Florida Senate - 2002

CS for SB 426

By the Committee on Finance and Taxation; and Senator Campbell

314-1981B-02 A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to tax administration; creating 3 s. 175.1015, F.S.; authorizing the Department of Revenue to create and maintain a database 4 5 for use by insurers; providing insurers with б incentives for using the database; providing 7 penalties for failure to use the database; 8 requiring local governments to provide information to the department; appropriating 9 funds to the department for the administration 10 11 of the database; authorizing the department to adopt rules; creating s. 185.085, F.S.; 12 13 authorizing the Department of Revenue to create and maintain a database for use by insurers; 14 15 providing incentives to insurers for using the 16 database and penalties for failure to use the 17 database; requiring local governments to 18 provide information to the department; 19 appropriating funds to the department for the 20 administration of the database; authorizing the department to adopt rules; amending s. 199.052, 21 22 F.S.; eliminating the requirement that a 23 corporation file an intangibles tax return when 24 no tax is due; repealing s. 199.062(1) and (2), 25 F.S.; eliminating the requirement that a 26 corporation file an annual information return 27 regarding stock value; amending s. 199.218, 28 F.S.; eliminating the requirement that a 29 corporation maintain records relating to information reported under s. 199.062(2), F.S.; 30 31 amending s. 199.282, F.S.; eliminating the

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1	penalty imposed upon a corporation for failure
2	to file the notice required under s.
3	199.062(2), F.S.; repealing s. 201.05, F.S.,
4	relating to tax on stock certificates; amending
5	s. 201.08, F.S.; providing for the maximum tax
6	that must be paid on unsecured obligations;
7	conforming cross-references; amending s.
8	212.11, F.S.; authorizing the Department of
9	Revenue to require a report to be submitted
10	when filing a sales and use tax return that
11	claims certain credits; authorizing the
12	department to adopt rules regarding the forms
13	and documentation required to verify these
14	credits; authorizing the department to disallow
15	any credit not supported by the required report
16	and to impose penalties and interest; amending
17	s. 212.18, F.S.; authorizing the Department of
18	Revenue to waive registration fees for online
19	registrations and registrations made using the
20	Multistate Tax Commission procedures; amending
21	s. 220.22, F.S.; eliminating initial
22	information returns for certain corporations;
23	amending s. 220.23, F.S.; providing that
24	interest on any deficiency accrues from the
25	date fixed for filing the original return;
26	amending s. 220.809, F.S.; conforming
27	provisions; amending s. 376.70, F.S.;
28	authorizing the Department of Revenue to waive
29	registration fees for online registrations;
30	amending s. 443.131, F.S.; allowing certain
31	employers of domestic employees to file
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1	annually for unemployment tax; providing an
2	appropriation to the Department of Revenue;
3	amending s. 220.15, F.S., which provides for
4	apportionment of adjusted federal income to
5	this state; revising the conditions for
6	determining when sales of tangible personal
7	property occur in this state for certain
8	industries; providing for retroactive effect;
9	amending s. 72.011, F.S.; providing for the
10	venue and jurisdiction of taxpayer actions in
11	circuit court; amending s. 212.12, F.S.;
12	providing for methods of determining
13	overpayments by persons paying the tax on
14	sales, use, and other transactions; amending s.
15	213.21, F.S.; revising the process for review
16	of a taxpayer's liability for tax and interest;
17	amending ss. 213.285, F.S., 213.053, F.S.;
18	postponing the repeal of the certified audits
19	project; amending s. 608.471, F.S.; providing
20	for the tax treatment of certain types of
21	limited liability companies; amending s.
22	220.187, F.S.; providing for an additional
23	class of "qualified student," repealing section
24	9 of ch. 2001-225, Laws of Florida; repealing
25	an incorrect statutory reference; repealing s.
26	220.331, F.S.; allowing credits to be applied
27	to the first two estimated payments; providing
28	an appropriation; providing effective dates.
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30	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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1 Section 1. Section 175.1015, Florida Statutes, is 2 created to read: 3 175.1015 Determination of local premium tax situs.--(1) Any insurance company that is obligated to report 4 5 and remit the excise tax on property insurance premiums б imposed under s. 175.101 shall be held harmless from any liability for taxes, interest, or penalties that would 7 8 otherwise be due solely as a result of an assignment of an insured property to an incorrect local taxing jurisdiction if 9 10 the insurance company exercises due diligence in applying an 11 electronic database provided by the Department of Revenue under subsection (2). Insurance companies that do not use the 12 electronic database provided by the Department of Revenue or 13 that do not exercise due diligence in applying the electronic 14 database are subject to a 0.5-percent penalty on the premium 15 for each policy that is improperly assigned, whether assigned 16 to an improper local taxing jurisdiction, not assigned to a 17 local taxing jurisdiction when it should be assigned to a 18 19 local taxing jurisdiction, or assigned to a local taxing jurisdiction when it should not be assigned to a local taxing 20 jurisdiction. 21 (2)(a) The Department of Revenue shall, subject to 22 legislative appropriation, create as soon as practical and 23 24 feasible, and thereafter shall maintain, an electronic 25 database that gives due and proper regard to any format that is approved by the American National Standards Institute's 26 27 Accredited Standards Committee X12 and that designates for each street address and address range in the state, including 28 29 any multiple postal street addresses applicable to one street location, the local taxing jurisdiction in which the street 30 31 address and address range is located and the appropriate code

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1	for each such participating local taxing jurisdiction,		
2	identified by one nationwide standard numeric code. The		
3	nationwide standard numeric code must contain the same number		
4	of numeric digits, and each digit or combination of digits		
5	must refer to the same level of taxing jurisdiction throughout		
6	the United States and must be in a format similar to FIPS 55-3		
7	or other appropriate standard approved by the Federation of		
8	Tax Administrators and the Multistate Tax Commission. Each		
9	address or address range must be provided in standard postal		
10	format, including the street number, street number range,		
11	street name, and zip code. Each year after the creation of the		
12	initial database, the Department of Revenue shall annually		
13	create and maintain a database for the current tax year. Each		
14	annual database must be calendar-year specific.		
15	(b)1. Each participating local taxing jurisdiction		
16	shall furnish to the Department of Revenue all information		
17	needed to create the electronic database as soon as practical		
18	and feasible. The information furnished to the Department of		
19	Revenue must specify an effective date.		
20	2. Each participating local taxing jurisdiction shall		
21	furnish to the Department of Revenue all information needed to		
22	create and update the current year's database, including		
23	changes in annexations, incorporations, and reorganizations		
24	and any other changes in jurisdictional boundaries, as well as		
25	changes in eligibility to participate in the excise tax		
26	imposed under this chapter. The information must specify an		
27	effective date and must be furnished to the Department of		
28	Revenue by July 1 of the current year.		
29	3. The Department of Revenue shall create and update		
30	the current year's database in accordance with the information		
31	furnished by participating local taxing jurisdictions under		
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1 subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2., as appropriate. To the extent practicable, the Department of Revenue shall post each 2 3 new annual database on a web site by September 1 of each year. Each participating local taxing jurisdiction shall have access 4 5 to this web site and, within 30 days thereafter, shall provide any corrections to the Department of Revenue. The Department б 7 of Revenue shall finalize the current year's database and post 8 it on a web site by November 1 of the tax year. If a dispute in jurisdictional boundaries cannot be resolved so that 9 10 changes in boundaries may be included, as appropriate, in the 11 database by November 1, the changes may not be retroactively included in the current year's database and the boundaries 12 will remain the same as in the previous year's database. The 13 finalized database must be used in assigning policies and 14 premiums to the proper local taxing jurisdiction for the 15 insurance premium tax return due on the following March 1. The 16 17 Department of Revenue shall furnish the annual database on magnetic or electronic media to any insurance company or 18 19 vendor that requests the database for the sole purpose of assigning insurance premiums to the proper local taxing 20 21 jurisdiction for the excise tax imposed under this chapter. Information contained in the electronic database is conclusive 22 for purposes of this chapter. The electronic database is not 23 24 an order, a rule, or a policy of general applicability. 25 4. Each annual database must identify the additions, deletions, and other changes to the preceding version of the 26 27 database. 28 (3)(a) As used in this section, the term "due 29 diligence" means the care and attention that is expected from 30 and is ordinarily exercised by a reasonable and prudent person 31 under the circumstances.

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1	(b) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, an
1 2	insurance company is exercising due diligence if the insurance
3	company assigns an insured's premium to local taxing
4	jurisdictions in accordance with the Department of Revenue's
5	annual database and:
6	1. Expends reasonable resources to accurately and
7	reliably implement such method;
, 8	2. Maintains adequate internal controls to correctly
9	include in its database of policyholders the location of the
10	property insured, in the proper address format, so that
11	matching with the department's database is accurate; and
12	3. Corrects errors in the assignment of addresses to
13	local taxing jurisdictions within 120 days after the insurance
14	company discovers the errors.
15	(6) There is annually appropriated from the moneys
16	collected under this chapter and deposited in the Police and
17	Firefighter's Premium Tax Trust Fund an amount sufficient to
18	pay the expenses of the Department of Revenue in administering
19	this section, but not to exceed \$50,000 annually, adjusted
20	annually by the lesser of a 5-percent increase or the
21	percentage of growth in the total collections.
22	(7) The Department of Revenue shall adopt rules
23	necessary to administer this section, including rules
24	establishing procedures and forms.
25	Section 2. Section 185.085, Florida Statutes, is
26	created to read:
27	185.085 Determination of local premium tax situs
28	(1) Any insurance company that is obligated to report
29	and remit the excise tax on casualty insurance premiums
30	imposed under s. 185.08 shall be held harmless from any
31	liability for taxes, interest, or penalties that would
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1 otherwise be due solely as a result of an assignment of an insured property to an incorrect local taxing jurisdiction if 2 3 the insurance company exercises due diligence in applying an electronic database provided by the Department of Revenue 4 5 under subsection (2). Insurance companies that do not use the б electronic database provided by the Department of Revenue or 7 that do not exercise due diligence in applying the electronic 8 database are subject to a 0.5-percent penalty on the premium for each policy that is improperly assigned, whether assigned 9 10 to an improper local taxing jurisdiction, not assigned to a 11 local taxing jurisdiction when it should be assigned to a local taxing jurisdiction, or assigned to a local taxing 12 jurisdiction when it should not be assigned to a local taxing 13 14 jurisdiction. (2)(a) The Department of Revenue shall, subject to 15 legislative appropriation, create as soon as practical and 16 feasible, and thereafter shall maintain, an electronic 17 18 database that gives due and proper regard to any format that 19 is approved by the American National Standards Institute's Accredited Standards Committee X12 and that designates for 20 21 each street address and address range in the state, including any multiple postal street addresses applicable to one street 22 location, the local taxing jurisdiction in which the street 23 24 address and address range is located and the appropriate code for each such participating local taxing jurisdiction, 25 identified by one nationwide standard numeric code. The 26 27 nationwide standard numeric code must contain the same number of numeric digits, and each digit or combination of digits 28 29 must refer to the same level of taxing jurisdiction throughout 30 the United States and must be in a format similar to FIPS 55-3 31 or other appropriate standard approved by the Federation of

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1 Tax Administrators and the Multistate Tax Commission. Each address or address range must be provided in standard postal 2 3 format, including the street number, street number range, street name, and zip code. Each year after the creation of the 4 5 initial database, the Department of Revenue shall annually б create and maintain a database for the current tax year. Each 7 annual database must be calendar-year specific. 8 (b)1. Each participating local taxing jurisdiction 9 shall furnish to the Department of Revenue all information needed to create the electronic database as soon as practical 10 11 and feasible. The information furnished to the Department of Revenue must specify an effective date. 12 2. Each participating local taxing jurisdiction shall 13 furnish to the Department of Revenue all information needed to 14 create and update the current year's database, including 15 changes in annexations, incorporations, and reorganizations 16 17 and any other changes in jurisdictional boundaries, as well as changes in eligibility to participate in the excise tax 18 19 imposed under this chapter. The information must specify an 20 effective date and must be furnished to the Department of Revenue by July 1 of the current year. 21 The Department of Revenue shall create and update 22 3. the current year's database in accordance with the information 23 24 furnished by participating local taxing jurisdictions under 25 subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2., as appropriate. To the extent practicable, the Department of Revenue shall post each 26 27 new annual database on a web site by September 1 of each year. Each participating local taxing jurisdiction shall have access 28 29 to this web site and, within 30 days thereafter, shall provide 30 any corrections to the Department of Revenue. The Department 31 of Revenue shall finalize the current year's database and post

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1 it on a web site by November 1 of the tax year. If a dispute in jurisdictional boundaries cannot be resolved so that 2 3 changes in boundaries may be included, as appropriate, in the database by November 1, the changes may not be retroactively 4 5 included in the current year's database and the boundaries б will remain the same as in the previous year's database. The 7 finalized database must be used in assigning policies and 8 premiums to the proper local taxing jurisdiction for the insurance premium tax return due on the following March 1. The 9 10 Department of Revenue shall furnish the annual database on 11 magnetic or electronic media to any insurance company or vendor that requests the database for the sole purpose of 12 assigning insurance premiums to the proper local taxing 13 jurisdiction for the excise tax imposed under this chapter. 14 Information contained in the electronic database is conclusive 15 for purposes of this chapter. The electronic database is not 16 17 an order, a rule, or a policy of general applicability. Each annual database must identify the additions, 18 4. 19 deletions, and other changes to the preceding version of the 20 database. (3)(a) As used in this section, the term "due 21 diligence" means the care and attention that is expected from 22 and is ordinarily exercised by a reasonable and prudent person 23 24 under the circumstances. (b) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, an 25 insurance company is exercising due diligence if the insurance 26 27 company assigns an insured's premium to local taxing 28 jurisdictions in accordance with the Department of Revenue's 29 annual database and: 30 1. Expends reasonable resources to accurately and reliably implement such method; 31 10

1	2. Maintains adequate internal controls to correctly		
2	include in its database of policyholders the location of the		
3	property insured, in the proper address format, so that		
4	matching with the department's database is accurate; and		
5	3. Corrects errors in the assignment of addresses to		
6	local taxing jurisdictions within 120 days after the insurance		
7	company discovers the errors.		
8	(6) There is annually appropriated from the moneys		
9	collected under this chapter and deposited in the Police and		
10	Firefighter's Premium Tax Trust Fund an amount sufficient to		
11	pay the expenses of the Department of Revenue in administering		
12	this section, but not to exceed \$50,000 annually, adjusted		
13	annually by the lesser of a 5-percent increase or the		
14	percentage of growth in the total collections.		
15	(7) The Department of Revenue shall adopt rules		
16	necessary to administer this section, including rules		
17	establishing procedures and forms.		
18	Section 3. Subsection (2) of section 199.052, Florida		
19	Statutes, is amended to read:		
20	199.052 Annual tax returns; payment of annual tax		
21	(2) No person, corporation, agent, or fiduciary shall		
22	be required to pay the annual tax in any year when the		
23	aggregate annual tax upon the person's intangible personal		
24	property, after exemptions but before application of any		
25	discount for early filing, would be less than \$60. In such		
26	case, an annual return is not required unless the taxpayer is		
27	a corporation or an agent or fiduciary of whom the department		
28	requires an informational return. Agents and fiduciaries shall		
29	report for each person for whom they hold intangible personal		
30	property if the aggregate annual tax on such person is \$60 or		
31	more.		
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1 Section 4. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 199.062, 2 Florida Statutes, are repealed. 3 Section 5. Subsection (2) of section 199.218, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 4 5 199.218 Books and records.--6 (2) Each corporation and broker subject to the 7 provisions of s. 199.062 shall preserve all books and other 8 records relating to the information reported under s. 199.062 9 or otherwise required by rule of the department for a period 10 of 3 years from the due date of the report. 11 Section 6. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section 199.282, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 12 13 199.282 Penalties for violation of this chapter.--14 (6) Late reporting penalties shall be imposed as follows: 15 A penalty of \$100 upon any corporation $\underline{\text{that}}$ which 16 (a) 17 does not timely file a written notice required under s. 18 199.057(2)(c) or s. 199.062(2). 19 Section 7. Section 201.05, Florida Statutes, is 20 repealed. Section 8. Subsections (1), (2), (4), and (5) of 21 section 201.08, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 22 201.08 Tax on promissory or nonnegotiable notes, 23 24 written obligations to pay money, or assignments of wages or 25 other compensation; exception. --(1)(a) On promissory notes, nonnegotiable notes, 26 27 written obligations to pay money, or assignments of salaries, 28 wages, or other compensation made, executed, delivered, sold, 29 transferred, or assigned in the state, and for each renewal of the same, the tax shall be 35 cents on each \$100 or fraction 30 31 thereof of the indebtedness or obligation evidenced thereby. 12

The tax on any document described in this paragraph may not 1 2 exceed \$2,450. 3 (b) On mortgages, trust deeds, security agreements, or 4 other evidences of indebtedness filed or recorded in this 5 state, and for each renewal of the same, the tax shall be 35 б cents on each \$100 or fraction thereof of the indebtedness or 7 obligation evidenced thereby. Mortgages, including, but not limited to, mortgages executed without the state and recorded 8 9 in the state, which incorporate the certificate of 10 indebtedness, not otherwise shown in separate instruments, are 11 subject to the same tax at the same rate. When there is both a mortgage, trust deed, or security agreement and a note, 12 certificate of indebtedness, or obligation, the tax shall be 13 14 paid on the mortgage, trust deed, or security agreement at the time of recordation. A notation shall be made on the note, 15 certificate of indebtedness, or obligation that the tax has 16 17 been paid on the mortgage, trust deed, or security agreement. If a mortgage, trust deed, security agreement, or other 18 19 evidence of indebtedness is subsequently filed or recorded in this state to evidence an indebtedness or obligation upon 20 which tax was paid under paragraph (a) or subsection (2), tax 21 22 shall be paid on the mortgage, trust deed, security agreement, or other evidence of indebtedness on the amount of the 23 24 indebtedness or obligation evidenced which exceeds the 25 aggregate amount upon which tax was previously paid under this 26 paragraph and under paragraph (a) or subsection (2). If the 27 mortgage, trust deed, security agreement, or other evidence of 28 indebtedness subject to the tax levied by this section secures 29 future advances, as provided in s. 697.04, the tax shall be paid at the time of recordation on the initial debt or 30 31 obligation secured, excluding future advances; at the time and 13

so often as any future advance is made, the tax shall be paid 1 2 on all sums then advanced regardless of where such advance is 3 made. Notwithstanding the aforestated general rule, any 4 increase in the amount of original indebtedness caused by 5 interest accruing under an adjustable rate note or mortgage б having an initial interest rate adjustment interval of not 7 less than 6 months shall be taxable as a future advance only to the extent such increase is a computable sum certain when 8 9 the document is executed. Failure to pay the tax shall not 10 affect the lien for any such future advance given by s. 11 697.04, but any person who fails or refuses to pay such tax due by him or her is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first 12 degree. The mortgage, trust deed, or other instrument shall 13 14 not be enforceable in any court of this state as to any such advance unless and until the tax due thereon upon each advance 15 that may have been made thereunder has been paid. 16 17 (2)(a) On promissory notes, nonnegotiable notes, written obligations to pay money, or other compensation, made, 18 19 executed, delivered, sold, transferred, or assigned in the 20 state, in connection with sales made under retail charge account services, incident to sales which are not conditional 21 22 in character and which are not secured by mortgage or other pledge of purchaser, the tax shall be 35 cents on each \$100 or 23 24 fraction thereof of the gross amount of the indebtedness

evidenced by such instruments, payable quarterly on such forms and under such rules and regulations as may be promulgated by the Department of Revenue. <u>The tax on any document described</u> in this paragraph may not exceed \$2,450.

(b) Any receipt, charge slip, or other record of a transaction effected with the use of a credit card, charge 31

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1 card, or debit card shall be exempt from the tax imposed by 2 this section.

3 (4) Notwithstanding paragraph (1)(b) subsection (1), a 4 supplement or an amendment to a mortgage, deed of trust, 5 indenture, or security agreement, which supplement or б amendment is filed or recorded in this state in connection 7 with a new issue of bonds, shall be subject to the tax imposed by paragraph (1)(b) subsection (1) only to the extent of the 8 9 aggregate amount of the new issue of bonds or other evidence 10 of indebtedness and not to the extent of the aggregate amount 11 of bonds or other evidence of indebtedness previously issued under the instrument being supplemented or amended. In order 12 13 to qualify for the tax treatment provided for in this 14 subsection, the document which evidences the increase in indebtedness must show the official records book and page 15 number in which, and the county in which, the original 16 17 obligation and any prior increase in that obligation were 18 recorded.

19 (5) For purposes of this section, a renewal shall only 20 include modifications of an original document which change the 21 terms of the indebtedness evidenced by the original document by adding one or more obligors, increasing the principal 22 balance, or changing the interest rate, maturity date, or 23 24 payment terms. Modifications to documents which do not modify the terms of the indebtedness evidenced such as those given or 25 recorded to correct error; modify covenants, conditions, or 26 27 terms unrelated to the debt; sever a lien into separate liens; provide for additional, substitute, or further security for 28 29 the indebtedness; consolidate indebtedness or collateral; add, change, or delete guarantors; or which substitute a new 30 31 mortgagee or payee are not renewals and are not subject to tax

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1 pursuant to this section. If the taxable amount of a mortgage 2 is limited by language contained in the mortgage or by the 3 application of rules limiting the tax base when there is 4 collateral in more than one state, then a modification which 5 changes such limitation or tax base shall be taxable only to 6 the extent of any increase in the limitation or tax base 7 attributable to such modification. This subsection shall not 8 be interpreted to exempt from taxation an original mortgage 9 that which would otherwise be subject to tax pursuant to 10 paragraph (1)(b) subsection (1). 11 Section 9. Subsection (5) is added to section 212.11, Florida Statutes, to read: 12 212.11 Tax returns and regulations.--13 (5)(a) Each dealer that claims any credits granted in 14 this chapter against that dealer's sales and use tax 15 liabilities shall submit to the department, upon request, 16 17 documentation that provides all of the information required to verify the dealer's entitlement to such credits, excluding 18 19 credits authorized pursuant to the provisions of s. 212.17. All information must be broken down as prescribed by the 20 department and shall be submitted in a manner that enables the 21 department to verify that the credits are allowable by law. 22 With respect to any credit that is granted in the form of a 23 24 refund of previously paid taxes, supporting documentation must 25 be provided with the application for refund, and the penalty provisions of paragraph (c) do not apply. 26 27 The department shall adopt rules regarding the (b) 28 forms and documentation required to verify credits against 29 sales and use tax liabilities and the format in which 30 documentation is to be submitted, which format may include 31 magnetic tape or other means of electronic transmission. 16

1 (c) The department shall disallow any credit that is not supported by the information required under this 2 3 subsection. In addition, the disallowed credit or any part of 4 the credit disallowed is subject to a mandatory penalty of 25 5 percent and interest as provided for in s. 212.12. A specific б penalty of 25 percent of the otherwise available credit shall 7 be applied to any credit for which the required information 8 report is not received within 30 days after a written request 9 from the department. 10 Section 10. Effective upon this act becoming a law, 11 paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 212.18, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 12 212.18 Administration of law; registration of dealers; 13 14 rules.--(3)(a) Every person desiring to engage in or conduct 15 business in this state as a dealer, as defined in this 16 17 chapter, or to lease, rent, or let or grant licenses in living quarters or sleeping or housekeeping accommodations in hotels, 18 19 apartment houses, roominghouses, or tourist or trailer camps 20 that are subject to tax under s. 212.03, or to lease, rent, or let or grant licenses in real property, as defined in this 21 chapter, and every person who sells or receives anything of 22 value by way of admissions, must file with the department an 23 24 application for a certificate of registration for each place 25 of business, showing the names of the persons who have interests in such business and their residences, the address 26 27 of the business, and such other data as the department may 28 reasonably require. However, owners and operators of vending 29 machines or newspaper rack machines are required to obtain 30 only one certificate of registration for each county in which 31 such machines are located. The department, by rule, may

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1	authorize a dealer that uses independent sellers to sell its	
2	merchandise to remit tax on the retail sales price charged to	
3	the ultimate consumer in lieu of having the independent seller	
4	register as a dealer and remit the tax. The department may	
5	appoint the county tax collector as the department's agent to	
6	accept applications for registrations. The application must be	
7	made to the department before the person, firm, copartnership,	
8	or corporation may engage in such business, and it must be	
9	accompanied by a registration fee of \$5. However, a	
10	registration fee is not required to accompany an application	
11	to engage in or conduct business to make mail order sales. <u>The</u>	
12	department may waive the registration fee for applications	
13	submitted through the department's Internet registration	
14	process.	
15	Section 11. Subsection (4) of section 220.22, Florida	
16	Statutes, is amended to read:	
17	220.22 Returns; filing requirement	
18	(4) The department shall designate by rule certain	
19	not-for-profit entities and others that are not required to	
20	file a return under this code, including an initial	
21	information return, unless the entities have taxable income as	
22	defined in s. 220.13(2). These entities must include	
23	subchapter S corporations, tax-exempt entities, and others	
24	that do not usually owe federal income tax. For the year in	
25	which an election is made pursuant to s. 1361(b)(3) of the	
26	Internal Revenue Code, the qualified subchapter S subsidiary	
27	shall file an informational return with the department, which	
28	return shall be restricted to information identifying the	
29	subsidiary, the electing S corporation parent, and the	
30	effective date of the election.	
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1 Section 12. Present paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section 220.23, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as paragraph 2 3 (e), and a new paragraph (d) is added to that subsection, to read: 4 5 220.23 Federal returns.-б (2) In the event the taxable income, any item of 7 income or deduction, or the income tax liability reported in a 8 federal income tax return of any taxpayer for any taxable year 9 is adjusted by amendment of such return or as a result of any 10 other recomputation or redetermination of federal taxable 11 income or loss, if such adjustment would affect any item or items entering into the computation of such taxpayer's net 12 13 income subject to tax for any taxable year under this code, 14 the following special rules shall apply: 15 (d) Interest in accordance with s. 220.807 is due on the amount of any deficiency from the date fixed for filing 16 17 the original return for the taxable year, determined without regard to any extension of time for filing the original 18 19 return, until the date of payment of the deficiency. 20 Section 13. Subsection (1) of section 220.809, Florida 21 Statutes, is amended to read: 220.809 Interest on deficiencies.--22 (1) Except as provided in s. 220.23(2)(d), if any 23 24 amount of tax imposed by this chapter is not paid on or before 25 the date, determined without regard to any extensions, prescribed for payment of such tax, interest shall be paid in 26 accordance with the provisions of s. 220.807 on the unpaid 27 28 amount from such date to the date of payment. 29 Section 14. Subsection (2) of section 376.70, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 30 31

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1 376.70 Tax on gross receipts of drycleaning 2 facilities.--3 (2) Each drycleaning facility or dry drop-off facility imposing a charge for the drycleaning or laundering of 4 5 clothing or other fabrics is required to register with the б Department of Revenue and become licensed for the purposes of 7 this section. The owner or operator of the facility shall 8 register the facility with the Department of Revenue. 9 Drycleaning facilities or dry drop-off facilities operating at 10 more than one location are only required to have a single 11 registration. The fee for registration is \$30. The owner or operator of the facility shall pay the registration fee to the 12 Department of Revenue. The department may waive the 13 registration fee for applications submitted through the 14 department's Internet registration process. 15 Section 15. Subsection (1) of section 443.131, Florida 16 17 Statutes, is amended to read: 443.131 Contributions.--18 WHEN PAYABLE. -- Contributions shall accrue and 19 (1) 20 become payable by each employer for each calendar quarter in 21 which he or she is subject to this chapter, with respect to wages paid during such calendar quarter for employment. 22 Such contributions shall become due and be paid by each employer to 23 24 the Agency for Workforce Innovation or its designee division 25 for the fund, in accordance with such rules as the Agency for Workforce Innovation or its designee division may prescribe. 26 27 However, nothing in this subsection shall be construed to 28 prohibit the Agency for Workforce Innovation or its designee 29 division from allowing, on a limited basis, at the request of 30 the employer, certain employers of employees performing 31 domestic services, as defined in s. 443.036(21)(g) and by rule 20

1 of the division, to pay contributions or report wages at 2 intervals other than quarterly when such payment or reporting 3 is to the advantage of the Agency for Workforce Innovation or its designee division and the employers, and when such 4 5 nonquarterly payment and reporting is authorized under federal б This provision gives employers of employees performing law. 7 domestic services the option to elect to report wages and pay 8 taxes annually, with a due date of January April 1 and a delinquency date of February 1 April 30. In order to qualify 9 10 for this election, the employer must employ have only 11 employees who perform domestic services employees, be eligible for a variation from the standard rate as computed pursuant to 12 13 s. 443.131(3)in good standing, apply to this program no later than December 1 $\frac{30}{50}$ of the preceding calendar year, and agree 14 to provide the Agency for Workforce Innovation or its designee 15 division with any special reports which might be requested, as 16 17 required by rule 60BB-2.025(5)38B-2.025(5), including copies of all federal employment tax forms. Failure to timely furnish 18 19 any wage information when required by the Agency for Workforce 20 Innovation or its designee shall may result in the employer's 21 loss of the privilege to elect participation in this program, effective the calendar quarter immediately following the 22 calendar quarter in which such failure occurred. The employer 23 24 is eligible to reapply for annual reporting after one complete 25 calendar year has elapsed since the employer's disqualification if the employer timely furnished any 26 27 requested wage information during the period in which annual 28 reporting was denied.Contributions shall not be deducted, in 29 whole or in part, from the wages of individuals in such employer's employ. In the payment of any contributions, a 30 31 fractional part of a cent shall be disregarded unless it 21

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state.

1 amounts to one-half cent or more, in which case it shall be 2 increased to 1 cent.

3 Section 16. Effective upon this act becoming a law, 4 and applying to tax years beginning on or after January 1, 5 2002, paragraph (b) of subsection (5) of section 220.15, б Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

220.15 Apportionment of adjusted federal income. --

8 The sales factor is a fraction the numerator of (5) which is the total sales of the taxpayer in this state during 9 10 the taxable year or period and the denominator of which is the 11 total sales of the taxpayer everywhere during the taxable year 12 or period.

Sales of tangible personal property occur in 13 (b)1. 14 this state if the property is delivered or shipped to a purchaser within this state, regardless of the f.o.b. point, 15 other conditions of the sale, or ultimate destination of the 16 17 property, unless shipment is made via a common or contract carrier. However, for industries in SIC Industry Number 2037, 18 19 if the ultimate destination of the product is to a location outside this state, regardless of the method of shipment or 20 f.o.b. point, the sale shall not be deemed to occur in this 21 22

When citrus fruit is delivered by a cooperative for 23 2. 24 a grower-member, by a grower-member to a cooperative, or by a 25 grower-participant to a Florida processor, the sales factor for the growers for such citrus fruit delivered to such 26 processor shall be the same as the sales factor for the most 27 28 recent taxable year of that processor. That sales factor, 29 expressed only as a percentage and not in terms of the dollar volume of sales, so as to protect the confidentiality of the 30 31 sales of the processor, shall be furnished on the request of

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1 such a grower promptly after it has been determined for that 2 taxable year. 3 3. Reimbursement of expenses under an agency contract 4 between a cooperative, a grower-member of a cooperative, or a 5 grower and a processor is not a sale within this state. б Section 17. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) and 7 subsection (5) of section 72.011, Florida Statutes, are 8 amended to read: 9 72.011 Jurisdiction of circuit courts in specific tax 10 matters; administrative hearings and appeals; time for 11 commencing action; parties; deposits. --(4)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), an action 12 13 initiated in circuit court pursuant to subsection (1) shall be filed in the Second Judicial Circuit Court in and for Leon 14 15 County or in the circuit court in the county where the taxpayer resides, or maintains its principal commercial 16 17 domicile in this state, or, in the ordinary course of business, regularly maintains its books and records in this 18 19 state. 20 (5) The requirements of subsections (1), (2), and (3) this section are jurisdictional. 21 Section 18. Paragraph (c) of subsection (6) of section 22 212.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 23 24 212.12 Dealer's credit for collecting tax; penalties 25 for noncompliance; powers of Department of Revenue in dealing with delinquents; brackets applicable to taxable transactions; 26 27 records required. --28 (6) 29 (c)1. If the records of a dealer are adequate but voluminous in nature and substance, the department may sample 30 31 such records, except for fixed assets, and project the audit 23 **CODING:**Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

1 findings derived therefrom over the entire audit period to 2 determine the proportion that taxable retail sales bear to 3 total retail sales or the proportion that taxable purchases 4 bear to total purchases. In order to conduct such a sample, 5 the department must first make a good faith effort to reach an б agreement with the dealer, which agreement provides for the 7 means and methods to be used in the sampling process. In the 8 event that no agreement is reached, the dealer is entitled to 9 a review by the executive director.

10 2. For the purposes of sampling pursuant to 11 subparagraph 1., the department shall project any deficiencies and overpayments derived therefrom over the entire audit 12 13 period. In determining the dealer's compliance, the department 14 shall reduce any tax deficiency as derived from the sample by 15 the amount of any overpayment derived from the sample. In the event the department determines from the sample results that 16 17 the dealer has a net tax overpayment, the department shall provide the findings of this overpayment to the Comptroller 18 19 for repayment of funds paid into the State Treasury through 20 error pursuant to s. 215.26.

3.a. A taxpayer is entitled, both in connection with 21 22 an audit and in connection with an application for refund filed independently of any audit, to establish the amount of 23 24 any refund or deficiency through statistical sampling when the 25 taxpayer's records, other than those regarding fixed assets, are adequate but voluminous. Alternatively, a taxpayer is 26 27 entitled to establish any refund or deficiency through any 28 other sampling method agreed upon by the taxpayer and the 29 department when the taxpayer's records, other than those 30 regarding fixed assets, are adequate but voluminous. Whether 31 done through statistical sampling or any other sampling method

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1 agreed upon by the taxpayer and the department, the completed sample must reflect both overpayments and underpayments of 2 3 taxes due. The sample shall be conducted through: 4 (I) A taxpayer request to perform the sampling through 5 the Certified Audit Program pursuant to s. 213.285; (II) Attestation by a Certified Public Accountant as б 7 to the adequacy of the sampling method utilized and the 8 results reached using such sampling method; or (III) A sampling method that has been submitted by the 9 10 taxpayer and approved by the department before a refund claim 11 is submitted. This sub-sub-subparagraph does not prohibit a taxpayer from filing a refund claim prior to approval by the 12 department of the sampling method; however, a refund claim 13 submitted before the sampling method has been approved by the 14 department cannot be a complete refund application pursuant to 15 s. 213.255 until the sampling method has been approved by the 16 17 department. The department shall prescribe by rule the 18 b. 19 procedures to be followed under each method of sampling. Such procedures shall follow generally accepted auditing procedures 20 for sampling. The rule shall also set forth other criteria 21 regarding the use of sampling, including but not limited to 22 training requirements that must be met before a sampling 23 method may be utilized and the steps necessary for the 24 25 department and the taxpayer to reach agreement on a sampling method submitted by the taxpayer for approval by the 26 27 department. Section 19. Effective July 1, 2002, paragraph (a) of 28 29 subsection (3) and subsection (8) of section 213.21, Florida 30 Statutes, are amended to read: 31 213.21 Informal conferences; compromises.--25

1 (3)(a) A taxpayer's liability for any tax or interest 2 specified in s. 72.011(1) may be compromised by the department 3 upon the grounds of doubt as to liability for or collectibility of such tax or interest. A taxpayer's liability 4 5 for penalties under any of the chapters specified in s. б 72.011(1) may be settled or compromised if it is determined by the department that the noncompliance is due to reasonable 7 8 cause and not to willful negligence, willful neglect, or 9 fraud. The facts and circumstances are subject to de novo review to determine the existence of reasonable cause in any 10 11 administrative proceeding or judicial action challenging an assessment of penalty under any of the chapters specified in 12 13 s. 72.011(1).A taxpayer who establishes reasonable reliance on the written advice issued by the department to the taxpayer 14 will be deemed to have shown reasonable cause for the 15 noncompliance. In addition, a taxpayer's liability for 16 17 penalties under any of the chapters specified in s. 72.011(1) in excess of 25 percent of the tax shall be settled or 18 19 compromised if the department determines that the 20 noncompliance is due to reasonable cause and not to willful 21 negligence, willful neglect, or fraud. The department shall maintain records of all compromises, and the records shall 22 state the basis for the compromise. The records of compromise 23 24 under this paragraph shall not be subject to disclosure pursuant to s. 119.07(1) and shall be considered confidential 25 information governed by the provisions of s. 213.053. 26 27 (8) In order to determine whether certified audits are 28 an effective tool in the overall state tax collection effort, 29 the executive director of the department or the executive 30 director's designee shall settle or compromise penalty 31 liabilities of taxpayers who participate in the certified 26

1 audits project. As further incentive for participating in the 2 program, the department shall abate the first \$25,000 of any 3 interest liability and 25 percent of any interest due in excess of the first \$25,000. A settlement or compromise of 4 5 penalties or interest pursuant to this subsection shall not be б subject to the provisions of paragraph (3)(a), except for the 7 requirement relating to confidentiality of records. The department may consider an additional compromise of tax or 8 9 interest pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (3)(a). This 10 subsection does not apply to any liability related to taxes 11 collected but not remitted to the department. This subsection is repealed on July 1, 2006 2002. 12 13 Section 20. Effective July 1, 2002, paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 213.285, Florida Statutes, is 14 amended to read: 15 213.285 Certified audits.--16 17 (2) (c) The certified audits project is repealed on July 18 19 1, 2006 2002, or upon completion of the project as determined by the department, whichever occurs first. 20 Section 21. Effective July 1, 2002, paragraph (n) of 21 subsection (7) of section 213.053, Florida Statutes, is 22 amended to read: 23 24 213.053 Confidentiality and information sharing .--25 (7) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the department may provide: 26 27 (n) Information contained in returns, reports, 28 accounts, or declarations to the Board of Accountancy in 29 connection with a disciplinary proceeding conducted pursuant to chapter 473 when related to a certified public accountant 30 31 participating in the certified audits project, or to the court 27

1 in connection with a civil proceeding brought by the 2 department relating to a claim for recovery of taxes due to 3 negligence on the part of a certified public accountant 4 participating in the certified audits project. In any 5 judicial proceeding brought by the department, upon motion for б protective order, the court shall limit disclosure of tax 7 information when necessary to effectuate the purposes of this 8 This paragraph is repealed on July 1, 2006 2002. section. 9 Section 22. Subsection (3) is added to section 10 608.471, Florida Statutes, to read: 11 608.471 Tax exemption on income of certain limited 12 liability companies .--13 (3) Single-member limited liability companies and other entities that are disregarded for federal income tax 14 15 purposes must be treated as separate legal entities for all non-income-tax purposes. The Department of Revenue shall adopt 16 17 rules to take into account that single-member disregarded entities such as limited liability companies and qualified 18 19 subchapter S corporations may be disregarded as separate 20 entities for federal tax purposes and therefore may report and account for income, employment, and other taxes under the 21 taxpayer identification number of the owner of the 22 single-member entity. 23 24 Section 23. Effective upon this act becoming a law, 25 paragraph (e) of subsection (2) of section 220.187, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 26 27 220.187 Credits for contributions to nonprofit 28 scholarship-funding organizations.--29 (2) DEFINITIONS.--As used in this section, the term: 30 31

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1	(e) "Qualified student" means a student who qualifies		
2	for free or reduced-price school lunches under the National		
3	School Lunch Act and who:		
4	1. Was counted as a full-time-equivalent student		
5	during the previous state fiscal year for purposes of state		
б	per-student funding; or		
7	2. Received a scholarship from an eligible nonprofit		
8	scholarship-funding organization during the previous school		
9	year <u>; or</u> .		
10	3. Is eligible to enter kindergarten or first grade.		
11	Section 24. Effective upon this act becoming a law,		
12	section 9 of chapter 2001-225, Laws of Florida, is repealed.		
13	Section 25. Effective upon this act becoming a law,		
14	section 220.331, Florida Statutes, is repealed.		
15	Section 26. The sum of \$300,000 is appropriated from		
16	the General Revenue Fund to the Department of Revenue for the		
17	one-time expense of creating the original database called for		
18	by sections 1 and 2 of this act, and to begin the		
19	implementation process for use of the database. It is the		
20	intent of the Legislature in providing this appropriation that		
21	the database for sections 1 and 2 of this act be available for		
22	use in determining the allocation of premiums to the various		
23	municipalities and special fire control districts for the 2003		
24	insurance premium tax return that is due by March 1, 2004.		
25	Section 27. Except for this section and sections 10,		
26	16, 23, 24, and 25 of this act, which shall take effect upon		
27	becoming a law, and sections 19, 20, and 21 of this act, which		
28	shall take effect July 1, 2002, this act shall take effect		
29	January 1, 2003.		
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1	STATEMENT OF SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES CONTAINED IN COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR			
2	<u>SB 426</u>			
3				
4	This	committee substitute adds provisions recommended by the		
5	State Tax Reform Task Force plus other tax administration provisions to SB 426, and removes a provision from that bill			
6	that provides that the tax classification of a business entity, as determined under sections 7701 and 7704 of the Internal Revenue Code, is determinative of the entity's			
7	Internal Revenue Code, is determinative of the entity's classification under the Florida Income Tax Code, even though			
8	other provisions of the law call for a different classification.			
9	Additions to the bill include:			
10	1.	It provides an electronic database to enable insurance companies to determine the situs of property and		
11		casualty insurance policies and provides certain		
12		safeguards for insurance companies that utilize the database.		
13	2.	It eliminates the requirement for corporations to file		
14		intangibles tax returns when no tax is due and the requirement to file information returns regarding stock value.		
15 16	3.	It repeals the documentary stamp tax on stock certificates and caps the tax on unsecured loans.		
17	4.	It authorizes the Department of Revenue to require a		
18		report with certain claims for tax credits, and to disallow any credit not supported by the required report.		
19	5.	It authorizes the Department of Revenue to waive		
20		registration fees under ss. 212.18 and 376.70, F.S., for online registrations.		
21	б.	It eliminates initial information returns for certain		
22	0.	corporations and provides that interest on any corporate		
23		income tax deficiency accrues from the date fixed for filing the original return.		
24	7.	It allows certain employers of domestic service employees to file annually for unemployment tax.		
25	0			
26	8.	It provides that for the frozen fruits, fruit juices, and vegetables industry, if the ultimate destination of		
27		the product is a location outside the state, the sale is not deemed to occur in this state.		
28	9.	It extends the Department of Revenue's Certified Audit Program through July 1, 2006. Under current law this		
29		program is repealed July 1, 2002.		
30	10.	It expands the definition of "qualified student," for purposes of granting tax credits for contributions to		
31		eligible non-profit scholarship funding organizations, to include students who meet the income criteria and who 30		

1		are eligible to enter kindergarten or first grade.
2	11.	It repeals a limitation on the effect of contributions
3		to eligible non-profit scholarship funding organizations on the first two estimated corporate income tax
4	1.0	payments.
5	12.	It provides an appropriation for the Department of Revenue to develop an electronic database, and provides
6		that it is the intent of the Legislature that such database be used to determine the allocation of
7		insurance premiums for the 2003 insurance premium tax return.
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