Florida Senate - 2002

CS for SB 1418

By the Committee on Banking and Insurance; and Senators Garcia and Campbell

311-2075-02 A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to insurance; amending s. 3 627.351, F.S.; renaming the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 4 5 Association as the Citizens Property Insurance б Corporation to provide residential and 7 commercial property insurance; requiring 8 insurers writing property insurance to participate in the corporation; providing for 9 dividing the revenues, assets, liabilities, 10 11 losses, and expenses of the corporation into 12 three accounts; providing for emergency 13 assessments for policyholders of participating 14 insurers; providing a plan of operation; 15 defining the terms "quota share primary insurance" and "eligible risks"; authorizing 16 17 the corporation to enter into quota share 18 primary insurance agreements; providing for a 19 board of governors appointed by the Treasurer; 20 requiring the corporation to file quarterly statements of financial condition and submit 21 22 other reports to the Department of Insurance; 23 providing that the corporation is not required to obtain a certificate of authority from the 24 25 Department of Insurance; providing that the 26 corporation is not required to be a member of 27 the Florida Insurance Guaranty Association; 28 requiring the corporation to pay assessments 29 pledged by the association to secure bonds to pay covered claims arising from insurer 30 31 insolvencies caused by hurricane losses;

1

1	providing for transfer of policies of the
2	association and the Florida Windstorm
3	Underwriting Association to the corporation;
4	providing for a transfer of assets and
5	liabilities; requiring the associations to take
6	actions necessary to further the transfers;
7	providing for the redesignation of certain
8	coverage as the high-risk account of the
9	corporation; providing that such account be
10	treated as if it were a separate participating
11	insurer for certain purposes; providing that
12	the personal lines and commercial lines
13	accounts be treated as a single participating
14	insurer for certain purposes; providing that
15	the department may postpone the July 1, 2002,
16	effective date of transfer under the act;
17	providing legislative intent not to interfere
18	with the rights of creditors, to preserve the
19	obligation of the association, and to assure
20	that outstanding financing agreements pass
21	unchanged to the corporation; creating s.
22	627.3517, F.S.; preserving the right of a
23	residual-market policyholder to select and
24	maintain an agent of his or her own choice;
25	amending s. 215.555, F.S.; redefining the term
26	"losses"; providing an effective date.
27	
28	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
29	
30	
31	

2

1	Section 1. Subsection (6) of section 627.351, Florida
2	Statutes, as amended by section 4 of chapter 2001-372, Laws of
3	Florida, is amended to read:
4	627.351 Insurance risk apportionment plans
5	(6) <u>CITIZENS</u> RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY <u>INSURANCE</u>
6	CORPORATION AND CASUALTY JOINT UNDERWRITING ASSOCIATION
7	(a)1. The Legislature finds that actual and threatened
8	catastrophic losses to property in this state from hurricanes
9	have caused insurers to be unwilling or unable to provide
10	property insurance coverage to the extent sought and needed.
11	It is in the public interest and a public purpose to assist in
12	assuring that property in the state is insured so as to
13	facilitate the remediation, reconstruction, and replacement of
14	damaged or destroyed property in order to reduce or avoid the
15	negative effects otherwise resulting to the public health,
16	safety, and welfare; to the economy of the state; and to the
17	revenues of the state and local governments needed to provide
18	for the public welfare. It is necessary, therefore, to provide
19	property insurance to applicants who are in good faith
20	entitled to procure insurance through the voluntary market but
21	are unable to do so. The Legislature intends by this
22	subsection that property insurance be provided and that it
23	continues, as long as necessary, through an entity organized
24	to achieve efficiencies and economies, all toward the
25	achievement of the foregoing public purposes. Because it is
26	essential for the corporation to have the maximum financial
27	resources to pay claims following a catastrophic hurricane, it
28	is the intent of the Legislature that the income of the
29	corporation be exempt from federal income taxation and that
30	interest on the debt obligations issued by the corporation be
31	exempt from federal income taxation.

3

1 2. The Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association originally created by this statute 2 3 shall be known, as of July 1, 2002, as the Citizens Property Insurance Corporation. The corporation shall provide insurance 4 5 for residential and commercial б (a) There is created a joint underwriting association 7 for equitable apportionment or sharing among insurers of 8 property and casualty insurance covering residential property, 9 for applicants who are in good faith entitled, but are unable, 10 to procure insurance through the voluntary market. The 11 corporation association shall operate pursuant to a plan of operation approved by order of the department. The plan is 12 13 subject to continuous review by the department. The department may, by order, withdraw approval of all or part of a plan if 14 the department determines that conditions have changed since 15 approval was granted and that the purposes of the plan require 16 17 changes in the plan. For the purposes of this subsection, 18 residential coverage includes both personal lines residential 19 coverage, which consists of the type of coverage provided by 20 homeowner's, mobile home owner's, dwelling, tenant's, 21 condominium unit owner's, and similar policies, and commercial lines residential coverage, which consists of the type of 22 coverage provided by condominium association, apartment 23 24 building, and similar policies. 25 (b)1. All insurers authorized to write one or more 26 subject lines of business in this state are subject to 27 assessment by the corporation and, for the purposes of this 28 subsection, are referred to collectively as "assessable 29 insurers." Insurers writing one or more subject lines of 30 business in this state pursuant to part VIII of chapter 626 are not assessable insurers, but insureds who procure one or 31 4

more subject lines of business in this state pursuant to part 1 2 VIII of chapter 626 are subject to assessment by the 3 corporation and are referred to collectively as "assessable 4 insureds." An authorized insurer's assessment liability, other 5 than underwriting associations or other entities created under б this section, must participate in and be members of the 7 Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association. A member's participation shall begin on the first 8 9 day of the calendar year following the year in which the 10 insurer member was issued a certificate of authority to 11 transact insurance for subject lines of business in this state and shall terminate 1 year after the end of the first calendar 12 13 year during which the insurer member no longer holds a certificate of authority to transact insurance for subject 14 lines of business in this state. 15 2.a. All revenues, assets, liabilities, losses, and 16 17 expenses of the corporation association shall be divided into three two separate accounts as follows: 18 19 (I) A personal lines account for personal residential 20 policies issued by the corporation or issued by the 21 Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association and renewed by the corporation on risks that are 22 not located in areas eligible for coverage in the Florida 23 24 Windstorm Underwriting Association as those areas were defined 25 on January 1, 2002; (II) A commercial lines account for commercial 26 27 residential policies issued by the corporation or issued by 28 the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 29 Association and renewed by the corporation on risks that are 30 not located in areas eligible for coverage in the Florida 31

1 Windstorm Underwriting Association as those areas were defined on January 1, 2002; and 2 3 (III) A high-risk account for personal residential policies and commercial residential and commercial 4 5 nonresidential property policies issued by the corporation or б transferred to the corporation on risks that are located in 7 areas eligible for coverage in the Florida Windstorm 8 Underwriting Association as those areas were defined on January 1, 2002. The high-risk account must also include quota 9 share primary insurance under subparagraph (c)2. 10 11 b. The three separate accounts must be maintained as long as financing obligations entered into by the Florida 12 Windstorm Underwriting Association or Residential Property and 13 Casualty Joint Underwriting Association are outstanding, in 14 accordance with the terms of the corresponding financing 15 documents. When the financing obligations are no longer 16 17 outstanding, in accordance with the terms of the corresponding financing documents, the corporation may use a single account 18 19 for all revenues, assets, liabilities, losses, and expenses of 20 the corporation., one of which is for personal lines 21 residential coverages and the other of which is for commercial 22 lines residential coverages. 23 c. Revenues, assets, liabilities, losses, and expenses 24 not attributable to particular accounts coverages shall be 25 prorated among between the accounts. d. The Legislature finds that the revenues of the 26 27 corporation are revenues that are necessary to meet the 28 requirements set forth in documents authorizing the issuance 29 of bonds under this subsection. 30 e. No part of the income of the corporation may inure 31 to the benefit of any private person.

б

1 3. With respect to a deficit in an account: 2 a. When the deficit incurred in a particular calendar 3 year is not greater than 10 percent of the aggregate statewide direct written premium for the subject lines of business for 4 5 the prior calendar year for all member insurers, the entire б deficit shall be recovered through regular assessments of 7 assessable member insurers under paragraph (g) and assessable 8 insureds. 9 When the deficit incurred in a particular calendar b. 10 year exceeds 10 percent of the aggregate statewide direct 11 written premium for the subject lines of business for the prior calendar year for all member insurers, the corporation 12 13 association shall levy regular assessments an assessment on 14 assessable member insurers under paragraph (g) and on assessable insureds in an amount equal to the greater of 10 15 percent of the deficit or 10 percent of the aggregate 16 17 statewide direct written premium for the subject lines of 18 business for the prior calendar year for all member insurers. 19 Any remaining deficit shall be recovered through emergency 20 assessments under sub-subparagraph d. 21 c. Each assessable member insurer's share of the 22 amount being assessed total assessment under sub-subparagraph a. or sub-subparagraph b. shall be in the proportion that the 23 24 assessable member insurer's direct written premium for the 25 subject lines of business for the year preceding the assessment bears to the aggregate statewide direct written 26 27 premium for the subject lines of business for that year for 28 all member insurers. The assessment percentage applicable to 29 each assessable insured is the ratio of the amount being 30 assessed under sub-subparagraph a. or sub-subparagraph b. to 31 the aggregate statewide direct written premium for the subject 7

1 lines of business for the prior year. Assessments levied by the corporation on assessable insurers under sub-subparagraphs 2 3 a. and b. shall be paid as required by the corporation's plan of operation and paragraph (g). Assessments levied by the 4 5 corporation on assessable insureds under sub-subparagraphs a. б and b. shall be collected by the surplus lines agent at the 7 time the surplus lines agent collects the surplus lines tax 8 required by s. 626.932 and shall be paid to the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office at the time the surplus lines 9 10 agent pays the surplus lines tax to the Florida Surplus Lines 11 Service Office. Upon receipt of regular assessments from surplus lines agents, the Florida surplus Lines Service Office 12 shall transfer the assessments directly to the corporation as 13 14 determined by the corporation. Upon a determination by the board of governors that 15 d. a deficit in an account exceeds the amount that will be 16 17 recovered through regular assessments on member insurers under sub-subparagraph a. or sub-subparagraph b., the board shall 18 19 levy, after verification by the department, emergency 20 assessments to be collected by assessable member insurers and the corporation and collected from assessable insureds by 21 underwriting associations created under this section which 22 write subject lines of business upon issuance or renewal of 23 24 policies for subject lines of business, excluding National 25 Flood Insurance policies, in the year or years following levy of the regular assessments. The amount of the emergency 26 27 assessment collected in a particular year shall be a uniform 28 percentage of that year's direct written premium for subject 29 lines of business and all accounts of the corporation for all member insurers and underwriting associations, excluding 30 31 National Flood Insurance Program policy premiums, as annually

8

1 determined by the board and verified by the department. The 2 department shall verify the arithmetic calculations involved 3 in the board's determination within 30 days after receipt of the information on which the determination was based. 4 5 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the corporation б and each assessable member insurer that and each underwriting 7 association created under this section which writes subject 8 lines of business shall collect emergency assessments from its 9 policyholders without such obligation being affected by any 10 credit, limitation, exemption, or deferment. Emergency 11 assessments levied by the corporation on assessable insureds shall be collected by the surplus lines agent at the time the 12 surplus lines agent collects the surplus lines tax required by 13 s. 626.932 and shall be paid to the Florida Surplus Lines 14 Service Office at the time the surplus lines agent pays the 15 surplus lines tax to the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office. 16 17 The emergency assessments so collected shall be transferred directly to the corporation association on a periodic basis as 18 19 determined by the corporation association. The aggregate 20 amount of emergency assessments levied under this sub-subparagraph in any calendar year may not exceed the 21 greater of 10 percent of the amount needed to cover the 22 original deficit, plus interest, fees, commissions, required 23 24 reserves, and other costs associated with financing of the 25 original deficit, or 10 percent of the aggregate statewide direct written premium for subject lines of business and for 26 27 all accounts of the corporation written by member insurers and 28 underwriting associations for the prior year, plus interest, 29 fees, commissions, required reserves, and other costs associated with financing the original deficit. 30 31

9

1 The board may pledge the proceeds of assessments, e. 2 projected recoveries from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe 3 Fund, other insurance and reinsurance recoverables, market 4 equalization surcharges and other surcharges, and other funds 5 available to the corporation association as the source of б revenue for and to secure bonds issued under paragraph (q), 7 bonds or other indebtedness issued under subparagraph (c)3., or lines of credit or other financing mechanisms issued or 8 created under this subsection, or to retire any other debt 9 10 incurred as a result of deficits or events giving rise to 11 deficits, or in any other way that the board determines will efficiently recover such deficits. The purpose of the lines of 12 13 credit or other financing mechanisms is to provide additional 14 resources to assist the corporation association in covering 15 claims and expenses attributable to a catastrophe. As used in this subsection, the term "assessments" includes regular 16 17 assessments under sub-subparagraph a., sub-subparagraph b., or subparagraph (g)1. and emergency assessments under 18 19 sub-subparagraph d. Emergency assessments collected under 20 sub-subparagraph d. are not part of an insurer's rates, are not premium, and are not subject to premium tax, fees, or 21 22 commissions; however, failure to pay the emergency assessment shall be treated as failure to pay premium. The emergency 23 24 assessments under sub-subparagraph d. shall continue as long 25 as any bonds issued or other indebtedness incurred with respect to a deficit for which the assessment was imposed 26 remain outstanding, unless adequate provision has been made 27 28 for the payment of such bonds or other indebtedness pursuant 29 to the documents governing such bonds or other indebtedness. f. As used in this subsection, the term "subject lines 30 31 of business" means insurance written by assessable insurers or

10

procured by assessable insureds on real or personal property, 1 as defined in s. 624.604, including insurance for fire, 2 3 industrial fire, allied lines, farmowners multiperil, homeowners multiperil, commercial multiperil, and mobile 4 5 homes, and including liability coverage on all such insurance, б but excluding inland marine as defined in s. 624.607(3) and 7 excluding vehicle insurance as defined in s. 624.605(1) other 8 than insurance on mobile homes used as permanent dwellings. 9 g. The Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall 10 determine annually the aggregate statewide written premium in 11 subject lines of business procured by assessable insureds and shall report that information to the corporation in a form and 12 at a time the corporation specifies to ensure that the 13 corporation can meet the requirements of this subsection and 14 the corporation's financing obligations. 15 The Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall 16 h. 17 verify the proper application by surplus lines agents of 18 assessment percentages for regular assessments and emergency 19 assessments levied under this subparagraph on assessable insureds and shall assist the corporation in ensuring the 20 21 accurate, timely collection and payment of assessments by surplus lines agents as required by the corporation., with 22 respect to the personal lines account, any personal lines 23 24 policy defined in s. 627.4025, and means, with respect to the 25 commercial lines account, all commercial property and commercial fire insurance. 26 27 (c) The plan of operation of the corporation 28 association: 29 1. May provide for one or more designated insurers, 30 able and willing to provide policy and claims service, to act 31 on behalf of the association to provide such service. Each 11

1 licensed agent shall be entitled to indicate the order of 2 preference regarding who will service the business placed by 3 the agent. The association shall adhere to each agent's preferences unless after consideration of other factors in 4 5 assigning agents, including, but not limited to, servicing б capacity and fee arrangements, the association has reason to 7 believe it is in the best interest of the association to make 8 a different assignment.

9 <u>1.2.</u> Must provide for adoption of residential property and casualty insurance policy forms <u>and commercial residential</u> and nonresidential property insurance forms, which forms must be approved by the department prior to use. The <u>corporation</u> association shall adopt the following policy forms:

a. Standard personal lines policy forms <u>that</u> including
wind coverage, which are <u>comprehensive</u> multiperil policies
providing what is generally considered to be full coverage of
a residential property <u>equivalent</u> similar to the coverage
provided <u>in the private insurance market</u> under <u>an</u> an HO-2,
HO-3, HO-4, or HO-6 policy.

20 b. Standard personal lines policy forms without wind 21 coverage, which are the same as the policies described in 22 sub-subparagraph a. except that they do not include wind 23 coverage.

<u>b.c.</u> Basic personal lines policy forms <u>that</u> including wind coverage, which are policies similar to an HO-8 policy or a dwelling fire policy that provide coverage meeting the requirements of the secondary mortgage market, but which coverage is more limited than the coverage under a standard policy.

30d. Basic personal lines policy forms without wind31coverage, which are the same as the policies described in

12

1 sub-subparagraph c. except that they do not include wind 2 coverage. 3 c.e. Commercial lines residential policy forms including wind coverage that are generally similar to the 4 5 basic perils of full coverage obtainable for commercial б residential structures in the admitted voluntary market. 7 d. Commercial lines nonresidential property insurance 8 forms that cover the peril of wind only. The form is applicable only to commercial lines nonresidential properties 9 10 located in areas eligible for coverage in the Florida 11 Windstorm Underwriting Association as those areas were defined on January 1, 2002. 12 2.a. Must provide that the corporation adopt a program 13 in which the corporation and authorized insurers enter into 14 quota share primary insurance agreements for hurricane 15 coverage, as defined in s. 627.4025(2)(a), for eligible risks, 16 17 and adopt property insurance forms for eligible risks which cover the peril of wind only. As used in this subsection, the 18 19 term: "Quota share primary insurance" means an 20 (I) 21 arrangement in which the primary hurricane coverage of an eligible risk is provided in specified percentages by the 22 corporation and an authorized insurer. The corporation and 23 24 authorized insurer are each solely responsible for a specified 25 percentage of hurricane coverage of an eligible risk as set forth in a quota share primary insurance agreement between the 26 27 corporation and an authorized insurer. The responsibility of 28 the corporation or authorized insurer to pay its specified 29 percentage of hurricane losses of an eligible risk, as set 30 forth in the quota share primary insurance agreement, may not 31 be altered by the inability of the other party to the

13

1 agreement to pay its specified percentage of hurricane losses. Eligible risks that are provided hurricane coverage through a 2 3 quota share primary insurance arrangement must be provided policy forms that set forth the obligations of the corporation 4 5 and authorized insurer under the arrangement, and that clearly б specify the percentages of quota share primary insurance 7 provided by the corporation and authorized insurer. 8 (II) "Eligible risks" means personal lines residential 9 and commercial lines residential risks that meet the 10 underwriting criteria of the corporation and are located in 11 areas that were eligible for coverage by the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association on January 1, 2002. 12 The corporation may enter into quota share primary 13 b. insurance agreements with authorized insurers at corporation 14 coverage levels of 90 percent and 50 percent. 15 c. If the corporation determines that additional 16 17 coverage levels are necessary to maximize participation in quota share primary insurance agreements by authorized 18 19 insurers, the corporation may establish additional coverage levels. However, the corporation's quota share primary 20 insurance coverage level may not exceed 90 percent. 21 d. Any quota share primary insurance agreement entered 22 into between an authorized insurer and the corporation must 23 provide for a uniform, specified percentage of coverage of 24 25 hurricane losses, by county or territory as set forth by the corporation board, for all eligible risks of the authorized 26 27 insurer covered under the quota share primary insurance 28 agreement. 29 e. Any quota share primary insurance agreement entered 30 into between an authorized insurer and the corporation is 31 subject to review and approval by the department.

14

1	f. For all eligible risks covered under quota share
2	primary insurance agreements, the exposure and coverage levels
3	for both the corporation and authorized insurers shall be
4	reported by the corporation to the Florida Hurricane
5	Catastrophe Fund. For all policies of eligible risks covered
6	under quota share primary insurance agreements, the
7	corporation and the authorized insurer shall maintain complete
8	and accurate records for the purpose of exposure and loss
9	reimbursement audits as required by Florida Hurricane
10	Catastrophe Fund rules. The corporation and the authorized
11	insurer shall each maintain duplicate copies of policy
12	declaration pages and supporting claims documents.
13	g. The rates charged by the corporation for covering
14	eligible personal lines residential risks under quota share
15	primary insurance agreements for the coverage levels in
16	sub-subparagraphs b. and c. must be derived from the
17	corporation's wind-only rates.
18	h. The quota share primary insurance agreement between
19	the corporation and an authorized insurer must set forth the
20	specific terms under which coverage is provided, including,
21	but not limited to, the sale and servicing of policies issued
22	under the agreement by the insurance agent of the authorized
23	insurer producing the business, the reporting of information
24	concerning eligible risks, the payment of premium to the
25	corporation, and arrangements for the adjustment and payment
26	of hurricane claims incurred on eligible risks by the claims
27	adjuster and personnel of the authorized insurer. Entering
28	into a quota sharing insurance agreement between the
29	corporation and an authorized insurer shall be voluntary and
30	at the discretion of the authorized insurer.
31	

15

1 f. Commercial lines residential policy forms without 2 wind coverage, which are the same as the policies described in 3 sub-subparagraph e. except that they do not include wind 4 coverage. 5 May provide that the corporation association may 3. б employ or otherwise contract with individuals or other 7 entities to provide administrative or professional services 8 that may be appropriate to effectuate the plan. The 9 corporation association shall have the power to borrow funds, 10 by issuing bonds or by incurring other indebtedness, and shall 11 have other powers reasonably necessary to effectuate the requirements of this subsection. The corporation may, but is 12 not required to, seek judicial validation of its bonds or 13 other indebtedness under chapter 75. The corporation 14 association may issue bonds or incur other indebtedness, or 15 have bonds issued on its behalf by a unit of local government 16 pursuant to subparagraph (g)2., in the absence of a hurricane 17 or other weather-related event, upon a determination by the 18 19 corporation association, subject to approval by the 20 department, that such action would enable it to efficiently meet the financial obligations of the corporation association 21 and that such financings are reasonably necessary to 22 effectuate the requirements of this subsection. The 23 24 corporation association is authorized to take all actions 25 needed to facilitate tax-free status for any such bonds or indebtedness, including formation of trusts or other 26 affiliated entities. The corporation association shall have 27 28 the authority to pledge assessments, projected recoveries from 29 the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, other reinsurance recoverables, market equalization and other surcharges, and 30 31 other funds available to the corporation association as

16

1 security for bonds or other indebtedness. In recognition of s. 10, Art. I of the State Constitution, prohibiting the 2 3 impairment of obligations of contracts, it is the intent of the Legislature that no action be taken whose purpose is to 4 5 impair any bond indenture or financing agreement or any 6 revenue source committed by contract to such bond or other indebtedness. 7 8 4.a. Must require that the corporation association 9 operate subject to the supervision and approval of a board of 10 governors consisting of 7 13 individuals from diverse 11 geographical areas of the state, appointed by the Treasurer. The Treasurer shall designate one of the appointees as chair. 12 All board members serve at the pleasure of the Treasurer.-13 including 1 who is elected as chair. The board shall consist 14 of: 15 a. The insurance consumer advocate appointed under s. 16 17 627.0613. 18 b. Five members designated by the insurance industry. 19 с. Five consumer representatives appointed by the 20 Insurance Commissioner. Two of the consumer representatives 21 must, at the time of appointment, be holders of policies issued by the association, who are selected with consideration 22 given to reflecting the geographic balance of association 23 24 policyholders. Two of the consumer members must be individuals who are minority persons as defined in s. 288.703(3). One of 25 the consumer members shall have expertise in the field of 26 27 mortgage lending. 28 d. Two representatives of the insurance industry 29 appointed by the Insurance Commissioner. Of the two insurance 30 industry representatives appointed by the Insurance 31

17

1 Commissioner, at least one must be an individual who is a 2 minority person as defined in s. 288.703(3). 3 Any board member may be disapproved or removed and replaced by 4 5 the commissioner at any time for cause. All board members, б including the chair, must be appointed to serve for 3-year 7 terms beginning annually on a date designated by the plan. Any 8 board vacancy shall be filled for the unexpired term by the Treasurer. The Treasurer shall appoint a technical advisory 9 group to provide information and advice to the board of 10 11 governors in connection with the board's duties under this subsection. The executive director and senior managers of the 12 corporation shall be engaged by the Treasurer and serve at the 13 pleasure of the Treasurer. The executive director is 14 responsible for employing other staff as the corporation may 15 require, subject to review and concurrence by the Office of 16 17 the Treasurer. b. To ensure the effective and efficient 18 19 implementation of this section, the Treasurer shall appoint the board of governors by July 1, 2002. The board of governors 20 21 shall work in conjunction with the Residential Property Insurance Market Coordinating Council to address appropriate 22 organizational, operational, and financial matters relating to 23 the corporation. In addition, after consultation with the 24 25 Residential Property Insurance Market Coordinating Council, the Treasurer may postpone the implementation of the 26 27 provisions of paragraph (1) and any other provision of this 28 section related to the operation of the corporation for a 29 period not to exceed 180 days if the Treasurer determines that 30 phasing-in these provisions is necessary to ensure the 31 effective and efficient implementation of the corporation's

18

1 operations or financing arrangements. However, the Treasurer may not affect any provision in paragraph (b) or any other 2 3 provision of this section related to financing arrangements entered into by the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association 4 5 or the Florida Residential Property and Casualty Joint б Underwriting Association and the ability of those entities or 7 the corporation to service its debts and maintain the capacity 8 to repay funds secured under those arrangements. 9 Must provide a procedure for determining the 5. 10 eligibility of a risk for coverage, as follows: 11 Subject to the provisions of s. 627.3517, with a. respect to personal lines residential risks, if the risk is 12 13 offered full coverage from an authorized insurer at the insurer's approved rate under either a standard policy 14 including wind coverage or, if consistent with the insurer's 15 underwriting rules as filed with the department, a basic 16 policy including wind coverage, the risk is not eligible for 17 any policy issued by the corporation association. If the risk 18 19 accepts an offer of coverage through the market assistance 20 plan or an offer of coverage through a mechanism established by the corporation association before a policy is issued to 21 the risk by the corporation association or during the first 30 22 days of coverage by the corporation association, and the 23 24 producing agent who submitted the application to the plan or 25 to the corporation association is not currently appointed by the insurer, the insurer shall either: 26 27 (I) Pay to the producing agent of record of the policy, for the first year, an amount which is the greater of 28 29 the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of 30 policy written or a policy fee equal to the usual and customary commission of the corporation; or 31 19

1 (II) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of 2 3 not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of policy written. 4 5 If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept б appointment by the new insurer, the new insurer shall pay the 7 agent in accordance with sub-sub-subparagraph (I). appoint the 8 agent to service the risk or, if the insurer places the 9 coverage through a new agent, require the new agent who then 10 writes the policy to pay not less than 50 percent of the first 11 year's commission to the producing agent who submitted the application to the plan or the association, except that if the 12 13 new agent is an employee or exclusive agent of the insurer, 14 the new agent shall pay a policy fee of \$50 to the producing 15 agent in lieu of splitting the commission. 16 17 If the risk is not able to obtain any such offer, the risk is eligible for either a standard policy including wind coverage 18 19 or a basic policy including wind coverage issued by the corporation association; however, if the risk could not be 20 21 insured under a standard policy including wind coverage regardless of market conditions, the risk shall be eligible 22 for a basic policy including wind coverage unless rejected 23 24 under subparagraph 8. The corporation association shall determine the type of policy to be provided on the basis of 25 objective standards specified in the underwriting manual and 26 27 based on generally accepted underwriting practices. With respect to commercial lines residential risks, 28 b. 29 if the risk is offered coverage under a policy including wind coverage from an authorized insurer at its approved rate, the 30 31 risk is not eligible for any policy issued by the corporation 20

1 association. If the risk accepts an offer of coverage through 2 the market assistance plan or an offer of coverage through a 3 mechanism established by the corporation association before a policy is issued to the risk by the corporation association, 4 5 and the producing agent who submitted the application to the б plan or the corporation association is not currently appointed 7 by the insurer, the insurer shall either: 8 (I) Pay to the producing agent of record of the policy, for the first year, an amount which is the greater of 9 10 the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of 11 policy written or a policy fee equal to the usual and customary commission of the corporation; or 12 (II) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of 13 the policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of 14 not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the insurer's 15 usual and customary commission for the type of policy written. 16 17 If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept appointment by the new insurer, the new insurer shall pay the 18 19 agent in accordance with sub-sub-subparagraph (I). appoint the agent to service the risk or, if the insurer places the 20 coverage through a new agent, require the new agent who then 21 writes the policy to pay not less than 50 percent of the first 22 year's commission to the producing agent who submitted the 23 24 application to the plan, except that if the new agent is an 25 employee or exclusive agent of the insurer, the new agent shall pay a policy fee of \$50 to the producing agent in lieu 26 27 of splitting the commission. 28 29 If the risk is not able to obtain any such offer, the risk is 30 eligible for a policy including wind coverage issued by the 31 corporation association.

i	
1	c. This subparagraph does not require the association
2	to provide wind coverage or hurricane coverage in any area in
3	which such coverage is available through the Florida Windstorm
4	Underwriting Association.
5	6. Must include rules for classifications of risks and
6	rates therefor.
7	7. Must provide that if premium and investment income
8	<u>for an account</u> attributable to a particular <u>calendar</u> plan year
9	are in excess of projected losses and expenses for the account
10	of the plan attributable to that year, such excess shall be
11	held in surplus in the account. Such surplus shall be
12	available to defray deficits as to future years and shall be
13	used for that purpose prior to assessing <u>assessable</u> member
14	insurers <u>and assessable insureds</u> as to any <u>calendar</u> plan year.
15	8. Must provide objective criteria and procedures to
16	be uniformly applied for all applicants in determining whether
17	an individual risk is so hazardous as to be uninsurable. In
18	making this determination and in establishing the criteria and
19	procedures, the following shall be considered:
20	a. Whether the likelihood of a loss for the individual
21	risk is substantially higher than for other risks of the same
22	class; and
23	b. Whether the uncertainty associated with the
24	individual risk is such that an appropriate premium cannot be
25	determined.
26	
27	The acceptance or rejection of a risk by the <u>corporation</u>
28	association shall be construed as the private placement of
29	insurance, and the provisions of chapter 120 shall not apply.
30	
31	
	22

1 9. Must provide that the corporation association shall 2 make its best efforts to procure catastrophe reinsurance at 3 reasonable rates, as determined by the board of governors. 10. Must provide that in the event of regular deficit 4 5 assessments under sub-subparagraph (b)3.a. or sub-subparagraph б (b)3.b., in the personal lines account, the commercial lines 7 account, or the high-risk account or by the Florida Windstorm 8 Underwriting Association under sub-subparagraph 9 (2)(b)2.d.(I) or sub-sub-subparagraph (2)(b)2.d.(II), the 10 corporation association shall levy upon corporation 11 association policyholders in such account in its next rate filing, or by a separate rate filing solely for this purpose, 12 13 a market equalization surcharge in a percentage equal to the total amount of such regular assessments divided by the 14 aggregate statewide direct written premium for subject lines 15 of business for member insurers for the prior calendar year. 16 17 Market equalization surcharges under this subparagraph are not 18 considered premium and are not subject to commissions, fees, 19 or premium taxes; however, failure to pay a market 20 equalization surcharge shall be treated as failure to pay 21 premium. 22 11. The policies issued by the corporation association must provide that, if the corporation association or the 23 24 market assistance plan obtains an offer from an authorized 25 insurer to cover the risk at its approved rates under either a standard policy including wind coverage or a basic policy 26 27 including wind coverage, the risk is no longer eligible for 28 renewal coverage through the corporation association. However, if the risk is located in an area in which Florida Windstorm 29 Underwriting Association coverage is available, such an offer 30 31 of a standard or basic policy terminates eligibility

23

1 regardless of whether or not the offer includes wind coverage. Upon termination of eligibility, the association shall provide 2 3 written notice to the policyholder and agent of record stating that the association policy shall be canceled as of 60 days 4 5 after the date of the notice because of the offer of coverage б from an authorized insurer. Other provisions of the insurance 7 code relating to cancellation and notice of cancellation do 8 not apply to actions under this subparagraph.

9 12. Corporation Association policies and applications 10 must include a notice that the corporation association policy 11 could, under this section or s. 627.3511, be replaced with a policy issued by an authorized admitted insurer that does not 12 provide coverage identical to the coverage provided by the 13 14 corporation association. The notice shall also specify that 15 acceptance of corporation association coverage creates a conclusive presumption that the applicant or policyholder is 16 17 aware of this potential.

13. May establish, subject to approval by the 18 19 department, different eligibility requirements and operational 20 procedures for any line or type of coverage for any specified 21 county or area if the board determines that such changes to the eligibility requirements and operational procedures are 22 justified due to the voluntary market being sufficiently 23 24 stable and competitive in such area or for such line or type of coverage and that consumers who, in good faith, are unable 25 to obtain insurance through the voluntary market through 26 27 ordinary methods would continue to have access to coverage 28 from the corporation association. When coverage is sought in 29 connection with a real property transfer, such requirements and procedures shall not provide for an effective date of 30 31 coverage later than the date of the closing of the transfer as

24

1 established by the transferor, the transferee, and, if applicable, the lender. 2 3 14. Must provide that, with respect to the high-risk 4 account, any assessable insurer with a surplus as to 5 policyholders of \$25 million or less writing 25 percent or б more of its total countrywide property insurance premiums in 7 this state may petition the department, within the first 90 8 days of each calendar year, to qualify as a limited apportionment company. In no event shall a limited 9 10 apportionment company be required to participate in the 11 portion of any assessment, within the high-risk account, pursuant to sub-subparagraph (b)3.a. or sub-subparagraph 12 (b)3.b. in the aggregate which exceeds \$50 million after 13 payment of available high-risk account funds in any calendar 14 year. However, a limited apportionment company shall collect 15 from its policyholders any emergency assessment imposed under 16 17 sub-subparagraph (b)3.d. The plan shall provide that, if the department determines that any regular assessment will result 18 19 in an impairment of the surplus of a limited apportionment company, the department may direct that all or part of such 20 21 assessment be deferred. However, there shall be no limitation or deferment of an emergency assessment to be collected from 22 policyholders under sub-subparagraph (b)3.d. 23 24 15. Must provide that the corporation appoint as its licensed agents only those agents who also hold an appointment 25 26 as defined in s. 626.104 with an insurer who at the time of 27 the agent's initial appointment by the corporation is authorized to write and is actually writing personal lines 28 29 residential property coverage, commercial residential property 30 coverage, or commercial nonresidential property coverage 31 within the state.

1 (d)1. It is the intent of the Legislature that the 2 rates for coverage provided by the corporation association be 3 actuarially sound and not competitive with approved rates charged in the admitted voluntary market, so that the 4 5 corporation association functions as a residual market 6 mechanism to provide insurance only when the insurance cannot be procured in the voluntary market. Rates shall include an 7 8 appropriate catastrophe loading factor that reflects the 9 actual catastrophic exposure of the corporation association 10 and recognizes that the association has little or no capital 11 or surplus; and the association shall carefully review each rate filing to assure that provider compensation is not 12 13 excessive. 2. For each county, the average rates of the 14 corporation association for each line of business for personal 15 lines residential policies excluding rates for wind-only 16 17 policies shall be no lower than the average rates charged by 18 the insurer that had the highest average rate in that county 19 among the 20 insurers with the greatest total direct written premium in the state for that line of business in the 20 21 preceding year, except that with respect to mobile home coverages, the average rates of the corporation association 22 shall be no lower than the average rates charged by the 23 24 insurer that had the highest average rate in that county among 25 the 5 insurers with the greatest total written premium for mobile home owner's policies in the state in the preceding 26 27 year. 28 3. Rates for personal lines residential wind-only 29 policies must be actuarially sound and not competitive with 30 approved rates charged by authorized insurers. 31

26

1 4.3. Rates for commercial lines residential coverage 2 shall not be subject to the requirements of subparagraph 2., 3 but shall be subject to all other requirements of this 4 paragraph and s. 627.062. 5 5.4. Nothing in this paragraph shall require or allow б the corporation association to adopt a rate that is inadequate 7 under s. 627.062 or to reduce rates approved under s. 627.062. 8 6.5. The association may require arbitration of a 9 filing pursuant to s. 627.062(6). Rate filings of the 10 association under this paragraph shall be made on a use and 11 file basis under s. 627.062(2)(a)2. The corporation association shall make a rate filing at least once a year, but 12 13 no more often than quarterly. 7. In addition to the rates otherwise determined 14 pursuant to this paragraph, the corporation shall impose and 15 collect an amount equal to the premium tax provided for in s. 16 17 624.509 to augment the financial resources of the corporation. If coverage in an account through the association 18 (e) 19 is hereby activated effective upon approval of the plan, and 20 shall remain activated until coverage is deactivated pursuant to paragraph (f). Thereafter, coverage through the corporation 21 association shall be reactivated by order of the department 22 only under one of the following circumstances: 23 24 1. If the market assistance plan receives a minimum of 25 100 applications for coverage within a 3-month period, or 200 applications for coverage within a 1-year period or less for 26 27 residential coverage, unless the market assistance plan 28 provides a quotation from admitted carriers at their filed 29 rates for at least 90 percent of such applicants. Any market assistance plan application that is rejected because an 30 31 individual risk is so hazardous as to be uninsurable using the 27

1 criteria specified in subparagraph (c)8. shall not be included 2 in the minimum percentage calculation provided herein. In the 3 event that there is a legal or administrative challenge to a 4 determination by the department that the conditions of this 5 subparagraph have been met for eligibility for coverage in the 6 <u>corporation</u> association, any eligible risk may obtain coverage 7 during the pendency of such challenge.

8 2. In response to a state of emergency declared by the 9 Governor under s. 252.36, the department may activate coverage 10 by order for the period of the emergency upon a finding by the 11 department that the emergency significantly affects the 12 availability of residential property insurance.

(f)1. The corporation shall file with the department 13 14 quarterly statements of financial condition, an annual statement of financial condition, and audited financial 15 statements in the manner prescribed by law. In addition, the 16 17 corporation shall report to the department monthly on the types, premium, exposure, and distribution by county of its 18 19 policies in force, and shall submit other reports as the 20 department requires to carry out its oversight of the 21 corporation.

22 <u>2.</u> The activities of the <u>corporation</u> association shall 23 be reviewed at least annually by the <u>department to determine</u> 24 <u>whether</u> board and, upon recommendation by the board or 25 petition of any interested party, coverage shall be 26 deactivated <u>in an account on the basis</u> if the department finds 27 that the conditions giving rise to its activation no longer 28 exist.

(g)1. The <u>corporation</u> board shall certify to the department its needs for annual assessments as to a particular calendar year, and for any startup or interim assessments that

28

1 it deems to be necessary to sustain operations as to a 2 particular year pending the receipt of annual assessments. 3 Upon verification, the department shall approve such 4 certification, and the corporation board shall levy such 5 annual, startup, or interim assessments. Such assessments 6 shall be prorated as provided in paragraph (b). The 7 corporation board shall take all reasonable and prudent steps 8 necessary to collect the amount of assessment due from each 9 assessable participating member insurer, including, if 10 prudent, filing suit to collect such assessment. If the 11 corporation board is unable to collect an assessment from any assessable member insurer, the uncollected assessments shall 12 13 be levied as an additional assessment against the assessable 14 participating member insurers and any assessable participating member insurer required to pay an additional assessment as a 15 result of such failure to pay shall have a cause of action 16 17 against such nonpaying assessable member insurer. Assessments 18 shall be included as an appropriate factor in the making of 19 rates. The failure of a surplus lines agent to collect and 20 remit any regular or emergency assessment levied by the corporation is considered to be a violation of s. 626.936 and 21 22 subjects the surplus lines agent to the penalties provided in 23 that section. 24 2. The governing body of any unit of local government, 25 any residents of which are insured by the corporation association, may issue bonds as defined in s. 125.013 or s. 26 27 166.101 from time to time to fund an assistance program, in 28 conjunction with the corporation association, for the purpose 29 of defraying deficits of the corporation association. In order to avoid needless and indiscriminate proliferation, 30 31 duplication, and fragmentation of such assistance programs, 29

1 any unit of local government, any residents of which are 2 insured by the corporation association, may provide for the 3 payment of losses, regardless of whether or not the losses occurred within or outside of the territorial jurisdiction of 4 5 the local government. Revenue bonds may not be issued until б validated pursuant to chapter 75, unless a state of emergency 7 is declared by executive order or proclamation of the Governor pursuant to s. 252.36 making such findings as are necessary to 8 9 determine that it is in the best interests of, and necessary 10 for, the protection of the public health, safety, and general 11 welfare of residents of this state and the protection and preservation of the economic stability of insurers operating 12 13 in this state, and declaring it an essential public purpose to permit certain municipalities or counties to issue such bonds 14 as will permit relief to claimants and policyholders of the 15 corporation joint underwriting association and insurers 16 17 responsible for apportionment of association losses. Any such unit of local government may enter into such contracts with 18 19 the corporation association and with any other entity created 20 pursuant to this subsection as are necessary to carry out this paragraph. Any bonds issued under this subparagraph shall be 21 payable from and secured by moneys received by the corporation 22 association from emergency assessments under sub-subparagraph 23 24 (b)3.d., and assigned and pledged to or on behalf of the unit 25 of local government for the benefit of the holders of such bonds. The funds, credit, property, and taxing power of the 26 state or of the unit of local government shall not be pledged 27 28 for the payment of such bonds. If any of the bonds remain 29 unsold 60 days after issuance, the department shall require all insurers subject to assessment to purchase the bonds, 30 31 which shall be treated as admitted assets; each insurer shall

30

be required to purchase that percentage of the unsold portion of the bond issue that equals the insurer's relative share of assessment liability under this subsection. An insurer shall not be required to purchase the bonds to the extent that the department determines that the purchase would endanger or impair the solvency of the insurer.

7 3.a. In addition to any credits, bonuses, or 8 exemptions provided under s. 627.3511, The corporation board 9 shall adopt one or more programs a program subject to approval 10 by the department for the reduction of both new and renewal 11 writings in the corporation association. The corporation board may consider any prudent and not unfairly discriminatory 12 approach to reducing corporation association writings, and may 13 but must adopt at least a credit against assessment liability 14 or other liability that provides an incentive for insurers to 15 take risks out of the corporation association and to keep 16 17 risks out of the corporation association by maintaining or 18 increasing voluntary writings in counties or areas in which 19 corporation association risks are highly concentrated and a 20 program to provide a formula under which an insurer 21 voluntarily taking risks out of the corporation association by maintaining or increasing voluntary writings will be relieved 22 wholly or partially from assessments under sub-subparagraphs 23 24 (b)3.a. and b. When the corporation enters into a contractual agreement for a take-out plan, the producing agent of record 25 of the corporation policy is entitled to retain any unearned 26 27 commission on such policy, and the insurer shall either: 28 (I) Pay to the producing agent of record of the 29 policy, for the first year, an amount which is the greater of 30 the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of 31

31

1 policy written or a policy fee equal to the usual and customary commission of the corporation; or 2 3 (II) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of the policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of 4 5 not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the insurer's б usual and customary commission for the type of policy written. 7 If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept 8 appointment by the new insurer, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance with sub-sub-subparagraph (I). 9 10 b. Any credit or exemption from regular assessments 11 adopted under this subparagraph shall last no longer than the 3 years following the cancellation or expiration of the policy 12 13 by the corporation association. With the approval of the department, the board may extend such credits for an 14 additional year if the insurer guarantees an additional year 15 of renewability for all policies removed from the corporation 16 17 association, or for 2 additional years if the insurer 18 guarantees 2 additional years of renewability for all policies 19 so removed. c. There shall be no credit, limitation, exemption, or 20 21 deferment from emergency assessments to be collected from policyholders pursuant to sub-subparagraph (b)3.d. 22 23 The plan shall provide for the deferment, in whole 4. 24 or in part, of the assessment of an assessable a member 25 insurer, other than an emergency assessment collected from policyholders pursuant to sub-subparagraph (b)3.d., if the 26 27 department finds that payment of the assessment would endanger 28 or impair the solvency of the insurer. In the event an 29 assessment against an assessable a member insurer is deferred 30 in whole or in part, the amount by which such assessment is 31 deferred may be assessed against the other assessable member 32

1 insurers in a manner consistent with the basis for assessments 2 set forth in paragraph (b). 3 (h) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to preclude the issuance of residential property insurance 4 5 coverage pursuant to part VIII of chapter 626. б (i) There shall be no liability on the part of, and no 7 cause of action of any nature shall arise against, any 8 assessable member insurer or its agents or employees, the 9 corporation association or its agents or employees, members of 10 the board of governors or their respective designees at a 11 board meeting, corporation association committee members, or the department or its representatives, for any action taken by 12 13 them in the performance of their duties or responsibilities under this subsection. Such immunity does not apply to: 14 1. Any of the foregoing persons or entities for any 15 willful tort; 16 17 2. The corporation association or its servicing or 18 producing agents for breach of any contract or agreement 19 pertaining to insurance coverage; 20 The corporation association with respect to 3. 21 issuance or payment of debt; or Any assessable member insurer with respect to any 22 4. action to enforce an assessable a member insurer's obligations 23 24 to the corporation association under this subsection. 25 (j) The Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association is not a state agency, board, or 26 27 commission. However, For the purposes of s. 199.183(1), the 28 corporation Residential Property and Casualty Joint 29 Underwriting Association shall be considered a political subdivision of the state and shall be exempt from the 30 31 corporate income tax. The premiums, assessments, investment 33

1 income, and other revenue of the corporation are funds received for providing property insurance coverage as required 2 3 by this subsection, paying claims for Florida citizens insured by the corporation, securing and repaying debt obligations 4 5 issued by the corporation, and conducting all other activities б of the corporation, and shall not be considered taxes, fees, 7 licenses, or charges for services imposed by the Legislature 8 on individuals, businesses, or agencies outside state government. Bonds and other debt obligations issued by or on 9 10 behalf of the corporation are not to be considered "State 11 bonds" within the meaning of s. 215.58(10). The corporation is not subject to the procurement provisions of chapter 287, and 12 policies and decisions of the corporation relating to 13 incurring debt, levying of assessments and the sale, issuance, 14 continuation, terms and claims under corporation policies, and 15 all services relating thereto, are not subject to the 16 17 provisions of chapter 120. The corporation is not required to obtain or to hold a certificate of authority issued by the 18 19 department, nor is it required to participate as a member insurer of the Florida Insurance Guaranty Association. 20 However, the corporation is required to pay, in the same 21 manner as an authorized insurer, assessments pledged by the 22 Florida Insurance Guaranty Association to secure bonds issued 23 24 or other indebtedness incurred to pay covered claims arising from insurer insolvencies caused by, or proximately related 25 to, hurricane losses. It is the intent of the Legislature that 26 27 the tax exemptions provided in this paragraph will augment the financial resources of the corporation to better enable the 28 29 corporation to fulfill its public purposes. Any bonds issued by the corporation, their transfer, and the income therefrom, 30 including any profit made on the sale thereof, shall at all 31

34

1	times be free from taxation of every kind by the state and any
2	political subdivision or local unit or other instrumentality
3	thereof; however, this exemption does not apply to any tax
4	imposed by chapter 200 on interest, income, or profits on debt
5	obligations owned by corporations other than the corporation.
6	(k) Upon a determination by the <u>department</u> board of
7	governors that the conditions giving rise to the establishment
8	and activation of the <u>corporation</u> association no longer exist,
9	and upon the consent thereto by order of the department, the
10	corporation association is dissolved. Upon dissolution, the
11	assets of the association shall be applied first to pay all
12	debts, liabilities, and obligations of the corporation
13	association, including the establishment of reasonable
14	reserves for any contingent liabilities or obligations, and
15	all remaining assets of the <u>corporation</u> association shall
16	become property of the state and deposited in the Florida
17	Hurricane Catastrophe Fund.
18	(1)1. Effective July 1, 2002, policies of the
19	Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting
20	Association shall become policies of the corporation. All
21	obligations, rights, assets and liabilities of the Residential
22	Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association,
23	including bonds, note and debt obligations, and the financing
24	documents pertaining to them become those of the corporation
25	as of July 1, 2002. The corporation is not required to issue
26	endorsements or certificates of assumption to insureds during
27	the remaining term of in-force transferred policies.
28	2. Effective July 1, 2002, policies of the Florida
29	Windstorm Underwriting Association are transferred to the
30	corporation and shall become policies of the corporation. All
31	obligations, rights, assets, and liabilities of the Florida
	a c

35

Windstorm Underwriting Association, including bonds, note, and 1 debt obligations, and the financing documents pertaining to 2 3 them are transferred to and assumed by the corporation on July 1, 2002. The corporation is not required to issue endorsement 4 5 or certificates of assumption to insureds during the remaining б term of in-force transferred policies. 7 The Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association and 3. 8 the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association shall take all actions as may be proper to further 9 10 evidence the transfers and shall provide the documents and 11 instruments of further assurance as may reasonably be requested by the corporation for that purpose. The corporation 12 shall execute assumptions and instruments as the trustees or 13 other parties to the financing documents of the Florida 14 Windstorm Underwriting Association or the Residential Property 15 and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association may reasonably 16 17 request to further evidence the transfers and assumptions, which transfers and assumptions, however, are effective on the 18 19 date provided under this paragraph whether or not, and regardless of the date on which, the assumptions or 20 instruments are executed by the corporation. Subject to the 21 relevant financing documents pertaining to their outstanding 22 bonds, notes, indebtedness, or other financing obligations, 23 the moneys, investments, receivables, choses in action, and 24 other intangibles of the Florida Windstorm Underwriting 25 Association shall be credited to the high-risk account of the 26 27 corporation, and those of the personal lines residential coverage account and the commercial lines residential coverage 28 29 account of the Residential Property and Casualty Joint 30 Underwriting Association shall be credited to the personal 31

36

lines account and the commercial lines account, respectively, 1 2 of the corporation. 3 4. Effective July 1, 2002, a new applicant for property insurance coverage who would otherwise have been 4 eligible for coverage in the Florida Windstorm Underwriting 5 б Association is eligible for coverage from the corporation as 7 provided in this subsection. 8 5. The transfer of all policies, obligations, rights, 9 assets, and liabilities from the Florida Windstorm 10 Underwriting Association to the corporation and the renaming 11 of the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association as the corporation shall in no way affect the 12 coverage with respect to covered policies as defined in s. 13 215.555(2)(c) provided to these entities by the Florida 14 Hurricane Catastrophe Fund. The coverage provided by the 15 Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund to the Florida Windstorm 16 17 Underwriting Association based on its exposures as of June 30, 2002, and each June 30 thereafter shall be redesignated as 18 19 coverage for the high-risk account of the corporation. The coverage provided by the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund to 20 the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 21 Association based on its exposures as of June 30, 2002, and 22 each June 30 thereafter shall be transferred to the personal 23 24 lines account and the commercial lines account of the corporation. The high-risk account shall be treated, for all 25 Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund purposes, as if it were a 26 27 separate participating insurer with its own exposures, reimbursement premium, and loss reimbursement. Likewise, the 28 29 personal lines and commercial lines accounts shall be viewed 30 together, for all Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund purposes, 31 as if the two accounts were one and represent a single,

37

1 separate participating insurer with its own exposures, reimbursement premium, and loss reimbursement. The coverage 2 3 provided by the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund to the corporation shall constitute and operate as a full transfer of 4 5 coverage from the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association б and Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting to 7 the corporation. 8 The department may, by order, postpone the July 1, 6. 9 2002, effective dates set forth in this paragraph if the department finds that effectuation of these dates cannot be 10 11 accomplished due to emergency conditions. All obligations, rights, assets, and liabilities of the Florida Property and 12 Casualty Joint Underwriting Association created by subsection 13 14 (5), which obligations, rights, assets, or liabilities relate to the provision of commercial lines residential property 15 insurance coverage as described in this section are hereby 16 17 transferred to the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association. The Residential Property and 18 19 Casualty Joint Underwriting Association is not required to 20 issue endorsements or certificates of assumption to insureds 21 during the remaining term of in-force transferred policies. (m) Notwithstanding any other provision of law: 22 The pledge or sale of, the lien upon, and the 23 1. 24 security interest in any rights, revenues, or other assets of 25 the corporation association created or purported to be created pursuant to any financing documents to secure any bonds or 26 27 other indebtedness of the corporation association shall be and remain valid and enforceable, notwithstanding the commencement 28 29 of and during the continuation of, and after, any 30 rehabilitation, insolvency, liquidation, bankruptcy, 31 receivership, conservatorship, reorganization, or similar 38

proceeding against the <u>corporation</u> association under the laws
 of this state.

2. No such proceeding shall relieve the <u>corporation</u> **association** of its obligation, or otherwise affect its ability to perform its obligation, to continue to collect, or levy and collect, assessments, market equalization or other surcharges under subparagraph (c)10., or any other rights, revenues, or other assets of the <u>corporation</u> association pledged pursuant to any financing documents.

10 3. Each such pledge or sale of, lien upon, and 11 security interest in, including the priority of such pledge, lien, or security interest, any such assessments, market 12 equalization or other surcharges, or other rights, revenues, 13 or other assets which are collected, or levied and collected, 14 after the commencement of and during the pendency of, or 15 after, any such proceeding shall continue unaffected by such 16 17 proceeding. As used in this subsection, the term "financing 18 documents" means any agreement or agreements, instrument or 19 instruments, or other document or documents now existing or 20 hereafter created evidencing any bonds or other indebtedness of the corporation association or pursuant to which any such 21 bonds or other indebtedness has been or may be issued and 22 pursuant to which any rights, revenues, or other assets of the 23 24 corporation association are pledged or sold to secure the 25 repayment of such bonds or indebtedness, together with the payment of interest on such bonds or such indebtedness, or the 26 payment of any other obligation or financial product, as 27 28 defined in the plan of operation of the corporation 29 association related to such bonds or indebtedness. 30 4. Any such pledge or sale of assessments, revenues, 31 contract rights, or other rights or assets of the corporation

39

1 association shall constitute a lien and security interest, or 2 sale, as the case may be, that is immediately effective and 3 attaches to such assessments, revenues, or contract rights or 4 other rights or assets, whether or not imposed or collected at 5 the time the pledge or sale is made. Any such pledge or sale б is effective, valid, binding, and enforceable against the 7 corporation association or other entity making such pledge or 8 sale, and valid and binding against and superior to any 9 competing claims or obligations owed to any other person or 10 entity, including policyholders in this state, asserting 11 rights in any such assessments, revenues, or contract rights or other rights or assets to the extent set forth in and in 12 accordance with the terms of the pledge or sale contained in 13 the applicable financing documents, whether or not any such 14 person or entity has notice of such pledge or sale and without 15 the need for any physical delivery, recordation, filing, or 16 17 other action.

(n)1. The following records of the <u>corporation</u>
Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting
Association are confidential and exempt from the provisions of
s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution:
a. Underwriting files, except that a policyholder or

23 an applicant shall have access to his or her own underwriting 24 files.

b. Claims files, until termination of all litigation
and settlement of all claims arising out of the same incident,
although portions of the claims files may remain exempt, as
otherwise provided by law. Confidential and exempt claims file
records may be released to other governmental agencies upon
written request and demonstration of need; such records held

40

by the receiving agency remain confidential and exempt as 1 2 provided for herein. 3 c. Records obtained or generated by an internal 4 auditor pursuant to a routine audit, until the audit is 5 completed, or if the audit is conducted as part of an б investigation, until the investigation is closed or ceases to 7 be active. An investigation is considered "active" while the investigation is being conducted with a reasonable, good faith 8 9 belief that it could lead to the filing of administrative, 10 civil, or criminal proceedings. 11 d. Matters reasonably encompassed in privileged attorney-client communications. 12 13 e. Proprietary information licensed to the corporation 14 association under contract and the contract provides for the confidentiality of such proprietary information. 15 f. All information relating to the medical condition 16 17 or medical status of a corporation an association employee which is not relevant to the employee's capacity to perform 18 19 his or her duties, except as otherwise provided in this paragraph. Information which is exempt shall include, but is 20 not limited to, information relating to workers' compensation, 21 insurance benefits, and retirement or disability benefits. 22 Upon an employee's entrance into the employee 23 g. 24 assistance program, a program to assist any employee who has a behavioral or medical disorder, substance abuse problem, or 25 emotional difficulty which affects the employee's job 26 performance, all records relative to that participation shall 27 28 be confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1)29 and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution, except as otherwise provided in s. 112.0455(11). 30 31

41

1 h. Information relating to negotiations for financing, 2 reinsurance, depopulation, or contractual services, until the 3 conclusion of the negotiations. 4 i. Minutes of closed meetings regarding underwriting 5 files, and minutes of closed meetings regarding an open claims б file until termination of all litigation and settlement of all 7 claims with regard to that claim, except that information otherwise confidential or exempt by law will be redacted. 8 9 10 When an authorized insurer is considering underwriting a risk 11 insured by the corporation association, relevant underwriting files and confidential claims files may be released to the 12 13 insurer provided the insurer agrees in writing, notarized and under oath, to maintain the confidentiality of such files. 14 When a file is transferred to an insurer that file is no 15 longer a public record because it is not held by an agency 16 17 subject to the provisions of the public records law. Underwriting files and confidential claims files may also be 18 19 released to staff of and the board of governors of the market assistance plan established pursuant to s. 627.3515, who must 20 retain the confidentiality of such files, except such files 21 may be released to authorized insurers that are considering 22 assuming the risks to which the files apply, provided the 23 24 insurer agrees in writing, notarized and under oath, to 25 maintain the confidentiality of such files. Finally, the corporation association or the board or staff of the market 26 assistance plan may make the following information obtained 27 28 from underwriting files and confidential claims files 29 available to licensed general lines insurance agents: name, address, and telephone number of the residential property 30 31 owner or insured; location of the risk; rating information;

42

loss history; and policy type. The receiving licensed general
 lines insurance agent must retain the confidentiality of the
 information received.

4 2. Portions of meetings of the corporation Residential 5 Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association are б exempt from the provisions of s. 286.011 and s. 24(b), Art. I 7 of the State Constitution wherein confidential underwriting 8 files or confidential open claims files are discussed. All 9 portions of corporation association meetings which are closed 10 to the public shall be recorded by a court reporter. The 11 court reporter shall record the times of commencement and termination of the meeting, all discussion and proceedings, 12 13 the names of all persons present at any time, and the names of 14 all persons speaking. No portion of any closed meeting shall 15 be off the record. Subject to the provisions hereof and s. 119.07(2)(a), the court reporter's notes of any closed meeting 16 17 shall be retained by the corporation association for a minimum of 5 years. A copy of the transcript, less any exempt matters, 18 19 of any closed meeting wherein claims are discussed shall 20 become public as to individual claims after settlement of the 21 claim.

(o) In enacting the provisions of this section, the 22 Legislature recognizes that both the Florida Windstorm 23 24 Underwriting Association and the Residential Property and 25 Casualty Joint Underwriting Association have entered into financing arrangements that obligate each entity to service 26 27 its debts and maintain the capacity to repay funds secured 28 under these financing arrangements. It is the intent of the 29 Legislature that nothing in this section be construed to compromise, diminish, or interfere with the rights of 30 31 creditors under such financing arrangements. It is further the

43

intent of the Legislature to preserve the obligations of the 1 Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association and Residential 2 3 Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association with regard to outstanding financing arrangements, with such 4 5 obligations passing entirely and unchanged to the corporation. б So long as any bonds, notes, indebtedness, or other financing 7 obligations of the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association 8 or the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association are outstanding, under the terms of the financing 9 documents pertaining to them, the governing board of the 10 11 corporation shall have and shall exercise the authority to levy, charge, collect, and receive all premiums, assessments, 12 surcharges, charges, revenues and receipts that the 13 associations had authority to levy, charge, collect, or 14 receive under the provisions of subsection (2) and subsection 15 (6), respectively, as they existed on January 1, 2002, to the 16 17 extent necessary to provide moneys, together with other available moneys of the corporation without exercise of the 18 19 authority provided by this paragraph, in at least the amounts, and by the times, as would be provided under those former 20 provisions of subsection (2) or subsection (6), respectively, 21 so that the value, amount, and collectability of any assets, 22 revenues, or revenue source pledged or committed to, or any 23 24 lien thereon securing such outstanding bonds, notes, indebtedness, or other financing obligations will not be 25 diminished, impaired, or adversely affected by the amendments 26 27 made by this act and to permit compliance with all provisions 28 of financing documents pertaining to such bonds, notes, indebtedness, or other financing obligations, or the security 29 or credit enhancement for them, and any reference in this 30 subsection to bonds, notes, indebtedness, financing 31

44

1 obligations, or similar obligations, of the corporation shall include like instruments or contracts of the Florida Windstorm 2 3 Underwriting Association and the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association to the extent not 4 5 inconsistent with the provisions of the financing documents б pertaining to them. 7 Section 2. Section 627.3517, Florida Statutes, is 8 created to read: 9 627.3517 Consumer choice.--No provision of s. 627.351, 10 s. 627.3511, or s. 627.3515 shall be construed to impair the 11 right of any insurance risk apportionment plan policyholder, upon receipt of any keepout or takeout offer, to retain his or 12 her current agent, so long as that agent is duly licensed and 13 appointed by the insurance risk apportionment plan or 14 otherwise authorized to place business with the insurance risk 15 apportionment plan. This right shall not be cancelled, 16 17 suspended, impeded, abridged, or otherwise compromised by any rule, plan of operation, or depopulation plan, whether through 18 19 keepout, takeout, midterm assumption, or any other means, of any insurance risk apportionment plan or depopulation plan, 20 including, but not limited to, those described in s. 627.351, 21 s. 627.3511, or s. 627.3515. The department shall adopt any 22 rules necessary to cause any insurance risk apportionment plan 23 24 or market assistance plan under such sections to demonstrate 25 that the operations of the plan do not interfere with, promote, or allow interference with the rights created under 26 this section. If the policyholder's current agent is unable or 27 28 unwilling to be appointed with the insurer making the takeout 29 or keepout offer, the policyholder shall not be disqualified from participation in the appropriate insurance risk 30 31 apportionment plan because of an offer of coverage in the

45

1 voluntary market. Any rule, plan of operation, or plan of depopulation, through keepout, takeout, midterm assumption, or 2 3 any other means, of any property insurance risk apportionment 4 plan under s. 627.351(2) or s. 627.351(6) is subject to ss. 5 627.351(2)(b), 627.351(6)(c), and 627.3511(4). б Section 3. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section 7 215.555, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 215.555 Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund.--8 9 (2) DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section: 10 (d) "Losses" means direct incurred losses under covered policies, including up to 20 percent of the value of 11 12 the residential structure or up to 40 percent of the value of the residental contents for excluding losses attributable to 13 14 additional living expense coverages on mobile homes and 15 personal residential exposures, but excluding fair rental value losses associated with personal and commercial 16 residential exposures and business interruption losses 17 associated with commercial residential exposures, and also 18 19 excluding loss adjustment expenses. Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2002. 20 21 STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR Senate Bill 1418 22 23 24 Provides that entering into a quota share primary insurance agreement is voluntary and at the discretion of an authorized 25 26 insurer. Clarifies that the "consumer choice" protections of the bill apply to insurance risk apportionment plan policyholders; limits such protections to current agents who are licensed and appointed by insurance risk apportionment plans; and, 27 2.8 specifies that the insurance agent commissions apply to the Citizens Property Insurance Corporation and other specified risk apportionment plans. 29 30 31 Requires the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund to cover losses attributable to additional living expense coverages.