CS for SB 1418

Second Engrossed (ntc)

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to insurance; amending s.
3	215.555, F.S.; revising a definition; providing
4	for certain additional coverages under the
5	Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund; increasing
6	the cap on fund liability; imposing an
7	additional liquidity enhancement factor to
8	reimbursement premiums; amending s. 627.351,
9	F.S.; providing for waiver of required flood
10	insurance under certain circumstances;
11	specifying policyholder burden of proof under
12	certain circumstances; authorizing an
13	association to deny certain coverage under
14	certain circumstances; renaming the Residential
15	Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting
16	Association as the Citizens Property Insurance
17	Corporation to provide residential and
18	commercial property insurance; requiring
19	insurers writing property insurance to
20	participate in the corporation; providing for
21	dividing the revenues, assets, liabilities,
22	losses, and expenses of the corporation into
23	three accounts; authorizing the Department of
24	Insurance to remove certain territories from
25	certain eligible areas under certain
26	circumstances; providing for emergency
27	assessments for policyholders of participating
28	insurers; providing a plan of operation;
29	defining the terms "quota share primary
30	insurance" and "eligible risks"; authorizing
31	the corporation to enter into quota share
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1	primary insurance agreements; providing for a
2	board of governors appointed by the Treasurer,
3	subject to confirmation by the Cabinet;
4	providing rate limitations and requirements;
5	requiring the Department of Insurance to
6	provide the corporation with certain rate
7	information for certain purposes; requiring the
8	corporation to certify certain rates to the
9	department; authorizing the department to adopt
10	rules; requiring the corporation to impose and
11	collect an additional amount to augment the
12	corporation's financial resources; requiring
13	the corporation to file quarterly statements of
14	financial condition and submit other reports to
15	the Department of Insurance; providing that the
16	corporation is not required to obtain a
17	certificate of authority from the Department of
18	Insurance; providing that the corporation is
19	not required to be a member of the Florida
20	Insurance Guaranty Association; requiring the
21	corporation to pay assessments pledged by the
22	association to secure bonds to pay covered
23	claims arising from insurer insolvencies caused
24	by hurricane losses; providing for transfer of
25	policies of the association and the Florida
26	Windstorm Underwriting Association to the
27	corporation; providing for a transfer of assets
28	and liabilities; requiring the associations to
29	take actions necessary to further the
30	transfers; providing for the redesignation of
31	certain coverage as the high-risk account of

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1	the corporation; providing that such account be
2	treated as if it were a separate participating
3	insurer for certain purposes; providing that
4	the personal lines and commercial lines
5	accounts be treated as a single participating
6	insurer for certain purposes; providing that
7	the department may postpone the July 1, 2002,
8	effective date of transfer under the act;
9	providing legislative intent; requiring the
10	board to report to the Legislature on certain
11	loss activities; requiring the board to reduce
12	certain eligibility boundaries under certain
13	circumstances; providing legislative intent not
14	to interfere with the rights of creditors, to
15	preserve the obligation of the association, and
16	to assure that outstanding financing agreements
17	pass unchanged to the corporation; amending s.
18	627.3511, F.S.; revising certain agent
19	commission payment policy servicing procedures
20	and requirements; creating s. 627.3517, F.S.;
21	preserving the right of a residual-market
22	policyholder to select and maintain an agent of
23	his or her own choice; providing an effective
24	date.
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26	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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28	Section 1. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) and
29	paragraph (b) of subsection (5) of section 215.555, Florida
30	Statutes, are amended to read:
31	215.555 Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund
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1	(2) DEFINITIONSAs used in this section:
2	(d) "Losses" means direct incurred losses under
3	covered policies, which shall include losses for additional
4	living expenses not to exceed 20 percent of the insured value
5	of mobile homes or personal residential structures and 40
6	percent of the insured value of contents covered under a
7	tenant's policy or a condominium unit owners policy and shall
8	exclude excluding losses attributable to additional living
9	expense coverages and excluding loss adjustment expenses.
10	"Losses" does not include losses for fair rental value
11	associated with personal and commercial residential exposures
12	or business interruption losses associated with commercial
13	residential exposures.
14	(5) REIMBURSEMENT PREMIUMS
15	(b) The State Board of Administration shall select an
16	independent consultant to develop a formula for determining
17	the actuarially indicated premium to be paid to the fund. The
18	formula shall specify, for each zip code or other limited
19	geographical area, the amount of premium to be paid by an
20	insurer for each \$1,000 of insured value under covered
21	policies in that zip code or other area. In establishing
22	premiums, the board shall consider the coverage elected under
23	paragraph (4)(b) and any factors that tend to enhance the
24	actuarial sophistication of ratemaking for the fund, including
25	deductibles, type of construction, type of coverage provided,
26	relative concentration of risks, a factor providing for more
27	rapid cash buildup in the fund until the fund capacity for a
28	single hurricane season is fully funded, and other such
29	factors deemed by the board to be appropriate. The formula
30	may provide for a procedure to determine the premiums to be
31	paid by new insurers that begin writing covered policies after
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1	the beginning of a contract year, taking into consideration
2	when the insurer starts writing covered policies, the
3	potential exposure of the insurer, the potential exposure of
4	the fund, the administrative costs to the insurer and to the
5	fund, and any other factors deemed appropriate by the board.
6	The formula must be approved by unanimous vote of the board.
7	The board may, at any time, revise the formula pursuant to the
8	procedure provided in this paragraph.
9	Section 2. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) and
10	subsection (6) of section 627.351, Florida Statutes, are
11	amended to read:
12	627.351 Insurance risk apportionment plans
13	(2) WINDSTORM INSURANCE RISK APPORTIONMENT
14	(b) The department shall require all insurers holding
15	a certificate of authority to transact property insurance on a
16	direct basis in this state, other than joint underwriting
17	associations and other entities formed pursuant to this
18	section, to provide windstorm coverage to applicants from
19	areas determined to be eligible pursuant to paragraph (c) who
20	in good faith are entitled to, but are unable to procure, such
21	coverage through ordinary means; or it shall adopt a
22	reasonable plan or plans for the equitable apportionment or
23	sharing among such insurers of windstorm coverage, which may
24	include formation of an association for this purpose. As used
25	in this subsection, the term "property insurance" means
26	insurance on real or personal property, as defined in s.
27	624.604, including insurance for fire, industrial fire, allied
28	lines, farmowners multiperil, homeowners' multiperil,
29	commercial multiperil, and mobile homes, and including
30	liability coverages on all such insurance, but excluding
31	inland marine as defined in s. 624.607(3) and excluding
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vehicle insurance as defined in s. 624.605(1)(a) other than insurance on mobile homes used as permanent dwellings. The department shall adopt rules that provide a formula for the recovery and repayment of any deferred assessments.

5 1. For the purpose of this section, properties 6 eligible for such windstorm coverage are defined as dwellings, 7 buildings, and other structures, including mobile homes which 8 are used as dwellings and which are tied down in compliance 9 with mobile home tie-down requirements prescribed by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles pursuant to s. 10 320.8325, and the contents of all such properties. An 11 12 applicant or policyholder is eligible for coverage only if an offer of coverage cannot be obtained by or for the applicant 13 14 or policyholder from an admitted insurer at approved rates.

15 2.a.(I) All insurers required to be members of such 16 association shall participate in its writings, expenses, and 17 losses. Surplus of the association shall be retained for the payment of claims and shall not be distributed to the member 18 19 insurers. Such participation by member insurers shall be in the proportion that the net direct premiums of each member 20 insurer written for property insurance in this state during 21 22 the preceding calendar year bear to the aggregate net direct 23 premiums for property insurance of all member insurers, as reduced by any credits for voluntary writings, in this state 24 during the preceding calendar year. For the purposes of this 25 26 subsection, the term "net direct premiums" means direct 27 written premiums for property insurance, reduced by premium for liability coverage and for the following if included in 28 29 allied lines: rain and hail on growing crops; livestock; association direct premiums booked; National Flood Insurance 30 Program direct premiums; and similar deductions specifically 31

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authorized by the plan of operation and approved by the 1 department. A member's participation shall begin on the first 2 3 day of the calendar year following the year in which it is issued a certificate of authority to transact property 4 5 insurance in the state and shall terminate 1 year after the end of the calendar year during which it no longer holds a 6 7 certificate of authority to transact property insurance in the state. The commissioner, after review of annual statements, 8 9 other reports, and any other statistics that the commissioner 10 deems necessary, shall certify to the association the aggregate direct premiums written for property insurance in 11 12 this state by all member insurers. 13 (II) Effective July 1, 2002, the association shall 14 operate subject to the supervision and approval of The plan of 15 operation shall provide for a board of governors who are the same individuals that have been appointed by the Treasurer to 16 17 serve on the board of governors of the Citizens Property Insurance Corporation directors consisting of the Insurance 18 19 Consumer Advocate appointed under s. 627.0613, 1 consumer 20 representative appointed by the Insurance Commissioner, 1 21 consumer representative appointed by the Governor, and 12 22 additional members appointed as specified in the plan of 23 operation. One of the 12 additional members shall be elected by the domestic companies of this state on the basis of 24 cumulative weighted voting based on the net direct premiums of 25 26 domestic companies in this state. Nothing in the 1997 27 amendments to this paragraph terminates the existing board or the terms of any members of the board. 28 29 (III) The plan of operation shall provide a formula whereby a company voluntarily providing windstorm coverage in 30 affected areas will be relieved wholly or partially from 31

apportionment of a regular assessment pursuant to
 sub-sub-subparagraph d.(I) or sub-sub-subparagraph d.(II).

3 (IV) A company which is a member of a group of 4 companies under common management may elect to have its 5 credits applied on a group basis, and any company or group may 6 elect to have its credits applied to any other company or 7 group.

8 (V) There shall be no credits or relief from
9 apportionment to a company for emergency assessments collected
10 from its policyholders under sub-sub-subparagraph d.(III).

(VI) The plan of operation may also provide for the 11 12 award of credits, for a period not to exceed 3 years, from a 13 regular assessment pursuant to sub-subparagraph d.(I) or 14 sub-subparagraph d.(II) as an incentive for taking 15 policies out of the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association. In order to qualify for the 16 17 exemption under this sub-sub-subparagraph, the take-out plan must provide that at least 40 percent of the policies removed 18 19 from the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association cover risks located in Dade, Broward, and Palm 20 Beach Counties or at least 30 percent of the policies so 21 removed cover risks located in Dade, Broward, and Palm Beach 22 23 Counties and an additional 50 percent of the policies so removed cover risks located in other coastal counties, and 24 must also provide that no more than 15 percent of the policies 25 26 so removed may exclude windstorm coverage. With the approval 27 of the department, the association may waive these geographic criteria for a take-out plan that removes at least the lesser 28 29 of 100,000 Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association policies or 15 percent of the total 30 number of Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 31

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Association policies, provided the governing board of the 1 Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 2 3 Association certifies that the take-out plan will materially 4 reduce the Residential Property and Casualty Joint 5 Underwriting Association's 100-year probable maximum loss from hurricanes. With the approval of the department, the board 6 7 may extend such credits for an additional year if the insurer guarantees an additional year of renewability for all policies 8 9 removed from the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association, or for 2 additional years if the 10 insurer guarantees 2 additional years of renewability for all 11 12 policies removed from the Residential Property and Casualty 13 Joint Underwriting Association. 14 b. Assessments to pay deficits in the association 15 under this subparagraph shall be included as an appropriate factor in the making of rates as provided in s. 627.3512. 16 17 с. The Legislature finds that the potential for unlimited deficit assessments under this subparagraph may 18 19 induce insurers to attempt to reduce their writings in the voluntary market, and that such actions would worsen the 20 availability problems that the association was created to 21 22 remedy. It is the intent of the Legislature that insurers 23 remain fully responsible for paying regular assessments and collecting emergency assessments for any deficits of the 24 association; however, it is also the intent of the Legislature 25 26 to provide a means by which assessment liabilities may be 27 amortized over a period of years. d.(I) When the deficit incurred in a particular 28 29 calendar year is 10 percent or less of the aggregate statewide direct written premium for property insurance for the prior 30 calendar year for all member insurers, the association shall 31

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levy an assessment on member insurers in an amount equal to
 the deficit.

3 (II) When the deficit incurred in a particular 4 calendar year exceeds 10 percent of the aggregate statewide 5 direct written premium for property insurance for the prior calendar year for all member insurers, the association shall б 7 levy an assessment on member insurers in an amount equal to 8 the greater of 10 percent of the deficit or 10 percent of the 9 aggregate statewide direct written premium for property insurance for the prior calendar year for member insurers. Any 10 remaining deficit shall be recovered through emergency 11 12 assessments under sub-sub-subparagraph (III).

(III) Upon a determination by the board of directors 13 14 that a deficit exceeds the amount that will be recovered 15 through regular assessments on member insurers, pursuant to sub-subparagraph (I) or sub-subparagraph (II), the 16 17 board shall levy, after verification by the department, emergency assessments to be collected by member insurers and 18 19 by underwriting associations created pursuant to this section which write property insurance, upon issuance or renewal of 20 property insurance policies other than National Flood 21 22 Insurance policies in the year or years following levy of the 23 regular assessments. The amount of the emergency assessment collected in a particular year shall be a uniform percentage 24 of that year's direct written premium for property insurance 25 26 for all member insurers and underwriting associations, excluding National Flood Insurance policy premiums, as 27 annually determined by the board and verified by the 28 29 department. The department shall verify the arithmetic calculations involved in the board's determination within 30 30 days after receipt of the information on which the 31

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determination was based. Notwithstanding any other provision 1 of law, each member insurer and each underwriting association 2 3 created pursuant to this section shall collect emergency 4 assessments from its policyholders without such obligation 5 being affected by any credit, limitation, exemption, or deferment. The emergency assessments so collected shall be б 7 transferred directly to the association on a periodic basis as determined by the association. The aggregate amount of 8 9 emergency assessments levied under this sub-subparagraph in any calendar year may not exceed the greater of 10 percent 10 of the amount needed to cover the original deficit, plus 11 12 interest, fees, commissions, required reserves, and other costs associated with financing of the original deficit, or 10 13 14 percent of the aggregate statewide direct written premium for 15 property insurance written by member insurers and underwriting 16 associations for the prior year, plus interest, fees, 17 commissions, required reserves, and other costs associated with financing the original deficit. The board may pledge the 18 19 proceeds of the emergency assessments under this sub-subparagraph as the source of revenue for bonds, to 20 retire any other debt incurred as a result of the deficit or 21 events giving rise to the deficit, or in any other way that 22 23 the board determines will efficiently recover the deficit. The emergency assessments under this sub-subparagraph shall 24 continue as long as any bonds issued or other indebtedness 25 26 incurred with respect to a deficit for which the assessment 27 was imposed remain outstanding, unless adequate provision has been made for the payment of such bonds or other indebtedness 28 29 pursuant to the document governing such bonds or other indebtedness. Emergency assessments collected under this 30 sub-subparagraph are not part of an insurer's rates, are 31

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not premium, and are not subject to premium tax, fees, or 1 2 commissions; however, failure to pay the emergency assessment 3 shall be treated as failure to pay premium. 4 (IV) Each member insurer's share of the total regular 5 assessments under sub-sub-subparagraph (I) or sub-subparagraph (II) shall be in the proportion that the 6 7 insurer's net direct premium for property insurance in this 8 state, for the year preceding the assessment bears to the 9 aggregate statewide net direct premium for property insurance of all member insurers, as reduced by any credits for 10 voluntary writings for that year. 11 12 (V) If regular deficit assessments are made under 13 sub-subparagraph (I) or sub-subparagraph (II), or by 14 the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 15 Association under sub-subparagraph (6)(b)3.a. or sub-subparagraph (6)(b)3.b., the association shall levy upon 16 17 the association's policyholders, as part of its next rate filing, or by a separate rate filing solely for this purpose, 18 19 a market equalization surcharge in a percentage equal to the 20 total amount of such regular assessments divided by the aggregate statewide direct written premium for property 21 insurance for member insurers for the prior calendar year. 22 23 Market equalization surcharges under this sub-subparagraph are not considered premium and are not subject to commissions, 24 fees, or premium taxes; however, failure to pay a market 25 26 equalization surcharge shall be treated as failure to pay 27 premium. 28 The governing body of any unit of local government, e. 29 any residents of which are insured under the plan, may issue bonds as defined in s. 125.013 or s. 166.101 to fund an 30 assistance program, in conjunction with the association, for 31 12 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

the purpose of defraying deficits of the association. In order 1 to avoid needless and indiscriminate proliferation, 2 3 duplication, and fragmentation of such assistance programs, any unit of local government, any residents of which are 4 5 insured by the association, may provide for the payment of losses, regardless of whether or not the losses occurred 6 7 within or outside of the territorial jurisdiction of the local 8 government. Revenue bonds may not be issued until validated 9 pursuant to chapter 75, unless a state of emergency is declared by executive order or proclamation of the Governor 10 pursuant to s. 252.36 making such findings as are necessary to 11 12 determine that it is in the best interests of, and necessary for, the protection of the public health, safety, and general 13 14 welfare of residents of this state and the protection and 15 preservation of the economic stability of insurers operating in this state, and declaring it an essential public purpose to 16 17 permit certain municipalities or counties to issue bonds as will provide relief to claimants and policyholders of the 18 19 association and insurers responsible for apportionment of plan losses. Any such unit of local government may enter into such 20 contracts with the association and with any other entity 21 22 created pursuant to this subsection as are necessary to carry 23 out this paragraph. Any bonds issued under this sub-subparagraph shall be payable from and secured by moneys 24 received by the association from assessments under this 25 26 subparagraph, and assigned and pledged to or on behalf of the unit of local government for the benefit of the holders of 27 such bonds. The funds, credit, property, and taxing power of 28 29 the state or of the unit of local government shall not be pledged for the payment of such bonds. If any of the bonds 30 remain unsold 60 days after issuance, the department shall 31

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require all insurers subject to assessment to purchase the 1 bonds, which shall be treated as admitted assets; each insurer 2 3 shall be required to purchase that percentage of the unsold 4 portion of the bond issue that equals the insurer's relative 5 share of assessment liability under this subsection. An 6 insurer shall not be required to purchase the bonds to the 7 extent that the department determines that the purchase would 8 endanger or impair the solvency of the insurer. The authority 9 granted by this sub-subparagraph is additional to any bonding 10 authority granted by subparagraph 6.

3. The plan shall also provide that any member with a 11 12 surplus as to policyholders of \$20 million or less writing 25 13 percent or more of its total countrywide property insurance 14 premiums in this state may petition the department, within the 15 first 90 days of each calendar year, to qualify as a limited apportionment company. The apportionment of such a member 16 17 company in any calendar year for which it is qualified shall not exceed its gross participation, which shall not be 18 19 affected by the formula for voluntary writings. In no event 20 shall a limited apportionment company be required to participate in any apportionment of losses pursuant to 21 sub-subparagraph 2.d.(I) or sub-subparagraph 2.d.(II) 22 23 in the aggregate which exceeds \$50 million after payment of 24 available plan funds in any calendar year. However, a limited apportionment company shall collect from its policyholders any 25 26 emergency assessment imposed under sub-subparagraph 27 2.d.(III). The plan shall provide that, if the department determines that any regular assessment will result in an 28 29 impairment of the surplus of a limited apportionment company, the department may direct that all or part of such assessment 30 be deferred. However, there shall be no limitation or 31

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deferment of an emergency assessment to be collected from 1 policyholders under sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(III). 2 3 4. The plan shall provide for the deferment, in whole 4 or in part, of a regular assessment of a member insurer under 5 sub-subparagraph 2.d.(I) or sub-subparagraph 2.d.(II), 6 but not for an emergency assessment collected from 7 policyholders under sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(III), if, in the 8 opinion of the commissioner, payment of such regular 9 assessment would endanger or impair the solvency of the member 10 insurer. In the event a regular assessment against a member insurer is deferred in whole or in part, the amount by which 11 12 such assessment is deferred may be assessed against the other member insurers in a manner consistent with the basis for 13 14 assessments set forth in sub-sub-subparagraph 2.d.(I) or 15 sub-subparagraph 2.d.(II). 5.a. The plan of operation may include deductibles and 16 rules for classification of risks and rate modifications 17 consistent with the objective of providing and maintaining 18 19 funds sufficient to pay catastrophe losses. The association may require arbitration of a rate 20 b. filing under s. 627.062(6). It is the intent of the 21 Legislature that the rates for coverage provided by the 22 23 association be actuarially sound and not competitive with approved rates charged in the admitted voluntary market such 24 that the association functions as a residual market mechanism 25 26 to provide insurance only when the insurance cannot be 27 procured in the voluntary market. The plan of operation shall provide a mechanism to assure that, beginning no later than 28 29 January 1, 1999, the rates charged by the association for each line of business are reflective of approved rates in the 30 voluntary market for hurricane coverage for each line of 31 15

business in the various areas eligible for association
 coverage.

c. 3 The association shall provide for windstorm 4 coverage on residential properties in limits up to \$10 million 5 for commercial lines residential risks and up to \$1 million 6 for personal lines residential risks. If coverage with the 7 association is sought for a residential risk valued in excess of these limits, coverage shall be available to the risk up to 8 9 the replacement cost or actual cash value of the property, at the option of the insured, if coverage for the risk cannot be 10 located in the authorized market. The association must accept 11 12 a commercial lines residential risk with limits above \$10 million or a personal lines residential risk with limits above 13 14 \$1 million if coverage is not available in the authorized 15 market. The association may write coverage above the limits 16 specified in this subparagraph with or without facultative or 17 other reinsurance coverage, as the association determines 18 appropriate.

d. The plan of operation must provide objective criteria and procedures, approved by the department, to be uniformly applied for all applicants in determining whether an individual risk is so hazardous as to be uninsurable. In making this determination and in establishing the criteria and procedures, the following shall be considered:

25 (I) Whether the likelihood of a loss for the 26 individual risk is substantially higher than for other risks 27 of the same class; and

28 (II) Whether the uncertainty associated with the 29 individual risk is such that an appropriate premium cannot be 30 determined.

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The acceptance or rejection of a risk by the association
 pursuant to such criteria and procedures must be construed as
 the private placement of insurance, and the provisions of
 chapter 120 do not apply.

5 The policies issued by the association must provide e. 6 that if the association obtains an offer from an authorized 7 insurer to cover the risk at its approved rates under either a standard policy including wind coverage or, if consistent with 8 9 the insurer's underwriting rules as filed with the department, 10 a basic policy including wind coverage, the risk is no longer eligible for coverage through the association. Upon 11 12 termination of eligibility, the association shall provide written notice to the policyholder and agent of record stating 13 14 that the association policy must be canceled as of 60 days 15 after the date of the notice because of the offer of coverage from an authorized insurer. Other provisions of the insurance 16 17 code relating to cancellation and notice of cancellation do not apply to actions under this sub-subparagraph. 18

19 f. Association policies and applications must include a notice that the association policy could, under this 20 section, be replaced with a policy issued by an authorized 21 insurer that does not provide coverage identical to the 22 23 coverage provided by the association. The notice shall also specify that acceptance of association coverage creates a 24 25 conclusive presumption that the applicant or policyholder is 26 aware of this potential.

6.a. The plan of operation may authorize the formation of a private nonprofit corporation, a private nonprofit unincorporated association, a partnership, a trust, a limited liability company, or a nonprofit mutual company which may be empowered, among other things, to borrow money by issuing

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bonds or by incurring other indebtedness and to accumulate 1 reserves or funds to be used for the payment of insured 2 catastrophe losses. The plan may authorize all actions 3 4 necessary to facilitate the issuance of bonds, including the 5 pledging of assessments or other revenues. 6 Any entity created under this subsection, or any b. 7 entity formed for the purposes of this subsection, may sue and be sued, may borrow money; issue bonds, notes, or debt 8 9 instruments; pledge or sell assessments, market equalization 10 surcharges and other surcharges, rights, premiums, contractual rights, projected recoveries from the Florida Hurricane 11 12 Catastrophe Fund, other reinsurance recoverables, and other 13 assets as security for such bonds, notes, or debt instruments; enter into any contracts or agreements necessary or proper to 14 15 accomplish such borrowings; and take other actions necessary 16 to carry out the purposes of this subsection. The association 17 may issue bonds or incur other indebtedness, or have bonds issued on its behalf by a unit of local government pursuant to 18 19 subparagraph (g)2., in the absence of a hurricane or other 20 weather-related event, upon a determination by the association subject to approval by the department that such action would 21 22 enable it to efficiently meet the financial obligations of the 23 association and that such financings are reasonably necessary to effectuate the requirements of this subsection. Any such 24 entity may accumulate reserves and retain surpluses as of the 25 26 end of any association year to provide for the payment of 27 losses incurred by the association during that year or any future year. The association shall incorporate and continue 28 the plan of operation and articles of agreement in effect on 29 the effective date of chapter 76-96, Laws of Florida, to the 30 extent that it is not inconsistent with chapter 76-96, and as 31

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subsequently modified consistent with chapter 76-96. The board of directors and officers currently serving shall continue to serve until their successors are duly qualified as provided under the plan. The assets and obligations of the plan in effect immediately prior to the effective date of chapter 76-96 shall be construed to be the assets and obligations of the successor plan created herein.

In recognition of s. 10, Art. I of the State 8 с. 9 Constitution, prohibiting the impairment of obligations of contracts, it is the intent of the Legislature that no action 10 be taken whose purpose is to impair any bond indenture or 11 12 financing agreement or any revenue source committed by contract to such bond or other indebtedness issued or incurred 13 14 by the association or any other entity created under this 15 subsection.

16 7. On such coverage, an agent's remuneration shall be 17 that amount of money payable to the agent by the terms of his 18 or her contract with the company with which the business is 19 placed. However, no commission will be paid on that portion of 20 the premium which is in excess of the standard premium of that 21 company.

22 8. Subject to approval by the department, the 23 association may establish different eligibility requirements and operational procedures for any line or type of coverage 24 for any specified eligible area or portion of an eligible area 25 26 if the board determines that such changes to the eligibility 27 requirements and operational procedures are justified due to the voluntary market being sufficiently stable and competitive 28 29 in such area or for such line or type of coverage and that consumers who, in good faith, are unable to obtain insurance 30 through the voluntary market through ordinary methods would 31

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continue to have access to coverage from the association. When 1 coverage is sought in connection with a real property 2 transfer, such requirements and procedures shall not provide 3 4 for an effective date of coverage later than the date of the 5 closing of the transfer as established by the transferor, the 6 transferee, and, if applicable, the lender. 7 9. Notwithstanding any other provision of law: The pledge or sale of, the lien upon, and the 8 a. 9 security interest in any rights, revenues, or other assets of the association created or purported to be created pursuant to 10 any financing documents to secure any bonds or other 11 12 indebtedness of the association shall be and remain valid and enforceable, notwithstanding the commencement of and during 13 14 the continuation of, and after, any rehabilitation, 15 insolvency, liquidation, bankruptcy, receivership, 16 conservatorship, reorganization, or similar proceeding against 17 the association under the laws of this state or any other applicable laws. 18 19 b. No such proceeding shall relieve the association of 20 its obligation, or otherwise affect its ability to perform its obligation, to continue to collect, or levy and collect, 21 22 assessments, market equalization or other surcharges, 23 projected recoveries from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, reinsurance recoverables, or any other rights, revenues, 24 or other assets of the association pledged. 25 26 c. Each such pledge or sale of, lien upon, and 27 security interest in, including the priority of such pledge, lien, or security interest, any such assessments, emergency 28 29 assessments, market equalization or renewal surcharges, projected recoveries from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe 30 Fund, reinsurance recoverables, or other rights, revenues, or 31 20

other assets which are collected, or levied and collected,
 after the commencement of and during the pendency of or after
 any such proceeding shall continue unaffected by such
 proceeding.

5 d. As used in this subsection, the term "financing 6 documents" means any agreement, instrument, or other document 7 now existing or hereafter created evidencing any bonds or 8 other indebtedness of the association or pursuant to which any 9 such bonds or other indebtedness has been or may be issued and 10 pursuant to which any rights, revenues, or other assets of the association are pledged or sold to secure the repayment of 11 12 such bonds or indebtedness, together with the payment of 13 interest on such bonds or such indebtedness, or the payment of 14 any other obligation of the association related to such bonds 15 or indebtedness.

16 Any such pledge or sale of assessments, revenues, e. 17 contract rights or other rights or assets of the association shall constitute a lien and security interest, or sale, as the 18 19 case may be, that is immediately effective and attaches to 20 such assessments, revenues, contract, or other rights or assets, whether or not imposed or collected at the time the 21 22 pledge or sale is made. Any such pledge or sale is effective, 23 valid, binding, and enforceable against the association or other entity making such pledge or sale, and valid and binding 24 25 against and superior to any competing claims or obligations owed to any other person or entity, including policyholders in 26 27 this state, asserting rights in any such assessments, revenues, contract, or other rights or assets to the extent 28 29 set forth in and in accordance with the terms of the pledge or sale contained in the applicable financing documents, whether 30 or not any such person or entity has notice of such pledge or 31

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sale and without the need for any physical delivery, 1 recordation, filing, or other action. 2 3 f. There shall be no liability on the part of, and no 4 cause of action of any nature shall arise against, any member 5 insurer or its agents or employees, agents or employees of the 6 association, members of the board of directors of the 7 association, or the department or its representatives, for any action taken by them in the performance of their duties or 8 9 responsibilities under this subsection. Such immunity does not apply to actions for breach of any contract or agreement 10 pertaining to insurance, or any willful tort. 11 12 (6) CITIZENS RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY INSURANCE CORPORATION AND CASUALTY JOINT UNDERWRITING ASSOCIATION. --13 14 (a)1. The Legislature finds that actual and threatened 15 catastrophic losses to property in this state from hurricanes 16 have caused insurers to be unwilling or unable to provide 17 property insurance coverage to the extent sought and needed. It is in the public interest and a public purpose to assist in 18 19 assuring that property in the state is insured so as to 20 facilitate the remediation, reconstruction, and replacement of 21 damaged or destroyed property in order to reduce or avoid the negative effects otherwise resulting to the public health, 22 23 safety, and welfare; to the economy of the state; and to the revenues of the state and local governments needed to provide 24 for the public welfare. It is necessary, therefore, to provide 25 26 property insurance to applicants who are in good faith 27 entitled to procure insurance through the voluntary market but are unable to do so. The Legislature intends by this 28 29 subsection that property insurance be provided and that it continues, as long as necessary, through an entity organized 30 to achieve efficiencies and economies, all toward the 31 2.2

achievement of the foregoing public purposes. Because it is 1 2 essential for the corporation to have the maximum financial 3 resources to pay claims following a catastrophic hurricane, it 4 is the intent of the Legislature that the income of the corporation be exempt from federal income taxation and that 5 6 interest on the debt obligations issued by the corporation be 7 exempt from federal income taxation. 8 2. The Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association originally created by this statute 9 shall be known, as of July 1, 2002, as the Citizens Property 10 Insurance Corporation. The corporation shall provide insurance 11 12 for residential and commercial (a) There is created a joint underwriting association 13 14 for equitable apportionment or sharing among insurers of 15 property and casualty insurance covering residential property, 16 for applicants who are in good faith entitled, but are unable, 17 to procure insurance through the voluntary market. The corporation association shall operate pursuant to a plan of 18 19 operation approved by order of the department. The plan is 20 subject to continuous review by the department. The department may, by order, withdraw approval of all or part of a plan if 21 22 the department determines that conditions have changed since 23 approval was granted and that the purposes of the plan require 24 changes in the plan. For the purposes of this subsection, residential coverage includes both personal lines residential 25 26 coverage, which consists of the type of coverage provided by 27 homeowner's, mobile home owner's, dwelling, tenant's, condominium unit owner's, and similar policies, and commercial 28 29 lines residential coverage, which consists of the type of coverage provided by condominium association, apartment 30 building, and similar policies. 31

1	(b)1. All insurers authorized to write one or more
2	subject lines of business in this state are subject to
3	assessment by the corporation and, for the purposes of this
4	subsection, are referred to collectively as "assessable
5	insurers." Insurers writing one or more subject lines of
б	business in this state pursuant to part VIII of chapter 626
7	are not assessable insurers, but insureds who procure one or
8	more subject lines of business in this state pursuant to part
9	VIII of chapter 626 are subject to assessment by the
10	corporation and are referred to collectively as "assessable
11	insureds." An authorized insurer's assessment liability, other
12	than underwriting associations or other entities created under
13	this section, must participate in and be members of the
14	Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting
15	Association. A member's participation shall begin on the first
16	day of the calendar year following the year in which the
17	insurer member was issued a certificate of authority to
18	transact insurance for subject lines of business in this state
19	and shall terminate 1 year after the end of the first calendar
20	year during which the <u>insurer</u> member no longer holds a
21	certificate of authority to transact insurance for subject
22	lines of business in this state.
23	2. <u>a.</u> All revenues, assets, liabilities, losses, and
24	expenses of the corporation association shall be divided into
25	<u>three</u> <del>two</del> separate accounts <u>as follows:</u>
26	(I) A personal lines account for personal residential
27	policies issued by the corporation or issued by the
28	Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting
29	Association and renewed by the corporation that provide
30	comprehensive, multi-peril coverage on risks that are not
31	located in areas eligible for coverage in the Florida
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Windstorm Underwriting Association as those areas were defined 1 2 on January 1, 2002 and for such policies that do not provide 3 coverage for the peril of wind on risks that are located in 4 such areas; 5 (II) A commercial lines account for commercial 6 residential policies issued by the corporation or issued by 7 the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 8 Association and renewed by the corporation that provide 9 coverage for basic property perils on risks that are not located in areas eligible for coverage in the Florida 10 Windstorm Underwriting Association as those areas were defined 11 12 on January 1, 2002 and for such policies that do not provide 13 coverage for the peril of wind on risks that are located in 14 such areas; and 15 (III) A high-risk account for personal residential 16 policies and commercial residential and commercial 17 non-residential property policies issued by the corporation or transferred to the corporation that provide coverage for the 18 19 peril of wind on risks that are located in areas eligible for 20 coverage in the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association as those areas were defined on January 1, 2002. The high-risk 21 account must also include quota share primary insurance under 22 23 subparagraph (c)2. The area eligible for coverage under the 24 high-risk account also includes the area within Port Canaveral, which is bordered on the south by the City of Cape 25 26 Canaveral, bordered on the west by the Banana River, and 27 bordered on the north by Federal Government property. The department may remove territory from the area eligible for 28 29 wind-only and quota share coverage if, after a public hearing, the department finds that authorized in<u>surers in the voluntary</u> 30 31 market are willing and able to write sufficient amounts of 25

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personal and commercial residential coverage for all perils in 1 2 the territory, including coverage for the peril of wind, such 3 that risks covered by wind-only policies in the removed 4 territory could be issued a policy by the corporation in 5 either the personal lines or commercial lines account without 6 a significant increase in the corporation's probable maximum 7 loss in such account. Removal of territory from the area eligible for wind-only or quota share coverage does not alter 8 9 the assignment of wind coverage written in such areas to the high-risk account. 10 11 b. The three separate accounts must be maintained as 12 long as financing obligations entered into by the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association or Residential Property and 13 14 Casualty Joint Underwriting Association are outstanding, in 15 accordance with the terms of the corresponding financing 16 documents. When the financing obligations are no longer 17 outstanding, in accordance with the terms of the corresponding financing documents, the corporation may use a single account 18 19 for all revenues, assets, liabilities, losses, and expenses of 20 the corporation., one of which is for personal lines 21 residential coverages and the other of which is for commercial 22 lines residential coverages. 23 c. Creditors of the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association shall have a claim against, and 24 recourse to, the accounts referred to in sub-subparagraphs 25 26 a.(I) and (II) and shall have no claim against, or recourse 27 to, the account referred to in sub-sub-subparagraph a.(III). Creditors of the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association 28 shall have a claim against, and recourse to, the account 29 referred to in sub-sub-subparagraph a.(III) and shall have no 30 31 26

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claim against, or recourse to, the accounts referred to in 1 2 sub-sub-subparagraphs a.(I) and (II). 3 d. Revenues, assets, liabilities, losses, and expenses 4 not attributable to particular accounts coverages shall be 5 prorated among between the accounts. 6 e. The Legislature finds that the revenues of the 7 corporation are revenues that are necessary to meet the 8 requirements set forth in documents authorizing the issuance 9 of bonds under this subsection. f. No part of the income of the corporation may inure 10 to the benefit of any private person. 11 12 3. With respect to a deficit in an account: When the deficit incurred in a particular calendar 13 а. 14 year is not greater than 10 percent of the aggregate statewide 15 direct written premium for the subject lines of business for the prior calendar year for all member insurers, the entire 16 17 deficit shall be recovered through regular assessments of assessable member insurers under paragraph (g) and assessable 18 19 insureds. 20 When the deficit incurred in a particular calendar b. year exceeds 10 percent of the aggregate statewide direct 21 22 written premium for the subject lines of business for the 23 prior calendar year for all member insurers, the corporation association shall levy regular assessments an assessment on 24 assessable member insurers under paragraph (g) and on 25 26 assessable insureds in an amount equal to the greater of 10 percent of the deficit or 10 percent of the aggregate 27 statewide direct written premium for the subject lines of 28 29 business for the prior calendar year for all member insurers. Any remaining deficit shall be recovered through emergency 30 assessments under sub-subparagraph d. 31

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1	c. Each assessable member insurer's share of the
2	amount being assessed <del>total assessment</del> under sub-subparagraph
3	a. or sub-subparagraph b. shall be in the proportion that the
4	assessable member insurer's direct written premium for the
5	subject lines of business for the year preceding the
6	assessment bears to the aggregate statewide direct written
7	premium for the subject lines of business for that year <del>for</del>
8	all member insurers. The assessment percentage applicable to
9	each assessable insured is the ratio of the amount being
10	assessed under sub-subparagraph a. or sub-subparagraph b. to
11	the aggregate statewide direct written premium for the subject
12	lines of business for the prior year. Assessments levied by
13	the corporation on assessable insurers under sub-subparagraphs
14	a. and b. shall be paid as required by the corporation's plan
15	of operation and paragraph (g). Assessments levied by the
16	corporation on assessable insureds under sub-subparagraphs a.
17	and b. shall be collected by the surplus lines agent at the
18	time the surplus lines agent collects the surplus lines tax
19	required by s. 626.932 and shall be paid to the Florida
20	Surplus Lines Service Office at the time the surplus lines
21	agent pays the surplus lines tax to the Florida Surplus Lines
22	Service Office. Upon receipt of regular assessments from
23	surplus lines agents, the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office
24	shall transfer the assessments directly to the corporation as
25	determined by the corporation.
26	d. Upon a determination by the board of governors that
27	a deficit in an account exceeds the amount that will be
28	recovered through regular assessments <del>on member insurers</del> under
29	sub-subparagraph a. or sub-subparagraph b., the board shall
30	levy, after verification by the department, emergency
31	assessments, for as many years as necessary to cover the
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deficits, to be collected by assessable member insurers and 1 2 the corporation and collected from assessable insureds by 3 underwriting associations created under this section which 4 write subject lines of business upon issuance or renewal of 5 policies for subject lines of business, excluding National Flood Insurance policies, in the year or years following levy б 7 of the regular assessments. The amount of the emergency 8 assessment collected in a particular year shall be a uniform 9 percentage of that year's direct written premium for subject lines of business and all accounts of the corporation for all 10 member insurers and underwriting associations, excluding 11 12 National Flood Insurance Program policy premiums, as annually determined by the board and verified by the department. The 13 14 department shall verify the arithmetic calculations involved in the board's determination within 30 days after receipt of 15 the information on which the determination was based. 16 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the corporation 17 and each assessable member insurer that and each underwriting 18 19 association created under this section which writes subject lines of business shall collect emergency assessments from its 20 policyholders without such obligation being affected by any 21 credit, limitation, exemption, or deferment. Emergency 22 assessments levied by the corporation on assessable insureds 23 shall be collected by the surplus lines agent at the time the 24 surplus lines agent collects the surplus lines tax required by 25 26 s. 626.932 and shall be paid to the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office at the time the surplus lines agent pays the 27 surplus lines tax to the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office. 28 29 The emergency assessments so collected shall be transferred directly to the corporation association on a periodic basis as 30 determined by the corporation and shall be held by the 31 29

corporation solely in the applicable account association. 1 The aggregate amount of emergency assessments levied for an 2 account under this sub-subparagraph in any calendar year may 3 4 not exceed the greater of 10 percent of the amount needed to 5 cover the original deficit, plus interest, fees, commissions, required reserves, and other costs associated with financing б 7 of the original deficit, or 10 percent of the aggregate statewide direct written premium for subject lines of business 8 9 and for all accounts of the corporation written by member 10 insurers and underwriting associations for the prior year, plus interest, fees, commissions, required reserves, and other 11 12 costs associated with financing the original deficit. 13 The corporation board may pledge the proceeds of e. 14 assessments, projected recoveries from the Florida Hurricane 15 Catastrophe Fund, other insurance and reinsurance 16 recoverables, market equalization surcharges and other 17 surcharges, and other funds available to the corporation association as the source of revenue for and to secure bonds 18 19 issued under paragraph (g), bonds or other indebtedness issued under subparagraph (c)3., or lines of credit or other 20 financing mechanisms issued or created under this subsection, 21 or to retire any other debt incurred as a result of deficits 22 23 or events giving rise to deficits, or in any other way that the board determines will efficiently recover such deficits. 24 The purpose of the lines of credit or other financing 25 26 mechanisms is to provide additional resources to assist the 27 corporation association in covering claims and expenses attributable to a catastrophe. As used in this subsection, the 28 29 term "assessments" includes regular assessments under sub-subparagraph a., sub-subparagraph b., or subparagraph 30 (g)1. and emergency assessments under sub-subparagraph d. 31

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Emergency assessments collected under sub-subparagraph d. are 1 not part of an insurer's rates, are not premium, and are not 2 subject to premium tax, fees, or commissions; however, failure 3 4 to pay the emergency assessment shall be treated as failure to 5 pay premium. The emergency assessments under sub-subparagraph d. shall continue as long as any bonds issued or other 6 7 indebtedness incurred with respect to a deficit for which the 8 assessment was imposed remain outstanding, unless adequate 9 provision has been made for the payment of such bonds or other indebtedness pursuant to the documents governing such bonds or 10 other indebtedness. 11 12 f. As used in this subsection, the term "subject lines 13 of business" means insurance written by assessable insurers or 14 procured by assessable insureds on real or personal property, 15 as defined in s. 624.604, including insurance for fire, industrial fire, allied lines, farmowners multiperil, 16 17 homeowners multiperil, commercial multiperil, and mobile homes, and including liability coverage on all such insurance, 18 19 but excluding inland marine as defined in s. 624.607(3) and 20 excluding vehicle insurance as defined in s. 624.605(1) other 21 than insurance on mobile homes used as permanent dwellings. The Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall 22 g. 23 determine annually the aggregate statewide written premium in subject lines of business procured by assessable insureds and 24 shall report that information to the corporation in a form and 25 26 at a time the corporation specifies to ensure that the corporation can meet the requirements of this subsection and 27 the corporation's financing obligations. 28 29 h. The Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall verify the proper application by surplus lines agents of 30 31 assessment percentages for regular assessments and emergency 31

assessments levied under this subparagraph on assessable 1 2 insureds and shall assist the corporation in ensuring the 3 accurate, timely collection and payment of assessments by 4 surplus lines agents as required by the corporation., with 5 respect to the personal lines account, any personal lines policy defined in s. 627.4025, and means, with respect to the б 7 commercial lines account, all commercial property and commercial fire insurance. 8 9 (c) The plan of operation of the corporation 10 association: 1. May provide for one or more designated insurers, 11 12 able and willing to provide policy and claims service, to act on behalf of the association to provide such service. Each 13 14 licensed agent shall be entitled to indicate the order of preference regarding who will service the business placed by 15 the agent. The association shall adhere to each agent's 16 17 preferences unless after consideration of other factors in assigning agents, including, but not limited to, servicing 18 19 capacity and fee arrangements, the association has reason to believe it is in the best interest of the association to make 20 a different assignment. 21 22 1.2. Must provide for adoption of residential property 23 and casualty insurance policy forms and commercial residential and nonresidential property insurance forms, which forms must 24 be approved by the department prior to use. 25 The corporation 26 association shall adopt the following policy forms: Standard personal lines policy forms that including 27 a. wind coverage, which are comprehensive multiperil policies 28 29 providing what is generally considered to be full coverage of a residential property equivalent similar to the coverage 30 31 32

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provided in the private insurance market under an  $\frac{HO-2}{2}$ , HO-3, 1 HO-4, or HO-6 policy. 2 3 b. Standard personal lines policy forms without wind 4 coverage, which are the same as the policies described in 5 sub-subparagraph a. except that they do not include wind б <del>coverage.</del> 7 b.<del>c.</del> Basic personal lines policy forms that including 8 wind coverage, which are policies similar to an HO-8 policy or 9 a dwelling fire policy that provide coverage meeting the requirements of the secondary mortgage market, but which 10 coverage is more limited than the coverage under a standard 11 12 policy. 13 d. Basic personal lines policy forms without wind 14 coverage, which are the same as the policies described in 15 sub-subparagraph c. except that they do not include wind 16 coverage. 17 c.<del>e.</del> Commercial lines residential policy forms including wind coverage that are generally similar to the 18 19 basic perils of full coverage obtainable for commercial residential structures in the admitted voluntary market. 20 21 d. Personal lines and commercial lines residential property insurance forms that cover the peril of wind only. 22 23 The forms are applicable only to residential properties located in areas eligible for coverage under the high-risk 24 account referred to in sub-subparagraph (b)2.a. 25 26 e. Commercial lines nonresidential property insurance forms that cover the peril of wind only. The forms are 27 applicable only to nonresidential properties located in areas 28 29 eligible for coverage under the high-risk account referred to in sub-subparagraph (b)2.a. 30 31 33

1	2.a. Must provide that the corporation adopt a program
2	in which the corporation and authorized insurers enter into
3	quota share primary insurance agreements for hurricane
4	coverage, as defined in s. 627.4025(2)(a), for eligible risks,
5	and adopt property insurance forms for eligible risks which
б	cover the peril of wind only. As used in this subsection, the
7	term:
8	(I) "Quota share primary insurance" means an
9	arrangement in which the primary hurricane coverage of an
10	eligible risk is provided in specified percentages by the
11	corporation and an authorized insurer. The corporation and
12	authorized insurer are each solely responsible for a specified
13	percentage of hurricane coverage of an eligible risk as set
14	forth in a quota share primary insurance agreement between the
15	corporation and an authorized insurer and the insurance
16	contract. The responsibility of the corporation or authorized
17	insurer to pay its specified percentage of hurricane losses of
18	an eligible risk, as set forth in the quota share primary
19	insurance agreement, may not be altered by the inability of
20	the other party to the agreement to pay its specified
21	percentage of hurricane losses. Eligible risks that are
22	provided hurricane coverage through a quota share primary
23	insurance arrangement must be provided policy forms that set
24	forth the obligations of the corporation and authorized
25	insurer under the arrangement, clearly specify the percentages
26	of quota share primary insurance provided by the corporation
27	and authorized insurer, and conspicuously and clearly state
28	that neither the authorized insurer nor the corporation may be
29	held responsible beyond its specified percentage of coverage
30	of hurricane losses.
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1	(II) "Eligible risks" means personal lines residential
2	and commercial lines residential risks that meet the
3	underwriting criteria of the corporation and are located in
4	areas that were eligible for coverage by the Florida Windstorm
5	Underwriting Association on January 1, 2002.
6	b. The corporation may enter into quota share primary
7	insurance agreements with authorized insurers at corporation
8	coverage levels of 90 percent and 50 percent.
9	c. If the corporation determines that additional
10	coverage levels are necessary to maximize participation in
11	quota share primary insurance agreements by authorized
12	insurers, the corporation may establish additional coverage
13	levels. However, the corporation's quota share primary
14	insurance coverage level may not exceed 90 percent.
15	d. Any quota share primary insurance agreement entered
16	into between an authorized insurer and the corporation must
17	provide for a uniform, specified percentage of coverage of
18	hurricane losses, by county or territory as set forth by the
19	corporation board, for all eligible risks of the authorized
20	insurer covered under the quota share primary insurance
21	agreement.
22	e. Any quota share primary insurance agreement entered
23	into between an authorized insurer and the corporation is
24	subject to review and approval by the department. However,
25	such agreement shall be authorized only as to insurance
26	contracts entered into between an authorized insurer and an
27	insured who is already insured by the corporation for wind
28	coverage.
29	f. For all eligible risks covered under quota share
30	primary insurance agreements, the exposure and coverage levels
31	for both the corporation and authorized insurers shall be
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1	reported by the corporation to the Florida Hurricane
2	Catastrophe Fund. For all policies of eligible risks covered
3	under quota share primary insurance agreements, the
4	corporation and the authorized insurer shall maintain complete
5	and accurate records for the purpose of exposure and loss
6	reimbursement audits as required by Florida Hurricane
7	Catastrophe Fund rules. The corporation and the authorized
8	insurer shall each maintain duplicate copies of policy
9	declaration pages and supporting claims documents.
10	g. The corporation board shall establish in its plan
11	of operation standards for quota share agreements which ensure
12	that there is no discriminatory application among insurers as
13	to the terms of quota share agreements, pricing of quota share
14	agreements, incentive provisions if any, and consideration
15	paid for servicing policies or adjusting claims.
16	h. The quota share primary insurance agreement between
17	the corporation and an authorized insurer must set forth the
18	specific terms under which coverage is provided, including,
19	but not limited to, the sale and servicing of policies issued
20	under the agreement by the insurance agent of the authorized
21	insurer producing the business, the reporting of information
22	concerning eligible risks, the payment of premium to the
23	corporation, and arrangements for the adjustment and payment
24	of hurricane claims incurred on eligible risks by the claims
25	adjuster and personnel of the authorized insurer. Entering
26	into a quota sharing insurance agreement between the
27	corporation and an authorized insurer shall be voluntary and
28	at the discretion of the authorized insurer.
29	f. Commercial lines residential policy forms without
30	wind coverage, which are the same as the policies described in
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1 sub-subparagraph e. except that they do not include wind 2 coverage.

3 May provide that the corporation association may 3. 4 employ or otherwise contract with individuals or other 5 entities to provide administrative or professional services 6 that may be appropriate to effectuate the plan. The 7 corporation association shall have the power to borrow funds, by issuing bonds or by incurring other indebtedness, and shall 8 9 have other powers reasonably necessary to effectuate the requirements of this subsection. The corporation may, but is 10 not required to, seek judicial validation of its bonds or 11 12 other indebtedness under chapter 75. The corporation association may issue bonds or incur other indebtedness, or 13 14 have bonds issued on its behalf by a unit of local government pursuant to subparagraph (g)2., in the absence of a hurricane 15 or other weather-related event, upon a determination by the 16 17 corporation association, subject to approval by the department, that such action would enable it to efficiently 18 19 meet the financial obligations of the corporation association and that such financings are reasonably necessary to 20 21 effectuate the requirements of this subsection. The corporation association is authorized to take all actions 22 23 needed to facilitate tax-free status for any such bonds or indebtedness, including formation of trusts or other 24 affiliated entities. The corporation association shall have 25 26 the authority to pledge assessments, projected recoveries from 27 the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, other reinsurance recoverables, market equalization and other surcharges, and 28 29 other funds available to the corporation association as security for bonds or other indebtedness. In recognition of s. 30 10, Art. I of the State Constitution, prohibiting the 31

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impairment of obligations of contracts, it is the intent of 1 the Legislature that no action be taken whose purpose is to 2 3 impair any bond indenture or financing agreement or any 4 revenue source committed by contract to such bond or other 5 indebtedness. 4.a. Must require that the corporation association 6 7 operate subject to the supervision and approval of a board of governors consisting of 7  $\frac{13}{13}$  individuals who are residents of 8 9 this state, from different geographical areas of this state, appointed by the Treasurer. The Treasurer shall designate one 10 of the appointees as chair. All board members serve at the 11 12 pleasure of the Treasurer., including 1 who is elected as chair. The board shall consist of: 13 14 a. The insurance consumer advocate appointed under s. 15 627.0613. b. Five members designated by the insurance industry. 16 17 c. Five consumer representatives appointed by the 18 Insurance Commissioner. Two of the consumer representatives 19 must, at the time of appointment, be holders of policies issued by the association, who are selected with consideration 20 given to reflecting the geographic balance of association 21 policyholders. Two of the consumer members must be individuals 22 23 who are minority persons as defined in s. 288.703(3). One of the consumer members shall have expertise in the field of 24 25 mortgage lending. 26 d. Two representatives of the insurance industry 27 appointed by the Insurance Commissioner. Of the two insurance industry representatives appointed by the Insurance 28 29 Commissioner, at least one must be an individual who is a minority person as defined in s. 288.703(3). 30 31 38

1	Any board member may be disapproved or removed and replaced by
2	the commissioner at any time for cause.All board members,
3	including the chair, must be appointed to serve for 3-year
4	terms beginning annually on a date designated by the plan. Any
5	board vacancy shall be filled for the unexpired term by the
6	Treasurer. The Treasurer shall appoint a technical advisory
7	group to provide information and advice to the board of
8	governors in connection with the board's duties under this
9	subsection. The executive director and senior managers of the
10	corporation shall be engaged by the Treasurer and serve at the
11	pleasure of the Treasurer. The executive director is
12	responsible for employing other staff as the corporation may
13	require, subject to review and concurrence by the Office of
14	the Treasurer.
15	b. To ensure the effective and efficient
16	implementation of this subsection, the Treasurer shall appoint
17	the board of governors by July 1, 2002. The board of governors
18	shall work in conjunction with the Residential Property
19	Insurance Market Coordinating Council to address appropriate
20	organizational, operational, and financial matters relating to
21	the corporation. In addition, after consultation with the
22	Residential Property Insurance Market Coordinating Council,
23	the bond trustees and rating agencies, the Treasurer may
24	postpone for a period not to exceed 180 days after the
25	effective date, the implementation of the corporation or the
26	implementation of one or more of the provisions relating to
27	transfer of Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association
28	policies, obligations, rights, assets, and liabilities into
29	the high-risk accounts and such other provisions that may be
30	affected thereby if the Treasurer determines that postponement
31	is necessary:
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1	(i) Due to emergency conditions;
2	(ii) To ensure the effective and efficient
3	implementation of the corporation's operations; or
4	(iii) To maintain existing financing arrangements
5	without a material adverse effect on the creditors of the
6	Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting
7	Association or the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association.
8	5. Must provide a procedure for determining the
9	eligibility of a risk for coverage, as follows:
10	a. With respect to personal lines residential risks,
11	if the risk is offered <u>full</u> coverage from an authorized
12	insurer at the insurer's approved rate under either a standard
13	policy including wind coverage or, if consistent with the
14	insurer's underwriting rules as filed with the department, a
15	basic policy <del>including wind coverage</del> , the risk is not eligible
16	for any policy issued by the <u>corporation</u> <del>association</del> . If the
17	risk accepts an offer of coverage through the market
18	assistance plan or an offer of coverage through a mechanism
19	established by the <u>corporation</u> association before a policy is
20	issued to the risk by the <u>corporation</u> association or during
21	the first 30 days of coverage by the <u>corporation</u> association,
22	and the producing agent who submitted the application to the
23	plan or to the <u>corporation</u> <del>association</del> is not currently
24	appointed by the insurer, the insurer shall either:
25	(I) Pay to the producing agent of record of the
26	policy, for the first year, an amount which is the greater of
27	the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of
28	policy written or a policy fee equal to the usual and
29	customary commission of the corporation; or
30	(II) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of
31	the policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of
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not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the insurer's 1 2 usual and customary commission for the type of policy written. 3 If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept 4 appointment by the new insurer, the new insurer shall pay the 5 agent in accordance with sub-sub-subparagraph (I).appoint the agent to service the risk or, if the insurer places the б 7 coverage through a new agent, require the new agent who then writes the policy to pay not less than 50 percent of the first 8 9 year's commission to the producing agent who submitted the 10 application to the plan or the association, except that if the new agent is an employee or exclusive agent of the insurer, 11 12 the new agent shall pay a policy fee of \$50 to the producing agent in lieu of splitting the commission. 13 14 15 If the risk is not able to obtain any such offer, the risk is eligible for either a standard policy including wind coverage 16 17 or a basic policy including wind coverage issued by the corporation association; however, if the risk could not be 18 19 insured under a standard policy including wind coverage regardless of market conditions, the risk shall be eligible 20 for a basic policy including wind coverage unless rejected 21 under subparagraph 8. The corporation association shall 22 23 determine the type of policy to be provided on the basis of objective standards specified in the underwriting manual and 24 based on generally accepted underwriting practices. 25 26 b. With respect to commercial lines residential risks, 27 if the risk is offered coverage under a policy including wind coverage from an authorized insurer at its approved rate, the 28 29 risk is not eligible for any policy issued by the corporation association. If the risk accepts an offer of coverage through 30 the market assistance plan or an offer of coverage through a 31 41

1	mechanism established by the corporation association before a
2	policy is issued to the risk by the <u>corporation</u> association,
3	and the producing agent who submitted the application to the
4	plan or the corporation association is not currently appointed
5	by the insurer, the insurer shall either:
6	(I) Pay to the producing agent of record of the
7	policy, for the first year, an amount which is the greater of
8	the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of
9	policy written or a policy fee equal to the usual and
10	customary commission of the corporation; or
11	(II) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of
12	the policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of
13	not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the insurer's
14	usual and customary commission for the type of policy written.
15	If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept
16	appointment by the new insurer, the new insurer shall pay the
17	agent in accordance with sub-sub-subparagraph (I).appoint the
18	agent to service the risk or, if the insurer places the
19	coverage through a new agent, require the new agent who then
20	writes the policy to pay not less than 50 percent of the first
21	year's commission to the producing agent who submitted the
22	application to the plan, except that if the new agent is an
23	employee or exclusive agent of the insurer, the new agent
24	shall pay a policy fee of \$50 to the producing agent in lieu
25	of splitting the commission.
26	
27	If the risk is not able to obtain any such offer, the risk is
28	eligible for a policy <del>including wind coverage</del> issued by the
29	corporation association.
30	c. This subparagraph does not require the association
31	to provide wind coverage or hurricane coverage in any area in
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which such coverage is available through the Florida Windstorm 1 2 Underwriting Association. 6. Must include rules for classifications of risks and 3 4 rates therefor. 5 7. Must provide that if premium and investment income 6 for an account attributable to a particular calendar <del>plan</del> year 7 are in excess of projected losses and expenses for the account of the plan attributable to that year, such excess shall be 8 9 held in surplus in the account. Such surplus shall be available to defray deficits in that account as to future 10 years and shall be used for that purpose prior to assessing 11 12 assessable member insurers and assessable insureds as to any 13 calendar <del>plan</del> year. 14 8. Must provide objective criteria and procedures to 15 be uniformly applied for all applicants in determining whether an individual risk is so hazardous as to be uninsurable. In 16 17 making this determination and in establishing the criteria and procedures, the following shall be considered: 18 19 a. Whether the likelihood of a loss for the individual risk is substantially higher than for other risks of the same 20 class; and 21 22 b. Whether the uncertainty associated with the 23 individual risk is such that an appropriate premium cannot be determined. 24 25 26 The acceptance or rejection of a risk by the corporation 27 association shall be construed as the private placement of insurance, and the provisions of chapter 120 shall not apply. 28 29 9. Must provide that the corporation association shall make its best efforts to procure catastrophe reinsurance at 30 reasonable rates, as determined by the board of governors. 31 43

1	10. Must provide that in the event of regular deficit
2	assessments under sub-subparagraph (b)3.a. or sub-subparagraph
3	(b)3.b., in the personal lines account, the commercial lines
4	residential account, or the high-risk account or by the
5	Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association under
6	sub-sub-subparagraph (2)(b)2.d.(I) or sub-sub-subparagraph
7	<del>(2)(b)2.d.(II)</del> , the <u>corporation</u> <del>association</del> shall levy upon
8	corporation association policyholders in its next rate filing,
9	or by a separate rate filing solely for this purpose, a market
10	equalization surcharge arising from a regular assessment in
11	such account in a percentage equal to the total amount of such
12	regular assessments divided by the aggregate statewide direct
13	written premium for subject lines of business for member
14	insurers for the prior calendar year. Market equalization
15	surcharges under this subparagraph are not considered premium
16	and are not subject to commissions, fees, or premium taxes;
17	however, failure to pay a market equalization surcharge shall
18	be treated as failure to pay premium.
19	11. The policies issued by the corporation association
20	must provide that, if the corporation association or the
21	market assistance plan obtains an offer from an authorized
22	insurer to cover the risk at its approved rates <del>under either a</del>
23	standard policy including wind coverage or a basic policy
24	including wind coverage, the risk is no longer eligible for
25	renewal coverage through the corporation association. However,
26	<del>if the risk is located in an area in which Florida Windstorm</del>
27	Underwriting Association coverage is available, such an offer
28	of a standard or basic policy terminates eligibility
29	regardless of whether or not the offer includes wind coverage.
30	Upon termination of eligibility, the association shall provide
31	written notice to the policyholder and agent of record stating
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1 that the association policy shall be canceled as of 60 days 2 after the date of the notice because of the offer of coverage 3 from an authorized insurer. Other provisions of the insurance 4 code relating to cancellation and notice of cancellation do 5 not apply to actions under this subparagraph.

6 12. Corporation Association policies and applications 7 must include a notice that the corporation association policy 8 could, under this section or s. 627.3511, be replaced with a 9 policy issued by an authorized admitted insurer that does not provide coverage identical to the coverage provided by the 10 corporation association. The notice shall also specify that 11 12 acceptance of corporation association coverage creates a conclusive presumption that the applicant or policyholder is 13 14 aware of this potential.

13. May establish, subject to approval by the 15 department, different eligibility requirements and operational 16 17 procedures for any line or type of coverage for any specified county or area if the board determines that such changes to 18 19 the eligibility requirements and operational procedures are justified due to the voluntary market being sufficiently 20 stable and competitive in such area or for such line or type 21 of coverage and that consumers who, in good faith, are unable 22 to obtain insurance through the voluntary market through 23 ordinary methods would continue to have access to coverage 24 from the corporation association. When coverage is sought in 25 connection with a real property transfer, such requirements 26 27 and procedures shall not provide for an effective date of coverage later than the date of the closing of the transfer as 28 29 established by the transferor, the transferee, and, if 30 applicable, the lender.

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1	14. Must provide that, with respect to the high-risk
2	account, any assessable insurer with a surplus as to
3	policyholders of \$25 million or less writing 25 percent or
4	more of its total countrywide property insurance premiums in
5	this state may petition the department, within the first 90
6	days of each calendar year, to qualify as a limited
7	apportionment company. In no event shall a limited
8	apportionment company be required to participate in the
9	portion of any assessment, within the high-risk account,
10	pursuant to sub-subparagraph (b)3.a. or sub-subparagraph
11	(b)3.b. in the aggregate which exceeds \$50 million after
12	payment of available high-risk account funds in any calendar
13	year. However, a limited apportionment company shall collect
14	from its policyholders any emergency assessment imposed under
15	sub-subparagraph (b)3.d. The plan shall provide that, if the
16	department determines that any regular assessment will result
17	in an impairment of the surplus of a limited apportionment
18	company, the department may direct that all or part of such
19	assessment be deferred as provided in subparagraph (g)4.
20	However, there shall be no limitation or deferment of an
21	emergency assessment to be collected from policyholders under
22	sub-subparagraph (b)3.d.
23	15. Must provide that the corporation appoint as its
24	licensed agents only those agents who also hold an appointment
25	as defined in s. 626.104 with an insurer who at the time of
26	the agent's initial appointment by the corporation is
27	authorized to write and is actually writing personal lines
28	residential property coverage, commercial residential property
29	coverage, or commercial nonresidential property coverage
30	within the state.
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1 (d)1. It is the intent of the Legislature that the 2 rates for coverage provided by the corporation association be 3 actuarially sound and not competitive with approved rates 4 charged in the admitted voluntary market, so that the 5 corporation association functions as a residual market 6 mechanism to provide insurance only when the insurance cannot 7 be procured in the voluntary market. Rates shall include an 8 appropriate catastrophe loading factor that reflects the 9 actual catastrophic exposure of the corporation association 10 and recognizes that the association has little or no capital or surplus; and the association shall carefully review each 11 12 rate filing to assure that provider compensation is not 13 excessive. 14 2. For each county, the average rates of the 15 corporation association for each line of business for personal 16 lines residential policies excluding rates for wind-only 17 policies shall be no lower than the average rates charged by 18 the insurer that had the highest average rate in that county 19 among the 20 insurers with the greatest total direct written 20 premium in the state for that line of business in the 21 preceding year, except that with respect to mobile home coverages, the average rates of the corporation association 22 23 shall be no lower than the average rates charged by the insurer that had the highest average rate in that county among 24 the 5 insurers with the greatest total written premium for 25 26 mobile home owner's policies in the state in the preceding 27 year. 28 3. Rates for personal lines residential wind-only 29 policies must be actuarially sound and not competitive with 30 approved rates charged by authorized insurers. However, for personal lines residential wind-only policies issued or 31 47 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

renewed between July 1, 2002, and June 30, 2003, the maximum 1 2 premium increase must be no greater than 10 percent of the 3 Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association premium for that policy in effect on June 30, 2002, as adjusted for coverage 4 5 changes and seasonal occupancy surcharges. The personal lines 6 residential wind-only rates for the corporation effective July 7 1, 2003, must be based on a rate filing by the corporation 8 which establishes rates which are actuarially sound and not 9 competitive with approved rates charged by authorized insurers. Corporation rate manuals shall include a rate 10 surcharge for seasonal occupancy. To ensure that personal 11 12 lines residential wind-only rates effective on or after July 13 1, 2003, are not competitive with approved rates charged by 14 authorized insurers, the department, by March 1 of each year, shall provide the corporation, for each county in which there 15 are geographical areas in which personal lines residential 16 17 wind-only policies may be issued, the average rates charged by the insurer that had the highest average rate in that county 18 19 for wind coverage in that insurer's rating territories which 20 most closely approximate the geographical area in that county 21 in which personal lines residential wind-only policies may be written by the corporation. The average rates provided must 22 23 be from an insurer among the 20 insurers with the greatest total direct written premium in the state for personal lines 24 residential property insurance for the preceding year. With 25 26 respect to mobile homes, the five insurers with the greatest total written premium for that line of business in the 27 preceding year shall be used. The corporation shall certify 28 29 to the department that its average personal lines residential wind-only rates are no lower in each county than the average 30 31 rates provided by the department. The department is 48

authorized to adopt rules to establish reporting requirements 1 2 to obtain the necessary wind-only rate information from 3 insurers to implement this provision. 4.3. Rates for commercial lines residential coverage 4 5 shall not be subject to the requirements of subparagraph 2., but shall be subject to all other requirements of this б 7 paragraph and s. 627.062. 5.4. Nothing in this paragraph shall require or allow 8 9 the corporation association to adopt a rate that is inadequate 10 under s. 627.062 or to reduce rates approved under s. 627.062. 6.5. The association may require arbitration of a 11 12 filing pursuant to s. 627.062(6). Rate filings of the 13 association under this paragraph shall be made on a use and file basis under s. 627.062(2)(a)2. The corporation 14 15 association shall make a rate filing at least once a year, but no more often than quarterly. 16 17 7. In addition to the rates otherwise determined pursuant to this paragraph, the corporation shall impose and 18 19 collect an amount equal to the premium tax provided for in s. 20 624.509 to augment the financial resources of the corporation. (e) If coverage in an account through the association 21 22 is hereby activated effective upon approval of the plan, and 23 shall remain activated until coverage is deactivated pursuant to paragraph (f). Thereafter, coverage through the corporation 24 association shall be reactivated by order of the department 25 26 only under one of the following circumstances: 27 1. If the market assistance plan receives a minimum of 100 applications for coverage within a 3-month period, or 200 28 29 applications for coverage within a 1-year period or less for residential coverage, unless the market assistance plan 30 provides a quotation from admitted carriers at their filed 31 49

rates for at least 90 percent of such applicants. Any market 1 assistance plan application that is rejected because an 2 3 individual risk is so hazardous as to be uninsurable using the 4 criteria specified in subparagraph (c)8. shall not be included 5 in the minimum percentage calculation provided herein. In the event that there is a legal or administrative challenge to a 6 7 determination by the department that the conditions of this 8 subparagraph have been met for eligibility for coverage in the 9 corporation association, any eligible risk may obtain coverage during the pendency of such challenge. 10 In response to a state of emergency declared by the 11 2. 12 Governor under s. 252.36, the department may activate coverage by order for the period of the emergency upon a finding by the 13 14 department that the emergency significantly affects the 15 availability of residential property insurance. 16 (f)1. The corporation shall file with the department 17 quarterly statements of financial condition, an annual statement of financial condition, and audited financial 18 19 statements in the manner prescribed by law. In addition, the 20 corporation shall report to the department monthly on the types, premium, exposure, and distribution by county of its 21 policies in force, and shall submit other reports as the 22 23 department requires to carry out its oversight of the 24 corporation. 2. The activities of the corporation association shall 25 26 be reviewed at least annually by the department to determine 27 whether board and, upon recommendation by the board or 28 petition of any interested party, coverage shall be 29 deactivated in an account on the basis if the department finds that the conditions giving rise to its activation no longer 30 31 exist. 50

1	(g)1. The corporation <del>board</del> shall certify to the
2	department its needs for annual assessments as to a particular
3	calendar year, and for any <del>startup or</del> interim assessments that
4	it deems to be necessary to sustain operations as to a
5	particular year pending the receipt of annual assessments.
б	Upon verification, the department shall approve such
7	certification, and the <u>corporation</u> board shall levy such
8	annual, startup, or interim assessments. Such assessments
9	shall be prorated as provided in paragraph (b). The
10	corporation board shall take all reasonable and prudent steps
11	necessary to collect the amount of assessment due from each
12	assessable participating member insurer, including, if
13	prudent, filing suit to collect such assessment. If the
14	corporation board is unable to collect an assessment from any
15	assessable member insurer, the uncollected assessments shall
16	be levied as an additional assessment against the assessable
17	participating member insurers and any assessable participating
18	member insurer required to pay an additional assessment as a
19	result of such failure to pay shall have a cause of action
20	against such nonpaying <u>assessable</u> <del>member</del> insurer. Assessments
21	shall be included as an appropriate factor in the making of
22	rates. The failure of a surplus lines agent to collect and
23	remit any regular or emergency assessment levied by the
24	corporation is considered to be a violation of s. 626.936 and
25	subjects the surplus lines agent to the penalties provided in
26	that section.
27	2. The governing body of any unit of local government,
28	any residents of which are insured by the corporation
29	association, may issue bonds as defined in s. 125.013 or s.
30	166.101 from time to time to fund an assistance program, in
31	conjunction with the <u>corporation</u> <del>association</del> , for the purpose
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of defraying deficits of the corporation association. In order 1 to avoid needless and indiscriminate proliferation, 2 3 duplication, and fragmentation of such assistance programs, any unit of local government, any residents of which are 4 5 insured by the corporation association, may provide for the payment of losses, regardless of whether or not the losses 6 7 occurred within or outside of the territorial jurisdiction of the local government. Revenue bonds under this subparagraph 8 9 may not be issued until validated pursuant to chapter 75, unless a state of emergency is declared by executive order or 10 proclamation of the Governor pursuant to s. 252.36 making such 11 12 findings as are necessary to determine that it is in the best interests of, and necessary for, the protection of the public 13 14 health, safety, and general welfare of residents of this state 15 and the protection and preservation of the economic stability of insurers operating in this state, and declaring it an 16 17 essential public purpose to permit certain municipalities or counties to issue such bonds as will permit relief to 18 19 claimants and policyholders of the corporation joint 20 underwriting association and insurers responsible for apportionment of association losses. Any such unit of local 21 government may enter into such contracts with the corporation 22 23 association and with any other entity created pursuant to this subsection as are necessary to carry out this paragraph. Any 24 bonds issued under this subparagraph shall be payable from and 25 26 secured by moneys received by the corporation association from 27 emergency assessments under sub-subparagraph (b)3.d., and assigned and pledged to or on behalf of the unit of local 28 29 government for the benefit of the holders of such bonds. The funds, credit, property, and taxing power of the state or of 30 the unit of local government shall not be pledged for the 31

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payment of such bonds. If any of the bonds remain unsold 60 1 2 days after issuance, the department shall require all insurers 3 subject to assessment to purchase the bonds, which shall be 4 treated as admitted assets; each insurer shall be required to 5 purchase that percentage of the unsold portion of the bond 6 issue that equals the insurer's relative share of assessment 7 liability under this subsection. An insurer shall not be 8 required to purchase the bonds to the extent that the 9 department determines that the purchase would endanger or impair the solvency of the insurer. 10 3.a. In addition to any credits, bonuses, or 11 12 exemptions provided under s. 627.3511, The corporation board 13 shall adopt one or more programs a program subject to approval 14 by the department for the reduction of both new and renewal writings in the corporation association. The corporation board 15 may consider any prudent and not unfairly discriminatory 16 17 approach to reducing corporation association writings, and may 18 but must adopt at least a credit against assessment liability 19 or other liability that provides an incentive for insurers to take risks out of the corporation association and to keep 20 risks out of the corporation association by maintaining or 21 22 increasing voluntary writings in counties or areas in which 23 corporation association risks are highly concentrated and a program to provide a formula under which an insurer 24 25 voluntarily taking risks out of the corporation association by 26 maintaining or increasing voluntary writings will be relieved wholly or partially from assessments under sub-subparagraphs 27 28 (b)3.a. and b. When the corporation enters into a contractual agreement for a take-out plan, the producing agent of record 29 30 of the corporation policy is entitled to retain any unearned commission on such policy, and the insurer shall either: 31

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1	(I) Pay to the producing agent of record of the
2	policy, for the first year, an amount which is the greater of
3	the insurer's usual and customary commission for the type of
4	policy written or a policy fee equal to the usual and
5	customary commission of the corporation; or
6	(II) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of
7	the policy to continue servicing the policy for a period of
8	not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the insurer's
9	usual and customary commission for the type of policy written.
10	If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept
11	appointment by the new insurer, the new insurer shall pay the
12	agent in accordance with sub-sub-subparagraph (I).
13	b. Any credit or exemption from regular assessments
14	adopted under this subparagraph shall last no longer than the
15	3 years following the cancellation or expiration of the policy
16	by the <u>corporation</u> association. With the approval of the
17	department, the board may extend such credits for an
18	additional year if the insurer guarantees an additional year
19	of renewability for all policies removed from the corporation
20	association, or for 2 additional years if the insurer
21	guarantees 2 additional years of renewability for all policies
22	so removed.
23	c. There shall be no credit, limitation, exemption, or
24	deferment from emergency assessments to be collected from
25	policyholders pursuant to sub-subparagraph (b)3.d.
26	4. The plan shall provide for the deferment, in whole
27	or in part, of the assessment of <u>an assessable</u> <del>a member</del>
28	insurer, other than an emergency assessment collected from
29	policyholders pursuant to sub-subparagraph (b)3.d., if the
30	department finds that payment of the assessment would endanger
31	or impair the solvency of the insurer. In the event an
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1	assessment against <u>an assessable</u> <del>a member</del> insurer is deferred
2	in whole or in part, the amount by which such assessment is
3	deferred may be assessed against the other <u>assessable</u> member
4	insurers in a manner consistent with the basis for assessments
5	set forth in paragraph (b).
6	(h) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to
7	preclude the issuance of residential property insurance
8	coverage pursuant to part VIII of chapter 626.
9	(i) There shall be no liability on the part of, and no
10	cause of action of any nature shall arise against, any
11	assessable member insurer or its agents or employees, the
12	corporation association or its agents or employees, members of
13	the board of governors or their respective designees at a
14	board meeting, <u>corporation</u> <del>association</del> committee members, or
15	the department or its representatives, for any action taken by
16	them in the performance of their duties or responsibilities
17	under this subsection. Such immunity does not apply to:
18	1. Any of the foregoing persons or entities for any
19	willful tort;
20	2. The <u>corporation</u> <del>association</del> or its <del>servicing or</del>
21	producing agents for breach of any contract or agreement
22	pertaining to insurance coverage;
23	3. The <u>corporation</u> <del>association</del> with respect to
24	issuance or payment of debt; or
25	4. Any <u>assessable</u> member insurer with respect to any
26	action to enforce <u>an assessable</u> <del>a member</del> insurer's obligations
27	to the <u>corporation</u> <del>association</del> under this subsection.
28	(j) The Residential Property and Casualty Joint
29	Underwriting Association is not a state agency, board, or
30	commission. However, For the purposes of s. 199.183(1), the
31	corporation Residential Property and Casualty Joint
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Underwriting Association shall be considered a political 1 subdivision of the state and shall be exempt from the 2 corporate income tax. The premiums, assessments, investment 3 4 income, and other revenue of the corporation are funds 5 received for providing property insurance coverage as required 6 by this subsection, paying claims for Florida citizens insured 7 by the corporation, securing and repaying debt obligations issued by the corporation, and conducting all other activities 8 9 of the corporation, and shall not be considered taxes, fees, licenses, or charges for services imposed by the Legislature 10 on individuals, businesses, or agencies outside state 11 12 government. Bonds and other debt obligations issued by or on 13 behalf of the corporation are not to be considered "State 14 bonds" within the meaning of s. 215.58(10). The corporation is 15 not subject to the procurement provisions of chapter 287, and policies and decisions of the corporation relating to 16 17 incurring debt, levying of assessments and the sale, issuance, continuation, terms and claims under corporation policies, and 18 19 all services relating thereto, are not subject to the 20 provisions of chapter 120. The corporation is not required to 21 obtain or to hold a certificate of authority issued by the department, nor is it required to participate as a member 22 23 insurer of the Florida Insurance Guaranty Association. However, the corporation is required to pay, in the same 24 manner as an authorized insurer, assessments pledged by the 25 26 Florida Insurance Guaranty Association to secure bonds issued 27 or other indebtedness incurred to pay covered claims arising from insurer insolvencies caused by, or proximately related 28 29 to, hurricane losses. It is the intent of the Legislature that the tax exemptions provided in this paragraph will augment the 30 31 financial resources of the corporation to better enable the 56

1	corporation to fulfill its public purposes. Any bonds issued
2	by the corporation, their transfer, and the income therefrom,
3	including any profit made on the sale thereof, shall at all
4	times be free from taxation of every kind by the state and any
5	political subdivision or local unit or other instrumentality
6	thereof; however, this exemption does not apply to any tax
7	imposed by chapter 200 on interest, income, or profits on debt
8	obligations owned by corporations other than the corporation.
9	(k) Upon a determination by the <u>department</u> <del>board of</del>
10	governors that the conditions giving rise to the establishment
11	and activation of the <u>corporation</u> <del>association</del> no longer exist,
12	and upon the consent thereto by order of the department, the
13	corporation association is dissolved. Upon dissolution, the
14	assets of the association shall be applied first to pay all
15	debts, liabilities, and obligations of the corporation
16	association, including the establishment of reasonable
17	reserves for any contingent liabilities or obligations, and
18	all remaining assets of the <u>corporation</u> association shall
19	become property of the state and deposited in the Florida
20	Hurricane Catastrophe Fund.
21	(1)1. Effective July 1, 2002, policies of the
22	Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting
23	Association shall become policies of the corporation. All
24	obligations, rights, assets and liabilities of the Residential
25	Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association,
26	including bonds, note and debt obligations, and the financing
27	documents pertaining to them become those of the corporation
28	as of July 1, 2002. The corporation is not required to issue
29	endorsements or certificates of assumption to insureds during
30	the remaining term of in-force transferred policies.
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1	2. Effective July 1, 2002, policies of the Florida
2	Windstorm Underwriting Association are transferred to the
3	corporation and shall become policies of the corporation. All
4	obligations, rights, assets, and liabilities of the Florida
5	Windstorm Underwriting Association, including bonds, note, and
6	debt obligations, and the financing documents pertaining to
7	them are transferred to and assumed by the corporation on July
8	1, 2002. The corporation is not required to issue endorsement
9	or certificates of assumption to insureds during the remaining
10	term of in-force transferred policies.
11	3. The Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association and
12	the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting
13	Association shall take all actions as may be proper to further
14	evidence the transfers and shall provide the documents and
15	instruments of further assurance as may reasonably be
16	requested by the corporation for that purpose. The corporation
17	shall execute assumptions and instruments as the trustees or
18	other parties to the financing documents of the Florida
19	Windstorm Underwriting Association or the Residential Property
20	and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association may reasonably
21	request to further evidence the transfers and assumptions,
22	which transfers and assumptions, however, are effective on the
23	date provided under this paragraph whether or not, and
24	regardless of the date on which, the assumptions or
25	instruments are executed by the corporation. Subject to the
26	relevant financing documents pertaining to their outstanding
27	bonds, notes, indebtedness, or other financing obligations,
28	the moneys, investments, receivables, choses in action, and
29	other intangibles of the Florida Windstorm Underwriting
30	Association shall be credited to the high-risk account of the
31	corporation, and those of the personal lines residential
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coverage account and the commercial lines residential coverage 1 2 account of the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association shall be credited to the personal 3 4 lines account and the commercial lines account, respectively, 5 of the corporation. 6 4. Effective July 1, 2002, a new applicant for 7 property insurance coverage who would otherwise have been 8 eligible for coverage in the Florida Windstorm Underwriting 9 Association is eligible for coverage from the corporation as provided in this subsection. 10 5. The transfer of all policies, obligations, rights, 11 12 assets, and liabilities from the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association to the corporation and the renaming 13 14 of the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 15 Association as the corporation shall in no way affect the coverage with respect to covered policies as defined in s. 16 17 215.555(2)(c) provided to these entities by the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund. The coverage provided by the 18 19 Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund to the Florida Windstorm 20 Underwriting Association based on its exposures as of June 30, 21 2002, and each June 30 thereafter shall be redesignated as coverage for the high-risk account of the corporation. 22 23 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the coverage provided by the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund to the 24 Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 25 26 Association based on its exposures as of June 30, 2002, and 27 each June 30 thereafter shall be transferred to the personal lines account and the commercial lines account of the 28 29 corporation. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the high-risk account shall be treated, for all Florida Hurricane 30 31 Catastrophe Fund purposes, as if it were a separate 59

participating insurer with its own exposures, reimbursement 1 premium, and loss reimbursement. Likewise, the personal lines 2 3 and commercial lines accounts shall be viewed together, for 4 all Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund purposes, as if the two 5 accounts were one and represent a single, separate 6 participating insurer with its own exposures, reimbursement 7 premium, and loss reimbursement. The coverage provided by the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund to the corporation shall 8 9 constitute and operate as a full transfer of coverage from the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association and Residential 10 Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting to the corporation. 11 12 All obligations, rights, assets, and liabilities of the 13 Florida Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association 14 created by subsection (5), which obligations, rights, assets, or liabilities relate to the provision of commercial lines 15 16 residential property insurance coverage as described in this 17 section are hereby transferred to the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association. The Residential 18 19 Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association is not 20 required to issue endorsements or certificates of assumption to insureds during the remaining term of in-force transferred 21 22 policies. 23 (m) Notwithstanding any other provision of law: 1. The pledge or sale of, the lien upon, and the 24 security interest in any rights, revenues, or other assets of 25 26 the corporation association created or purported to be created pursuant to any financing documents to secure any bonds or 27 other indebtedness of the corporation association shall be and 28 29 remain valid and enforceable, notwithstanding the commencement of and during the continuation of, and after, any 30

31 rehabilitation, insolvency, liquidation, bankruptcy,

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receivership, conservatorship, reorganization, or similar
 proceeding against the <u>corporation</u> association under the laws
 of this state.

2. No such proceeding shall relieve the <u>corporation</u>
association of its obligation, or otherwise affect its ability
to perform its obligation, to continue to collect, or levy and
collect, assessments, market equalization or other surcharges
under subparagraph (c)10., or any other rights, revenues, or
other assets of the <u>corporation</u> association pledged pursuant
to any financing documents.

Each such pledge or sale of, lien upon, and 11 3. 12 security interest in, including the priority of such pledge, lien, or security interest, any such assessments, market 13 14 equalization or other surcharges, or other rights, revenues, or other assets which are collected, or levied and collected, 15 after the commencement of and during the pendency of, or 16 17 after, any such proceeding shall continue unaffected by such proceeding. As used in this subsection, the term "financing 18 19 documents" means any agreement or agreements, instrument or instruments, or other document or documents now existing or 20 hereafter created evidencing any bonds or other indebtedness 21 22 of the corporation association or pursuant to which any such 23 bonds or other indebtedness has been or may be issued and pursuant to which any rights, revenues, or other assets of the 24 corporation association are pledged or sold to secure the 25 26 repayment of such bonds or indebtedness, together with the 27 payment of interest on such bonds or such indebtedness, or the payment of any other obligation or financial product, as 28 29 defined in the plan of operation of the corporation association related to such bonds or indebtedness. 30 31

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Any such pledge or sale of assessments, revenues, 1 4. 2 contract rights, or other rights or assets of the corporation 3 association shall constitute a lien and security interest, or sale, as the case may be, that is immediately effective and 4 5 attaches to such assessments, revenues, or contract rights or other rights or assets, whether or not imposed or collected at 6 7 the time the pledge or sale is made. Any such pledge or sale is effective, valid, binding, and enforceable against the 8 9 corporation association or other entity making such pledge or sale, and valid and binding against and superior to any 10 competing claims or obligations owed to any other person or 11 12 entity, including policyholders in this state, asserting rights in any such assessments, revenues, or contract rights 13 14 or other rights or assets to the extent set forth in and in accordance with the terms of the pledge or sale contained in 15 16 the applicable financing documents, whether or not any such 17 person or entity has notice of such pledge or sale and without the need for any physical delivery, recordation, filing, or 18 19 other action. 20 (n)1. The following records of the corporation 21 Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association are confidential and exempt from the provisions of 22 23 s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution: 24 a. Underwriting files, except that a policyholder or 25 an applicant shall have access to his or her own underwriting 26 files. Claims files, until termination of all litigation 27 b. and settlement of all claims arising out of the same incident, 28 29 although portions of the claims files may remain exempt, as otherwise provided by law. Confidential and exempt claims file 30 records may be released to other governmental agencies upon 31 62

written request and demonstration of need; such records held 1 2 by the receiving agency remain confidential and exempt as 3 provided for herein. 4 c. Records obtained or generated by an internal auditor pursuant to a routine audit, until the audit is 5 6 completed, or if the audit is conducted as part of an 7 investigation, until the investigation is closed or ceases to 8 be active. An investigation is considered "active" while the 9 investigation is being conducted with a reasonable, good faith belief that it could lead to the filing of administrative, 10 civil, or criminal proceedings. 11 12 d. Matters reasonably encompassed in privileged attorney-client communications. 13 14 e. Proprietary information licensed to the corporation 15 association under contract and the contract provides for the 16 confidentiality of such proprietary information. f. All information relating to the medical condition 17 or medical status of a corporation an association employee 18 19 which is not relevant to the employee's capacity to perform his or her duties, except as otherwise provided in this 20 paragraph. Information which is exempt shall include, but is 21 not limited to, information relating to workers' compensation, 22 23 insurance benefits, and retirement or disability benefits. Upon an employee's entrance into the employee 24 q. assistance program, a program to assist any employee who has a 25 26 behavioral or medical disorder, substance abuse problem, or 27 emotional difficulty which affects the employee's job performance, all records relative to that participation shall 28 29 be confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1)and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution, except as 30 otherwise provided in s. 112.0455(11). 31 63

1	h. Information relating to negotiations for financing,
2	reinsurance, depopulation, or contractual services, until the
3	conclusion of the negotiations.
4	i. Minutes of closed meetings regarding underwriting
5	files, and minutes of closed meetings regarding an open claims
6	file until termination of all litigation and settlement of all
7	claims with regard to that claim, except that information
8	otherwise confidential or exempt by law will be redacted.
9	
10	When an authorized insurer is considering underwriting a risk
11	insured by the <u>corporation</u> <del>association</del> , relevant underwriting
12	files and confidential claims files may be released to the
13	insurer provided the insurer agrees in writing, notarized and
14	under oath, to maintain the confidentiality of such files.
15	When a file is transferred to an insurer that file is no
16	longer a public record because it is not held by an agency
17	subject to the provisions of the public records law.
18	Underwriting files and confidential claims files may also be
19	released to staff of and the board of governors of the market
20	assistance plan established pursuant to s. 627.3515, who must
21	retain the confidentiality of such files, except such files
22	may be released to authorized insurers that are considering
23	assuming the risks to which the files apply, provided the
24	insurer agrees in writing, notarized and under oath, to
25	maintain the confidentiality of such files. Finally, the
26	<u>corporation</u> association or the board or staff of the market
27	assistance plan may make the following information obtained
28	from underwriting files and confidential claims files
29	available to licensed general lines insurance agents: name,
30	address, and telephone number of the residential property
31	owner or insured; location of the risk; rating information;
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loss history; and policy type. The receiving licensed general 1 lines insurance agent must retain the confidentiality of the 2 3 information received. 4 2. Portions of meetings of the corporation Residential 5 Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association are 6 exempt from the provisions of s. 286.011 and s. 24(b), Art. I 7 of the State Constitution wherein confidential underwriting 8 files or confidential open claims files are discussed. All 9 portions of corporation association meetings which are closed to the public shall be recorded by a court reporter. The 10 court reporter shall record the times of commencement and 11 12 termination of the meeting, all discussion and proceedings, 13 the names of all persons present at any time, and the names of 14 all persons speaking. No portion of any closed meeting shall 15 be off the record. Subject to the provisions hereof and s. 119.07(2)(a), the court reporter's notes of any closed meeting 16 17 shall be retained by the corporation association for a minimum of 5 years. A copy of the transcript, less any exempt matters, 18 19 of any closed meeting wherein claims are discussed shall become public as to individual claims after settlement of the 20 21 claim. 22 (0) It is the intent of the Legislature that the 23 amendments to this subsection enacted in 2002 should, over 24 time, reduce the probable maximum windstorm losses in the residual markets and should reduce the potential assessments 25 26 to be levied on property insurers and policyholders statewide. In furtherance of this intent: 27 28 The board shall, on or before February 1 of each 1. 29 year, provide a report to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives showing the reduction 30 or increase in the 100-year probable maximum loss attributable 31 65

to wind-only coverages and the quota share program under this 1 2 subsection combined, as compared to the benchmark 100-year 3 probable maximum loss of the Florida Windstorm Underwriting 4 Association. For purposes of this paragraph, the benchmark 5 100-year probable maximum loss of the Florida Windstorm 6 Underwriting Association shall be the calculation dated 7 February 2001 and based on November 30, 2000, exposures. In 8 order to ensure comparability of data, the board shall use the 9 same methods for calculating its probable maximum loss as were used to calculate the benchmark probable maximum loss. 10 2. Beginning February 1, 2007, if the report under 11 12 subparagraph 1. for any year indicates that the 100-year 13 probable maximum loss attributable to wind-only coverages and 14 the quota share program combined does not reflect a reduction 15 of at least 25 percent from the benchmark, the board shall reduce the boundaries of the high-risk area eligible for 16 17 wind-only coverages under this subsection in a manner calculated to reduce such probable maximum loss to an amount 18 19 at least 25 percent below the benchmark. 20 3. Beginning February 1, 2012, if the report under subparagraph 1. for any year indicates that the 100-year 21 probable maximum loss attributable to wind-only coverages and 22 23 the quota share program combined does not reflect a reduction of at least 50 percent from the benchmark, the boundaries of 24 the high-risk area eligible for wind-only coverages under this 25 26 subsection shall be reduced by the elimination of any area that is not seaward of a line 1,000 feet inland from the 27 Intracoastal Waterway. 28 29 (p) In enacting the provisions of this section, the Legislature recognizes that both the Florida Windstorm 30 31 Underwriting Association and the Residential Property and 66

Casualty Joint Underwriting Association have entered into 1 2 financing arrangements that obligate each entity to service 3 its debts and maintain the capacity to repay funds secured 4 under these financing arrangements. It is the intent of the Legislature that nothing in this section be construed to 5 6 compromise, diminish, or interfere with the rights of 7 creditors under such financing arrangements. It is further the 8 intent of the Legislature to preserve the obligations of the 9 Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association and Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association with 10 regard to outstanding financing arrangements, with such 11 12 obligations passing entirely and unchanged to the corporation and, specifically, to the applicable account of the 13 14 corporation. So long as any bonds, notes, indebtedness, or other financing obligations of the Florida Windstorm 15 Underwriting Association or the Residential Property and 16 17 Casualty Joint Underwriting Association are outstanding, under the terms of the financing documents pertaining to them, the 18 19 governing board of the corporation shall have and shall 20 exercise the authority to levy, charge, collect, and receive 21 all premiums, assessments, surcharges, charges, revenues and receipts that the associations had authority to levy, charge, 22 23 collect, or receive under the provisions of subsection (2) and subsection (6), respectively, as they existed on January 1, 24 25 2002, to the extent necessary to provide moneys, together with 26 other available moneys of the corporation in the applicable 27 account without exercise of the authority provided by this 28 paragraph, in at least the amounts, and by the times, as would 29 be provided under those former provisions of subsection (2) or subsection (6), respectively, so that the value, amount, and 30 31 collectability of any assets, revenues, or revenue source 67

pledged or committed to, or any lien thereon securing such 1 outstanding bonds, notes, indebtedness, or other financing 2 3 obligations will not be diminished, impaired, or adversely 4 affected by the amendments made by this act and to permit 5 compliance with all provisions of financing documents 6 pertaining to such bonds, notes, indebtedness, or other 7 financing obligations, or the security or credit enhancement 8 for them, and any reference in this subsection to bonds, 9 notes, indebtedness, financing obligations, or similar obligations, of the corporation shall include like instruments 10 or contracts of the Florida Windstorm Underwriting Association 11 12 and the Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting 13 Association to the extent not inconsistent with the provisions 14 of the financing documents pertaining to them. 15 (q) Effective January 7, 2003, any reference in this 16 subsection to the Treasurer shall be deemed to be a reference 17 to the Chief Financial Officer and any reference to the Department of Insurance shall be deemed to be a reference to 18 19 the Department of Insurance and Financial Services or other 20 successor to the Department of Insurance specified by law. 21 (r) The corporation shall not require the securing of flood insurance as a condition of coverage if the insured or 22 23 applicant executes a form approved by the department affirming that flood insurance is not provided by the corporation and 24 that if flood insurance is not secured by the applicant or 25 26 insured in addition to coverage by the corporation, the risk will not be covered for flood damage. A corporation 27 28 policyholder electing not to secure flood insurance and 29 executing a form as provided herein making a clam for water 30 damage against the corporation shall have the burden of proving the damage was not caused by flooding. Notwithstanding 31 68

other provisions of this subsection, the corporation may deny 1 2 coverage to an applicant or insured who refuses to execute the 3 form described herein. 4 Section 3. Subsection (4) of section 627.3511, Florida 5 Statutes, is amended to read: 627.3511 Depopulation of Residential Property and 6 7 Casualty Joint Underwriting Association .--(4) AGENT BONUS. -- When the Residential Property and 8 9 Casualty Joint Underwriting Association enters into a contractual agreement for a take-out plan that provides a 10 bonus to the insurer, the producing agent of record of the 11 12 association policy is entitled to retain any unearned 13 commission on such policy, and the insurer shall either: 14 (a) Pay to the producing agent of record of the 15 association policy, for the first year, an amount that is the 16 greater of equal to the insurer's usual and customary 17 commission for the type of policy written of a fee equal to the if the term of the association policy was in excess of 6 18 19 months, or one-half of such usual and customary commission if the term of the association policy was 6 months or less; or 20 21 (b) Offer to allow the producing agent of record of 22 the association policy to continue servicing the policy for a 23 period of not less than 1 year and offer to pay the agent the greater of the insurer's or the association's usual and 24 customary commission for the type of policy written. 25 26 27 If the producing agent is unwilling or unable to accept 28 appointment, the new insurer shall pay the agent in accordance 29 with paragraph (a). The insurer need not take any further action if the offer is rejected. This subsection does not 30 apply to any reciprocal interinsurance exchange, nonprofit 31 69 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1	federation, or any subsidiary or affiliate of such
2	organization. This subsection does not apply if the agent is
3	also the agent of record on the new coverage. The requirement
4	of this subsection that the producing agent of record is
5	entitled to retain the unearned commission on an association
6	policy does not apply to a policy for which coverage has been
7	provided in the association for 30 days or less or for which a
8	cancellation notice has been issued pursuant to s.
9	627.351(6)(c)11. during the first 30 days of coverage.
10	Section 4. Section 627.3517, Florida Statutes, is
11	created to read:
12	627.3517 Consumer choice No provision of s. 627.351,
13	s. 627.3511, or s. 627.3515 shall be construed to impair the
14	right of any insurance risk apportionment plan policyholder,
15	upon receipt of any keepout or takeout offer, to retain his or
16	her current agent so long as that agent is duly licensed and
17	appointed by the insurance risk apportionment plan or
18	otherwise authorized to place business with the insurance risk
19	apportionment plan. This right shall not be cancelled,
20	suspended, impeded, abridged, or otherwise compromised by any
21	rule, plan of operation, or depopulation plan, whether through
22	keepout, takeout, midterm assumption, or any other means, or
23	any insurance risk apportionment plan or depopulation plan,
24	including, but not limited to, those described in s. 627.351,
25	s. 627.3511, or s. 627.3515. The department shall adopt any
26	rules necessary to cause any insurance risk apportionment plan
27	or market assistance plan under such sections to demonstrate
28	that the operations of the plan do not interfere with,
29	promote, or allow interference with the rights created under
30	this section. If the policyholder's current agent is unable or
31	unwilling to be appointed with the insurer making the takeout
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or keepout offer, the policyholder shall not be disqualified
from participation in the appropriate insurance risk
apportionment plan because of an offer of coverage in the
voluntary market. An offer of full property insurance coverage
by the insurer currently insuring either the ex-wind or
wind-only coverage on the policy to which the offer applies
shall not be considered a takeout or keepout offer. Any rule,
plan of operation, or plan of depopulation, through keepout,
takeout, midterm assumption, or any other means, of any
property insurance risk apportionment plan under s. 627.351(2)
or s. 627.351(6) is subject to ss. 627.351(2)(b) and (6)(c)
and 627.3511(4).
Section 5. This act shall take effect upon becoming a
law.
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