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A bill to be entitled An act relating to independent postsecondary education; reenacting and amending s. 246.011, F.S.; eliminating references to nonpublic colleges in provisions stating legislative findings and intent; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; eliminating legislative intent with respect to a requirement for dual licensure; reenacting and amending s. 246.013, F.S.; restricting participation in the common course numbering and designation system to institutions that provide resident instruction; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; reenacting and amending s. 246.021, F.S.; providing definitions; reenacting and amending s. 246.031, F.S.; creating the Commission for Independent Education within the Department of Education; providing for administration of the commission; providing for members to be appointed by the Governor; providing for terms of office, meetings, and accountability; reenacting and amending s. 246.041, F.S.; providing for powers and duties of the commission; providing rulemaking authority; authorizing the commission to expend funds; requiring certain reports and recordkeeping; authorizing the appointment of committees; providing additional duties of the commission with respect to administration and offices; repealing ss. 246.051, 246.061, 246.071, F.S.,

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relating to expenditures and rulemaking authority; reenacting and amending s. 246.081, F.S.; providing for licensure of institutions; establishing standards; requiring licensure to be based on the institution's highest educational offering; creating stages of licensure as approved-applicant status, provisional license, and annual license; restricting programs to those authorized in an institution's license; prohibiting the transfer of a license; prohibiting certain activities by nonlicensed institutions; requiring standards for the approval of agents; providing requirements for students of foreign medical schools; specifying that a license is not an accreditation; requiring antihazing policies; reenacting and amending s. 246.084, F.S.; providing for licensure by means of accreditation; establishing requirements; authorizing continuation of an exemption until a license is issued; providing for validity of a license; requiring compliance with certain rules governing consumer practices; providing rulemaking authority; reenacting and amending s. 246.085, F.S.; authorizing certain institutions to be excluded from the jurisdiction of the commission; providing for verification of such an institution's status; authorizing certain statements to verify status; repealing s. 246.087, F.S., relating to licensing requirements; reenacting and amending

1 s. 246.091, F.S.; establishing license periods 2 and renewal requirements; repealing s. 246.093, 3 F.S., relating to permission to operate an institution; reenacting and amending s. 4 5 246.095, F.S.; requiring that the commission 6 adopt rules governing fair consumer practices 7 by institutions; authorizing penalties; reenacting and amending s. 246.101, F.S.; 8 9 conforming provisions relating to fees to 10 changes made by the act; providing for proper 11 accounting of fee revenues; creating s. 246.103, F.S.; requiring certain procedural 12 activities related to institutions that cease 13 operations; authorizing certain civil penalties 14 and criminal investigations; requiring student 15 records to become state property under certain 16 17 conditions; reenacting and amending s. 246.111, F.S.; providing for actions against licensees 18 19 and other penalties; authorizing the commission 20 to conduct certain investigations; providing for injunctive relief; authorizing cease and 21 desist orders under certain circumstances; 22 authorizing investigations to determine 23 24 probable cause; requiring the commission to 25 adopt rules for granting review of certain orders; providing for appeals; reenacting and 26 27 amending s. 246.121, F.S.; restricting the use 28 of the terms "college" and "university" to 29 certain entities; creating s. 246.147, F.S.; authorizing the commission to require certain 30 31 continuing education and training programs;

repealing ss. 246.131, 246.141, 246.151, 246.201, 246.203, 246.205, 246.207, 246.211, 246.213, 246.215, 246.216, 246.217, 246.219, 246.220, 246.222, 246.2235, 246.225, 246.226, 246.2265, 246.227, 246.228, 246.229, 246.231, 246.232, 246.31, 246.50, F.S.; relating to injunctive relief and penalties, provisions establishing and governing the State Board of Nonpublic Career Education, the Institutional Assessment Trust Fund, and the Certified Teacher-Aide Welfare Transition Program; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Notwithstanding subsection (7) of section 3 of chapter 2000-321, Laws of Florida, section 246.011, Florida Statutes, shall not stand repealed on January 7, 2003, but that section is reenacted and amended to read:

The Legislature encourages privately supported

246.011 Purpose.--

higher education and intends to aid in protecting the integrity of degrees conferred by privately supported colleges. Sections 246.011-246.151 are intended to aid in protecting the health, education, and welfare of persons who receive educational services from independent postsecondary educational institutions and degrees from nonpublic colleges in this state; to aid in protecting employers and others who depend upon people whose educational credentials are from independent postsecondary educational institutions nonpublic

31 colleges in this state; and to aid in protecting independent

postsecondary educational institutions nonpublic colleges that currently operate or intend to begin operating in this state. The Legislature finds that both individuals and independent postsecondary educational institutions colleges benefit from a state system that assures that all institutions nonpublic colleges satisfactorily meet minimum educational standards. The Legislature further recognizes the role of federally recognized regional accrediting associations in setting standards for independent postsecondary educational institutions colleges and universities and encourages the use of recognized accreditation the standards of regional accrediting associations as general guidelines for the licensure licensing of independent postsecondary educational institutions nonpublic colleges.

- or other educational credential serves several purposes.

  Employers rely upon a person's educational credentials degree in judging that person's individual's qualifications for employment. Educators rely upon a person's educational credentials degree to assess the adequacy of that person's individual's preparation for the pursuit of further education. Therefore, the Legislature intends that the provisions of this chapter ss. 246.011-246.151 aid in protecting the integrity of degrees, diplomas, and other educational credentials degrees offered by independent postsecondary educational institutions nonpublic colleges by providing for the evaluation of minimum educational requirements.
- (3) It is the intent of the Legislature that a nonpublic college which offers both degrees and vocational certificates or diplomas shall be subject to the rules of the State Board of Independent Colleges and Universities as

their agents.

provided by ss. 246.011-246.151 and the State Board of Nonpublic Career Education as provided by ss. 246.201-246.231.

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postsecondary educational institutions nonpublic colleges or

Section 2. Notwithstanding subsection (7) of section 3 of chapter 2000-321, Laws of Florida, section 246.013, Florida Statutes, shall not stand repealed on January 7, 2003, but that section is reenacted and amended to read:

(3) (4) It is the intent of The Legislature intends to

prohibit the granting of false or misleading educational

advertising, solicitation, or representations by independent

credentials and to prohibit misleading literature,

246.013 Participation in the common course designation and numbering system. --

(1) <u>Licensed independent postsecondary educational</u> institutions that are institutionally Nonpublic colleges and schools that have been issued a regular license pursuant to s. 246.081(2), or nonpublic postsecondary colleges that are exempt from state licensure pursuant to s. 246.085(1)(a) and that are fully accredited by an a regional or national accrediting agency recognized by the United States Department of Education to provide resident instruction, may participate in the common course designation and numbering system pursuant to s. 229.551. Participating colleges and schools shall bear the costs associated with inclusion in the system and shall meet the terms and conditions for institutional participation in the system. The department shall adopt a fee schedule that includes the expenses incurred through data processing, faculty task force travel and per diem, and staff and clerical support time. The Such fee schedule may differentiate between the costs associated with initial course inclusion in the

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system and costs associated with subsequent course maintenance in the system. A nonprofit institution that is eligible to participate in the common course numbering and designation system is not required to pay the costs associated with participation. Fees collected for participation in the common course designation and numbering system shall be deposited in the Institutional Assessment Trust Fund. Decisions regarding initial course inclusion and subsequent course maintenance must be made within 360 days after submission of the required materials and fees by the institution. The Department of Education may select a date by which institutions colleges must submit requests for new courses to be included, and may delay review of courses submitted after that date until the next year's cycle. Any college that currently participates in the system, and that participated in the system prior to July 1, 1986, shall not be required to pay the costs associated with initial course inclusion in the system. Fees collected for participation in the common course designation and numbering system pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be deposited in the Institutional Assessment Trust Fund created by s. 246.31. Any nonpublic, nonprofit college or university that is eligible to participate in the common course designation and numbering system shall not be required to pay the costs associated with participation in the system.

institution may not No college or school shall record student transcripts or document courses offered by the college or school in accordance with this section unless the college or school is actually participating in the system pursuant to rules of the State Board of Education. Any independent postsecondary educational institution that violates college or

school deemed to be in violation of this section is subject to actions against its license as authorized by law shall be subject to the provisions of s. 246.111 or s. 246.228.

Section 3. Notwithstanding subsection (7) of section 3 of chapter 2000-321, Laws of Florida, section 246.021, Florida Statutes, shall not stand repealed on January 7, 2003, but that section is reenacted and amended to read:

(Substantial rewording of section. See s. 246.021, F.S., for present text.)

 $\underline{246.021}$  Definitions.--As used in this chapter, the term:

- (1) "Accreditation" means accredited status awarded to an institution by an accrediting agency or association that is recognized by the United States Department of Education and that has standards comparable to the minimum standards required to operate an educational institution at that level in this state.
- independent postsecondary educational institution under the jurisdiction of the Commission for Independent Education, or by an out-of-state independent postsecondary educational institution, and who secures an application or accepts payment of fees from prospective students for the institution at any place other than the legal place of business of the institution.
- (3) "Avocational" means a course or program the objective of which is not occupational but is only for personal enrichment or enjoyment. To be classified as avocational, a program must:
- 30 (a) Prior to enrollment, provide to each enrollee, and
  31 maintain a record copy of, a written statement that includes

the following or substantially similar language: "This program is not designed or intended to qualify its participants and graduates for employment. It is intended solely for the avocation, personal enrichment, and enjoyment of its participants."

- (b) Not make any other verbal or written statement that negates the required written statement by stating or implying that people who enroll in or complete the program have a more substantial likelihood of obtaining employment in the field to which the training pertains than people who do not.
- (4) "College" or "university" means any incorporated postsecondary educational entity, and its additional locations, offering a substantially complete program that confers or offers to confer at least an associate degree requiring at least 15 semester hours or the equivalent of general education, or that furnishes or offers to furnish instruction leading toward, or prerequisite to, college credit. The terms include any college-credit-granting independent educational institution that is chartered in this state and any center or branch campus within this state of an out-of-state institution at the college-credit level.
- (5) "Commission" or "board" means the Commission for Independent Education.
- (6) "Contract training" means instruction or training provided through a written contract with an independent contractor whose fees and any other charges are entirely paid by a company, trade or professional association, or group of employers to provide the instruction exclusively to bona fide employees of the entity that engaged the contractor. The term

applies only when those receiving training are selected by their employer and are not recruited by the contractor.

- (7) "Degree" means any educational credential that is generally taken to signify satisfactory completion of the requirements of an undergraduate, graduate, academic, educational, or professional program of study or any honorary credential conferred for meritorious recognition. At the undergraduate level, an institution may not award a degree for a program unless it includes a general education component as established by rule and at least 60 semester hours or 90 quarter hours of study or the equivalent.
- (8) "Diploma" means a credential that is not a degree but is any of the following: a certificate, transcript, report, document, or title; a designation, mark, or appellation; or a series of letters, numbers, or words that generally are taken to signify satisfactory completion of the requirements of an educational, technical, or vocational program of study or training or course of study.
- program that does not offer to confer a diploma, that is offered by a person or entity that discloses in all advertising that the course or program is for test preparation, and that does not include any expression or implication in writing or orally regarding salaries, job placement, or career advancement.
- (10) "Governmental" means an institution provided, operated, and supported by a federal, state, or county government or any of its political subdivisions.
- (11) "Independent postsecondary educational institution means any postsecondary educational institution that operates in this state or makes application to operate in

 this state, and is not provided, operated, and supported by the State of Florida, its political subdivisions, or the Federal Government.

- (12) "In-service, continuing education, or professional development" means training provided by:
- (a) A trade or professional association or a group of employers in the same or related business who offer training and provide only professional-development programs to bona fide employees or contractors of an employer who is a member of the association or employers who qualify for membership;
- (b) A labor union or group of labor unions that offer training to and trains only those persons who are dues-paying members of the participating labor union;
- (c) An independent contractor engaged by the labor union or group of labor unions, by written contract, to provide the training on its behalf exclusively to those who are selected by the labor union or group of labor unions that engaged the contractor and who are dues-paying members of that union; or
- (d) A person or entity offering only continuing-education programs to persons who engage in an occupation or profession whose practitioners are subject to licensure, certification, or registration by a state agency that recognizes the programs for continuing-education purposes and provides a written statement of the recognition.
- (13) "License" means a certificate signifying that an independent postsecondary educational institution meets standards prescribed in statute or rule and is permitted to operate in this state.
- 30 (14) "Operating in this state" means any of the 31 following:

- (a) Maintaining for any purpose related to offering a degree, diploma, or credit a physical location in this state, a mailing address in this state, a telephone or facsimile number in this state, or a mail forwarding service or telephone answering or relay service in this state or advertising any such presence; or
- (b) By any means or device, facilitating in this state any part of a scheme to offer a degree, diploma, or credit, or any activity connected with the administration, promotion, recruitment, placement, instruction, fee collection or receipt, or any other function of a purported independent postsecondary educational institution, other than periodic and customary contact with the institution's own alumni.
- (15) "Out-of-state college" or "out-of-state school" means any independent postsecondary educational institution where the place of instruction, the legal place of residence, or the place of evaluation of instruction or work by correspondence or distance education is not within the legal boundaries of this state.
- (16) "School" means any nonpublic postsecondary
  noncollegiate educational institution, association,
  corporation, person, partnership, or organization of any type
  which:
- (a) Offers to provide or provides any complete, or substantially complete, postsecondary program of instruction through the student's personal attendance; in the presence of an instructor; in a classroom, clinical, or other practicum setting; or through correspondence or other distance education;
- (b) Represents, directly or by implication, that the instruction will qualify the student for employment in an

1 occupation for which a degree is not required in order to 2 practice in this state; 3 (c) Receives remuneration from the student or any 4 other source based on the enrollment of a student or the 5 number of students enrolled; or (d) Offers to award or awards a diploma, regardless of 6 7 whether it conducts instruction or receives remuneration. 8 Section 4. Notwithstanding subsection (7) of section 3 of chapter 2000-321, Laws of Florida, section 246.031, Florida 9 10 Statutes, shall not stand repealed on January 7, 2003, but 11 that section is reenacted and amended to read: (Substantial rewording of section. See 12 s. 246.031, F.S., for present text.) 13 246.031 Commission for Independent Education. --14 15 There is established in the Department of Education the Commission for Independent Education. The 16 department shall serve as the administrative agent of the 17 commission by providing services, including payroll, 18 19 procurement, and legal counsel. The commission shall exercise independently all powers, duties, and functions prescribed by 20 law. The commission shall authorize the granting of diplomas 21 and degrees by any independent postsecondary educational 22 institution under its jurisdiction. 23 24 The Commission for Independent Education shall consist of seven members who are residents of this state. The 25 commission shall function in matters concerning independent 26 27 postsecondary education institutions in consumer protection, program improvement, and licensure for institutions under its 28 29 purview. The Governor shall appoint the members of the commission who are subject to confirmation by the Senate. The 30

membership of the commission shall consist of:

Τ	(a) Two representatives of independent colleges or
2	universities licensed by the commission.
3	(b) Two representatives of independent,
4	nondegree-granting schools licensed by the commission.
5	(c) One member from a public school district or
6	community college who is an administrator of
7	vocational-technical education.
8	(d) Two lay members who are not affiliated with an
9	independent postsecondary educational institution.
10	(3) The members of the commission shall be appointed
11	to 3-year terms and until their successors are appointed and
12	qualified. If a vacancy on the commission occurs before the
13	expiration of a term, the Governor shall appoint a successor
14	to serve the unexpired portion of the term.
15	(4) The commission shall meet at least four times each
16	fiscal year.
17	(5) Members of the commission are entitled to
18	reimbursement for travel and per diem expenses, as provided in
19	s. 112.061, Florida Statutes, while performing their duties.
20	(6) Each member is accountable to the Governor for the
21	proper performance of the duties of his or her office. The
22	Governor may remove from office any member for cause.
23	Section 5. Notwithstanding subsection (7) of section 3
24	of chapter 2000-321, Laws of Florida, section 246.041, Florida
25	Statutes, shall not stand repealed on January 7, 2003, but
26	that section is reenacted and amended to read:
27	246.041 Powers and duties of commission board
28	(1) The <u>commission</u> <del>board</del> shall:
29	(a) Hold meetings as necessary to administer ${ m its}$
30	duties the provisions of ss. 246.011-246.151.

authentication of its acts.

commission.

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- and funds as directed under this chapter upon vouchers approved by the Department of Education for all lawful 31
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(b) Annually select annually a chairperson and a vice

(e) Adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54

(e)<del>(f)</del> Authorize an individual, or a designated group

chairperson, appoint and review an executive director, and

(c) Adopt and use an official seal in the

to implement provisions of law conferring duties upon it.

each institution college agrees formally to designate the

postsecondary educational institutions nonpublic colleges in

appearances before the commission board on official matters if

representative individual or group of individuals to represent

(f) Administer the provisions of this chapter ss. 246.011-246.151. To this end, the commission has the following

1. The commission shall adopt rules pursuant to ss.

120.536(1) and 120.54 for the operation and establishment of

Education for approval or disapproval. If the state board does

not act on a rule within 60 days after receiving it, the rule

assist in the application and enforcement of its powers and

duties. The Chief Financial Officer shall pay out all moneys

The commission shall expend funds as necessary to

independent postsecondary educational institutions. The

commission shall submit the rules to the State Board of

shall be filed immediately with the Department of State.

(d) Make rules for its own governance.

of individuals, to represent one or more independent

administrative powers and responsibilities:

authorize the executive director to appoint employees of the

purposes necessary to administering this chapter. The commission shall make annual reports to the Governor showing 2 3 in detail amounts received and all expenditures. All fees, donations, or other receipts of money shall be paid into the 4 5 Institutional Assessment Trust Fund, and the funds 6 appropriated for the purposes of this chapter shall be from 7 the Institutional Assessment Trust Fund and other state fund 8 sources as appropriate, based on an appropriate budget approved by the commission and submitted to the Legislature 9 10 through the Governor in accordance with chapter 216. The 11 commission shall include in its annual report to the Governor a statement of its major activities during the period covered 12 13 by the report. 14 (h) Appoint, on the recommendation of its chairperson, executives, deputies, clerks, and employees of the board. 15 (g)(i) Maintain a record of its proceedings. 16 17 (h)(j) Cooperate with other state and federal agencies 18 and other nongovernmental agencies in administering its duties 19 the provisions of ss. 246.011-246.151. 20 (k) Prepare an annual budget. (i) (1) Cause to be investigated criminal justice 21 22 information, as defined in s. 943.045, for each owner, administrator, and agent employed by an institution applying 23 24 for licensure from the commission. Transmit all fees, 25 donations, or other receipts of money through the Department of Education to be deposited in the Institutional Assessment 26 27 Trust Fund created by s. 246.31. 28 (j) (m) Transmit to the Governor, the Commissioner of 29 Education, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and 30 the President of the Senate an annual report. which shall 31 include, but not be limited to:

 1. An accounting of all funds received and expended.

2. The number of complaints received, the number of complaints investigated by the board, and the number of complaints forwarded to the appropriate accrediting agency for action, by college and type of complaint. The report shall include a summary of the actions taken by the accrediting agency following receipt of the complaint.

- 3. The number of findings of probable cause.
- 4. A description of disciplinary actions taken, by statutory classification.
- 5. A description of all administrative hearings and court actions.
- 6. A description of the board's major activities during the previous year.

(k)(n) Serve as a central agency for collecting and distributing current information regarding <u>institutions</u> colleges licensed by the <u>commission</u> board and colleges granted a certificate of exemption by the board.

1. The board shall annually collect information relating to the college administration, calendar system, admissions requirements, student costs and financial obligations, financial aid information, refund policy, placement services, degree programs, and off-campus academic programs. To the extent that such information is available in the institution's current catalog, a copy of the catalog accompanied by an index indicating where the information may be found shall be sufficient to demonstrate compliance with this provision. Financial information of a strictly proprietary, commercial nature is excluded from this requirement.

- 2. The board shall annually collect information on students, faculty, and degrees awarded. To the extent that data submitted to the Federal Government for compilation into the Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS) provide the information required pursuant to this paragraph, submission to the board of copies of such reports shall be sufficient to demonstrate compliance with this provision.
- 3. The board shall collect annually from each college a descriptive inventory of consumer practices including:
- a. A description of the college's policies and procedures regarding the recruitment and admission of students.
- b. The sources and kinds of student financial assistance available, and the specific manner by which students are informed of their responsibilities with respect to receiving assistance and repaying loans.
- c. The placement assistance provided by the college, including any claims concerning job placement rates.
- d. All advertising issued on behalf of the college, including copies of all published items.
- e. A copy of the college's refund policy. Such refund policy shall provide students with a minimum of 3 working days from the date a student signs an enrollment contract or financial agreement with a college for the student to cancel the contract and receive a full refund of any tuition or registration fees paid. This provision of the refund policy shall be prominently displayed on the contract form. The refund policy shall also provide for a full refund of tuition and registration fees paid by the student prior to the commencement of instruction if the student submits a written

request to the institution within 3 working days of the payment.

f. Evidence that the college has provided students with a clear and specific statement regarding the transferability of credits to and from other colleges.

To the extent that such information is available in the institution's current catalog, a copy of the catalog accompanied by an index indicating where the information may be found shall be sufficient to demonstrate compliance with this provision.

- 4. The board shall annually provide to each college the format, definitions, and instructions for submitting the required information.
- 5. Each college shall include with the information submitted a letter of certification, signed by its chief administrative officer, affirming that the information submitted is accurate, that the policies reported are provided in writing to all prospective students at least 1 week prior to enrollment or collection of tuition fees, and that the college observes the policies and practices as reported to the board.
- 6. The board shall include a summary of the information collected in the annual report to the Governor, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the President of the Senate. This information may also be used by the Department of Education for such purposes as statewide master planning, state financial aid programs, and publishing directories; by the Legislature; and to respond to consumer inquiries received by the board.

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7. If a college fails to provide the information required by the board under this paragraph, the board may impose a fine for every month the information is not made available. Repeated failure to supply the information required by this paragraph or to pay the fines imposed by the board may result in the revocation of the license or certificate of exemption. The board shall adopt rules for these actions.

(1)<del>(0)</del> Inform independent postsecondary educational institutions of laws Advise nonpublic colleges of policies adopted by the Legislature and rules adopted by the commission and of their responsibility to follow those laws and rules such policies.

(m)<del>(p)</del> Establish and publicize the procedures for receiving and responding to complaints from students, faculty, and others concerning institutions or programs under the purview of the commission, and keep records of such complaints in order to determine the frequency and nature of complaints with respect to specific institutions of higher education. Forward complaints against colleges which hold a certificate of exemption by virtue of accreditation to the college and appropriate accrediting agency for action. The board shall request that the college and accrediting agency inform the board of any and all actions taken in response to the complaint.

(q) To ensure comparability with licensure standards, review at least biennially the accreditation standards of agencies listed in s. 246.085(1)(a), and upon request and payment of an initial review fee, other accrediting agencies recognized by the United States Department of Education.

(r) Provide information and documentation on an annual 31 basis to the Office of Student Financial Assistance of the

Department of Education regarding the requirements set forth for nonpublic colleges in s. 240.605, relating to William L. Boyd, IV, Florida resident access grants, and s. 240.609, relating to Florida postsecondary endowment grants.

(s) Cooperate with the Board of Regents and the Department of Education, pursuant to s. 240.53, in establishing one or more approved postdoctoral training programs to train currently employed college or university faculty to deliver postsecondary courses, inservice training programs, and technical assistance related to middle childhood education programs.

(n)(t) Provide annually to the Office of State-Funded Student Financial Assistance of the Department of Education information and documentation that which can be used to determine an institution's in determining a college's eligibility to participate in state-funded state student financial assistance programs.

(o)(u) Coordinate and convey annual reports to the Commissioner of Education relating to campus crime statistics, for nonpublic colleges, pursuant to s. 240.2683, and on the assessment of physical plant safety, and the antihazing policies of nonpublic postsecondary educational institutions eligible to receive state-funded student assistance, as required by law pursuant to s. 240.2684.

(p)(v) Appoint <u>a member</u> two representatives to the board of directors of the Florida Education Fund, <u>as required</u> by law pursuant to s. 240.498.

(q)(w) Identify and report to the Office of
State-Funded Student Assistance the accrediting associations
recognized by the United States Department of Education which
have standards that are comparable to the minimum standards

required to operate an institution at that level in this state. Affirm, on an annual basis, that all nonpublic colleges whose students are eligible to receive state student financial assistance have adopted and implemented a written antihazing policy, pursuant to s. 240.1325.

- (r) Assure that an institution is not required to operate without a current license because of the schedule of commission meetings or application procedures, if the institution has met the commission's requirements for licensure or license renewal.
  - (2) The commission <del>board</del> may:
  - (a) Sue or be sued.
- (b) Enter into contracts with the Federal Government, with other departments of the state, or with individuals.
- (c) Receive bequests and gifts, subject to any restrictions upon which the  $\underline{\text{commission}}$   $\underline{\text{board}}$  and the donor agree.
- (d) Appoint standing or special committees to assist it in carrying out its responsibilities. Committees may include members who are not commission members or representatives of licensed postsecondary institutions. developing rules; in determining the qualifications required of a college endeavor; in evaluating applications for temporary, provisional, or regular licensure, certificates of exemption, or requests for authorization; in evaluating reports submitted by colleges; or in legislative or other matters. Special committees may be appointed to advise the board or to conduct onsite evaluation visits at colleges.
- (e) Advise the Governor, the Legislature, the State Board of Education, the <u>Council for Education Policy Research</u> and Improvement <del>Postsecondary Education Planning Commission</del>,

and the Commissioner of Education on issues relating to 2 private postsecondary education. 3 (f) Delegate to the chairperson of the board the 4 responsibility for signing final orders. 5 (g) Following evaluation by the board, recommend to 6 the Legislature any changes to the accrediting associations 7 included in s. 246.085(1)(a). Accrediting associations 8 included in s. 246.085(1)(a) shall be United States Department 9 of Education recognized accrediting associations whose 10 standards are comparable with state licensing standards. 11 (g)(h) Assist independent postsecondary educational institutions nonpublic colleges in formulating articulation 12 agreements with public and other independent institutions 13 14 colleges and universities. (h) Establish and operate additional offices in the 15 central and southern part of the state if the concentration of 16 17 licensed institutions renders such an office economically 18 feasible. 19 (i) Establish and administer the Student Protection 20 Fund as provided by law. 21 Section 6. Sections 246.051, 246.061, 246.071, Florida 22 Statutes, are repealed. Section 7. Notwithstanding subsection (7) of section 3 23 24 of chapter 2000-321, Laws of Florida, section 246.081, Florida Statutes, shall not stand repealed on January 7, 2003, but 25 that section is reenacted and amended to read: 26 27 (Substantial rewording of section. See 28 s. 246.081, F.S., for present text.) 29 246.081 Licensure of institutions.--30 (1) Each college or school operating within this state

31 | must obtain licensure from the commission unless the

institution is not under the commission's purview or jurisdiction as provided in s. 246.085.

- which to evaluate institutions for licensure. These standards must include at least the institution's name, financial stability, purpose, administrative organization, admissions and recruitment, educational programs and curricula, retention, completion, career placement, faculty, learning resources, student personnel services, physical plant and facilities, publications, and disclosure statements about the status of the institution with respect to professional certification and licensure. The commission may adopt rules to ensure that institutions licensed under this section meet these standards in ways that are appropriate to achieve the stated intent of this chapter, including provisions for nontraditional or distance education programs and delivery.
- (3) The commission shall recognize an institution based on the institution's highest educational offering and shall adopt rules for licensure that include reporting requirements for each level of licensure.
- institutions that have submitted a complete application, as defined in rule, for provisional licensure and paid all attendant fees. In granting approved-applicant status, the commission shall provide to commission staff and the institution a list of specific omissions or deficiencies.

  Institutions granted approved-applicant status may not advertise, offer programs of study, collect tuition or fees, or engage in any other activities not specifically approved by the commission. If the commission, or the commission staff if specifically directed by the commission, determines that the

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omissions or deficiencies have been provided for or corrected, the institution may be awarded a provisional license.

- (5) Provisional licensure shall be granted to an applicant for initial licensure for a period not to exceed 1 year when the commission determines that the applicant is in substantial compliance with the standards for licensure. A provisional license granted for initial licensure may be extended for up to 1 additional year. A licensed institution that has undergone a substantive change, as defined by rule, must be granted a provisional license for a period of time determined by the commission, after which period the institution may apply for a different status. A provisional license may include conditions required by the commission, and all conditions must be met before the institution may receive a different licensure status.
- An annual license shall be granted to an institution holding a provisional license, or seeking a renewal of an annual license, upon demonstrating full compliance with licensure standards. An annual license may be extended for up to 1 year if the institution meets the requirements set by rule for such an extension.
- An institution may not conduct a program unless specific authority is granted in its license.
- (8) A license granted by the commission is not transferable to another institution or to another agent, and an institution's license does not transfer when the institution's ownership changes.
- (a) A licensed institution must notify the commission prior to a change of ownership or control. The commission shall adopt procedures for interim executive approval of a change of ownership or control if the next scheduled meeting 31

of the commission occurs after the scheduled date of the change of ownership or control.

- (b) The commission may adopt rules governing changes of ownership or control.
- institution or any person acting on behalf of such an institution may not publish any advertisement soliciting students or offering a credential before the institution is duly licensed by the commission or while the institution is under an injunction against operating, soliciting students, or offering an educational credential.
- for the approval of agents. The commission may adopt rules to ensure that licensed agents meet these standards and uphold the intent of this chapter. An agent may not solicit prospective students in this state for enrollment in any independent postsecondary educational institution under the commission's purview or in any out-of-state independent postsecondary educational institution unless the agent has received a license as prescribed by the commission.
- (11) A student of a foreign medical school may not engage in a clinical clerkship in this state unless the foreign medical school has received a license, in the case of a core clerkship or an ongoing regular program of clerkships, or has received individual approval, in the case of an occasional elective clerkship. The commission may adopt rules to administer this subsection.
- (12) The granting of a license is not an accreditation.

1	(13) As a condition of licensure, an independent
2	college or university must provide the commission with a copy
3	of its antihazing policy.
4	Section 8. Notwithstanding subsection (7) of section 3
5	of chapter 2000-321, Laws of Florida, section 246.084, Florida
6	Statutes, shall not stand repealed on January 7, 2003, but
7	that section is reenacted and amended to read:
8	(Substantial rewording of section. See
9	s. 246.084, F.S., for present text.)
10	246.084 Licensure by means of accreditation
11	(1) An independent postsecondary educational
12	institution that meets the following criteria may apply for a
13	license by means of accreditation from the commission:
14	(a) The institution has operated legally in this state
15	for at least 5 consecutive years.
16	(b) The institution holds institutional accreditation
17	by an accrediting agency evaluated and approved by the
18	commission as having standards substantially equivalent to the
19	commission's licensure standards.
20	(c) The institution has no unresolved complaints or
21	actions in the past 12 months.
22	(d) The institution meets minimum requirements for
23	financial responsibility as determined by the commission.
24	(e) The institution is a Florida corporation.
25	(2) An institution that was exempt from licensure in
26	2001 under s. 246.085(1)(a) may retain an exemption until the
27	commission issues it a license by means of accreditation as
28	provided in this section.
29	(3) The commission may not require an institution
30	granted a license by means of accreditation to submit reports
31	that differ from the reports required by its accrediting

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association, except that each institution must file with the commission an annual audit and follow the commission's 2 3 requirements for orderly closing, including provisions for trainout or refunds and arranging for the proper disposition 4 5 of student and institutional records. 6 (4) An institution granted a license by means of 7 accreditation must apply for and receive another level of 8 licensure before the institution may offer courses or programs that exceed the scope or level of its accreditation. 9 10 (5) Institutions granted a license by means of 11 accreditation must comply with the standards of fair consumer practices as established in rule by the commission. 12 (6) A license by means of accreditation is valid for 13 the same period as the qualifying grant of accreditation. 14 (7) A license by means of accreditation may be denied, 15 placed on probation, or revoked for repeated failure to comply 16 17 with the requirements of this section. The commission shall adopt rules for these actions. Revocation or denial of a 18 19 license by means of accreditation requires that the institution immediately obtain an annual license. 20 Section 9. Notwithstanding subsection (7) of section 3 21 of chapter 2000-321, Laws of Florida, section 246.085, Florida 22 Statutes, shall not stand repealed on January 7, 2003, but 23 24 that section is reenacted and amended to read: (Substantial rewording of section. See 25 s. 246.085, F.S., for present text.) 26

246.085 Institutions not under the jurisdiction or

purview of the commission .-- The following institutions are not

under the jurisdiction or purview of the commission and are

not required to obtain licensure:

- (1) Any postsecondary educational institution provided, operated, or supported by this state, its political subdivisions, or the Federal Government.
- (2) Any college, school, or course licensed or approved for establishment and operation under part I of chapter 464, chapter 466, or chapter 475, or any other chapter of the Florida Statutes requiring licensing or approval as defined in this chapter.
- (3) Any institution that is under the jurisdiction of the Division of Colleges and Universities of the Department of Education, whose students are eligible for the William L.

  Boyd, IV, Florida Resident Access Grant, and that is a nonprofit independent college or university located and chartered in this state and accredited by the Commission on Colleges of the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools to grant baccalaureate degrees.
- (4) Any institution that offers only avocational programs or courses, examination-preparation programs or courses, continuing education, or professional-development programs or courses.
- (5) Any institution that was exempt from licensure in 2001 under s. 246.085(1)(b) as long as it maintains these qualifying criteria: the institution is incorporated in this state, the institution's credits or degrees are accepted for credit by at least three colleges that are fully accredited by an agency recognized by the United States Department of Education, the institution was exempt under that category prior to July 1, 1982, and the institution does not enroll any students who receive state or federal financial aid for education. Such an institution shall notify the commission and apply for licensure if it no longer meets these criteria.

31 repealed.

1	(6) A religious college may operate without
2	governmental oversight if the college annually verifies by
3	sworn affidavit to the commission that:
4	(a) The name of the institution includes a religious
5	modifier or the name of a religious patriarch, saint, person,
6	or symbol of the church.
7	(b) The institution offers only educational programs
8	that prepare students for religious vocations as ministers,
9	professionals, or laypersons in the categories of ministry,
10	counseling, theology, education, administration, music, fine
11	arts, media communications, or social work.
12	(c) The titles of degrees issued by the institution
13	cannot be confused with secular degree titles. For this
14	purpose, each degree title must include a religious modifier
15	that immediately precedes, or is included within, any of the
16	following degrees: Associate of Arts, Associate of Science,
17	Bachelor of Arts, Bachelor of Science, Master of Arts, Master
18	of Science, Doctor of Philosophy, and Doctor of Education. The
19	religious modifier must be placed on the title line of the
20	degree and on the transcript.
21	(d) The duration of all degree programs offered by the
22	institution is consistent with the standards of the
23	commission.
24	(e) The institution's consumer practices are
25	consistent with those required of licensed institutions.
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27	The commission may provide such a religious institution a
28	letter stating that the institution has met the requirements
29	of state law and is not subject to governmental oversight.
30	Section 10. Section 246.087, Florida Statutes, is

1 Section 11. Notwithstanding subsection (7) of section 3 of chapter 2000-321, Laws of Florida, section 246.091, 2 3 Florida Statutes, shall not stand repealed on January 7, 2003, but that section is reenacted and amended to read: 4 5 (Substantial rewording of section. See 6 s. 246.091, F.S., for present text.) 7 246.091 License period and renewal.--8 (1) As required by rule, the commission shall periodically review each license to determine if the 9 10 institution is in compliance with this chapter and should have 11 its license renewed. The commission may extend an annual or provisional license if a good-faith effort has been made by 12 the institution and agent. The commission shall determine what 13 14 constitutes compliance or a good-faith effort and may adopt 15 rules to administer this section. (2) A licensed independent postsecondary educational 16 institution that seeks to expand or modify its programs or 17 degrees to be conferred or to add new locations must seek 18 19 prior approval from the commission. The commission shall adopt rules for the approval of modified or additional programs, 20 degrees, and locations. 21 On the effective date of this act, an institution 22 that, in 2002, held the status of "Permission to Operate" 23 24 under s. 246.093, has 90 days to seek and obtain licensure 25 from the commission. Ninety days after this act takes effect, that status no longer authorizes an institution to operate in 26 27 Florida. 28 Section 12. Section 246.093, Florida Statutes, is 29 repealed. 30 Section 13. Notwithstanding subsection (7) of section 31 | 3 of chapter 2000-321, Laws of Florida, section 246.095,

but that section is reenacted and amended to read: 2 3 (Substantial rewording of section. See s. 246.095, F.S., for present text.) 4 5 246.095 Fair consumer practices; condition of 6 operation .-- The commission shall adopt rules to ensure the 7 protection of students, including rules establishing fair 8 consumer practices. 9 (1)The commission may not grant or renew a license 10 unless the institution seeking the action provides the 11 commission with a sworn statement of compliance with rules regarding fair consumer practices. 12 (2) The commission may examine any complaint against 13 an institution under its jurisdiction and, if the institution 14 is found to be routinely handling these matters correctly, the 15 complaint shall be considered closed. Complaints under this 16 17 section against accredited institutions, if not resolved, shall be forwarded to the accrediting agency for any 18 19 appropriate action. The institution shall notify the commission of any and all actions taken by the accrediting 20 agency in response to the complaint. 21

Florida Statutes, shall not stand repealed on January 7, 2003,

(3) Failure to comply with this section is cause for denial or revocation of a license.

Section 14. Notwithstanding subsection (7) of section 3 of chapter 2000-321, Laws of Florida, section 246.101, Florida Statutes, shall not stand repealed on January 7, 2003, but that section is reenacted and amended to read:

246.101 Fees.--

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30 31 (1) The <u>Commission for Independent Education</u> State

Board of Independent Colleges and Universities shall annually

establish a fee schedule to generate, from fees, the amount of revenue appropriated for its the operation of the board.

- The commission Beginning with the 1993-1994 fiscal year, the board shall include, as a part of its legislative budget request, a proposed fee schedule to generate the appropriated fee revenue required in the appropriations act. The commission board may adjust the fee amounts amount of a college's fee as necessary to generate the fee revenue required in the appropriations act but. However, the board may not add fee categories without the Legislature's approval.any category of fee that was not included in the legislative budget request. In the absence of legislative action to the contrary, The proposed fee schedule shall go into effect as proposed in the board's legislative budget request takes effect unless the Legislature requires changes.
- institution a base fee to cover the cost of routine services of the board, such as data collection and dissemination, shall be supported through a base fee. Nonpublic colleges operating pursuant to s. 246.084 are not required to pay the base fee. The base fee applies to all other nonpublic colleges. The base fee may be higher for institutions with a large enrollment but board may adjust the fee based on the enrollment of the college. However, the fee assessed to the largest college may not exceed one-half of 1 percent of the amount appropriated for the commission board or \$1,500, whichever is less. The fee assessed to the largest college may not exceed three times the amount of the fee assessed to the smallest college.

workload for board activities that are specific to certain 2 colleges. Such workload activities must relate to: 3 (a) Licensure. (b) Annual reviews. 4 5 (c) Special reviews. 6 (d) Site visits. 7 (e) Resolution of complaints for violation of fair consumer practices. 8 9 (f) Approval to operate in Florida without offering 10 educational programs. 11 (f) Approval to use the term "college" or "university." 12 13 (q) (h) Review and collection of data submitted by institutions not under the commission's jurisdiction if data 14 must be reviewed or other expenses are incurred in verifying 15 that an institution retains that status. The commission may 16 17 delegate this responsibility and authorize payment of the workload fee to another party if it determines that the 18 19 institution prefers to work with the other party and that the 20 other party has the required expertise to conduct the review. pursuant to s. 246.084 when the review and collection is 21 22 performed by the board. 23 (h) (i) Other workload activities as allowed by law 24 approved by the Legislature. 25 (5) The commission <del>board</del> may assess <del>any college</del> late fees for an institution's failure to timely submit required 26 27 materials. 28 (6) If the board collects fee revenues of more than 29 120 percent of the appropriated fee revenue requirements for the fiscal year, the board shall use the collections in excess 30

31 of 120 percent to provide a credit against the base fee

assessed to all renewing institutions for the following year.

The credit shall be prorated on the base fee payments by colleges for the prior year, exclusive of any related fee.

 $\underline{(6)(7)}$  All fees shall be submitted through the Department of Education to the <u>Chief Financial Officer</u> Treasurer, to be deposited in the Institutional Assessment Trust Fund <del>created by s. 246.31</del>.

(7)(8) All fees authorized in this section are to be collected are considered to be administrative fees and are not shall not be refundable unless paid in error. The commission may deduct from an institution's future fee collection any unintentional overpayment.

Section 15. Section 246.103, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

## 246.103 Institutional closings.--

- (1) The Legislature intends to protect students and the independent sector of postsecondary education from the detriment caused by licensed institutions that cease operation without providing for the proper completion of student training or for the appropriate refund of student fees. To serve this intention, the Commission for Independent Education may prevent the operation in this state of a licensed independent postsecondary educational institution by an owner who has unlawfully closed another institution and the commission may exercise control over student records upon closure of a licensed institution if the institution does not provide an orderly closure.
- (2) At least 30 days prior to closing an institution, its owners, directors, or administrators shall notify the commission in writing of the closure of the institution. The owners, directors, and administrators must organize an orderly

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closure of the institution, which means at least providing for
    the completion of training of its students. The commission
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   must approve any such plan. An owner, director, or
    administrator who fails to notify the commission at least 30
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    days prior to the institution's closure, or who fails to
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    organize the orderly closure of the institution and the
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    trainout of the students, commits a felony of the third
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    degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
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          (3) If the commission finds that an institution has
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    ceased operating without providing for the proper access to
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    student records, the commission may require the institution to
    convey all student records to the commission office or to
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    another location designated by the commission or its staff.
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    The commission shall make copies of records available to
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    bankruptcy trustees upon request and to the student or those
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    designated by the student. Confidentiality of the records
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    shall be maintained to the extent required by law. The
    commission may seek civil penalties not to exceed $10,000 from
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    any owner, director, or administrator of an institution who
    knowingly destroys, abandons, or fails to convey or provide
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    for the safekeeping of institutional and student records. The
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    commission may use moneys in the Student Protection Fund to
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    facilitate the retrieval or safekeeping of records from an
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    institution that has closed.
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          (4) The commission may refer matters it deems
    appropriate to the Department of Legal Affairs or the state
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    attorney for investigation and prosecution.
           Section 16. Notwithstanding subsection (7) of section
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    3 of chapter 2000-321, Laws of Florida, section 246.111,
   Florida Statutes, shall not stand repealed on January 7, 2003,
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31 but that section is reenacted and amended to read:
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institution.

1 (Substantial rewording of section. See s. 246.111, F.S., for present text.) 2 3 246.111 Actions against a licensee and other penalties .--4 5 (1) The commission may deny, place on probation, or revoke any provisional license, annual license, licence by 6 7 means of accreditation, agent's license, or other 8 authorization required by this chapter. The commission shall adopt rules for taking these actions. The commission may 9 impose an administrative fine of not more than \$5,000 if an 10 11 institution is on probation for a period under conditions that require oversight by the commission or its staff. The fine 12 shall be deposited into the Institutional Assessment Trust 13 14 Fund. (2) The commission may conduct an investigation to 15 determine if an applicant for a new institutional license, or 16 17 the owners, directors, or administrators of the institution, previously closed an institution, failed to arrange for 18 19 completion of student training or issue appropriate refunds, or had its license to operate an institution revoked or denied 20 21 in this state or in another state or jurisdiction. (3) Any person who has been convicted of, or entered a 22 plea of guilty or nolo contendere to, a crime that relates to 23 24 the unlawful operation or management of an institution is 25 ineligible to own, operate, manage, or be a registered agent

for a licensed institution in this state, and may not be a

in a management or supervisory position in a licensed

director or an officer in a corporation that owns or operates a licensed institution. Such a person may not operate or serve

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(4) The commission may deny an application for any operating status if the commission determines that the applicant or its owners, officers, directors, or administrators were previously operating an institution in this state or in another state or jurisdiction in a manner contrary to the health, education, or welfare of the public. The commission may consider factors such as the previous denial or revocation of an institutional license; prior criminal or civil administrative proceedings regarding the operation and management of an institution; other types of criminal proceedings involving fraud, deceit, dishonesty, or moral turpitude; failure of the institution to be properly closed, including completing the training or providing for the trainout of its students; and failure to issue appropriate refunds. The commission may require an applicant or its owners, officers, directors, or administrators to provide the commission with information under oath regarding the prior operation of an institution and to provide criminal justice information, the cost of which must be borne by the applicant in addition to license fees.

- (5) The commission may obtain an injunction or take any action it deems necessary against any institution or agent in violation of this chapter, but such proceedings and orders do not bar the imposition of any other penalties that may be imposed for the violation.
- (6) The commission may conduct disciplinary proceedings through an investigation of any suspected violation of this chapter, including a finding of probable cause and making reports to any law enforcement agency or regulatory agency.

- (a) The commission shall notify an institution or individual of the substance of any complaint that is under investigation unless the executive director and chairperson of the board concur that notification would impede the investigation. The board may also withhold notification to a person under investigation for an act that constitutes a criminal offense. The complaint and all information obtained by the board during the resulting investigation is confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) for a maximum of 10 days after the probable-cause panel declares a finding of probable cause.
- (b) The determination of probable cause shall be made by a majority vote of the probable-cause panel, the membership of which shall be provided by rule. The proceedings of the panel are exempt from ss. 120.525 and 286.011 until the panel declares a finding of probable cause. After the panel declares a finding of probable cause, the commission may issue an administrative complaint and prosecute such complaint under chapter 120.
- (c) A privilege against civil liability is granted to any informant or any witness who provides information in good faith for an investigation or proceeding conducted under this section.
- in conjunction with an administrative complaint or notice of denial of licensure, if necessary to protect the health, safety, or welfare of students, prospective students, or the public. An unlicensed institution that advertises or causes advertisements to be made public through which students are solicited for enrollment or are offered diplomas is in violation of this chapter. The commission shall adopt rules

that direct the issuance of an injunction against operating, advertising, or offering diplomas without a license. Each day of operation after a cease and desist letter is delivered constitutes a separate violation for purposes of assessing fines or seeking civil penalties.

- (a) A cease and desist order may be mandatory or prohibitory in form and may order a postsecondary institution to cease and desist from specified conduct or from failing to engage in specified conduct necessary to achieve the regulatory purposes of this chapter.
- (b) A cease and desist order may include an order to cease enrollment of students whom the institution cannot adequately serve, to modify curricula or methods of instruction to ensure the education or training of the type and quality represented in the institutional catalog, or to cease from advertising or to publish or broadcast corrective or clarifying advertising to overcome the effects of previous allegedly deceptive or misleading advertising.
- (c) A cease and desist order takes effect immediately upon issuance and remains in effect until the commission takes final agency action.
- procedures by which an affected party is entitled to a formal or informal review of a cease and desist order and may request the commission or the Division of Administrative Hearings to modify or abate a cease and desist order. If a party is aggrieved by a cease and desist order after seeking to have the order abated or modified, the party may seek interlocutory judicial review by the appropriate district court of appeal pursuant to the applicable rules of appellate procedure.

- (e) In addition to or in lieu of any remedy provided in this section, the commission may seek the imposition of a civil penalty through the circuit court for any violation for which the commission may issue a notice to cease and desist under this section.

  (8) The commission shall adopt rules to identify
- (8) The commission shall adopt rules to identify grounds for imposing disciplinary actions, which must include at least the following grounds:
- (a) Attempting to obtain action from the commission by fraudulent misrepresentation, bribery, or through an error of the commission.
- (b) Action against a license imposed under the authority of another state, territory, or country.
- (c) Delegating professional responsibilities to a person who is not qualified by training, experience, or licensure to perform the responsibilities.
  - (d) False, deceptive, or misleading advertising.
- (e) Conspiring to coerce, intimidate, or preclude another licensee from lawfully advertising his or her services.

Section 17. Notwithstanding subsection (7) of section 3 of chapter 2000-321, Laws of Florida, section 246.121, Florida Statutes, shall not stand repealed on January 7, 2003, but that section is reenacted and amended to read:

246.121 Designation "college" or "university".--

(1) Except as authorized in this section, an entity may not use the word "college" or "university" in its name in this state without the commission's approval, unless the commission determines that its name is clearly and accurately descriptive of the services provided by the entity and is not one that may mislead the public.

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- (2) The following colleges are not required to seek approval to use the title "college" or "university": The use of the title "college" or "university" in combination with any series of letters, numbers, or words is restricted in this state to colleges as defined in s. 246.021 which offer degrees as defined in s. 246.021 and fall into at least one of the following categories:
- (a) Any Florida college legally authorized to grant degrees, such as a Florida public college, a licensed college, a college that has verified its compliance with Florida law and is not under the jurisdiction of the commission, or an independent college that is under the jurisdiction of the Division of Colleges and Universities. A Florida public <del>college.</del>
- (b) A Florida or out-of-state college which has been in active operation and using the name since April 1, 1970.
- (c) A college for which the board has issued a license, a certificate of exemption, or an authorization pursuant to the provisions of this chapter.
- (3)<del>(2)</del> If a college is legally authorized approved under subsection (1) to use the designation "college" or "university," a branch or extension of that college must may use the name of the parent college, but shall include an indication of the location of the branch or extension.
- (4) Any entity offering postsecondary educational courses or programs of study in Florida, whether or not college credit is awarded, shall be subject to the provisions of this section.
- (4) An entity shall not use the term "college" or "university" in its name in Florida without approval by the 31 | board, unless the board determines that its name is clearly

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entity and is not one that may mislead the public. Section 18. Section 246.147, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 246.147 Continuing education and training for school administrators and faculty. --(1) In order to ensure that the administrators and faculty of institutions licensed under this chapter are qualified to conduct the operations of their respective positions, the commission may require the administrators and faculty to receive continuing education and training as adopted by rule of the commission. The training of each administrator and faculty must be the type of training necessary to assure compliance with statutes and rules of the commission and other state or federal agencies related to the responsibilities of the respective positions. (2) Each institution shall include in the materials for initial and renewal application evidence of the compliance

and accurately descriptive of the services provided by the

- for initial and renewal application evidence of the compliance of administrators and faculty with the continuing education and training requirements established by the commission. Each institution must maintain actual records of the continuing education and training received by administrators and faculty and make the records available for inspection by representatives of the commission at all times.
- (3) The commission may establish, as a condition of application for an initial license or renewal of a license, qualifications of administrators and faculty in their respective fields and requirements for continuing education and training.

30 Section 19. <u>Sections 246.131, 246.141, 246.151,</u>
31 <u>246.201, 246.203, 246.205, 246.207, 246,211, 246.213, 246.215,</u>

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          246.216, 246.217, 246.219, 246.220, 246.222, 246.2235,
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          246.225, 246.226, 246.2265, 246.227, 246.228, 246.229,
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          246.231, 246.232, 246.31, and 246.50, Florida Statutes, are
          repealed.
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                            Section 20. This act shall take effect January 7,
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          2003.
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                                                                         SENATE SUMMARY
               Revises various provisions of ch. 246, F.S., governing nonpublic postsecondary institutions. Provides for a Commission for Independent Education within the
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               Department of Education to assume the duties and functions of the current State Board of Independent Colleges and Universities. Provides for licensure of
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              nonpublic institutions. Provides for licensure of nonpublic institutions. Provides certain restrictions on the use of the common course numbering and designation system. Requires that licensure be based on the institution's highest educational offering. Prohibits certain activities by a nonlicensed institution. Requires that an institution adopt antihazing policies. Provides for licensure by means of accreditation. Establishes license periods and requirements for renewing a license. Authorizes the commission to impose certain civil
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               Authorizes the commission to impose certain civil penalties and institute a criminal investigation. Provides for cease and desist orders. Provides for the commission to require continuing education and training programs for administrators and faculty of institutions licensed under ch. 246, F.S. (See bill for details.)
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