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A bill to be entitled An act relating to tax administration; creating s. 175.1015, F.S.; authorizing the Department of Revenue to create and maintain a database for use by insurers; providing insurers with incentives for using the database; providing penalties for failure to use the database; requiring local governments to provide information to the department; appropriating funds to the department for the administration of the database; authorizing the department to adopt rules; creating s. 185.085, F.S.; authorizing the Department of Revenue to create and maintain a database for use by insurers; providing incentives to insurers for using the database and penalties for failure to use the database; requiring local governments to provide information to the department; appropriating funds to the department for the administration of the database; authorizing the department to adopt rules; amending s. 199.052, F.S.; eliminating the requirement that a corporation file an intangibles tax return when no tax is due; repealing s. 199.062(1) and (2), F.S.; eliminating the requirement that a corporation file an annual information return regarding stock value; amending s. 199.218, F.S.; eliminating the requirement that a corporation maintain records relating to information reported under s. 199.062(2), F.S.; amending s. 199.282, F.S.; eliminating the

1 penalty imposed upon a corporation for failure 2 to file the notice required under s. 3 199.062(2), F.S.; repealing s. 201.05, F.S., relating to tax on stock certificates; amending 4 5 s. 201.08, F.S.; providing for the maximum tax 6 that must be paid on unsecured obligations; 7 conforming cross-references; amending s. 212.11, F.S.; authorizing the Department of 8 9 Revenue to require a report to be submitted 10 when filing a sales and use tax return that 11 claims certain credits; authorizing the department to adopt rules regarding the forms 12 13 and documentation required to verify these credits; authorizing the department to disallow 14 any credit not supported by the required report 15 and to impose penalties and interest; amending 16 17 s. 212.18, F.S.; authorizing the Department of Revenue to waive registration fees for online 18 19 registrations and registrations made using the 20 Multistate Tax Commission procedures; amending s. 220.22, F.S.; eliminating initial 21 information returns for certain corporations; 22 amending s. 220.23, F.S.; providing that 23 24 interest on any deficiency accrues from the 25 date fixed for filing the original return; amending s. 220.809, F.S.; conforming 26 27 provisions; amending s. 376.70, F.S.; 28 authorizing the Department of Revenue to waive 29 registration fees for online registrations; 30 amending s. 443.131, F.S.; allowing certain 31 employers of domestic employees to file

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           annually for unemployment tax; providing an
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           appropriation to the Department of Revenue;
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           providing effective dates.
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   Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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           Section 1. Section 175.1015, Florida Statutes, is
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    created to read:
           175.1015 Determination of local premium tax situs.--
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          (1) Any insurance company that is obligated to report
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    and remit the excise tax on property insurance premiums
    imposed under s. 175.101 shall be held harmless from any
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    liability for taxes, interest, or penalties that would
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    otherwise be due solely as a result of an assignment of an
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    insured property to an incorrect local taxing jurisdiction if
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    the insurance company exercises due diligence in applying an
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    electronic database provided by the Department of Revenue
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    under subsection (2). Insurance companies that do not use the
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    electronic database provided by the Department of Revenue or
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    that do not exercise due diligence in applying the electronic
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    database are subject to a 0.5-percent penalty on the premium
    for each policy that is improperly assigned, whether assigned
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    to an improper local taxing jurisdiction, not assigned to a
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    local taxing jurisdiction when it should be assigned to a
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    local taxing jurisdiction, or assigned to a local taxing
    jurisdiction when it should not be assigned to a local taxing
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    jurisdiction.
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          (2)(a) The Department of Revenue shall, subject to
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    legislative appropriation, create as soon as practical and
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    feasible, and thereafter shall maintain, an electronic
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    database that gives due and proper regard to any format that
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is approved by the American National Standards Institute's Accredited Standards Committee X12 and that designates for 2 3 each street address and address range in the state, including 4 any multiple postal street addresses applicable to one street 5 location, the local taxing jurisdiction in which the street 6 address and address range is located and the appropriate code 7 for each such participating local taxing jurisdiction, 8 identified by one nationwide standard numeric code. The nationwide standard numeric code must contain the same number 9 of numeric digits, and each digit or combination of digits 10 11 must refer to the same level of taxing jurisdiction throughout the United States and must be in a format similar to FIPS 55-3 12 or other appropriate standard approved by the Federation of 13 Tax Administrators and the Multistate Tax Commission. Each 14 address or address range must be provided in standard postal 15 format, including the street number, street number range, 16 street name, and zip code. Each year after the creation of the 17 initial database, the Department of Revenue shall annually 18 19 create and maintain a database for the current tax year. Each 20 annual database must be calendar-year specific.

- (b)1. Each participating local taxing jurisdiction shall furnish to the Department of Revenue all information needed to create the electronic database as soon as practical and feasible. The information furnished to the Department of Revenue must specify an effective date.
- 2. Each participating local taxing jurisdiction shall furnish to the Department of Revenue all information needed to create and update the current year's database, including changes in annexations, incorporations, and reorganizations and any other changes in jurisdictional boundaries, as well as changes in eligibility to participate in the excise tax

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imposed under this chapter. The information must specify an effective date and must be furnished to the Department of Revenue by July 1 of the current year.

3. The Department of Revenue shall create and update the current year's database in accordance with the information furnished by participating local taxing jurisdictions under subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2., as appropriate. To the extent practicable, the Department of Revenue shall post each new annual database on a web site by October 1 of each year. Each participating local taxing jurisdiction shall have access to this web site and, within 45 days thereafter, shall provide any corrections to the Department of Revenue. The Department of Revenue shall finalize the current year's database and post it on a web site by December 15 of the tax year. If a dispute in jurisdictional boundaries cannot be resolved so that changes in boundaries may be included, as appropriate, in the database by December 15, the changes may not be retroactively included in the current year's database and the boundaries will remain the same as in the previous year's database. The finalized database must be used in assigning policies and premiums to the proper local taxing jurisdiction for the insurance premium tax return due on the following March 1. The Department of Revenue shall furnish the annual database on magnetic or electronic media to any insurance company or vendor that requests the database for the sole purpose of assigning insurance premiums to the proper local taxing jurisdiction for the excise tax imposed under this chapter. Information contained in the electronic database is conclusive for purposes of this chapter. The electronic database is not an order, a rule, or a policy of general applicability.

- 4. Each annual database must identify the additions, deletions, and other changes to the preceding version of the database.
- (3)(a) As used in this section, the term "due diligence" means the care and attention that is expected from and is ordinarily exercised by a reasonable and prudent person under the circumstances.
- (b) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, an insurance company is exercising due diligence if the insurance company assigns an insured's premium to local taxing jurisdictions in accordance with the Department of Revenue's annual database and:
- 1. Expends reasonable resources to accurately and reliably implement such method;
- 2. Maintains adequate internal controls to correctly include in its database of policyholders the location of the property insured, in the proper address format, so that matching with the department's database is accurate; and
- 3. Corrects errors in the assignment of addresses to local taxing jurisdictions within 120 days after the insurance company discovers the errors.
- (6) There is annually appropriated from the moneys collected under this chapter and deposited in the Police and Firefighter's Premium Tax Trust Fund an amount sufficient to pay the expenses of the Department of Revenue in administering this section, but not to exceed \$50,000 annually, adjusted annually by the lesser of a 5-percent increase or the percentage of growth in the total collections.
- (7) The Department of Revenue shall adopt rules necessary to administer this section, including rules establishing procedures and forms.

1 Section 2. Section 185.085, Florida Statutes, is 2 created to read: 3 185.085 Determination of local premium tax situs.--(1) Any insurance company that is obligated to report 4 5 and remit the excise tax on casualty insurance premiums 6 imposed under s. 185.08 shall be held harmless from any 7 liability for taxes, interest, or penalties that would 8 otherwise be due solely as a result of an assignment of an insured property to an incorrect local taxing jurisdiction if 9 10 the insurance company exercises due diligence in applying an 11 electronic database provided by the Department of Revenue under subsection (2). Insurance companies that do not use the 12 electronic database provided by the Department of Revenue or 13 that do not exercise due diligence in applying the electronic 14 database are subject to a 0.5-percent penalty on the premium 15 for each policy that is improperly assigned, whether assigned 16 17 to an improper local taxing jurisdiction, not assigned to a local taxing jurisdiction when it should be assigned to a 18 19 local taxing jurisdiction, or assigned to a local taxing jurisdiction when it should not be assigned to a local taxing 20 jurisdiction. 21 (2)(a) The Department of Revenue shall, subject to 22 legislative appropriation, create as soon as practical and 23 24 feasible, and thereafter shall maintain, an electronic 25 database that gives due and proper regard to any format that is approved by the American National Standards Institute's 26 27 Accredited Standards Committee X12 and that designates for each street address and address range in the state, including 28 29 any multiple postal street addresses applicable to one street 30 location, the local taxing jurisdiction in which the street

for each such participating local taxing jurisdiction, identified by one nationwide standard numeric code. The nationwide standard numeric code must contain the same number of numeric digits, and each digit or combination of digits must refer to the same level of taxing jurisdiction throughout the United States and must be in a format similar to FIPS 55-3 or other appropriate standard approved by the Federation of Tax Administrators and the Multistate Tax Commission. Each address or address range must be provided in standard postal format, including the street number, street number range, street name, and zip code. Each year after the creation of the initial database, the Department of Revenue shall annually create and maintain a database for the current tax year. Each annual database must be calendar-year specific.

- (b)1. Each participating local taxing jurisdiction shall furnish to the Department of Revenue all information needed to create the electronic database as soon as practical and feasible. The information furnished to the Department of Revenue must specify an effective date.
- 2. Each participating local taxing jurisdiction shall furnish to the Department of Revenue all information needed to create and update the current year's database, including changes in annexations, incorporations, and reorganizations and any other changes in jurisdictional boundaries, as well as changes in eligibility to participate in the excise tax imposed under this chapter. The information must specify an effective date and must be furnished to the Department of Revenue by July 1 of the current year.
- 3. The Department of Revenue shall create and update the current year's database in accordance with the information furnished by participating local taxing jurisdictions under

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under the circumstances.

subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2., as appropriate. To the extent practicable, the Department of Revenue shall post each 2 3 new annual database on a web site by October 1 of each year. Each participating local taxing jurisdiction shall have access 4 5 to this web site and, within 45 days thereafter, shall provide any corrections to the Department of Revenue. The Department 6 of Revenue shall finalize the current year's database and post 7 8 it on a web site by December 15 of the tax year. If a dispute in jurisdictional boundaries cannot be resolved so that 9 changes in boundaries may be included, as appropriate, in the 10 11 database by December 15, the changes may not be retroactively included in the current year's database and the boundaries 12 will remain the same as in the previous year's database. The 13 finalized database must be used in assigning policies and 14 premiums to the proper local taxing jurisdiction for the 15 insurance premium tax return due on the following March 1. The 16 17 Department of Revenue shall furnish the annual database on magnetic or electronic media to any insurance company or 18 19 vendor that requests the database for the sole purpose of assigning insurance premiums to the proper local taxing 20 21 jurisdiction for the excise tax imposed under this chapter. Information contained in the electronic database is conclusive 22 for purposes of this chapter. The electronic database is not 23 24 an order, a rule, or a policy of general applicability. 25 4. Each annual database must identify the additions, 26 deletions, and other changes to the preceding version of the 27 database. 28 (3)(a) As used in this section, the term "due 29 diligence" means the care and attention that is expected from

and is ordinarily exercised by a reasonable and prudent person

1 (b) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, an insurance company is exercising due diligence if the insurance 2 3 company assigns an insured's premium to local taxing jurisdictions in accordance with the Department of Revenue's 4 5 annual database and: 6 1. Expends reasonable resources to accurately and 7 reliably implement such method; 8 2. Maintains adequate internal controls to correctly 9 include in its database of policyholders the location of the 10 property insured, in the proper address format, so that 11 matching with the department's database is accurate; and 12 Corrects errors in the assignment of addresses to local taxing jurisdictions within 120 days after the insurance 13 14 company discovers the errors. There is annually appropriated from the moneys 15 collected under this chapter and deposited in the Police and 16 17 Firefighter's Premium Tax Trust Fund an amount sufficient to pay the expenses of the Department of Revenue in administering 18 19 this section, but not to exceed \$50,000 annually, adjusted annually by the lesser of a 5-percent increase or the 20 21 percentage of growth in the total collections. 22 The Department of Revenue shall adopt rules (7) necessary to administer this section, including rules 23 24 establishing procedures and forms. 25 Section 3. Subsection (2) of section 199.052, Florida 26 Statutes, is amended to read: 27 199.052 Annual tax returns; payment of annual tax.--(2) No person, corporation, agent, or fiduciary shall 28 29 be required to pay the annual tax in any year when the

aggregate annual tax upon the person's intangible personal

31 property, after exemptions but before application of any

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discount for early filing, would be less than \$60. In such case, an annual return is not required unless the taxpayer is a corporation or an agent or fiduciary of whom the department requires an informational return. Agents and fiduciaries shall report for each person for whom they hold intangible personal property if the aggregate annual tax on such person is \$60 or more. Section 4. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 199.062, Florida Statutes, are repealed. Section 5. Subsection (2) of section 199.218, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 199.218 Books and records.--(2) Each corporation and broker subject to the provisions of s. 199.062 shall preserve all books and other records relating to the information reported under s. 199.062 or otherwise required by rule of the department for a period of 3 years from the due date of the report. Section 6. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section 199.282, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 199.282 Penalties for violation of this chapter .--(6) Late reporting penalties shall be imposed as follows: A penalty of \$100 upon any corporation that which

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Section 7. Section 201.05, Florida Statutes, is

Section 8. Subsections (1), (2), (4), and (5) of

does not timely file a written notice required under s.

section 201.08, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

199.057(2)(c) or s. 199.062(2).

201.08 Tax on promissory or nonnegotiable notes, written obligations to pay money, or assignments of wages or other compensation; exception.--

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(1)(a) On promissory notes, nonnegotiable notes, written obligations to pay money, or assignments of salaries, wages, or other compensation made, executed, delivered, sold, transferred, or assigned in the state, and for each renewal of the same, the tax shall be 35 cents on each \$100 or fraction thereof of the indebtedness or obligation evidenced thereby. The tax on any document described in this paragraph may not exceed \$2,450.

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(b) On mortgages, trust deeds, security agreements, or other evidences of indebtedness filed or recorded in this state, and for each renewal of the same, the tax shall be 35 cents on each \$100 or fraction thereof of the indebtedness or obligation evidenced thereby. Mortgages, including, but not limited to, mortgages executed without the state and recorded in the state, which incorporate the certificate of indebtedness, not otherwise shown in separate instruments, are subject to the same tax at the same rate. When there is both a mortgage, trust deed, or security agreement and a note, certificate of indebtedness, or obligation, the tax shall be paid on the mortgage, trust deed, or security agreement at the time of recordation. A notation shall be made on the note, certificate of indebtedness, or obligation that the tax has been paid on the mortgage, trust deed, or security agreement. If a mortgage, trust deed, security agreement, or other evidence of indebtedness is subsequently filed or recorded in this state to evidence an indebtedness or obligation upon which tax was paid under paragraph (a) or subsection (2), tax shall be paid on the mortgage, trust deed, security agreement,

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or other evidence of indebtedness on the amount of the indebtedness or obligation evidenced which exceeds the aggregate amount upon which tax was previously paid under this paragraph and under paragraph (a) or subsection (2). If the mortgage, trust deed, security agreement, or other evidence of indebtedness subject to the tax levied by this section secures future advances, as provided in s. 697.04, the tax shall be paid at the time of recordation on the initial debt or obligation secured, excluding future advances; at the time and so often as any future advance is made, the tax shall be paid on all sums then advanced regardless of where such advance is made. Notwithstanding the aforestated general rule, any increase in the amount of original indebtedness caused by interest accruing under an adjustable rate note or mortgage having an initial interest rate adjustment interval of not less than 6 months shall be taxable as a future advance only to the extent such increase is a computable sum certain when the document is executed. Failure to pay the tax shall not affect the lien for any such future advance given by s. 697.04, but any person who fails or refuses to pay such tax due by him or her is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree. The mortgage, trust deed, or other instrument shall not be enforceable in any court of this state as to any such advance unless and until the tax due thereon upon each advance that may have been made thereunder has been paid. (2)(a) On promissory notes, nonnegotiable notes,

(2)(a) On promissory notes, nonnegotiable notes, written obligations to pay money, or other compensation, made, executed, delivered, sold, transferred, or assigned in the state, in connection with sales made under retail charge account services, incident to sales which are not conditional in character and which are not secured by mortgage or other

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pledge of purchaser, the tax shall be 35 cents on each \$100 or fraction thereof of the gross amount of the indebtedness evidenced by such instruments, payable quarterly on such forms and under such rules and regulations as may be promulgated by the Department of Revenue. The tax on any document described in this paragraph may not exceed \$2,450.

- (b) Any receipt, charge slip, or other record of a transaction effected with the use of a credit card, charge card, or debit card shall be exempt from the tax imposed by this section.
- (4) Notwithstanding paragraph (1)(b)subsection (1), a supplement or an amendment to a mortgage, deed of trust, indenture, or security agreement, which supplement or amendment is filed or recorded in this state in connection with a new issue of bonds, shall be subject to the tax imposed by paragraph (1)(b) subsection (1)only to the extent of the aggregate amount of the new issue of bonds or other evidence of indebtedness and not to the extent of the aggregate amount of bonds or other evidence of indebtedness previously issued under the instrument being supplemented or amended. In order to qualify for the tax treatment provided for in this subsection, the document which evidences the increase in indebtedness must show the official records book and page number in which, and the county in which, the original obligation and any prior increase in that obligation were recorded.
- (5) For purposes of this section, a renewal shall only include modifications of an original document which change the terms of the indebtedness evidenced by the original document by adding one or more obligors, increasing the principal 31 | balance, or changing the interest rate, maturity date, or

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payment terms. Modifications to documents which do not modify the terms of the indebtedness evidenced such as those given or recorded to correct error; modify covenants, conditions, or terms unrelated to the debt; sever a lien into separate liens; provide for additional, substitute, or further security for the indebtedness; consolidate indebtedness or collateral; add, change, or delete quarantors; or which substitute a new mortgagee or payee are not renewals and are not subject to tax pursuant to this section. If the taxable amount of a mortgage is limited by language contained in the mortgage or by the application of rules limiting the tax base when there is collateral in more than one state, then a modification which changes such limitation or tax base shall be taxable only to the extent of any increase in the limitation or tax base 14 attributable to such modification. This subsection shall not be interpreted to exempt from taxation an original mortgage that which would otherwise be subject to tax pursuant to paragraph (1)(b)subsection (1).

Section 9. Subsection (5) is added to section 212.11, Florida Statutes, to read:

212.11 Tax returns and regulations.--

(5)(a) Each dealer that claims any credits granted in this chapter against that dealer's sales and use tax liabilities shall submit to the department, either with the return or upon request, documentation that provides all of the information required to verify the dealer's entitlement to such credits. All information must be broken down as prescribed by the department and shall be submitted in a manner that enables the department to verify that the credits are allowable by law. With respect to any credit that is granted in the form of a refund of previously paid taxes,

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supporting documentation must be provided with the application for refund, and the penalty provisions of paragraph (c) do not apply.

- (b) The department shall adopt rules regarding the forms and documentation required to verify credits against sales and use tax liabilities and the format in which documentation is to be submitted, which format may include magnetic tape or other means of electronic transmission.
- The department shall disallow any credit that is not supported by the information required under this subsection. In addition, the disallowed credit or any part of the credit disallowed is subject to a mandatory penalty of 25 percent and interest as provided for in s. 212.12. A specific penalty of 25 percent of the otherwise available credit shall be applied to any credit for which the required information report is not received within 30 days after a written request from the department.

Section 10. Effective upon this act becoming a law, paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 212.18, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 212.18 Administration of law; registration of dealers; rules.--
- (3)(a) Every person desiring to engage in or conduct business in this state as a dealer, as defined in this chapter, or to lease, rent, or let or grant licenses in living quarters or sleeping or housekeeping accommodations in hotels, apartment houses, roominghouses, or tourist or trailer camps that are subject to tax under s. 212.03, or to lease, rent, or let or grant licenses in real property, as defined in this chapter, and every person who sells or receives anything of 31 value by way of admissions, must file with the department an

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application for a certificate of registration for each place of business, showing the names of the persons who have interests in such business and their residences, the address of the business, and such other data as the department may reasonably require. However, owners and operators of vending machines or newspaper rack machines are required to obtain only one certificate of registration for each county in which such machines are located. The department, by rule, may authorize a dealer that uses independent sellers to sell its merchandise to remit tax on the retail sales price charged to the ultimate consumer in lieu of having the independent seller register as a dealer and remit the tax. The department may appoint the county tax collector as the department's agent to accept applications for registrations. The application must be made to the department before the person, firm, copartnership, or corporation may engage in such business, and it must be accompanied by a registration fee of \$5. However, a registration fee is not required to accompany an application to engage in or conduct business to make mail order sales. The department may waive the registration fee for applications submitted through the department's Internet registration process.

Section 11. Subsection (4) of section 220.22, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

220.22 Returns; filing requirement.--

(4) The department shall designate by rule certain not-for-profit entities and others that are not required to file a return under this code, including an initial information return, unless the entities have taxable income as defined in s. 220.13(2). These entities must include subchapter S corporations, tax-exempt entities, and others

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that do not usually owe federal income tax. For the year in which an election is made pursuant to s. 1361(b)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, the qualified subchapter S subsidiary shall file an informational return with the department, which return shall be restricted to information identifying the subsidiary, the electing S corporation parent, and the effective date of the election.

Section 12. Present paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section 220.23, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as paragraph (e), and a new paragraph (d) is added to that subsection, to read:

## 220.23 Federal returns.--

- (2) In the event the taxable income, any item of income or deduction, or the income tax liability reported in a federal income tax return of any taxpayer for any taxable year is adjusted by amendment of such return or as a result of any other recomputation or redetermination of federal taxable income or loss, if such adjustment would affect any item or items entering into the computation of such taxpayer's net income subject to tax for any taxable year under this code, the following special rules shall apply:
- Interest in accordance with s. 220.807 is due on the amount of any deficiency from the date fixed for filing the original return for the taxable year, determined without regard to any extension of time for filing the original return, until the date of payment of the deficiency.

Section 13. Subsection (1) of section 220.809, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

220.809 Interest on deficiencies.--

(1) Except as provided in s. 220.23(2)(d), if any 31 amount of tax imposed by this chapter is not paid on or before

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the date, determined without regard to any extensions, prescribed for payment of such tax, interest shall be paid in accordance with the provisions of s. 220.807 on the unpaid amount from such date to the date of payment.

Section 14. Subsection (2) of section 376.70, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

376.70 Tax on gross receipts of drycleaning facilities.--

(2) Each drycleaning facility or dry drop-off facility imposing a charge for the drycleaning or laundering of clothing or other fabrics is required to register with the Department of Revenue and become licensed for the purposes of this section. The owner or operator of the facility shall register the facility with the Department of Revenue. Drycleaning facilities or dry drop-off facilities operating at more than one location are only required to have a single registration. The fee for registration is \$30. The owner or operator of the facility shall pay the registration fee to the Department of Revenue. The department may waive the registration fee for applications submitted through the department's Internet registration process.

Section 15. Subsection (1) of section 443.131, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

443.131 Contributions.--

(1) WHEN PAYABLE. -- Contributions shall accrue and become payable by each employer for each calendar quarter in which he or she is subject to this chapter, with respect to wages paid during such calendar guarter for employment. contributions shall become due and be paid by each employer to the Agency for Workforce Innovation or its designee division 31 | for the fund, in accordance with such rules as the Agency for

Workforce Innovation or its designee division may prescribe. 2 However, nothing in this subsection shall be construed to 3 prohibit the Agency for Workforce Innovation or its designee division from allowing, on a limited basis, at the request of 4 5 the employer, <del>certain</del> employers of employees performing 6 domestic services, as defined in s. 443.036(21)(q) and by rule 7 of the division, to pay contributions or report wages at 8 intervals other than quarterly when such payment or reporting is to the advantage of the Agency for Workforce Innovation or 9 10 its designee division and the employers, and when such 11 nonquarterly payment and reporting is authorized under federal This provision gives employers of employees performing 12 13 domestic services the option to elect to report wages and pay taxes annually, with a due date of January April 1 and a 14 delinquency date of February 1 April 30. In order to qualify 15 for this election, the employer must employ have only 16 17 employees who perform domestic services employees, be eligible for a variation from the standard rate as computed pursuant to 18 19 s. 443.131(3) in good standing, apply to this program no later 20 than December 1 30 of the preceding calendar year, and agree 21 to provide the Agency for Workforce Innovation or its designee 22 division with any special reports which might be requested, as required by rule  $60BB-2.025(5)\frac{38B-2.025(5)}{}$ , including copies 23 24 of all federal employment tax forms. Failure to timely furnish 25 any wage information when required by the Agency for Workforce Innovation or its designee shall may result in the employer's 26 27 loss of the privilege to elect participation in this program, 28 effective the calendar quarter immediately following the 29 calendar quarter in which such failure occurred. The employer 30 is eligible to reapply for annual reporting after one complete 31 calendar year has elapsed since the employer's

requested wage information during the period in which annual reporting was denied. Contributions shall not be deducted, in whole or in part, from the wages of individuals in such employer's employ. In the payment of any contributions, a fractional part of a cent shall be disregarded unless it amounts to one-half cent or more, in which case it shall be increased to 1 cent.

Section 16. The sum of \$300,000 is appropriated from

Section 16. The sum of \$300,000 is appropriated from the General Revenue Fund to the Department of Revenue for the one-time expense of creating the original database called for by sections 1 and 2 of this act, and to begin the implementation process for use of the database.

Section 17. Except for this section and section 10 of this act, which shall take effect upon becoming a law, this act shall take effect January 1, 2003.

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SENATE SUMMARY Amends provisions relating to tax administration. Authorizes the Department of Revenue to create and Authorizes the Department of Revenue to create and maintain databases for use by insurers. Provides insurers with incentives for using the databases and penalties for failure to use the databases. Requires local governments to provide information to the department. Appropriates funds for administering newly created ss. 175.1015 and 185.085, F.S. Authorizes rulemaking. Deletes the requirement that a corporation must file an intangible tax return when no tax is due. Deletes the requirement that a corporation must file an annual information return relating to stock value. Deletes the requirement that a tax return when no tax is due. Deletes the requirement that a corporation must file an annual information return relating to stock value. Deletes the requirement that a corporation must maintain records relating to information reported under s. 199.602, F.S. Deletes the penalty imposed upon a corporation for failure to file the notice required under s. 199.062(2), F.S. Repeals s. 201.05, F.S., relating to tax on stock certificates. Provides a maximum amount of the tax that must be paid on unsecured obligations. Authorizes the Department of Revenue to require a report to be submitted when filing a sales and use tax return that claims certain credits. Authorizes the department to adopt rules regarding the forms and documentation required to verify those credits. Authorizes the department to disallow any credit that is not supported by the required report and to impose penalties and interest. Authorizes the department to waive registration fees for online registrations and registrations made using the Multistate Tax Commission procedures. Eliminates initial information returns for certain corporations. Provides that interest on any deficiency accrues from the date fixed for filing the original return. Authorizes the department to waive registration fees for online registrations. Allows certain employers of domestic employees to file annually for unemployment tax. Provides an appropriation. for unemployment tax. Provides an appropriation.