program.

Section 2. Effective July 1, 2002, subsection (2) of section 409.904, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 2 of chapter 2001-377, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:

409.904 Optional payments for eligible persons.—The agency may make payments for medical assistance and related services on behalf of the following persons who are determined to be eligible subject to the income, assets, and categorical

eligibility tests set forth in federal and state law. Payment on behalf of these Medicaid eligible persons is subject to the availability of moneys and any limitations established by the General Appropriations Act or chapter 216.

(2)(a) A family, a pregnant woman, a child under age
19 who would otherwise qualify for Florida Kidcare Medicaid, a
child up to age 21 who would otherwise qualify under s.
409.903(1), a person age 65 or over, or a blind or disabled
person who would otherwise be eligible for Florida Medicaid,
except that the income or assets of such family or person
exceed established limitations. A pregnant woman who would
otherwise qualify for Medicaid under s. 409.903(5) except for
her level of income and whose assets fall within the limits
established by the Department of Children and Family Services
for the medically needy. A pregnant woman who applies for
medically needy eligibility may not be made presumptively
eligible.

(b) A child under age 21 who would otherwise qualify for Medicaid or the Florida Kidcare program except for the family's level of income and whose assets fall within the limits established by the Department of Children and Family Services for the medically needy.

For a <u>family or</u> person in this group, medical expenses are deductible from income in accordance with federal requirements in order to make a determination of eligibility. <u>Expenses used to meet spend-down liability are not reimbursable by Medicaid.</u>

The medically-needy income levels in effect on July 1, 2001, are increased by \$270 effective July 1, 2002. A family or person in this group, which group is known as the "medically needy," is eligible to receive the same services as other

Medicaid recipients, with the exception of services in skilled nursing facilities and intermediate care facilities for the developmentally disabled.

Section 3. Paragraph (c) of subsection (5) of section 409.905, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

and another Medicaid services.—The agency may make payments for the following services, which are required of the state by Title XIX of the Social Security Act, furnished by Medicaid providers to recipients who are determined to be eligible on the dates on which the services were provided. Any service under this section shall be provided only when medically necessary and in accordance with state and federal law. Mandatory services rendered by providers in mobile units to Medicaid recipients may be restricted by the agency. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent or limit the agency from adjusting fees, reimbursement rates, lengths of stay, number of visits, number of services, or any other adjustments necessary to comply with the availability of moneys and any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act or chapter 216.

- (5) HOSPITAL INPATIENT SERVICES.—The agency shall pay for all covered services provided for the medical care and treatment of a recipient who is admitted as an inpatient by a licensed physician or dentist to a hospital licensed under part I of chapter 395. However, the agency shall limit the payment for inpatient hospital services for a Medicaid recipient 21 years of age or older to 45 days or the number of days necessary to comply with the General Appropriations Act.
- (c) Agency for Health Care Administration shall adjust a hospital's current inpatient per diem rate to reflect the

cost of serving the Medicaid population at that institution if:

- 1. The hospital experiences an increase in Medicaid caseload by more than 25 percent in any year, primarily resulting from the closure of a hospital in the same service area occurring after July 1, 1995; or
- 2. The hospital's Medicaid per diem rate is at least 25 percent below the Medicaid per patient cost for that year: or.
- 3. The hospital is located in a county that has five or fewer hospitals, began offering obstetrical services on or after September 1999, and has submitted a request in writing to the agency for a rate adjustment after July 1, 2000, but before September 30, 2000, in which case such hospital's Medicaid inpatient per diem rate shall be adjusted to cost, effective July 1, 2002. Effective July 1, 2003, for subsequent rate semesters, such hospital's rate will be set in accordance with the methodology of the Medicaid inpatient reimbursement plan.

No later than October 1 of each year November 1, 2001, the agency must provide estimated costs for any adjustment in a hospital inpatient per diem pursuant to this paragraph to the Executive Office of the Governor, the House of Representatives General Appropriations Committee, and the Senate Appropriations Committee. Before the agency implements a change in a hospital's inpatient per diem rate pursuant to this paragraph, the Legislature must have specifically appropriated sufficient funds in the General Appropriations Act to support the increase in cost as estimated by the agency.

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Section 4. Effective July 1, 2002, subsections (1), (12), and (23) of section 409.906, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 3 of chapter 2001-377, Laws of Florida, are amended to read:

409.906 Optional Medicaid services. -- Subject to specific appropriations, the agency may make payments for services which are optional to the state under Title XIX of the Social Security Act and are furnished by Medicaid providers to recipients who are determined to be eligible on the dates on which the services were provided. Any optional service that is provided shall be provided only when medically necessary and in accordance with state and federal law. Optional services rendered by providers in mobile units to Medicaid recipients may be restricted or prohibited by the agency. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent or limit the agency from adjusting fees, reimbursement rates, lengths of stay, number of visits, or number of services, or making any other adjustments necessary to comply with the availability of moneys and any limitations or directions provided for in the General Appropriations Act or chapter 216. If necessary to safeguard the state's systems of providing services to elderly and disabled persons and subject to the notice and review provisions of s. 216.177, the Governor may direct the Agency for Health Care Administration to amend the Medicaid state plan to delete the optional Medicaid service known as "Intermediate Care Facilities for the Developmentally Disabled." Optional services may include:

(1) ADULT DENTURE SERVICES.--The agency may pay for dentures, the procedures required to seat dentures, and the repair and reline of dentures, provided by or under the direction of a licensed dentist, for a recipient who is age 21

or older. However, Medicaid will not provide reimbursement for dental services provided in a mobile dental unit, except for a mobile dental unit:

- (a) Owned by, operated by, or having a contractual agreement with the Department of Health and complying with Medicaid's county health department clinic services program specifications as a county health department clinic services provider.
- (b) Owned by, operated by, or having a contractual arrangement with a federally qualified health center and complying with Medicaid's federally qualified health center specifications as a federally qualified health center provider.
- (c) Rendering dental services to Medicaid recipients,21 years of age and older, at nursing facilities.
- (d) Owned by, operated by, or having a contractual agreement with a state-approved dental educational institution.
 - (e) This subsection is repealed July 1, 2002.
- (12) CHILDREN'S HEARING SERVICES.--The agency may pay for hearing and related services, including hearing evaluations, hearing aid devices, dispensing of the hearing aid, and related repairs, if provided to a recipient under age 21 by a licensed hearing aid specialist, otolaryngologist, otologist, audiologist, or physician.
- (23) CHILDREN'S VISUAL SERVICES.--The agency may pay for visual examinations, eyeglasses, and eyeglass repairs for a recipient under age 21, if they are prescribed by a licensed physician specializing in diseases of the eye or by a licensed optometrist.

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Section 5. Section 409.912, Florida Statutes, as amended by sections 8 and 9 of chapter 2001-377, Laws of Florida, is amended to read:

409.912 Cost-effective purchasing of health care. -- The agency shall purchase goods and services for Medicaid recipients in the most cost-effective manner consistent with the delivery of quality medical care. The agency shall maximize the use of prepaid per capita and prepaid aggregate fixed-sum basis services when appropriate and other alternative service delivery and reimbursement methodologies, including competitive bidding pursuant to s. 287.057, designed to facilitate the cost-effective purchase of a case-managed continuum of care. The agency shall also require providers to minimize the exposure of recipients to the need for acute inpatient, custodial, and other institutional care and the inappropriate or unnecessary use of high-cost services. The agency may establish prior authorization requirements for certain populations of Medicaid beneficiaries, certain drug classes, or particular drugs to prevent fraud, abuse, overuse, and possible dangerous drug interactions. The Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee, established pursuant to s. 409.91195, shall make recommendations to the agency on drugs for which prior authorization is required, and the agency shall inform the Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics committee of its decisions regarding drugs subject to prior authorization.

(1) The agency may enter into agreements with appropriate agents of other state agencies or of any agency of the Federal Government and accept such duties in respect to social welfare or public aid as may be necessary to implement the provisions of Title XIX of the Social Security Act and ss. 409.901-409.920.

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- to recipients, which entity may provide such prepaid services either directly or through arrangements with other providers. Such prepaid health care services entities must be licensed
- under parts I and III by January 1, 1998, and until then are

The agency may contract with health maintenance

organizations certified pursuant to part I of chapter 641 for

services other than Medicaid services under contract with the

agency and which is owned and operated by a county, county

health department, or county-owned and operated hospital to

provide health care services on a prepaid or fixed-sum basis

(a) An entity that provides no prepaid health care

The agency may contract with:

the provision of services to recipients.

- exempt from the provisions of part I of chapter 641. An entity recognized under this paragraph which demonstrates to the
- satisfaction of the Department of Insurance that it is backed
- by the full faith and credit of the county in which it is located may be exempted from s. 641.225.
- (b) An entity that is providing comprehensive behavioral health care services to certain Medicaid recipients through a capitated, prepaid arrangement pursuant to the federal waiver provided for by s. 409.905(5). Such an entity must be licensed under chapter 624, chapter 636, or chapter 641 and must possess the clinical systems and operational competence to manage risk and provide comprehensive behavioral health care to Medicaid recipients. As used in this paragraph, the term "comprehensive behavioral health care services" means covered mental health and substance abuse treatment services that are available to Medicaid recipients. The secretary of the Department of Children and Family Services shall approve provisions of procurements related to children in the

department's care or custody prior to enrolling such children in a prepaid behavioral health plan. Any contract awarded under this paragraph must be competitively procured. In developing the behavioral health care prepaid plan procurement document, the agency shall ensure that the procurement document requires the contractor to develop and implement a plan to ensure compliance with s. 394.4574 related to services provided to residents of licensed assisted living facilities that hold a limited mental health license. The agency must ensure that Medicaid recipients have available the choice of at least two managed care plans for their behavioral health care services. The agency may reimburse for substance-abuse-treatment services on a fee-for-service basis until the agency finds that adequate funds are available for capitated, prepaid arrangements.

- 1. By January 1, 2001, the agency shall modify the contracts with the entities providing comprehensive inpatient and outpatient mental health care services to Medicaid recipients in Hillsborough, Highlands, Hardee, Manatee, and Polk Counties, to include substance-abuse-treatment services.
- 2. By December 31, 2001, the agency shall contract with entities providing comprehensive behavioral health care services to Medicaid recipients through capitated, prepaid arrangements in Charlotte, Collier, DeSoto, Escambia, Glades, Hendry, Lee, Okaloosa, Pasco, Pinellas, Santa Rosa, Sarasota, and Walton Counties. The agency may contract with entities providing comprehensive behavioral health care services to Medicaid recipients through capitated, prepaid arrangements in Alachua County. The agency may determine if Sarasota County shall be included as a separate catchment area or included in any other agency geographic area.

- 3. Children residing in a Department of Juvenile
 Justice residential program approved as a Medicaid behavioral
 health overlay services provider shall not be included in a
 behavioral health care prepaid health plan pursuant to this
 paragraph.

 4. In converting to a prepaid system of delivery, the
 - 4. In converting to a prepaid system of delivery, the agency shall in its procurement document require an entity providing comprehensive behavioral health care services to prevent the displacement of indigent care patients by enrollees in the Medicaid prepaid health plan providing behavioral health care services from facilities receiving state funding to provide indigent behavioral health care, to facilities licensed under chapter 395 which do not receive state funding for indigent behavioral health care, or reimburse the unsubsidized facility for the cost of behavioral health care provided to the displaced indigent care patient.
 - 5. Traditional community mental health providers under contract with the Department of Children and Family Services pursuant to part IV of chapter 394 and inpatient mental health providers licensed pursuant to chapter 395 must be offered an opportunity to accept or decline a contract to participate in any provider network for prepaid behavioral health services.
 - (c) A federally qualified health center or an entity owned by one or more federally qualified health centers or an entity owned by other migrant and community health centers receiving non-Medicaid financial support from the Federal Government to provide health care services on a prepaid or fixed-sum basis to recipients. Such prepaid health care services entity must be licensed under parts I and III of chapter 641, but shall be prohibited from serving Medicaid recipients on a prepaid basis, until such licensure has been

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obtained. However, such an entity is exempt from s. 641.225 if the entity meets the requirements specified in subsections (14) and (15).

- (d) No more than four provider service networks for demonstration projects to test Medicaid direct contracting. The demonstration projects may be reimbursed on a fee-for-service or prepaid basis. A provider service network which is reimbursed by the agency on a prepaid basis shall be exempt from parts I and III of chapter 641, but must meet appropriate financial reserve, quality assurance, and patient rights requirements as established by the agency. The agency shall award contracts on a competitive bid basis and shall select bidders based upon price and quality of care. Medicaid recipients assigned to a demonstration project shall be chosen equally from those who would otherwise have been assigned to prepaid plans and MediPass. The agency is authorized to seek federal Medicaid waivers as necessary to implement the provisions of this section. A demonstration project awarded pursuant to this paragraph shall be for 4 years from the date of implementation.
- (e) An entity that provides comprehensive behavioral health care services to certain Medicaid recipients through an administrative services organization agreement. Such an entity must possess the clinical systems and operational competence to provide comprehensive health care to Medicaid recipients. As used in this paragraph, the term "comprehensive behavioral health care services" means covered mental health and substance abuse treatment services that are available to Medicaid recipients. Any contract awarded under this paragraph must be competitively procured. The agency must ensure that

Medicaid recipients have available the choice of at least two managed care plans for their behavioral health care services.

- (f) An entity in Pasco County or Pinellas County that provides in-home physician services to Medicaid recipients with degenerative neurological diseases in order to test the cost-effectiveness of enhanced home-based medical care. The entity providing the services shall be reimbursed on a fee-for-service basis at a rate not less than comparable Medicare reimbursement rates. The agency may apply for waivers of federal regulations necessary to implement such program. This paragraph shall be repealed on July 1, 2002.
- (g) Children's provider networks that provide care coordination and care management for Medicaid-eligible pediatric patients, primary care, authorization of specialty care, and other urgent and emergency care through organized providers designed to service Medicaid eligibles under age 18 and pediatric emergency departments' diversion programs. The networks shall provide after-hour operations, including evening and weekend hours, to promote, when appropriate, the use of the children's networks rather than hospital emergency departments.
- (4) The agency may contract with any public or private entity otherwise authorized by this section on a prepaid or fixed-sum basis for the provision of health care services to recipients. An entity may provide prepaid services to recipients, either directly or through arrangements with other entities, if each entity involved in providing services:
- (a) Is organized primarily for the purpose of providing health care or other services of the type regularly offered to Medicaid recipients;

- (b) Ensures that services meet the standards set by the agency for quality, appropriateness, and timeliness;
- (c) Makes provisions satisfactory to the agency for insolvency protection and ensures that neither enrolled Medicaid recipients nor the agency will be liable for the debts of the entity;
- (d) Submits to the agency, if a private entity, a financial plan that the agency finds to be fiscally sound and that provides for working capital in the form of cash or equivalent liquid assets excluding revenues from Medicaid premium payments equal to at least the first 3 months of operating expenses or \$200,000, whichever is greater;
- (e) Furnishes evidence satisfactory to the agency of adequate liability insurance coverage or an adequate plan of self-insurance to respond to claims for injuries arising out of the furnishing of health care;
- (f) Provides, through contract or otherwise, for periodic review of its medical facilities and services, as required by the agency; and
- (g) Provides organizational, operational, financial, and other information required by the agency.
- (5) The agency may contract on a prepaid or fixed-sum basis with any health insurer that:
- (a) Pays for health care services provided to enrolled Medicaid recipients in exchange for a premium payment paid by the agency;
 - (b) Assumes the underwriting risk; and
- (c) Is organized and licensed under applicable provisions of the Florida Insurance Code and is currently in good standing with the Department of Insurance.

(6) The agency may contract on a prepaid or fixed-sum basis with an exclusive provider organization to provide health care services to Medicaid recipients provided that the exclusive provider organization meets applicable managed care plan requirements in this section, ss. 409.9122, 409.9123, 409.9128, and 627.6472, and other applicable provisions of law.

- (7) The Agency for Health Care Administration may provide cost-effective purchasing of chiropractic services on a fee-for-service basis to Medicaid recipients through arrangements with a statewide chiropractic preferred provider organization incorporated in this state as a not-for-profit corporation. The agency shall ensure that the benefit limits and prior authorization requirements in the current Medicaid program shall apply to the services provided by the chiropractic preferred provider organization.
- (8) The agency shall not contract on a prepaid or fixed-sum basis for Medicaid services with an entity which knows or reasonably should know that any officer, director, agent, managing employee, or owner of stock or beneficial interest in excess of 5 percent common or preferred stock, or the entity itself, has been found guilty of, regardless of adjudication, or entered a plea of nolo contendere, or guilty, to:
 - (a) Fraud;
- (b) Violation of federal or state antitrust statutes, including those proscribing price fixing between competitors and the allocation of customers among competitors;
- (c) Commission of a felony involving embezzlement, theft, forgery, income tax evasion, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, receiving

stolen property, making false claims, or obstruction of justice; or

- (d) Any crime in any jurisdiction which directly relates to the provision of health services on a prepaid or fixed-sum basis.
- (9) The agency, after notifying the Legislature, may apply for waivers of applicable federal laws and regulations as necessary to implement more appropriate systems of health care for Medicaid recipients and reduce the cost of the Medicaid program to the state and federal governments and shall implement such programs, after legislative approval, within a reasonable period of time after federal approval. These programs must be designed primarily to reduce the need for inpatient care, custodial care and other long-term or institutional care, and other high-cost services.
- (a) Prior to seeking legislative approval of such a waiver as authorized by this subsection, the agency shall provide notice and an opportunity for public comment. Notice shall be provided to all persons who have made requests of the agency for advance notice and shall be published in the Florida Administrative Weekly not less than 28 days prior to the intended action.
- (b) Notwithstanding s. 216.292, funds that are appropriated to the Department of Elderly Affairs for the Assisted Living for the Elderly Medicaid waiver and are not expended shall be transferred to the agency to fund Medicaid-reimbursed nursing home care.
- (10) The agency shall establish a postpayment utilization control program designed to identify recipients who may inappropriately overuse or underuse Medicaid services and shall provide methods to correct such misuse.

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- (11) The agency shall develop and provide coordinated systems of care for Medicaid recipients and may contract with public or private entities to develop and administer such systems of care among public and private health care providers in a given geographic area.
- (12) The agency shall operate or contract for the operation of utilization management and incentive systems designed to encourage cost-effective use services.
- (13)(a) The agency shall identify health care utilization and price patterns within the Medicaid program which are not cost-effective or medically appropriate and assess the effectiveness of new or alternate methods of providing and monitoring service, and may implement such methods as it considers appropriate. Such methods may include disease management initiatives, an integrated and systematic approach for managing the health care needs of recipients who are at risk of or diagnosed with a specific disease by using best practices, prevention strategies, clinical-practice improvement, clinical interventions and protocols, outcomes research, information technology, and other tools and resources to reduce overall costs and improve measurable outcomes.
- (b) The responsibility of the agency under this subsection shall include the development of capabilities to identify actual and optimal practice patterns; patient and provider educational initiatives; methods for determining patient compliance with prescribed treatments; fraud, waste, and abuse prevention and detection programs; and beneficiary case management programs.
- The practice pattern identification program shall evaluate practitioner prescribing patterns based on national

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and regional practice guidelines, comparing practitioners to their peer groups. The agency and its Drug Utilization Review Board shall consult with a panel of practicing health care professionals consisting of the following: the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate shall each appoint three physicians licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459; and the Governor shall appoint two pharmacists licensed under chapter 465 and one dentist licensed under chapter 466 who is an oral surgeon. Terms of the panel members shall expire at the discretion of the appointing official. The panel shall begin its work by August 1, 1999, regardless of the number of appointments made by that date. The advisory panel shall be responsible for evaluating treatment guidelines and recommending ways to incorporate their use in the practice pattern identification program. Practitioners who are prescribing inappropriately or inefficiently, as determined by the agency, may have their prescribing of certain drugs subject to prior authorization.

- 2. The agency shall also develop educational interventions designed to promote the proper use of medications by providers and beneficiaries.
- 3. The agency shall implement a pharmacy fraud, waste, and abuse initiative that may include a surety bond or letter of credit requirement for participating pharmacies, enhanced provider auditing practices, the use of additional fraud and abuse software, recipient management programs for beneficiaries inappropriately using their benefits, and other steps that will eliminate provider and recipient fraud, waste, and abuse. The initiative shall address enforcement efforts to reduce the number and use of counterfeit prescriptions.

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The agency may apply for any federal waivers needed to implement this paragraph.

- (14) An entity contracting on a prepaid or fixed-sum basis shall, in addition to meeting any applicable statutory surplus requirements, also maintain at all times in the form of cash, investments that mature in less than 180 days allowable as admitted assets by the Department of Insurance, and restricted funds or deposits controlled by the agency or the Department of Insurance, a surplus amount equal to one-and-one-half times the entity's monthly Medicaid prepaid revenues. As used in this subsection, the term "surplus" means the entity's total assets minus total liabilities. If an entity's surplus falls below an amount equal to one-and-one-half times the entity's monthly Medicaid prepaid revenues, the agency shall prohibit the entity from engaging in marketing and preenrollment activities, shall cease to process new enrollments, and shall not renew the entity's contract until the required balance is achieved. requirements of this subsection do not apply:
- (a) Where a public entity agrees to fund any deficit incurred by the contracting entity; or
- (b) Where the entity's performance and obligations are guaranteed in writing by a guaranteeing organization which:
- 1. Has been in operation for at least 5 years and has assets in excess of \$50 million; or
- Submits a written guarantee acceptable to the agency which is irrevocable during the term of the contracting entity's contract with the agency and, upon termination of the contract, until the agency receives proof of satisfaction of all outstanding obligations incurred under the contract.

(15)(a) The agency may require an entity contracting 1 2 on a prepaid or fixed-sum basis to establish a restricted 3 insolvency protection account with a federally guaranteed 4 financial institution licensed to do business in this state. 5 The entity shall deposit into that account 5 percent of the 6 capitation payments made by the agency each month until a 7 maximum total of 2 percent of the total current contract 8 amount is reached. The restricted insolvency protection 9 account may be drawn upon with the authorized signatures of 10 two persons designated by the entity and two representatives of the agency. If the agency finds that the entity is 11 12 insolvent, the agency may draw upon the account solely with the two authorized signatures of representatives of the 13 14 agency, and the funds may be disbursed to meet financial 15 obligations incurred by the entity under the prepaid contract. 16 If the contract is terminated, expired, or not continued, the 17 account balance must be released by the agency to the entity upon receipt of proof of satisfaction of all outstanding 18 19 obligations incurred under this contract. 20

- (b) The agency may waive the insolvency protection account requirement in writing when evidence is on file with the agency of adequate insolvency insurance and reinsurance that will protect enrollees if the entity becomes unable to meet its obligations.
- (16) An entity that contracts with the agency on a prepaid or fixed-sum basis for the provision of Medicaid services shall reimburse any hospital or physician that is outside the entity's authorized geographic service area as specified in its contract with the agency, and that provides services authorized by the entity to its members, at a rate

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negotiated with the hospital or physician for the provision of services or according to the lesser of the following:

- (a) The usual and customary charges made to the general public by the hospital or physician; or
- (b) The Florida Medicaid reimbursement rate established for the hospital or physician.
- (17) When a merger or acquisition of a Medicaid prepaid contractor has been approved by the Department of Insurance pursuant to s. 628.4615, the agency shall approve the assignment or transfer of the appropriate Medicaid prepaid contract upon request of the surviving entity of the merger or acquisition if the contractor and the other entity have been in good standing with the agency for the most recent 12-month period, unless the agency determines that the assignment or transfer would be detrimental to the Medicaid recipients or the Medicaid program. To be in good standing, an entity must not have failed accreditation or committed any material violation of the requirements of s. 641.52 and must meet the Medicaid contract requirements. For purposes of this section, a merger or acquisition means a change in controlling interest of an entity, including an asset or stock purchase.
- (18) Any entity contracting with the agency pursuant to this section to provide health care services to Medicaid recipients is prohibited from engaging in any of the following practices or activities:
- (a) Practices that are discriminatory, including, but not limited to, attempts to discourage participation on the basis of actual or perceived health status.
- (b) Activities that could mislead or confuse recipients, or misrepresent the organization, its marketing

representatives, or the agency. Violations of this paragraph include, but are not limited to:

- 1. False or misleading claims that marketing representatives are employees or representatives of the state or county, or of anyone other than the entity or the organization by whom they are reimbursed.
- 2. False or misleading claims that the entity is recommended or endorsed by any state or county agency, or by any other organization which has not certified its endorsement in writing to the entity.
- 3. False or misleading claims that the state or county recommends that a Medicaid recipient enroll with an entity.
- 4. Claims that a Medicaid recipient will lose benefits under the Medicaid program, or any other health or welfare benefits to which the recipient is legally entitled, if the recipient does not enroll with the entity.
- (c) Granting or offering of any monetary or other valuable consideration for enrollment, except as authorized by subsection (21).
- (d) Door-to-door solicitation of recipients who have not contacted the entity or who have not invited the entity to make a presentation.
- (e) Solicitation of Medicaid recipients by marketing representatives stationed in state offices unless approved and supervised by the agency or its agent and approved by the affected state agency when solicitation occurs in an office of the state agency. The agency shall ensure that marketing representatives stationed in state offices shall market their managed care plans to Medicaid recipients only in designated areas and in such a way as to not interfere with the recipients' activities in the state office.

- (f) Enrollment of Medicaid recipients.
- (19) The agency may impose a fine for a violation of this section or the contract with the agency by a person or entity that is under contract with the agency. With respect to any nonwillful violation, such fine shall not exceed \$2,500 per violation. In no event shall such fine exceed an aggregate amount of \$10,000 for all nonwillful violations arising out of the same action. With respect to any knowing and willful violation of this section or the contract with the agency, the agency may impose a fine upon the entity in an amount not to exceed \$20,000 for each such violation. In no event shall such fine exceed an aggregate amount of \$100,000 for all knowing and willful violations arising out of the same action.
- (20) A health maintenance organization or a person or entity exempt from chapter 641 that is under contract with the agency for the provision of health care services to Medicaid recipients may not use or distribute marketing materials used to solicit Medicaid recipients, unless such materials have been approved by the agency. The provisions of this subsection do not apply to general advertising and marketing materials used by a health maintenance organization to solicit both non-Medicaid subscribers and Medicaid recipients.
- (21) Upon approval by the agency, health maintenance organizations and persons or entities exempt from chapter 641 that are under contract with the agency for the provision of health care services to Medicaid recipients may be permitted within the capitation rate to provide additional health benefits that the agency has found are of high quality, are practicably available, provide reasonable value to the

recipient, and are provided at no additional cost to the state.

- (22) The agency shall utilize the statewide health maintenance organization complaint hotline for the purpose of investigating and resolving Medicaid and prepaid health plan complaints, maintaining a record of complaints and confirmed problems, and receiving disenrollment requests made by recipients.
- (23) The agency shall require the publication of the health maintenance organization's and the prepaid health plan's consumer services telephone numbers and the "800" telephone number of the statewide health maintenance organization complaint hotline on each Medicaid identification card issued by a health maintenance organization or prepaid health plan contracting with the agency to serve Medicaid recipients and on each subscriber handbook issued to a Medicaid recipient.
- (24) The agency shall establish a health care quality improvement system for those entities contracting with the agency pursuant to this section, incorporating all the standards and guidelines developed by the Medicaid Bureau of the Health Care Financing Administration as a part of the quality assurance reform initiative. The system shall include, but need not be limited to, the following:
- (a) Guidelines for internal quality assurance programs, including standards for:
 - 1. Written quality assurance program descriptions.
- 2. Responsibilities of the governing body for monitoring, evaluating, and making improvements to care.
 - 3. An active quality assurance committee.
 - 4. Quality assurance program supervision.

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5. Requiring the program to have adequate resources to effectively carry out its specified activities.

- 6. Provider participation in the quality assurance program.
 - 7. Delegation of quality assurance program activities.
 - 8. Credentialing and recredentialing.
 - 9. Enrollee rights and responsibilities.
- 10. Availability and accessibility to services and care.
 - 11. Ambulatory care facilities.
- 12. Accessibility and availability of medical records, as well as proper recordkeeping and process for record review.
 - 13. Utilization review.
 - 14. A continuity of care system.
 - 15. Quality assurance program documentation.
- 16. Coordination of quality assurance activity with other management activity.
- 17. Delivering care to pregnant women and infants; to elderly and disabled recipients, especially those who are at risk of institutional placement; to persons with developmental disabilities; and to adults who have chronic, high-cost medical conditions.
- (b) Guidelines which require the entities to conduct quality-of-care studies which:
- 1. Target specific conditions and specific health service delivery issues for focused monitoring and evaluation.
- 2. Use clinical care standards or practice guidelines to objectively evaluate the care the entity delivers or fails to deliver for the targeted clinical conditions and health services delivery issues.

3. Use quality indicators derived from the clinical care standards or practice guidelines to screen and monitor care and services delivered.

- (c) Guidelines for external quality review of each contractor which require: focused studies of patterns of care; individual care review in specific situations; and followup activities on previous pattern-of-care study findings and individual-care-review findings. In designing the external quality review function and determining how it is to operate as part of the state's overall quality improvement system, the agency shall construct its external quality review organization and entity contracts to address each of the following:
- 1. Delineating the role of the external quality review organization.
- 2. Length of the external quality review organization contract with the state.
- 3. Participation of the contracting entities in designing external quality review organization review activities.
- 4. Potential variation in the type of clinical conditions and health services delivery issues to be studied at each plan.
- 5. Determining the number of focused pattern-of-care studies to be conducted for each plan.
 - 6. Methods for implementing focused studies.
 - 7. Individual care review.
 - 8. Followup activities.
- (25) In order to ensure that children receive health care services for which an entity has already been compensated, an entity contracting with the agency pursuant to

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this section shall achieve an annual Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis, and Treatment (EPSDT) Service screening rate of at least 60 percent for those recipients continuously enrolled for at least 8 months. The agency shall develop a method by which the EPSDT screening rate shall be calculated. For any entity which does not achieve the annual 60 percent rate, the entity must submit a corrective action plan for the agency's approval. If the entity does not meet the standard established in the corrective action plan during the specified timeframe, the agency is authorized to impose appropriate contract sanctions. At least annually, the agency shall publicly release the EPSDT Services screening rates of each entity it has contracted with on a prepaid basis to serve Medicaid recipients.

(26) The agency shall perform enrollments and disenrollments for Medicaid recipients who are eligible for MediPass or managed care plans. Notwithstanding the prohibition contained in paragraph (18)(f), managed care plans may perform preenrollments of Medicaid recipients under the supervision of the agency or its agents. For the purposes of this section, "preenrollment" means the provision of marketing and educational materials to a Medicaid recipient and assistance in completing the application forms, but shall not include actual enrollment into a managed care plan. An application for enrollment shall not be deemed complete until the agency or its agent verifies that the recipient made an informed, voluntary choice. The agency, in cooperation with the Department of Children and Family Services, may test new marketing initiatives to inform Medicaid recipients about their managed care options at selected sites. The agency shall report to the Legislature on the effectiveness of such

initiatives. The agency may contract with a third party to perform managed care plan and MediPass enrollment and disenrollment services for Medicaid recipients and is authorized to adopt rules to implement such services. The agency may adjust the capitation rate only to cover the costs of a third-party enrollment and disenrollment contract, and for agency supervision and management of the managed care plan enrollment and disenrollment contract.

- (27) Any lists of providers made available to Medicaid recipients, MediPass enrollees, or managed care plan enrollees shall be arranged alphabetically showing the provider's name and specialty and, separately, by specialty in alphabetical order.
- (28) The agency shall establish an enhanced managed care quality assurance oversight function, to include at least the following components:
- (a) At least quarterly analysis and followup, including sanctions as appropriate, of managed care participant utilization of services.
- (b) At least quarterly analysis and followup, including sanctions as appropriate, of quality findings of the Medicaid peer review organization and other external quality assurance programs.
- (c) At least quarterly analysis and followup, including sanctions as appropriate, of the fiscal viability of managed care plans.
- (d) At least quarterly analysis and followup, including sanctions as appropriate, of managed care participant satisfaction and disenrollment surveys.
- (e) The agency shall conduct regular and ongoing Medicaid recipient satisfaction surveys.

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6 7 The analyses and followup activities conducted by the agency under its enhanced managed care quality assurance oversight function shall not duplicate the activities of accreditation reviewers for entities regulated under part III of chapter 641, but may include a review of the finding of such reviewers.

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- (29) Each managed care plan that is under contract with the agency to provide health care services to Medicaid recipients shall annually conduct a background check with the Florida Department of Law Enforcement of all persons with ownership interest of 5 percent or more or executive management responsibility for the managed care plan and shall submit to the agency information concerning any such person who has been found guilty of, regardless of adjudication, or has entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty to, any of the offenses listed in s. 435.03.
- (30) The agency shall, by rule, develop a process whereby a Medicaid managed care plan enrollee who wishes to enter hospice care may be disenrolled from the managed care plan within 24 hours after contacting the agency regarding such request. The agency rule shall include a methodology for the agency to recoup managed care plan payments on a pro rata basis if payment has been made for the enrollment month when disenrollment occurs.
- (31) The agency and entities which contract with the agency to provide health care services to Medicaid recipients under this section or s. 409.9122 must comply with the provisions of s. 641.513 in providing emergency services and care to Medicaid recipients and MediPass recipients.

- (32) All entities providing health care services to Medicaid recipients shall make available, and encourage all pregnant women and mothers with infants to receive, and provide documentation in the medical records to reflect, the following:
 - (a) Healthy Start prenatal or infant screening.
- (b) Healthy Start care coordination, when screening or other factors indicate need.
- (c) Healthy Start enhanced services in accordance with the prenatal or infant screening results.
- (d) Immunizations in accordance with recommendations of the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices of the United States Public Health Service and the American Academy of Pediatrics, as appropriate.
- (e) Counseling and services for family planning to all women and their partners.
- (f) A scheduled postpartum visit for the purpose of voluntary family planning, to include discussion of all methods of contraception, as appropriate.
- $\mbox{(g)}$ Referral to the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC).
- (33) Any entity that provides Medicaid prepaid health plan services shall ensure the appropriate coordination of health care services with an assisted living facility in cases where a Medicaid recipient is both a member of the entity's prepaid health plan and a resident of the assisted living facility. If the entity is at risk for Medicaid targeted case management and behavioral health services, the entity shall inform the assisted living facility of the procedures to follow should an emergent condition arise.

(34) The agency may seek and implement federal waivers necessary to provide for cost-effective purchasing of home health services, private duty nursing services, transportation, independent laboratory services, and durable medical equipment and supplies through competitive bidding pursuant to s. 287.057. The agency may request appropriate waivers from the federal Health Care Financing Administration in order to competitively bid such services. The agency may exclude providers not selected through the bidding process from the Medicaid provider network.

- (35) The Agency for Health Care Administration is directed to issue a request for proposal or intent to negotiate to implement on a demonstration basis an outpatient specialty services pilot project in a rural and urban county in the state. As used in this subsection, the term "outpatient specialty services" means clinical laboratory, diagnostic imaging, and specified home medical services to include durable medical equipment, prosthetics and orthotics, and infusion therapy.
- (a) The entity that is awarded the contract to provide Medicaid managed care outpatient specialty services must, at a minimum, meet the following criteria:
- 1. The entity must be licensed by the Department of Insurance under part II of chapter 641.
- 2. The entity must be experienced in providing outpatient specialty services.
- 3. The entity must demonstrate to the satisfaction of the agency that it provides high-quality services to its patients.
- 4. The entity must demonstrate that it has in place a complaints and grievance process to assist Medicaid recipients

enrolled in the pilot managed care program to resolve complaints and grievances.

- (b) The pilot managed care program shall operate for a period of 3 years. The objective of the pilot program shall be to determine the cost-effectiveness and effects on utilization, access, and quality of providing outpatient specialty services to Medicaid recipients on a prepaid, capitated basis.
- (c) The agency shall conduct a quality assurance review of the prepaid health clinic each year that the demonstration program is in effect. The prepaid health clinic is responsible for all expenses incurred by the agency in conducting a quality assurance review.
- (d) The entity that is awarded the contract to provide outpatient specialty services to Medicaid recipients shall report data required by the agency in a format specified by the agency, for the purpose of conducting the evaluation required in paragraph (e).
- (e) The agency shall conduct an evaluation of the pilot managed care program and report its findings to the Governor and the Legislature by no later than January 1, 2001.
- (36) The agency shall enter into agreements with not-for-profit organizations based in this state for the purpose of providing vision screening.
- (37)(a) The agency shall implement a Medicaid prescribed-drug spending-control program that includes the following components:
- 1. Medicaid prescribed-drug coverage for brand-name drugs for adult Medicaid recipients is limited to the dispensing of four brand-name drugs per month per recipient. Children are exempt from this restriction. Antiretroviral

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agents are excluded from this limitation. No requirements for 2 prior authorization or other restrictions on medications used 3 to treat mental illnesses such as schizophrenia, severe 4 depression, or bipolar disorder may be imposed on Medicaid 5 recipients. Medications that will be available without 6 restriction for persons with mental illnesses include atypical 7 antipsychotic medications, conventional antipsychotic 8 medications, selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors, and 9 other medications used for the treatment of serious mental illnesses. The agency shall also limit the amount of a 10 prescribed drug dispensed to no more than a 34-day supply. The 11 12 agency shall continue to provide unlimited generic drugs, contraceptive drugs and items, and diabetic supplies. Although 13 14 a drug may be included on the preferred drug formulary, it 15 would not be exempt from the four-brand limit. The agency may authorize exceptions to the brand-name-drug restriction based 16 17 upon the treatment needs of the patients, only when such 18 exceptions are based on prior consultation provided by the 19 agency or an agency contractor, but the agency must establish 20 procedures to ensure that:

- a. There will be a response to a request for prior consultation by telephone or other telecommunication device within 24 hours after receipt of a request for prior consultation;
- b. A 72-hour supply of the drug prescribed will be provided in an emergency or when the agency does not provide a response within 24 hours as required by sub-subparagraph a.; and
- c. Except for the exception for nursing home residents and other institutionalized adults and except for drugs on the restricted formulary for which prior authorization may be

sought by an institutional or community pharmacy, prior authorization for an exception to the brand-name-drug restriction is sought by the prescriber and not by the pharmacy. When prior authorization is granted for a patient in an institutional setting beyond the brand-name-drug restriction, such approval is authorized for 12 months and monthly prior authorization is not required for that patient.

- 2. Reimbursement to pharmacies for Medicaid prescribed drugs shall be set at the average wholesale price less 13.25 percent.
- 3. The agency shall develop and implement a process for managing the drug therapies of Medicaid recipients who are using significant numbers of prescribed drugs each month. The management process may include, but is not limited to, comprehensive, physician-directed medical-record reviews, claims analyses, and case evaluations to determine the medical necessity and appropriateness of a patient's treatment plan and drug therapies. The agency may contract with a private organization to provide drug-program-management services. The Medicaid drug benefit management program shall include initiatives to manage drug therapies for HIV/AIDS patients, patients using 20 or more unique prescriptions in a 180-day period, and the top 1,000 patients in annual spending.
- 4. The agency may limit the size of its pharmacy network based on need, competitive bidding, price negotiations, credentialing, or similar criteria. The agency shall give special consideration to rural areas in determining the size and location of pharmacies included in the Medicaid pharmacy network. A pharmacy credentialing process may include criteria such as a pharmacy's full-service status, location, size, patient educational programs, patient consultation,

disease-management services, and other characteristics. The agency may impose a moratorium on Medicaid pharmacy enrollment when it is determined that it has a sufficient number of Medicaid-participating providers.

- 5. The agency shall develop and implement a program that requires Medicaid practitioners who prescribe drugs to use a counterfeit-proof prescription pad for Medicaid prescriptions. The agency shall require the use of standardized counterfeit-proof prescription pads by Medicaid-participating prescribers or prescribers who write prescriptions for Medicaid recipients. The agency may implement the program in targeted geographic areas or statewide.
- 6. The agency may enter into arrangements that require manufacturers of generic drugs prescribed to Medicaid recipients to provide rebates of at least 15.1 percent of the average manufacturer price for the manufacturer's generic products. These arrangements shall require that if a generic-drug manufacturer pays federal rebates for Medicaid-reimbursed drugs at a level below 15.1 percent, the manufacturer must provide a supplemental rebate to the state in an amount necessary to achieve a 15.1-percent rebate level.
- 7. The agency may establish a preferred drug formulary in accordance with 42 U.S.C. s. 1396r-8, and, pursuant to the establishment of such formulary, it is authorized to negotiate supplemental rebates from manufacturers that are in addition to those required by Title XIX of the Social Security Act and at no less than 10 percent of the average manufacturer price as defined in 42 U.S.C. s. 1936 on the last day of a quarter unless the federal or supplemental rebate, or both, equals or exceeds 25 percent. There is no upper limit on the

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supplemental rebates the agency may negotiate. The agency may determine that specific products, brand-name or generic, are 2 competitive at lower rebate percentages. Agreement to pay the 3 4 minimum supplemental rebate percentage will guarantee a 5 manufacturer that the Medicaid Pharmaceutical and Therapeutics Committee will consider a product for inclusion on the 6 7 preferred drug formulary. However, a pharmaceutical manufacturer is not guaranteed placement on the formulary by 8 9 simply paying the minimum supplemental rebate. Agency decisions will be made on the clinical efficacy of a drug and 10 recommendations of the Medicaid Pharmaceutical and 11 12 Therapeutics Committee, as well as the price of competing 13 products minus federal and state rebates. The agency is 14 authorized to contract with an outside agency or contractor to conduct negotiations for supplemental rebates. For the 15 16 purposes of this section, the term "supplemental rebates" may 17 include, at the agency's discretion, cash rebates and other program benefits that offset a Medicaid expenditure. Such 18 19 other program benefits may include, but are not limited to, 20 disease management programs, drug product donation programs, drug utilization control programs, prescriber and beneficiary 21 22 counseling and education, fraud and abuse initiatives, and 23 other services or administrative investments with guaranteed 24 savings to the Medicaid program in the same year the rebate 25 reduction is included in the General Appropriations Act. The 26 agency is authorized to seek any federal waivers to implement this initiative. 27

8. The agency shall establish an advisory committee for the purposes of studying the feasibility of using a restricted drug formulary for nursing home residents and other institutionalized adults. The committee shall be comprised of

seven members appointed by the Secretary of Health Care Administration. The committee members shall include two physicians licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459; three pharmacists licensed under chapter 465 and appointed from a list of recommendations provided by the Florida Long-Term Care Pharmacy Alliance; and two pharmacists licensed under chapter 465.

- 9. The Agency for Health Care Administration shall expand home delivery of pharmacy products. To assist Medicaid patients in securing their prescriptions and reduce program costs, the agency shall expand its current mail-order-pharmacy diabetes-supply program to include all generic and brand-name drugs used by Medicaid patients with diabetes. Medicaid recipients in the current program may obtain nondiabetes drugs on a voluntary basis. This initiative is limited to the geographic area covered by the current contract. The agency may seek and implement any federal waivers necessary to implement this subparagraph.
- (b) The agency shall implement this subsection to the extent that funds are appropriated to administer the Medicaid prescribed-drug spending-control program. The agency may contract all or any part of this program to private organizations.
- (c) The agency shall submit <u>quarterly reports</u> a report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives <u>which</u> by January 15 of each year. The report must include, but need not be limited to, the progress made in implementing <u>this subsection and its</u> <u>Medicaid</u> cost-containment measures and their effect on Medicaid prescribed-drug expenditures.

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(38) Notwithstanding the provisions of chapter 287, the agency may, at its discretion, renew a contract or contracts for fiscal intermediary services one or more times for such periods as the agency may decide; however, all such renewals may not combine to exceed a total period longer than the term of the original contract.

(39) The agency shall provide for the development of a demonstration project by establishment in Miami-Dade County of a long-term-care facility licensed pursuant to chapter 395 to improve access to health care for a predominantly minority, medically underserved, and medically complex population and to evaluate alternatives to nursing home care and general acute care for such population. Such project is to be located in a health care condominium and colocated with licensed facilities providing a continuum of care. The establishment of this project is not subject to the provisions of s. 408.036 or s. 408.039. The agency shall report its findings to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by January 1, 2003.

Section 6. Subsection (7) of section 409.9116, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.9116 Disproportionate share/financial assistance program for rural hospitals. -- In addition to the payments made under s. 409.911, the Agency for Health Care Administration shall administer a federally matched disproportionate share program and a state-funded financial assistance program for statutory rural hospitals. The agency shall make disproportionate share payments to statutory rural hospitals that qualify for such payments and financial assistance payments to statutory rural hospitals that do not qualify for disproportionate share payments. The disproportionate share

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program payments shall be limited by and conform with federal requirements. Funds shall be distributed quarterly in each fiscal year for which an appropriation is made.

Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 409.915, counties are exempt from contributing toward the cost of this special reimbursement for hospitals serving a disproportionate share of low-income patients.

(7) This section applies only to hospitals that were defined as statutory rural hospitals, or their successor-in-interest hospital, prior to January 1, 2001 July 1, 1998. Any additional hospital that is defined as a statutory rural hospital, or its successor-in-interest hospital, on or after January 1, 2001 July 1, 1998, is not eligible for programs under this section unless additional funds are appropriated each fiscal year specifically to the rural hospital disproportionate share and financial assistance programs in an amount necessary to prevent any hospital, or its successor-in-interest hospital, eligible for the programs prior to January 1, 2001 July 1, 1998, from incurring a reduction in payments because of the eligibility of an additional hospital to participate in the programs. A hospital, or its successor-in-interest hospital, which received funds pursuant to this section before January 1, 2001 July 1, 1998, and which qualifies under s. 395.602(2)(e), shall be included in the programs under this section and is not required to seek additional appropriations under this subsection.

Section 7. Paragraphs (f) and (k) of subsection (2) of section 409.9122, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 11 of chapter 2001-377, Laws of Florida, are amended to read:

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409.9122 Mandatory Medicaid managed care enrollment; programs and procedures.--

(2)

(f) When a Medicaid recipient does not choose a managed care plan or MediPass provider, the agency shall assign the Medicaid recipient to a managed care plan or MediPass provider. Medicaid recipients who are subject to mandatory assignment but who fail to make a choice shall be assigned to managed care plans or provider service networks until an equal enrollment of 45 50 percent in MediPass and 55 50 percent in managed care plans is achieved. Once that equal enrollment is achieved, the assignments shall be divided in order to maintain an equal enrollment in MediPass and managed care plans which is in a 45 percent and 55 percent proportion, respectively. Thereafter, assignment of Medicaid recipients who fail to make a choice shall be based proportionally on the preferences of recipients who have made a choice in the previous period. Such proportions shall be revised at least quarterly to reflect an update of the preferences of Medicaid recipients. The agency shall also disproportionately assign Medicaid-eligible children in families who are required to but have failed to make a choice of managed care plan or MediPass for their child and who are to be assigned to the MediPass program or managed care plans to children's networks as described in s. 409.912(3)(g) and where available. The disproportionate assignment of children to children's networks shall be made until the agency has determined that the children's networks have sufficient numbers to be economically operated. For purposes of this paragraph, when referring to assignment, the term "managed care plans" includes exclusive provider organizations, provider service networks, minority

physician networks, and pediatric emergency department diversion programs authorized by this chapter or the General Appropriations Act. When making assignments, the agency shall take into account the following criteria:

- 1. A managed care plan has sufficient network capacity to meet the need of members.
- 2. The managed care plan or MediPass has previously enrolled the recipient as a member, or one of the managed care plan's primary care providers or MediPass providers has previously provided health care to the recipient.
- 3. The agency has knowledge that the member has previously expressed a preference for a particular managed care plan or MediPass provider as indicated by Medicaid fee-for-service claims data, but has failed to make a choice.
- 4. The managed care plan's or MediPass primary care providers are geographically accessible to the recipient's residence.
- (k) When a Medicaid recipient does not choose a managed care plan or MediPass provider, the agency shall assign the Medicaid recipient to a managed care plan, except in those counties in which there are fewer than two managed care plans accepting Medicaid enrollees, in which case assignment shall be to a managed care plan or a MediPass provider. Medicaid recipients in counties with fewer than two managed care plans accepting Medicaid enrollees who are subject to mandatory assignment but who fail to make a choice shall be assigned to managed care plans until an equal enrollment of 45 50 percent in MediPass and provider service networks and 55 50 percent in managed care plans is achieved. Once that equal enrollment is achieved, the assignments shall be divided in order to maintain an equal enrollment in

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30 31 MediPass and managed care plans which is in a 45 percent and 55 percent proportion, respectively. When making assignments, the agency shall take into account the following criteria:

- 1. A managed care plan has sufficient network capacity to meet the need of members.
- The managed care plan or MediPass has previously enrolled the recipient as a member, or one of the managed care plan's primary care providers or MediPass providers has previously provided health care to the recipient.
- 3. The agency has knowledge that the member has previously expressed a preference for a particular managed care plan or MediPass provider as indicated by Medicaid fee-for-service claims data, but has failed to make a choice.
- 4. The managed care plan's or MediPass primary care providers are geographically accessible to the recipient's residence.
- The agency has authority to make mandatory assignments based on quality of service and performance of managed care plans.
- Section 8. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 499.012, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 499.012 Wholesale distribution; definitions; permits; general requirements. --
 - (1) As used in this section, the term:
- "Wholesale distribution" means distribution of prescription drugs to persons other than a consumer or patient, but does not include:
- 1. Any of the following activities, which is not a violation of s. 499.005(21) if such activity is conducted in accordance with s. 499.014:

- a. The purchase or other acquisition by a hospital or other health care entity that is a member of a group purchasing organization of a prescription drug for its own use from the group purchasing organization or from other hospitals or health care entities that are members of that organization.
- b. The sale, purchase, or trade of a prescription drug or an offer to sell, purchase, or trade a prescription drug by a charitable organization described in s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended and revised, to a nonprofit affiliate of the organization to the extent otherwise permitted by law.
- c. The sale, purchase, or trade of a prescription drug or an offer to sell, purchase, or trade a prescription drug among hospitals or other health care entities that are under common control. For purposes of this section, "common control" means the power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of a person or an organization, whether by ownership of stock, by voting rights, by contract, or otherwise.
- d. The sale, purchase, trade, or other transfer of a prescription drug from or for any federal, state, or local government agency or any entity eligible to purchase prescription drugs at public health services prices pursuant to Pub. L. No. 102-585, s. 602 to a contract provider or its subcontractor for eligible patients of the agency or entity under the following conditions:
- (I) The agency or entity must obtain written authorization for the sale, purchase, trade, or other transfer of a prescription drug under this sub-subparagraph from the Secretary of Health or his or her designee.

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- (II) The contract provider or subcontractor must be authorized by law to administer or dispense prescription drugs.
- (III) In the case of a subcontractor, the agency or entity must be a party to and execute the subcontract.
- (IV) A contract provider or subcontractor must maintain separate and apart from other prescription drug inventory any prescription drugs of the agency or entity in its possession.
- (V) The contract provider and subcontractor must maintain and produce immediately for inspection all records of movement or transfer of all the prescription drugs belonging to the agency or entity, including, but not limited to, the records of receipt and disposition of prescription drugs. Each contractor and subcontractor dispensing or administering these drugs must maintain and produce records documenting the dispensing or administration. Records that are required to be maintained include, but are not limited to, a perpetual inventory itemizing drugs received and drugs dispensed by prescription number or administered by patient identifier, which must be submitted to the agency or entity quarterly.
- (VI) The contract provider or subcontractor may administer or dispense the prescription drugs only to the eligible patients of the agency or entity or must return the prescription drugs for or to the agency or entity. The contract provider or subcontractor must require proof from each person seeking to fill a prescription or obtain treatment that the person is an eligible patient of the agency or entity and must, at a minimum, maintain a copy of this proof as part of the records of the contractor or subcontractor required under sub-sub-subparagraph (V).

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(VII) The prescription drugs transferred pursuant to this sub-subparagraph may not be billed to Medicaid.

(VII) (VIII) In addition to the departmental inspection authority set forth in s. 499.051, the establishment of the contract provider and subcontractor and all records pertaining to prescription drugs subject to this sub-subparagraph shall be subject to inspection by the agency or entity. All records relating to prescription drugs of a manufacturer under this sub-subparagraph shall be subject to audit by the manufacturer of those drugs, without identifying individual patient information.

- 2. Any of the following activities, which is not a violation of s. 499.005(21) if such activity is conducted in accordance with rules established by the department:
- The sale, purchase, or trade of a prescription drug among federal, state, or local government health care entities that are under common control and are authorized to purchase such prescription drug.
- The sale, purchase, or trade of a prescription drug or an offer to sell, purchase, or trade a prescription drug for emergency medical reasons. For purposes of this sub-subparagraph, the term "emergency medical reasons" includes transfers of prescription drugs by a retail pharmacy to another retail pharmacy to alleviate a temporary shortage.
- c. The transfer of a prescription drug acquired by a medical director on behalf of a licensed emergency medical services provider to that emergency medical services provider and its transport vehicles for use in accordance with the provider's license under chapter 401.

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The revocation of a sale or the return of a prescription drug to the person's prescription drug wholesale supplier.

- The donation of a prescription drug by a health care entity to a charitable organization that has been granted an exemption under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and that is authorized to possess prescription drugs.
- f. The transfer of a prescription drug by a person authorized to purchase or receive prescription drugs to a person licensed or permitted to handle reverse distributions or destruction under the laws of the jurisdiction in which the person handling the reverse distribution or destruction receives the drug.
- The distribution of prescription drug samples by manufacturers' representatives or distributors' representatives conducted in accordance with s. 499.028.
- The sale, purchase, or trade of blood and blood components intended for transfusion. As used in this subparagraph, the term "blood" means whole blood collected from a single donor and processed either for transfusion or further manufacturing, and the term "blood components" means that part of the blood separated by physical or mechanical means.
- 5. The lawful dispensing of a prescription drug in accordance with chapter 465.
- Section 9. The Agency for Health Care Administration shall conduct a study of health care services provided to the medically fragile or medical-technology-dependent children in the state and conduct a pilot program in Dade County to provide subacute pediatric transitional care to a maximum of

30 children at any one time. The purposes of the study and the pilot program are to determine ways to permit medically 2 3 fragile or medical-technology-dependent children to successfully make a transition from acute care in a health 4 5 care institution to live with their families when possible, 6 and to provide cost-effective, subacute transitional care 7 services. 8 Section 10. The Agency for Health Care Administration, 9 in cooperation with the Children's Medical Services Program in the Department of Health, shall conduct a study to identify 10 the total number of medically fragile or 11 12 medical-technology-dependent children, from birth through age 21, in the state. By January 1, 2003, the agency must report 13 14 to the Legislature regarding the children's ages, the 15 locations where the children are served, the types of services received, itemized costs of the services, and the sources of 16 17 funding that pay for the services, including the proportional share when more than one funding source pays for a service. 18 19 The study must include information regarding medically fragile 20 or medical-technology-dependent children residing in hospitals, nursing homes, and medical foster care, and those 21 who live with their parents. The study must describe children 22 23 served in prescribed pediatric extended-care centers, including their ages and the services they receive. The report 24 must identify the total services provided for each child and 25 26 the method for paying for those services. The report must also identify the number of such children who could, if appropriate 27 transitional services were available, return home or move to a 28 29 less-institutional setting. Section 11. (1) Within 30 days after the effective 30 date of this act, the agency shall establish minimum staffing 31

standards and quality requirements for a subacute pediatric transitional care center to be operated as a 2-year pilot program in Dade County. The pilot program must operate under the license of a hospital licensed under chapter 395, Florida Statutes, or a nursing home licensed under chapter 400, Florida Statutes, and shall use existing beds in the hospital or nursing home. A child's placement in the subacute pediatric transitional care center may not exceed 90 days. The center shall arrange for an alternative placement at the end of a child's stay and a transitional plan for children expected to remain in the facility for the maximum allowed stay.

- (2) Within 60 days after the effective date of this act, the agency must amend the state Medicaid plan and request any federal waivers necessary to implement and fund the pilot program.
- (3) The subacute pediatric transitional care center must require level I background screening as provided in chapter 435, Florida Statutes, for all employees or prospective employees of the center who are expected to, or whose responsibilities may require them to, provide personal care or services to children, have access to children's living areas, or have access to children's funds or personal property.

Section 12. (1) The subacute pediatric transitional care center must have an advisory board. Membership on the advisory board must include, but need not be limited to:

- (a) A physician and an advanced registered nurse practitioner who is familiar with services for medically fragile or medical-technology-dependent children;
- (b) A registered nurse who has experience in the care of medically fragile or medical-technology-dependent children;

1	(c) A child development specialist who has experience
2	in the care of medically fragile or
3	medical-technology-dependent children and their families;
4	(d) A social worker who has experience in the care of
5	medically fragile or medical-technology-dependent children and
6	their families; and
7	(e) A consumer representative who is a parent or
8	guardian of a child placed in the center.
9	(2) The advisory board shall:
10	(a) Review the policy and procedure components of the
11	center to assure conformance with applicable standards
12	developed by the Agency for Health Care Administration; and
13	(b) Provide consultation with respect to the
14	operational and programmatic components of the center.
15	Section 13. (1) The subacute pediatric transitional
16	care center must have written policies and procedures
17	governing the admission, transfer, and discharge of children.
18	(2) The admission of each child to the center must be
19	under the supervision of the center nursing administrator or
20	his or her designee, and must be in accordance with the
21	center's policies and procedures. Each Medicaid admission must
22	be approved as appropriate for placement in the facility by
23	the Children's Medical Services Multidisciplinary Assessment
24	Team of the Department of Health, in conjunction with the
25	Agency for Health Care Administration.
26	(3) Each child admitted to the center shall be
27	admitted upon prescription of the medical director of the
28	center, licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459,
29	Florida Statutes, and the child shall remain under the care of
30	the medical director and the advanced registered nurse
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practitioner for the duration of his or her stay in the center.

- (4) Each child admitted to the center must meet at least the following criteria:
- (a) The child must be medically fragile or medical-technology-dependent.
- (b) The child may not, prior to admission, present significant risk of infection to other children or personnel.

 The medical and nursing directors shall review, on a case-by-case basis, the condition of any child who is suspected of having an infectious disease to determine whether admission is appropriate.
- (c) The child must be medically stabilized and require skilled nursing care or other interventions.
- (5) If the child meets the criteria specified in paragraphs (4)(a), (b), and (c), the medical director or nursing director of the center shall implement a preadmission plan that delineates services to be provided and appropriate sources for such services.
- (a) If the child is hospitalized at the time of referral, preadmission planning must include the participation of the child's parent or guardian and relevant medical, nursing, social services, and developmental staff to assure that the hospital's discharge plans will be implemented following the child's placement in the center.
- (b) A consent form, outlining the purpose of the center, family responsibilities, authorized treatment, appropriate release of liability, and emergency disposition plans, must be signed by the parent or guardian and witnessed before the child is admitted to the center. The parent or guardian shall be provided a copy of the consent form.

Section 14. By January 1, 2003, the Agency for Health 1 2 Care Administration shall report to the Legislature concerning 3 the progress of the pilot program. By January 1, 2004, the 4 agency shall submit to the Legislature a report on the success 5 of the pilot program. 6 Section 15. The Office of Legislative Services shall 7 contract for a business case study of the feasibility of 8 outsourcing the administrative, investigative, legal, and 9 prosecutorial functions and other tasks and services that are necessary to carry out the regulatory responsibilities of the 10 Board of Dentistry, employing its own executive director and 11 12 other staff, and obtaining authority over collections and expenditures of funds paid by professions regulated by the 13 14 board into the Medical Quality Assurance Trust Fund. This 15 feasibility study must include a business plan and an assessment of the direct and indirect costs associated with 16 17 outsourcing these functions. The sum of \$50,000 is appropriated from the Board of Dentistry account within the 18 19 Medical Quality Assurance Trust Fund to the Office of 20 Legislative Services for the purpose of contracting for the study. The Office of Legislative Services shall submit the 21 completed study to the Governor, the President of the Senate, 22 23 and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by January 1, 24 2003. Section 16. (1) Notwithstanding section 409.911, 25 26 Florida Statutes, for the state fiscal year 2002-2003 only, 27 the Agency for Health Care Administration shall distribute moneys under the regular disproportionate share program only 28 29 to public hospitals. Public hospitals are defined as those hospitals included in the agency's calculation of the Medicaid 30 Upper Payment Limit in accordance with 42 C.F.R. 447.272. The 31

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following methodology shall be used to distribute
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    disproportionate share dollars to the public hospitals:
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    For nonstate government-owned or operated hospitals:
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             DSHP = [(.9*HCCD)+(.1*HMD)/(CCD+TMD)]*TAAPH
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            TAAPH = TA - TAAMH
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    For state-owned or operated mental health hospitals:
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                       DSHP = (HMD/TMHMD)*TAAMH
11
12
   Where:
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           TA = total appropriation.
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           TAAPH = total amount available for public hospitals.
15
           TAAMH = total amount available for mental health
16
   hospitals.
17
           DSHP = disproportionate share hospital payments.
           HMD = hospital Medicaid days.
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           TMD = total state Medicaid days for public hospital.
20
           HCCD = hospital charity care days.
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           TCCD = total state charity care days for public
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   hospitals.
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          (2) Notwithstanding section 409.9112, Florida
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    Statutes, for state fiscal year 2002-2003 only,
    disproportionate share payments to regional perinatal
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    intensive care centers shall be equal to the disproportionate
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   payments made to the regional perinatal intensive care centers
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    in state fiscal year 2001-2002.
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          (3) Notwithstanding section 409.9117, Florida
    Statutes, for state fiscal year 2002-2003 only,
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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

disproportionate share payments to hospitals that qualify for primary care disproportionate payments shall be equal to the primary care disproportionate payments made to those hospitals in state fiscal year 2001-2002.

- (4) For state fiscal year 2002-2003 only, no disproportionate share payments shall be made to hospitals under the provisions of section 409.9119, Florida Statutes.
- (5) In the event the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services does not approve Florida's inpatient hospital state plan amendment for the public disproportionate share program by November 1, 2002, the agency may make payments to hospitals under the regular disproportionate share program, regional perinatal intensive care centers disproportionate share program, primary care disproportionate share program, and children's disproportionate share program using the same methodologies used in state fiscal year 2001-2002.
 - (6) This section expires July 1, 2003.

Section 17. The Agency for Health Care Administration may conduct a 2-year pilot project to authorize overnight stays in one ambulatory surgical center located in Acute Care Subdistrict 9-1. An overnight stay shall be permitted only to perform plastic and reconstructive surgeries defined by current procedural terminology code numbers 13000-19999. The total time a patient is at the ambulatory surgical center shall not exceed 23 hours and 59 minutes, including the surgery time, and the maximum planned duration of all surgical procedures combined shall not exceed 8 hours. Prior to implementation of the pilot project, the agency shall establish minimum requirements for protecting the health, safety, and welfare of patients receiving overnight care.

These shall include, at a minimum, compliance with all

statutes and rules applicable to ambulatory surgical centers and the requirements set forth in Rule 64B8-9.009, F.A.C., relating to Level II and Level III procedures. If the agency implements the pilot project, it shall, within 6 months after its completion, submit a report to the Legislature on whether to expand the pilot to include all ambulatory surgical centers. The recommendation shall be based on consideration of the efficacy and impact to patient safety and quality of patient care of providing plastic and reconstructive surgeries in the ambulatory surgical center setting. The agency is authorized to obtain such data as necessary to implement this section.

Section 18. Section 624.91, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 624.91 The Florida Healthy Kids Corporation Act.--
- (1) SHORT TITLE.--This section may be cited as the "William G. 'Doc' Myers Healthy Kids Corporation Act."
 - (2) LEGISLATIVE INTENT.--
- (a) The Legislature finds that increased access to health care services could improve children's health and reduce the incidence and costs of childhood illness and disabilities among children in this state. Many children do not have comprehensive, affordable health care services available. It is the intent of the Legislature that the Florida Healthy Kids Corporation provide comprehensive health insurance coverage to such children. The corporation is encouraged to cooperate with any existing health service programs funded by the public or the private sector and to work cooperatively with the Florida Partnership for School Readiness.

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1 It is the intent of the Legislature that the 2 Florida Healthy Kids Corporation serve as one of several 3 providers of services to children eligible for medical 4 assistance under Title XXI of the Social Security Act. 5 Although the corporation may serve other children, the 6 Legislature intends the primary recipients of services 7 provided through the corporation be school-age children with a 8 family income below 200 percent of the federal poverty level, 9 who do not qualify for Medicaid. It is also the intent of the Legislature that state and local government Florida Healthy 10 Kids funds, to the extent permissible under federal law, be 11 12 used to continue and expand coverage, within available appropriations, to children not eligible for federal matching 13 14 funds under Title XXI obtain matching federal dollars. 15

- (3) NONENTITLEMENT.--Nothing in this section shall be construed as providing an individual with an entitlement to health care services. No cause of action shall arise against the state, the Florida Healthy Kids Corporation, or a unit of local government for failure to make health services available under this section.
 - (4) CORPORATION AUTHORIZATION, DUTIES, POWERS. --
- (a) There is created the Florida Healthy Kids Corporation, a not-for-profit corporation which operates on sites designated by the corporation.
- (b) The Florida Healthy Kids Corporation shall phase in a program to:
- 1. Organize school children groups to facilitate the provision of comprehensive health insurance coverage to children;
- 2. Arrange for the collection of any family, local contributions, or employer payment or premium, in an amount to

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be determined by the board of directors, to provide for payment of premiums for comprehensive insurance coverage and for the actual or estimated administrative expenses;

3. Arrange for the collection of any voluntary contributions to provide for payment of premiums for children who are not eligible for medical assistance under Title XXI of the Social Security Act. Each fiscal year, the corporation shall establish a local-match policy for the enrollment of non-Title XXI eligible children in the Healthy Kids program. By May 1 of each year, the corporation shall provide written notification of the amount to be remitted to the corporation for the following fiscal year under that policy. Local-match sources may include, but are not limited to, funds provided by municipalities, counties, school boards, hospitals, health care providers, charitable organizations, special taxing districts, and private organizations. The minimum local-match cash contributions required each fiscal year and local-match credits shall be determined by the General Appropriations Act. The corporation shall calculate a county's local-match rate based upon that county's percentage of the state's total non-Title XXI expenditures as reported in the corporation's most recently audited financial statement. In awarding the local-match credits, the corporation may consider factors including, but not limited to, population density, per-capita income, existing child-health-related expenditures and services in awarding the credits.

4. Accept voluntary supplemental local-match contributions that comply with the requirements of Title XXI of the Social Security Act for the purpose of providing additional coverage in contributing counties under Title XXI.

 5.3. Establish the administrative and accounting procedures for the operation of the corporation;

- <u>6.4.</u> Establish, with consultation from appropriate professional organizations, standards for preventive health services and providers and comprehensive insurance benefits appropriate to children; provided that such standards for rural areas shall not limit primary care providers to board-certified pediatricians;
- 7.5. Establish eligibility criteria which children must meet in order to participate in the program;
- 8.6. Establish procedures under which providers of local match to, applicants to and participants in the program may have grievances reviewed by an impartial body and reported to the board of directors of the corporation;
- 9.7. Establish participation criteria and, if appropriate, contract with an authorized insurer, health maintenance organization, or insurance administrator to provide administrative services to the corporation;
- 10.8. Establish enrollment criteria which shall include penalties or waiting periods of not fewer than 60 days for reinstatement of coverage upon voluntary cancellation for nonpayment of family premiums;
- 11.9. If a space is available, establish a special open enrollment period of 30 days' duration for any child who is enrolled in Medicaid or Medikids if such child loses Medicaid or Medikids eligibility and becomes eligible for the Florida Healthy Kids program;
- 12.10. Contract with authorized insurers or any provider of health care services, meeting standards established by the corporation, for the provision of comprehensive insurance coverage to participants. Such

standards shall include criteria under which the corporation may contract with more than one provider of health care services in program sites. Health plans shall be selected through a competitive bid process. The selection of health plans shall be based primarily on quality criteria established by the board. The health plan selection criteria and scoring system, and the scoring results, shall be available upon request for inspection after the bids have been awarded;

13. Establish disenrollment criteria in the event local matching funds are insufficient to cover enrollments.

14.11. Develop and implement a plan to publicize the Florida Healthy Kids Corporation, the eligibility requirements of the program, and the procedures for enrollment in the program and to maintain public awareness of the corporation and the program;

15.12. Secure staff necessary to properly administer the corporation. Staff costs shall be funded from state and local matching funds and such other private or public funds as become available. The board of directors shall determine the number of staff members necessary to administer the corporation;

16.13. As appropriate, enter into contracts with local school boards or other agencies to provide onsite information, enrollment, and other services necessary to the operation of the corporation;

17.14. Provide a report on an annual basis to the Governor, Insurance Commissioner, Commissioner of Education, Senate President, Speaker of the House of Representatives, and Minority Leaders of the Senate and the House of Representatives;

18.15. Each fiscal year, establish a maximum number of participants by county, on a statewide basis, who may enroll in the program; and without the benefit of local matching funds. Thereafter, the corporation may establish local matching requirements for supplemental participation in the program. The corporation may vary local matching requirements and enrollment by county depending on factors which may influence the generation of local match, including, but not limited to, population density, per capita income, existing local tax effort, and other factors. The corporation also may accept in-kind match in lieu of cash for the local match requirement to the extent allowed by Title XXI of the Social Security Act; and

19.16. Establish eligibility criteria, premium and cost-sharing requirements, and benefit packages which conform to the provisions of the Florida Kidcare program, as created in ss. 409.810-409.820.

- (c) Coverage under the corporation's program is secondary to any other available private coverage held by the participant child or family member. The corporation may establish procedures for coordinating benefits under this program with benefits under other public and private coverage.
- (d) The Florida Healthy Kids Corporation shall be a private corporation not for profit, organized pursuant to chapter 617, and shall have all powers necessary to carry out the purposes of this act, including, but not limited to, the power to receive and accept grants, loans, or advances of funds from any public or private agency and to receive and accept from any source contributions of money, property, labor, or any other thing of value, to be held, used, and applied for the purposes of this act.

- (5) BOARD OF DIRECTORS.--
- (a) The Florida Healthy Kids Corporation shall operate subject to the supervision and approval of a board of directors chaired by the Insurance Commissioner or her or his designee, and composed of $\underline{14}$ $\underline{12}$ other members selected for 3-year terms of office as follows:
- 1. One member appointed by the Commissioner of Education from among three persons nominated by the Florida Association of School Administrators;
- 2. One member appointed by the Commissioner of Education from among three persons nominated by the Florida Association of School Boards;
- 3. One member appointed by the Commissioner of Education from the Office of School Health Programs of the Florida Department of Education;
- 4. One member appointed by the Governor from among three members nominated by the Florida Pediatric Society;
- 5. One member, appointed by the Governor, who represents the Children's Medical Services Program;
- 6. One member appointed by the Insurance Commissioner from among three members nominated by the Florida Hospital Association;
- 7. Two members, appointed by the Insurance Commissioner, who are representatives of authorized health care insurers or health maintenance organizations;
- 8. One member, appointed by the Insurance Commissioner, who represents the Institute for Child Health Policy;
- 9. One member, appointed by the Governor, from among three members nominated by the Florida Academy of Family Physicians;

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- One member, appointed by the Governor, who represents the Agency for Health Care Administration; and
 - The State Health Officer or her or his designee; -
- 12. One member, appointed by the Insurance Commissioner from among three members nominated by the Florida Association of Counties, representing rural counties; and
- 13. One member, appointed by the Governor from among three members nominated by the Florida Association of Counties, representing urban counties.
- (b) A member of the board of directors may be removed by the official who appointed that member. The board shall appoint an executive director, who is responsible for other staff authorized by the board.
- (c) Board members are entitled to receive, from funds of the corporation, reimbursement for per diem and travel expenses as provided by s. 112.061.
- There shall be no liability on the part of, and no cause of action shall arise against, any member of the board of directors, or its employees or agents, for any action they take in the performance of their powers and duties under this act.
 - (6) LICENSING NOT REQUIRED; FISCAL OPERATION. --
- The corporation shall not be deemed an insurer. The officers, directors, and employees of the corporation shall not be deemed to be agents of an insurer. Neither the corporation nor any officer, director, or employee of the corporation is subject to the licensing requirements of the insurance code or the rules of the Department of Insurance. However, any marketing representative utilized and compensated by the corporation must be appointed as a representative of

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the insurers or health services providers with which the corporation contracts.

- (b) The board has complete fiscal control over the corporation and is responsible for all corporate operations.
- (c) The Department of Insurance shall supervise any liquidation or dissolution of the corporation and shall have, with respect to such liquidation or dissolution, all power granted to it pursuant to the insurance code.
- (7) ACCESS TO RECORDS; CONFIDENTIALITY; PENALTIES. -- Notwithstanding any other laws to the contrary, the Florida Healthy Kids Corporation shall have access to the medical records of a student upon receipt of permission from a parent or guardian of the student. Such medical records may be maintained by state and local agencies. Any identifying information, including medical records and family financial information, obtained by the corporation pursuant to this subsection is confidential and is exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1). Neither the corporation nor the staff or agents of the corporation may release, without the written consent of the participant or the parent or guardian of the participant, to any state or federal agency, to any private business or person, or to any other entity, any confidential information received pursuant to this subsection. A violation of this subsection is a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

Section 19. This act shall take effect July 1, 2002.

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